# **FCC SAR Test Report**

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC

**EQUIPMENT**: Mobile Phone

**BRAND NAME**: Motorola, Lenovo

MODEL NAME : XT2095-3, XT2095-4

FCC ID : IHDT56ZJ8

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager

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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA080310-02	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 27, 2020
FA080310-02	Rev. 02	Updated the power of WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n	Jun. 22, 2021

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### 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Phone**, **XT2095-3**, **XT2095-4**, are as follows.

		Highest 1	g SAR Summ	ary			
Equipment Class		uency and	Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM	GSM850	0.16	0.60	0.60		
	GSIVI	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.14	1.33	0.51	
	WCDMA	Band II	0.30	1.07	0.47		
Licensed	WCDIVIA	Band V	0.26	0.76	0.76	1.51	
Licerised		Band 2	0.21	1.17	0.52	1.51	
	LTE	Band 7	0.12	1.39	1.45		
	LIC	Band 26/ Band 5	0.25	0.81	0.81		
		Band 41/ Band 38	<0.10	1.39	1.10		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.95	0.91	0.91	1.51	
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.14	0.10	0.10	1.50	

	Highest	10g SAR Summary	
Equipment	Freq	uency	Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg)
Class	Ba	and	(Separation 0mm)
	GSM	GSM1900	1.22
Licensed	LTE	Band 7	1.92
	LIE	Band 41/ Band 38	0.75
Date of	Testing:	2020/9	9/10~2020/9/16

**Remark:** This device supports LTE B5 / B38 and B26 / B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B5 / B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26 / B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26 / B41.

#### **Declaration of Conformity:**

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

#### Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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### 2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

	Testing Laboratory					
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.					
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958					
Total Cita No	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.				
Test Site No.	CN1257	314309				

Applicant Applicant			
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC		
Address	222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA		

	Manufacturer
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

## 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- · FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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### 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

#### 4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Motorola, Lenovo
Model Name	XT2095-3, XT2095-4
FCC ID	IHDT56ZJ8
IMEI Code	Sample 1: IMEI 1: 356920110005336 IMEI 2: 356920110005344 Sample 3: IMEI 1: 356920110010674 IMEI 2: 356920110010682
	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2537.5 MHz ~ 2652.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	QOG30.26
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

#### Remark:

- 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
- 2. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 4. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 5. There are four types of EUT, for change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we choose the sample 1(battery 1) to full test and the sample 3(battery 2) is verified.
- For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
- 7. WWAN antenna, more detail descriptions of the power mechanism could refer as below:

#### **Head Mode**

When the phone is in talking mode and receiver worked, means head condition is detected and near to human head WWAN Receiver on Power table is used.

#### Hotspot/Body worn Mode

When earpiece receiver is not worked, means this mobile phone away from head and near to body, whether Hotspot feature is enabled or not, WWAN Receiver off Power table is used.

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### 4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	25 D05 v02	2r05		
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2537.5 MHz ~ 2652.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R11, Cat5							
CA Support	Not supported							
	Table 6.2.3		um Power					and 3
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM				≥ 1			≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base standisable A-MPR frames (Maximum	during SA						
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							

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	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band															
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		LTE Ba	nd 2							
	Bandwidth	1.4 N	MHz Ba	andwid	th 3 MHz	Ban	dwic	th 5 MHz	Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidt			h 15 Mi	Hz Bar	ndwidt	th 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Fre (MH		h. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	#	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Fred (MHz		า. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	185	0.7 18	8615	1851.5	186	625 1852.5		18650	18	355	18675	1857	.5 18	18700 1	
М	18900	188	30 18	3900	1880	189	00	1880	18900	18	880	18900	1880	1880 189		1880
Н	19193	190	9.3 19	9185	1908.5	191	75	1907.5	19150	19	905	19125	1902	.5 19	100	1900
								LTE Ba	nd 5							
	Band	dwidth	1.4 MHz			Bandwidt	h 3 N	ИHz	Bar	ndwid	lth 5 M	Hz		Bandwid <sup>-</sup>	th 10	MHz
	Ch. #		Freq. (N	ЛHz)	Ch	. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	С	h. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	20407		824.	7	204	15		825.5	20425	5	8	326.5	20	)450		829
М	20525		836.	5	205	25		836.5	20525	5	3	336.5	20	)525		836.5
Н	20643		848.	3	206	35		847.5	20625	5	3	346.5	20	0600		844
		,						LTE Ba	nd 7							
	Ban	dwidt	h 5 MHz		В	Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz			Bandwid	th 20	MHz			
	Ch. #		Freq. (N	ЛHz)	Ch	. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Freq. (MHz)		С	h. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	20775		2502	.5	208	00		2505	20825	5	2	2507.5 208		20850		2510
М	21100		253	5	211	00		2535	21100	)		2535 21100		1100	2535	
Н	21425		2567	.5	214	00		2565	21375	5	2	562.5	2.5 21350		2560	
								LTE Bar	d 26							
	Bandwi				andwidth	3 MHz		Bandwid	idth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MH			ИHz	Band	width	15 MHz	
	Ch. #	Fr	req. (MHz	) C	h. #	req. (Ml	Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MF	Hz)			(MHz)	Ch. #	ŧ F	req. (MHz)
L	26697		814.7	26	6705	815.5		26715	816.5		26740 819		19	2676	5	821.5
М	26865		831.5		8865	831.5		26865	831.5			26865 83		2686		831.5
Н	27033		848.3	27	7025	847.5		27015	846.5		2699	90 844		44 26965		841.5
								LTE Bar								
_			th 5 MHz	* 41 1 \		Bandwidt "			Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidt					
	Ch. #		Freq.	· /		n. #	Fr	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #			q. (MHz)		h. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	37775		257 259			800		2575	3782	_		2577.5		7850		2580
М	38000		261			000		2595	3800			2595	+	3000		2595
Н	38225	)	261	7.5	38	200		2615 LTE Bar	3817	5		2612.5	30	3150		2610
		ndwi	dth 5 MHz	,		Bandwidt	h 10			adwid	th 15 I	MHz		Bandwid	th 20	MHz
	Ch.		Freq. (			n. #		eq. (MHz)	Ch. #			eq. (MHz)		bariuwiu h. #		eq. (MHz)
L	4006		253	<u> </u>		090		2540	4011			2542.5		0140	-1-10	2545
LM	4035	_	256			365		2567.5	4037	_	-	2568.8	1	0390		2570
M	4064	_	259			640		2595	4064	_	-	2595	+	0640		2595
НМ	4092	_	262			915		2622.5	4090	_	-	2621.3		0890		2620
Н	4121	5	265	2.5	41	190		2650	4116	5	2	2647.5	41140			2645

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### 5. RF Exposure Limits

#### 5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### 5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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### 6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

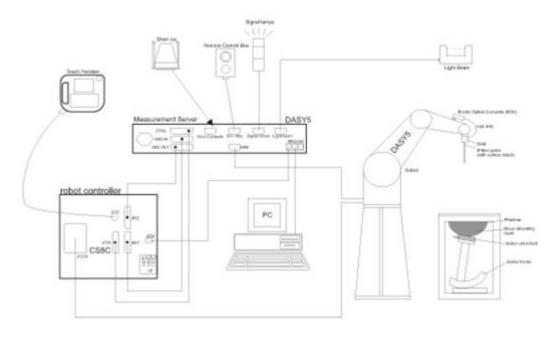
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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### 7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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### 7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz - >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



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### 7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

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### 7.3 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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### 7.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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### 8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan (b)
- Zoom scan (c)
- Power drift measurement

#### 8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

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### 8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

### 8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### 9. Test Equipment List

		- "		Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2019/3/27	2022/3/26
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/25
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2018/12/7	2021/12/6
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	2020/4/28	2021/4/27
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2020/5/27	2021/5/26
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1753	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2020/4/14	2021/4/13
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2020/5/19	2021/5/18
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2020/8/1	2021/7/31
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2020/5/19	2021/5/18
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2020/8/13	2021/8/12
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2020/4/14	2021/4/13
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2020/8/14	2021/8/13
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1

#### Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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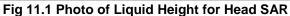
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### 10. System Verification

### 10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.







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Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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### 10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)				
	For Head											
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5				
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0				
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2				
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0				

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )			Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.901	41.160	0.90	41.50	0.11	-0.82	±5	2020/9/10
1900	Head	22.6	1.403	39.095	1.40	40.00	0.21	-2.26	±5	2020/9/13
2450	Head	22.8	1.860	38.535	1.80	39.20	3.33	-1.70	±5	2020/9/16
2600	Head	22.7	2.032	37.934	1.96	39.00	3.67	-2.73	±5	2020/9/15

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### 10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe DAE Measured 5/N S/N 1g SAR (W/kg)			Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/9/10	835	Head	250	4d151	3935	1358	2.37	9.30	9.48	1.94
2020/9/13	1900	Head	250	5d170	3935	1358	9.96	39.00	39.84	2.15
2020/9/16	2450	Head	250	908	3935	1358	14.30	52.80	57.2	8.33
2020/9/15	2600	Head	250	1061	3935	1358	13.30	57.70	53.2	-7.80

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/9/13	1900	Head	250	5d170	3935	1358	5.10	20.30	20.4	0.49
2020/9/15	2600	Head	250	1061	3935	1358	6.12	25.90	24.48	-5.48

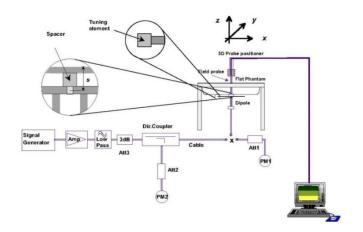


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



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Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

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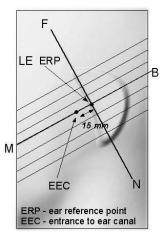
### 11. RF Exposure Positions

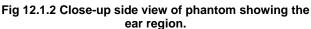
### 11.1 Ear and handset reference point

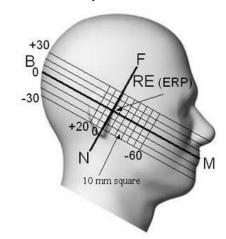
Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom







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Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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### 11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

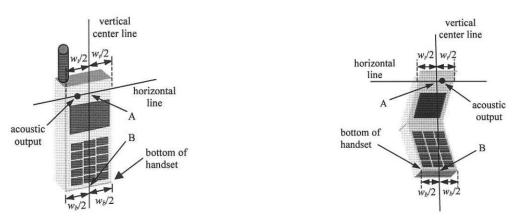


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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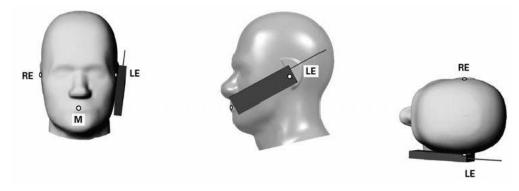


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

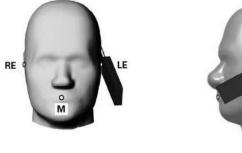
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### 11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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### 11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

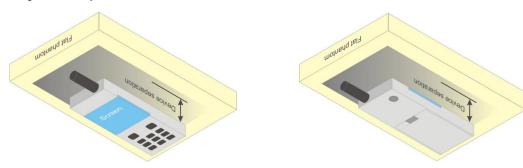


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

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### 11.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

#### 11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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### 12. GSM/UMTS/CDMA/LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

#### <GSM Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121 ii
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode. iii
  - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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Report No.: FA080310-02 Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βс	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ .

For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase Note 2: discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta$ ACK and  $\Delta$ NACK = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$  , and  $\Delta$ CQI = 24/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

CM = 1 for  $\beta_0/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

For subtest 2 the  $\beta_d/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 11/15 and  $\beta_d$ 

**Setup Configuration** 

#### **HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
  vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1)	Вес	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 4) (Note 5)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 30/15 with  $\beta_{hs}$  = 30/15 \*  $\beta_c$ . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 5/15 with  $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$ .
- CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  =12/15,  $\beta_h = \beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the  $\beta_e/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3: setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c$  = 10/15 and  $\beta_d$  = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

#### **Setup Configuration**

FCC SAR Test Report

#### DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting: C.
  - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
  - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv.
  - Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$  b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
- c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value			
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60			
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTľs	1			
Number (	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6			
		ses	0			
Informati	on Bit Payload ( $N_{\it INF}$ )	Bits	120			
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1			
Binary Cl	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960			
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200			
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200			
Coding Rate 0.15						
Number of Physical Channel Codes Codes 1						
Modulation QPS						
Note 1:	Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA					
	mode and both cells shall transmit with identical					
	parameters as listed in the table.					
Note 2:	te 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,					
retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.						
	constellation version o shall be use	eu.				

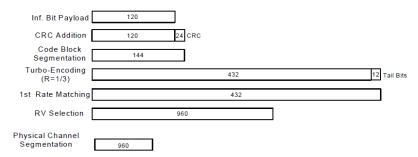


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

### **Setup Configuration**

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#### HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \*:
  - Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
  - Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- ٧. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	β <sub>d</sub>	β <sub>HS</sub> (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	(Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1	Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI}$ = 30/15 with $\beta_{Isc}$ = 30/15 * $\beta_{C}$ .										

- Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
- Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d$  = 0 by default.
- Note 4: β<sub>ed</sub> can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-Note 5: DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### <WCDMA Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

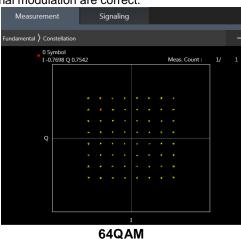
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and 2. tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+

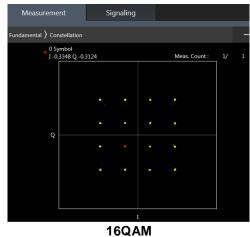
Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. Page 31 of 58 TEL: +86-512-57900158 / FAX: +86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Jun. 22, 2021 FCC ID: IHDT56ZJ8 Report Template No.: 200414

### <LTE Conducted Power>

#### **General Note:**

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B36 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B26 /B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





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#### <TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

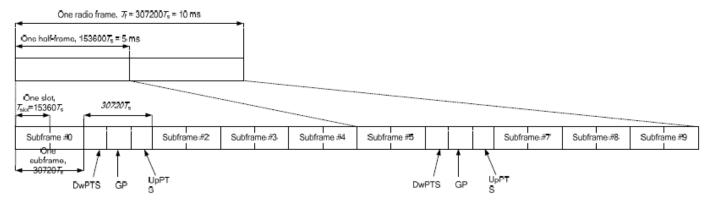


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	О	S	U	О	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	mal cyclic prefix in downlink Extended cyclic prefix in dow				in downlink	
configuration	DwPTS	UpPTS DwPTS		UpPTS			
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592 ⋅ T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>			
1	19760 ⋅ T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192 · T <sub>e</sub>	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	
2	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	$2192 \cdot T_{s}$	2560 · T <sub>s</sub>	23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	2192·1 <sub>s</sub>		
3	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			25600 · T <sub>s</sub>			
4	26336 · T <sub>s</sub>			7680 · T <sub>s</sub>			
5	6592 ⋅ T <sub>s</sub>			20480 · T <sub>s</sub>	4384 · T <sub>e</sub>	5120 · T₀	
6	19760 ⋅ T <sub>s</sub>			23040 · T <sub>s</sub>	4364.1 <sub>s</sub>	3120.1 <sub>s</sub>	
7	21952 · T <sub>s</sub>	$4384 \cdot T_s$	5120 ⋅ <i>T</i> <sub>s</sub>	12800 · T <sub>s</sub>			
8	24144 · T <sub>s</sub>			-	-	-	
9	13168 · T <sub>s</sub>			-	-	-	

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Special subframe (30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix configuration uplink uplink								
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%					
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%					

Special subframe(30720⋅T₅): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink						
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%					
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%					

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

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### 13. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### **General Note:**

Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM. in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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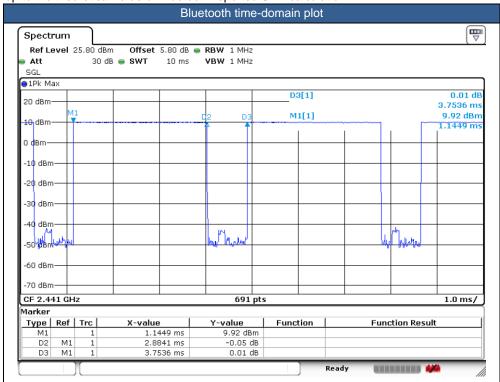
- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is 3. specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is 4. measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested

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#### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

#### **General Note:**

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.84 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



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# 14. Antenna Location

The detail antenna location information can refer to SAR test Setup photo.

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## 15. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power (for handheld on state, the maximum full power means reduced power), including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
  - a. For this device SAR for WWAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM1900, LTE Band 7/41 therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
  - b. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
- 6. WWAN antenna, more detail descriptions of the power mechanism could refer as below:

#### **Head Mode**

When the phone is in talking mode and receiver worked, means head condition is detected and near to human head WWAN (Head) Power table is used.

#### Hotspot/Body worn Mode

When earpiece receiver is not worked, means this mobile phone away from head and near to body, whether Hotspot feature is enabled or not, WWAN (Hotspot/ Body worn) Power table is used.

7. There are four types of EUT, for change note, please refer the product equality declaration exhibit submitted. According to the difference, we choose the sample 1 to full test and the sample 3 is verified.

### **GSM Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 4Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure
  is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤
  ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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#### WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

#### LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B5 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B5 SAR test was covered by LTE B26, and LTE B38 SAR test was covered by LTE B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

#### WLAN/Bluetooth Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst positon of WLAN 2.4GHz Ant to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.

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# 15.1 <u>Head SAR</u>

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver on	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.02	0.093	0.112
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver on	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.03	0.059	0.071
01	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver on	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	-0.06	0.135	<mark>0.163</mark>
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver on	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.08	0.080	0.096
02	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Receiver on	661	1880	25.45	26.50	1.274	0.09	0.108	<mark>0.138</mark>
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Receiver on	661	1880	25.45	26.50	1.274	0.02	0.086	0.110
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Receiver on	661	1880	25.45	26.50	1.274	0.01	0.100	0.127
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Receiver on	661	1880	25.45	26.50	1.274	0.08	0.074	0.094

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver on	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.15	0.235	<mark>0.303</mark>
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver on	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.02	0.172	0.222
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver on	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.03	0.230	0.297
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver on	9400	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.05	0.201	0.260
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver on	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.01	0.169	0.210
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver on	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.02	0.107	0.133
04	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver on	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.04	0.212	<mark>0.264</mark>
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver on	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.06	0.109	0.136

## <FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	18900	1880	22.77	24.00	1.327	0.02	0.151	0.200
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	18900	1880	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.06	0.166	0.210
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	18900	1880	22.77	24.00	1.327	0.08	0.133	0.177
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	18900	1880	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.09	0.146	0.185
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	18900	1880	22.77	24.00	1.327	-0.02	0.150	0.199
05	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	18900	1880	21.98	23.00	1.265	-0.04	0.166	0.210
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	18900	1880	22.77	24.00	1.327	0.02	0.155	0.206
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	18900	1880	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.05	0.166	0.210
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	21100	2535	22.66	24.00	1.361	0.06	0.077	0.105
06	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	21100	2535	21.91	23.00	1.285	-0.13	0.093	0.120
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	21100	2535	22.66	24.00	1.361	0.04	0.065	0.088
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	21100	2535	21.91	23.00	1.285	-0.03	0.082	0.105
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	21100	2535	22.66	24.00	1.361	0.02	0.049	0.067
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	21100	2535	21.91	23.00	1.285	0.05	0.064	0.082
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	21100	2535	22.66	24.00	1.361	-0.01	0.058	0.079
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	21100	2535	21.91	23.00	1.285	0.11	0.073	0.094
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.13	0.143	0.190
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.05	0.119	0.166
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.06	0.096	0.128
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.13	0.083	0.116
07	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.04	0.188	0.250
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.04	0.152	0.212
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.06	0.115	0.153
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	-0.03	0.091	0.127

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## <TDD LTE SAR>

F	Plot No.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	80	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	40640	2595	23.24	24.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.059	<mark>0.071</mark>
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Receiver on	40640	2595	22.47	23.00	1.130	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.047	0.053
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	40640	2595	23.24	24.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.044	0.053
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Receiver on	40640	2595	22.47	23.00	1.130	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.031	0.035
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	40640	2595	23.24	24.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.052	0.062
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver on	40640	2595	22.47	23.00	1.130	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.038	0.043
ſ		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	40640	2595	23.24	24.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.048	0.058
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver on	40640	2595	22.47	23.00	1.130	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.041	0.047

## <WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.07	0.269	0.314
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.05	0.254	0.296
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.03	0.746	0.870
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.13	0.638	0.744
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	16.63	17.50	1.222	100	1.000	0.06	0.776	0.948
09	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	-0.01	0.772	<mark>0.952</mark>
	3	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	-0.01	0.768	0.947

## <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	_				Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
10	1	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	78	2480	10.28	11.00	1.180	76.84	1.084	0.05	0.107	<b>0.137</b>

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# 15.2 Hotspot SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.03	0.282	0.340
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	-0.01	0.432	0.521
11	3	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	-0.08	0.500	0.60 <mark>3</mark>
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Side	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.04	0.191	0.230
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.09	0.146	0.176
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.01	0.190	0.229
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.02	0.321	0.384
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.09	0.422	0.505
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Side	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.04	0.187	0.224
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.05	0.096	0.115
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.06	0.925	1.107
12	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219	-0.02	1.090	1.329
	3	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219	0.15	1.070	1.304
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	512	1850.2	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.02	0.901	1.111

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.02	0.279	0.390
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.07	0.338	0.472
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.06	0.092	0.128
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.05	0.049	0.068
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.02	0.616	0.860
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9262	1852.4	17.02	18.50	1.406	0.09	0.622	0.875
	3	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9262	1852.4	17.02	18.50	1.406	0.04	0.686	0.965
13	3	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.08	0.769	1.074
	3	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9538	1907.6	16.99	18.50	1.416	0.11	0.740	1.048
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	9538	1907.6	16.99	18.50	1.416	-0.03	0.600	0.849
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.11	0.364	0.453
14	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.17	0.607	<mark>0.755</mark>
	3	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.03	0.460	0.572
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.02	0.273	0.340
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.01	0.195	0.243
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.06	0.251	0.312

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# <FDD LTE SAR>

		IIL OAK															
Plot			BW		RB	RB	Test	Gap	Power		Freq.					Measured	
No.	Sample	Band	(MHz)	Modulation		offset		(mm)	State	Ch.	(MHz)	Power	Limit	Scaling	Drift	1g SAR	1g SAR
	4	LTE D. LO	0014	OPOK	4	0	- ,	, ,	D : "	40000	4000	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front		Receiver off	-		17.45	19.00	1.429	0.05	0.303	0.433
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	-0.01	0.335	0.482
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	17.45	19.00	1.429	-0.09	0.331	0.473
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	0.04	0.358	0.515
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	17.45	19.00	1.429	0.06	0.095	0.136
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	0.07	0.107	0.154
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	18900	1880	17.45	19.00	1.429	0.02	0.054	0.077
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side		Receiver off			16.42	18.00	1.439	0.02	0.060	0.086
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	-		17.45	19.00	1.429	0.01	0.721	1.030
					1		Bottom Side			-							
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1				Receiver off			17.35	19.00	1.462	0.05	0.674	0.986
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off			17.43	19.00	1.435	0.01	0.752	1.079
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side		Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	0.11	0.652	0.938
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	18700	1860	16.21	18.00	1.510	-0.02	0.534	0.806
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	19100	1900	16.40	18.00	1.445	0.03	0.533	0.770
15	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	19100	1900	16.38	18.00	1.452	0.09	0.808	1.173
	3	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	19100	1900	16.38	18.00	1.452	-0.01	0.635	0.922
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.04	0.348	0.483
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.05	0.366	0.548
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back		Receiver off			17.58	19.00	1.387	-0.03	0.946	1.312
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back		Receiver off			17.53	19.00	1.403	-0.03	0.800	1.122
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back		Receiver off			17.55	19.00	1.396	0.05	0.845	1.180
				QPSK	50	0		_									
	1	LTE Band 7	20M		-		Back		Receiver off			16.25	18.00	1.496	-0.05	0.870	1.302
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	_	Receiver off			16.10	18.00	1.549	0.13	0.866	1.341
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back		Receiver off			16.16	18.00	1.528	-0.04	0.777	1.187
16	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back		Receiver off	-		16.20	18.00	1.514	0.07	0.921	1.394
	3	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back		Receiver off	21100	2535	16.20	18.00	1.514	-0.16	0.854	1.293
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.11	0.022	0.031
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.05	0.023	0.034
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.06	0.102	0.141
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.02	0.110	0.165
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.06	0.929	1.288
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	20850	2510	17.53	19.00	1.403	0.04	0.793	1.112
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	21350	2560	17.55	19.00	1.396	0.04	0.894	1.248
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.01	0.931	1.393
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	20850	2510	16.10	18.00	1.549	0.08	0.749	1.160
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50		Bottom Side		Receiver off			16.16	18.00	1.528	-0.07	0.904	1.381
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100		Bottom Side	_	Receiver off			16.20	18.00	1.514	0.07	0.919	1.391
-					1		l.		Receiver off								
		LTE Band 26		QPSK	1	0	Front						24.00	1.330	0.02	0.339	0.451
<u></u>		LTE Band 26		QPSK	36	0	Front		Receiver off				23.00	1.396	0.06	0.274	0.383
17	-	LTE Band 26		QPSK	1	0	Back	_	Receiver off				24.00	1.330	-0.18	0.605	0.805
		LTE Band 26		QPSK	1	0	Back		Receiver off				24.00	1.330	-0.07	0.394	0.524
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	-0.1	0.505	0.705
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.50	23.00	1.413	0.09	0.511	0.722
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.04	0.264	0.351
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.05	0.217	0.303
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.08	0.202	0.269
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.02	0.163	0.228
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side		Receiver off			22.76	24.00	1.330	0.03	0.262	0.349
	1	LTE Band 26		QPSK	36		Bottom Side		Receiver off				23.00	1.396	-0.04	0.219	0.306
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## <TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.241	0.249
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.193	0.196
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.973	1.004
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40140	2545	20.77	21.00	1.054	62.9	1.006	0.04	1.040	1.103
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	41140	2645	20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.527	0.546
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.921	1.025
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40890	2620	20.4	21.00	1.148	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.542	0.626
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.788	0.800
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40140	2545	19.87	20.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.918	0.952
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	41140	2645	19.89	20.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.473	0.488
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40390	2570	19.7	20.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.816	0.880
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40890	2620	19.62	20.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.508	0.558
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.89	20.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.586	0.605
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.031	0.032
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.025	0.025
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.091	0.094
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.073	0.074
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.852	0.879
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	40140	2545	20.77	21.00	1.054	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.987	1.047
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side		Receiver off			20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.618	0.641
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.030	1.147
	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.855	0.882
	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40140	2545	20.77	21.00	1.054	62.9	1.006	0.08	1.050	1.114
	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	41140	2645	20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.507	0.526
18	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.250	1.392
	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40890	2620	20.4	21.00	1.148	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.611	0.706
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	40890	2620	20.4	21.00	1.148	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.606	0.700
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50		Bottom Side		Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.673	0.683
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	5	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.89	20	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.712	0.735

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## <WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	-0.04	0.336	0.392
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.03	0.641	0.748
	3	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.01	0.719	0.839
	3	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	1	2412	16.63	17.50	1.222	100	1.000	0.03	0.674	0.823
19	3	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	-0.01	0.737	<mark>0.909</mark>
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	1	2412	16.63	17.50	1.222	100	1.000	0.02	0.583	0.712
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	0.13	0.547	0.675
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.11	0.008	0.010
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	-0.03	0.389	0.454
	1	WLAN2.4Ghz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.02	0.234	0.273

## <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				Duty Cycle Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	
20	1	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5	78	2480	10.28	11.00	1.180	76.84	1.084	0.16	0.080	<mark>0.102</mark>

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# 15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	0.03	0.282	0.340
	1	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	-0.01	0.432	0.521
21	3	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	189	836.4	28.69	29.50	1.205	-0.08	0.500	<mark>0.603</mark>
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.02	0.321	0.384
22	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	5	Receiver off	810	1909.8	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.09	0.422	0.505

## <WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State		Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.02	0.279	0.390
23	1	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	9400	1880	17.05	18.50	1.396	0.07	0.338	<mark>0.472</mark>
	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.11	0.364	0.453
24	1	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.17	0.607	<mark>0.755</mark>
	3	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5	Receiver off	4182	836.4	23.05	24.00	1.245	-0.03	0.460	0.572

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# <FDD LTE SAR>

Plo No.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	18900	1880	17.45	19.00	1.429	0.05	0.303	0.433
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	-0.01	0.335	0.482
	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	18900	1880	17.45	19.00	1.429	-0.09	0.331	0.473
25	1	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	18900	1880	16.42	18.00	1.439	0.04	0.358	<mark>0.515</mark>
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.04	0.348	0.483
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.05	0.366	0.548
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	-0.03	0.946	1.312
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	20850	2510	17.53	19.00	1.403	-0.03	0.800	1.122
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	21350	2560	17.55	19.00	1.396	0.05	0.845	1.180
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	-0.05	0.870	1.302
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	20850	2510	16.1	18.00	1.549	0.13	0.866	1.341
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	21350	2560	16.16	18.00	1.528	-0.04	0.777	1.187
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.2	18.00	1.514	0.07	0.921	1.394
26	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5	Headset	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.2	18.00	1.514	-0.1	0.957	1.448
	3	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5	Headset	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.2	18.00	1.514	-0.16	0.854	1.293
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.02	0.339	0.451
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Front	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	0.06	0.274	0.383
27	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	-0.18	0.605	<mark>0.805</mark>
	3	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	22.76	24.00	1.330	-0.07	0.394	0.524
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.55	23.00	1.396	-0.1	0.505	0.705
	1	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	26865	831.5	21.5	23.00	1.413	0.09	0.511	0.722

# <TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5	1	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.241	0.249
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	5	•	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.193	0.196
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.973	1.004
28	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40140	2545	20.77	21.00	1.054	62.9	1.006	0.04	1.040	<mark>1.103</mark>
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	41140	2645	20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.527	0.546
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.921	1.025
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40890	2620	20.4	21.00	1.148	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.542	0.626
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.788	0.800
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40140	2545	19.87	20.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.918	0.952
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	41140	2645	19.89	20.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.473	0.488
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40390	2570	19.7	20.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.816	0.880
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40890	2620	19.62	20.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.508	0.558
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	5	-	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.89	20.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.586	0.605
	1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5	Headset	Receiver off	40140	2545	20.77	21.00	1.054	62.9	1.006	0.03	1.010	1.071

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## <WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)		Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	-0.04	0.336	0.392
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.03	0.641	0.748
	3	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	6	2437	16.83	17.50	1.167	100	1.000	0.01	0.719	0.839
	3	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	1	2412	16.63	17.50	1.222	100	1.000	0.03	0.674	0.823
29	3	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	-0.01	0.737	<mark>0.909</mark>
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	1	2412	16.63	17.50	1.222	100	1.000	0.02	0.583	0.712
	1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5	11	2462	16.59	17.50	1.233	100	1.000	0.13	0.547	0.675

## <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
30	1	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5	78	2480	10.28	11.00	1.180	76.84	1.084	0.16	0.080	<b>0.102</b>

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# 15.4 Product specific 10g SAR

## <GSM SAR>

Plo	Sample	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)				Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	
	1	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219	0.01	0.894	1.090
3	3	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219	-0.02	1.000	<b>1.219</b>

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## <FDD LTE SAR>

Plc No	t Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	0	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.06	1.010	1.401
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.08	1.070	1.601
32	3	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	0	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.05	1.280	<mark>1.915</mark>
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	21100	2535	17.58	19.00	1.387	0.03	0.841	1.166
	1	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	21100	2535	16.25	18.00	1.496	0.01	0.883	1.321

## <FDD LTE SAR>

Pl No	ot o.	Sample	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	_	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.722	0.745
		1	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	40640	2595	19.96	20.00	1.009	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.595	0.604
3	3	3	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	0	Receiver off	40640	2595	20.89	21.00	1.026	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.728	<mark>0.751</mark>

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## 15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

N	о.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power		Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)		Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1	st	GSM1900	1	-	-	-	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5mm	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219		1.000	0.15	1.070	1	1.304
2r	nd	GSM1900	1	-	•	-	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	5mm	Receiver off	661	1880	23.14	24.00	1.219		1.000	0.03	1.040	1.029	1.268
1	st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.250	1	1.392
2r	nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Receiver off	40390	2570	20.56	21.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	-0.01	1.170	1.068	1.303

### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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## 16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

			Portable	Handset	
No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

#### **General Note:**

- 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- 2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 4. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 5. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR and SPLSR≤ 0.10 for 10g SAR , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
  - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.4.

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# 16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
\//\//	AN Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
*****	II V Barra	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.112	0.314	0.137	0.43	0.25
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.071	0.296	0.137	0.37	0.21
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.163	0.952	0.137	1.12	0.30
GSM		Left Tilted	0.096	0.744	0.137	0.84	0.23
GOIVI		Right Cheek	0.138	0.314	0.137	0.45	0.28
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.110	0.296	0.137	0.41	0.25
	G3W1900	Left Cheek	0.127	0.952	0.137	1.08	0.26
		Left Tilted	0.094	0.744	0.137	0.84	0.23
		Right Cheek	0.303	0.314	0.137	0.62	0.44
	WCDMA II	Right Tilted	0.222	0.296	0.137	0.52	0.36
	WCDIVIA II	Left Cheek	0.297	0.952	0.137	1.25	0.43
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.260	0.744	0.137	1.00	0.40
VVCDIVIA		Right Cheek	0.210	0.314	0.137	0.52	0.35
	WCDMA V	Right Tilted	0.133	0.296	0.137	0.43	0.27
	VVCDIVIA V	Left Cheek	0.264	0.952	0.137	1.22	0.40
		Left Tilted	0.136	0.744	0.137	0.88	0.27
		Right Cheek	0.210	0.314	0.137	0.52	0.35
	LTE Band 2	Right Tilted	0.185	0.296	0.137	0.48	0.32
	LIE Ballu 2	Left Cheek	0.210	0.952	0.137	1.16	0.35
		Left Tilted	0.210	0.744	0.137	0.95	0.35
		Right Cheek	0.120	0.314	0.137	0.43	0.26
	LTE Band 7	Right Tilted	0.105	0.296	0.137	0.40	0.24
	LIE Ballu /	Left Cheek	0.082	0.952	0.137	1.03	0.22
LTE		Left Tilted	0.094	0.744	0.137	0.84	0.23
LIE		Right Cheek	0.190	0.314	0.137	0.50	0.33
	LTE Bond CC	Right Tilted	0.128	0.296	0.137	0.42	0.27
	LTE Band 26	Left Cheek	0.250	0.952	0.137	1.20	0.39
		Left Tilted	0.153	0.744	0.137	0.90	0.29
		Right Cheek	0.071	0.314	0.137	0.39	0.21
	LTC Donal 44	Right Tilted	0.053	0.296	0.137	0.35	0.19
	LTE Band 41	Left Cheek	0.062	0.952	0.137	1.01	0.20
		Left Tilted	0.058	0.744	0.137	0.80	0.20

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# 16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4.0			4.0
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	Case No	SPLSR	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR	1g SAR (W/kg)	0400110	01 2011	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	(W/kg) 0.340	(W/kg) 0.392	(W/kg) 0.102	0.73			0.44
		Back	0.603	0.909	0.102	1.51			0.71
		Left side	0.230	0.010	0.102	0.24			0.33
	GSM850	Right side	0.176	0.454	0.102	0.63			0.28
		Top side	00	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	0.229	0.2.0	01.02	0.23			0.23
GSM		Front	0.384	0.392	0.102	0.78			0.49
		Back	0.505	0.909	0.102	1.41			0.61
		Left side	0.224	0.010	0.102	0.23			0.33
	GSM1900	Right side	0.115	0.454	0.102	0.57			0.22
		Top side	01110	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	1.329	0.2.0	01.02	1.33			1.33
		Front	0.390	0.392	0.102	0.78			0.49
		Back	0.472	0.909	0.102	1.38			0.43
		Left side	0.128	0.010	0.102	0.14			0.23
	WCDMA II	Right side	0.068	0.454	0.102	0.52			0.17
		Top side	0.000	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	1.074	0.210	0.102	1.07			1.07
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.453	0.392	0.102	0.85			0.56
		Back	0.755	0.909	0.102	1.66	#01	0.01	0.86
		Left side	0.733	0.010	0.102	0.35	#01	0.01	0.44
		Right side	0.243	0.454	0.102	0.70			0.35
		Top side	0.240	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	0.312	0.210	0.102	0.31			0.31
		Front	0.482	0.392	0.102	0.87			0.58
		Back	0.515	0.909	0.102	1.42			0.62
	LTE Band 2	Left side	0.154	0.010	0.102	0.16			0.26
		Right side	0.086	0.454	0.102	0.54			0.19
		Top side	0.000	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	1.173	0.2.0	01.02	1.17			1.17
		Front	0.548	0.392	0.102	0.94			0.65
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.394	0.909	0.102	2.30	#02	0.02	1.50
		Left side	0.034	0.010	0.102	0.04			0.14
		Right side	0.165	0.454	0.102	0.62			0.27
		Top side		0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	1.393	,	, <b>-</b>	1.39			1.39
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front	0.451	0.392	0.102	0.84			0.55
		Back	0.805	0.909	0.102	1.71	#03	0.02	0.91
		Left side	0.351	0.010	0.102	0.36	33		0.45
		Right side	0.269	0.454	0.102	0.72			0.37
		Top side	5.200	0.273	0.102	0.72			0.10
		Bottom side	0.349		31.702	0.35			0.35
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.249	0.392	0.102	0.64			0.35
		Back	1.103	0.909	0.102	2.01	#04	0.02	1.21
		Left side	0.032	0.010	0.102	0.04			0.13
		Right side	0.094	0.454	0.102	0.55			0.20
		Top side	5.551	0.273	0.102	0.27			0.10
		Bottom side	1.392	5.275	0.102	1.39			1.39

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# 16.3 <u>Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions</u>

WWAN Band			1	2	3			SPLSR	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed 1g SAR	Case No		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.340	0.392	0.102	0.73			0.44
		Back	0.603	0.909	0.102	1.51			0.71
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.384	0.392	0.102	0.78			0.49
		Back	0.505	0.909	0.102	1.41			0.61
	GSW1900	Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
	WCDMA II	Front	0.390	0.392	0.102	0.78			0.49
		Back	0.472	0.909	0.102	1.38			0.57
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
MCDMA		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.453	0.392	0.102	0.85			0.56
		Back	0.755	0.909	0.102	1.66	#01	0.01	0.86
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.482	0.392	0.102	0.87			0.58
		Back	0.515	0.909	0.102	1.42			0.62
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.548	0.392	0.102	0.94			0.65
LTE		Back	1.394	0.909	0.102	2.30	#02	0.02	1.50
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.448			1.45			1.45
LIE	LTE Band 26	Front	0.451	0.392	0.102	0.84			0.55
		Back	0.805	0.909	0.102	1.71	#03	0.02	0.91
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset				0.00			0.00
	LTE Band 41	Front	0.249	0.392	0.102	0.64			0.35
		Back	1.103	0.909	0.102	2.01	#04	0.02	1.21
		Front with Headset				0.00			0.00
		Back with Headset	1.071			1.07			1.07

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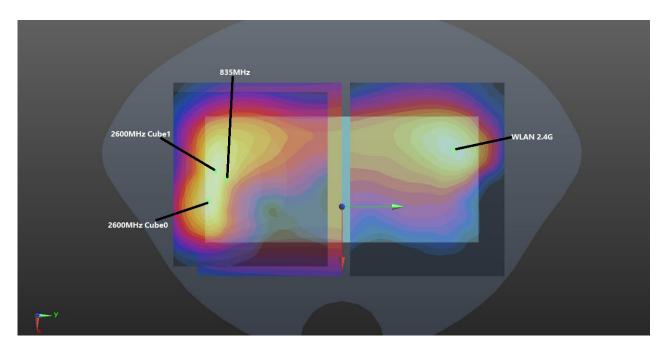
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## 16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

### **General Note:**

- 1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
- 2. SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



Back(5mm)+2.4G(5mm)

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Case 01	Band	Desiries	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
		Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	Simultaneous SAR  Not required  Simultaneous SAR  Not required  Not required  Simultaneous SAR
	WCDMA V	Back	0.755	5mm	4.9	-78.4	-1.12	149.0	1.66	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		Dack	0.909	5mm	-18	68.8	-1.45	149.0	1.00	0.01
Case 02	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
				(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 7-Cube 0	Back	1.394	5mm	10.2	-81.4	-1.2	152.8	2.30	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4Ghz	Dack	0.909	5mm	-18	68.8	-1.45	152.0			
	LTE Band 7-Cube 1	Back	1.305	5mm	10.2	-80.6	-1.21	152.0	2.21	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz	Dack	0.909	5mm	-18	68.8	-1.45				
Case 03	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
			(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 26	Back	0.805	5mm	6.4	-76.8	-1.14	147.6	1.71	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		Dack	0.909	5mm	-18	68.8	-1.45	147.0	1.71	0.02
Case 04	Band	;	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
		Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 41	Back	1.103	5mm	11.2	-81.2	-1.2	152.8	52.8 2.01	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.909	5mm	-18	68.8	-1.45	102.0	2.01		

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## 17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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## 18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

----THE END-----

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No. : FA080310-02

The plots are shown as follows.

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### System Check Head 835MHz

### DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.901$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.16$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2020.9.10

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

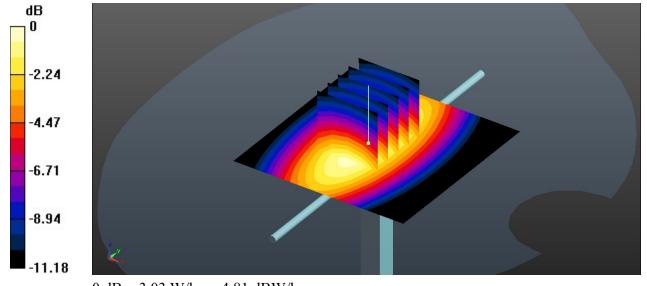
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.00 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.03 W/kg



0 dB = 3.03 W/kg = 4.81 dBW/kg

### System Check Head 1900MHz

### **DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.403$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.095$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2020.9.13

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

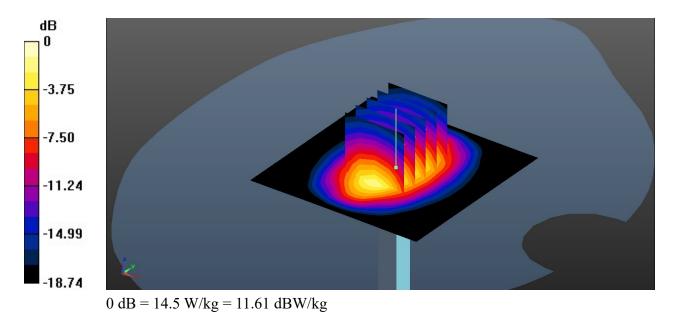
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



## System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

### **DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.86 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.535;  $\rho$  = 1000

Date: 2020.9.16

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

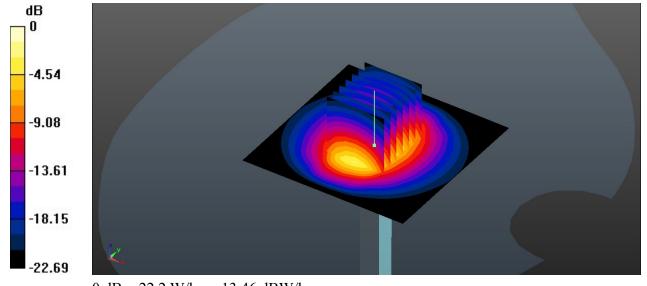
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 93.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.58 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

## System Check\_Head\_2600MHz

### **DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.032 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.934;  $\rho$  = 1000

Date: 2020.9.15

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

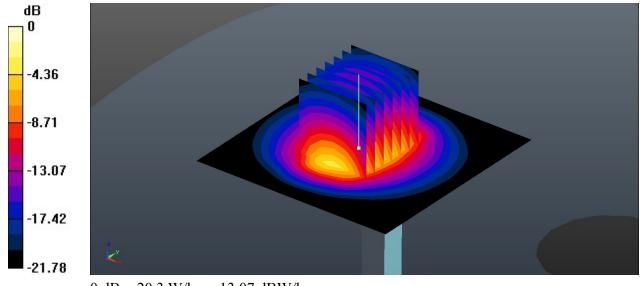
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

# Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No. : FA080310-02

The plots are shown as follows.

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## 01\_GSM850\_GPRS 4 Tx slots\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 4Tx slots (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.902$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.145$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2020.9.10

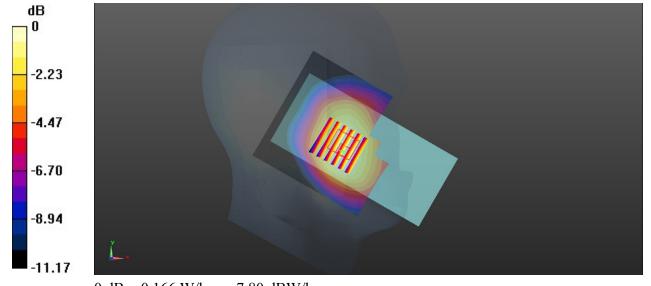
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.164 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.180 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.166 W/kg



0 dB = 0.166 W/kg = -7.80 dBW/kg

## 02\_GSM1900\_GPRS 4 Tx slots\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 4Tx slots (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.381$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.198$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2020.9.13

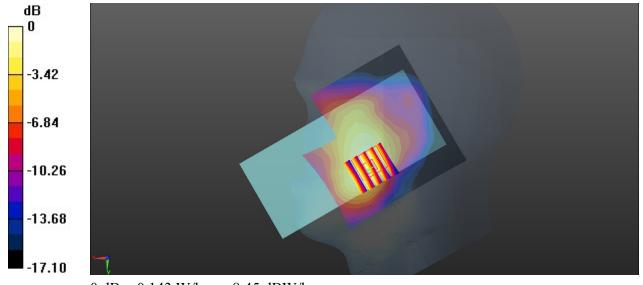
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.963 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.108 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg



0 dB = 0.143 W/kg = -8.45 dBW/kg

## 03\_WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Right Cheek\_0mm\_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.381$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.198$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2020.9.13

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

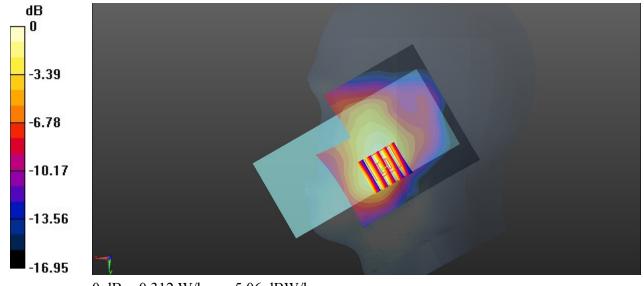
Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.347 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 W/kg



0 dB = 0.312 W/kg = -5.06 dBW/kg

## 04\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Left Cheek\_0mm\_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL\_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.902$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.145$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Date: 2020.9.10

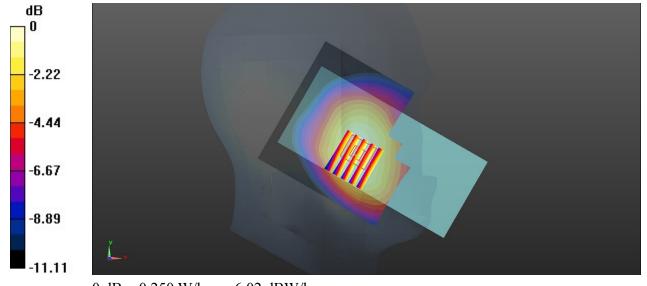
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.212 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg



0 dB = 0.250 W/kg = -6.02 dBW/kg

Communication System: UID 0, LTE FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.381$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.198$ ;  $\rho = 1000$ 

Date: 2020.9.13

 $kg/m^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2020.5.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2020.4.28
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

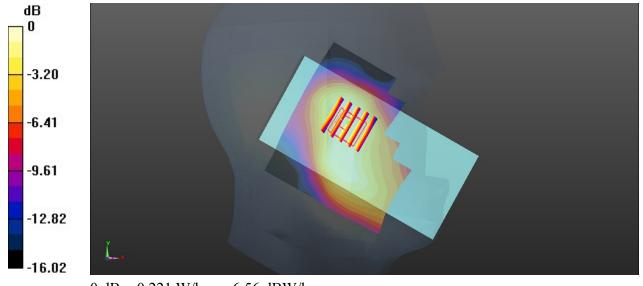
**Area Scan (81x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.268 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.166 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



0 dB = 0.221 W/kg = -6.56 dBW/kg