

# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

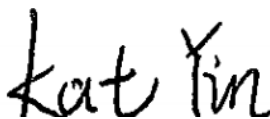
FCC ID : IHDT56ZP3  
Equipment : Mobile Cellular Phone  
Brand Name : Motorola  
Model Name : XT2143-1  
M-Rating : M3  
Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC  
222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA  
Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC  
222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA  
Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19  
ANSI C63.19-2011

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Nick Hu / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



**Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.**

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300  
People's Republic of China



**Table of Contents**

1. General Information ..... 4  
2. Testing Location..... 5  
3. Applied Standards ..... 5  
4. RF Audio Interference Level..... 5  
5. Air Interface and Operating Mode..... 6  
6. Measurement System Specification ..... 7  
    6.1 E-Field Probe System..... 7  
    6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation..... 8  
7. RF Emissions Test Procedure..... 9  
8. Test Equipment List .....12  
9. Measurement System Validation .....13  
10. Modulation Interference Factor.....14  
11. Low-power Exemption.....15  
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm).....19  
13. HAC RF Emission Test Results.....21  
14. Uncertainty Assessment .....22  
15. References.....24

- Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check
- Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement
- Appendix C. DASYS Calibration Certificate
- Appendix D. Test Setup Photos



### History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA151701A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 02, 2021



**1. General Information**

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2143-1
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 353121920027155 IMEI 2: 353121920027163
FCC ID	IHDT56ZP3
HW	DVT2
SW	RRG31.35
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Date Tested	2021/6/10 ~ 2021/6/20
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n78 : 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-5: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-8: 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20/ac VHT20/ax HE20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 WLAN 6E : 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 6E : 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160 WLAN 6E : 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK



2. Testing Location

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Table with 3 columns: Test Firm, Test Site Location, and Test Site No. (with sub-columns for FCC Designation No. and FCC Test Firm Registration No.).

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011
FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03r01

4. RF Audio Interference Level

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Table 5.1: Telephone near-field categories in linear units. Columns include Emission Categories (M1-M4) and E-field emissions (<960Mhz, >960Mhz).

Table 5.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units



**5. Air Interface and Operating Mode**

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	GSM1900			WLAN, BT		No
	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
	EDGE1900			WLAN, BT		
WCDMA	Band II	VO	No <sup>(1)</sup>	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	No <sup>(1)</sup>	WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	No <sup>(1)</sup>	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo	No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 38	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo	No
	Band 41			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 42			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR (FDD)	n5	VD	No <sup>(1)</sup>	LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR / Google Duo	No
	n7			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR (TDD)	n41	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR / Google Duo	No
	n78			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR	VoWiFi / Google Duo	No
	5200			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
	5300			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
	U-NII-5	VD	No <sup>(3)</sup>	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT	Google Duo	No
	U-NII-6			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
	U-NII-7			GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT		No
U-NII-8	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT			No		
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR	NA	No

Type Transport:  
VO= Voice only  
DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)  
VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

**Remark:**

- The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq 17$  dBm, and is rated as M4.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE Bands: LTE B38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.
- The U-NII-5/6/7/8 are currently outside the scope of ANSI 63.19 and FCC HAC regulations therefore, the U-NII-5/6/7/8 were not evaluated.

## 6. Measurement System Specification



**Fig 5.1 System Configurations**

### 6.1 E-Field Probe System

#### E-Field Probe Specification

<ER3DV6>

<b>Construction</b>	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
<b>Calibration</b>	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$ , $k=2$ )
<b>Frequency</b>	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 2.0$ dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in air (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
<b>Linearity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



**Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe**

#### Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

**6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation**

The DASYS software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

<b>Probe parameters :</b>	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcp <sub>i</sub>
<b>Device parameters :</b>	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
<b>Media parameters :</b>	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

- with V<sub>i</sub> = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)  
 U<sub>i</sub> = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)  
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)  
 dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

- with V<sub>i</sub> = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)  
 Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup> for E-field Probes  
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]  
 E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.





## **7. RF Emissions Test Procedure**

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b. Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
  - i. Indirect measurement method
  - j. The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- k. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- l. For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is  $\geq 5.0$  mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- m. The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

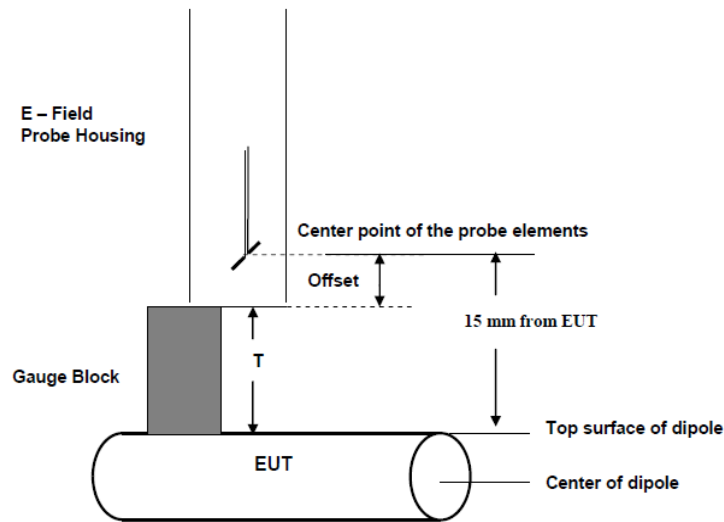
**Test Instructions**



**Figure 8.1 RF Emissions Flow Chart**



**Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements**



**Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe**



**8. Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole	CD835V3	1045	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 16, 2021
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole	CD1880V3	1038	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 16, 2021
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole	CD2450V3	1186	Jan. 30, 2019	Jan. 27, 2022
SPEAG	2600Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD2600V3	1010	Mar. 14, 2019	Mar. 11, 2022
SPEAG	3500Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD3500V3	1009	Feb. 18, 2019	Feb. 15, 2022
SPEAG	5500Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD5500V3	1009	Jan. 30, 2019	Jan. 27, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	799	Mar. 26, 2021	Mar. 25, 2022
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4050	Jan. 25, 2021	Jan. 24, 2022
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	143030	Aug. 01, 2020	Jul. 31, 2021
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	Jan. 07, 2021	Jan. 06, 2022
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Aug. 01, 2020	Jul. 31, 2021
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	Aug. 13, 2020	Aug. 12, 2021
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NCR	NCR
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NCR	NCR
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	NCR	NCR
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	Jan. 07, 2021	Jan. 06, 2022
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	Jan. 07, 2021	Jan. 06, 2022

**Note:**

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

### 9. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

**<Test Setup>**

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:
4. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



**Fig. 7.1 Setup Diagram**

**<Validation Results>**

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 18 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

$$\text{Deviation} = ((\text{Average E-field Value}) - (\text{Target value})) / (\text{Target value}) * 100\%$$

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	108.8	110.1	107.8	108.95	0.14	Jun. 10, 2021
1880	20	89.5	87.17	90.82	88.995	-0.56	Jun. 13, 2021
2450	20	84.1	87.42	88.7	88.06	4.71	Jun. 15, 2021
2600	20	84.5	87.19	88.55	87.87	3.99	Jun. 17, 2021
3500	20	84.6	89.01	88.86	88.935	5.12	Jun. 19, 2021
5500	20	99.8	105.6	109.2	107.4	7.62	Jun. 20, 2021



10. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF). For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- 1. 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB
2. 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
3. 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

Table with 3 columns: UID, Communication System Name, MIF(dB). Rows include GSM-FDD, EDGE-FDD, UMTS-FDD, LTE-FDD, 5G NR, and IEEE WiFi standards with their respective MIF values.



### 11. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

ANT0:

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM850	33.50
	EDGE850	26.00
	GSM1900	30.00
	EDGE1900	25.50
WCDMA	Band V	25.00
	Band IV	25.00
	Band II	25.00
	HSPA	24.00
FDD LTE	Band 2	24.00
	Band 4	24.00
	Band 5	24.00
	Band 7	24.00
	Band 66	24.00
TDD LTE	Band 38	24.00
	Band 41	24.00
5G NR FDD	n7	24.00
	n66	24.00
5G NR TDD	n41	24.00
	n41 HPUE	27.00



ANT1:

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM850	33.00
	EDGE850	25.50
WCDMA	Band V	25.00
	HSPA	24.00
FDD LTE	Band 5	24.00
	Band 7	22.00
	Band 12	24.00
	Band 7	22.00
	Band 26	24.00
	Band 66	24.00
5G NR FDD	n5	24.00
	n66	24.00

ANT3:

Frequency Band		Average Power (dBm)
TDD LTE	Band 42	24.00
5G NR TDD	n78	24.00
	n78 HPUE	27.00

ANT2+4

2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	21.50
	802.11g	21.00
	802.11n-HT20	21.00
	802.11ac-VHT20	21.00
	802.11ax-HE20	21.00

ANT4+12

5GHz WLAN	802.11a	22.00
	802.11n-HT20	21.50
	802.11n-HT40	21.50
	802.11ac-VHT20	21.50
	802.11ac-VHT40	21.50
	802.11ac-VHT80	20.50
	802.11ac-VHT160	18.50
	802.11ax-HE20	22.00
	802.11ax-HE40	21.00
	802.11ax-HE80	20.50
	802.11ax-HE160	18.50





<Low Power Exemption>

**ANT0:**

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.50	3.63	37.13	Yes
EDGE850	26.00	3.75	29.75	No <sup>(1)</sup>
GSM1900	30.00	3.63	33.63	Yes
EDGE1900	25.50	3.75	29.25	No <sup>(1)</sup>
WCDMA	25.00	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA - HSPA	24.00	-20.39	3.61	No
LTE - FDD	24.00	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE – TDD	24.00	-1.44	22.56	Yes
5G FR1 - FDD	24.00	-12.08	11.92	No
5G NR - TDD	24.00	-1.64	22.36	No <sup>(3)</sup>
5G NR - TDD - HPUE	27.00	-1.64	25.36	Yes

**ANT1:**

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.00	3.63	36.63	Yes
EDGE850	25.50	3.75	29.25	No <sup>(1)</sup>
WCDMA	25.00	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA - HSPA	24.00	-20.39	3.61	No
LTE - FDD	24.00	-9.76	14.24	No
5G FR1 - FDD	24.00	-12.08	11.92	No

**ANT3:**

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
LTE – TDD	24.00	-1.44	22.56	Yes
5G NR - TDD	24.00	-1.64	22.36	No <sup>(3)</sup>
5G NR - TDD HPUE	27.00	-1.64	25.36	Yes

**ANT 2+4**

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
802.11b	21.50	-2.02	19.48	No <sup>(2)</sup>
802.11g	21.00	0.12	21.12	Yes
802.11n-HT20	21.00	-13.44	7.56	No
802.11ac-VHT20	21.00	-5.57	15.43	No
802.11ax-HE20	21.00	-5.58	15.42	No



ANT 4+12

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
802.11a	22.00	-3.15	18.85	Yes
802.11n-HT20	21.50	-13.44	8.06	No
802.11n-HT40	21.50	-13.44	8.06	No
802.11ac-VHT20	21.50	-5.57	15.93	No
802.11ac-VHT40	21.50	-5.57	15.93	No
802.11ac-VHT80	20.50	-5.57	14.93	No
802.11ac-VHT160	18.50	-5.57	12.93	No
802.11ax-HE20	22.00	-5.58	16.42	No
802.11ax-HE40	21.00	-5.58	15.42	No
802.11ax-HE80	20.50	-5.58	14.92	No
802.11ax-HE160	18.50	-5.58	12.92	No

General Note:

- EDGE data modes is not necessary due the GSM Voice mode is the worst case.
- Although 802.11g tune up power is smaller than 802.11b, considering higher MIF value, chose the worst case of 802.11g to perform HAC RF testing.
- 5G NR TDD non-HPUE data modes is not necessary due the 5G NR TDD HPUE mode is the worst case.
- According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for the air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is  $\leq 17$  dBm for any of its operating modes.
- HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.



**12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)**

<GSM>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Band	GSM850 Ant 0			GSM1900 Ant 0		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.50	32.38	32.20	29.09	28.87	29.17

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)			
Band	GSM850 Ant 1		
Channel	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.94	31.66	31.76

<LTE>

Band 38 Ant 0						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				37850	38000	38150
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610
20	QPSK	1	49	22.96	22.71	22.75

Band 41 Ant 0								
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
Frequency (MHz)				2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680
20	QPSK	1	99	22.66	22.73	22.98	22.68	22.53

Band 42 Ant 3						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				42190	42590	42990
Frequency (MHz)				3460	3500	3540
20	QPSK	1	99	22.02	22.10	22.01

<5G NR>

n41 HPUE Ant 0						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				509202	518598	528000
Frequency (MHz)				2546.01	2592.99	2640
100	PI/2 BPSK	1	137	25.56	25.40	25.14

n78 HPUE(3450-3550) Ant 3						
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
Channel				633333		
Frequency (MHz)				3500		
100	PI/2 BPSK	1	137	26.21		



**<WLAN>  
ANT 2+4**

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	19.77
		6	2437	20.61
		11	2462	20.86

**ANT 4+12**

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	20.77
		40	5200	21.18
		44	5220	21.09
		48	5240	20.94

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	20.87
		56	5280	20.64
		60	5300	20.83
		64	5320	20.78

5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	18.33
		116	5580	18.24
		132	5660	18.45
		140	5700	17.59

5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	20.54
		157	5785	20.55
		165	5825	20.43



**13. HAC RF Emission Test Results**

Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Transmit Ant.	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	E-Field (dBV/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	E-Field M Rating
1	GSM850	Voice	128	Ant 0	32.50	3.63	42.52	2.48	M3
2	GSM850	Voice	189	Ant 0	32.38	3.63	42.17	2.83	M3
3	GSM850	Voice	251	Ant 0	32.20	3.63	41.72	3.28	M3
4	GSM1900	Voice	512	Ant 0	29.09	3.63	23.90	11.10	M4
5	GSM1900	Voice	661	Ant 0	28.87	3.63	25.15	9.85	M4
6	GSM1900	Voice	810	Ant 0	29.17	3.63	21.73	13.27	M4
7	GSM850	Voice	128	Ant 1	31.94	3.63	42.41	2.59	M3
8	GSM850	Voice	189	Ant 1	31.66	3.63	42.12	2.88	M3
9	GSM850	Voice	251	Ant 1	31.76	3.63	41.59	3.41	M3
10	LTE B41	20M_QPSK_1_99	39750	Ant 0	22.66	-1.44	21.11	13.89	M4
11	LTE B41	20M_QPSK_1_99	40185	Ant 0	22.73	-1.44	21.31	13.69	M4
12	LTE B41	20M_QPSK_1_99	40620	Ant 0	22.98	-1.44	22.30	12.70	M4
13	LTE B41	20M_QPSK_1_99	41055	Ant 0	22.68	-1.44	21.37	13.63	M4
14	LTE B41	20M_QPSK_1_99	41490	Ant 0	22.53	-1.44	20.56	14.44	M4
15	LTE B42	20M_QPSK_1_99	42190	Ant 3	22.02	-1.44	15.66	19.34	M4
16	LTE B42	20M_QPSK_1_99	42590	Ant 3	22.10	-1.44	15.64	19.36	M4
17	LTE B42	20M_QPSK_1_99	42990	Ant 3	22.01	-1.44	16.85	18.15	M4
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	1	Ant 2+4	19.77	0.12	28.44	6.56	M4
19	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Ant 2+4	20.61	0.12	29.46	5.54	M4
20	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	11	Ant 2+4	20.86	0.12	29.86	5.14	M4
21	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	36	Ant 4+12	20.77	-3.15	7.23	27.77	M4
22	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 4+12	21.18	-3.15	8.79	26.21	M4
23	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	44	Ant 4+12	21.09	-3.15	7.45	27.55	M4
24	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	48	Ant 4+12	20.94	-3.15	9.82	25.18	M4
25	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	52	Ant 4+12	20.87	-3.15	10.13	24.87	M4
26	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	56	Ant 4+12	20.64	-3.15	10.08	24.92	M4
27	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 4+12	20.83	-3.15	9.96	25.04	M4
28	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	64	Ant 4+12	20.78	-3.15	9.93	25.07	M4
29	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	100	Ant 4+12	18.33	-3.15	8.29	26.71	M4
30	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	116	Ant 4+12	18.24	-3.15	11.78	23.22	M4
31	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	132	Ant 4+12	18.45	-3.15	9.37	25.63	M4
32	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	140	Ant 4+12	17.59	-3.15	11.07	23.93	M4
33	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	149	Ant 4+12	20.54	-3.15	7.27	27.73	M4
34	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 4+12	20.55	-3.15	8.51	26.49	M4
35	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	165	Ant 4+12	20.43	-3.15	7.60	27.40	M4
36	FR1 n78_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_137	633333	Ant 3	26.21	-1.64	20.81	14.19	M4
37	FR1 n41_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_137	518598	Ant 0	25.40	-1.64	21.70	13.30	M4
38	FR1 n41_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_137	509202	Ant 0	25.56	-1.64	24.77	10.23	M4
39	FR1 n41_HPUE	100M_BPSK_1_137	528000	Ant 0	25.14	-1.64	22.11	12.89	M4

**Remark:**

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume

Test Engineer : Nick Hu.



## **14. Uncertainty Assessment**

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.



Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) E	(Ci) H	Standard Uncertainty (E) (±%)
<b>Measurement System</b>						
Probe Calibration	5.1	N	1	1	1	5.1
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7
Sensor Displacement	16.5	R	1.732	1	0.145	9.5
Boundary Effects	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	R	1.732	1	0	4.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7
Scaling with PMR calibration	10.0	R	1.732	1	1	5.8
System Detection Limit	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3
Response Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7
RF Reflections	12.0	R	1.732	1	1	6.9
Probe Positioner	1.2	R	1.732	1	0.67	0.7
Probe Positioning	4.7	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
<b>Test Sample Related</b>						
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9
<b>Phantom and Setup Related</b>						
Phantom Thickness	2.4	R	1.732	1	0.67	1.4
<b>Combined Std. Uncertainty</b>						16.4%
<b>Coverage Factor for 95 %</b>						K=2
<b>Expanded STD Uncertainty</b>						32.7%

**Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment**

**Remark:**

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.



## **15. References**

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr 06, 2020
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02 v03r01, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Apr 20, 2021
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

-----THE END-----





---

**Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check**

The plots are shown as follows.

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_835**

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid:**

$dx=0.5000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=0.5000 \text{ mm}$

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 126.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 110.1 V/m

Average value of Total=(110.1+107.8)/2 = 108.95 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

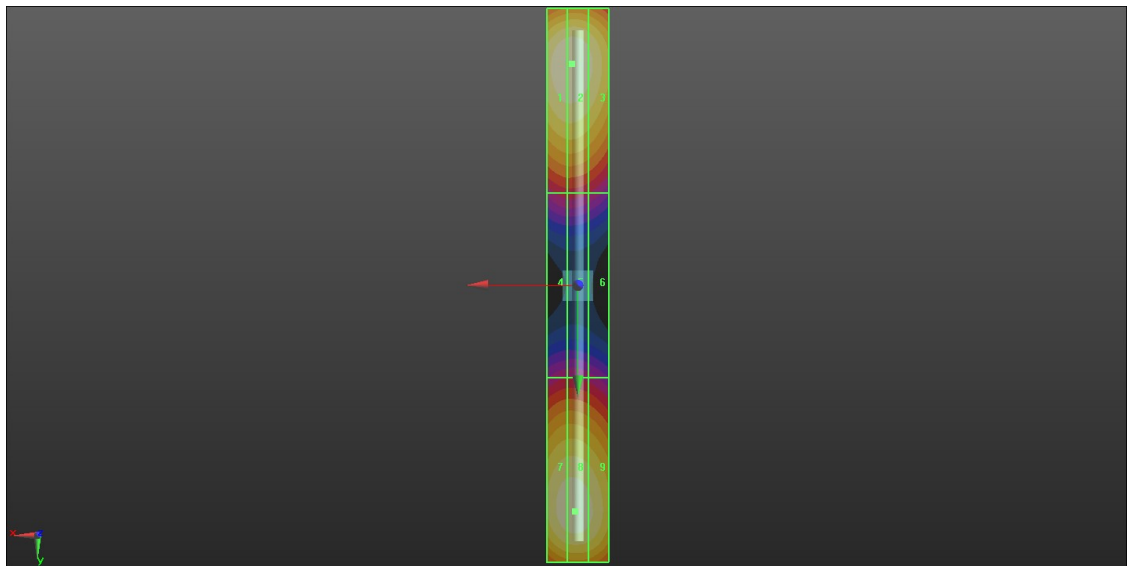
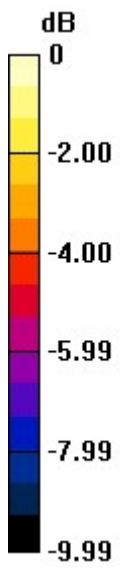
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>109.7 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>110.1 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>104.5 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>62.31 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>62.42 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>59.95 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>107.1 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>107.8 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>104.3 V/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 110.1 V/m

E Category: M4

Location: 2, -72, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 110.1 V/m = 40.84 dBV/m

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_1880**

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:**

$dx=0.5000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=0.5000 \text{ mm}$

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 166.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 90.82 V/m

Average value of Total= $(87.17+90.82)/2 = 88.995 \text{ V/m}$

PMF scaled E-field

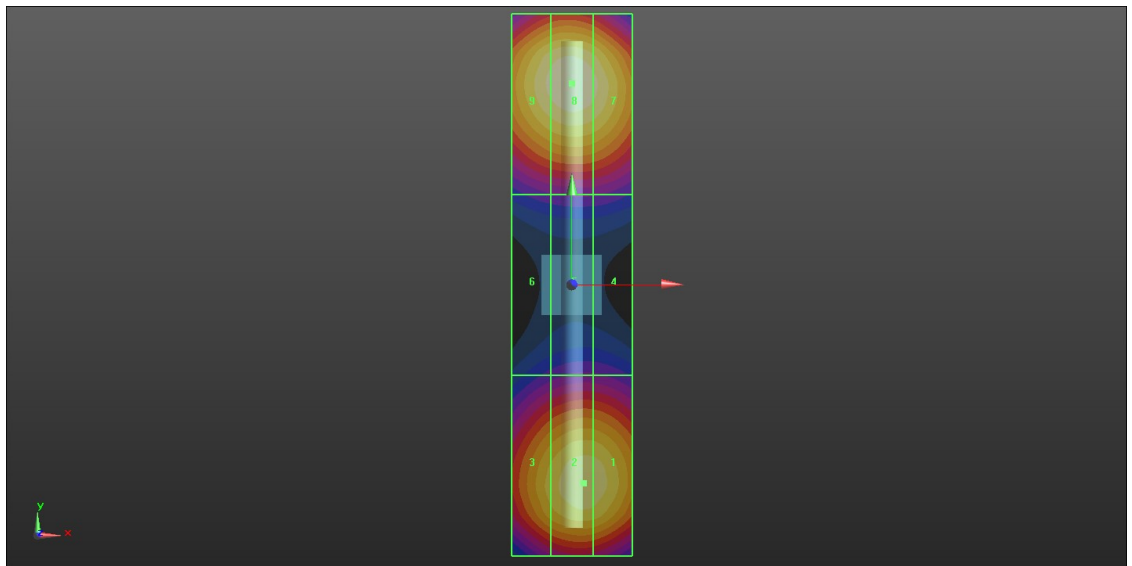
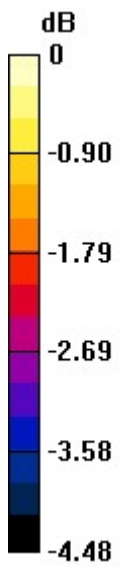
<b>Grid 1 M3</b> <b>86.93 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M3</b> <b>87.17 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M3</b> <b>83.37 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M3</b> <b>64.99 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M3</b> <b>65.09 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M3</b> <b>64.28 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>88.75 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>90.82 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>88.73 V/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 90.82 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0, 33.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 90.82 V/m = 39.16 dBV/m

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_2450**

**DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2450 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated**

grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 80.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 88.70 V/m

Average value of Total=(87.42+88.70)/2 = 88.06 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

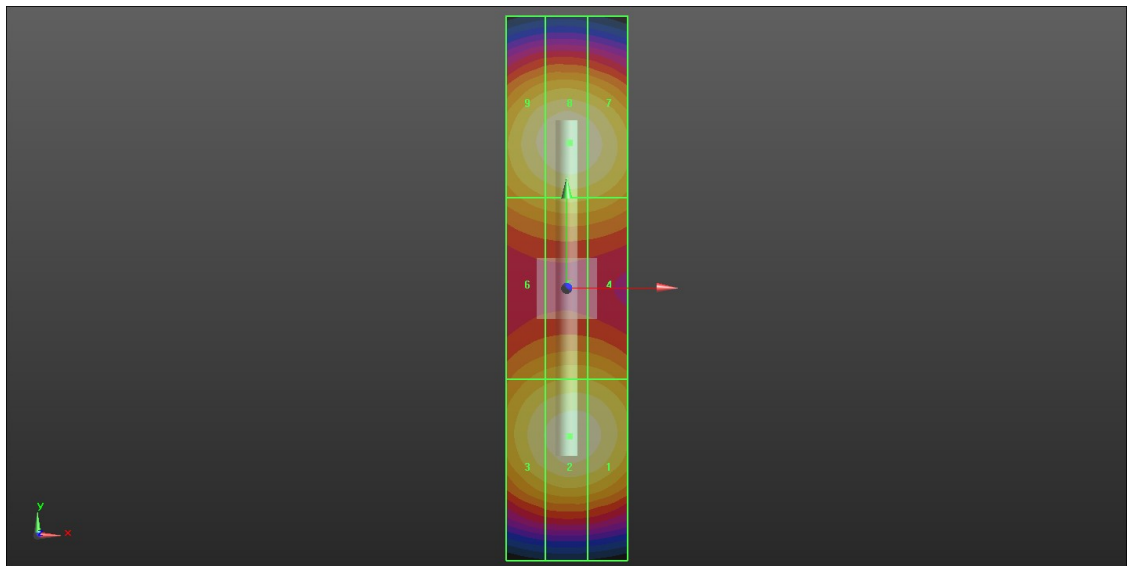
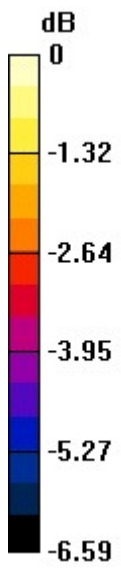
<b>Grid 1 M3</b> <b>86.47 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M3</b> <b>87.42 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M3</b> <b>84.62 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M3</b> <b>76.92 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M3</b> <b>77.62 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M3</b> <b>76.03 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>87.12 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>88.70 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>86.22 V/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 88.70 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0.5, 24, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 88.70 V/m = 38.96 dBV/m

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_2600**

**DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2600 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:**

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 73.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 88.55 V/m

Average value of Total=(87.19+88.55)/2 = 87.87 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

<b>Grid 1 M3</b> <b>86.15 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M3</b> <b>87.19 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M3</b> <b>84.88 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M3</b> <b>80.85 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M3</b> <b>81.45 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M3</b> <b>79.78 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>87.76 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>88.55 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>85.73 V/m</b>

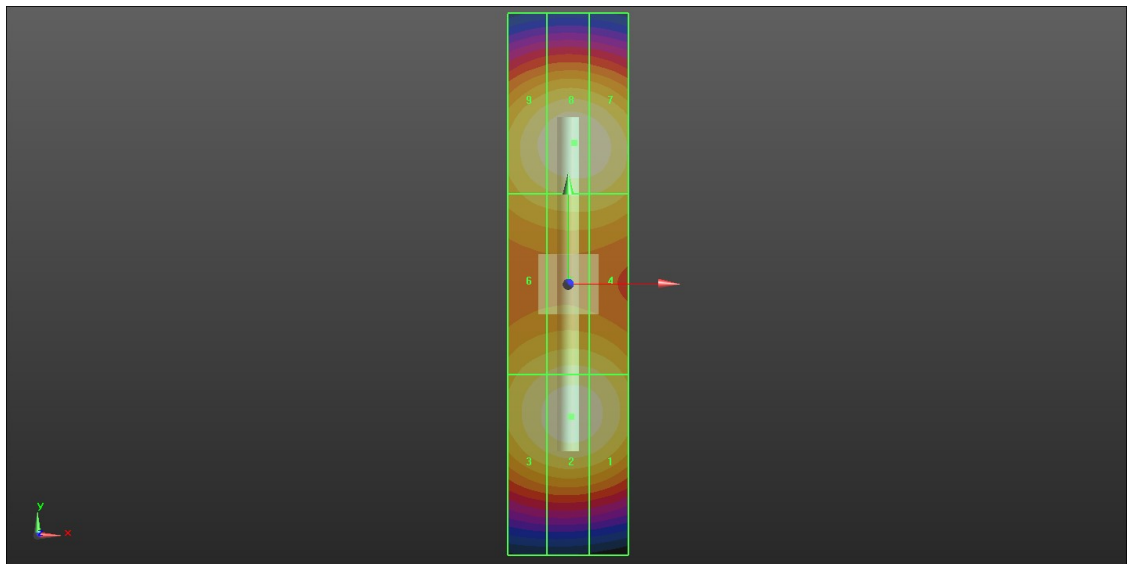
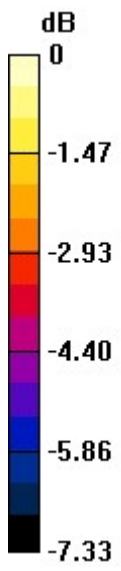
**Cursor:**

Total = 88.55 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 1, 23.5, 9.7 mm





0 dB = 88.55 V/m = 38.94 dBV/m

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_3500**

**DUT: HAC Dipole 3500 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 3500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD3500 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x121x1): Interpolated grid:**

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 38.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 89.01 V/m

Average value of Total=(89.01+88.86)/2 = 88.935 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

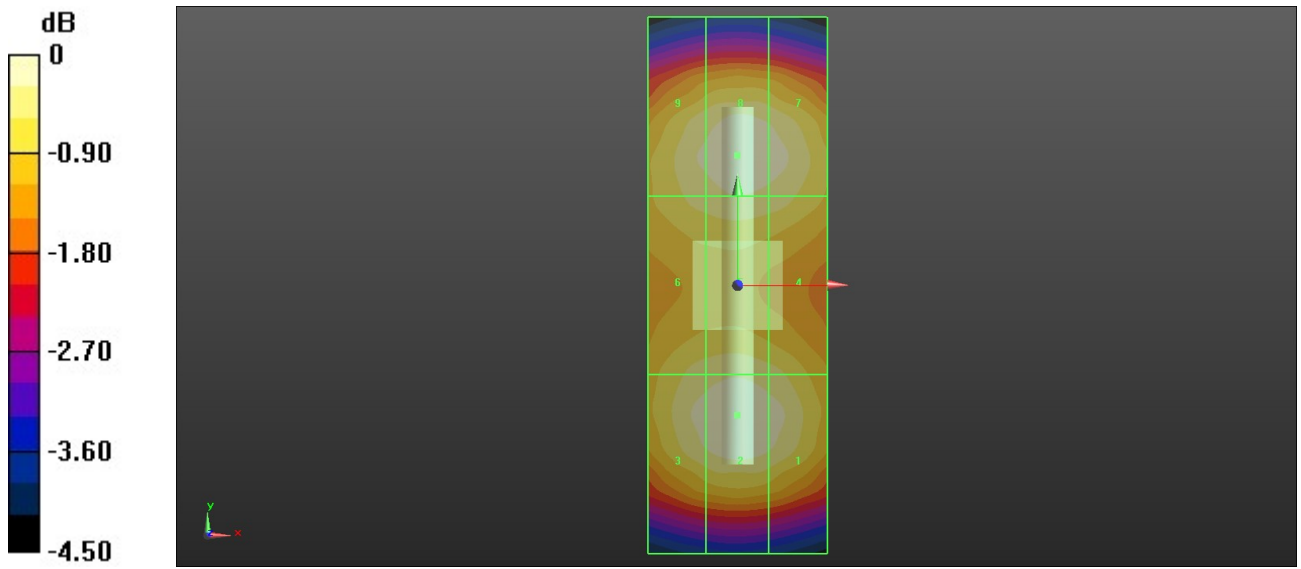
<b>Grid 1 M3</b> <b>87.46 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M3</b> <b>89.01 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M3</b> <b>87.32 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M3</b> <b>85.06 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M3</b> <b>85.94 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M3</b> <b>84.81 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>87.57 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>88.86 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>86.62 V/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 89.01 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0, -14.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 89.01 V/m = 38.99 dBV/m

**HAC\_E\_Dipole\_5500**

**DUT: HAC Dipole 5500 MHz**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD5500 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 28.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 109.2 V/m

Average value of Total=(105.6+109.2)/2 = 107.4 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

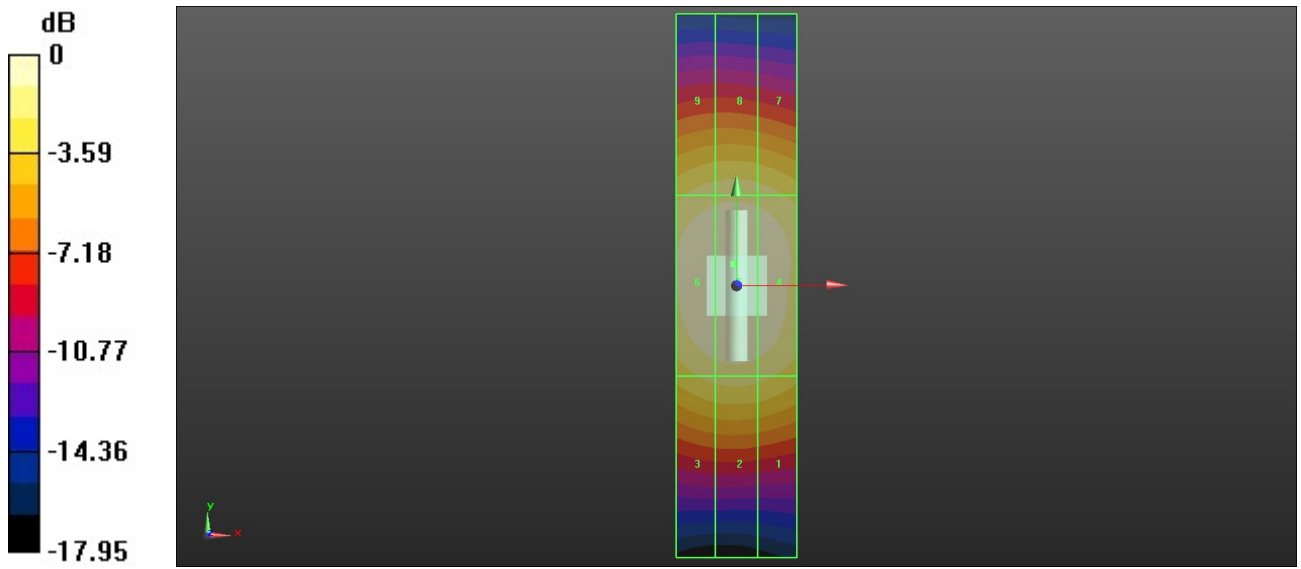
<b>Grid 1 M3</b> <b>103.3 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M3</b> <b>105.6 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M3</b> <b>103.5 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M2</b> <b>101.9 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M2</b> <b>103.8 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M2</b> <b>101.2 V/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>106.7 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>109.2 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>107.4 V/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 109.2 V/m

E Category: M3

Location: -0.5, 3.5, 8.7 mm





---

***Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement***

The plots are shown as follows.

**1\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch128\_Ant0**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch128/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 67.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.52 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

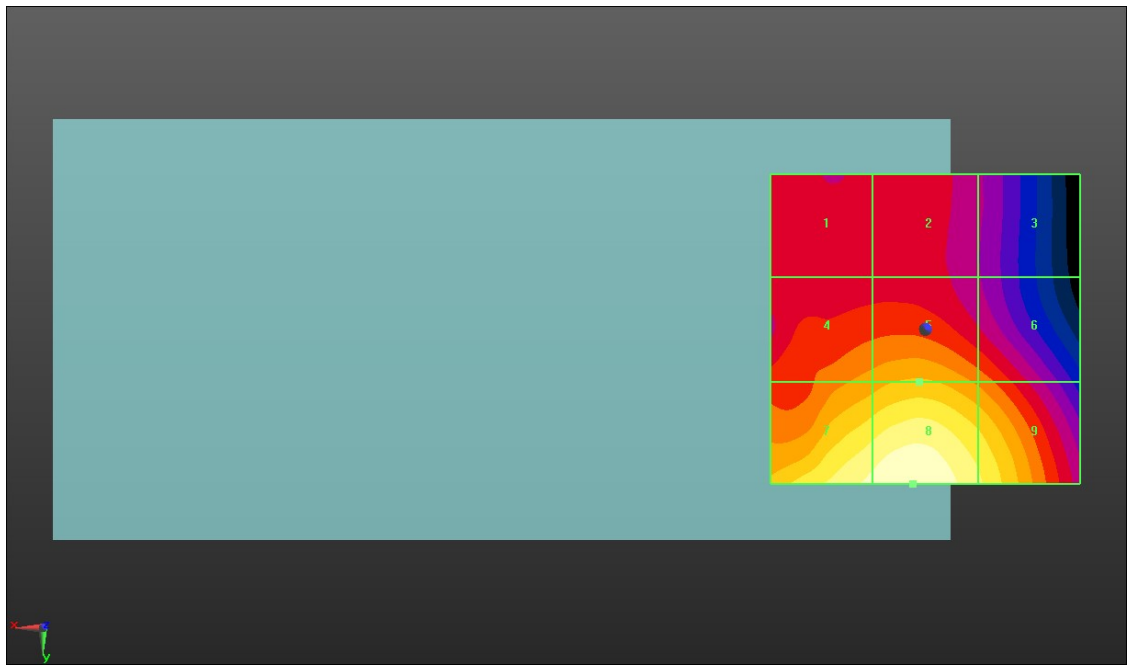
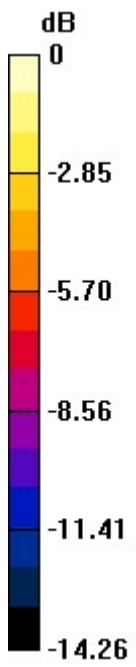
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>35.67 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>35.55 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>34.21 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>38.29 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>38.92 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>37.58 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>41.9 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>42.52 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>40.83 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 42.52 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 2, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 133.7 V/m = 42.52 dBV/m



**2\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch189\_Ant0**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch189/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 66.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.17 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

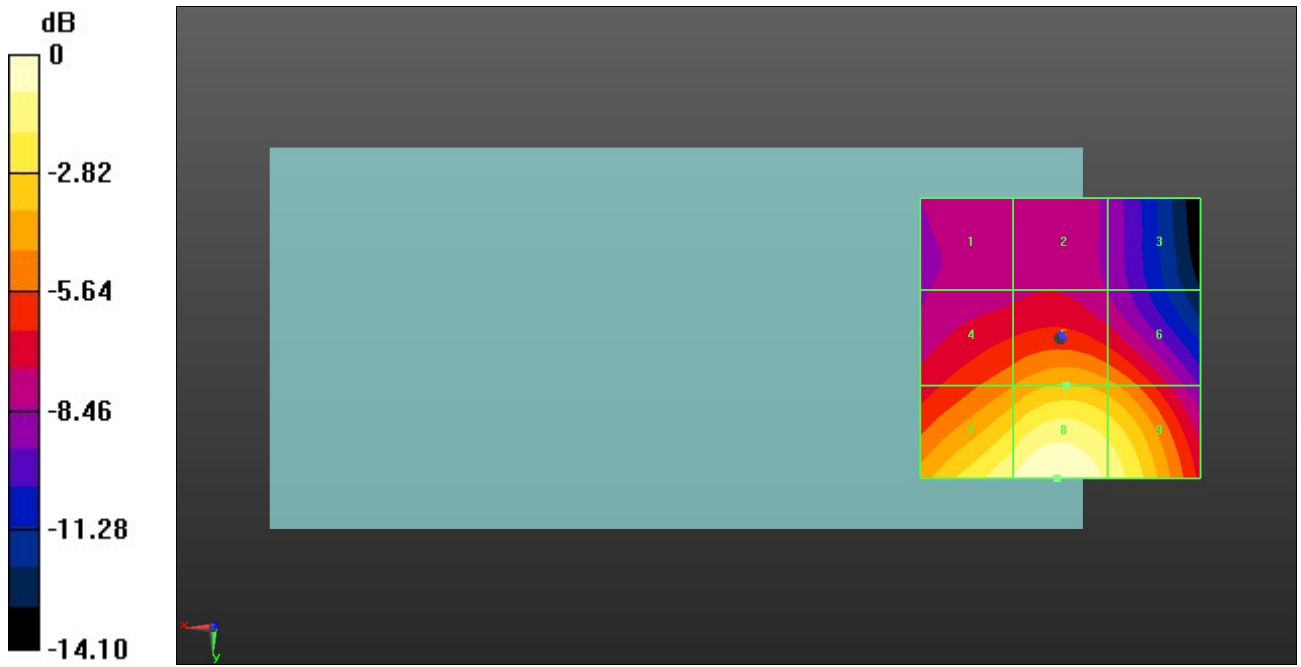
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>34.47 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>34.68 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>33.72 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>37.46 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>38.56 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>37.88 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>41.27 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>42.17 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>41.08 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 42.17 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 0.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 128.4 V/m = 42.17 dBV/m

### 3\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch251\_Ant0

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch251/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 63.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 41.72 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

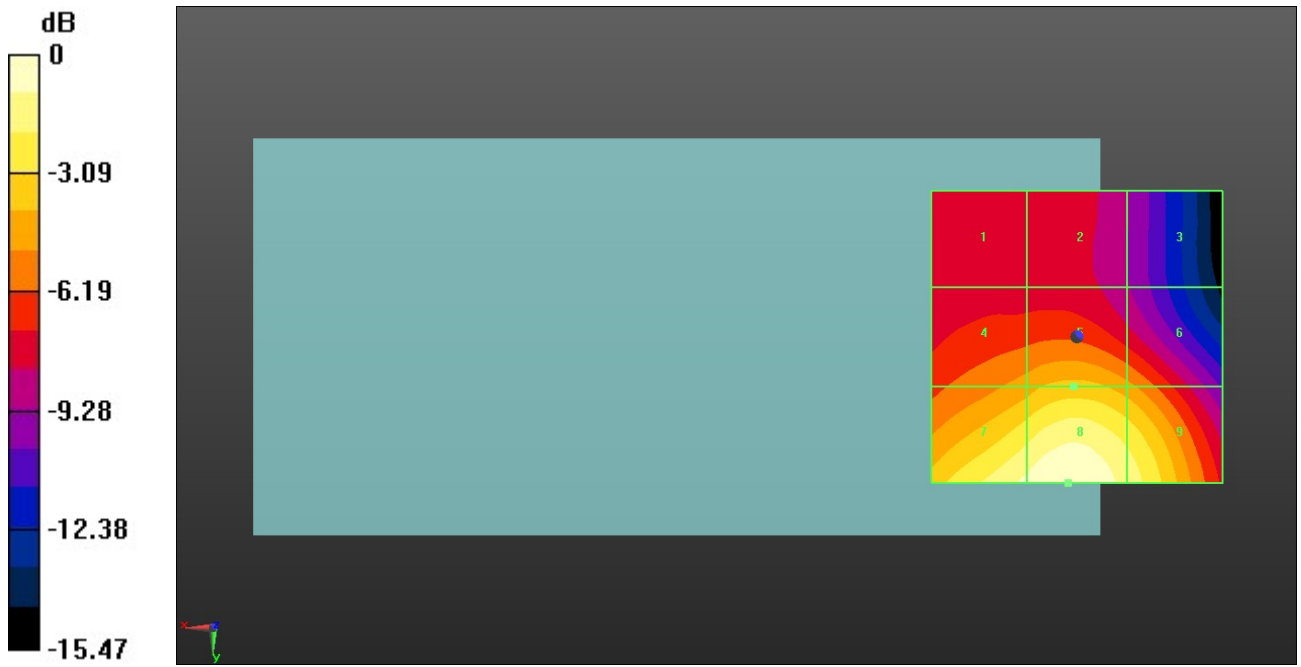
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>34.22 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>34.09 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>32.61 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>37.16 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>37.99 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>36.98 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>41 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>41.72 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>40.35 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 41.71 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 121.8 V/m = 41.71 dBV/m

**4\_HAC RF GSM1900\_Voice\_Ch512\_Ant0**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch512/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.424 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 23.90 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

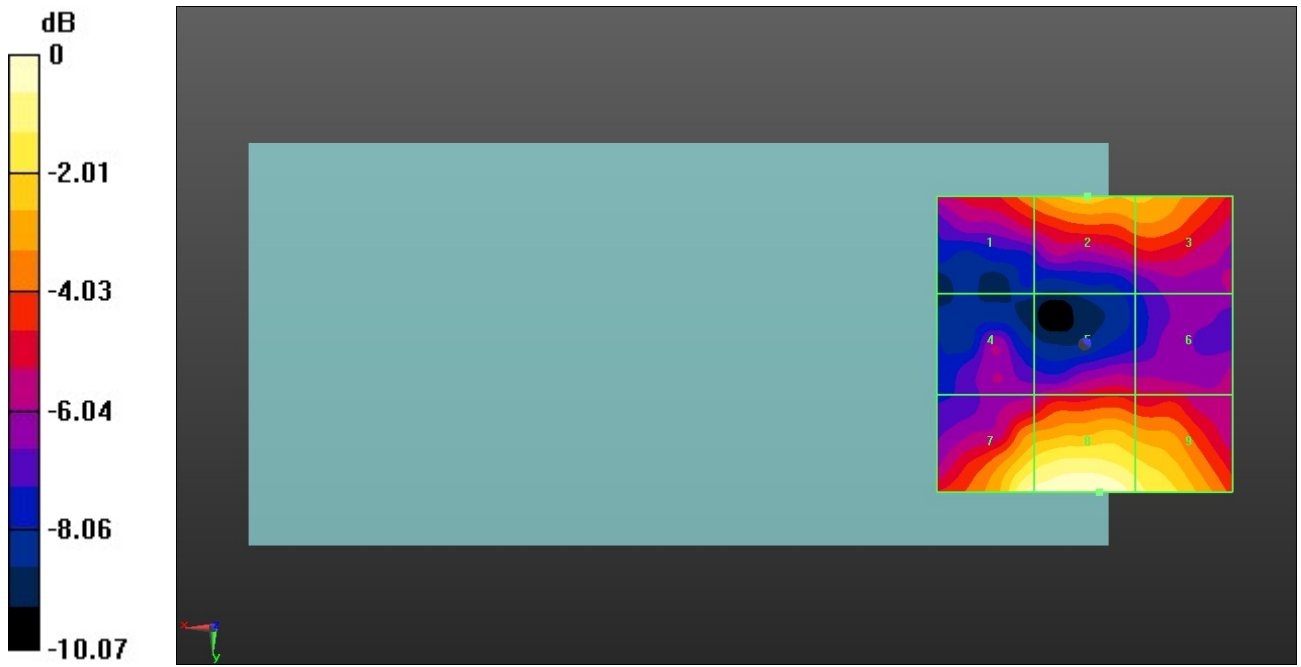
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>20.53 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>21.69 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>21.43 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>17.96 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>19.07 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>18.78 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>23.51 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>23.9 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>22.92 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 23.90 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -2.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 15.66 V/m = 23.90 dBV/m

**5\_HAC RF GSM1900\_Voice\_Ch661\_Ant0**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch661/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 4.914 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 25.15 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

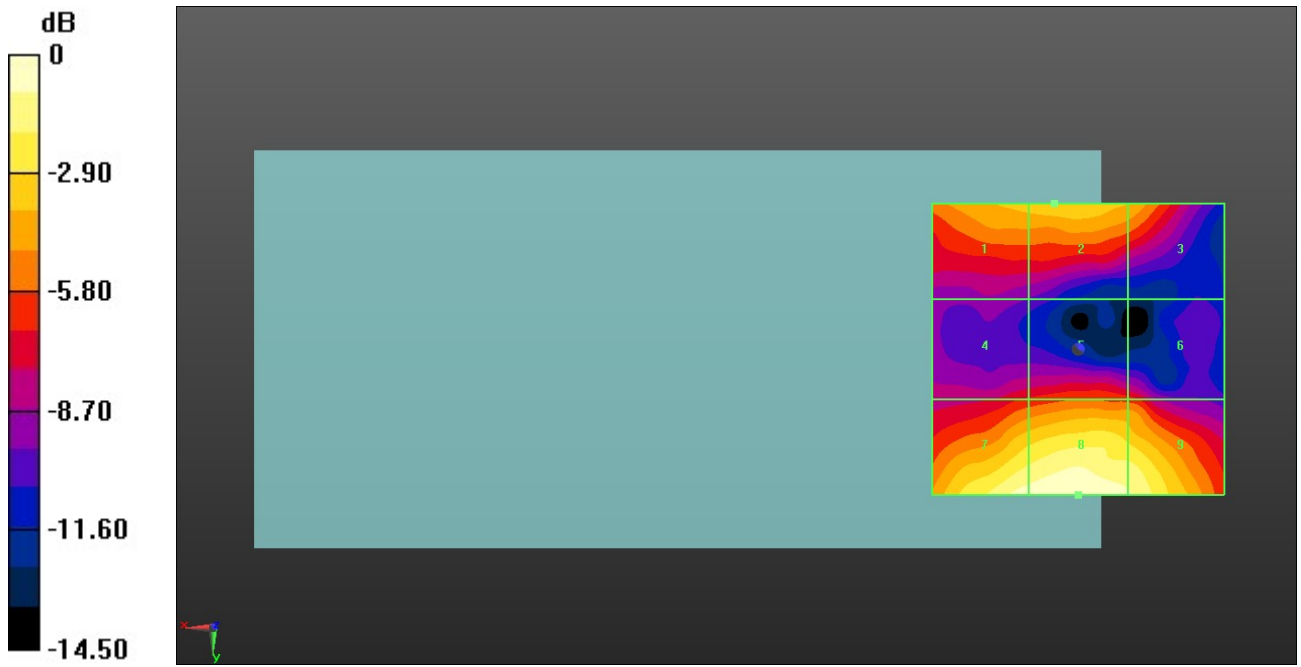
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>21.85 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>22.39 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>21.33 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>18.55 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>19.37 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>18.89 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>24.74 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>25.15 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>24.36 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 25.15 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 0, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 18.08 V/m = 25.14 dBV/m



### 6\_HAC RF GSM1900\_Voice\_CH810\_Ant0

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch810/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 5.116 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 21.73 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

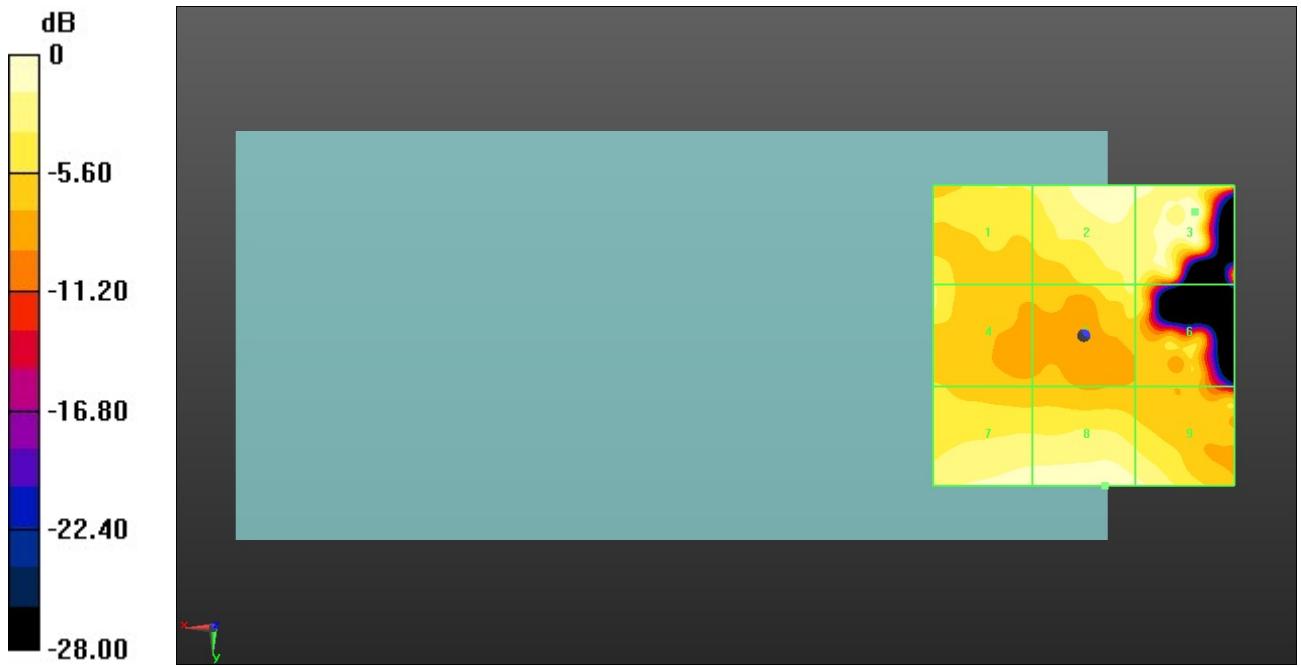
Grid 1 M4 <b>18.32 dBV/m</b>	Grid 2 M4 <b>20.92 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 M4 <b>21.73 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 M4 <b>18.48 dBV/m</b>	Grid 5 M4 <b>18.59 dBV/m</b>	Grid 6 M4 <b>18.34 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 M4 <b>21.11 dBV/m</b>	Grid 8 M4 <b>21.24 dBV/m</b>	Grid 9 M4 <b>20.47 dBV/m</b>

#### Cursor:

Total = 21.73 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -18.5, -20.5, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 12.20 V/m = 21.73 dBV/m

**7\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch128\_Ant1**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch128/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 70.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.41 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

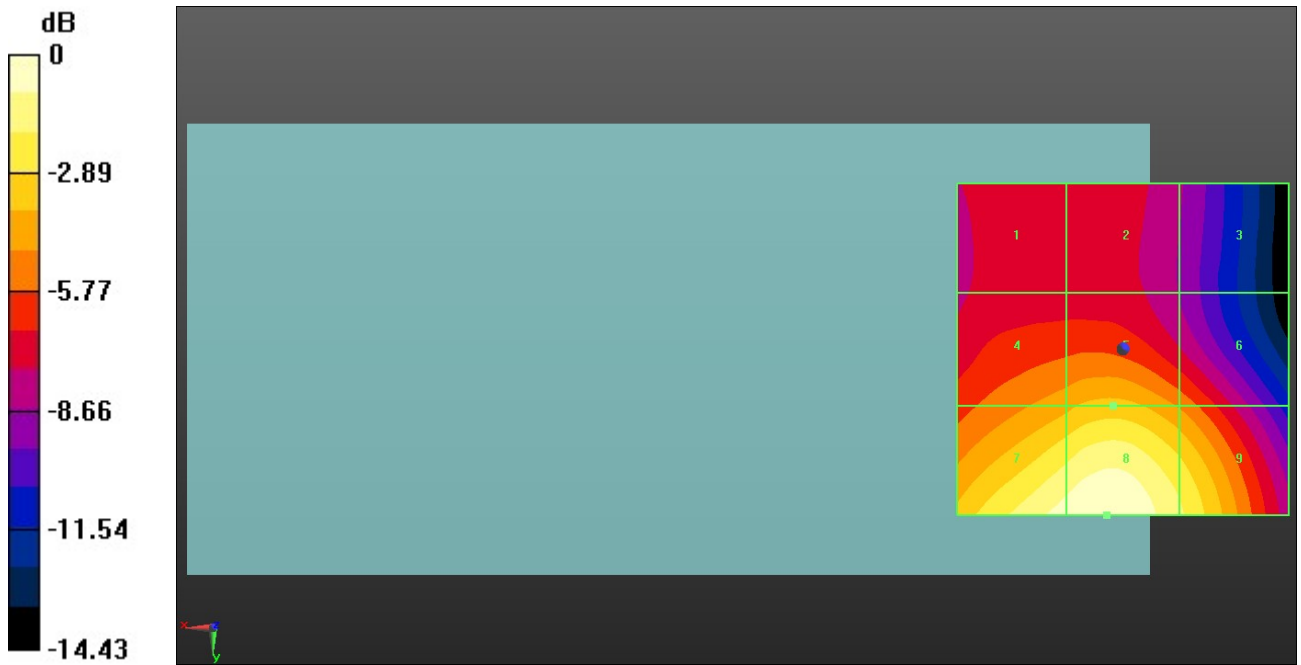
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>35.31 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>35.32 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>33.93 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>38.31 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>38.94 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>37.46 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>41.92 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>42.41 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>40.68 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 42.41 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 2.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 132.0 V/m = 42.41 dBV/m

**8\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch189\_Ant1**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch189/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 67.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.12 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

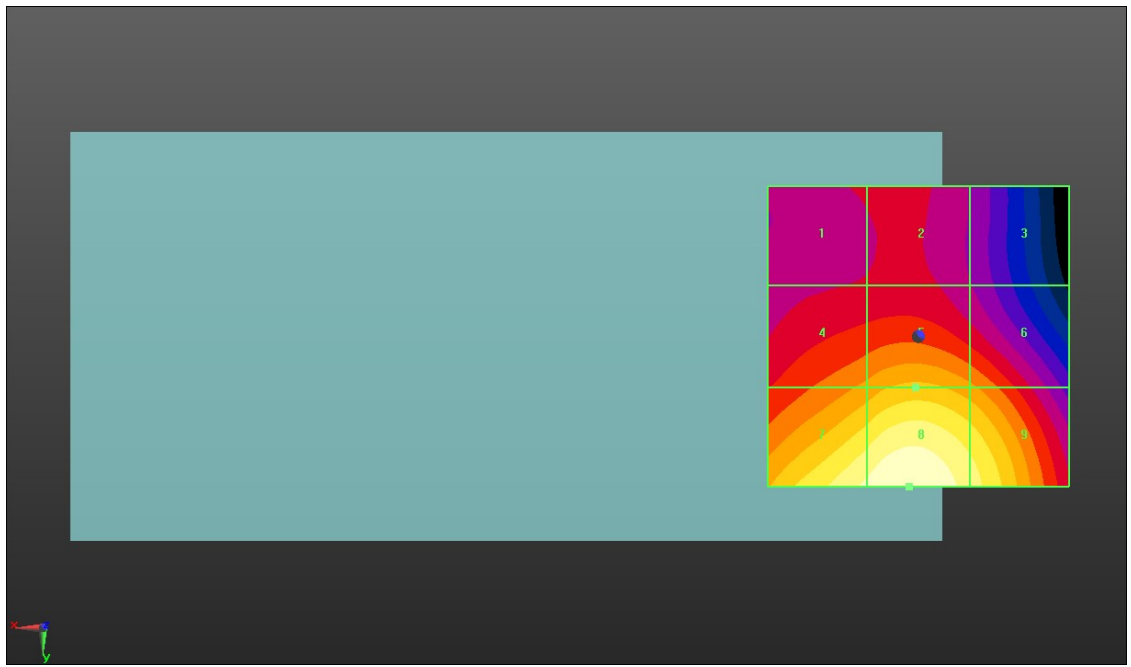
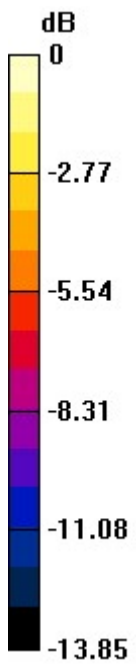
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>34.89 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>35.09 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>33.93 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>37.85 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>38.73 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>37.82 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>41.44 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>42.12 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>40.8 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 42.12 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 127.6 V/m = 42.12 dBV/m

**9\_HAC RF GSM850\_Voice\_Ch251\_Ant1**

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.69961

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch251/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 3.63 dB

RF audio interference level = 41.59 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

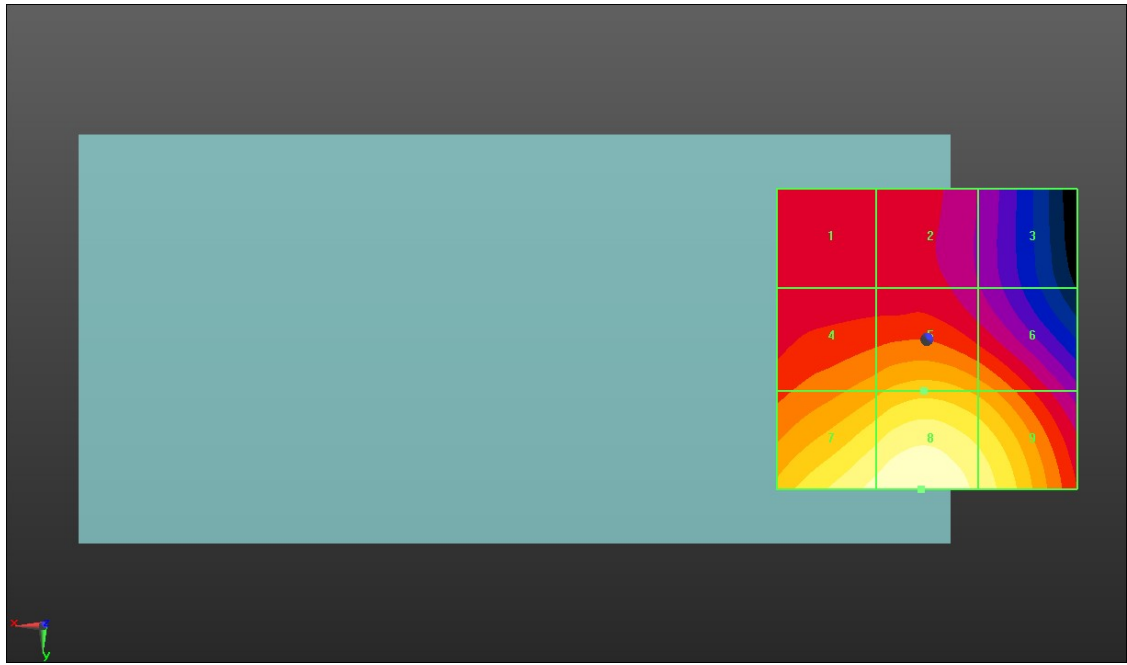
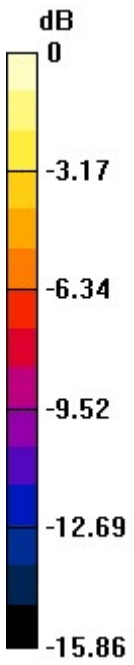
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>33.75 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>33.69 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>32.22 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>37.08 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>38 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>37.04 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M3</b> <b>40.92 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M3</b> <b>41.59 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M3</b> <b>40.29 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 41.59 dBV/m

E Category: M3

Location: 1, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 120.1 V/m = 41.59 dBV/m



**10\_HAC RF LTE B41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch39750\_Ant0**

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch39750/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.967 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 21.11 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

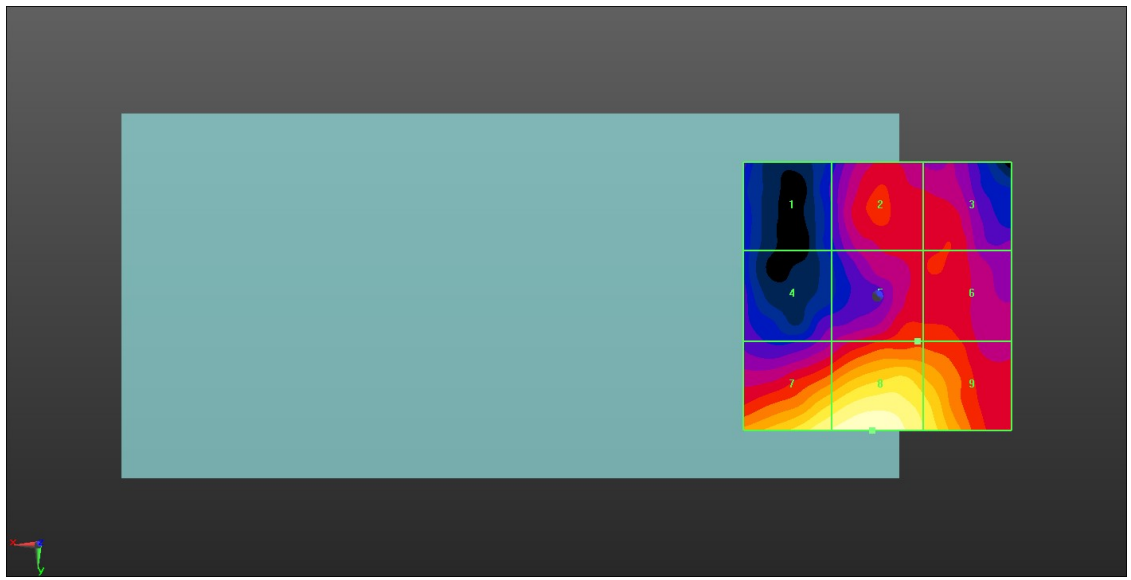
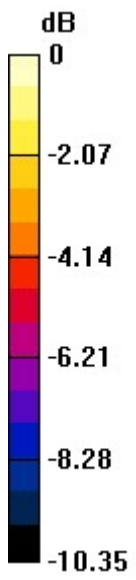
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>13.97 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>16.53 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>16.32 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>14.85 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>16.8 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>16.78 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>20.52 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>21.11 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>19.8 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 21.11 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 11.36 V/m = 21.11 dBV/m

**11\_HAC RF LTE B41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch40185\_Ant0**

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch40185/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 12.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.31 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

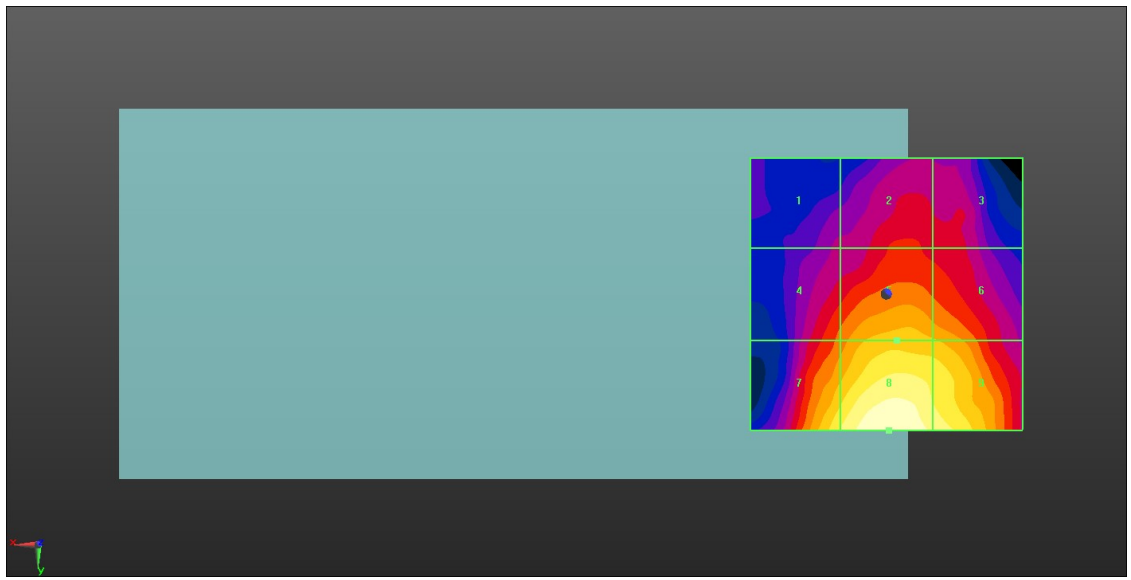
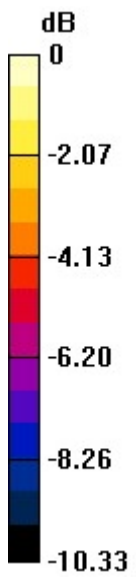
<b>Grid 1 M4 16.3 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4 17.61 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4 17.32 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4 18.48 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4 19.94 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4 19.67 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4 21 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4 22.31 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4 21.5 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 22.31 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -0.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 13.05 V/m = 22.31 dBV/m

**12\_HAC RF LTE B41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch40620\_Ant0**

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch40620/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 11.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 22.30 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

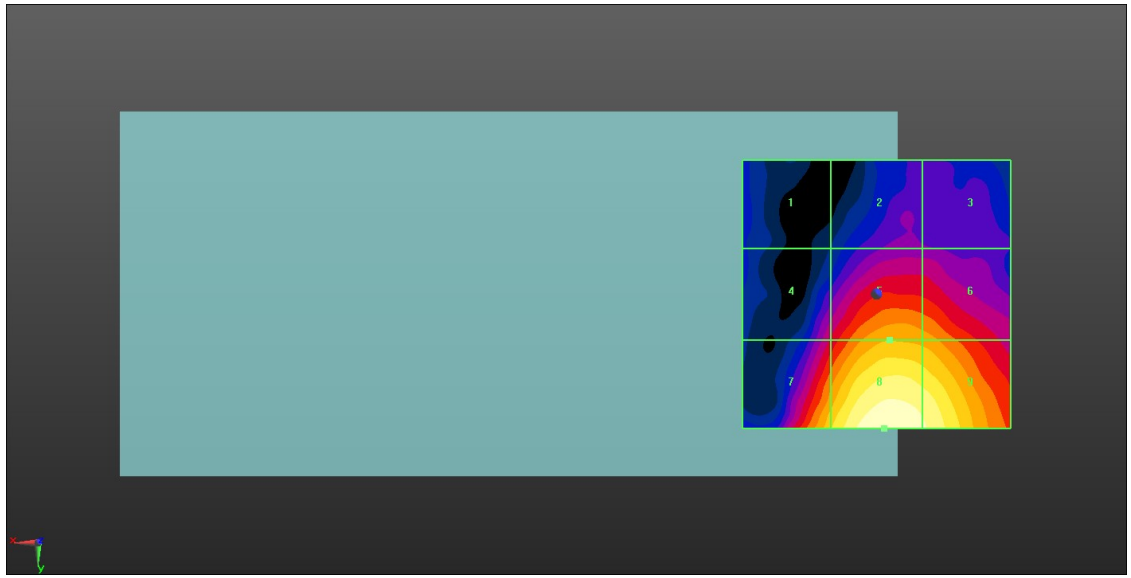
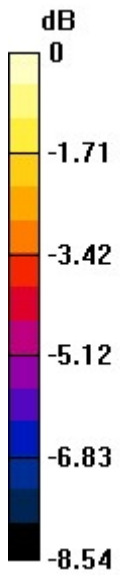
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>16.05 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>16.92 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>16.78 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>17.86 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>20 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>19.82 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>20.57 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>22.3 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>21.85 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 22.30 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 13.04 V/m = 22.31 dBV/m

**13\_HAC RF LTE B41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch41055\_Ant0**

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2636.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch41055/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 14.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 21.37 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

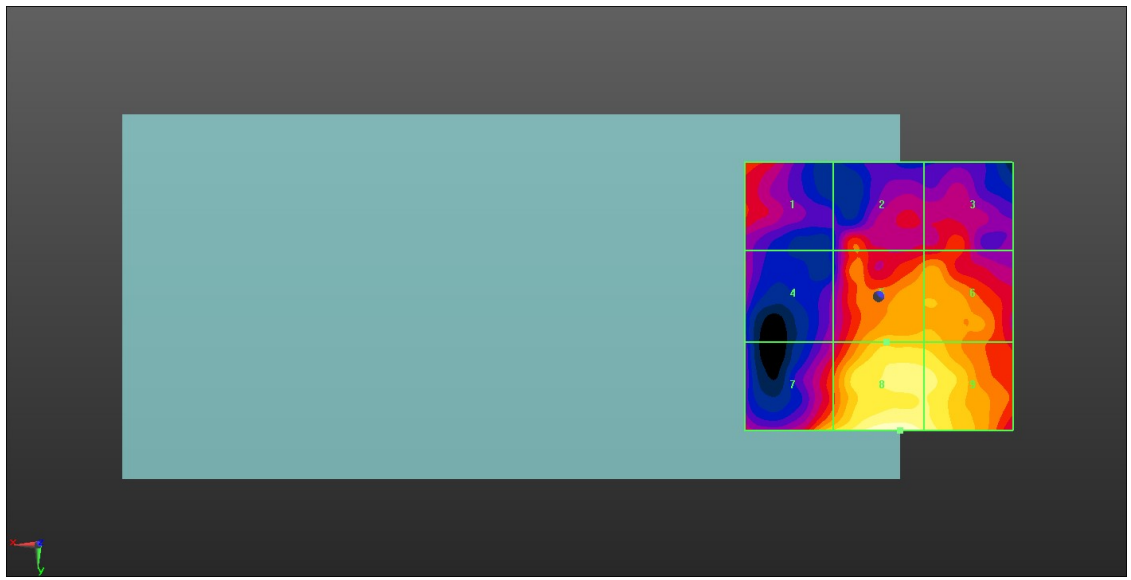
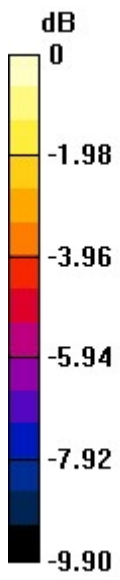
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>17.15 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>17.52 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>17.22 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>15.72 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>19.19 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>19.14 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>19.47 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>21.37 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>20.59 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 21.37 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -4, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 11.71 V/m = 21.37 dBV/m



**14\_HAC RF LTE B41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch41490\_Ant0**

Communication System: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM); Frequency: 2680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch41490/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 13.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 20.56 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

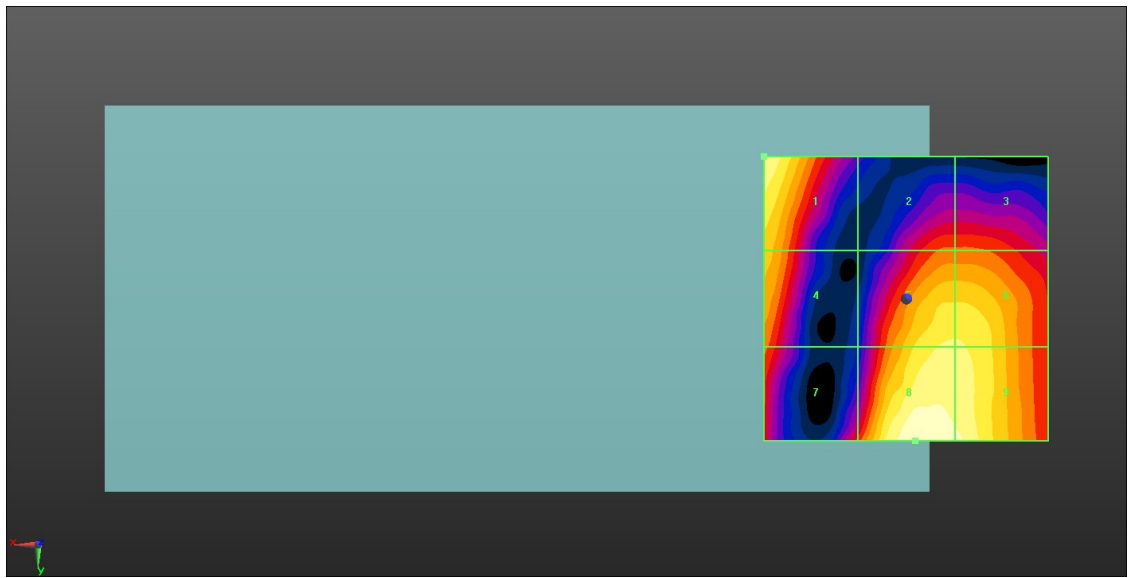
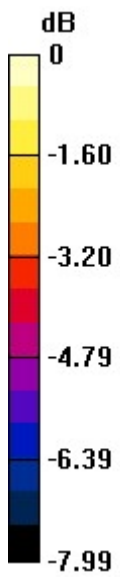
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>20.06 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>17.5 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>17.51 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>18.71 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>19.59 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>19.58 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>17.61 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>20.56 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>20.22 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 20.56 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1.5, 25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 10.67 V/m = 20.56 dBV/m

**15\_HAC RF LTE B42\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch42190**

Communication System:: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM);Frequency: 3460 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch42190/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 6.609 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 15.66 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>15.66 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>15.57 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>13.47 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>13.01 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>12.34 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>11.12 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>11.17 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>10.77 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>9.62 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 15.66 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 25, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 6.066 V/m = 15.66 dBV/m

**16\_HAC RF LTE B42\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB 99Offset\_Ch42590**

Communication System:: LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM);Frequency: 3500 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.8736

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EF3DV3-SN4050; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2021.1.25
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn799; Calibrated: 2021.3.26
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Ch42590/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 7.346 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Applied MIF = -1.44 dB

RF audio interference level = 15.64 dBV/m

MIF scaled E-field

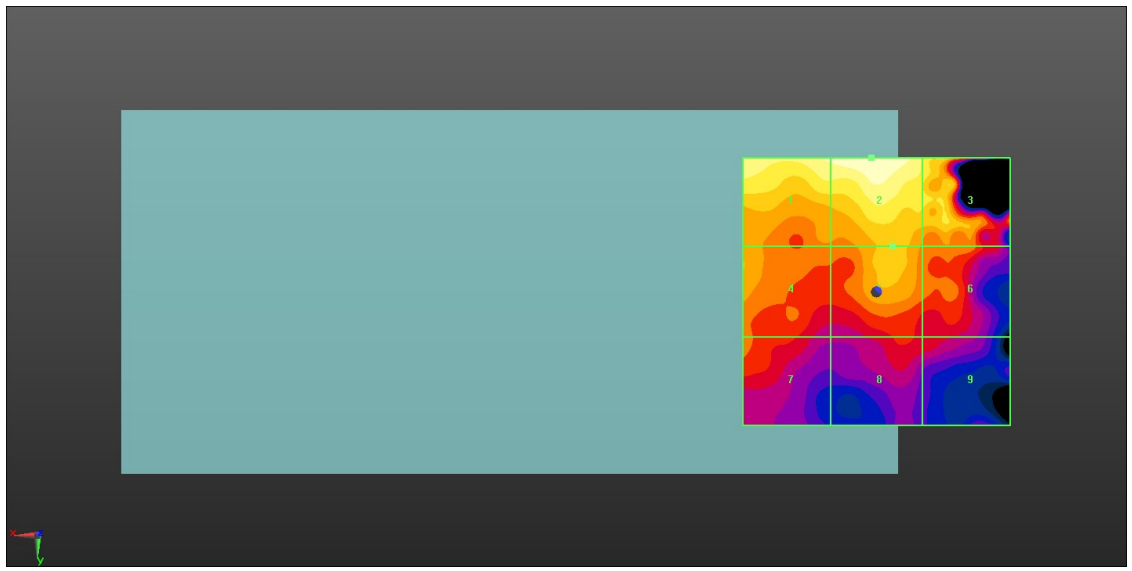
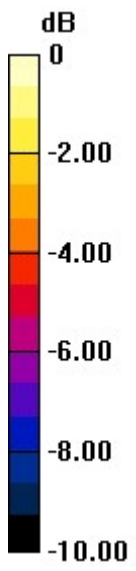
<b>Grid 1 M4</b> <b>15.15 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 2 M4</b> <b>15.64 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 3 M4</b> <b>14.41 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 4 M4</b> <b>13.05 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M4</b> <b>13.25 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 6 M4</b> <b>12.28 dBV/m</b>
<b>Grid 7 M4</b> <b>12.04 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 8 M4</b> <b>11.14 dBV/m</b>	<b>Grid 9 M4</b> <b>10.87 dBV/m</b>

**Cursor:**

Total = 15.64 dBV/m

E Category: M4

Location: 1, -25, 8.7 mm



0 dB = 6.051 V/m = 15.64 dBV/m