



MOTOROLA

Portable Cellular Phone SAR Test Report

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Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that the portable cellular telephone model to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093) as well as with CENELEC en50360:2001 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with IEEE 1528 / CENELEC EN62209-1 (2006), as well as other appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of the portable cellular phone covered by this test report. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with [1], [4] and [5]. The SAR values measured for the portable cellular phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg in a 1g average set in [3] and 2.0W/kg in a 10g average set in [2].

For ANSI / IEEE C95.1 (1g), the final SAR reading for this phone is 1.26 W/kg for head adjacent use and 0.41 W/kg for body worn use. These measurements were performed using a Dasy4™ v4.7 system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich Switzerland.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Antenna description

| | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Type | Internal | |
| Location | Bottom of the transceiver | |
| Dimensions | Length | 36.49 mm |
| | Width | 8.20 mm |
| Configuration | FJA | |

2.2 Device description

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Serial Number | 00440102738513 | | | |
| Mode(s) of Operation | GSM 900 | GSM 1800 | GSM 1900 | Bluetooth |
| Modulation Mode(s) | GMSK | GMSK | GMSK | GFSK |
| Maximum Output Power Setting | 33.50 dBm | 30.50 dBm | 30.50 dBm | 4.0 dBm |
| Duty Cycle | 1:8 | 1:8 | 1:8 | 1:1 |
| Transmitting Frequency Range(s) | 880.2 - 914.8 MHz | 1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz | 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz | 2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz |
| Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908) | Identical Prototype | | | |
| Device Category | Portable | | | |
| RF Exposure Limits | General Population / Uncontrolled | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Mode(s) of Operation | GPRS 900 | | GPRS 1800 | | GPRS 1900 | |
| Modulation | GMSK | | GMSK | | GMSK | |
| Maximum Output Power Setting | 33.50 dBm | 33.50 dBm | 30.50 dBm | 30.5 dBm | 30.50 dBm | 30.5 dBm |
| Duty Cycle | 1:8 | 2:8 | 1:8 | 2:8 | 1:8 | 2:8 |
| Transmitting Frequency Range(s) | 880.2 - 914.8 MHz | | 1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz | | 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Mode(s) of Operation | EDGE 900 | | EDGE 1800 | | EDGE 1900 | |
| Modulation | 8PSK | | 8PSK | | 8PSK | |
| Maximum Output Power Setting | 29.00 dBm | 29.00 dBm | 28.00 dBm | 28.00 dBm | 28.00 dBm | 28.00 dBm |
| Duty Cycle | 1:8 | 2:8 | 1:8 | 2:8 | 1:8 | 2:8 |
| Transmitting Frequency Range(s) | 880.2 - 914.8 MHz | | 1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz | | 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz | |

Note: Bolded entries indicate data mode of highest time-average power per band and data mode type.

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall 10g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±10.8% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±21.6% (K=2). The overall 1g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.1% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±22.2% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4W/kg to 10W/kg.

The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in the following table.

| Description | Serial Number | Cal Due Date |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| DASY4™ DAE V1 | SN1515 | 28-Aug-2008 |
| E-Field Probe ETDV6 | SN383 | 24-Aug-2008 |
| S.A.M. Phantom used for 900MHz | TP-1129 | |
| S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450MHz | TP-1134 | |
| Dipole Validation Kit, DV900V2 | 97 | 01-May-08 |
| Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2 | 277tr | 01-May-08 |
| Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2 | 767 | 01-May-2008 |

3.2 Additional Equipment

| Description | Serial Number | Cal Due Date |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Signal Generator HP8648C | 3847A04840 | 28-Jan-09 |
| Power Meter E4419B | GB39511085 | 28-Jan-09 |
| Power Sensor #1 - 8481A | MY41095450 | 28-Jan-09 |
| Power Sensor #2 - 8481A | 2702A82671 | 28-Jan-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP8753ES | US39172714 | 28-Jan-09 |
| Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B | US99360207 | |
| Signal Generator HP8648C | 3847A04840 | 12-Dec-08 |
| Power Meter E4419B | GB39511085 | 29-Nov-08 |
| Power Sensor #1 - 8481A | MY41095450 | 16-Feb-08 |
| Power Sensor #2 - 8481A | 2702A82671 | 29-Nov-08 |
| Network Analyzer HP8753ES | US39172714 | 02-Mar-08 |

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with a HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit. These values, along with the temperature of the simulated tissue are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity are also shown. A mass density of $\rho=1\text{g/cm}^3$ was entered into the system in all the cases. It can be seen that the measured parameters are within tolerance of the recommended limits specified in [1] and [5].

| f (MHz) | Tissue type | Limits / Measured | Dielectric Parameters | | |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | Temp (°C) |
| 1880 | Head | Measured, 30-Jan-08 | 40.6 | 1.45 | 21.4 |
| | | Measured, 31-Jan-08 | 40.6 | 1.45 | 21.6 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 40.0 ±5% | 1.40 ±5% | 18-25 |
| | Body | Measured, 31-Jan-08 | 53.5 | 1.57 | 21.3 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 53.3 ±5% | 1.52 ±5% | 18-25 |
| 2450 | Body | Measured, 21-Mar-2008 | 51.4 | 2.04 | 20.7 |
| | | Recommended Limits | 52.7 ±10% | 1.95 ±5% | 18-25 |

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

| Ingredient | 835MHz / 900 MHz | 835MHz / 900 MHz | 1800MHz / 1900 MHz | 1800 MHz / 1900 MHz | 2450MHz | 2450 MHz |
|------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|----------|
| | Head | Body | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Sugar | 57 | 44.9 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| DGBE | -- | -- | 47 | 30.8 | -- | 30 |
| Diacetin | -- | -- | -- | -- | 51 | -- |
| Water | 40.45 | 53.06 | 52.62 | 68.8 | 48.75 | 70 |
| Salt | 1.45 | 0.94 | 0.38 | 0.4 | 0.15 | -- |
| HEC | 1 | 1 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Bact. | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | -- | 0.1 | -- |

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4™ was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to verify the measured SAR was within ±10% from the target SAR indicated in Appendix 7. These frequencies are within ±10% of the compliance test mid-band frequency as required in [1] and [5]. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity, specified in [5], are shown in the table below. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are also displayed in the table below. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1.

| f (MHz) | Description | SAR (W/kg), 1gram | Dielectric Parameters | | Ambient Temp (°C) | Tissue Temp (°C) |
|---------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | | |
| 1800 | Measured, 30-Jan-2008 | 36.23 | 40.9 | 1.36 | 22.1 | 21.7 |
| | Measured, 31-Jan-2008 | 37.08 | 40.9 | 1.39 | 21.5 | 20.9 |
| | Recommended Limits | 37.5 | 40.0 ±5% | 1.4 ±5% | 18-25 | 18-25 |
| 2450 | Measured, 21-Mar-2008 | 55.50 | 37.2 | 1.88 | 21.8 | 21.4 |
| | Recommended Limits | 58.0 | 39.2 ±10% | 1.80 ±5% | 18-25 | 18-25 |

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

| Description | Serial Number | f (MHz) | Conversion Factor | Cal Cert pg # |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|
| E-Field Probe ET3DV6 | SN1515 | 1810 | 5.21 | 8 of 9 |
| | | 2450 | 4.64 | 8 of 9 |

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated using an actual transmission through a base station simulator. The base station simulator was setup to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in [1], [4] and [5]. The phone was positioned into these configurations using the device holder supplied with the DASY4™ SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the device holder is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 ($\pm 30\%$) at 850MHz. The default settings for the “coarse” and “cube” scans were chosen and used for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY4™ manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

SNN5782C – 1100 mAH Battery

SNN5813A – 920 mAH battery

SNN5804A – 920 mAH battery

The battery with the highest capacity is the SNN5782C. This battery was used to do most of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery. The configuration that resulted in the highest SAR values were tested using the other batteries listed above.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 8 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the simulated tissue after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The left head and right head SAR contour distributions are similar. Because of this similarity, the cheek/touch and 15° tilt test conditions with the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 2. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2.

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since the same phantoms and simulated tissue were used for the system accuracy verification and the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of simulated tissue depth to be 15.0cm \pm 0.5cm.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

| Description | Serial Number | f (MHz) | Conversion Factor | Cal Cert pg # |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|
| E-Field Probe ET3DV6 | SN1515 | 1810 | 5.21 | 8 of 9 |

| Left Head Cheek Position | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.2 | 0.02 | 0.446 | 0.45 | 0.723 | 0.72 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 1: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Right Head Cheek Position | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | 21.0 | 0.01 | 0.637 | 0.64 | 1.07 | 1.07 |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.2 | 0.03 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | 21.0 | -0.01 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 1.18 | 1.18 |

Table 2: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Head Cheek Position with SNN5813A battery | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | 21.8 | -0.03 | 0.694 | 0.70 | 1.20 | 1.21 |

Table 3: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Head Cheek Position with SNN5804A battery | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | 21.6 | 0.06 | 0.715 | 0.72 | 1.26 | 1.26 |

Table 4: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Left Head 15° Tilt Position | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| f (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | 10g SAR value | | 1g SAR value | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.4 | -0.16 | 0.296 | 0.31 | 0.494 | 0.51 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 5: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Right Head 15° Tilt Position | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| f (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | 10g SAR value | | 1g SAR value | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 20.9 | 0.00 | 0.235 | 0.24 | 0.381 | 0.38 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 6: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Head 15° Tilt Position with SNN5813A battery | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| f (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | 10g SAR value | | 1g SAR value | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.5 | 0.05 | 0.3 | 0.30 | 0.505 | 0.51 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 7: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Head 15° Tilt Position with SNN5804A battery | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| f (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | 10g SAR value | | 1g SAR value | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 20.6 | -0.04 | 0.288 | 0.29 | 0.487 | 0.49 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 8: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 9 through 15 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 3. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. In addition to accessory testing, the cellular phone was tested with the front and back of the phone facing the phantom. For voice mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 15mm from the phantom. For data mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 25mm from the phantom. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone at the time of testing hence the device was tested per the supplement C testing guidelines for devices that do not have body worn accessories. The phone was placed a maximum of 15mm away from a flat phantom per the supplement C standard guidelines to perform SAR measurement.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

| Description | Serial Number | f (MHz) | Conversion Factor | Cal Cert pg # |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|
| E-Field Probe ET3DV6 | SN1515 | 1810 | 4.73 | 8 of 9 |
| | | 2450 | 4.06 | 8 of 9 |

| Body-Worn; Front of Phone 15mm from Phantom | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.6 | 0.01 | 0.225 | 0.23 | 0.36 | 0.36 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 9: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Body-Worn; Back of Phone 15mm from Phantom | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.5 | 0.05 | 0.248 | 0.25 | 0.393 | 0.39 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 10: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Body-Worn; Highest position (Back or Front) 25mm from Phantom with GPRS Class 10 mode | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.2 | 0.01 | 0.178 | 0.18 | 0.272 | 0.27 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 11: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Body-Worn; Highest position (Back or Front) 25mm from Phantom with EDGE Class 10 mode | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 28.17 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 28.01 | 21.7 | -0.08 | 0.0966 | 0.10 | 0.149 | 0.15 |
| | Channel 810 | 28.10 | | | | | | |

Table 12: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Body-Worn with SNN5813A battery | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.4 | 0.00 | 0.253 | 0.25 | 0.402 | 0.40 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 13: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Body-Worn with SNN5804A battery | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Channel 512 | 30.40 | | | | | | |
| | Channel 661 | 30.42 | 21.3 | 0.04 | 0.258 | 0.26 | 0.409 | 0.41 |
| | Channel 810 | 30.37 | | | | | | |

Table 14: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Bluetooth Stand-alone : Highest Body-Worn Position on each band | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Temp (°C) | Drift (dB) | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | |
| | | | | | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 2450MHz Back 15mm SNN5804A | Channel 0 | | | | | | | |
| | Channel 39 | | 20.7 | 3.12 | 0.000378 | 0.00 | 0.00115 | 0.00 |
| | Channel 78 | | | | | | | |

Table 15: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

| Highest Extrapolated Body-Worn SAR values summation with Bluetooth Stand-alone | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| <i>f</i> (MHz) | Description | <i>10g SAR value</i> | | | <i>1g SAR value</i> | | |
| | | Measured (W/kg) | Bluetooth Measurement (W/Kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) | Measured (W/kg) | Bluetooth Measurement (W/Kg) | Extrapolated (W/kg) |
| 1900MHz | Body-Worn: Back of phone 15mm away from phantom with SNN5804A battery | 0.26 | 0.00 | 0.26 | 0.41 | 0.00 | 0.41 |

Table 16: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, calculated in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

References

- [1] CENELEC, en62209-1:2006 “Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields From Hand - Held and Body - Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human Models, Instrumentation, and Procedures”
- [2] CENELEC, en50360:2001 “Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300MHz – 3GHz)”.
- [3] ANSI / IEEE, C95.1 1999 Edition “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz”
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01
- [5] IEEE 1528 2003 Edition “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”
- [6] ICNIRP Guidelines “Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz)”

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Test Laboratory: Motorola 0130'2008_1800MHz_Good -3.4%

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 277tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.62C Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.7C Room Temp @ SPC = 22.1C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-9 Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1134;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.01 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.91 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.19 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

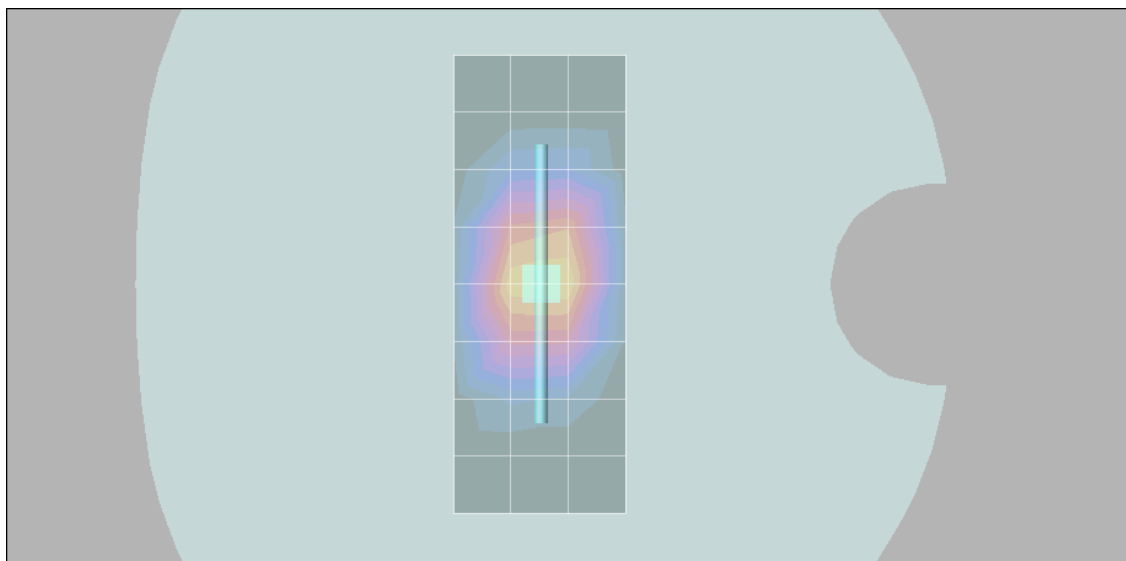
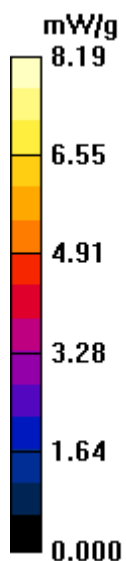
Reference Value = 82.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

