HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID	:	**IHDT56ZL1**
Equipment	:	**Mobile Cellular Phone**
Brand Name	:	**Motorola**
T-Rating	:	**T3**
Applicant	:	**Motorola Mobility LLC 222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago,IL60654 USA**
Manufacturer	:	**Motorola Mobility LLC 222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago,IL60654 USA**
Standard	:	**FCC 47 CFR §20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011**

The product was received on Feb. 09, 2021 and testing was started from Feb. 19, 2021 and completed on Feb. 23, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

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Table of Contents

1. Attestation of Test Results 4
2. General Information 5
3. Testing Location 6
4. Applied Standards 6
5. Air Interface and Operating Mode 7
6. Measurement standards for T-Coil 8
6.1 Frequency Response 8
6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories 8
7. T-Coil Test Procedure 9
7.1 Test Flow Chart 10
7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE 11
7.3 Description of EUT Test Position 13
8. Test Equipment List 14
9. VoNR evaluation 15
10. Uncertainty Assessment 17
11. References 18

Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement
Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate
Appendix C. Test Setup Photos

History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA112915-03B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 06, 2021
HA112915-03B	Rev. 02	Update section 1, 5 and 9.	Aug. 26, 2021

1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity
VoNR	n12	T3	Pass	Pass
	n2/25	T3	Pass	Pass
	n5/26	T3	Pass	Pass
	n30	T3	Pass	Pass
	n41	T3	Pass	Pass
	n66	T3	Pass	Pass
	n71	T3	Pass	Pass
	n77/78	T3	Pass	Pass
Date Tested	2021/2/19 ~ 2021/2/23			

The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang
Report Producer: Paula Chen

2. General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
FCC ID	IHDT56ZL1
HW Version	DVT
SW Version	RRE31.37
S / N	NDZT230213
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 14: 788 MHz ~ 798 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz 5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n12 : 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz 5G NR n25 : 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz 5G NR n26 : 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n30 : 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz 5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n71 : 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n77 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78 : 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
General Note: 1. Based on original report FCC ID: IHDT56ZL1 report no.: HA112915B to enable VoNR function.	

3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: **SAR04-HY**

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r04

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	GSM850	VO	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	GSM1900			WLAN, BT		No
	EDGE850	VD	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	Google Duo(1)	No
	EDGE1900			WLAN, BT		
UMTS	Band II	VO	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band IV			WLAN, BT		No
	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	Google Duo(1)	No
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT		No
	BC10			WLAN, BT		No
	EVDO	VD	Yes(3)	WLAN, BT	Google Duo(1)	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	Yes(3)	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo(1)	No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 38	VD	Yes(3)	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo(1)	No
	Band 41			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 48			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
5G NR	n2	VD	Yes(3)	LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR / Google Duo(1)	No
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n12			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n25			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n26			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n30			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n41			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n78			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	Yes(3)	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,5G WLAN	VoWiFi(1) / Google Duo(1)	No
	5200	VD	Yes(3)	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT		No
	5300			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT		No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT		No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR,2.4G WLAN, BT		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR, 5G WLAN	NA	No

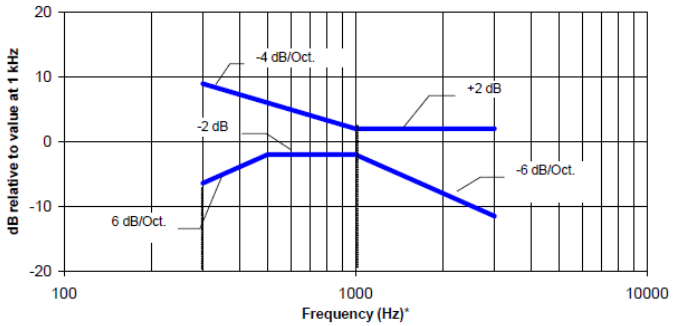
Type Transport:
VO= Voice only
DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)
VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:
1. For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of −20 dBm0 should be used.
2. The device have similar frequency in some bands: NR Band 2/25, 5/26, 77/78, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller bands are completely cover by the larger bands, therefore, only larger bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.
3. These were tested in the original certification, granted on 04/22/2021, and the rating is T3.
4. The manufacturer enables VoNR via software and wants to certify this via C2PC application, this test report provides the test results for VoNR.

6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

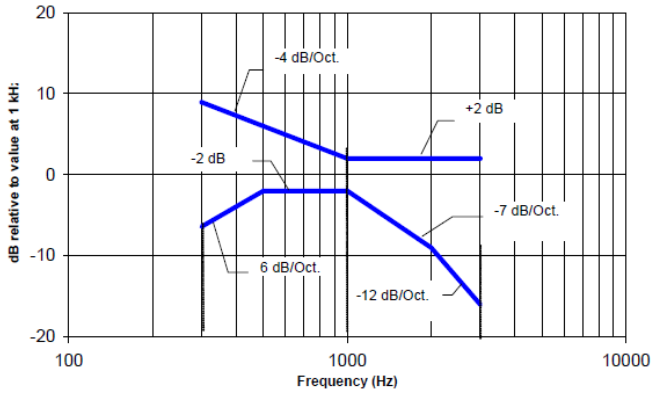
6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.
Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≦-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.
The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

7.1 Test Flow Chart

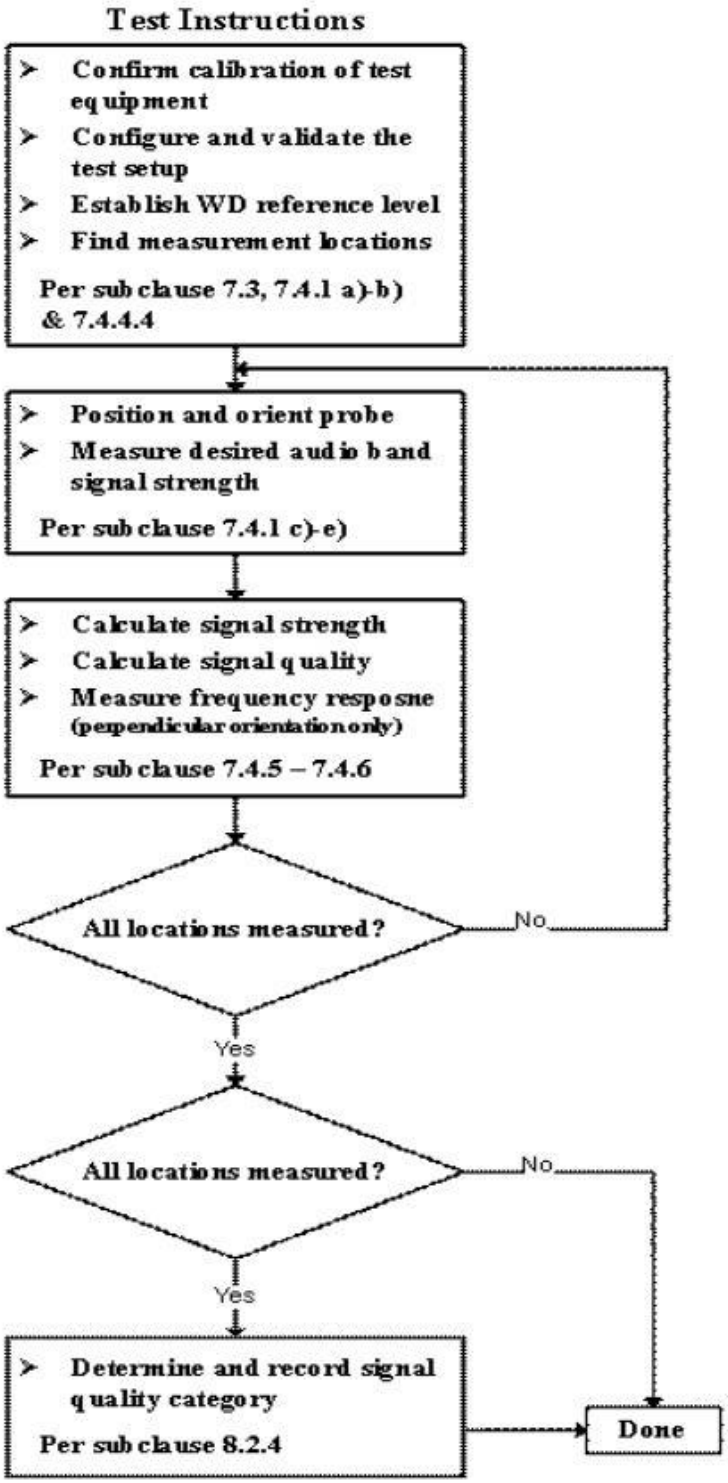
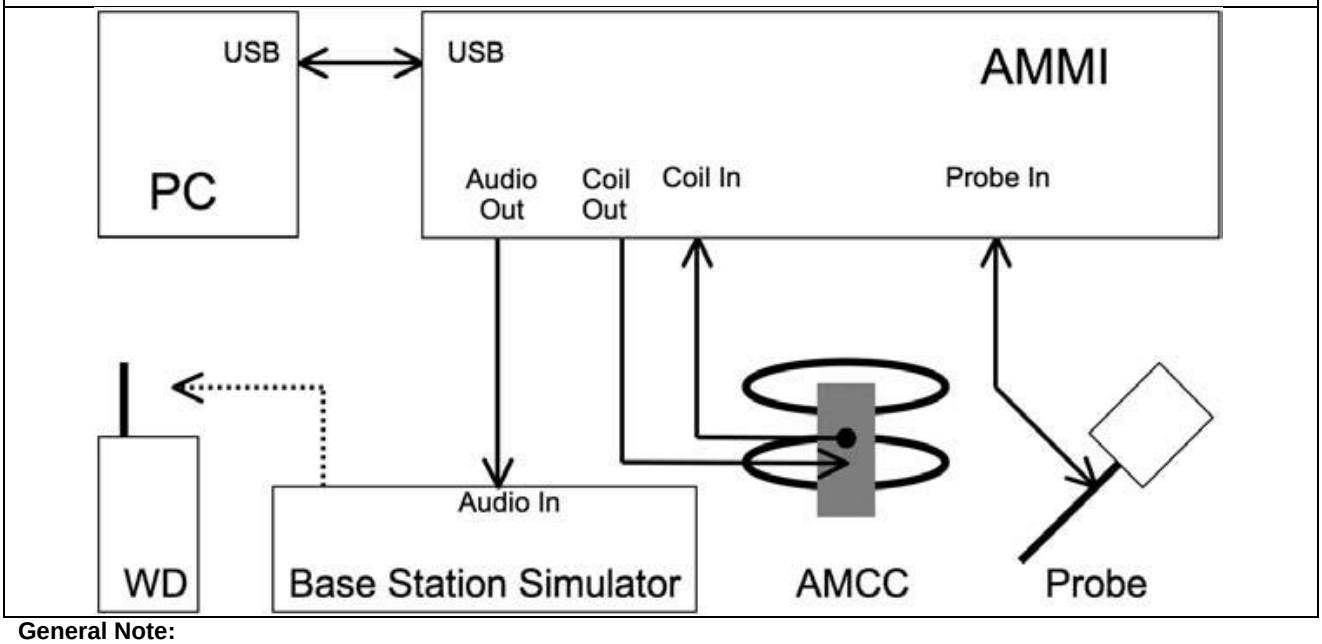


Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE

Test Setup for GSM / CDMA / VoLTE



General Note:

1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
   - GSM input level: -16dBm0
   - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
   - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
   - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals — including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
5. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE when the device during the IMS connection.

<Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to-RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine	---	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
		-2.47	3.14
10	20	-19.85	-14.24
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	**Duration (s)**	**Peak to RMS (dB)**	**RMS (dB)**	**Gain Factor**	**Gain Setting**
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

7.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

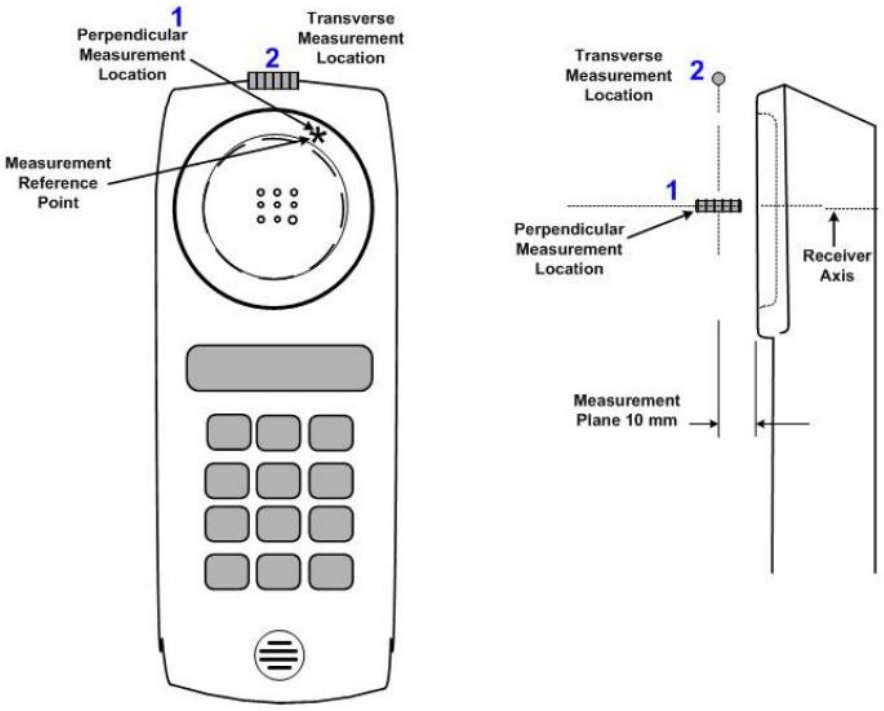


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 26, 2020	Nov. 25, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	915	Jun. 22, 2020	Jun. 21, 2021
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Aug. 28, 2020	Aug. 27, 2021
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

Note:
1. NCR: “No-Calibration Required”

9. VoNR evaluation

General Notes:

1. Based on original report FCC ID: IHDT56ZL1 report no.: HA112915B (original certification grant date 04/22/2021) to enable VoNR function, for the test results below were based on original VoLTE ABM1 to additional VoNR AMB2 testing according KDB 285076 D03.
2. According to KDB 285076 D03, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).
3. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
4. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
5. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
6. Document in the test report matrix:
   a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
   b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
      i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
      ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
      iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
   c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
01	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	-7.02	-45.55	38.53	-	T4	-50.33	0.16	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-15.39	-46.22	30.83	-	T4	-50.26		
	FR1 N12	15M	BPSK	1	1	141500	Axial (Z)	-7.02	-47.54	40.52	37.52	T4	-50.37		
							Transversal (Y)	-15.39	-46.67	31.28	28.28	T3	-50.22		
02	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	-12.21	-46.65	34.44	-	T4	-50.36	0.02	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-15.61	-46.25	30.64	-	T4	-50.23		
	FR1 N25	40M	BPSK	1	1	376500	Axial (Z)	-12.21	-44.38	32.17	29.17	T3	-50.35		
							Transversal (Y)	-15.61	-48.04	32.43	29.43	T3	-50.24		
03	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	-10.74	-48.70	37.96	-	T4	-50.38	0.22	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-16.35	-47.19	30.84	-	T4	-50.24		
	FR1 N26	20M	BPSK	1	1	166300	Axial (Z)	-1.74	-47.61	45.87	42.87	T4	-50.32		
							Transversal (Y)	-16.35	-47.28	30.93	27.93	T3	-50.26		
04	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	-8.80	-46.70	37.90	-	T4	-50.37	0.08	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-16.75	-46.91	30.16	-	T4	-50.21		
	FR1 N30	10M	BPSK	1	1	462000	Axial (Z)	-8.80	-46.41	37.61	34.61	T4	-50.32		
							Transversal (Y)	-16.75	-47.80	31.05	28.05	T3	-50.28		
05	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	-7.78	-38.85	31.07	-	T4	-50.32	0.37	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-17.87	-41.47	23.60	-	T3	-50.24		
	FR1 N41	100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	-7.78	-37.65	29.87	26.87	T3	-50.35		
							Transversal (Y)	-17.87	-42.89	25.02	22.02	T3	-50.24		

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
07	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	-14.50	-51.60	37.10	-	T4	-50.31	0.06	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-16.56	-47.16	30.60	-	T4	-50.26		
	FR1 N66	40M	BPSK	1	1	349000	Axial (Z)	-14.50	-52.04	37.54	34.54	T4	-50.36		
							Transversal (Y)	-16.56	-48.59	32.03	29.03	T3	-50.21		
08	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	-10.35	-48.35	38.00	-	T4	-50.38	0.09	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-14.04	-46.94	32.90	-	T4	-50.24		
	FR1 N71	20M	BPSK	1	1	136100	Axial (Z)	-10.35	-47.55	37.20	34.20	T4	-50.38		
							Transversal (Y)	-14.04	-44.67	30.63	27.63	T3	-50.22		
06	LTE Band 48	20M	QPSK	1	0	55830	Axial (Z)	-9.79	-37.39	27.60	-	T3	-50.36	0.93	PASS
							Transversal (Y)	-16.99	-39.45	22.46	-	T3	-50.25		
	FR1 N77	100M	BPSK	1	1	656000	Axial (Z)	-9.79	-38.56	28.77	25.77	T3	-50.37		
							Transversal (Y)	-16.99	-40.11	23.12	20.12	T3	-50.25		

Remark:

1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
   Test Engineer：Randy Lin

10. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.
The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Test Signal							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Declaration of Conformity:
The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:
The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

11. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, “American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids”, 27 May 2011.

[2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, “Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility”, Apr. 2020.

[3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, “Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services”, Sep 2017

[4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r03, “Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions”, Oct. 2020.

[5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook