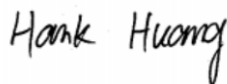


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2129-2
FCC ID : IHDT56ZN2
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Oct. 20, 2020 and testing was started from Nov. 21, 2020 and completed on Dec. 01, 2020. We, Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Hank Huang / Supervisor



Approved by: Johnny Chen / Manager



Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc.
1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055
People's Republic of China



Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance 4
2. Administration Data 5
3. Guidance Applied 5
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information 6
4.1 General Information 6
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations 7
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test 9
5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2) 9
6. RF Exposure Limits 15
6.1 Uncontrolled Environment 15
6.2 Controlled Environment 15
7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) 16
7.1 Introduction 16
7.2 SAR Definition 16
8. System Description and Setup 17
8.1 E-Field Probe 18
8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) 18
8.3 Phantom 19
8.4 Device Holder 20
9. Measurement Procedures 21
9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation 21
9.2 Power Reference Measurement 22
9.3 Area Scan 22
9.4 Zoom Scan 23
9.5 Volume Scan Procedures 23
9.6 Power Drift Monitoring 23
10. Test Equipment List 24
11. System Verification 25
11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids 25
11.2 Tissue Verification 26
11.3 System Performance Check Results 27
12. RF Exposure Positions 29
12.1 Ear and handset reference point 29
12.2 Definition of the cheek position 30
12.3 Definition of the tilt position 31
12.4 Body Worn Accessory 32
12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure 33
12.6 Wireless Router 33
13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm) 34
14. Antenna Location 44
15. SAR Test Results 45
15.1 Head SAR 48
15.2 Hotspot SAR 51
15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR 55
15.4 Product Specific SAR 59
15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement 62
16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis 63
16.1 Head Exposure Conditions 64
16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions 65
16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions 66
16.4 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions 68
16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis 69
17. Uncertainty Assessment 75
18. References 76
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos
Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2129-2**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.48	1.39	1.39	1.59
		GSM1900	0.26	1.25	1.23	
	WCDMA	Band V	0.45	1.23	1.23	
		Band II	0.37	1.43	1.43	
	LTE	Band 26/Band 5	0.40	1.15	1.15	
		Band 2	0.33	1.36	1.32	
		Band 7	0.18	1.44	1.44	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.06	1.10	1.10	1.51
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.06	0.87	1.09	1.41
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.20	0.15	0.15	1.59
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)		Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)	
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	2.00		3.98	
		GSM1900	2.97			
	WCDMA	Band V	2.89			
		Band II	3.51			
	LTE	Band 26/Band 5	3.18			
		Band 2	3.52			
		Band 7	3.11			
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.84		3.98	
Date of Testing:			2020/11/21~2020/12/1			
Remark: This device supports LTE B5/B38 and B26/B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B5/B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26/B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26/B41.						

Declaration of Conformity:	
The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.	
Comments and Explanations:	
The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.	
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-755-86379589 FAX: +86-755-86379595	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1256	421272

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2129-2
FCC ID	IHDT56ZN2
IMEI Code	IMEI 1: 350443160026454 IMEI 2: 350443160026462
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	RRC31.30
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level, which are provided in the operational description. For Some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to 	



- perform all tests.
10. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
 11. The device has six headsets. For headset 1/2/3/4/5 only suppliers are different, headset 6 is bluetooth headset. We chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing, and headset 2/3/4/5/6 only verified the worst case of headset 1.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56ZN2																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 02: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 05: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 07: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R12, Cat5																																																														
CA Support	Not supported																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p align="center">Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)																																																								
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz																																																									
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1																																																								
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																																								
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																																								
64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2																																																								
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3																																																								
256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, head/body-worn/ hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some LTE bands, the detail please referred to section 13.																																																														

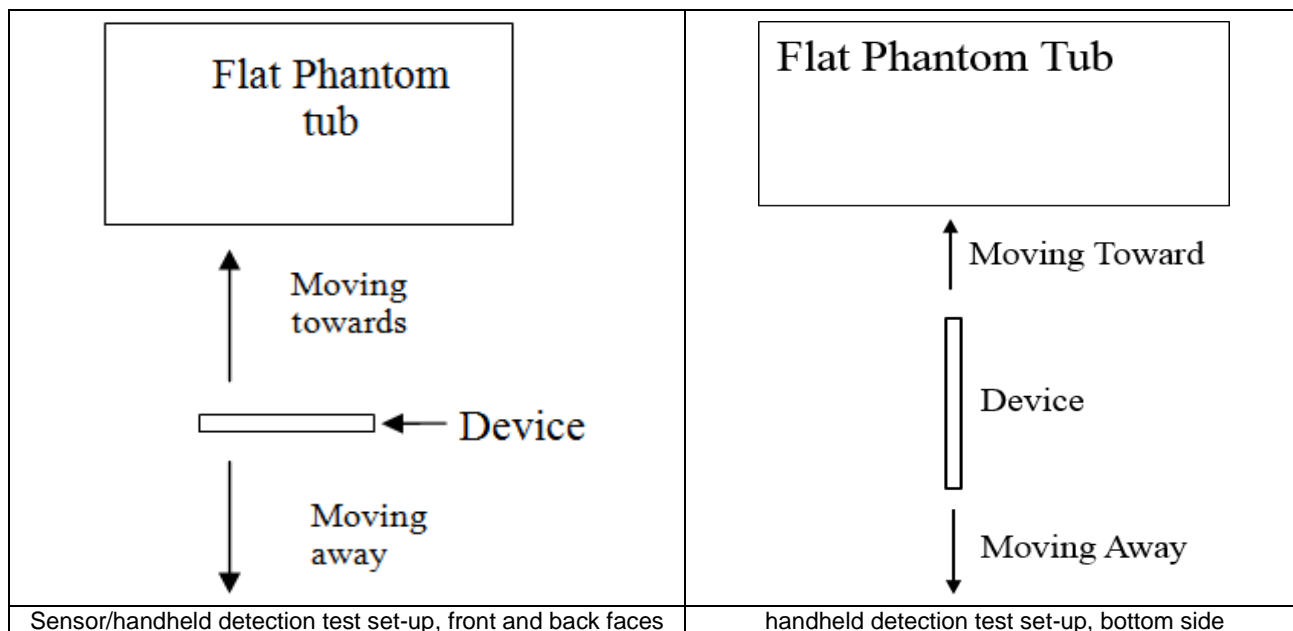


Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5				
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535				
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560				
LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5		
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5		
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5		
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580				
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595				
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610				
LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506				
L	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5				
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593				
H	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5				
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680				

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

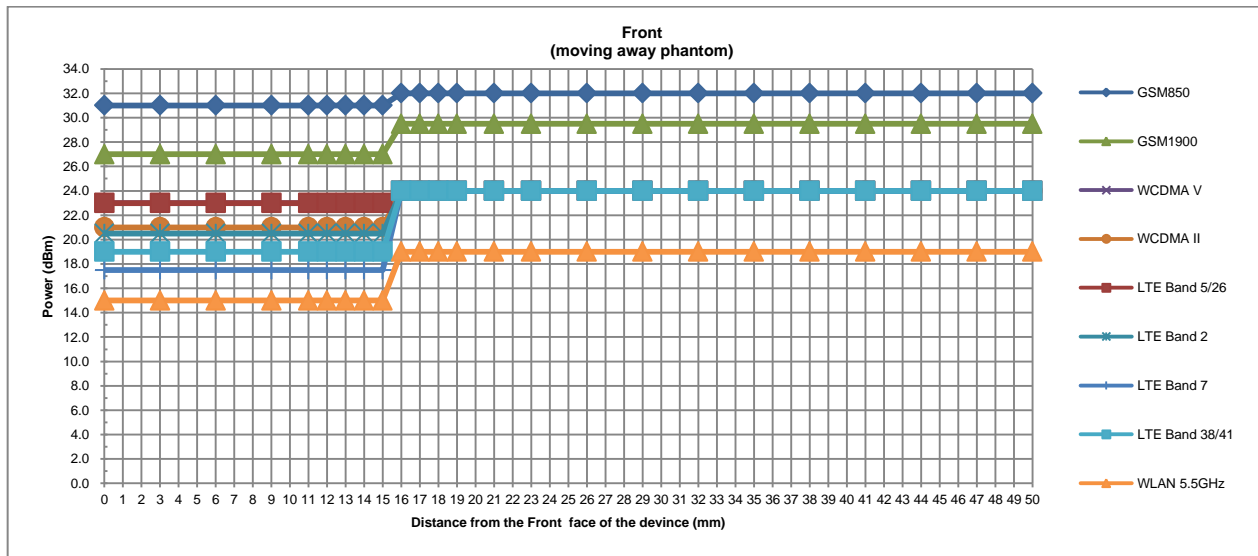
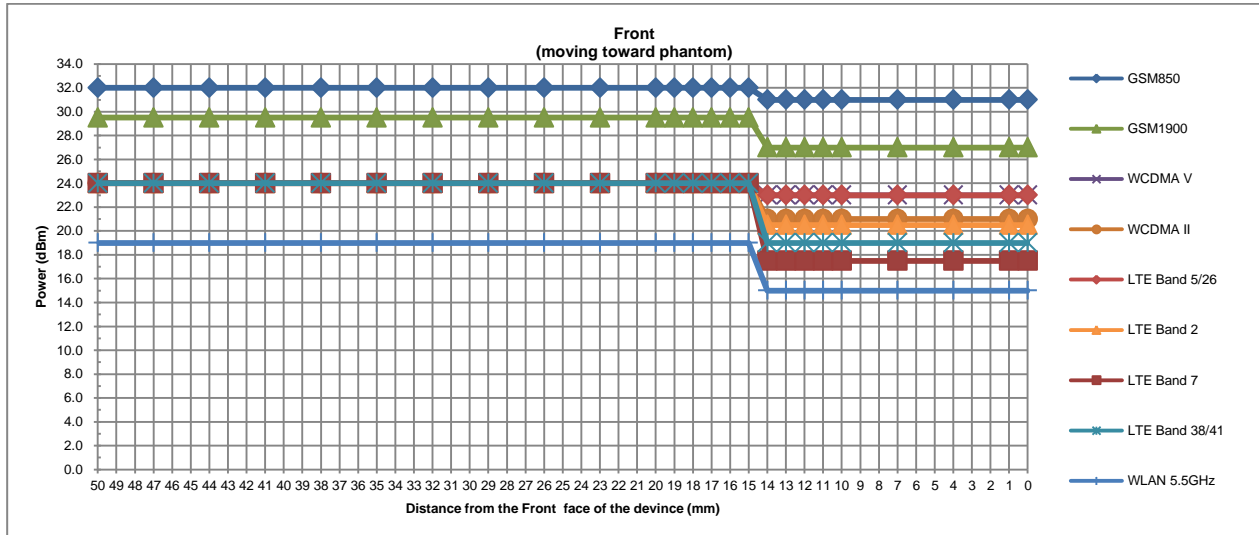
5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2)

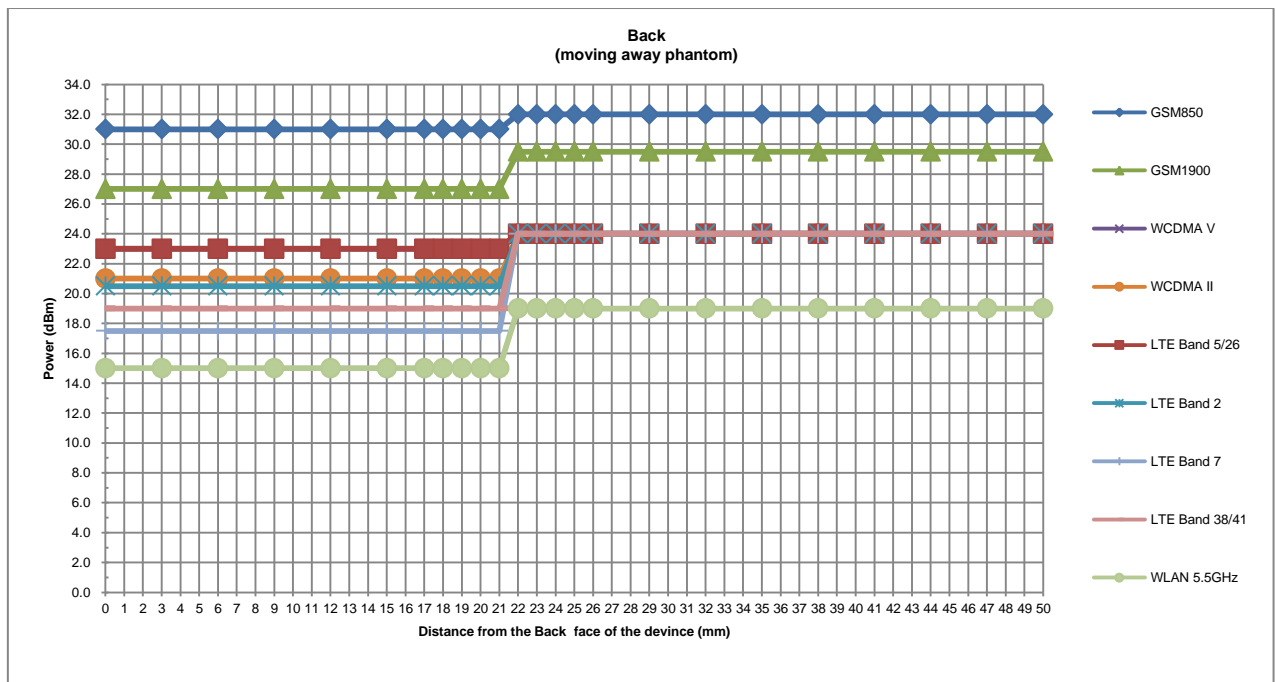
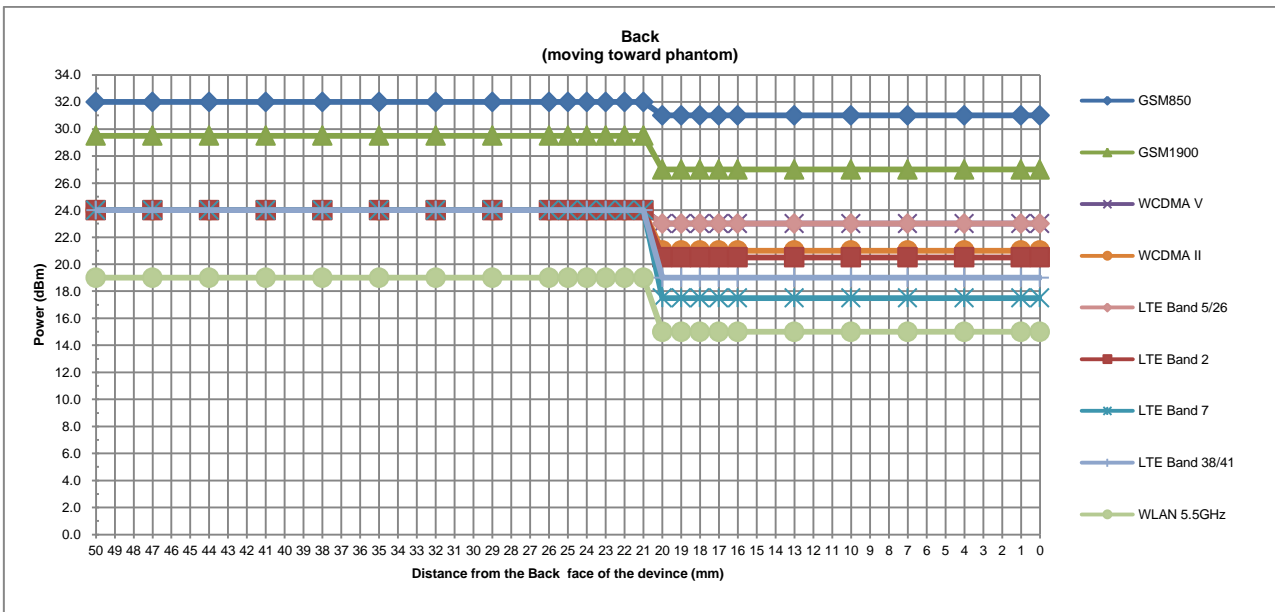
- Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5720MHz) and lowest (850MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
- Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the bottom end of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back or bottom surface of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
- When the proximity sensor is active, GSM850/1900, WCDMA band II/V, LTE band 2/5/7/26/38/41 and WLAN5.5GHz reduced power will be active for front/ back body worn SAR.
- P-sensor can detect handheld state, GSM1900, WCDMA band II and LTE band 2/7/38/41 for front/back/bottom sides of product specific 10g SAR condition reduced powers will be active for handheld SAR.
- The proximity sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back or bottom side surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s).
- For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for body worn:
Front: 13 mm
Back: 19 mm
- For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for handheld:
Front: 7 mm
Back: 12 mm
Bottom side: 10 mm



<P-Sensor>

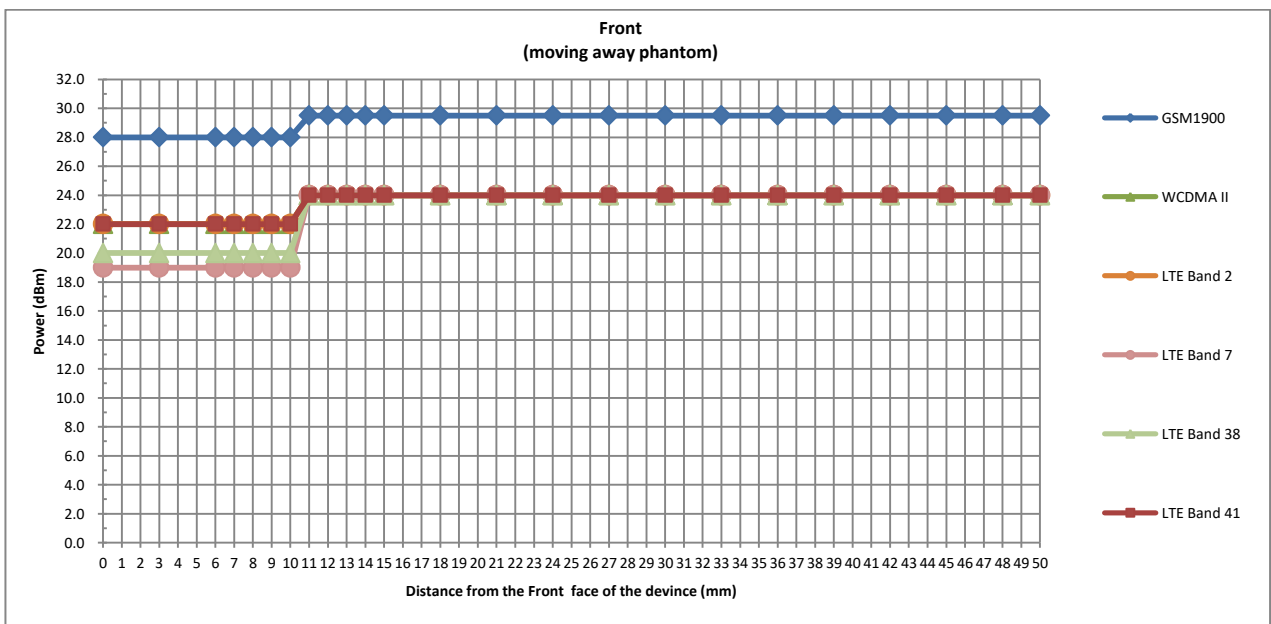
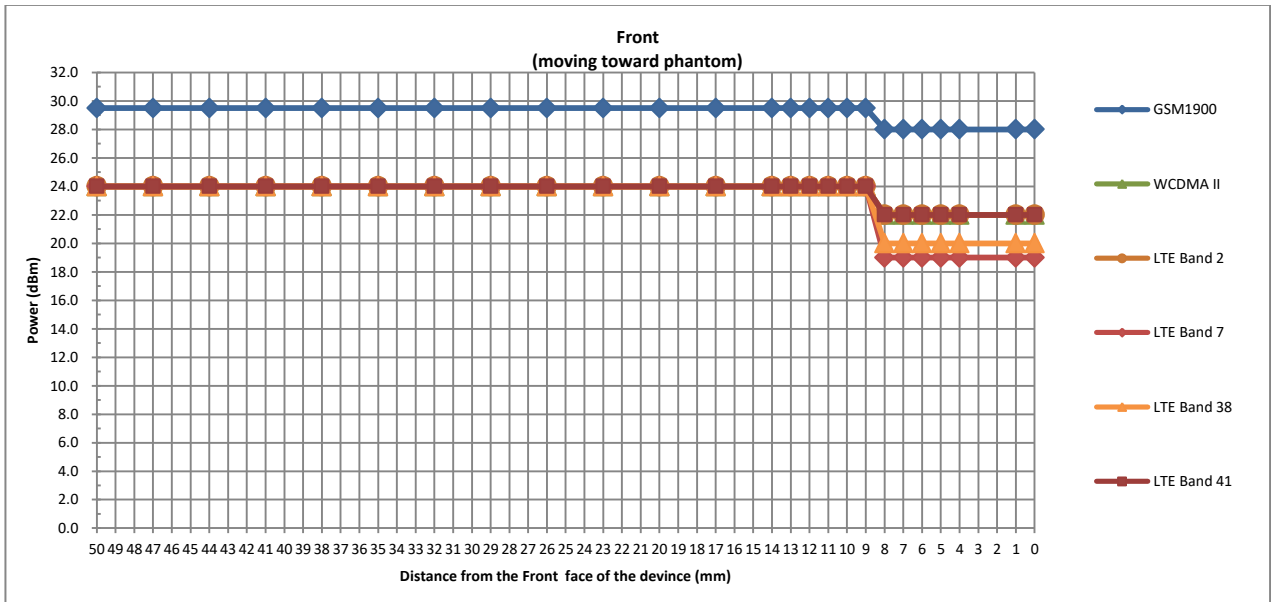
Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	14	15	20	21

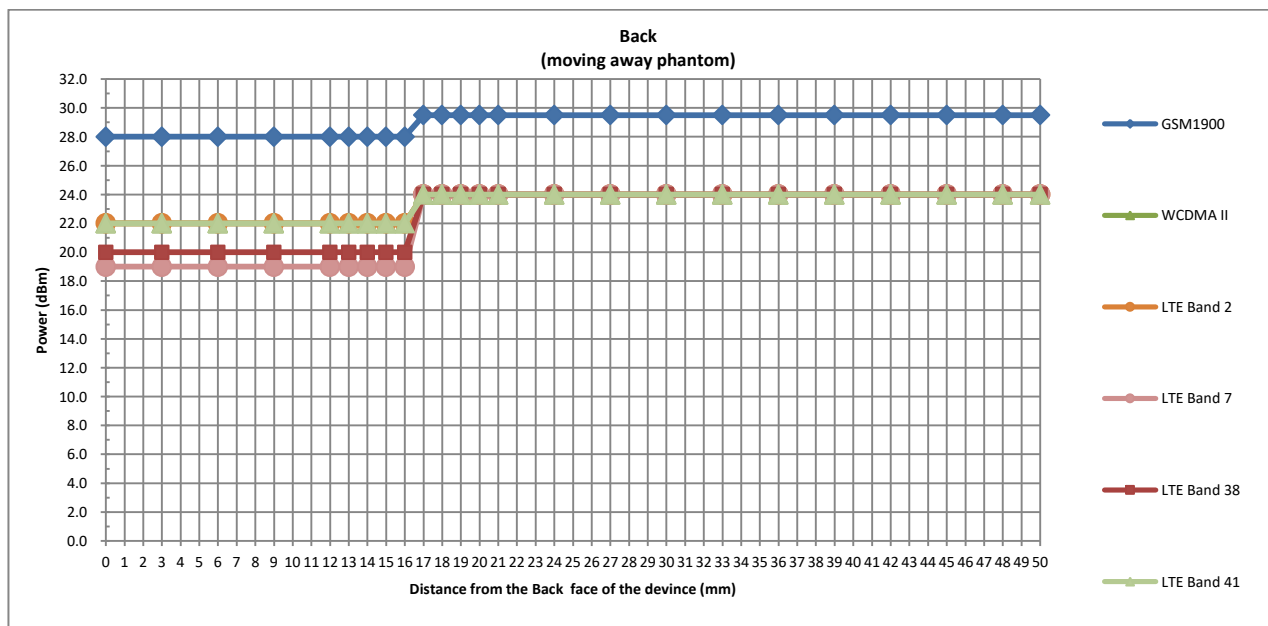
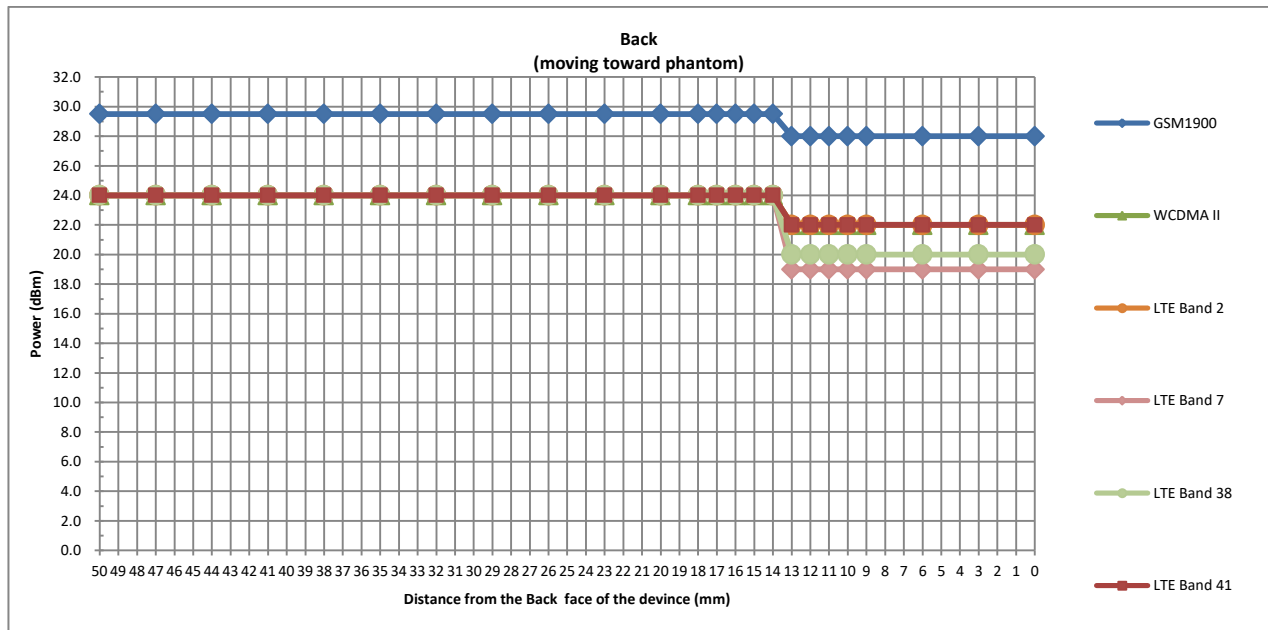


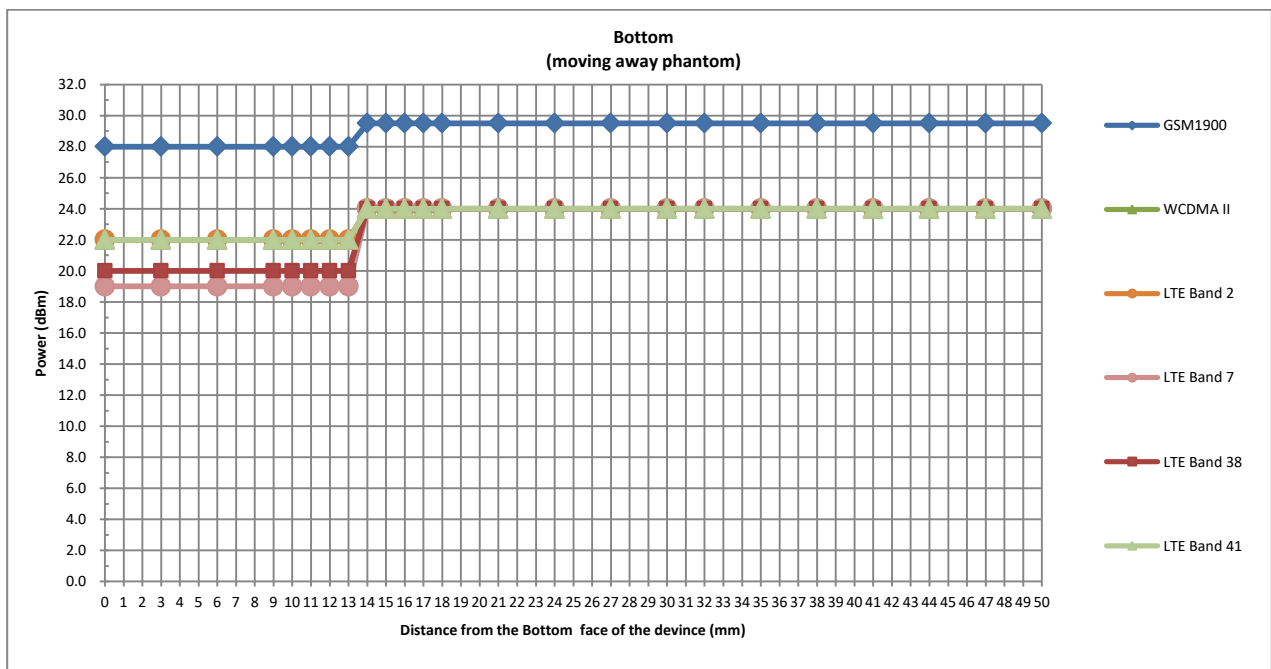
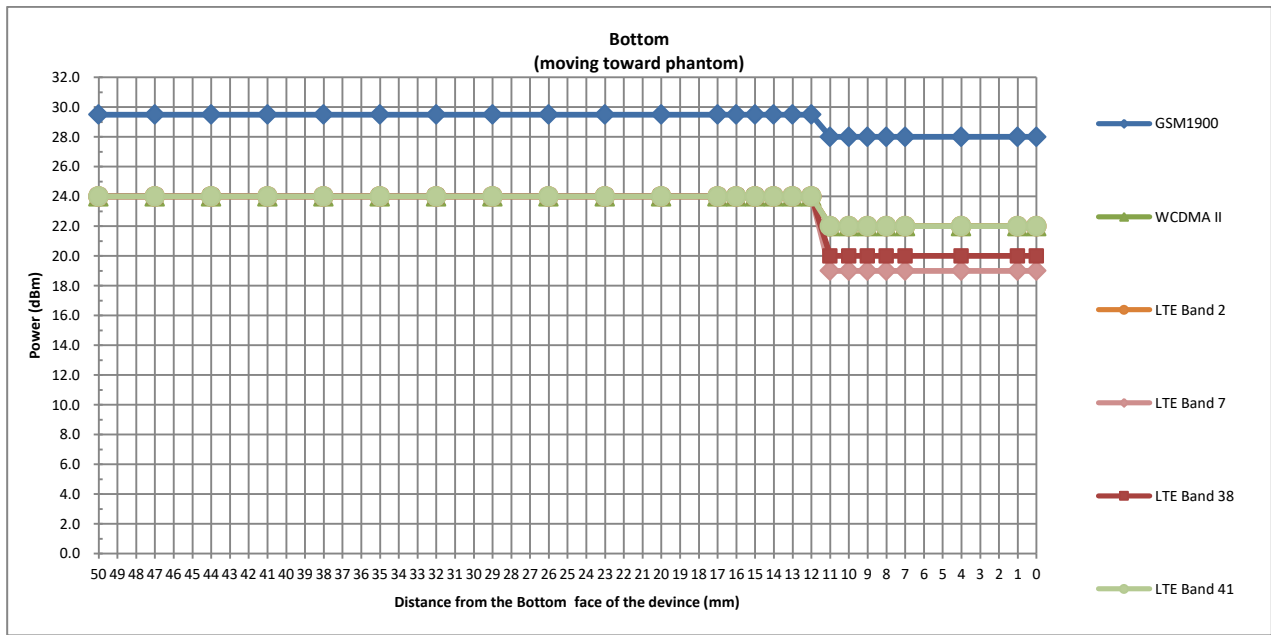


<Handheld>

Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	8	10	13	16	11	13







6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

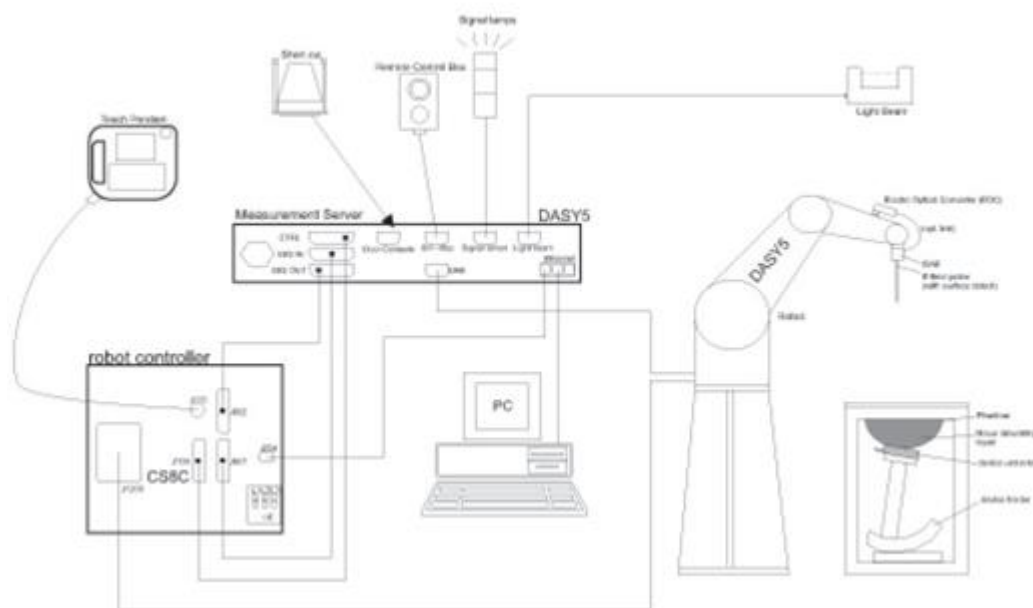
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.


8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

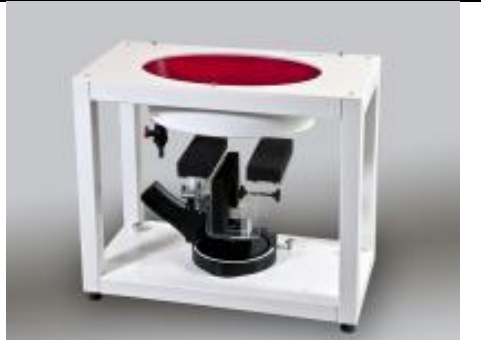
8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</p>				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Dec. 05, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Dec. 07, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Sep. 02, 2020	Sep. 01, 2021
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Dec. 07, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHZV2	1167	Aug. 03, 2018	Aug. 02, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	715	Jul. 27, 2020	Jul. 26, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1226	May 15, 2020	May 14, 2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7577	Sep. 30, 2020	Sep. 29, 2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3241	May 14, 2020	May 13, 2021
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM V4.0	1575	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201341952	Dec. 27, 2019	Dec. 26, 2020
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6201588577	Mar. 26, 2020	Mar. 25, 2021
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Jul. 21, 2020	Jul. 20, 2021
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 15, 2020	Oct. 14, 2021
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1138	May 19, 2020	May 18, 2021
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 26, 2019	Dec. 25, 2020
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Jul. 21, 2020	Jul. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Jul. 21, 2020	Jul. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Dec. 26, 2019	Dec. 25, 2020
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Dec. 26, 2019	Dec. 25, 2020
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Dec. 26, 2019	Dec. 25, 2020
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 21, 2020	Jul. 20, 2021
TES	Hygrometer	1310	200505600	Jul. 30, 2020	Jul. 29, 2021
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030903	Dec. 30, 2019	Dec. 29, 2020
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2020062101	Jul. 21, 2020	Jul. 20, 2021
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	Note 1	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
PASTERNAK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuator 1	BW-S10W5	N/A	Note 1	
Weinschel	Attenuator 2	3M-20	N/A	Note 1	
Zhongjilianhe	Attenuator 3	MVE2214-03	N/A	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

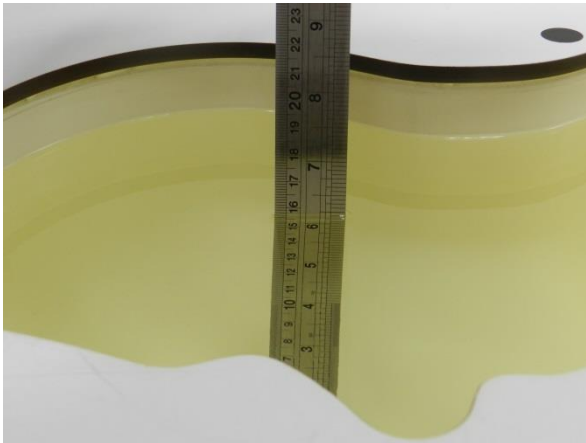


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

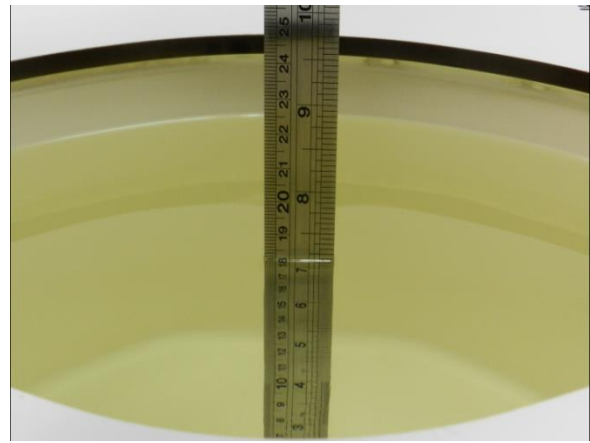


Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.920	42.227	0.90	41.50	2.22	1.75	±5	2020/11/21
835	Head	22.5	0.919	41.524	0.90	41.50	2.11	0.06	±5	2020/11/25
1900	Head	22.8	1.453	39.107	1.40	40.00	3.79	-2.23	±5	2020/11/22
1900	Head	22.3	1.459	40.035	1.40	40.00	4.21	0.09	±5	2020/11/27
2450	Head	22.5	1.807	37.921	1.80	39.20	0.39	-3.26	±5	2020/11/26
2450	Head	22.7	1.829	40.081	1.80	39.20	1.61	2.25	±5	2020/11/28
2600	Head	22.6	2.053	38.335	1.96	39.00	4.74	-1.71	±5	2020/11/24
2600	Head	22.8	2.048	38.326	1.96	39.00	4.49	-1.73	±5	2020/11/29
5250	Head	22.8	4.502	36.248	4.71	35.95	-4.42	0.83	±5	2020/11/24
5250	Head	22.5	4.673	35.938	4.71	35.95	-0.79	-0.03	±5	2020/11/29
5600	Head	22.6	4.848	35.767	5.07	35.50	-4.38	0.75	±5	2020/11/26
5600	Head	22.9	5.080	35.374	5.07	35.50	0.20	-0.35	±5	2020/11/30
5750	Head	22.5	5.007	35.565	5.22	35.35	-4.08	0.61	±5	2020/11/27
5750	Head	22.6	5.250	35.137	5.22	35.35	0.57	-0.60	±5	2020/12/1



11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/11/21	835	Head	250	4d162	3241	1226	2.53	9.61	10.12	5.31
2020/11/25	835	Head	250	4d162	3241	1226	2.52	9.61	10.08	4.89
2020/11/22	1900	Head	250	5d182	3241	1226	10.60	39.60	42.4	7.07
2020/11/27	1900	Head	250	5d182	3241	1226	10.70	39.60	42.8	8.08
2020/11/26	2450	Head	250	924	3241	1226	13.90	51.40	55.6	8.17
2020/11/28	2450	Head	250	924	3241	1226	13.50	51.40	54	5.06
2020/11/24	2600	Head	250	1070	3241	1226	15.80	58.10	63.2	8.78
2020/11/29	2600	Head	250	1070	3241	1226	15.80	58.10	63.2	8.78
2020/11/24	5250	Head	100	1167	7577	715	8.08	77.00	80.8	4.94
2020/11/29	5250	Head	100	1167	7577	715	8.38	77.00	83.8	8.83
2020/11/26	5600	Head	100	1167	7577	715	8.23	80.80	82.3	1.86
2020/11/30	5600	Head	100	1167	7577	715	8.62	80.80	86.2	6.68
2020/11/27	5750	Head	100	1167	7577	715	7.64	76.90	76.4	-0.65
2020/12/1	5750	Head	100	1167	7577	715	8.01	76.90	80.1	4.16

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/11/21	835	Head	250	4d162	3241	1226	1.65	6.35	6.6	3.94
2020/11/25	835	Head	250	4d162	3241	1226	1.65	6.35	6.6	3.94
2020/11/22	1900	Head	250	5d182	3241	1226	5.49	20.70	21.96	6.09
2020/11/27	1900	Head	250	5d182	3241	1226	5.52	20.70	22.08	6.67
2020/11/26	2450	Head	250	924	3241	1226	6.29	24.00	25.16	4.83
2020/11/28	2450	Head	250	924	3241	1226	6.08	24.00	24.32	1.33
2020/11/24	2600	Head	250	1070	3241	1226	6.84	26.10	27.36	4.83
2020/11/29	2600	Head	250	1070	3241	1226	6.57	26.10	26.28	0.69
2020/11/24	5250	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.23	22.00	22.3	1.36
2020/11/29	5250	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.31	22.00	23.1	5.00
2020/11/26	5600	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.24	23.20	22.4	-3.45
2020/11/30	5600	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.34	23.20	23.4	0.86
2020/11/27	5750	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.08	21.60	20.8	-3.70
2020/12/1	5750	Head	100	1167	7577	715	2.19	21.60	21.9	1.39

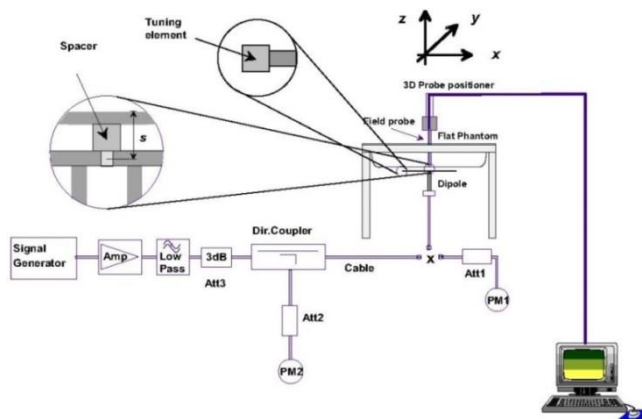


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

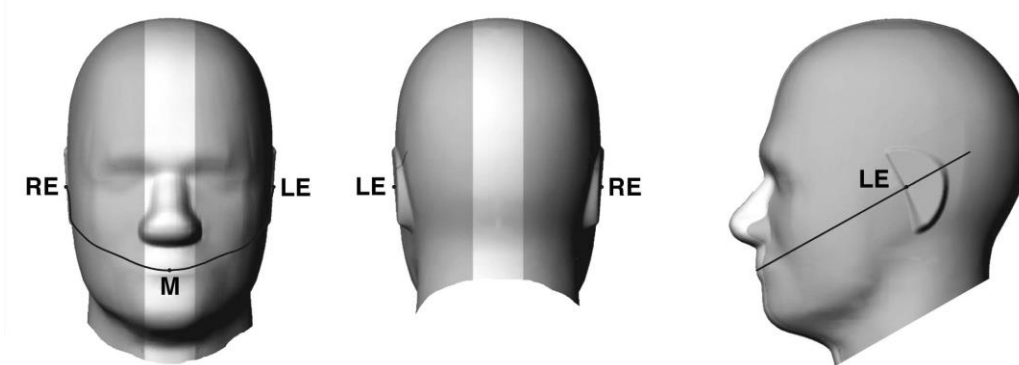


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

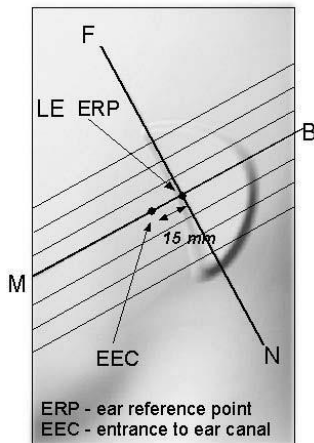


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

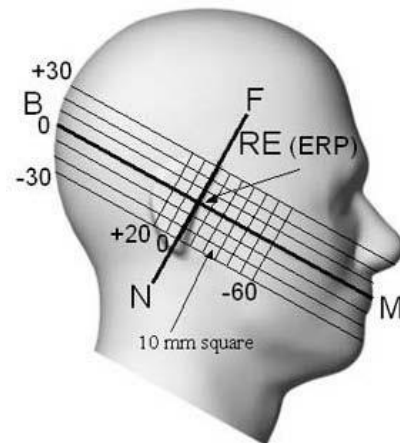


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

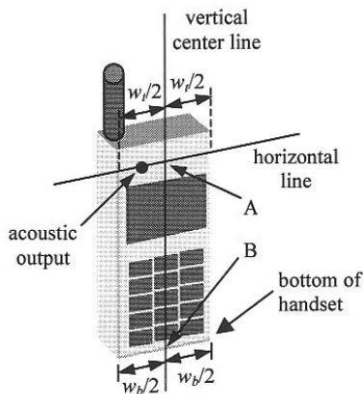


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

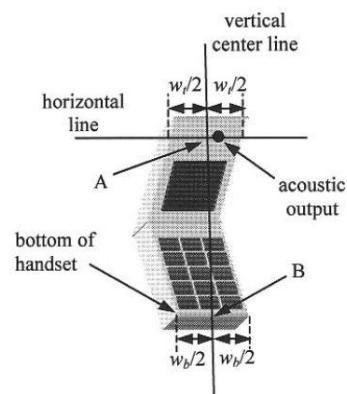


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

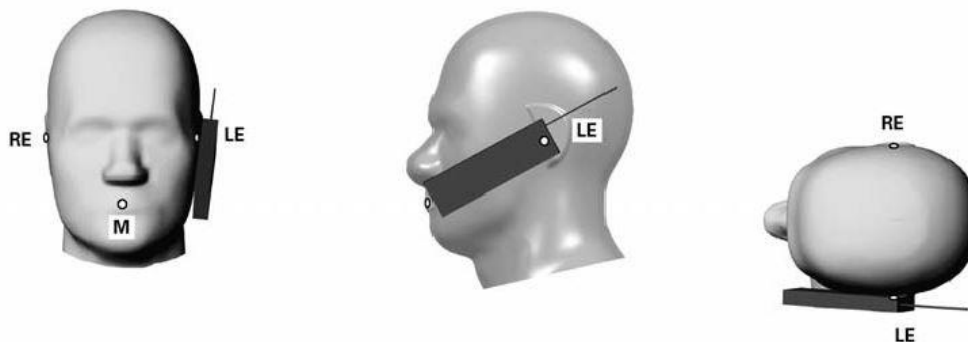


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

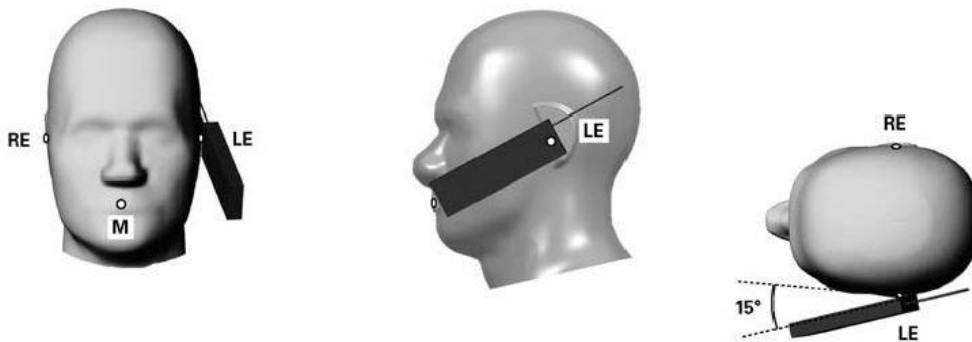


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

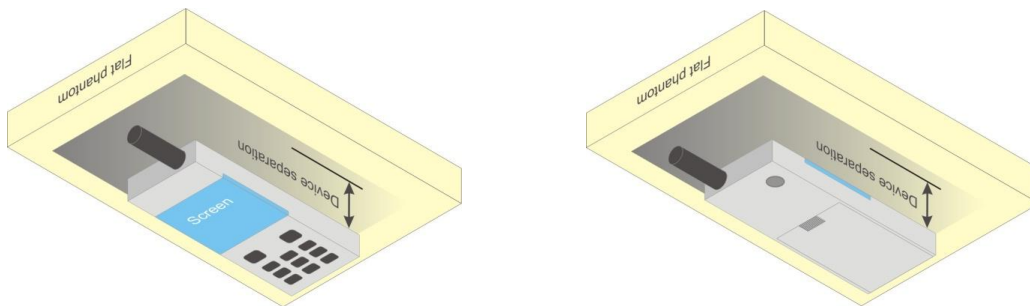


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

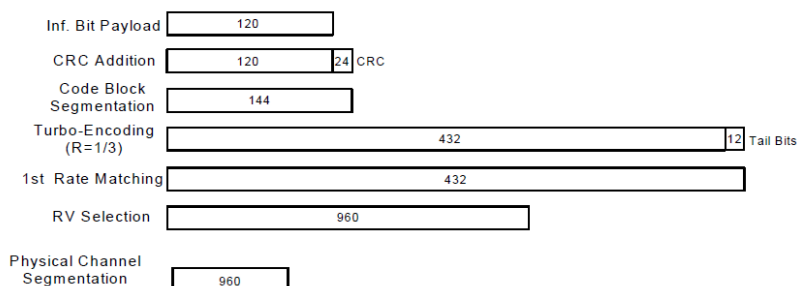


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

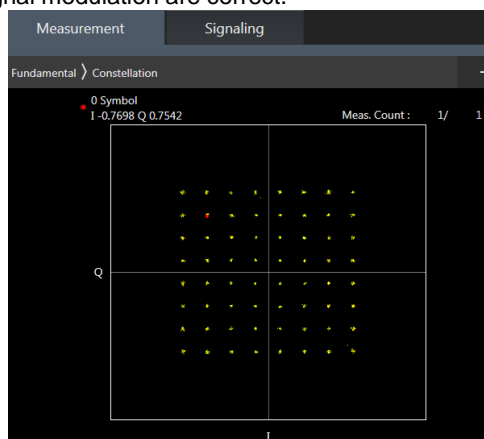
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

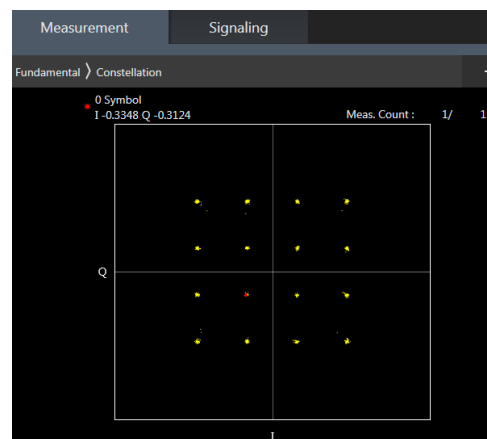
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. LTE B5/B38 SAR test was covered by B26/B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

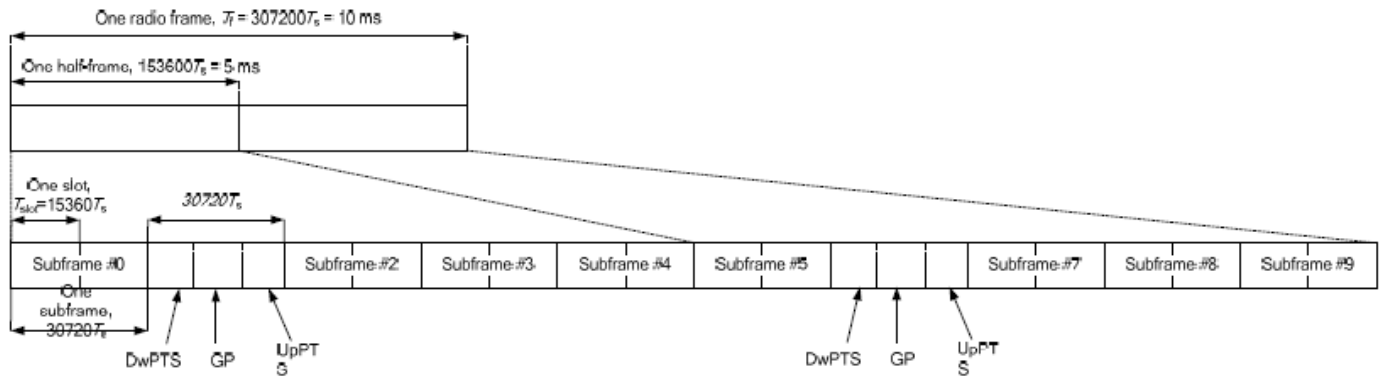


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	6592 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts	7680 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts
1	19760 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
2	21952 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
3	24144 · Ts			25600 · Ts		
4	26336 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts	7680 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts
5	6592 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
6	19760 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
7	21952 · Ts			12800 · Ts		
8	24144 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-
9	13168 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T_s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T_s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For LTE Band 41 Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

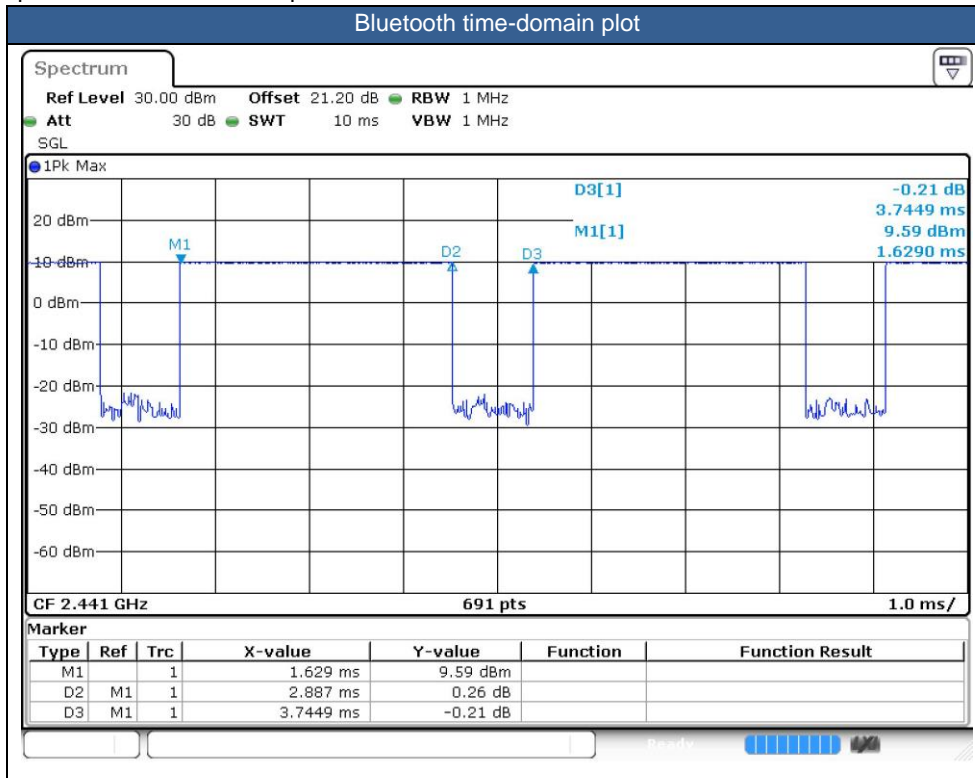
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.09 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN/Bluetooth signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. Pre KDB648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset. When headset SAR is less than or equal than without headset SAR, no need to verify the remaining channels for headset SAR.
5. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity).
6. The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level, which are provided in the operational description.
7. For Some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
8. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power (for handheld on state, the maximum full power means reduced power), including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2 W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/V, LTE Band 2/5/7/26/38/41 therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
9. The device has six headsets. For headset 1/2/3/4/5 only suppliers are different, headset 6 is bluetooth headset. We chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing, and headset 2/3/4/5/6 only verified the worst case of headset 1.
10. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for body worn:
Front: 13 mm
Back: 19 mm
11. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance was performed for handheld:
Front: 7 mm
Back: 12 mm
Bottom side: 10 mm

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 2Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. LTE B5/B38 SAR test was covered by LTE B26/B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band



WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	-0.06	0.368	0.483
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	0.13	0.180	0.236
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	0.07	0.346	0.454
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	0.1	0.164	0.215
02	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	0.07	0.188	0.257
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	0.16	0.118	0.161
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	0.01	0.175	0.239
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	-0.02	0.148	0.202

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.11	0.340	0.450
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.04	0.181	0.240
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.03	0.315	0.417
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.18	0.153	0.203
04	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.1	0.277	0.373
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.06	0.139	0.187
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.13	0.263	0.354
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.07	0.171	0.230



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
05	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Right Cheek	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.08	0.303	0.395
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Right Tilted	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.16	0.146	0.190
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Left Cheek	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.02	0.291	0.379
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Left Tilted	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.11	0.150	0.195
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Cheek	Full	26965	841.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	0.05	0.172	0.231
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Tilted	Full	26965	841.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	-0.1	0.088	0.118
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Cheek	Full	26965	841.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	0.19	0.169	0.227
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Tilted	Full	26965	841.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	0.12	0.089	0.120
06	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	-0.02	0.243	0.332
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.15	0.131	0.179
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.07	0.221	0.302
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.14	0.175	0.239
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Full	19100	1900	21.61	23.00	1.377	0.01	0.137	0.189
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Full	19100	1900	21.61	23.00	1.377	-0.14	0.078	0.107
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Full	19100	1900	21.61	23.00	1.377	0.03	0.121	0.167
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Full	19100	1900	21.61	23.00	1.377	0.11	0.101	0.139
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	-0.18	0.115	0.139
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.01	0.059	0.071
07	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.03	0.147	0.178
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.16	0.024	0.029
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Full	21100	2535	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.07	0.108	0.131
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Full	21100	2535	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.18	0.055	0.067
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Full	21100	2535	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.06	0.121	0.147
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Full	21100	2535	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.11	0.022	0.027

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.049	0.059
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.035	0.042
08	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.094	0.114
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.17	0.013	0.016
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Full	40185	2549.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.041	0.049
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Full	40185	2549.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.029	0.035
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Full	40185	2549.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.054	0.065
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Full	40185	2549.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.012	0.015



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Reduced	1	2412	17.60	18.50	1.230	98.96	1.011	0.08	0.333	0.414
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Reduced	1	2412	17.60	18.50	1.230	98.96	1.011	0.13	0.472	0.587
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Reduced	1	2412	17.60	18.50	1.230	98.96	1.011	-0.09	0.852	1.060
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Reduced	1	2412	17.60	18.50	1.230	98.96	1.011	-0.01	0.794	0.988
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Reduced	6	2437	17.50	18.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.12	0.810	1.031
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Reduced	6	2437	17.50	18.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	-0.01	0.730	0.929

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.18	0.329	0.477
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.07	0.366	0.530
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.11	0.395	0.572
10	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	-0.03	0.494	0.716
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	Reduced	122	5610	15.61	17.00	1.377	92.65	1.079	-0.15	0.390	0.580
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	Reduced	122	5610	15.61	17.00	1.377	92.65	1.079	0.1	0.423	0.629
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	Reduced	122	5610	15.61	17.00	1.377	92.65	1.079	0.03	0.494	0.734
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	Reduced	122	5610	15.61	17.00	1.377	92.65	1.079	0.19	0.555	0.825
11	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	Reduced	138	5690	15.59	17.00	1.384	92.65	1.079	-0.07	0.712	1.063
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	-0.1	0.175	0.249
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.17	0.180	0.257
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.08	0.181	0.258
12	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.12	0.184	0.262

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	-0.17	0.055	0.084
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.1	0.070	0.107
13	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.06	0.134	0.204
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.09	0.121	0.184

15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	-0.17	0.495	0.648
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	0.1	1.050	1.375
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	128	824.2	29.65	31.00	1.365	-0.13	0.919	1.254
14	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	189	836.4	29.74	31.00	1.337	0.05	1.040	1.390
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	0.14	0.348	0.456
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	-0.02	0.469	0.614
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	0.03	0.446	0.584
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	25.58	27.00	1.387	-0.08	0.603	0.836
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.34	27.00	1.466	0.11	0.584	0.856
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.28	27.00	1.486	-0.03	0.613	0.911
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	25.58	27.00	1.387	-0.15	0.683	0.947
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.34	27.00	1.466	0.16	0.842	1.234
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.28	27.00	1.486	0.17	0.768	1.141
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	23.36	25.00	1.459	0.03	0.143	0.209
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	23.36	25.00	1.459	0.15	0.048	0.070
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	23.36	25.00	1.459	0.18	0.748	1.091
15	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	23.15	25.00	1.531	-0.02	0.816	1.249
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	23.33	25.00	1.469	0.15	0.718	1.055

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	-0.13	0.408	0.545
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.19	0.803	1.073
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4182	836.4	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.06	0.805	1.111
16	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.01	0.895	1.230
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.02	0.393	0.525
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.14	0.488	0.652
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.18	0.307	0.410
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.78	21.00	1.324	-0.06	0.770	1.020
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358	-0.19	0.726	0.986
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	19.70	21.00	1.349	0.02	0.734	0.990
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.78	21.00	1.324	0.1	0.975	1.291
17	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358	-0.01	1.050	1.426
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	19.70	21.00	1.349	0.05	0.899	1.213
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.76	19.00	1.330	0.02	0.223	0.297
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.76	19.00	1.330	0.13	0.070	0.093
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.76	19.00	1.330	0.11	0.923	1.228
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	17.63	19.00	1.371	0.13	1.020	1.398
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	17.71	19.00	1.346	-0.17	0.803	1.081



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
18	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Front	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.05	0.428	0.559	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.13	0.881	1.151	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	Reduced	26765	821.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	-0.11	0.839	1.129	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	Reduced	26865	831.5	21.76	23.00	1.330	0.04	0.863	1.148	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.06	0.341	0.445	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.15	0.377	0.492	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.19	0.243	0.317	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	-0.14	0.297	0.402	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	0.02	0.609	0.823	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	26765	821.5	21.63	23.00	1.371	0.03	0.576	0.790	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	26865	831.5	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.12	0.580	0.793	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	0.11	0.254	0.343	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	-0.03	0.266	0.360	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	0.13	0.176	0.238	
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.07	0.547	0.743	
	19	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.13	20.50	1.371	0.13	0.640	0.877
		LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	18.99	20.50	1.416	-0.12	0.652	0.923
		LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.14	0.630	0.876
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.13	20.50	1.371	0.09	0.868	1.190	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	18.99	20.50	1.416	-0.02	0.929	1.315	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.05	0.889	1.236	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.71	19.00	1.346	0.01	0.185	0.249	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.71	19.00	1.346	0.1	0.055	0.073	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.71	19.00	1.346	0.08	0.901	1.213	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	17.66	19.00	1.361	-0.16	0.997	1.357	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	17.59	19.00	1.384	0.07	0.962	1.331	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.10	20.50	1.380	-0.11	0.654	0.903	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.02	20.50	1.406	0.03	0.639	0.898	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.1	0.630	0.876	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.10	20.50	1.380	0.09	0.843	1.164	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.02	20.50	1.406	-0.05	0.910	1.280	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.14	0.861	1.197	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.69	19.00	1.352	0.02	0.184	0.249	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.69	19.00	1.352	0.17	0.056	0.075	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.69	19.00	1.352	0.06	0.932	1.260	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	17.64	19.00	1.368	-0.08	0.983	1.344	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	17.67	19.00	1.358	0.13	0.976	1.326	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.08	20.50	1.387	-0.07	0.646	0.896	
LTE Band 2		20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	19.08	20.50	1.387	0.04	0.828	1.148	
LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	17.65	19.00	1.365	0.18	0.916	1.250		
20	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	16.69	17.50	1.205	0.03	0.551	0.664	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	16.69	17.50	1.205	-0.16	1.100	1.326	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.02	1.170	1.443	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	16.62	17.50	1.225	0.11	0.830	1.016	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.11	15.00	1.227	0.08	0.040	0.049	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.11	15.00	1.227	0.07	0.047	0.058	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.11	15.00	1.227	0.09	1.080	1.326	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	14.09	15.00	1.233	0.06	0.989	1.220	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	13.94	15.00	1.276	-0.07	0.906	1.156	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	16.63	17.50	1.222	0.09	0.454	0.555	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	16.63	17.50	1.222	-0.04	0.915	1.118	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	16.55	17.50	1.245	-0.08	1.050	1.307	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	16.58	17.50	1.236	0.17	0.848	1.048	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.06	15.00	1.242	0.07	0.038	0.047	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.06	15.00	1.242	0.01	0.044	0.055	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.06	15.00	1.242	-0.09	1.060	1.316	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	14.03	15.00	1.250	0.01	0.977	1.222	
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	14.02	15.00	1.253	0.08	0.878	1.100	
LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	16.65	17.50	1.216	0.03	0.817	0.994		
LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	14.08	15.00	1.236	0.07	1.010	1.248		



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.15	19.00	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.386	0.472
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.15	19.00	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.832	1.018
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	39750	2506	17.91	19.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	-0.02	1.020	1.319
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	40620	2593	17.96	19.00	1.271	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.730	0.933
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	17.76	19.00	1.330	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.752	1.007
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	41490	2680	17.97	19.00	1.268	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.612	0.780
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.68	17.50	1.208	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.040	0.049
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.68	17.50	1.208	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.046	0.056
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.68	17.50	1.208	62.9	1.006	-0.13	1.030	1.252
21	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	39750	2506	16.63	17.50	1.222	62.9	1.006	0.1	1.140	1.401
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	40620	2593	16.52	17.50	1.253	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.875	1.103
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	16.66	17.50	1.213	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.778	0.950
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	41490	2680	16.53	17.50	1.250	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.627	0.789
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.09	19.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.372	0.461
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.09	19.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.821	1.018
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	39750	2506	18.02	19.00	1.253	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.910	1.147
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	40620	2593	18.06	19.00	1.242	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.718	0.897
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	17.89	19.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.736	0.956
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	41490	2680	17.94	19.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.608	0.781
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.61	17.50	1.227	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.039	0.048
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.61	17.50	1.227	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.044	0.054
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.61	17.50	1.227	62.9	1.006	-0.18	1.020	1.259
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	39750	2506	16.55	17.50	1.245	62.9	1.006	0.08	1.100	1.377
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	40620	2593	16.56	17.50	1.242	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.830	1.037
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	16.57	17.50	1.239	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.755	0.941
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	41490	2680	16.51	17.50	1.256	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.587	0.742
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.08	19.00	1.236	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.822	1.022
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	16.67	17.50	1.211	62.9	1.006	-0.06	1.030	1.254



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	-0.07	0.553	0.704
22	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.07	0.865	1.101
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	6	2437	18.40	19.50	1.288	98.96	1.011	0.1	0.837	1.090
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.14	0.055	0.070
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.02	0.662	0.843
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	18.40	19.50	1.288	98.96	1.011	0.01	0.601	0.783
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.06	0.655	0.834
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	18.40	19.50	1.288	98.96	1.011	0.02	0.634	0.826

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	Full	46	5230	17.56	19.00	1.393	95.68	1.045	-0.17	0.198	0.288
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	Full	46	5230	17.56	19.00	1.393	95.68	1.045	0.1	0.467	0.680
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Full	46	5230	17.56	19.00	1.393	95.68	1.045	0.13	0.002	0.003
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Full	46	5230	17.56	19.00	1.393	95.68	1.045	0.01	0.095	0.138
23	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Full	46	5230	17.56	19.00	1.393	95.68	1.045	-0.08	0.600	0.874
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Full	38	5190	15.81	17.00	1.315	95.68	1.045	0.12	0.314	0.432
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	-0.09	0.151	0.215
24	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.1	0.483	0.689
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.14	0.011	0.016
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.03	0.149	0.212
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	-0.17	0.367	0.523

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	-0.16	0.073	0.111
25	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.03	0.097	0.147
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Side	5mm	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	-0.19	0.006	0.010
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.04	0.078	0.118
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	-0.15	0.091	0.138

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	-0.17	0.495	0.648
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309	0.1	1.050	1.375
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	128	824.2	29.65	31.00	1.365	-0.13	0.919	1.254
26	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	189	836.4	29.74	31.00	1.337	0.05	1.040	1.390
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	189	836.4	29.74	31.00	1.337	0.09	0.977	1.306
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	13mm	-	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	0.03	0.316	0.415
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	19mm	-	Full	189	836.4	30.74	32.00	1.337	0.07	0.327	0.437
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	661	1880	25.58	27.00	1.387	-0.08	0.603	0.836
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.34	27.00	1.466	0.11	0.584	0.856
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.28	27.00	1.486	-0.03	0.613	0.911
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	661	1880	25.58	27.00	1.387	-0.15	0.683	0.947
27	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.34	27.00	1.466	0.16	0.842	1.234
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	810	1909.8	25.28	27.00	1.486	0.17	0.768	1.141
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	512	1850.2	25.34	27.00	1.466	-0.1	0.805	1.180
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	13mm	-	Full	810	1909.8	27.85	29.50	1.462	-0.12	0.461	0.674
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	19mm	-	Full	512	1850.2	27.89	29.50	1.449	-0.01	0.303	0.439

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	-0.13	0.408	0.545
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	4132	826.4	21.74	23.00	1.337	0.19	0.803	1.073
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	4182	836.4	21.60	23.00	1.380	0.06	0.805	1.111
28	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	4233	846.6	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.01	0.895	1.230
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	4233	846.6	21.62	23.00	1.374	0.11	0.842	1.157
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	13mm	-	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.02	0.342	0.453
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	19mm	-	Full	4233	846.6	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.05	0.284	0.390
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.78	21.00	1.324	-0.06	0.770	1.020
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358	-0.19	0.726	0.986
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9400	1880	19.70	21.00	1.349	0.02	0.734	0.990
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	19.78	21.00	1.324	0.1	0.975	1.291
29	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358	-0.01	1.050	1.426
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9400	1880	19.70	21.00	1.349	0.05	0.899	1.213
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358	0.02	1.000	1.358
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	13mm	-	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.08	0.548	0.738
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	19mm	-	Full	9262	1852.4	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.07	0.213	0.299



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.05	0.428	0.559
30	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.13	0.881	1.151
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26765	821.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	-0.11	0.839	1.129
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26865	831.5	21.76	23.00	1.330	0.04	0.863	1.148
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	-0.14	0.297	0.402
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.69	23.00	1.352	0.02	0.609	0.823
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26765	821.5	21.63	23.00	1.371	0.03	0.576	0.790
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26865	831.5	21.64	23.00	1.368	0.12	0.580	0.793
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26965	841.5	21.67	23.00	1.358	0.07	0.547	0.743
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Front	13mm	-	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.08	0.267	0.348
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	19mm	-	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.17	0.300	0.391
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.13	20.50	1.371	0.13	0.640	0.877
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	18.99	20.50	1.416	-0.12	0.652	0.923
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.14	0.630	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.13	20.50	1.371	0.09	0.868	1.190
31	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	18.99	20.50	1.416	-0.02	0.929	1.315
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.05	0.889	1.236
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	18700	1860	18.99	20.50	1.416	-0.14	0.845	1.196
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.10	20.50	1.380	-0.11	0.654	0.903
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	19.02	20.50	1.406	0.03	0.639	0.898
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.1	0.630	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.10	20.50	1.380	0.09	0.843	1.164
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	19.02	20.50	1.406	-0.05	0.910	1.280
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	19.07	20.50	1.390	0.14	0.861	1.197
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	18700	1860	19.02	20.50	1.406	0.11	0.838	1.178
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.08	20.50	1.387	-0.07	0.646	0.896
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	19.08	20.50	1.387	0.04	0.828	1.148
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	13mm	-	Full	18700	1860	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.08	0.402	0.563
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	19mm	-	Full	18700	1860	22.54	24.00	1.400	-0.09	0.251	0.351
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	16.69	17.50	1.205	0.03	0.551	0.664
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	16.69	17.50	1.205	-0.16	1.100	1.326
32	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.02	1.170	1.443
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21350	2560	16.62	17.50	1.225	0.11	0.830	1.016
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.04	1.140	1.406
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 2	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.07	1.110	1.369
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 3	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.01	1.090	1.344
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 4	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	-0.08	1.120	1.381
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 5	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	0.05	1.100	1.356
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 6	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233	-0.17	0.988	1.218
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	16.63	17.50	1.222	0.09	0.454	0.555
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	16.63	17.50	1.222	-0.04	0.915	1.118
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	20850	2510	16.55	17.50	1.245	-0.08	1.050	1.307
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21350	2560	16.58	17.50	1.236	0.17	0.848	1.048
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	20850	2510	16.55	17.50	1.245	0.05	0.950	1.182
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	16.65	17.50	1.216	0.03	0.817	0.994
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	13mm	-	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	-0.05	0.560	0.678
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	19mm	-	Full	20850	2510	22.91	24.00	1.285	0.12	0.609	0.783



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.15	19.00	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.386	0.472
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.15	19.00	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.832	1.018
33	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	39750	2506	17.91	19.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	-0.02	1.020	1.319
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	40620	2593	17.96	19.00	1.271	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.730	0.933
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	41055	2636.5	17.76	19.00	1.330	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.752	1.007
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	41490	2680	17.97	19.00	1.268	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.612	0.780
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Headset 1	Reduced	39750	2506	17.91	19.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.925	1.196
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.09	19.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.372	0.461
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.09	19.00	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.821	1.018
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	39750	2506	18.02	19.00	1.253	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.910	1.147
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	40620	2593	18.06	19.00	1.242	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.718	0.897
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	41055	2636.5	17.89	19.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.736	0.956
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	41490	2680	17.94	19.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.608	0.781
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	40185	2549.5	18.08	19.00	1.236	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.822	1.022
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	13mm	-	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.361	0.438
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	19mm	-	Full	39750	2506	22.94	24.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.426	0.547



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	-0.07	0.553	0.704
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.07	0.865	1.101
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	18.40	19.50	1.288	98.96	1.011	0.1	0.837	1.090

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.14	0.171	0.248
35	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	-0.08	0.470	0.681
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	13.71	15.00	1.346	92.65	1.079	0.12	0.172	0.250
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	13.71	15.00	1.346	92.65	1.079	0.17	0.578	0.839
36	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	138	5690	13.69	15.00	1.352	92.65	1.079	-0.04	0.750	1.094
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	13mm	-	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	0.09	0.209	0.318
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	19mm	-	Full	138	5690	17.49	19.00	1.416	92.65	1.079	-0.04	0.296	0.452
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	-0.09	0.151	0.215
37	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Full	155	5775	12.29	13.50	1.321	92.65	1.079	0.1	0.483	0.689

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	-0.16	0.073	0.111
38	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	39	2441	10.30	11.00	1.175	77.09	1.297	0.03	0.097	0.147



15.4 Product Specific SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
39	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Full	251	848.8	30.82	32.00	1.312	0.05	1.520	1.995
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	26.51	28.00	1.409	0.16	1.180	1.663
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	26.51	28.00	1.409	-0.11	1.550	2.184
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	26.49	28.00	1.416	0.08	1.340	1.897
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	26.40	28.00	1.445	0.13	1.600	2.313
40	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	26.51	28.00	1.409	0.09	2.110	2.974
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	26.49	28.00	1.416	-0.1	2.080	2.945
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	26.40	28.00	1.445	0.17	1.800	2.602
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	7mm	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	0.05	0.654	0.894
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	12mm	Full	810	1909.8	27.85	29.50	1.462	0.14	0.433	0.633
	GSM1900	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	661	1880	28.14	29.50	1.368	0.09	0.810	1.108

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
41	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4132	826.4	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.08	2.180	2.887
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	22.67	24.00	1.358	-0.12	2.120	2.880
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4233	846.6	22.62	24.00	1.374	0.04	2.030	2.789
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	20.67	22.00	1.358	-0.15	1.410	1.915
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	20.67	22.00	1.358	0.13	2.290	3.111
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	20.54	22.00	1.400	0.04	2.200	3.079
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	20.63	22.00	1.371	-0.1	1.970	2.701
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	20.67	22.00	1.358	0.08	2.300	3.124
42	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	20.54	22.00	1.400	0.01	2.510	3.513
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	20.63	22.00	1.371	0.17	2.370	3.249
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	7mm	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.03	0.395	0.532
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	12mm	Full	9538	1907.6	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.02	0.239	0.322
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	9262	1852.4	22.52	24.00	1.406	0.03	0.425	0.598



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 0g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26965	841.5	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.15	2.270	2.958
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26765	821.5	22.73	24.00	1.340	0.08	2.100	2.813
43	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.06	2.290	3.176
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	0mm	Full	26965	841.5	21.71	23.00	1.346	0.09	1.380	1.857
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	0mm	Full	26965	841.5	21.67	23.00	1.358	-0.05	1.390	1.888
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.64	22.00	1.368	0.09	1.350	1.846
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.64	22.00	1.368	-0.04	1.990	2.722
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.01	1.760	2.446
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	20.55	22.00	1.396	-0.08	1.850	2.583
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.64	22.00	1.368	0.13	2.200	3.009
44	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.02	2.530	3.517
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	20.55	22.00	1.396	0.09	2.350	3.281
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.05	1.240	1.724
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.57	22.00	1.390	-0.08	1.820	2.530
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.41	22.00	1.442	0.06	1.500	2.163
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	20.47	22.00	1.422	0.01	1.710	2.432
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.05	2.190	3.044
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.41	22.00	1.442	-0.02	2.320	3.346
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	20.47	22.00	1.422	0.14	2.250	3.200
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.47	22.00	1.422	-0.07	1.900	2.702
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	20.47	22.00	1.422	0.06	2.210	3.143
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	7mm	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	-0.1	0.526	0.718
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	12mm	Full	19100	1900	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.04	0.400	0.546
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	18700	1860	22.54	24.00	1.400	0.08	0.653	0.914
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.19	1.180	1.276
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.66	19.00	1.081	-0.05	2.590	2.801
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.59	19.00	1.099	0.12	2.630	2.890
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	18.61	19.00	1.094	0.1	2.570	2.811
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.66	19.00	1.081	0.03	2.480	2.682
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.59	19.00	1.099	-0.07	2.520	2.769
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	18.61	19.00	1.094	0.11	2.480	2.713
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.58	19.00	1.102	0.14	1.190	1.311
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.58	19.00	1.102	-0.08	2.640	2.908
45	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.43	19.00	1.140	-0.17	2.730	3.113
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	18.56	19.00	1.107	0.14	2.690	2.977
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.58	19.00	1.102	0.01	2.500	2.754
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.43	19.00	1.140	0.04	2.680	3.056
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	18.56	19.00	1.107	-0.13	2.590	2.866
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.52	19.00	1.117	0.03	2.710	3.027
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	18.52	19.00	1.117	0.18	2.510	2.803
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	7mm	Full	21100	2535	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.05	0.609	0.737
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	12mm	Full	20850	2510	22.91	24.00	1.285	0.09	0.723	0.929
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	20850	2510	22.91	24.00	1.285	-0.07	1.480	1.902
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	7mm	Full	21100	2535	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.03	0.509	0.618
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	12mm	Full	20850	2510	22.02	23.00	1.253	-0.16	0.610	0.764
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	20850	2510	22.02	23.00	1.253	0.1	1.300	1.629



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.18	22.00	1.208	62.9	1.006	0.06	1.090	1.324
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.18	22.00	1.208	62.9	1.006	0.07	2.490	3.026
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	39750	2506	20.92	22.00	1.282	62.9	1.006	-0.09	2.490	3.212
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	40620	2593	21.12	22.00	1.225	62.9	1.006	0.12	2.350	2.895
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.88	22.00	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.100	2.734
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	41490	2680	20.95	22.00	1.274	62.9	1.006	0.08	1.760	2.255
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.18	22.00	1.208	62.9	1.006	0.07	2.240	2.722
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	39750	2506	20.92	22.00	1.282	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.310	2.980
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	40620	2593	21.12	22.00	1.225	62.9	1.006	0.03	2.090	2.575
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.88	22.00	1.294	62.9	1.006	-0.09	1.760	2.291
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	41490	2680	20.95	22.00	1.274	62.9	1.006	0.07	1.350	1.730
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.08	22.00	1.236	62.9	1.006	0.11	1.130	1.405
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.08	22.00	1.236	62.9	1.006	-0.09	2.670	3.320
46	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	39750	2506	20.94	22.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.680	3.441
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	40620	2593	21.07	22.00	1.239	62.9	1.006	-0.05	2.410	3.003
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.88	22.00	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.190	2.851
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	41490	2680	20.91	22.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	-0.13	1.780	2.302
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.08	22.00	1.236	62.9	1.006	0.05	2.320	2.885
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	39750	2506	20.94	22.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	0.05	2.450	3.146
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	40620	2593	21.07	22.00	1.239	62.9	1.006	-0.08	2.170	2.704
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	41055	2636.5	20.88	22.00	1.294	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.780	2.317
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	41490	2680	20.91	22.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.400	1.810
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.07	22.00	1.239	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.660	3.315
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	40185	2549.5	21.07	22.00	1.239	62.9	1.006	0.09	2.280	2.841
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	7mm	Full	40185	2549.5	23.19	24.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.337	0.409
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	12mm	Full	39750	2506	22.94	24.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.388	0.498
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	39750	2506	22.94	24.00	1.276	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.916	1.176
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	7mm	Full	40185	2549.5	22.24	23.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.285	0.342
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	12mm	Full	39750	2506	22.05	23.00	1.245	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.317	0.397
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Full	39750	2506	22.05	23.00	1.245	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.809	1.013

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	-0.11	0.180	0.261
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.06	0.360	0.522
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.17	0.012	0.017
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	-0.03	0.059	0.086
47	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	54	5270	17.58	19.00	1.387	95.68	1.045	0.08	0.470	0.681
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	-0.03	0.387	0.588
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	0.14	0.827	1.258
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	0.1	0.043	0.065
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	-0.09	0.290	0.441
48	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Full	122	5610	17.51	19.00	1.409	92.65	1.079	0.06	1.210	1.840

15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850					GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309		1.000	0.1	1.050	1	1.375
2nd	GSM850					GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	29.83	31.00	1.309		1.000	0.09	1.030	1.019	1.348
1st	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358		1.000	-0.01	1.050	1	1.426
2nd	WCDMA II					RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	19.67	21.00	1.358		1.000	0.07	1.030	1.019	1.399
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233		1.000	0.02	1.170	1	1.443
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	16.59	17.50	1.233		1.000	0.08	1.150	1.017	1.418
1st	WLAN2.4GHz					802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.07	0.865	1	1.101
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz					802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	1	2412	18.50	19.50	1.259	98.96	1.011	0.03	0.861	1.005	1.096

<10g>

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.06	2.290	1	3.176
2nd	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	22.58	24.00	1.387	0.07	2.240	1.022	3.106
1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.02	2.530	1	3.517
2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	20.57	22.00	1.390	0.08	2.500	1.012	3.475
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.43	19.00	1.140	-0.17	2.730	1	3.113
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0mm	Reduced	20850	2510	18.43	19.00	1.140	0.11	2.690	1.015	3.067

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
6.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
7.	WCDMA + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
8.	LTE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	LTE + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
14.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
16.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/ 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
6. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
7. According to the EUT character, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
8. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
9. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.5.

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2	1+4	1+6
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed	Summed	Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.483	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.90	1.06	0.57
		Right Tilted	0.236	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.82	0.87	0.34
		Left Cheek	0.454	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.51	1.19	0.66
		Left Tilted	0.215	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.20	1.28	0.40
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.257	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.67	0.84	0.34
		Right Tilted	0.161	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.75	0.79	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.239	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.30	0.97	0.44
		Left Tilted	0.202	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.19	1.27	0.39
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.450	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.86	1.03	0.53
		Right Tilted	0.240	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.83	0.87	0.35
		Left Cheek	0.417	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.48	1.15	0.62
		Left Tilted	0.203	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.19	1.27	0.39
	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.373	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.79	0.95	0.46
		Right Tilted	0.187	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.77	0.82	0.29
		Left Cheek	0.354	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.41	1.09	0.56
		Left Tilted	0.230	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.22	1.29	0.41
LTE	LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.395	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.81	0.98	0.48
		Right Tilted	0.190	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.78	0.82	0.30
		Left Cheek	0.379	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.44	1.11	0.58
		Left Tilted	0.195	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.18	1.26	0.38
	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.332	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.75	0.91	0.42
		Right Tilted	0.179	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.77	0.81	0.29
		Left Cheek	0.302	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.36	1.04	0.51
		Left Tilted	0.239	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.23	1.30	0.42
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.139	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.55	0.72	0.22
		Right Tilted	0.071	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.66	0.70	0.18
		Left Cheek	0.178	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.24	0.91	0.38
		Left Tilted	0.029	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.02	1.09	0.21
	LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.059	0.414	0.580	0.084	0.47	0.64	0.14
		Right Tilted	0.042	0.587	0.629	0.107	0.63	0.67	0.15
		Left Cheek	0.114	1.060	0.734	0.204	1.17	0.85	0.32
		Left Tilted	0.016	0.988	1.063	0.184	1.00	1.08	0.20



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2	Case No	SPLSR	1+4	Case No	SPLSR	1+6	
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)			Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)			Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)								
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.648	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.35		0.94			0.76	
		Back	1.390	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.49	#01	0.03	2.08	#26	0.02	1.54
		Left side	0.456	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.53			0.47			0.47
		Right side	0.614	0.843	0.212	0.118	1.46			0.83			0.73
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	0.584				0.58			0.58			0.58
	GSM1900	Front	0.911	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.62	#02	0.01	1.20			1.02
		Back	1.234	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.34	#03	0.02	1.92	#27	0.02	1.38
		Left side	0.209	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.28			0.23			0.22
		Right side	0.070	0.843	0.212	0.118	0.91			0.28			0.19
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	1.249				1.25			1.25			1.25
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.545	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.25		0.83			0.66	
		Back	1.230	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.33	#04	0.02	1.92	#28	0.02	1.38
		Left side	0.525	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.60			0.54			0.54
		Right side	0.652	0.843	0.212	0.118	1.50			0.86			0.77
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	0.410				0.41			0.41			0.41
	WCDMA II	Front	1.020	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.72	#05	0.01	1.31			1.13
		Back	1.426	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.53	#06	0.03	2.12	#29	0.02	1.57
		Left side	0.297	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.37			0.31			0.31
		Right side	0.093	0.843	0.212	0.118	0.94			0.31			0.21
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	1.398				1.40			1.40			1.40
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front	0.559	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.26		0.85			0.67	
		Back	1.151	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.25	#07	0.02	1.84	#30	0.02	1.30
		Left side	0.445	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.52			0.46			0.46
		Right side	0.492	0.843	0.212	0.118	1.34			0.70			0.61
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	0.317				0.32			0.32			0.32
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.923	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.63	#08	0.01	1.21			1.03
		Back	1.315	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.42	#09	0.02	2.00	#31	0.02	1.46
		Left side	0.249	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.32			0.27			0.26
		Right side	0.075	0.843	0.212	0.118	0.92			0.29			0.19
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	1.357				1.36			1.36			1.36
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.664	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.37		0.95				0.78
		Back	1.443	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.54	#10	0.03	2.13	#32	0.02	1.59
		Left side	0.049	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.12			0.07			0.06
		Right side	0.058	0.843	0.212	0.118	0.90			0.27			0.18
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	1.326				1.33			1.33			1.33
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.472	0.704	0.288	0.111	1.18		0.76				0.58
		Back	1.319	1.101	0.689	0.147	2.42	#11	0.02	2.01	#33	0.02	1.47
		Left side	0.049	0.070	0.016	0.010	0.12			0.07			0.06
		Right side	0.056	0.843	0.212	0.118	0.90			0.27			0.17
		Top side		0.834	0.874	0.138	0.83			0.87			0.14
		Bottom side	1.401				1.40			1.40			1.40



16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	4	6	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR	1+6 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
		WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)								
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.648	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.35			0.90			0.76
		Back	1.390	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.49	#01	0.03	2.48	#12	0.03	1.54
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.306				1.31			1.31			1.31
	GSM1900	Front	0.911	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.62	#02	0.01	1.16			1.02
		Back	1.234	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.34	#03	0.02	2.33	#13	0.02	1.38
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.180				1.18			1.18			1.18
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.545	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.25			0.80			0.66
		Back	1.230	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.33	#04	0.02	2.32	#14	0.03	1.38
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.157				1.16			1.16			1.16
	WCDMA II	Front	1.020	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.72	#05	0.01	1.27			1.13
		Back	1.426	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.53	#06	0.03	2.52	#15	0.03	1.57
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.358				1.36			1.36			1.36
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front	0.559	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.26			0.81			0.67
		Back	1.151	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.25	#07	0.02	2.25	#16	0.02	1.30
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.923	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.63	#08	0.01	1.17			1.03
		Back	1.315	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.42	#09	0.02	2.41	#17	0.02	1.46
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.196				1.20			1.20			1.20
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.664	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.37			0.91			0.78
		Back	1.443	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.54	#10	0.03	2.54	#18	0.03	1.59
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.406				1.41			1.41			1.41
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.472	0.704	0.250	0.111	1.18			0.72			0.58
		Back	1.319	1.101	1.094	0.147	2.42	#11	0.02	2.41	#19	0.02	1.47
		Front with Headset					0.00			0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.196				1.20			1.20			1.20

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	4	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	5GHz WLAN	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850	Front at 13mm	0.415	0.318	0.42
		Back at 19mm	0.437	0.452	0.44
	GSM1900	Front at 13mm	0.674	0.318	0.67
		Back at 19mm	0.439	0.452	0.44
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front at 13mm	0.453	0.318	0.45
		Back at 19mm	0.390	0.452	0.39
	WCDMA II	Front at 13mm	0.738	0.318	0.74
		Back at 19mm	0.299	0.452	0.30
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front at 13mm	0.348	0.318	0.35
		Back at 19mm	0.391	0.452	0.39
	LTE Band 2	Front at 13mm	0.563	0.318	0.56
		Back at 19mm	0.351	0.452	0.35
	LTE Band 7	Front at 13mm	0.678	0.318	0.68
		Back at 19mm	0.783	0.452	0.78
	LTE Band 41	Front at 13mm	0.438	0.318	0.44
		Back at 19mm	0.547	0.452	0.55



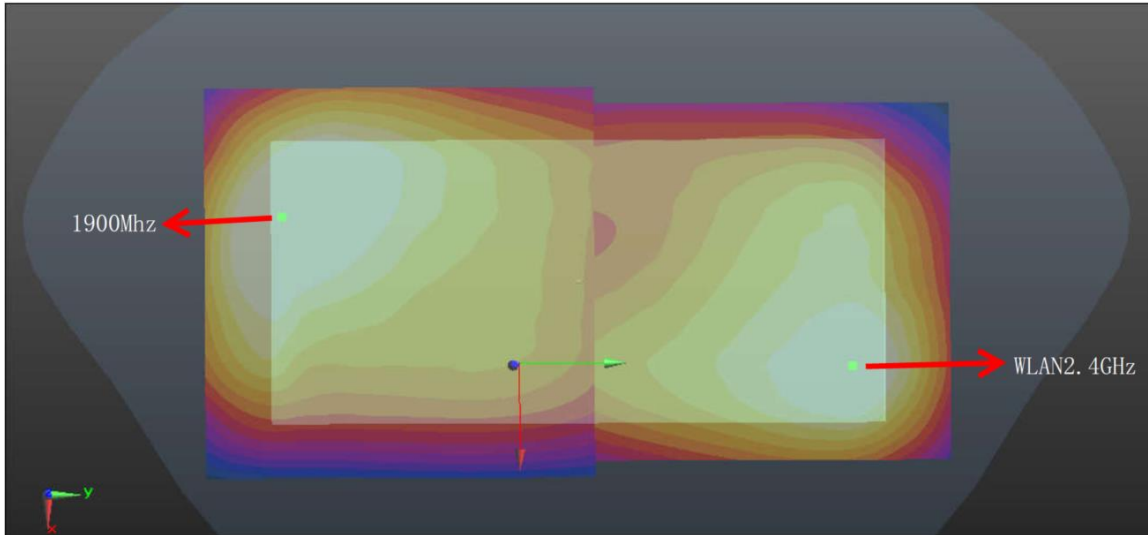
16.4 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	4	1+4 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	Case No	SPLSR
			WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg)	5GHz WLAN 10g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front		0.588	0.59		
		Back	1.995	1.258	3.25		
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
		Top side		1.840	1.84		
	Bottom side			0.00			
	GSM1900	Front	1.663	0.588	2.25		
		Back	2.313	1.258	3.57		
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
Top side			1.840	1.84			
Bottom side	2.974		2.97				
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front		0.588	0.59		
		Back	2.887	1.258	4.15	# 20	0.06
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
		Top side		1.840	1.84		
	Bottom side			0.00			
	WCDMA II	Front	1.915	0.588	2.50		
		Back	3.111	1.258	4.37	# 21	0.06
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
Top side			1.840	1.84			
Bottom side	3.513		3.51				
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front		0.588	0.59		
		Back	3.176	1.258	4.43	# 22	0.06
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
		Top side		1.840	1.84		
	Bottom side			0.00			
	LTE Band 2	Front	1.846	0.588	2.43		
		Back	2.722	1.258	3.98		
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
		Top side		1.840	1.84		
	Bottom side	3.517		3.52			
	LTE Band 7	Front	1.311	0.588	1.90		
		Back	3.113	1.258	4.37	# 24	0.06
		Left side		0.065	0.07		
		Right side		0.441	0.44		
		Top side		1.840	1.84		
	Bottom side	3.056		3.06			
	LTE Band 41	Front	1.405	0.588	1.99		
		Back	3.441	1.258	4.70	# 25	0.07
Left side			0.065	0.07			
Right side			0.441	0.44			
Top side			1.840	1.84			
Bottom side	3.146		3.15				

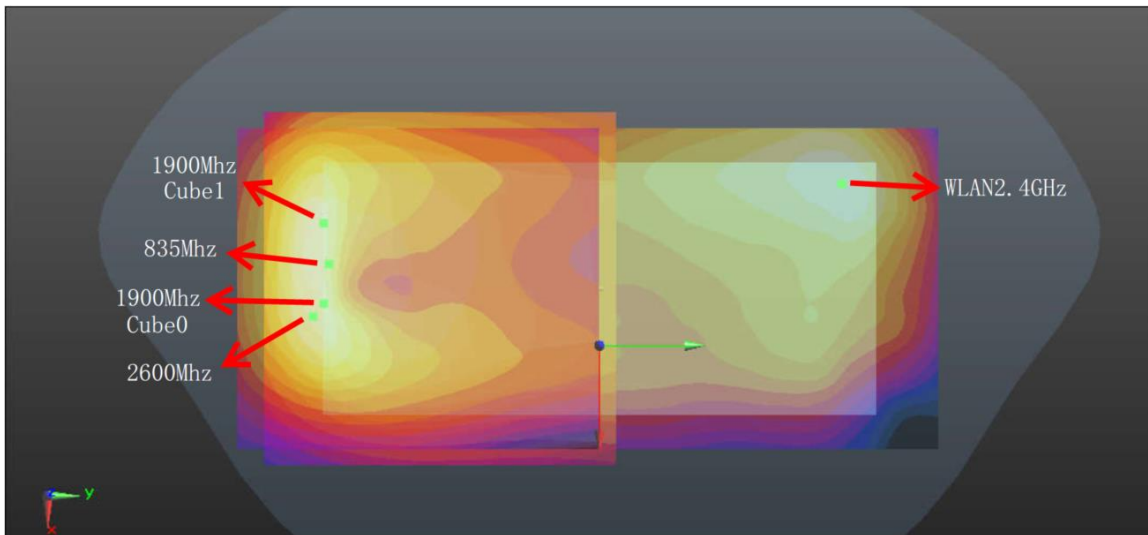
16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

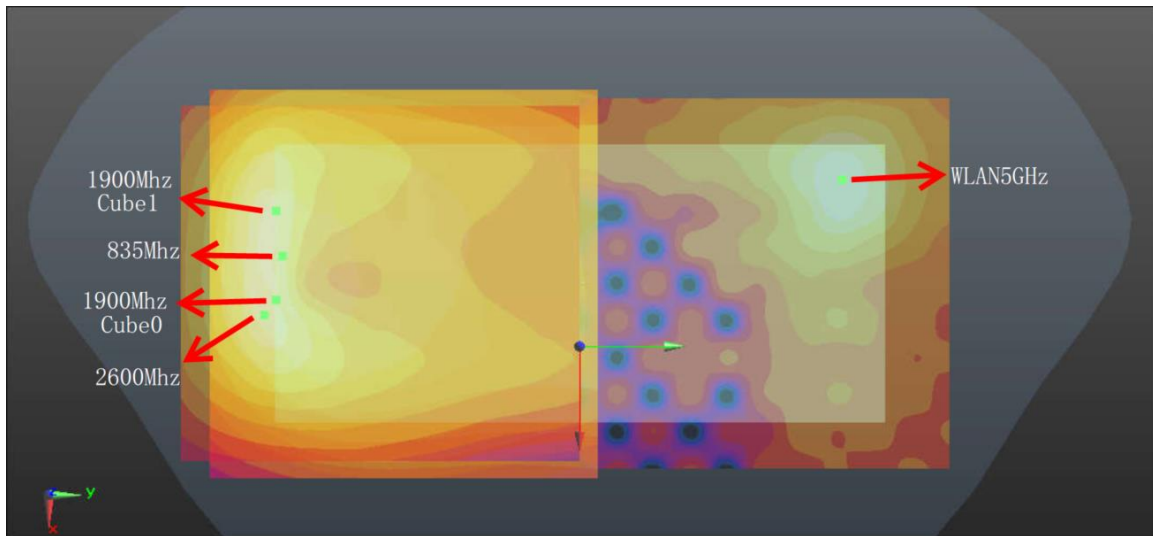
1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. We always chose the highest summed SAR and the worst distance base on cube 0 and cube 1 to do SPLSR analysis.
3. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



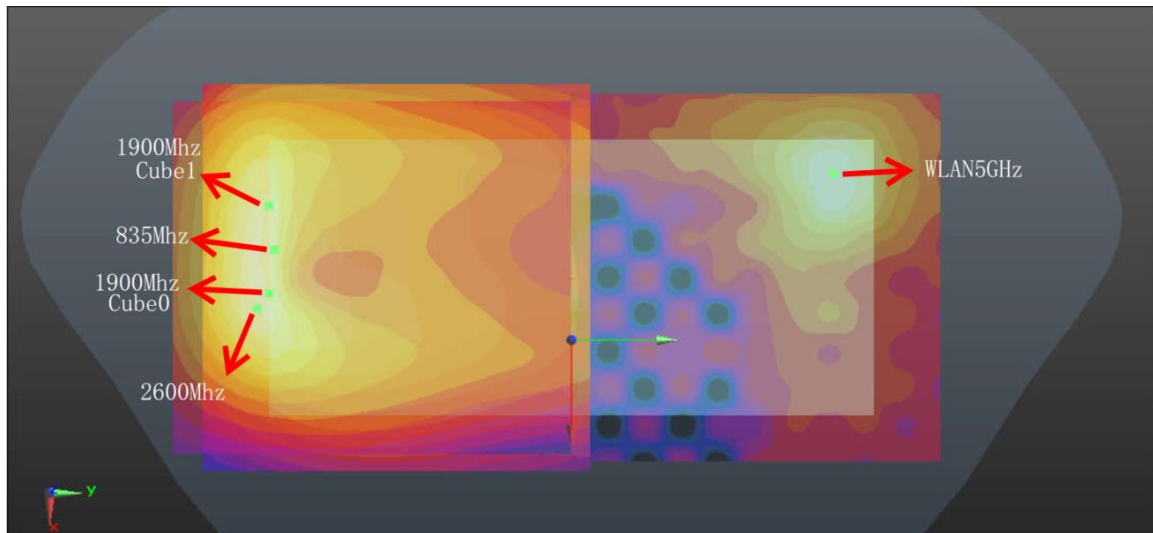
Front for WWAN+WLAN2.4GHz_5mm



Back for WWAN+WLAN2.4GHz_5mm



Back for WWAN+WLAN5GHz_5mm



Back for WWAN+WLAN5GHz_0mm



WWAN+2.4G_Hotspot&Body-worn

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case01	GSM850	Back	1.39	5	-0.0245	-0.0805	-0.205	154.5	2.49	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 02	GSM1900	Front	0.911	5	-0.0395	-0.0805	-0.206	161.6	1.62	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.704	5	0.0058	0.0746	-0.206				
Case 03	GSM1900	Back	1.234	5	-0.011	-0.0805	-0.206	157.2	2.34	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 04	WCDMA V	Back	1.23	5	-0.015	-0.067	-0.206	143.1	2.33	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 05	WCDMA II	Front	1.02	5	-0.035	-0.079	-0.206	158.9	1.72	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.704	5	0.0058	0.0746	-0.206				
Case 06	WCDMA II Cube 0	Back	1.426	5	-0.0285	-0.082	-0.206	155.5	2.53	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 07	LTE Band 26	Back	1.151	5	-0.0205	-0.075	-0.205	149.8	2.25	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 08	LTE Band 2	Front	0.923	5	-0.0365	-0.0795	-0.206	159.8	1.63	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.704	5	0.0058	0.0746	-0.206				
Case 09	LTE Band 2	Back	1.315	5	-0.0205	-0.081	-0.206	155.7	2.42	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 10	LTE Band 7	Back	1.443	5	-0.011	-0.0852	-0.206	161.7	2.54	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				
Case 11	LTE Band 41	Back	1.319	5	-0.0074	-0.0792	-0.206	156.8	2.42	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.101	5	-0.0482	0.0722	-0.206				



WWAN+5G_Hotspot											
Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 26	GSM850	Back	1.39	5	-0.0245	-0.0805	-0.205	160.9	2.08	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 27	GSM1900	Back	1.234	5	-0.011	-0.0805	-0.206	164.1	1.92	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 28	WCDMA V	Back	1.23	5	-0.015	-0.067	-0.206	150.0	1.92	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 29	WCDMA II Cube 0	Back	1.426	5	-0.0285	-0.082	-0.206	161.6	2.12	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 30	LTE Band 26	Back	1.151	5	-0.0205	-0.075	-0.205	156.4	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 31	LTE Band 2	Back	1.315	5	-0.0205	-0.081	-0.206	162.2	2.00	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 32	LTE Band 7	Back	1.443	5	-0.011	-0.0852	-0.206	168.6	2.13	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				
Case 33	LTE Band 41	Back	1.319	5	-0.0074	-0.0792	-0.206	163.9	2.01	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.689	5	-0.057	0.077	-0.209				



WWAN+5G_Body-worn											
Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 12	GSM850	Back	1.39	5	-0.0245	-0.0805	-0.205	153.5	2.48	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 13	GSM1900	Back	1.234	5	-0.011	-0.0805	-0.206	155.6	2.33	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 14	WCDMA V	Back	1.23	5	-0.015	-0.067	-0.206	141.6	2.32	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 15	WCDMA II Cube 0	Back	1.426	5	-0.0285	-0.082	-0.206	154.6	2.52	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 16	LTE Band 26	Back	1.151	5	-0.0205	-0.075	-0.205	148.6	2.25	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 17	LTE Band 2	Back	1.315	5	-0.0205	-0.081	-0.206	154.5	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 18	LTE Band 7	Back	1.443	5	-0.011	-0.0852	-0.206	160.2	2.54	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				
Case 19	LTE Band 41	Back	1.319	5	-0.0074	-0.0792	-0.206	155.1	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.094	5	-0.042	0.072	-0.208				



WWAN+5G_Extremity SAR											
Case No	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 20	WCDMA V	Back	2.887	0	-0.0365	-0.0805	-0.205	147.0	4.15	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.258	0	-0.049	0.066	-0.207				
Case 21	WCDMA II Cube 0	Back	3.111	0	-0.023	-0.082	-0.205	150.3	4.37	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.258	0	-0.049	0.066	-0.207				
Case 22	LTE Band 26	Back	3.176	0	-0.0275	-0.0805	-0.205	148.1	4.43	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.258	0	-0.049	0.066	-0.207				
Case 24	LTE Band 7	Back	3.113	0	-0.0062	-0.0756	-0.206	147.9	4.37	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.258	0	-0.049	0.066	-0.207				
Case 25	LTE Band 41	Back	3.441	0	-0.0086	-0.0828	-0.205	154.2	4.70	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.258	0	-0.049	0.066	-0.207				

Test Engineer : Changlin Huang, Bin He, Mengming Dai



17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers”, Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_201121 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.227$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.92 W/kg

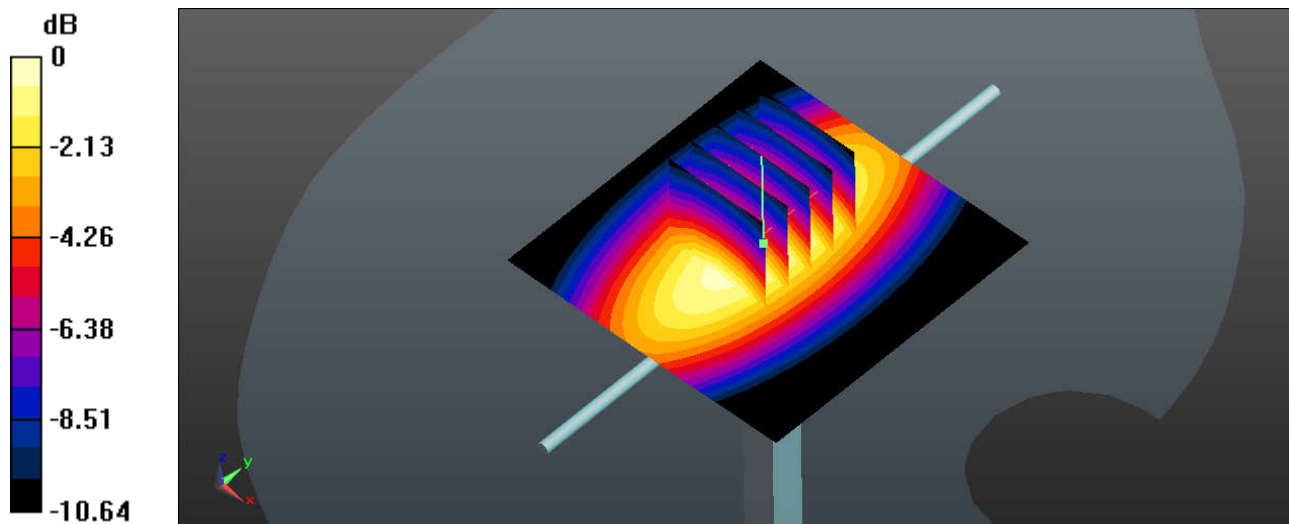
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



0 dB = 2.95 W/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_201125 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.524$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

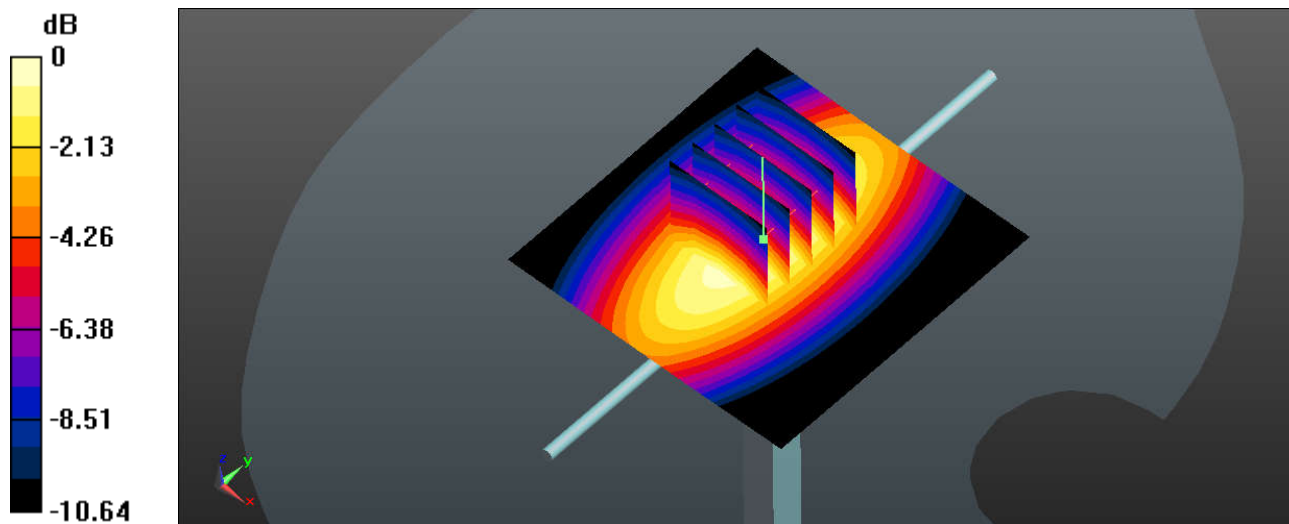
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.91 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



0 dB = 2.95 W/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_201122 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.453$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.107$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.7 W/kg

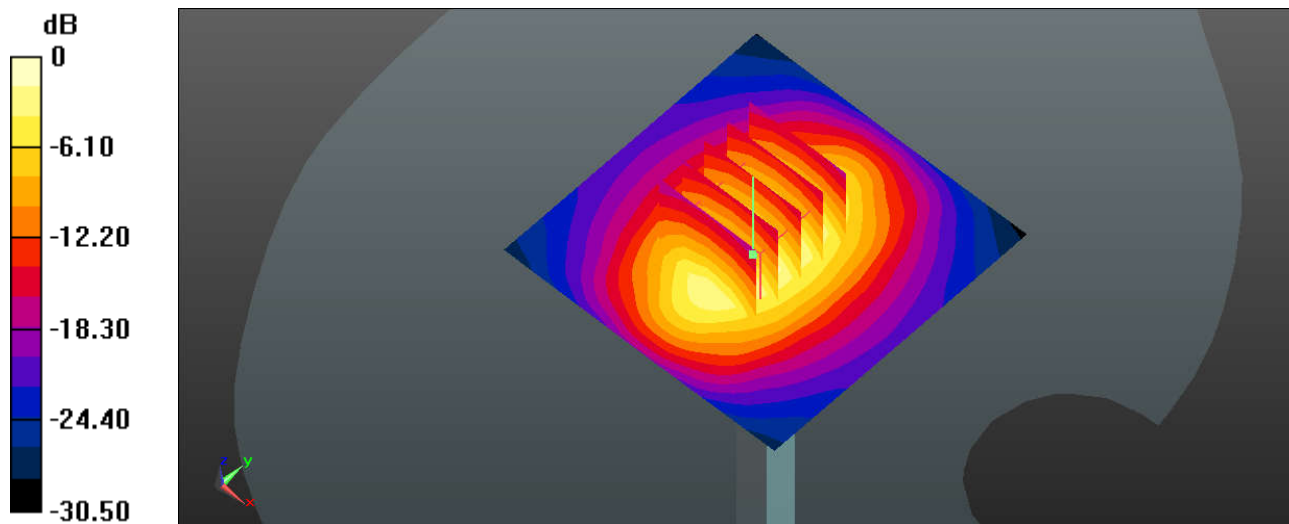
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.4 W/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_201127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.035$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.8 W/kg

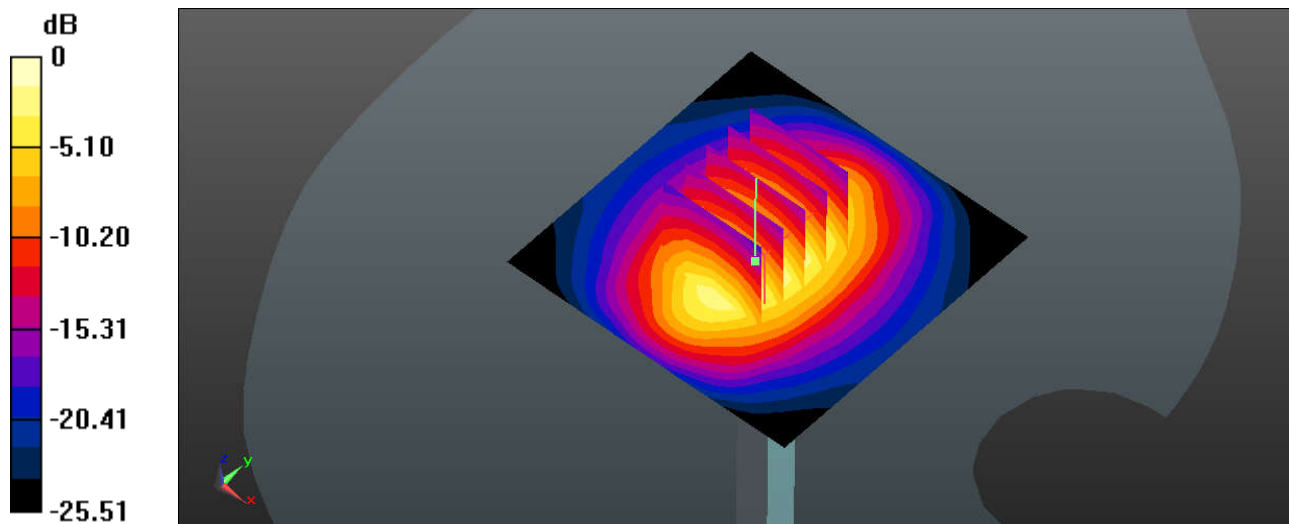
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

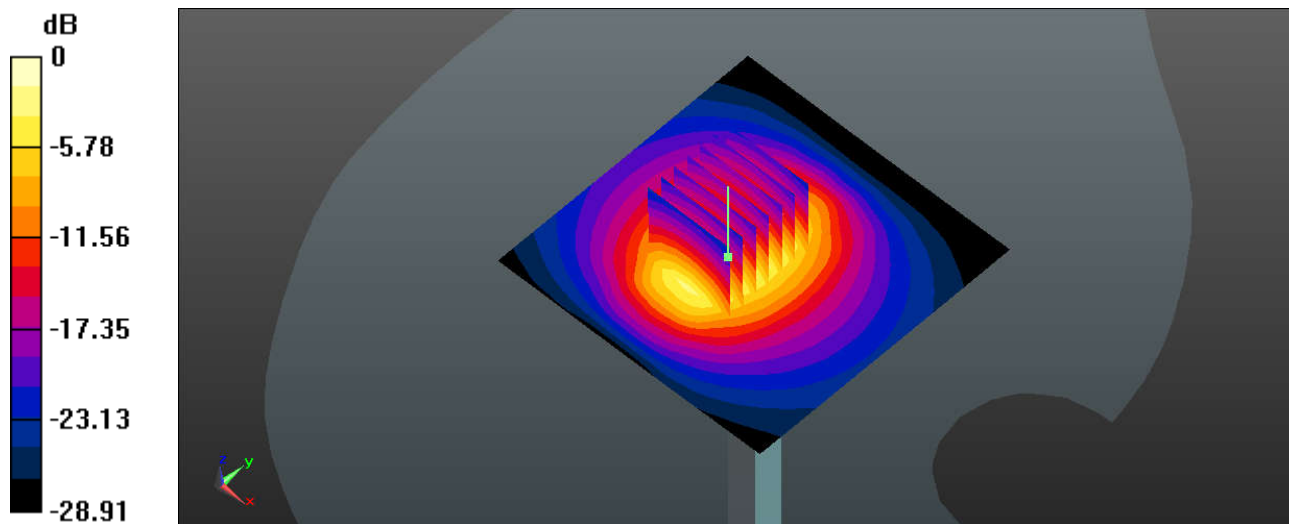
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_201126 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.807$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.921$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



0 dB = 18.4 W/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_201128 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.829$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.081$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

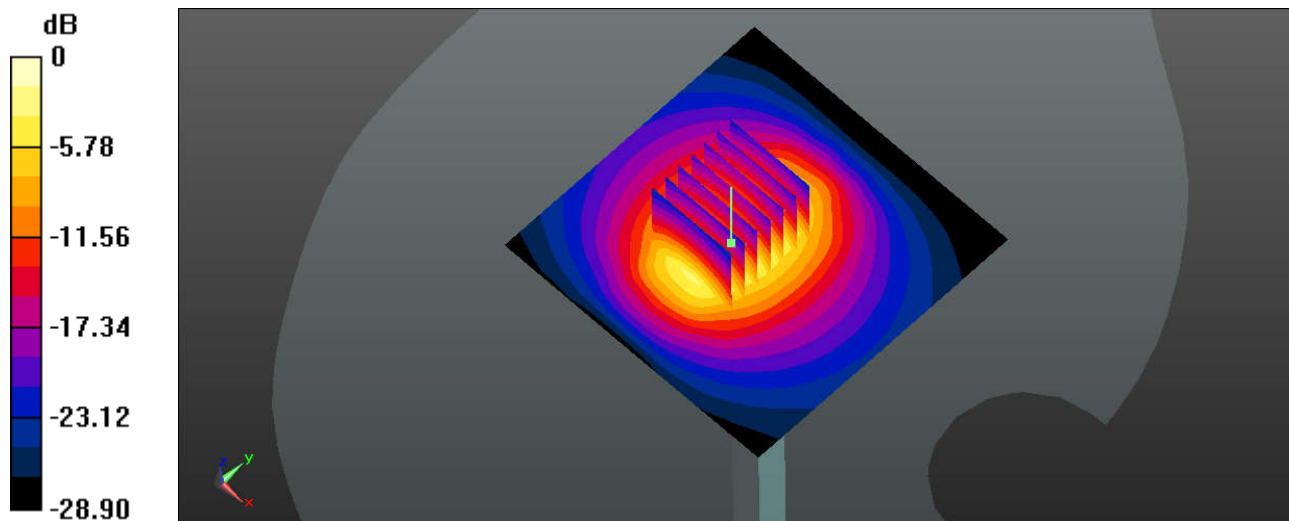
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_201124 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.053$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.335$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

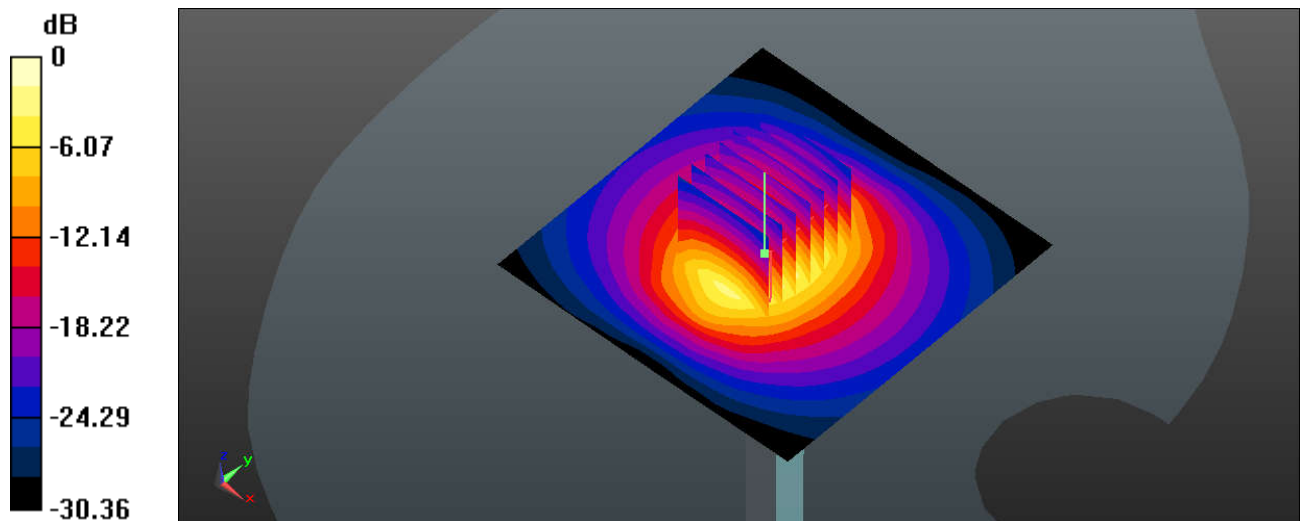
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 15.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.84 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

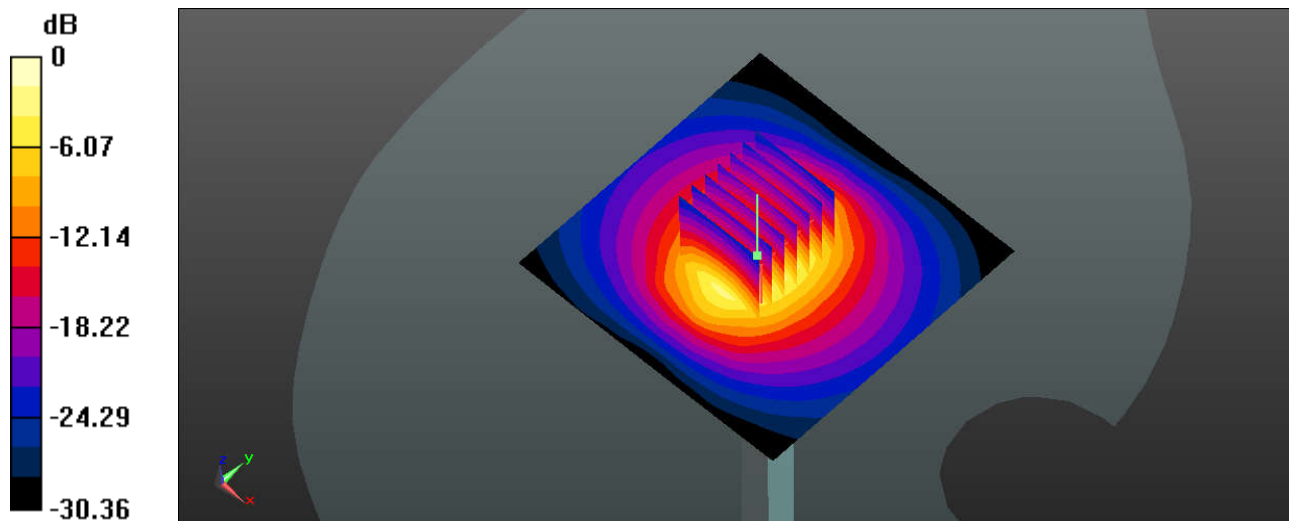
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_201129 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.048$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.326$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 105.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 15.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

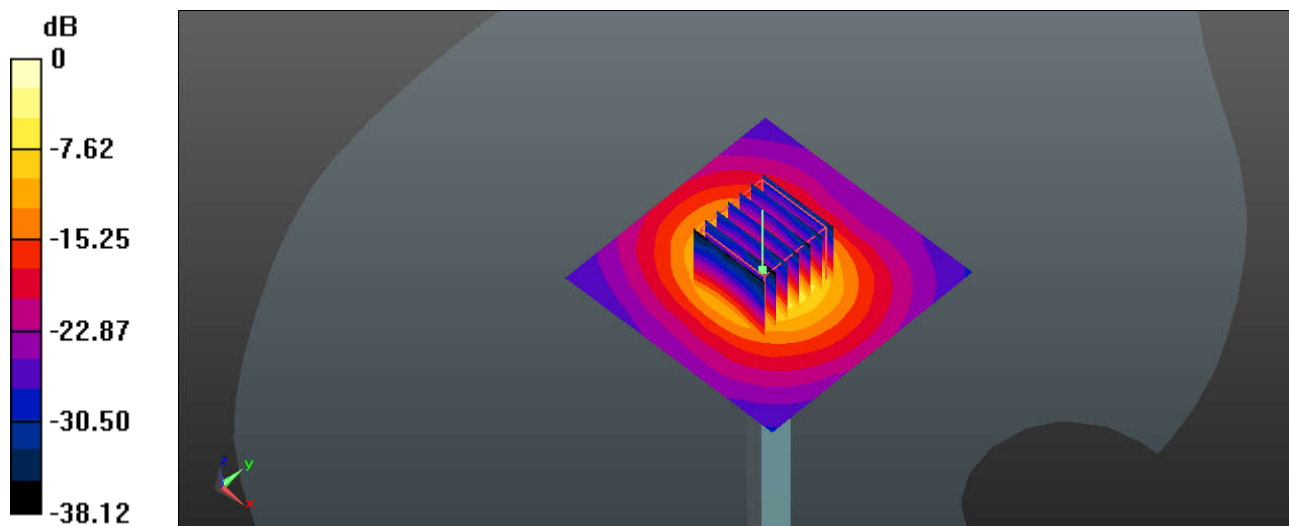
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5250_201124 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.248$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 72.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

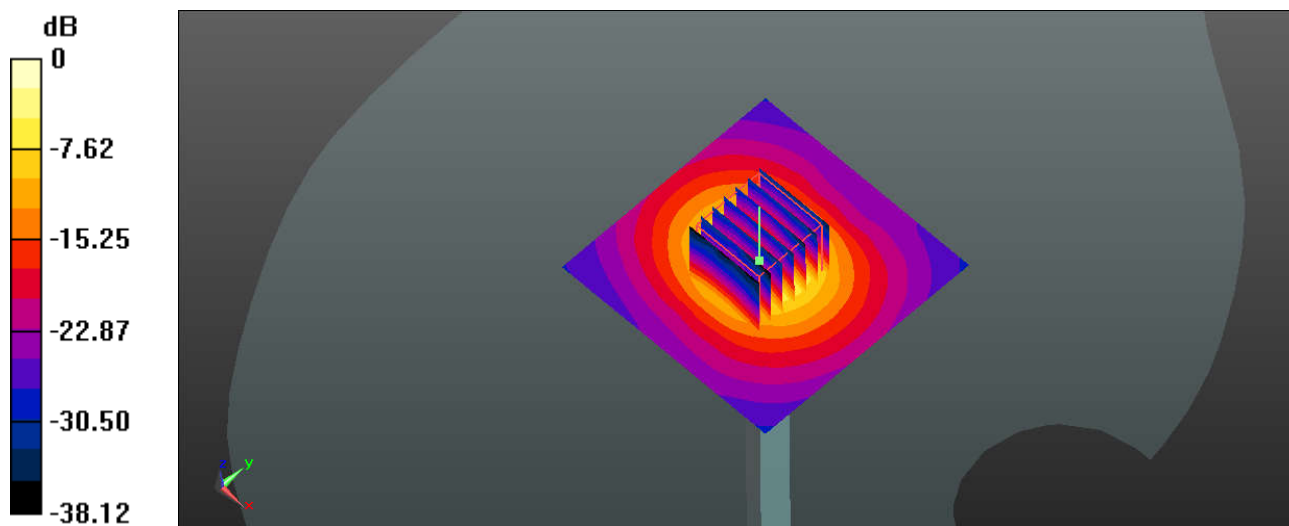
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5250_201129 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.673$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.938$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 72.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

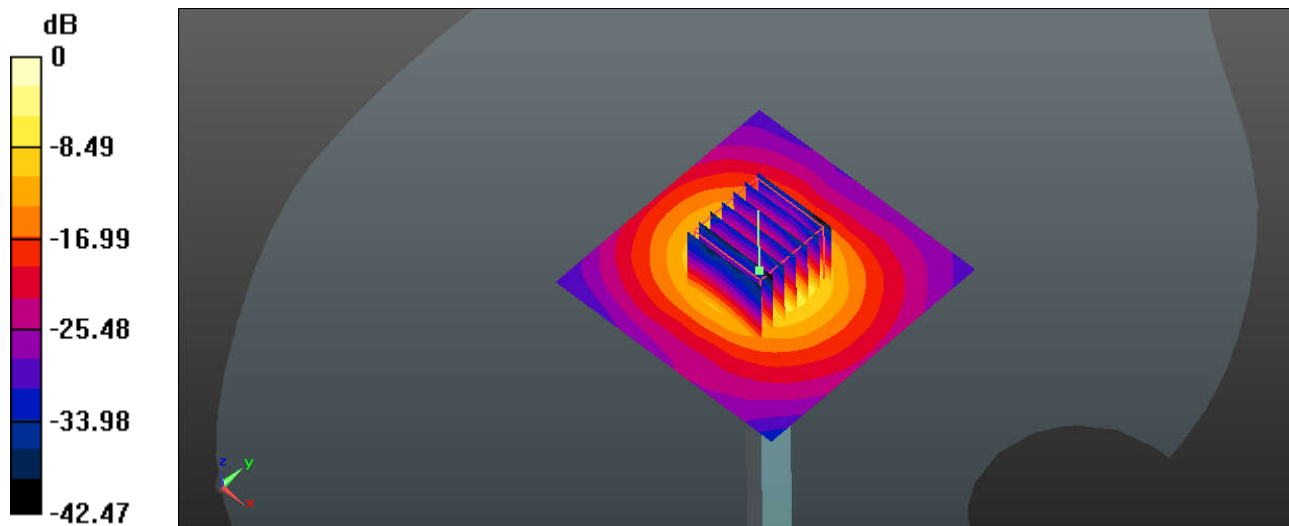
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5600_201126 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.848$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.767$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 70.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5600_201130 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.08$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.374$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

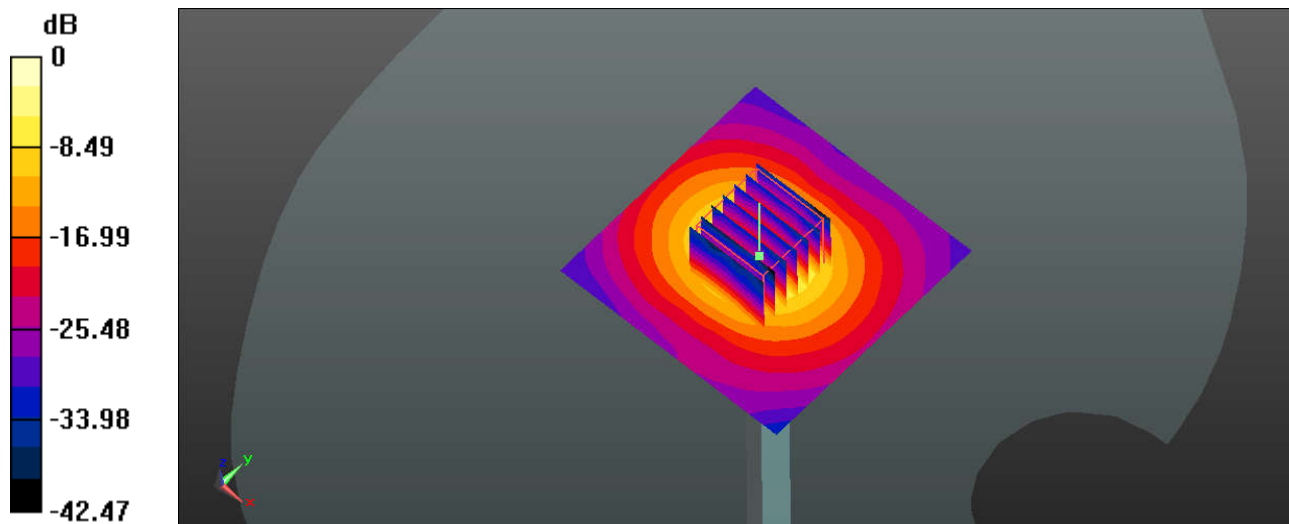
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



0 dB = 22.3 W/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5750_201127 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.007$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.565$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

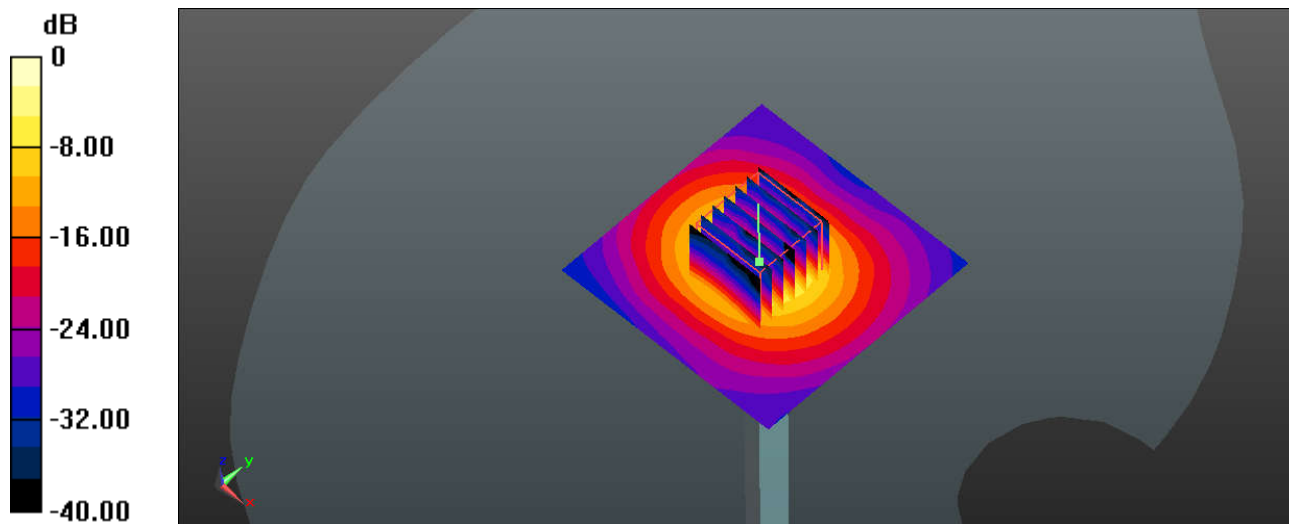
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1167

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5750_201201 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.25$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.137$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7577; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2020.09.30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn715; Calibrated: 2020.07.27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.0 W/kg

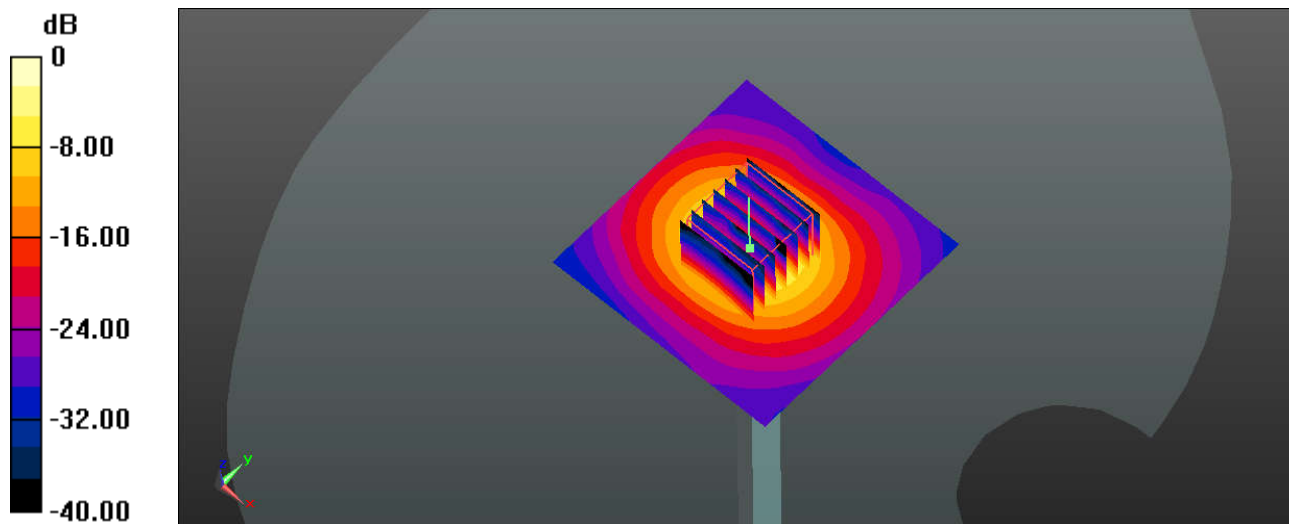
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg





Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Right Check_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: HSL_835_201125 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.373$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.408 W/kg

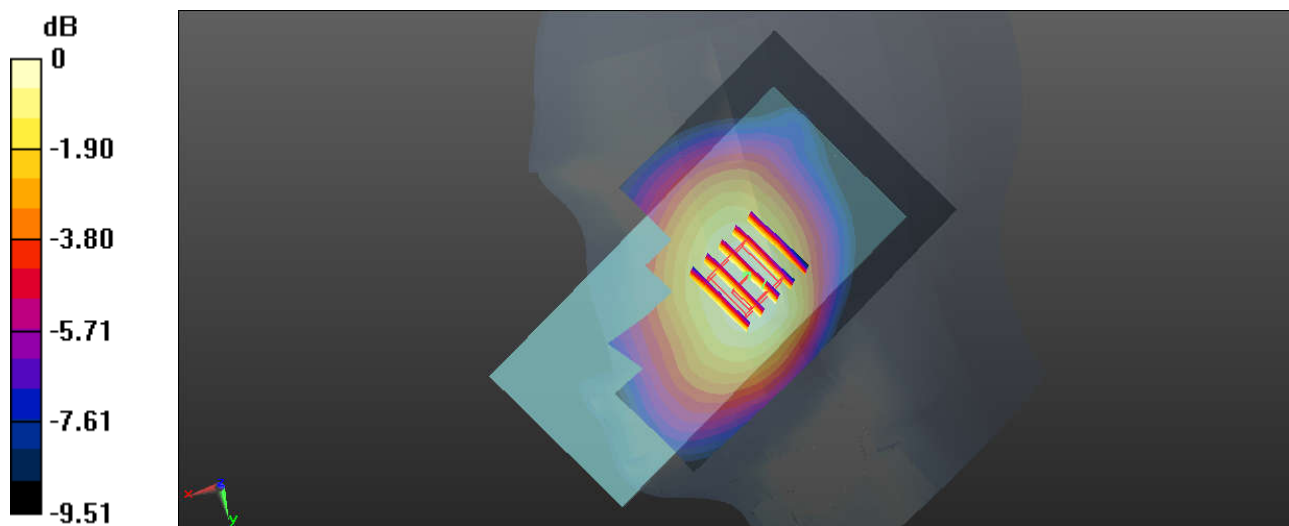
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.262 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.401 W/kg



0 dB = 0.401 W/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch661

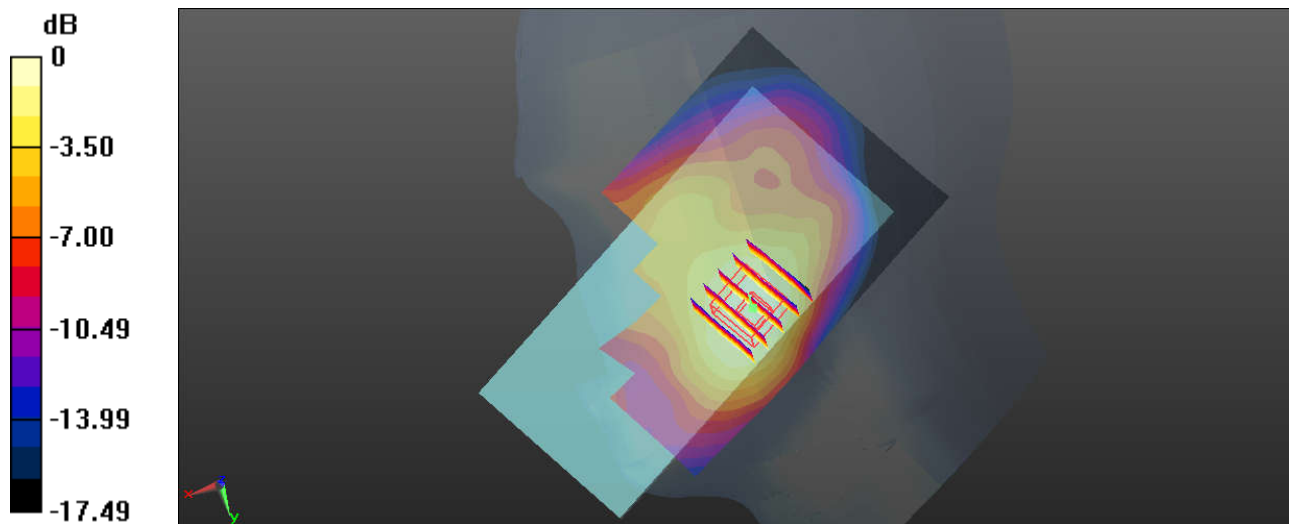
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
 Medium: HSL_1900_201127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.447$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.051$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.215 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 4.231 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.286 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 W/kg



0 dB = 0.219 W/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch4132

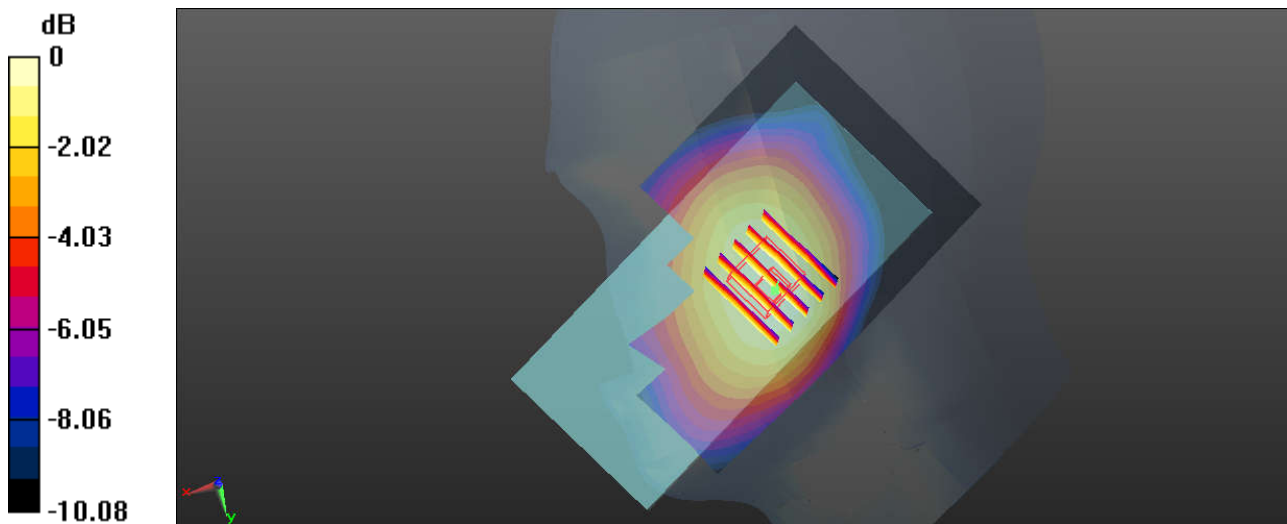
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: HSL_835_201125 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.371 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 6.566 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



0 dB = 0.369 W/kg

04_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9538

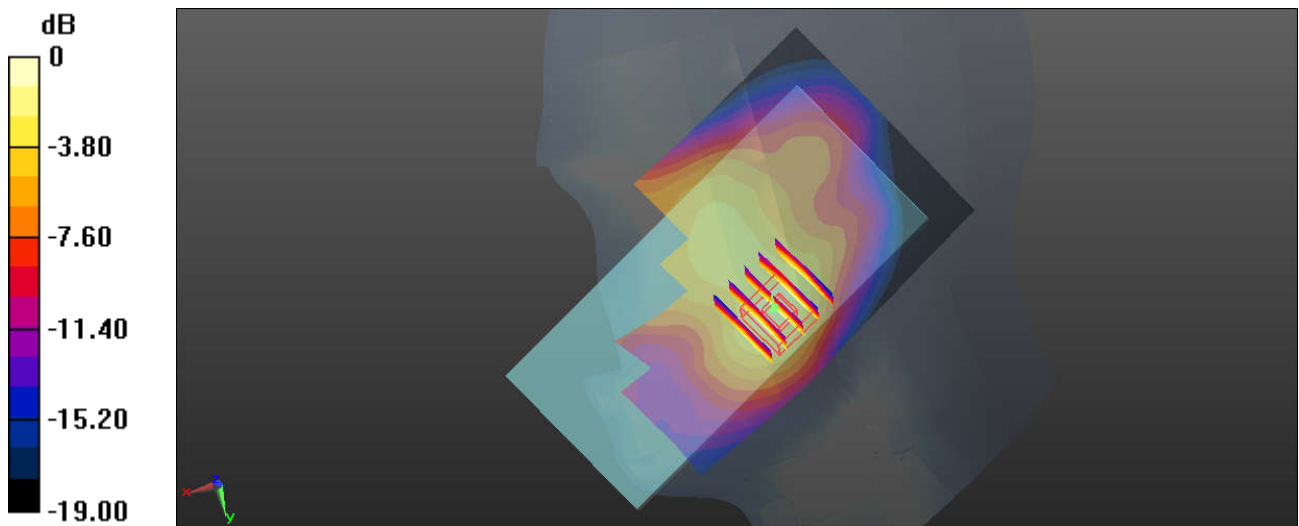
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: HSL_1900_201127 Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.464$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.028$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.209 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 4.839 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.277 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 W/kg



0 dB = 0.319 W/kg

05_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_37offset_Right Cheek_Ch26965

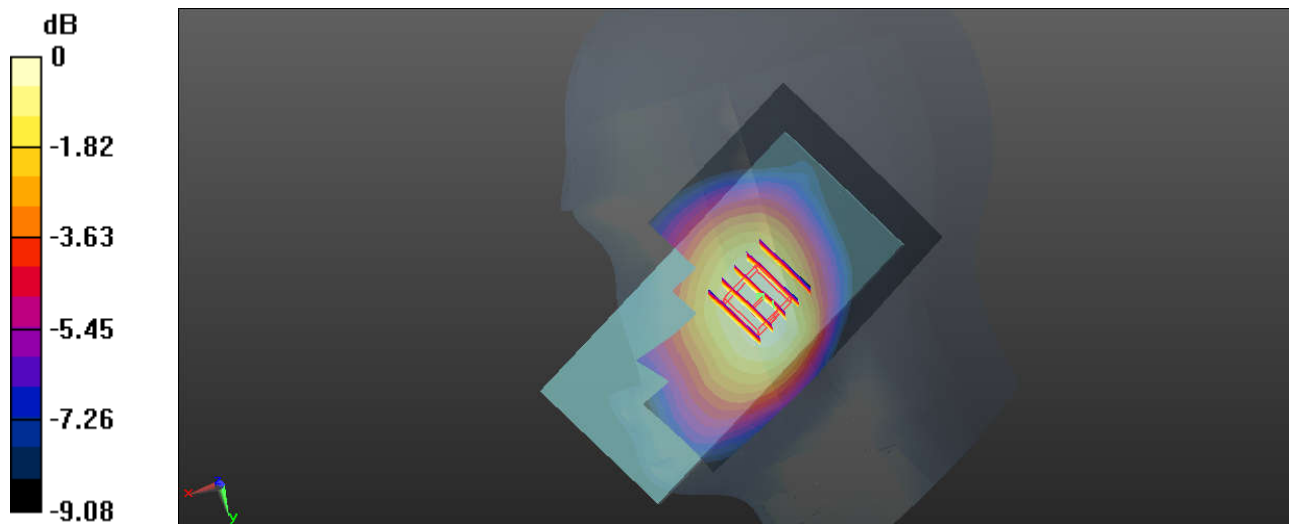
Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 841.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_201125 Medium parameters used: $f = 841.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.924$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.463$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3241; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2020.05.14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1226; Calibrated: 2020.05.15
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1575
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch26965/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.343 W/kg

Ch26965/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.444 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.383 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 W/kg



0 dB = 0.334 W/kg