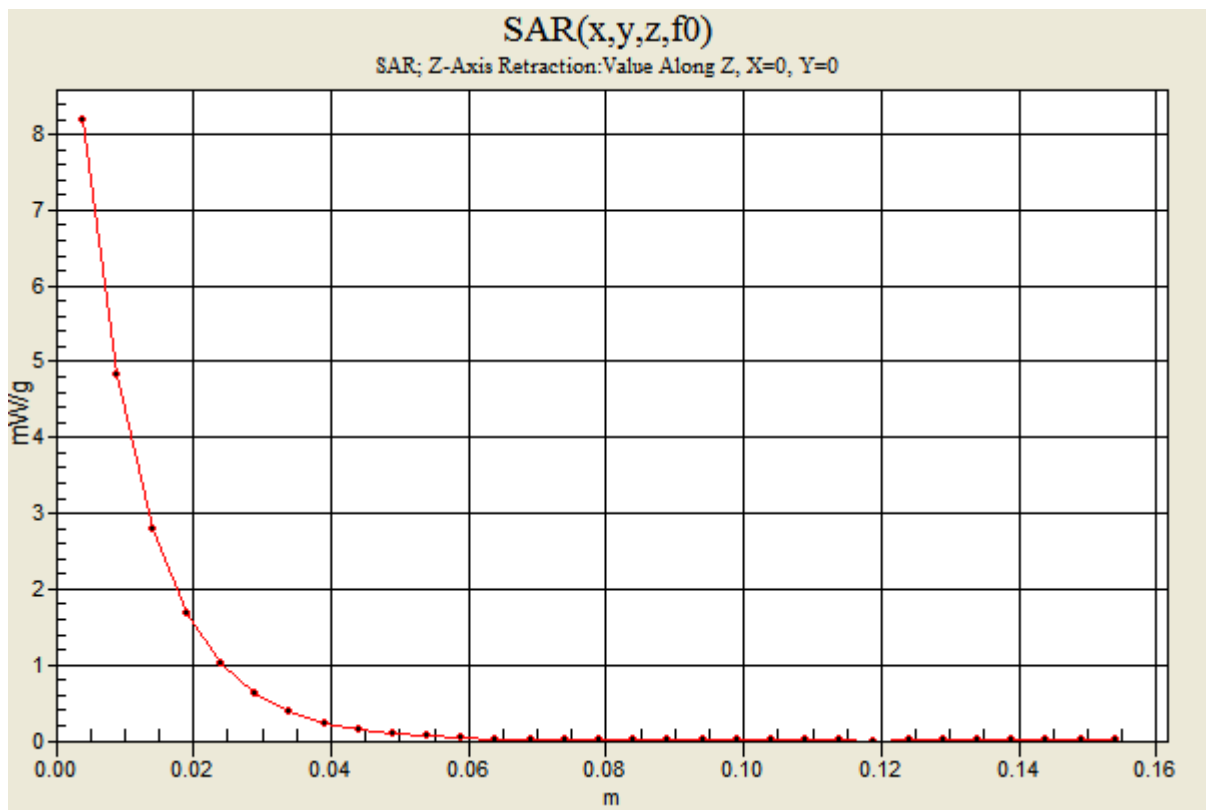
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.92 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.16 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm





Test Laboratory: Motorola 0131'2008_1800MHz_Good -1.1%

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 277tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.05C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.9C Room Temp @ SPC = 21.5C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-9 Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1134;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.82 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.31 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

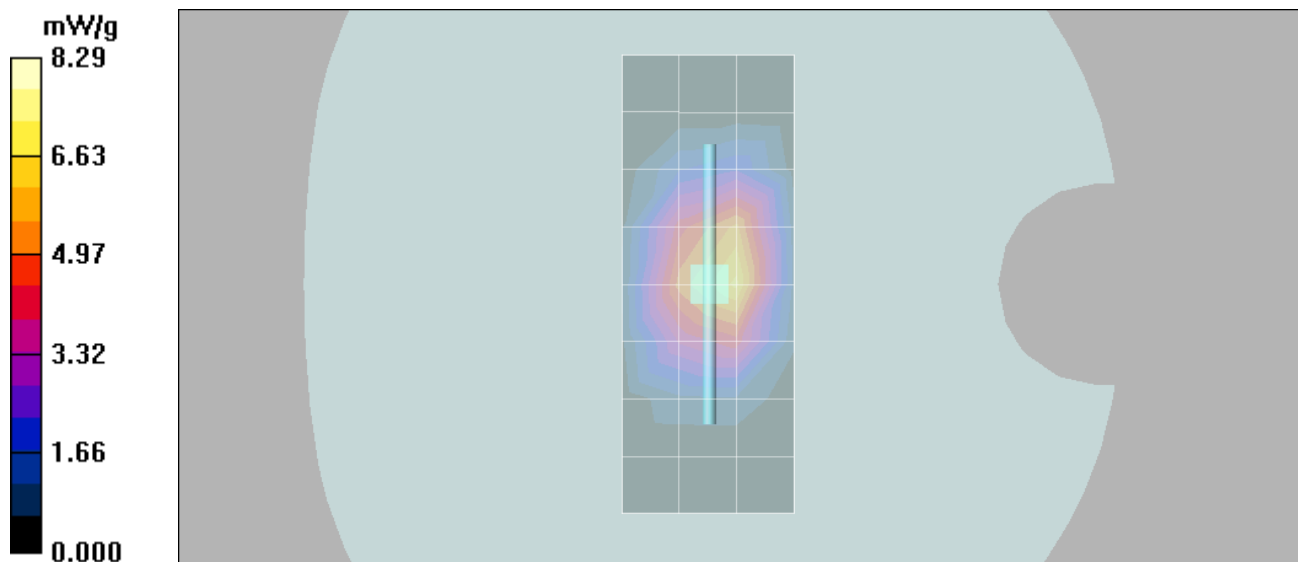
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.5 W/kg

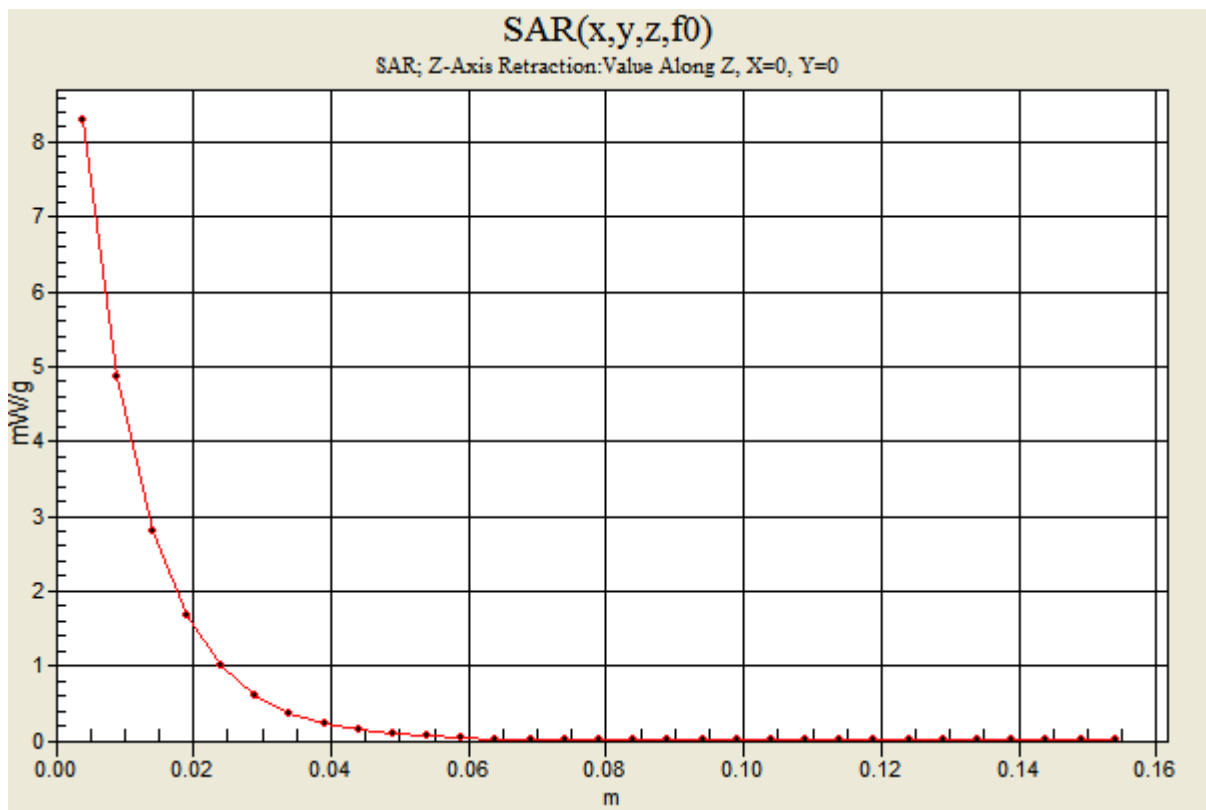
SAR(1 g) = 7.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.10 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.29 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Motorola 0321'2008_2450MHz_Good -4.3%

Procedure Notes: 2450 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 767 PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.52C Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.4C Room Temp @ SPC = 21.8C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-9 Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1134;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.60 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

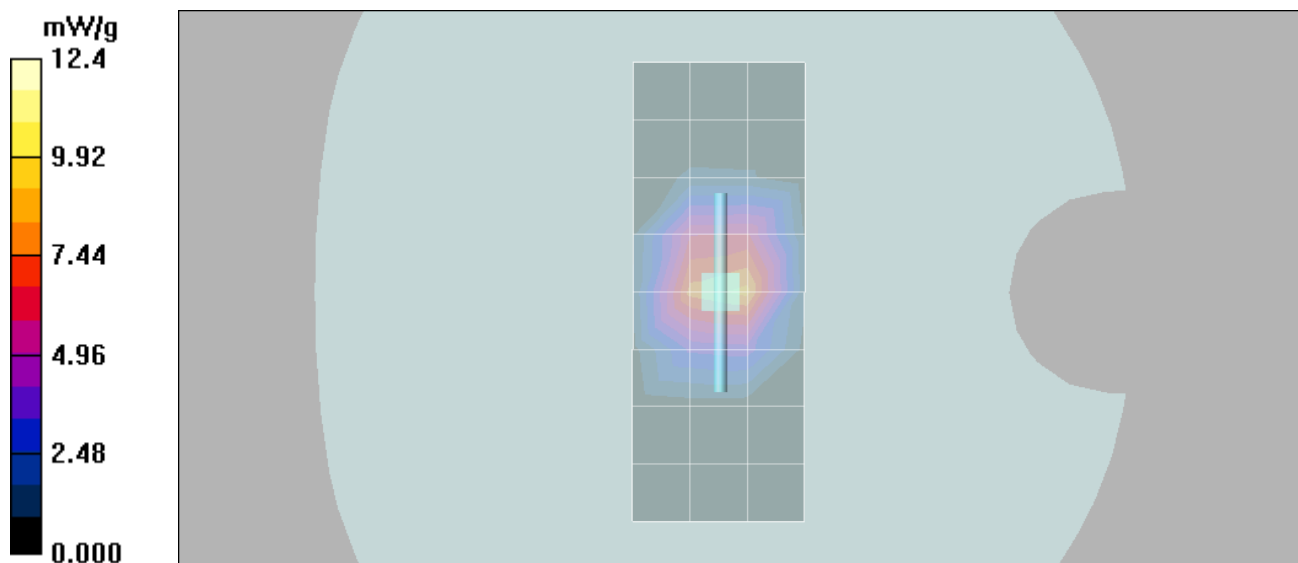
Reference Value = 83.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

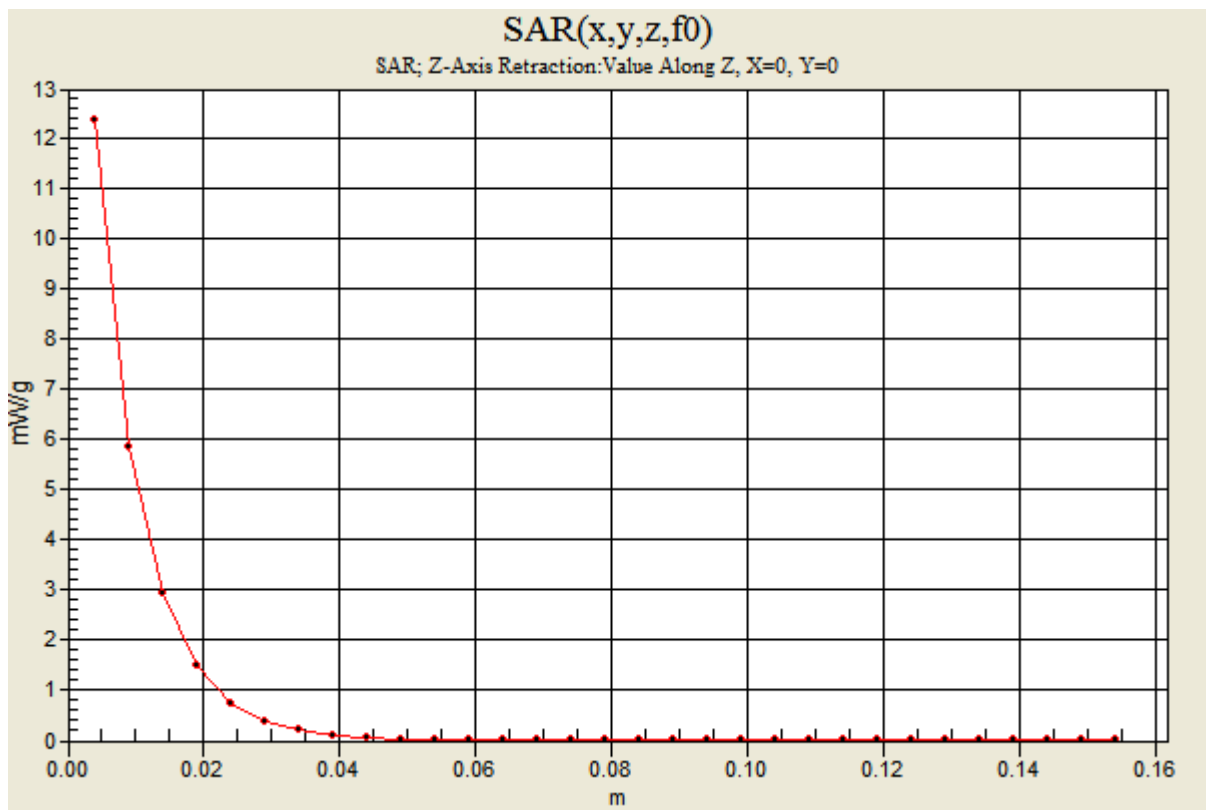
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 mW/g





Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM1900 Cheek

004401027385513;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Cheek

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Channel Number: 810; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-9 Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1134;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

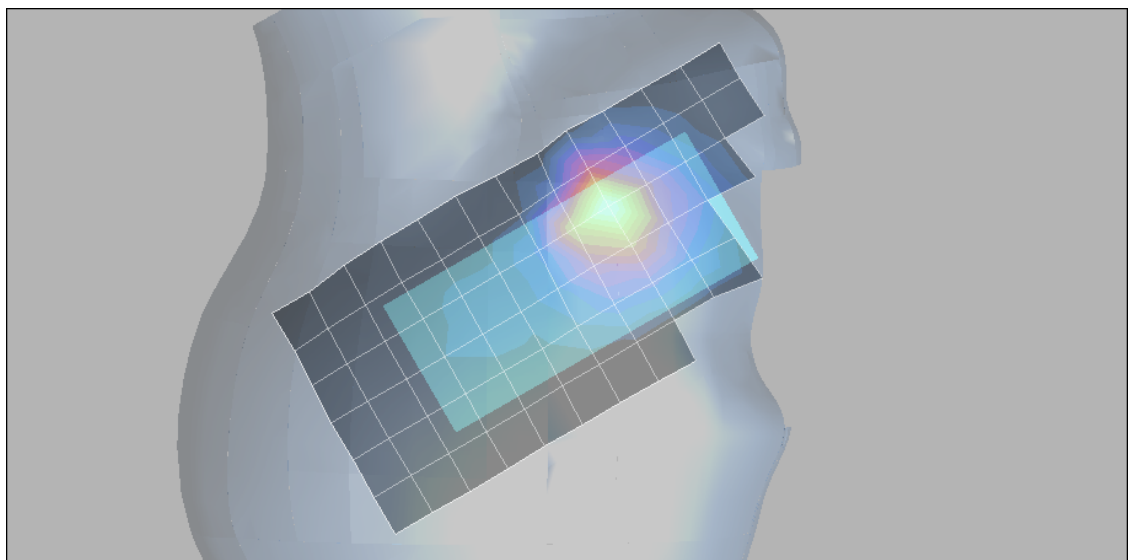
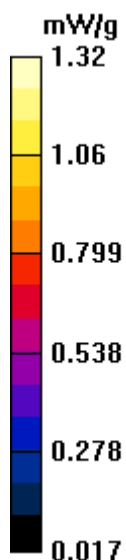
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.715 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM1900 Tilt

004401027385513;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal

Battery Model #: SNN5782C DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Rotated

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-9 Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1134;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

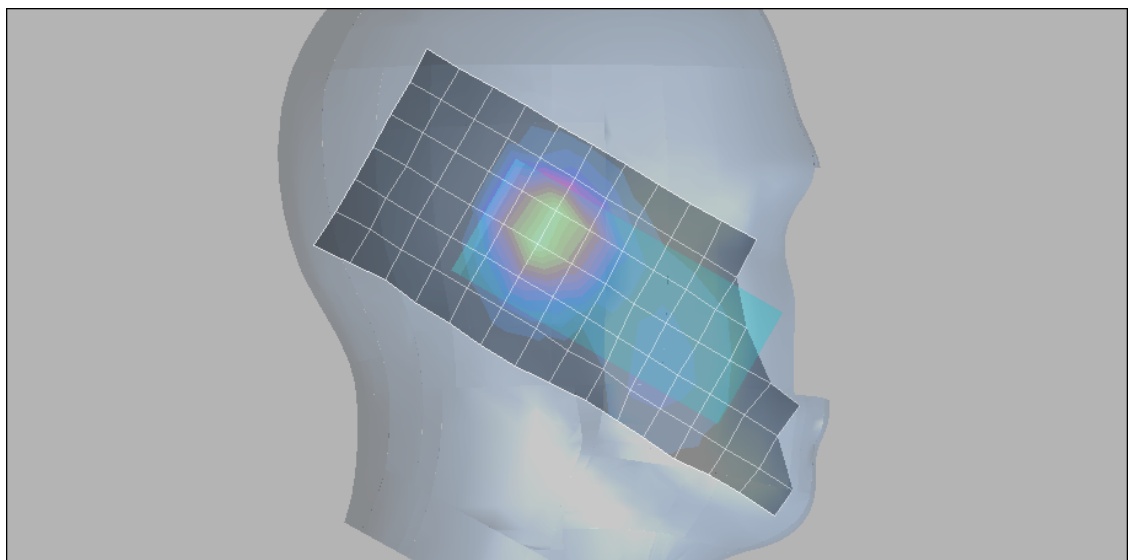
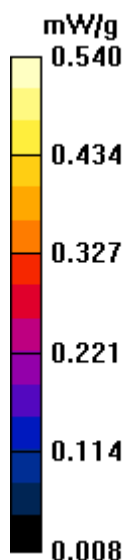
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.160 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.494 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.540 mW/g



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

Test Laboratory: Motorola GSM1900 BodyWorn

004401027385513;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; Device Position: Back of phone 15mm from the flat phantom

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: R#9_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

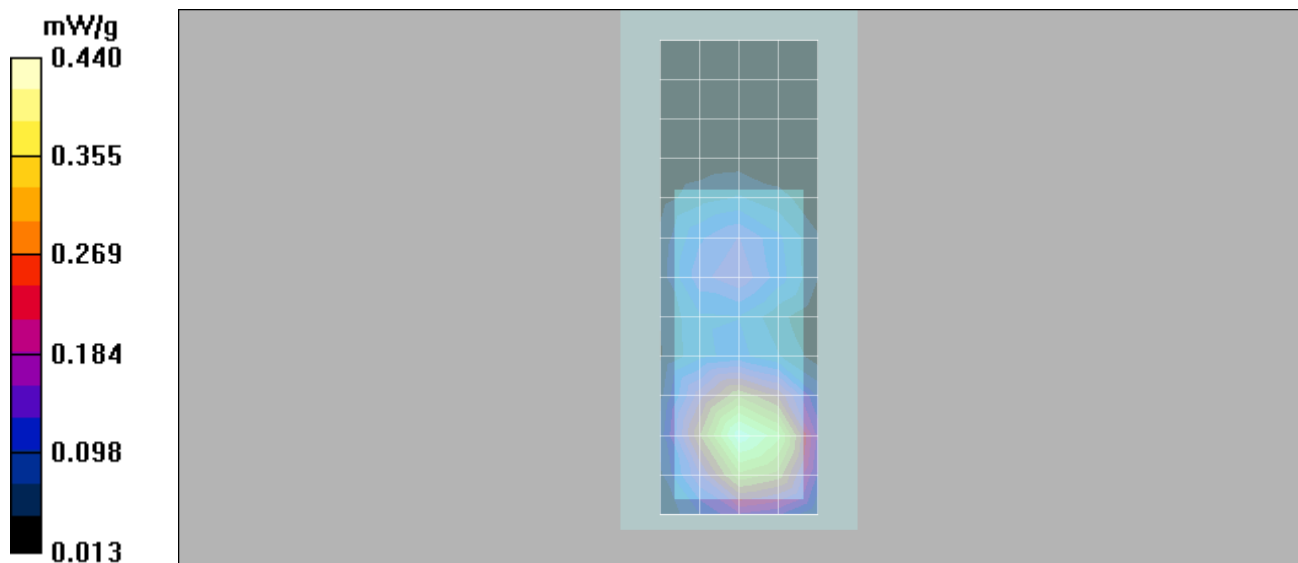
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.609 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.409 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Bluetooth 2450

004401027385513;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: BT(OTA) Antenna Position: Internal

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; Device Position: Back of phone 15mm away from the flat phantom

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Channel Number: 39; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515; ConvF(4.06, 4.06, 4.06); Calibrated: 8/28/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn383; Calibrated: 8/24/2007
- Phantom: R#9_Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (10mm) (19x10x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.001 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

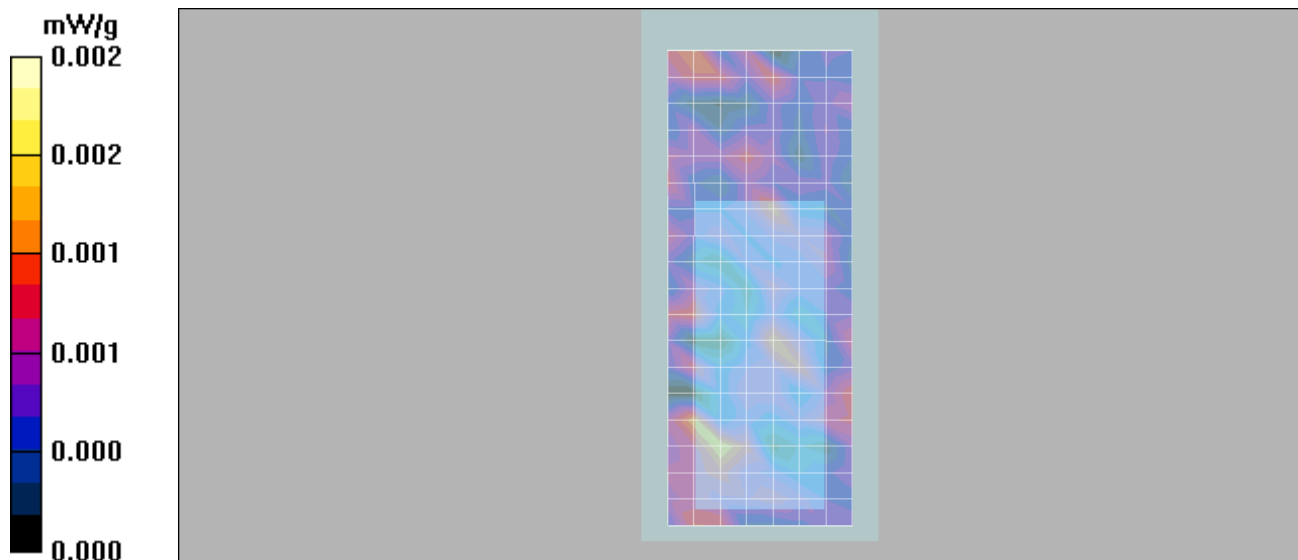
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.418 V/m; Power Drift = 3.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.003 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00115 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.000378 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.002 mW/g



Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No. **ET3-1515_Aug07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1515**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA-CAL-01-v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **August 28, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719) | Aug-08 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671) | Mar-08 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720) | Aug-08 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) | Jan-08 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07) | Apr-08 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

Calibrated by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name) **Technical Manager** (Function)  (Signature)

Approved by: **Niels Kuster** (Name) **Quality Manager** (Function)  (Signature)

Issued: August 28, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1515

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| Manufactured: | February 1, 2000 |
| Last calibrated: | August 24, 2006 |
| Modified: | August 22, 2007 |
| Recalibrated: | August 28, 2007 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1515**Sensitivity in Free Space^A**

| | | |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| NormX | 1.69 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormY | 1.95 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormZ | 1.65 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |

Diode Compression^B

| | |
|-------|-------|
| DCP X | 95 mV |
| DCP Y | 96 mV |
| DCP Z | 91 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 6.1 | 2.9 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.1 |

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 13.3 | 9.2 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 1.0 | 0.2 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7 mm**

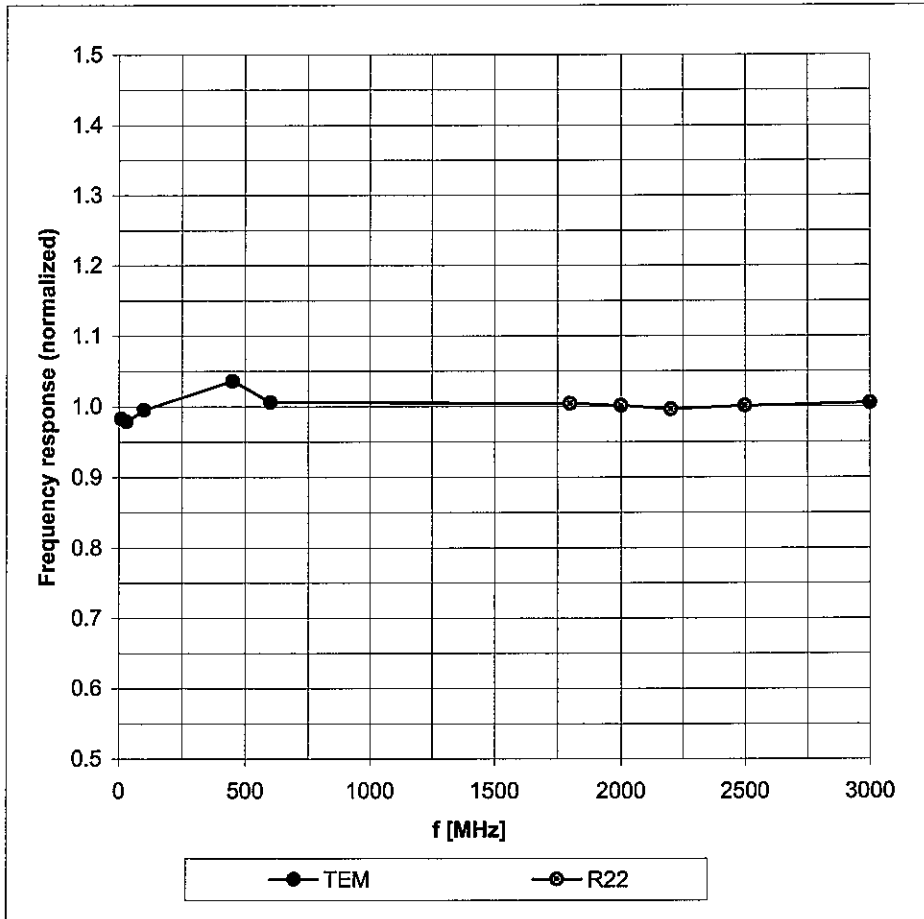
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

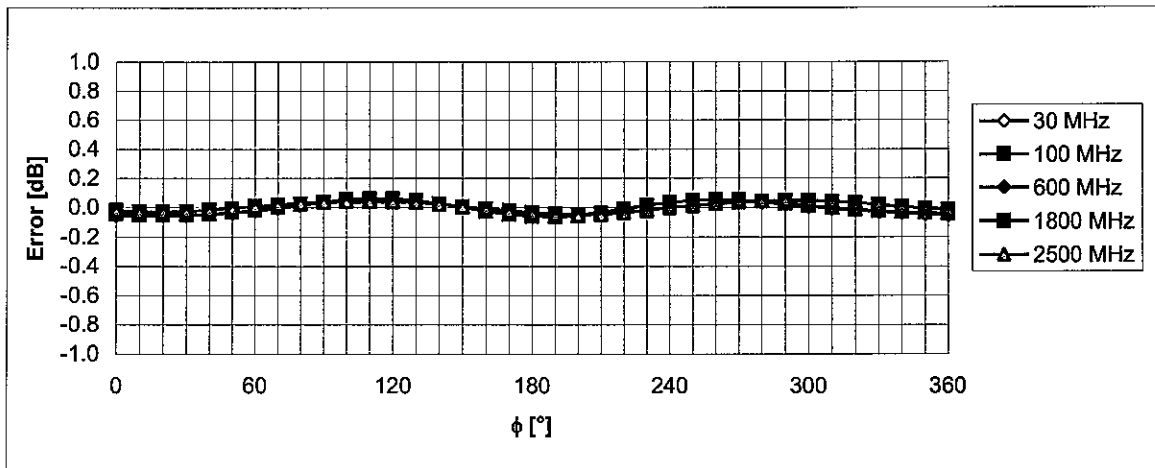
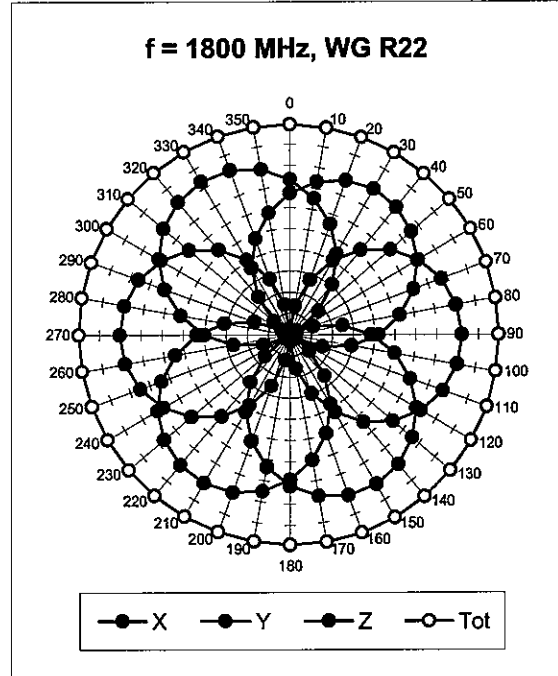
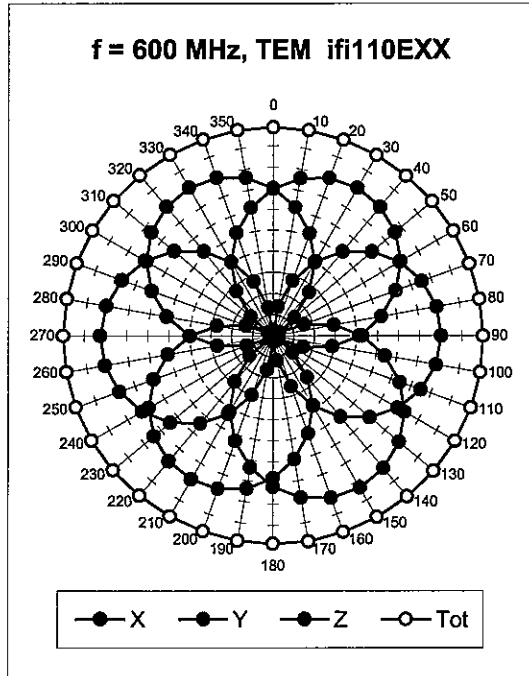
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



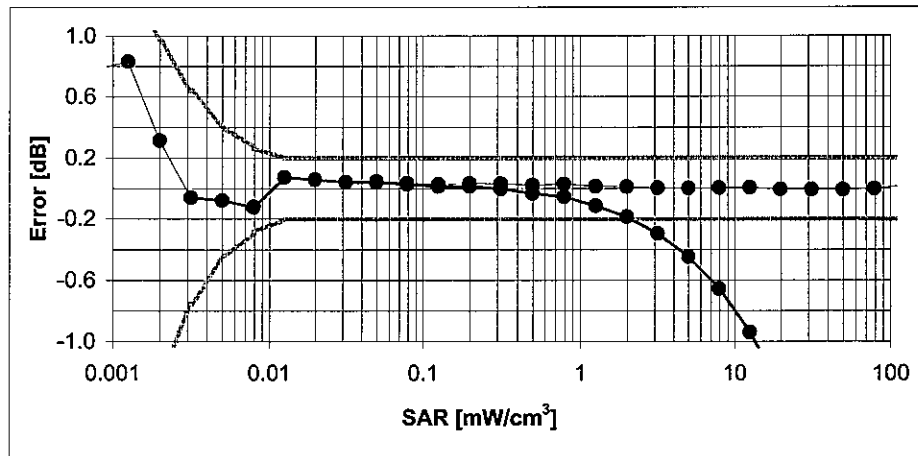
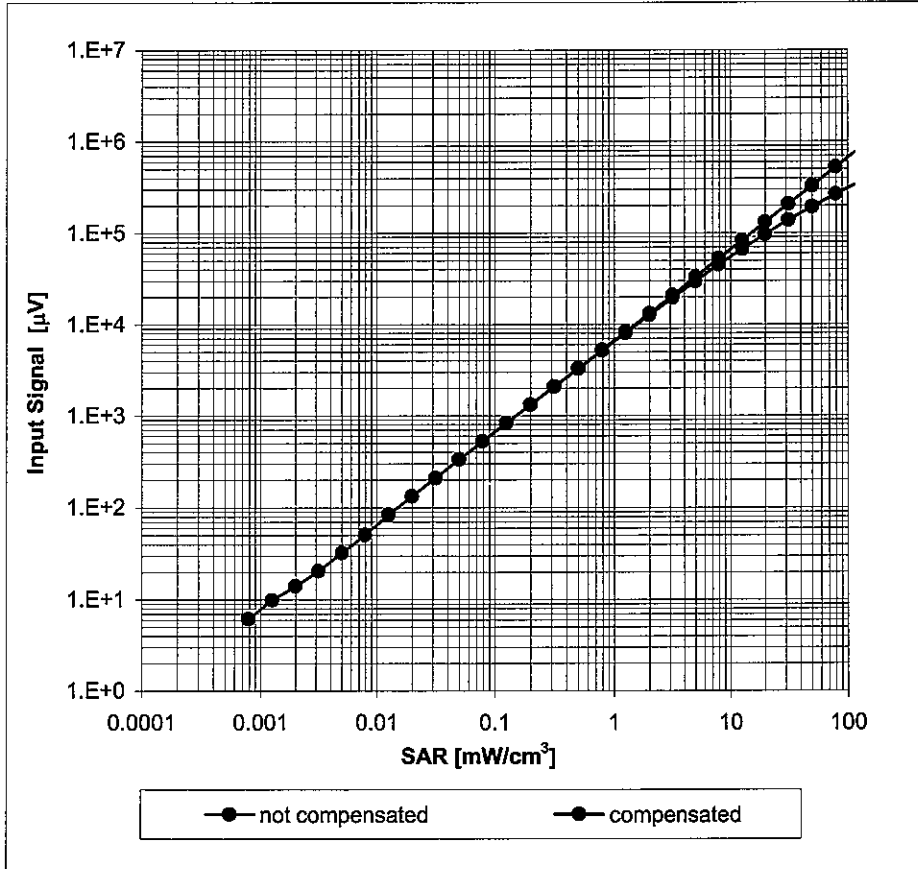
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



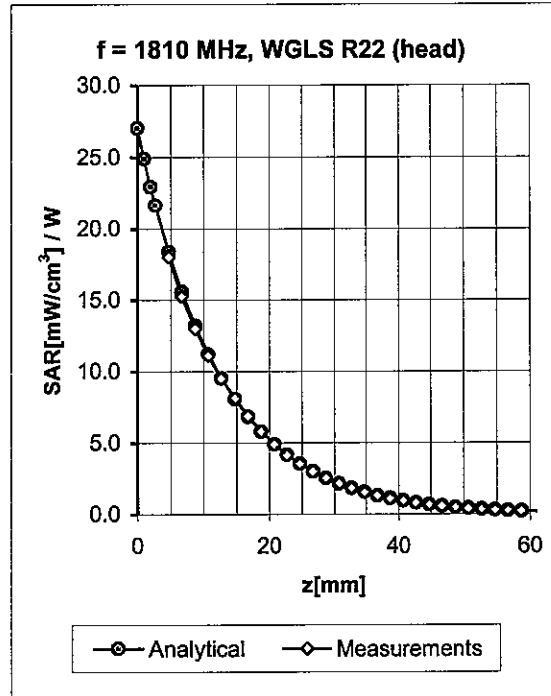
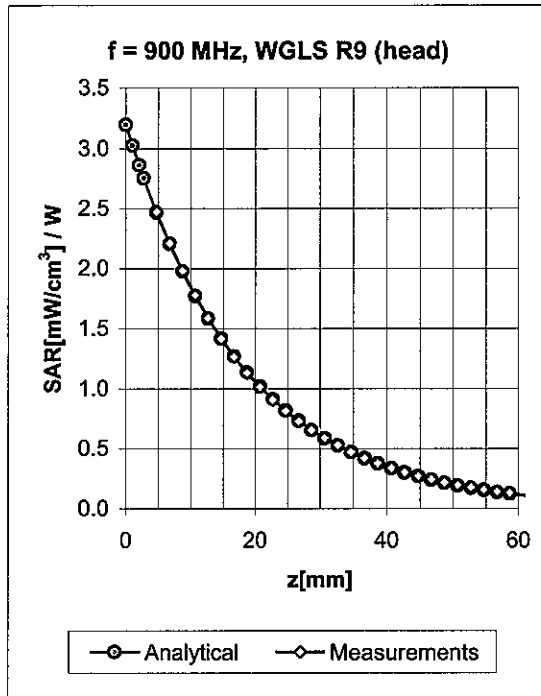
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment

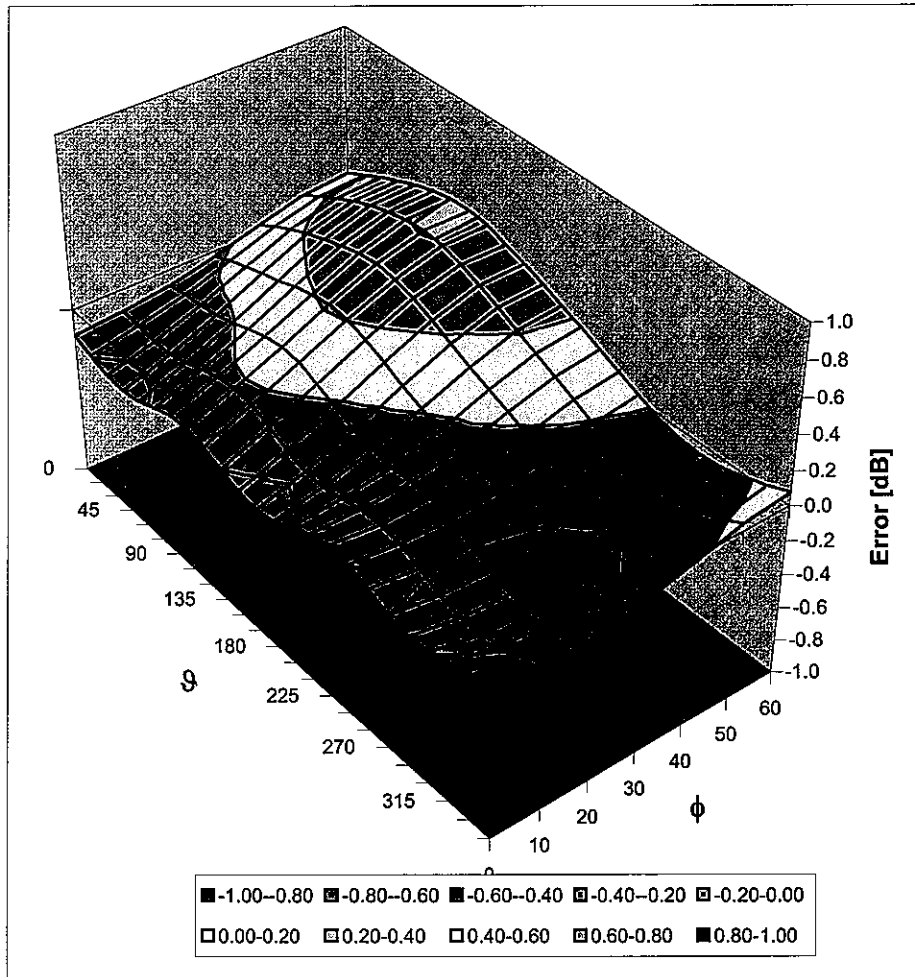


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.31 | 2.72 | 6.50 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.61 | 2.40 | 5.21 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.63 | 2.47 | 4.98 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.70 | 1.84 | 4.64 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.34 | 2.89 | 6.09 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.65 | 2.62 | 4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.78 | 2.28 | 4.45 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.66 | 2.16 | 4.06 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASYS v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Appendix 5

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

MOTOROLA, INC. Portable Cellular Phone SAR Test Report Number: 21533-1F

| <i>a</i> | <i>b</i> | <i>c</i> | <i>d</i> | <i>e = f(d,k)</i> | <i>f</i> | <i>g</i> | <i>h = c x f / e</i> | <i>i = c x g / e</i> | <i>k</i> |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Uncertainty Component | IEEE 1528 section | Tol. (± %) | Prob | Div. | <i>c_i</i> | <i>c_i</i> (10 g) | 1 g | 10 g | <i>v_i</i> |
| | | | Dist | | (1 g) | (10 g) | <i>u_i</i> (±%) | <i>u_i</i> (±%) | |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | E.2.1 | 5.9 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 5.9 | 5.9 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 9.6 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 0.3 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 1.1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 1.1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections | E.6.1 | 0.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom | E.6.3 | 1.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.) | E.5 | 3.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Sample Positioning | E.4.2 | 3.2 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 29 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | E.4.1 | 4.0 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 8 |
| SAR drift | 6.6.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | E.3.1 | 4.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 3.3 | N | 1.00 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 2.1 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 1.9 | N | 1.00 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.1 | 0.9 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | | 11.1 | 10.8 | 411 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | <i>k</i> =2 | | | | 22.2 | 21.6 | |

Appendix 6

Photographs of the device under test



Figure1: Front of Phone



Figure2: Back of Phone



Figure3: Phone Against the Head Phantom (Cheek Touch)



Figure4: Phone Against the Head Phantom (15° Tilt)



Figure5: Phone Against the Flat Phantom

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on WI-0396

-Historical Data-


| 1800MHz | |
|---|--------------------------|
| IEEE1528 Target: | 38.1 (W/kg) |
| Measurement Uncertainty (k=1): | 9.0% |
| Measurement Period: | 10-May-06 to 18-April-07 |
| # of tests performed: | 1314 |
| Grand Average: | 37.5 (W/kg) |
| % Delta (Average - IEEE1528 Target) | -1.6% |
| Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)? | Yes |
| Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target? | ACCEPT |
| <u>Applies to Dipole SN's:</u> 246tr, 250tr, 251tr, 259tr, 263tr, 271tr, 272tr, 276tr, 277tr, 279tr, 280tr, 281tr, 283tr, 284tr, 2d128, 2d129 | |

-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396
 (based on analysis of historical data)

| Frequency | SAR Target (W/kg) | Permittivity | Conductivity (S/m) |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 1800MHz | 37.5 | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% |

-Approvals-

Submitted by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on WI-0396

-Historical Data-

| 2450MHz | |
|--|--------------------------|
| IEEE1528 Target: | 52.4 (W/kg) |
| Measurement Uncertainty (k=1): | 9.0% |
| Measurement Period: | 10-May-06 to 18-April-07 |
| # of tests performed: | 32 |
| Grand Average: | 58.0 (W/kg) |
| % Delta (Average - IEEE1528 Target) | 10.6% |
| Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)? | Yes |
| Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target? | ACCEPT |
| <u>Applies to Dipole SN's:</u> 740, 766, 767, 788, 789 | |


-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

| Frequency | SAR Target (W/kg) | Permittivity | Conductivity (S/m) |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 2450MHz | 58.0 | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% |

-Approvals-

Submitted by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments: