

Report No.: HA073109A



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC ID : IHDT56ZH1

Equipment: Mobile Cellular Phone

Brand Name : Motorola

Model Name : XT2117-1, XT2117-2, XT2117-3, XT2117-4, XT2117DL

M-Rating : M3

Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Sep. 09, 2020 and testing was started from Sep. 22, 2020 and completed on Sep, 23, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in C63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Guang.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 1 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

Report No.: HA073109A

Table of Contents

1.	General Information	4
2.	Testing Location	5
3.	Applied Standards	5
4.	RF Audio Interference Level	5
5.	Air Interface and Operating Mode	6
6	Measurement System Specification	7
	6.1 E-Field Probe System	7
	6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation	8
7.	RF Emissions Test Procedure	9
8.	Test Equipment List	12
9.	Measurement System Validation	13
10.	Modulation Interference Factor	14
11.	Low-power Exemption	16
	Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	
13.	HAC RF Emission Test Results	19
	Uncertainty Assessment	
	References	

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix D. Test Setup Photos

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Form version: 200707 Page: 2 of 22 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

History of this test report

Report No.: HA073109A

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA073109A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 19, 2020
HA073109A	Rev. 02	Update section4	Oct. 20, 2020
HA073109A	Rev. 03	Update section11, 12, 13 and Appendix A/B/C	Oct. 23, 2020

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 3 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

1. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification			
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC			
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone			
Model Name	XT2117-1, XT2117-2, XT2117-3, XT2117-4, XT2117DL			
Brand Name	Motorola			
FCC ID	IHDT56ZH1			
HW Version	DVT2			
SW Version	QZB30.Q4-16			
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype			
Date Tested	2020/9/22 ~ 2020/9/23			
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE			

Report No.: HA073109A

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 4 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Report No.: HA073109A

	Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.						
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978					
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY					

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2011
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r01

4. RF Audio Interference Level

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions				
Ellission Categories	<960Mhz	>960Mhz			
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)			
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)			
М3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)			
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)			

Table 5.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 5 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air	Donal MI In	Turne	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Band MHz	Туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction
	GSM850	\/O		WLAN, BT	OMBO V.	No
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE850			WLAN, BT	Google Duo	
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Fi	No
	Band II			WLAN, BT	Coogle 11	No
	Band IV	VO	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
WCDMA	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo /	No
	BC0			WLAN, BT	Google Fi	No
	BC1	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
00044	BC10	VO	res	WLAN, BT	CIVIRS VOICE	No
CDMA	BOTO			WLAN, BT	Google Duo	NO
	EVDO	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	1	No
	Band 2			MI ANI DT	Google Fi	Na
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Duo / Google Fi	No No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 14	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT		No
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	NO	WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No
				VoLTE		
LTE	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	/ Google Duo	No
(TDD)	Band 41	VD	165	WLAN, BT	Google Fi	No
	n2			WLAN, BT		No
	n5			WLAN, BT		No
	n12			WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
5G NR	n25	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	/	No
	n41			WLAN, BT	Google Fi	No
	n66			WLAN, BT		No
	n71			WLAN, BT		No
	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	VoWiFi	No
	5200			GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	/	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	Google Duo	No
	5500		. 33	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	Google Fi	No
	5800			GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE		No
BT Type Transpo	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

Report No.: HA073109A

Type Transport:

Remark:

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page : 6 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4.

The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE 38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

Report No.: HA073109A

6. Measurement System Specification

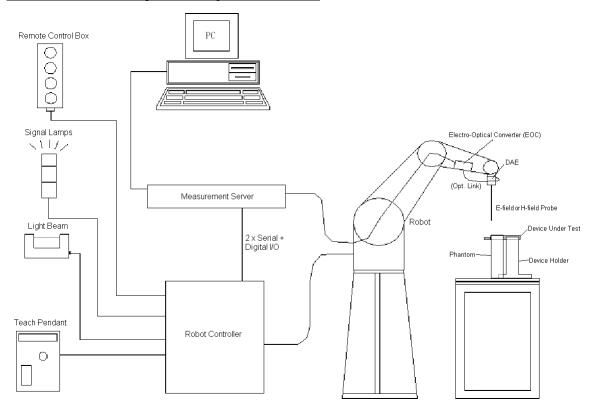


Fig 5.1 System Configurations

6.1 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification <ER3DV6>

Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)	A
	± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis) 2 V/m to 1000 V/m	A
Dynamic Range	(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)	
Linearity	± 0.2 dB	1 66
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	Fig 5.2



Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 7 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Report No.: HA073109A

Probe parameters : - Sensitivity Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

> - Conversion factor ConvF_i dcp_i

- Diode compression point

Device parameters : - Frequency f

> - Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

> - Density ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes :
$$\mathbf{E_i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$\mathbf{E_{tot}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

Page: 8 of 22 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020 FAX: 886-3-328-4978



7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

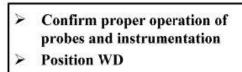
a. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.

Report No.: HA073109A

- b. Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i. Indirect measurement method
- j. The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- k. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- I. For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is ≥5.0 mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- m. The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 9 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

C RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT Report No. : HA073109A



Configure WD TX operation

Test Instructions

Per 5.4.1.2 (1-3)

- > Initialize field probe
- Scan Area

Per 5.4.1.2 (4-6)

- Identify exclusion area.
- Rescan or reanalyze open area to determine maximum
- Direct method: Record RF Audio Interference Level, in dB(V/m)
- Indirect method: Add the MIF to the maximum steady state rms field strength and record RF Audio Interference Level, in dB(V/m)

Per 5.4.1.2 (7-9) & 5.4.1.3

Identify and record the category

Per 5.4.1.2 (9-10)

Figure 8.1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 10 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

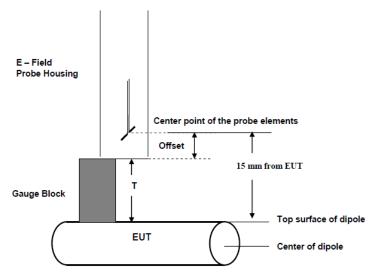


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 11 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



8. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Equipment	Tarres (Mandal	Carial Number	Calibration	
Manufacturer	rer Name of Equipment Type/Model		Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD835V3	1045	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 16, 2021
SPEAG	1880MHz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD1880V3	1038	Sep. 19, 2018	Sep. 16, 2021
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD2450V3	1186	Jan. 30, 2019	Jan. 28, 2021
SPEAG	2600Mhz Calibration Dipole ⁽²⁾	CD2600V3	1010	Mar. 14, 2019	Mar. 12, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 25, 2020	Aug. 24, 2021
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4047	Jan. 24, 2020	Jan. 23, 2021
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 12, 2019	Nov. 11, 2020
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	149637	Sep. 02, 2020	Sep. 01, 2021
SPEAG Test Arch Phantom		N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Nov. 20, 2019	Nov. 19, 2020
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 19, 2020	Aug. 18, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2020	Aug. 17, 2021
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	NCR	NCR
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 30, 2020	Jun. 29, 2021
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Aug. 26, 2020	Aug. 25, 2021
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	321501827	Aug. 06, 2020	Aug. 05, 2021

Report No.: HA073109A

Note:

- 1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"
- Not. No-Calibration Required
 The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 12 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

9. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

Report No.: HA073109A

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

<Test Setup>

- 1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
- 2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
- 3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:
- 4. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

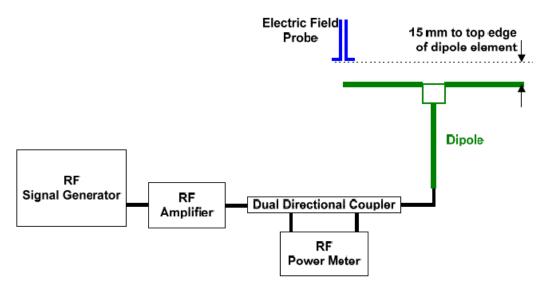


Fig. 7.1 Setup Diagram

<Validation Results>

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%

	11	(10.	9 // - \	9 ,			
Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	108.8	117.3	116.1	116.7	7.26	Sep 22, 2020
1880	20	89.5	86.52	85.79	86.155	-3.74	Sep 22, 2020
2450	20	84.1	85.32	85.26	85.29	1.41	Sep 23, 2020
2600	20	84.5	88.06	90.61	89.335	5.72	Sep 22, 2020
5500	20	99.8	105.7	109.3	107.5	7.72	Sep 23, 2020

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 13 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



10. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF). For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

Report No.: HA073109A

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

- 1. 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB
- 2. 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
- 3. 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 14 of 22
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



Report	No.	:	HA073109A

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10025	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10460	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43
10225	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10081	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.)	3.26
10403	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	-17.67
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10173	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greeneld, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 15 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

Report No.: HA073109A

11. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

Freque	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM850	33.50
0014	EDGE850	27.50
GSM	GSM1900	30.50
	EDGE1900	26.50
	Band V	24.00
MCDMA	Band IV	24.00
WCDMA	Band II	24.00
	HSPA	23.00
	BC0	25.00
CDMA	BC1	25.00
CDIVIA	BC10	25.00
	1xEvDO	25.00
	Band 2	24.00
	Band 4	24.00
	Band 5	24.00
	Band 7	24.00
	Band 12	24.00
FDD LTE	Band 13	24.00
IDDEIL	Band 14	24.00
	Band 71	24.00
	Band 25	24.00
	Band 26	24.00
	Band 30	24.00
	Band 66	24.00
TDD LTE	TDD-PC3	25.00
100 212	TDD-PC2	27.00
	802.11b	20.00
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g	20.00
	802.11n-HT20	20.00
	802.11a	19.50
	802.11n-HT20	19.50
5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40	19.00
	802.11ac-VHT20	19.50
	802.11ac-VHT40	18.50
	802.11ac-VHT80	18.50

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 16 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



<Low Power Exemption>

General Note:

- 1. EDGE data modes and 11b is not necessary due the GSM Voice mode and 11g is the worst case.
- 2. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for the air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes.

Report No.: HA073109A

3. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.50	3.63	37.13	Yes
EDGE850	27.50	3.75	31.25	No ⁽¹⁾
GSM1900	30.50	3.63	34.13	Yes
EDGE1900	26.50	3.75	30.25	No ⁽¹⁾
WCDMA	24.00	-25.43	-1.43	No
WCDMA - HSPA	23.00	-20.39	2.61	No
CDMA Full Frame Rate	25.00	-19.71	5.29	No
CDMA 1/8th Frame Rate	25.00	3.26	28.26	Yes
CDMA - EVDO	25.00	-17.67	7.33	No
LTE - FDD	24.00	-9.76	14.24	No
LTE – TDD - PC3	25.00	-1.44	23.56	Yes
LTE – TDD - PC2	27.00	-1.44	25.56	Yes
802.11b	20.00	-2.02	17.98	No ⁽¹⁾
802.11g	20.00	0.12	20.12	Yes
802.11n-HT20	20.00	-13.44	6.56	No
802.11a	19.50	-3.15	16.35	No
802.11n-HT20	19.50	-13.44	6.06	No
802.11n-HT40	19.00	-13.44	5.56	No
802.11ac-VHT20	19.50	-5.57	13.93	No
802.11ac-VHT40	18.50	-5.57	12.93	No
802.11ac-VHT80	18.50	-5.57	12.93	No

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 17 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)								
Band	GSM850 GSM190							
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810		
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.16	32.29	32.32	29.76	29.77	29.53		

Report No.: HA073109A

<CDMA>

Band	CDMA2000 BC0			C	CDMA2000 BC1			CDMA2000 BC10		
TX Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175	476	580	684	
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75	817.9	820.5	823.1	
1xRTT RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	24.13	24.23	24.54	24.32	24.55	24.36	23.90	24.28	24.22	

<LTE Band 41_Power class3>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.
	Channel			39750	40185	40620	41055	41490
	Frequency (MHz)		2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680	
20	QPSK	1	0	23.57	23.93	23.24	23.39	23.82

<LTE Band 41_Power class2>

1-1-										
BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Low Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.		
	Channel			39750	40185	40620	41055	41490		
Frequency (MHz)		2506	2549.5	2593	2636.5	2680				
20	QPSK	1	0	25.42	25.48	25.04	25.26	25.52		

<WLAN 2.4GHz>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
2.4GF12 WLAIN		1	2412	18.26
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	18.21
		11	2462	18.31

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 18 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



13. HAC RF Emission Test Results

Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	E-Field (dBV/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	E-Field M Rating
1	GSM850	Voice	128	32.16	3.63	37.99	7.01	M4
2	GSM850	Voice	189	32.29	3.63	37.13	7.87	M4
3	GSM850	Voice	251	32.32	3.63	36.32	8.68	M4
4	GSM1900	Voice	512	29.76	3.63	23.91	11.09	M4
5	GSM1900	Voice	661	29.77	3.63	24.61	10.39	M4
6	GSM1900	Voice	810	29.53	3.63	24.51	10.49	M4
7	CDMA BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	1013	24.13	3.26	29.01	15.99	M4
8	CDMA BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	384	24.23	3.26	28.31	16.69	M4
9	CDMA BC0	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	777	24.54	3.26	28.75	16.25	M4
10	CDMA BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	25	24.32	3.26	20.59	14.41	M4
11	CDMA BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	600	24.55	3.26	21.24	13.76	M4
12	CDMA BC1	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	1175	24.36	3.26	21.08	13.92	M4
13	CDMA BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	476	23.9	3.26	29.57	15.43	M4
14	CDMA BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	580	24.28	3.26	29.73	15.27	M4
15	CDMA BC10	1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate	684	24.22	3.26	29.50	15.50	M4
16	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	39750	23.57	-1.44	25.16	9.84	M4
17	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40185	23.93	-1.44	25.29	9.71	M4
18	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	23.24	-1.44	25.60	9.40	M4
19	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	41055	23.39	-1.44	25.62	9.38	M4
20	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1_0	41490	23.82	-1.44	26.28	8.72	M4
21	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	39750	25.42	-1.44	24.05	10.95	M4
22	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	40185	25.48	-1.44	24.43	10.57	M4
23	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	40620	25.04	-1.44	24.71	10.29	M4
24	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	41055	25.26	-1.44	23.74	11.26	M4
25	LTE Band 41_HPUE	20M_QPSK_1_0	41490	25.52	-1.44	25.43	9.57	M4
26	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	1	18.26	0.12	30.54	4.46	M3
27	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	18.21	0.12	30.50	4.50	M3
28	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	11	18.31	0.12	30.20	4.80	М3

Report No.: HA073109A

Remark:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.

2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume

Test Engineer: Bevis Chang and Randy Lin

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 19 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: HA073109A

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 20 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty	± 16.30 %				
Coverage Factor for 95 %	K = 2				
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on P	ower				± 32.6 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Fi	eld				± 16.3 %

Report No.: HA073109A

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 21 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020



15. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

Report No.: HA073109A

- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr. 2020.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Apr. 2020.
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 22 of 22 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2020