FCC Part 74 Subpart H EMI TEST REPORT

of

E.U.T. : UHF PLL Body-Pack Transmitter

FCC ID. : INGUF-10TB

Model No. : UF-10TB

Working Frequency: 502-607.875, 614.125-697.875MHz

for

APPLICANT : JTS Professional Co., Ltd.

ADDRESS : No. 148, Industry 9th Road, Tali Dist., Taichung City 41280

Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER (ETC), TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

TEL: (02)26023052 FAX: (02)26010910 http://www.etc.org.tw;e-mail:emc@etc.org.tw

Report Number: 12-12-RBF-027-05

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : JTS Professional Co., Ltd.

No. 148, Industry 9th Road, Tali Dist., Taichung City 41280

Taiwan, R.O.C.

Manufacturer : JTS Professional Co., Ltd.

No. 148, Industry 9th Road, Tali Dist., Taichung City 41280

Taiwan, R.O.C.

Description of EUT

a) Type of EUT : UHF PLL Body-Pack Transmitter

b) Trade Name : JTS

c) Model No. : UF-10TB

d) FCC ID : INGUF-10TB

e) Working Frequency : 502~607.875, 614.125~697.875 MHz

f) Power Supply : DC 1.5V Battery*2

Regulation Applied: FCC Rules and Regulations Part 74 Subpart H

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT; The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Issued Date : Apr. 03, 2013

Test Engineer:

(Vincent Chang, Engineer)

Approve & Authorized Signer:

S. S. Liou, Section Manager EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

a) Type of EUT : UHF PLL Body-Pack Transmitter

b) Trade Name : JTS

c) Model No. : UF-10TB d) FCC ID : INGUF-10TB

e) Working Frequency : 502~607.875, 614.125~697.875 MHz

f) Power Supply : DC 1.5V Battery*2

g) Emission Designator : 122KF3E

2M+2DK=2x(2kHz)+2x(59.2kHz)x1=122.4kHz

1.2 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures in chapter 13 of ANSI C63.4 (2003). Test also follow "TIA-603-C(2004)-Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standsrds" and section 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, and 2.1055 of Part 2 of CFR 47.

1.3 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located on the roof top of Building at NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST., NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

This site has been fully described in a report submitted to your office, and accepted in a letter dated Jan. 11, 2011.

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2. REQUIREMENTS OF PROVISIONS

2.1 Definition

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Frequencies Available

According to sec. 74.802 of Part 74, the following frequencies are available for low power auxiliary station :

Frequencies (MHz)

26.100-26.480	455.000-456.000
54.000-72.000	470.000-488.000
76.000-88.000	488.000-494.000
161.625-161.775	494.000-608.000
174.000-216.000	614.000-806.000
450.000-451.000	944.000-952.000

2.3 Requirements for Radio Equipment on Certification

(1) RF Output Power

For transmitters, the power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals.

(2) Modulation Characteristics

For Voice Modulated Communication Equipment, a curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted.

(3) Occupied Bandwidth

For radiotelephone transmitter, other than single sideband or indepent sideband transmitter, when modulated by a 2.5kHz tone at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50 percent modulation.

(4) Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminal when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna.

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(5) Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emission that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal condition of installation and operation.

(6) Frequencies Tolerance

- a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature.
- b) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage.

2.4 Labeling Requirement

Each equipment for which a type acceptance application is filed on or after May 1,1981, shall bear an identification plate or label pursuant to § 2.925 (Identification of equipment) and §2.926 (FCC identifier) .

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3. OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

3.1 Provision Applicable

According to §74.861(e)(1)(ii), the output power shall not exceed 250 milliwatts.

3.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively, adjusting the input voltage to produce the maximum power.
- 2. Adjust the analyzer for each frequency measured in chapter 6 on a 1 MHz frequency span and 1MHz resolution bandwidth.
- 3. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 $^{\circ}$ to 360 $^{\circ}$, and record the highest value indicated on spectrum analyzer as reference value.
- 4. Repeat step 3 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 5. Repeat step 4 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 6. Replace the EUT with a tuned dipole antenna (horn antenna for above 1 GHz) relative to each frequency in horizontally polarized orientation and as the same polarized orientation with search antenna. Connect the tuned dipole antenna to a standard signal generator (SG) via a low loss cable. Power on the SG and tune the right frequency in measuring as well as set SG at a appreciated output level. Rise and lower the search antenna to get the highest value on spectrum analyzer, and then hold this position. Adjust the SG output to get a identical value derived from step 3 on spectrum analyzer. Record this value for result calculated.
- 7. Repeat step 6 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 8. Repeat step 7 with both dipole antenna (horn antenna for above 1 GHz) and search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

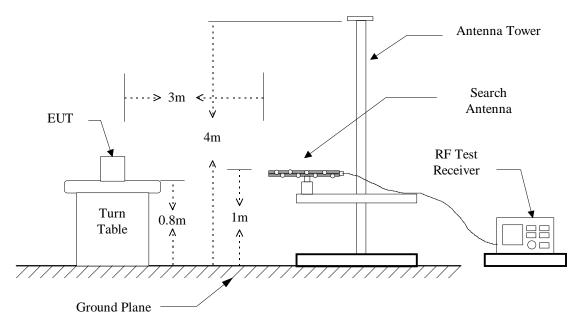


Figure 1: Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

Note: For substitution method, replace the EUT with a tuned dipole antenna relative to each frequency and connect to a standard signal generator (SG) via a low loss cable.

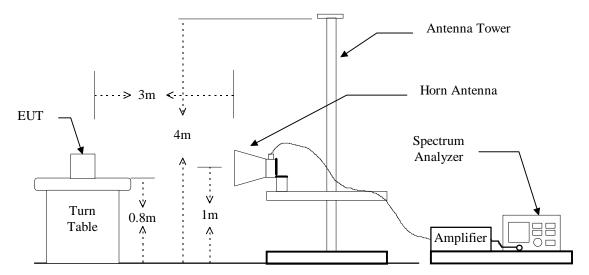


Figure 2: Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration

Note: For substitution method, replace the EUT with a horn antenna and connect to a standard signal generator (SG) via a low loss cable.

3.3 Test Data

Band 502-607.875, 614.125-697.875MHz

Operated mode : TX Test Date : Sep. 17, 2012

Temperature : 26 °C Humidity : 58 %

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V/m)	SG Reading (dBm)		Antenna Gain	Result (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)
502.000	83.80	10.90	2.00		8.90	7.762	250

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V/m)	SG Reading (dBm)		Antenna Gain	Result (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)
607.875	81.00	10.80	2.20		8.60	7.244	250

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V/m)	SG Reading (dBm)		Antenna Gain	Result (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)
614.125	81.40	11.00	2.30		8.70	7.413	250

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB μ V/m)	Reading		Antenna Gain	Result (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)
697.875	80.70	11.10	2.30		8.80	7.586	250

Note: For measured frequency below 1GHz, a tuned dipole antenna is used.

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3.4 Result Calculation

Result calculation is as following:

 $Result = SG \ Reading \ + Cable \ Loss \ + Antenna \ Gain \ Corrected$

Antenna Gain Corrected : is used for antenna other than dipole to convert radiated power to ERP.

$$mW = \log^{-1}[\frac{Result(dBm)}{10}]$$

3.5 Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	2012/04/26	2013/04/26
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	897;898	2012/09/07	2013/09/07
Log-periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	2012/10/17	2013/10/17
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2012/05/16	2013/05/16
Signal generator	HP	83732B	2012/09/06	2013/09/06

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4. MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

4.1 Provisions Applicable

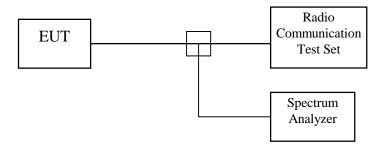
According to § 2.1047 (a), for Voice Modulated Communication Equipment, the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be measured.

4.2 Measurement Method

A) Modulation Limit

- 1. Position the EUT as shown in figure 3, adjust the audio input frequency to 100 Hz and the input level from 0V to maximum permitted input voltage with recording each carrier frequency deviation responding to respective input level.
- 2. Repeat step 1 with changing the input frequency for 200, 500, 1000, 3000, and 5000 Hz in sequence.
- B) Frequency response of all circuits
- 1. Position the EUT as shown in figure 3.
- 2. Vary the modulating frequency from 100 Hz to 15000 Hz with constant input voltage (derived from 5.4(a) of this test report), and observe the change in output.

Figure 3: Modulation characteristic measurement configuration



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4.3 Measurement Instrument

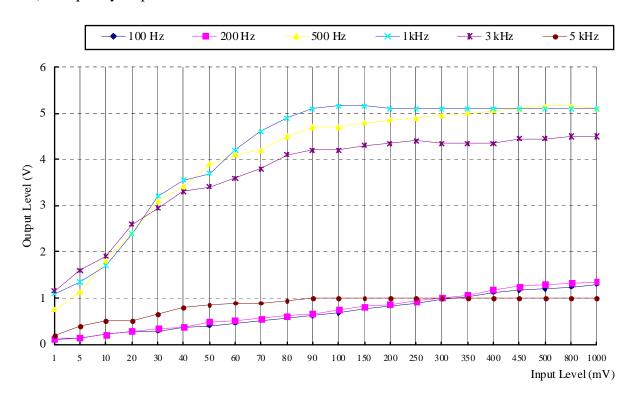
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Communications	AEROFLEX	2945B	2012/05/04	2013/05/07
Service Monitor				
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/09/20	2013/09/20

4.4 Measurement Result

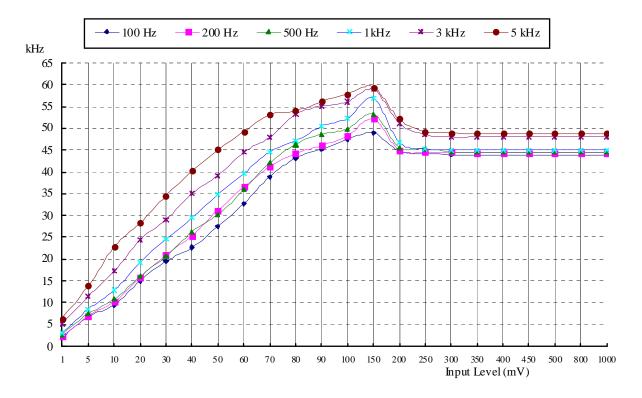
RF Frequency: 502MHz;

Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

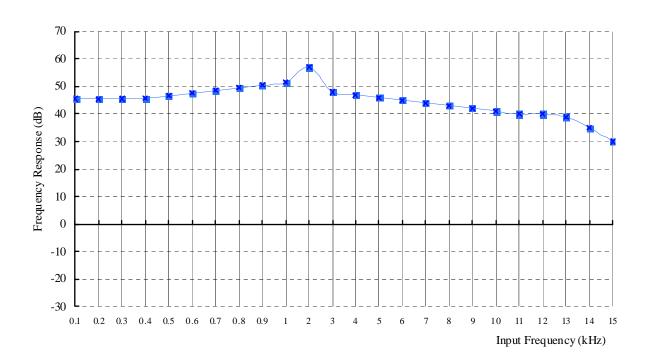
A). Frequency response



B). Modulation Limit



C). Frequency response of all circuits



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5. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH OF EMISSION

5.1 Provisions Applicable

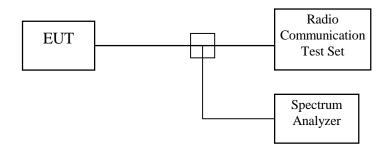
According to \$2.1049 (c)(1), For radiotelephone transmitter, other than single sideband or indepent sideband transmitter, when modulated by a 2.5kHz tone at an input level 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50 percent modulation.

According to §74.861(e)(5), the frequency emission bandwidth shall not exceed 200 kHz.

5.2 Measurement Method

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4, and Install new batteries in the EUT. Turn on the EUT ant set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Apply a 2.5 kHz modulation signal to EUT and measure the frequencies of the modulated signal from the EUT where it is the specified number of dB below the reference level set in step 2. This is the occupied bandwidth specified.

Figure 4 : Occupied bandwidth measurement configuration



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Communications	AEROFLEX	2945B	2012/05/04	2013/05/07
Service Monitor				
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/09/20	2013/09/20

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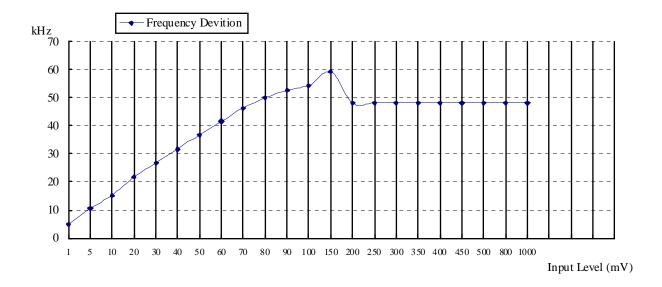
5.4 Bandwidth Measured

5.4.1 Input Level Derived

RF Frequency: 502MHz;

Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature: 25 °C Humidity: 65 %

Input Audio Frequency: 2.5 kHz, Sine Wave



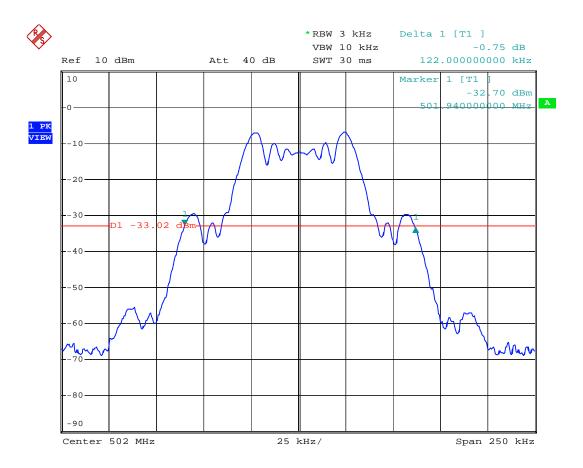
The Level input to produce 50% modulation is 40 mV, therefore the magnitude 16 dB greater than it is 252 mV.

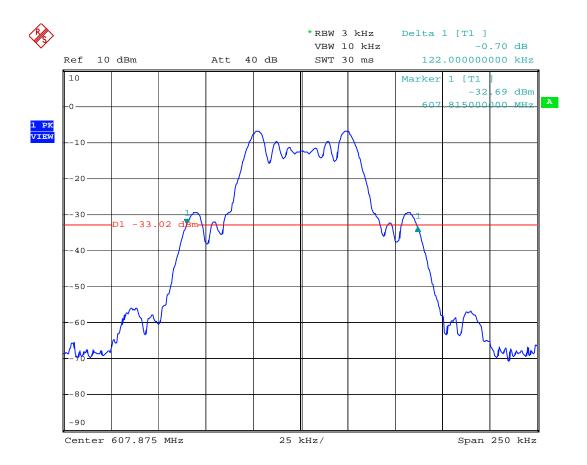
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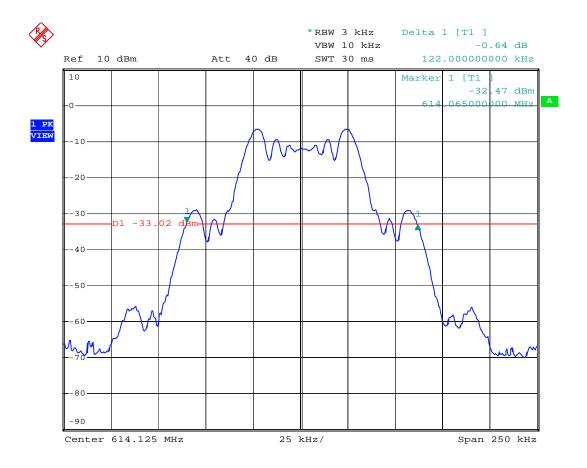
5.4.2 Occupied Bandwidth Plotted

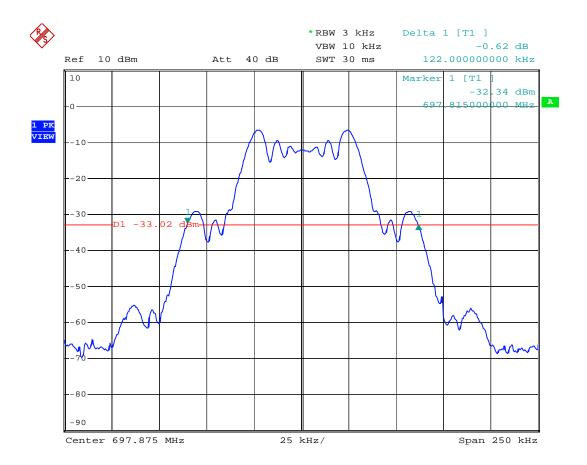
Test Date : Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

RF Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
502.000	122
607.875	122
614.125	122
697.875	122









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6. FIELD STRENGTH OF EMISSION

6.1 Provisions Applicable

According to §2.1053, measurements shall be made to detect spurious emission that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal condition of installation and operation. Information submitted shall include the relative radiated power of spurious emission with reference to the rated power output of the transmitter, assuming all emissions are radiated from a halfwave dipole antenna.

According to §74.861(e)(6), the mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter in accordance with the follwing sceedule:

- (i) on any frequency removed from the operating frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: at least 25 dB.
- (ii) on any frequency removed from the operating frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: at least 35 dB.
- (iii) on any frequency removed from the operating frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth shall be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier by at least 43 plus 10 Log(output power in watts) dB.

6.2 Measurement Procedure

- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively, adjusting the input voltage to produce the maximum power as measured in chapter 3.
- 2. Adjust the analyzer for each frequency measured in chapter 6 on a 1 MHz frequency span and 1MHz resolution bandwidth.
- 3. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 $^{\circ}$ to 360 $^{\circ}$, and record the highest value indicated on spectrum analyzer as reference value.
- 4. Repeat step 3 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 5. Repeat step 4 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
- 6. Replace the EUT with a tuned dipole antenna (horn antenna for above 1 GHz) relative to each frequency in horizontally polarized orientation and as the same polarized orientation with search antenna. Connect the tuned dipole antenna to a standard signal generator (SG) via a low loss cable. Power on the SG and tune the right frequency in measuring as well as set SG at a appreciated output level. Rise and lower the search antenna to get the highest value on spectrum analyzer, and then hold this position. Adjust the SG output to get a identical value derived from step 3 on spectrum analyzer. Record this value for result calculated.

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- 7. Repeat step 6 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
- 8. Repeat step 7 with both dipole antenna (horn antenna for above 1 GHz) and search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

6.3 Measuring Instrument

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/09/20	2013/09/20
Double Ridged Antenna	EMCO	3115	2012/05/18	2013/05/18
Double Ridged Antenna	EMCO	3115	2012/05/18	2013/05/18
Log-periodic Antenna	EMCO	3146	2012/10/17	2013/10/17
Biconical Antenna	EMCO	3110	2012/10/17	2013/10/17
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	897;898	2012/09/07	2013/09/07
Amplifier	HP	8449B	2013/01/09	2014/01/09
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2012/05/16	2013/05/16
Signal generator	HP	83732B	2012/09/06	2013/09/06

Measuring instrument setup in frequency band measured is as following:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Instrument	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz

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6.4 Measuring Data

6.4.1. Emission Test Data

a. Tx Frequency: 502MHz

Operated mode: TX Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013

Temperature : 26 °C Humidity : 58 %

Unmodulated carrier output power is 8.9 dBm, or 7.762 mW (ERP).

The limit of spurious or harmonics is calculated as following:

8.9-[43+10log(carrier output power in W)], or -13dBm

Frequency	Meter F	Reading	SG Re	eading	Antenna	Antenna	Cable	Res	sult	Limit	Margin
	(dB	uV)	(dE	(dBm)		Gain	Loss	(dB	Sm)		
(MHz)	Н	V	Н	V		Corr'	(dB)	Н	V	(dBm)	(dB)
1004.000										250	
1506.000										250	
2008.000						1			i	250	
2510.000						-			-	250	
3012.000										250	
3514.000						-			-	250	
4016.000										250	
4518.000										250	
5020.000										250	

Note:

- 1. Remark "---" means that the emission level is too weak to be detected.
- 2. For measured frequency below 1GHz, a tuned dipole antenna is used.
- 3. Result calculation is as following:

Result = SG Reading +Cable Loss +Antenna Gain +Antenna Gain Corrected

Antenna Gain Corrected: is used for antenna other than dipole to convert radiated power to ERP.

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b. Tx Frequency: 607.875 MHz

Operated mode : TX Test Date :Mar. 28, 2013

Temperature : 26 °C Humidity : 58 %

Unmodulated carrier output power is 8.6 dBm, or 7.244 mW (ERP).

The limit of spurious or harmonics is calculated as following:

8.6-[43+10log(carrier output power in W)], or -13dBm

Frequency	Meter F	Reading	SG Re	eading	Antenna	Antenna	Cable	Res	sult	Limit	Margin
	(dB	uV)	(dB	Bm)	Gain	Gain	Loss	(dB	sm)		
(MHz)	Н	V	Н	V		Corr'	(dB)	Н	V	(dBm)	(dB)
1215.750					6.4	-2.0	1.30			250	
1823.625					9.3	-2.0	1.75			250	
2431.500					9.2	-2.0	1.75			250	
3039.375					9.7	-2.0	1.75			250	
3647.250					9.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
4255.125					10.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
4863.000					10.9	-2.0	2.10			250	
5470.875					10.9	-2.0	2.60			250	
6078.750					12.1	-2.0	2.60			250	

Note:

- 1. Remark "---" means that the emission level is too weak to be detected.
- 2. For measured frequency below 1GHz, a tuned dipole antenna is used.
- 3. Result calculation is as following:

Result = SG Reading +Cable Loss +Antenna Gain +Antenna Gain Corrected

Antenna Gain Corrected: is used for antenna other than dipole to convert radiated power to ERP.

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c. Tx Frequency: 614.125MHz

Operated mode : TX Test Date :Mar. 28, 2013

Temperature : 26 °C Humidity : 58 %

Unmodulated carrier output power is 8.7 dBm, or 7.413 mW (ERP).

The limit of spurious or harmonics is calculated as following:

8.7-[43+10log(carrier output power in W)], or -13dBm

Frequency	Meter F	Reading	SG Re	eading	Antenna	Antenna	Cable	Res	sult	Limit	Margin
	(dB	uV)	(dE	Bm)	Gain	Gain	Loss	(dB	Bm)		
(MHz)	Н	V	Н	V		Corr'	(dB)	Н	V	(dBm)	(dB)
1228.250					6.4	-2.0	1.30			250	
1842.375	-		-	1	9.3	-2.0	1.75		-	250	
2456.500	-		-	-	9.2	-2.0	1.75			250	
3070.625	-		-	1	9.7	-2.0	1.75		-	250	
3684.750	-		-	-	9.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
4298.875					10.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
4913.000					10.9	-2.0	2.10			250	
5527.125					10.9	-2.0	2.60			250	
6141.250					12.1	-2.0	2.60			250	

Note:

- 1. Remark "---" means that the emission level is too weak to be detected.
- 2. For measured frequency below 1GHz, a tuned dipole antenna is used.
- 3. Result calculation is as following:

Result = SG Reading +Cable Loss +Antenna Gain +Antenna Gain Corrected Antenna Gain Corrected : is used for antenna other than dipole to convert radiated power to ERP.

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d. Tx Frequency: 697.875MHz

Operated mode: TX Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013

Temperature : 26 °C Humidity : 58 %

Unmodulated carrier output power is 8.8 dBm, or 7.586 mW (ERP).

The limit of spurious or harmonics is calculated as following:

8.8-[43+10log(carrier output power in W)], or -13dBm

Frequency	Meter F	Reading	SG Re	eading	Antenna	Antenna	Cable	Res	sult	Limit	Margin
	(dB	uV)	(dE	Bm)	Gain	Gain	Loss	(dB	m)		
(MHz)	Н	V	Н	V		Corr'	(dB)	Н	V	(dBm)	(dB)
1395.750					6.4	-2.0	1.30			250	
2093.625	-	-	-	1	9.3	-2.0	1.75			250	
2791.500	-	-	-	-	9.2	-2.0	1.75			250	
3489.375	-	-	-	1	9.7	-2.0	1.75			250	
4187.250	-	-	-	-	9.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
4885.125	-			1	10.6	-2.0	2.10			250	
5583.000	-	-	-	1	10.9	-2.0	2.10			250	
6280.875					10.9	-2.0	2.60			250	
6978.750					12.1	-2.0	2.60			250	

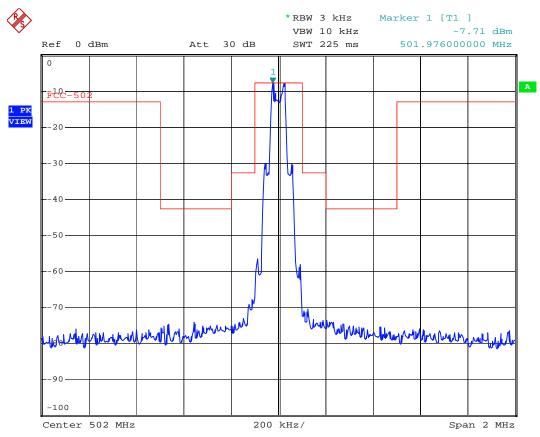
Note:

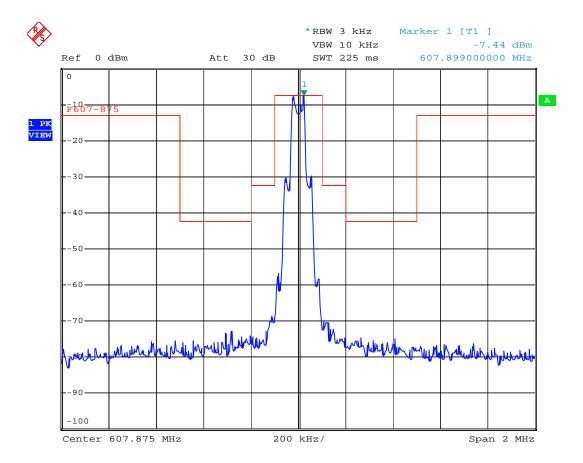
- 1. Remark "---" means that the emission level is too weak to be detected.
- 2. For measured frequency below 1GHz, a tuned dipole antenna is used.
- 3. Result calculation is as following:

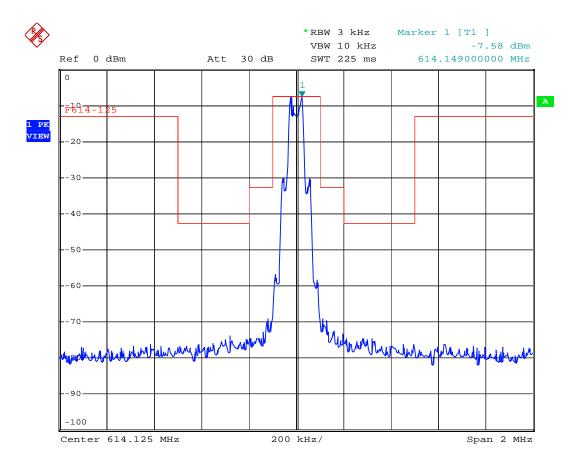
Result = SG Reading +Cable Loss +Antenna Gain +Antenna Gain Corrected

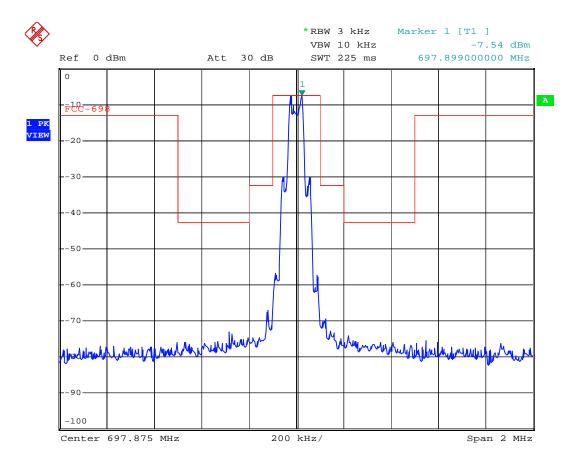
Antenna Gain Corrected: is used for antenna other than dipole to convert radiated power to ERP.

6.4.2 Emission mask plots







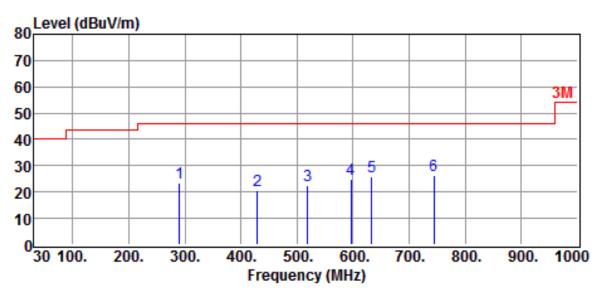


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6.5 Other Emission

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

Test Date: Mar. 27, 2013 Temperature: 20 °C Humidity: 65 %



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-03-27 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL

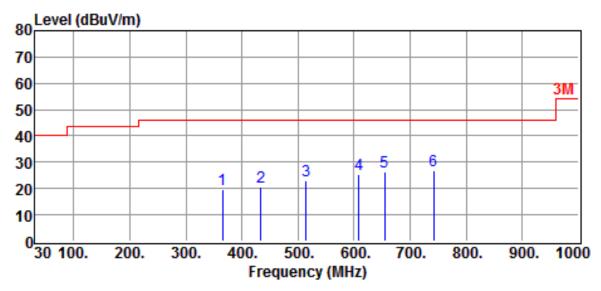
EUT : Wireless Microphone System Temp. :20°C
Power Rating :DC 1.5V * 2 Humi. :65%
Model : UF-10TB Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :TX OPERATION MODE

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
289.9600	-0.3	23.6	23.3	46.0	-22.7	QP
429.6400	0.8	19.9	20.7	46.0	-25.3	QP
518.8800	0.8	21.8	22.6	46.0	-23.4	QP
596.4800	2.0	23.0	25.0	46.0	-21.0	QP
633.3400	2.0	23.9	25.9	46.0	-20.1	QP
743.9200	0.8	25.8	26.6	46.0	-19.4	QP

Note:

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result



Site :OPEN SITE Date :2013-03-27 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL

EUT : Wireless Microphone System Temp. :20°C Power Rating :DC 1.5V * 2 Humi. :65% Model : UF-10TB Engineer. :VC

Test Mode :TX OPERATION MODE

Freq	Reading	Correction	Result	Limits	Over limit	Detector
		Factor				
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
365.6200	1.5	18.2	19.7	46.0	-26.3	QP
433.5200	0.7	20.0	20.7	46.0	-25.3	QP
515.0000	1.2	21.8	23.0	46.0	-23.0	QP
608.1200	2.3	23.3	25.6	46.0	-20.4	QP
654.6800	1.9	24.4	26.3	46.0	-19.7	QP
741.9800	1.3	25.8	27.1	46.0	-18.9	OP

Note:

- 1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
- 2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss Amplifier Gain (if any)
- 3. The margin value=Limit Result

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b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 25 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

6.6 Radiated Measurement Photos





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7. FREQUENCY STABILITY MEASUREMENT

7.1 Provisions Applicable

According to \$2.1055 (a)(1), the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature from -30° Cto $+50^{\circ}$ Ccentigrade, and according to \$2.1055 (d)(2), the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

According to §74.861(e)(4), the frequency tolerance of the transmitter shall be 0.005 percent.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

- A) Frequency stability versus environmental temperature
- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 5 for frequencies measured at ambient temperature if it is within 15°Cto 25°C. Otherwise, an environmental chamber set for a temperature of 20°Cshall be used.
- 2. Turn on EUT and set SA center frequency to the right frequency needs to be measured. Then set SA RBW to 30 kHz, VBW to 100kHz and frequency span to 500 kHz. Record this frequency to be a reference.
- 3. Set the temperature of chamber to 50°C. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the chamber, turn the EUT on and measure the EUT operating frequency.
- 4. Repeat step 2 with a 10°C decreased per stage until the lowest temperature -30°C is measured, record all measurement frequencies.
- B) Frequency stability versus input voltage
- 1. Setup the configuration per figure 7 for frequencies measured at ambient temperature if it is within 15°C to 25°C. Otherwise, an environmental chamber set for a temperature of 20°C shall be used. Install new batteries in the EUT.

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- 2. Set SA center frequency to the right frequency needs to be measured. Then set SA RBW to 30 kHz, VBW to 100kHz and frequency span to 500 kHz. Record this frequency to be a reference.
- 3. For non hand carried, battery operated device, supply the EUT primary voltage with 85 and 115 percent of the nominal value and record the frequency.

Spectrum Analyzer DC

Power Supply

Figure 5 : Frequency stability measurement configuration

7.3 Measurement Instrument

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date	
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2012/09/20	2013/09/20	
Temperature Chamber	MALLIER	MCT-2X-M	2012/05/03	2013/05/03	

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7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature: 20 °C Humidity: 65 %

A. Tx Frequency 502MHz

A1. Frequency stability versus environment tempture

Reference	Frequency	:502 MHz	L	imit: 0.005%					
Enviroment	Power	Frequency n	Frequency measured with time elapsed						
Tempture	Supplied	2 min	ute	5 minu	ute	10 mir	nute		
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)		
50		501.9842	-0.00315	502.0031	0.00063	501.9860	-0.00278		
40		502.0058	0.00115	502.0170	0.00340	501.9816	-0.00367		
30	3.0Vdc	501.9842	-0.00315	502.0096	0.00192	501.9917	-0.00165		
20		501.9819	-0.00360	501.9955	-0.00090	502.0111	0.00221		
10		502.0128	0.00256	501.9916	-0.00168	501.9868	-0.00263		
0		501.9872	-0.00255	502.0189	0.00376	501.9978	-0.00043		
-10		502.0141	0.00281	502.0118	0.00234	502.0120	0.00239		
-20		501.9925	-0.00149	501.9836	-0.00326	502.0167	0.00333		
-30		502.0113	0.00225	502.0085	0.00170	501.9875	-0.00250		

A2. Frequency stability versus supplied voltage (85% - 115%)

Reference	Reference Frequency : 502 MHz Limit : 0.005%								
Enviroment	Power	ver Frequency measured with time elapsed							
Tempture	Supplied	2 mir	2 minute 5 minute 10 minute						
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)		
25	2.55	501.9957	-0.00085	501.9828	-0.00342	501.9970	-0.00059		
25	3.45	502.0053	0.00105	502.0104	0.00208	502.0075	0.00149		

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Test Date : Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

B. Tx Frequency 607.875MHz

B1. Frequency stability versus environment tempture

Reference	Frequency	: 607.875MHz	L	imit: 0.005%						
Enviroment	Power	Frequency n	Frequency measured with time elapsed							
Tempture	Supplied	2 min	ute	5 minu	ute	10 mir	nute			
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)			
50		607.8783	0.00055	607.8820	0.00114	607.8719	-0.00051			
40		607.8965	0.00353	607.8959	0.00343	607.8897	0.00242			
30	3.0Vdc	607.8705	-0.00074	607.8868	0.00194	607.8956	0.00339			
20		607.8915	0.00271	607.8847	0.00160	607.8583	-0.00274			
10		607.8677	-0.00120	607.8923	0.00284	607.8590	-0.00263			
0		607.8651	-0.00163	607.8696	-0.00090	607.8537	-0.00351			
-10		607.8789	0.00064	607.8875	0.00206	607.8567	-0.00302			
-20		607.8603	-0.00242	607.8567	-0.00301	607.8608	-0.00233			
-30		607.8712	-0.00062	607.8622	-0.00211	607.8689	-0.00101			

B2. Frequency stability versus supplied voltage (85% - 115%)

Reference	Reference Frequency : 607.875MHz Limit : 0.005%								
Enviroment	Power	Frequency measured with time elapsed							
Tempture	Supplied	2 mir	2 minute 5 minute 10 minute						
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)		
25	2.55	607.8563	-0.00307	607.8709	-0.00067	607.8897	0.00241		
25	3.45	607.8613	-0.00225	607.8738	-0.00019	607.8581	-0.00277		

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Test Date: Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature: 20 °C Humidity: 65 %

C. Tx Frequency 614.125MHz

C1. Frequency stability versus environment tempture

Reference	Frequency	: 614.125 MHz	: L	imit: 0.005%						
Enviroment	Power	Frequency n	Frequency measured with time elapsed							
Tempture	Supplied	2 min	ute	5 minu	ute	10 mir	nute			
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)			
50		614.1255	0.00008	614.1068	-0.00296	614.1384	0.00219			
40		614.1420	0.00277	614.1321	0.00116	614.1090	-0.00261			
30	3.0Vdc	614.1078	-0.00280	614.1273	0.00038	614.1212	-0.00063			
20		614.1209	-0.00067	614.1077	-0.00281	614.1211	-0.00063			
10		614.1462	0.00346	614.1029	-0.00361	614.1027	-0.00363			
0		614.1092	-0.00258	614.1352	0.00166	614.1444	0.00317			
-10		614.1077	-0.00282	614.1040	-0.00342	614.1217	-0.00054			
-20		614.1399	0.00242	614.1376	0.00206	614.1308	0.00095			
-30		614.1284	0.00055	614.1299	0.00081	614.1310	0.00097			

C2. Frequency stability versus supplied voltage (85% - 115%)

Reference Frequency: 614.125 MHz Limit: 0.005%								
Enviroment	Power	Frequency measured with time elapsed						
Tempture	Supplied	2 minute		5 minute		10 minute		
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	
25	2.55	614.1073	-0.00289	614.1340	0.00147	614.1231	-0.00032	
25	3.45	614.1415	0.00268	614.1126	-0.00202	614.1054	-0.00320	

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Test Date : Mar. 28, 2013 Temperature : 20 °C Humidity : 65 %

D. Tx Frequency 697.875MHz

D1. Frequency stability versus environment tempture

Reference Frequency: 697.875 MHz Limit: 0.005%								
Enviroment	Power	Frequency measured with time elapsed						
Tempture	Supplied	2 minute		5 minute		10 minute		
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	
50		697.8743	-0.00011	697.8778	0.00040	697.8908	0.00227	
40		697.8772	0.00032	697.8585	-0.00237	697.8500	-0.00358	
30	3.0Vdc	697.8508	-0.00347	697.8877	0.00182	697.9005	0.00365	
20		697.8896	0.00209	697.8983	0.00334	697.8925	0.00251	
10		697.8912	0.00232	697.8546	-0.00292	697.8836	0.00124	
0		697.9014	0.00378	697.8924	0.00250	697.8739	-0.00016	
-10		697.8573	-0.00254	697.8699	-0.00073	697.8731	-0.00027	
-20		697.8551	-0.00285	697.8737	-0.00018	697.8754	0.00006	
-30		697.8873	0.00176	697.8780	0.00043	697.8885	0.00193	

C2. Frequency stability versus supplied voltage (85% - 115%)

Reference Frequency: 697.875 MHz Limit: 0.005%								
Enviroment	Power	Frequency measured with time elapsed						
Tempture	Supplied	2 minute		5 minute		10 minute		
(°C)	(Vdc)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	(MHz)	(%)	
25	2.55	697.8602	-0.00212	697.8772	0.00032	697.8976	0.00324	
25	3.45	697.8798	0.00069	697.8549	-0.00288	697.8995	0.00350	

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8 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

8.1 Standard Applicable

This EUT is excused from investigation of conducted emission, for it is powered by DC battery only. According to §15.207 (d), measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines.