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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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## Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep18

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	1045	
QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proce	dure for dipoles in air	
September 19, 2	018	
	ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	C and humidity < 70%.
D#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
-		Apr-19
		Apr-19
SN: 103245		Apr-19
		Apr-19
		Apr-19
		Mar-19
SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
Name	Function	Signature
Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Sef Ilge
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	POIR
	Calibration processor September 19, 2 ats the traceability to natianties with confidence p and in the closed laborator critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 632283/011 SN: US41080477 Name Leif Klysner	Calibration procedure for dipoles in airSeptember 19, 2018Its the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical ur ainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages at and in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{or}$ Critical for calibration)ID #Cal Date (Certificate No.)SN: 10477804-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)SN: 10324404-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)SN: 10324504-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)SN: 10324504-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)SN: 5058 (20k)04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)SN: 5058 (20k)04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)SN: 5047.2 / 0632704-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)SN: 401305-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)SN: 78117-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)ID #Check Date (in house)SN: GB4242019109-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)SN: US3848510205-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)SN: US3729559709-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)SN: US4108047731-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)NameFunctionLeif KlysnerLaboratory Technician

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# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	109.3 V/m = 40.77 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	108.2 V/m = 40.68 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	108.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.0 dB	40.8 Ω - 11.3 jΩ
835 MHz	32.3 dB	49.4 Ω + 2.3 jΩ
880 MHz	18.1 dB	57.9 Ω - 11.0 jΩ
900 MHz	18.2 dB	48.3 Ω - 12.1 jΩ
945 MHz	20.5 dB	49.1 Ω + 9.3 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

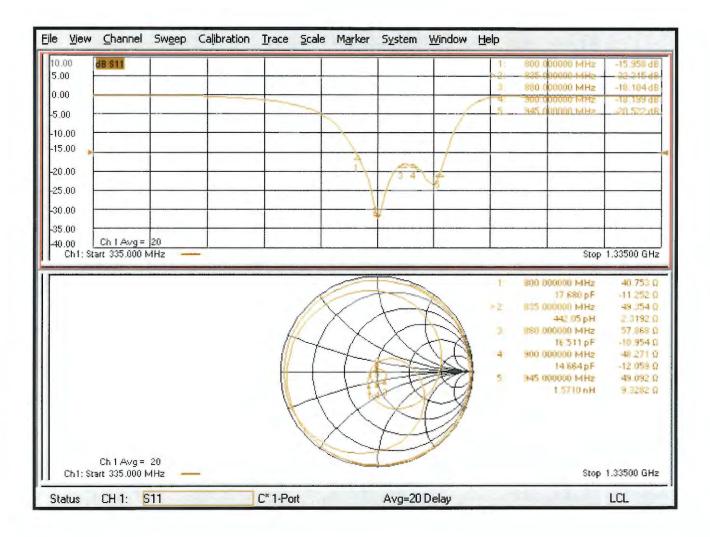
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



## **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 19.09.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018

Grid 7 M3

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 132.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 40.77 dBV/m Emission category: M3

 MIF scaled E-field

 Grid 1 M3
 Grid 2 M3
 Grid 3 M3

 40.25 dBV/m
 40.68 dBV/m
 40.63 dBV/m

 Grid 4 M4
 Grid 5 M4
 Grid 6 M4

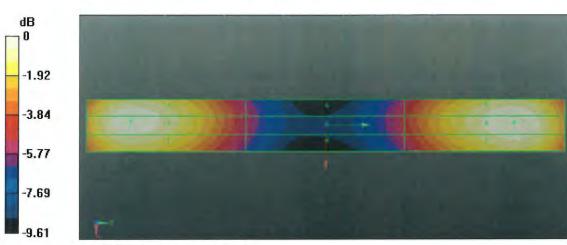
 35.68 dBV/m
 35.97 dBV/m
 35.93 dBV/m

Grid 8 M3

40.47 dBV/m 40.77 dBV/m

Grid 9 M3

40.67 dBV/m



0 dB = 109.3 V/m = 40.77 dBV/m



# CD835V3, serial no. 1045 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

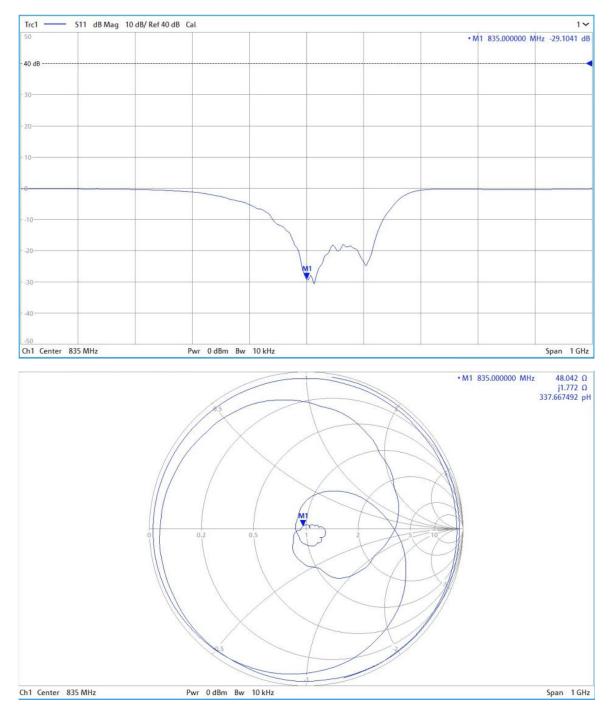
#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>835</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1045</b>						
		835MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
09.19.2018	-32.3		49.4		2.3	
09.18.2019	-29.104	-9.89	48.042	-1.358	1.772	-0.528
09.17.2020	-33.129	2.57	50.259	-0.859	0.57221	1.72779

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

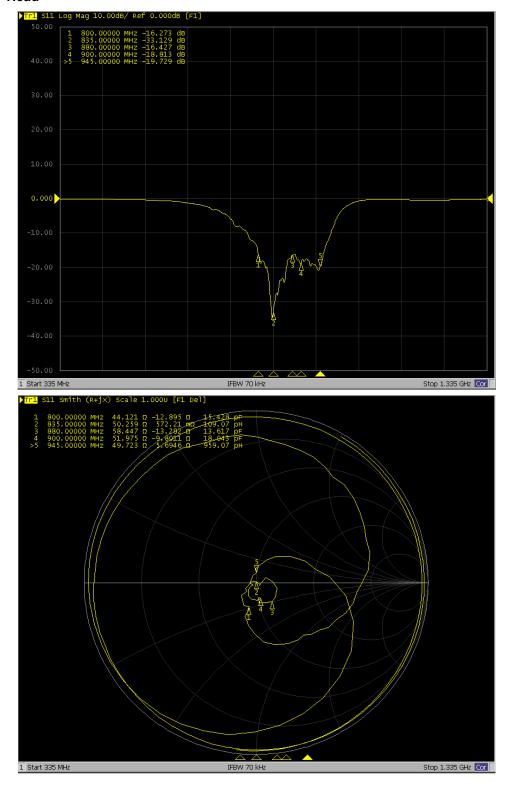


## <Dipole Verification Data> - D835 V3, serial no. 1045 (Data of Measurement : 09.18.2019) 835 MHz - Head





<Dipole Verification Data> - CD835 V3, serial no. 1045 (Data of Measurement : 9.17.2020) 835 MHz - Head







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#### Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038	3 Sep18	
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# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Dbject	CD1880V3 - SN:	1038	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration proce	edure for dipoles in air	
Calibration date:	September 19, 2	018	
		onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages ar	
All calibrations have been conduc		ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°(	C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
ype-in mismatch combination		05-Mar-18 (No. EF3-4013_Mar18)	Mar-19
••	SN: 4013	05-Wal-10 (10. L1 5-4015_Wal10)	IVICI-13
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4	SN: 4013 SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4			
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house)	Jan-19 Scheduled Check
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477 Name	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17) Function	Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-19 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-18

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### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	- 1000
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	97.0 V/m = 39.74 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	96.0 V/m = 39.65 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	96.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	90.3 V/m = 39.11 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.8 V/m = 38.97 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

## **Nominal Frequencies**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	22.9 dB	55,7 Ω + 5.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	21,2 dB	59.3 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
1900 MHz	21.6 dB	59.1 Ω - 1.1 jΩ
1950 MHz	25.9 dB	50.7 Ω - 5.0 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.7 dB	43.8 Ω + 6.1 jΩ

#### Additional Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	22.9 dB	55.7 Ω + 5.1 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

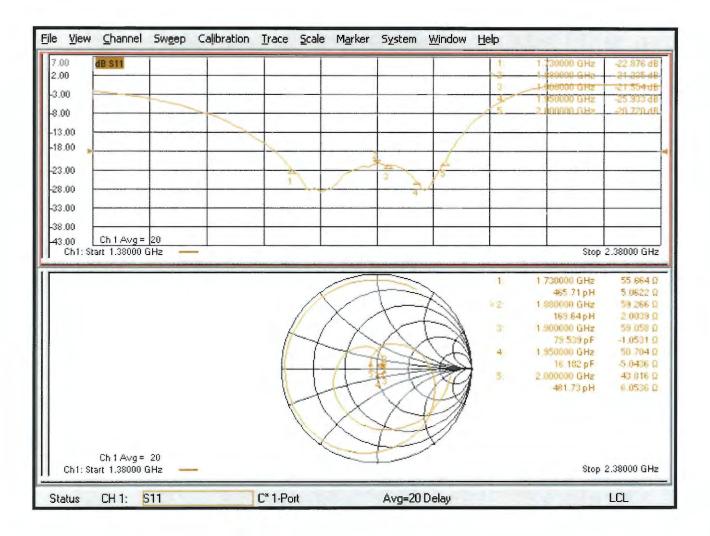
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz, ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1730 MHz; Calibrated: 05.03.2018
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 17.01.2018
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 155.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 39.11 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
38.75 dBV/m	39.11 dBV/m	39.05 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 <b>M2</b>
36.11 dBV/m	36.24 dBV/m	36.17 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.77 dBV/m	38.97 dBV/m	38.81 dBV/m

#### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1730MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 168.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

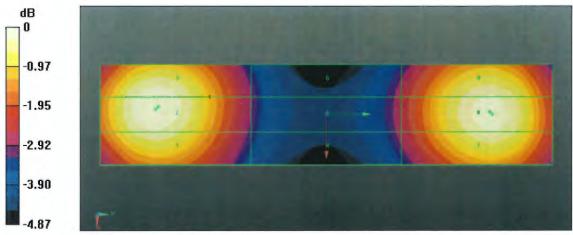
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.74 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
39.27 dBV/m	39.65 dBV/m	39.59 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
36.98 dBV/m	37.17 dBV/m	37.12 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
39.5 dBV/m	39.74 dBV/m	39.61 dBV/m



0 dB = 90.29 V/m = 39.11 dBV/m



# CD1880V3, serial no. 1038 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

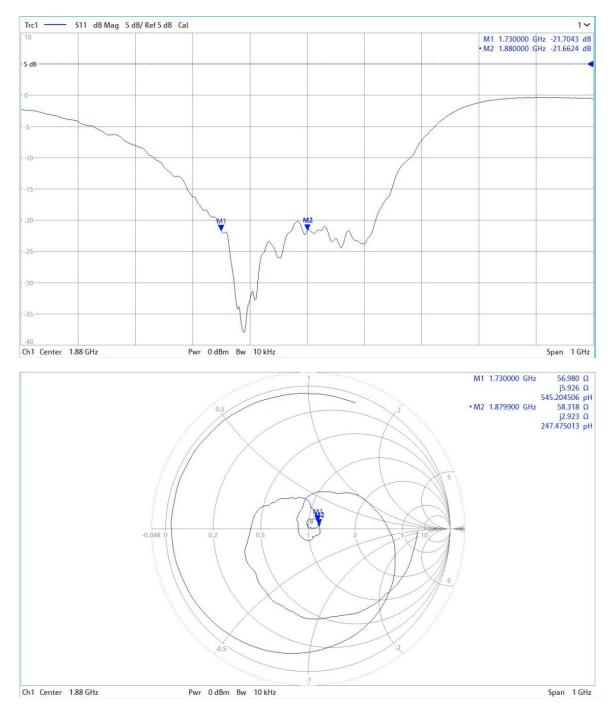
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>1880</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1038</b>						
			173	0MHZ		
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
09.19.2018	-22.9		55.7		5.1	
09.18.2019	-21.704	-5.22	56.98	1.28	5.926	0.826
09.17.2020	-20.861	-8.9	56.653	-0.953	5.4734	-0.3734
			188	0MHZ		
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
09.19.2018	-21.2		59.3		2	
09.18.2019	-21.662	2.18	58.318	-0.982	2.923	0.923
09.17.2020	-22.276	5.08	59.3	-0.04	1.7621	0.2379

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

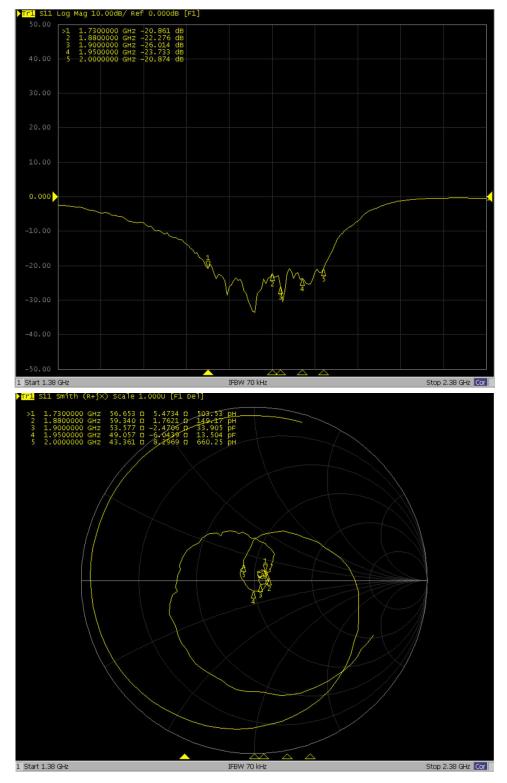


## <Dipole Verification Data> - D1880 V3, serial no. 1038 (Data of Measurement : 09.18.2019) 1880 MHz - Head





<Dipole Verification Data> - CD1880 V3, serial no. 1038 (Data of Measurement : 9.17.2020) 1880 MHz - Head





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Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1186\_Jan19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD2450V3 - SN:	1186	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in a	r
Calibration date:	January 30, 2019	9	
		onal standards, which realize the physical ur	
The measurements and the unce	tainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages a	nd are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborate	ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	C and humidity $< 70\%$
All calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborato	ry facility. environment temperature (22 ± 3)	C and nonidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&1	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	D#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
Secondary Standards	l ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 44198	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Sil 41h

Approved by:

Technical Manager

Issued: January 31, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Katja Pokovic





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### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	84.5 V/m = 38.54 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	83.7 V/m = 38.45 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.1 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2250 MHz	17.2 dB	64.4 Ω + 6.3 jΩ
2350 MHz	26.9 dB	53.7 Ω - 2.8 jΩ
2450 MHz	32.4 dB	52.1 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
2550 MHz	46.8 dB	50.3 Ω + 0.4 jΩ
2650 MHz	17.8 dB	64.1 Ω - 4.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

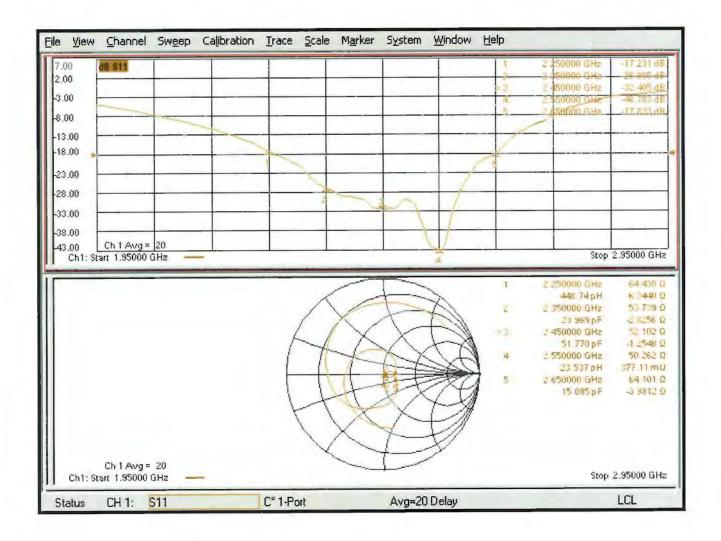
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



## DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 30.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1186

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

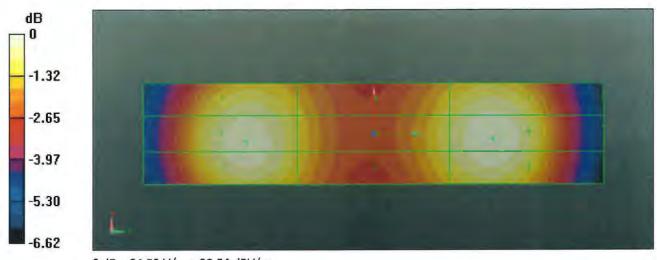
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 72.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.54 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 38.45 dBV/m	
	Grid 5 M2 37.67 dBV/m	
- a a construction	Grid 8 M2 38.54 dBV/m	1



0 dB = 84.53 V/m = 38.54 dBV/m



# CD2450V3, serial no. 1186 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

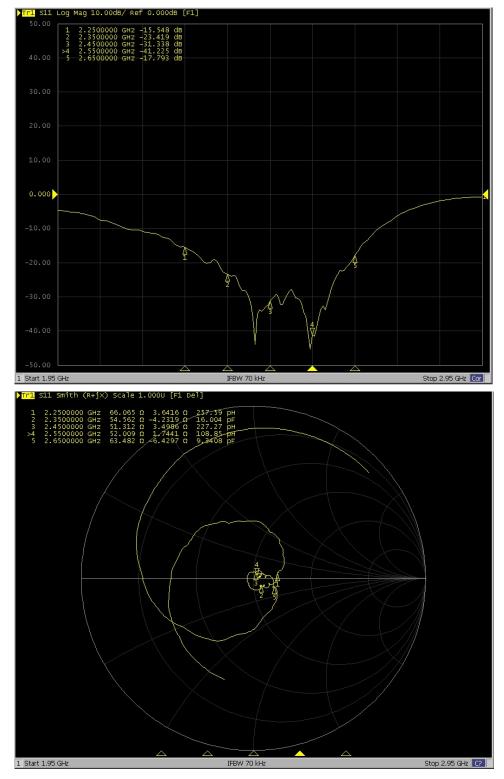
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>2450</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1186</b>						
		2450MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
01.30.2019	-32,405		52.102		-1.2548	
(Cal. Report)	-52.405		32.102		-1.2340	
01.29.2020	21.229	3.293	51.312	0.79	2 4096	-4.7534
(extended)	-31.338	3.293	51.312	0.79	3.4986	-4.7534

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



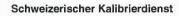
<Dipole Verification Data> - CD2450 V3, serial no. 1186 (Data of Measurement : 01.29.2020) 2450 MHz - Head



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## Certificate No: CD2600V3-1010 Mar19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE CD2600V3 - SN: 1010 Object QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air March 14, 2019 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
Name	Function	Signature
Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	UED
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	lekt
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477 Name Claudio Leubler	SN: 104778       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)         SN: 103244       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)         SN: 103245       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)         SN: 103245       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)         SN: 5058 (20k)       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)         SN: 5047.2 / 06327       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)         SN: 4013       03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)         SN: 781       09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)         ID #       Check Date (in house)         SN: GB42420191       09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US38485102       05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US37295597       09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: 832283/011       27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US41080477       31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)         Name       Function         Claudio Leubler       Laboratory Technician

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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## References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	84.9 V/m = 38.58 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	84.0 V/m = 38.49 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	24.0 dB	45.3 Ω - 3.7 jΩ
2550 MHz	30.7 dB	52.4 Ω + 1.8 jΩ
2600 MHz	26.5 dB	54.8 Ω <b>-</b> 1.1 jΩ
2650 MHz	25.2 dB	52.5 Ω <b>-</b> 5.0 jΩ
2750 MHz	19.9 dB	46.3 Ω - 9.0 jΩ

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

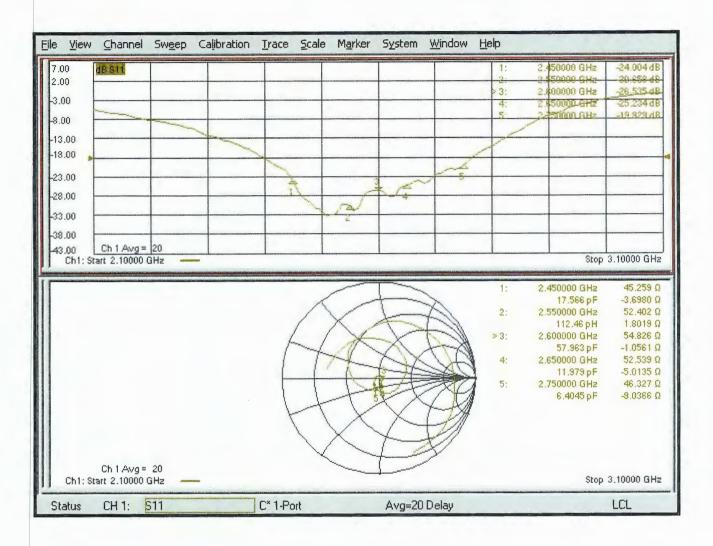
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



## **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 14.03.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1010

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

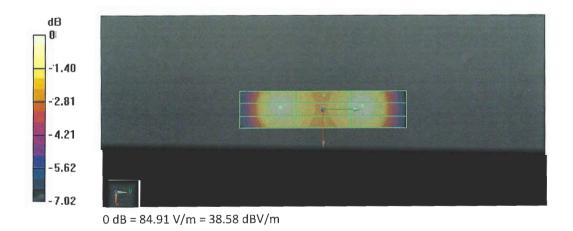
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipóle E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.58 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.15 dBV/m	38.49 dBV/m	38.45 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 M2	(Grid 6 M2
37.72 dBV/m	38.04 dBV/m	38.01 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 MZ	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.23 dBV/m	38.58 dBV/m	38.54 dBV/m





# CD2600V3, serial no. 1010 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

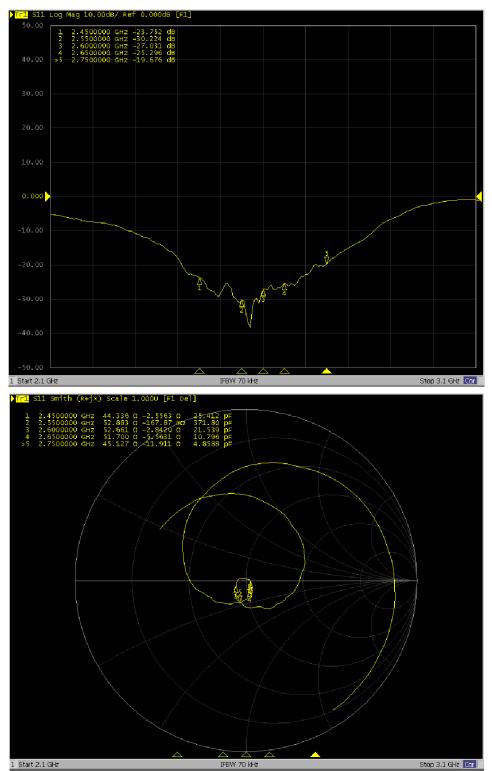
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>2600</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1010</b>						
	2600MHZ					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
03.14.2019 (Cal. Report)	-26.535		54.826		-1.0561	
03.13.2020 (extended)	-27.031	1.87	52.661	2.165	-2.842	1.7859

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - CD2600 V3, serial no. 1010 (Data of Measurement : 03.13.2020) 2600 MHz - Head





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## Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD5500V3-1009\_Jan19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

	CD5500V3 - SN:	1009	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in air	
Calibration date:	January 30, 2019	9	
		onal standards, which realize the physical unit robability are given on the following pages and	
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&1	TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
leference 20 dB Attenuator			
	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683) 03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Apr-19 Jan-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3			
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 4013 SN: 781	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20 Jan-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID #	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house)	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) Function	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Probe EF3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter Agilent 4419B Power sensor HP E4412A Power sensor HP 8482A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8358A Calibrated by:	SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19) Check Date (in house) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	Jan-20 Jan-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19

Issued: January 31, 2019

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## References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	5500 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 5500 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum above arm	100 mW input power	99.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
5000 MHz	21.4 dB	43.5 Ω - 4.6 jΩ
5200 MHz	29.9 dB	47.3 Ω + 1.6 jΩ
5500 MHz	23.9 dB	56.8 Ω + 0.4 jΩ
5800 MHz	21.4 dB	42.8 Ω + 3.1 jΩ
5900 MHz	21.3 dB	47.5 Ω + 8.1 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

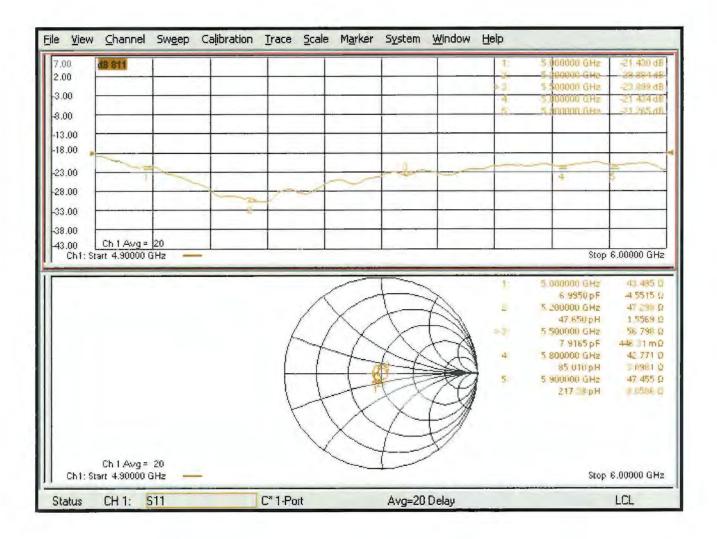
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



## **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 30.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

### DUT: HAC Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: CD5500V3; Serial: CD5500V3 - SN: 1009

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

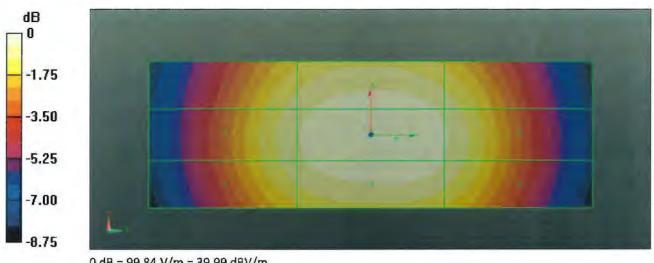
DASY52 Configuration:

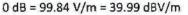
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 5500 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019 .
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface) ٠
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019 .
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070 .
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450) .

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 5500MHz/E-Scan - 5500MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 132.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dBRF audio interference level = 39.99 dBV/m **Emission category: M2** 

> MIF scaled E-field Grid 1 M2 Grid 2 M2 Grid 3 M2 39.13 dBV/m 39.36 dBV/m 39.25 dBV/m Grid 4 M2 Grid 5 M2 Grid 6 M2 39.74 dBV/m 39.99 dBV/m 39.86 dBV/m Grid 7 M2 Grid 8 M2 Grid 9 M2 39.24 dBV/m 39.51 dBV/m 39.4 dBV/m







# CD5500V3, serial no. 1009 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

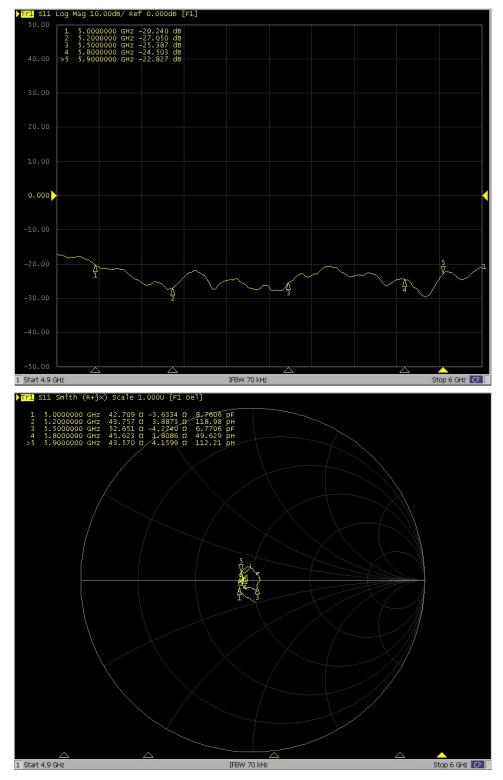
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>5500</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1009</b>							
		5500MHZ					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	
01.30.2019 (Cal. Report)	-23.899		56.798		0.44631		
01.29.2020 (extended)	-25.387	-6.226	52.651	4.147	-4.274	4.7203	

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



<Dipole Verification Data> - CD5500 V3, serial no. 1009 (Data of Measurement : 01.29.2020) 5500 MHz - Head



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#### Client Sporton

Certificate No: DAE4-1311\_Aug20

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BM - SN: 1311	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procee	lure for the data acquisition electron	ics (DAE)
Calibration date:	August 25, 2020		
The measurements and the uncerta	inties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical units of a bability are given on the following pages and are facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	part of the certificate.
Drimon: Standarda		Cal Data (Cartificata Na.)	Cohedulad Calibratian
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-20
			000 20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	,	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Laboratory Technician	Mars
			All
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	i J Seller
			Issued: August 25, 2020
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# Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1+3mV
DASY measurement p	parameters: Aut	to Zero Time: 3	sec; Measuring	time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.541 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.068 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.859 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96497 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99434 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97518 ± 1.50% (k=2)

# **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	224.0 ° ± 1 °
---	---------------

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

# 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000.37	3.16	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.24	-0.39	-0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19996.82	4.30	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199997.04	0.18	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.89	-2.59	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.23	1.07	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.33	1.73	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.98	-0.51	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.94	-0.70	0.00

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2002.59	0.66	0.03
Channel X	+ Input	203.33	1.16	0.58
Channel X	- Input	-198.01	-0.30	0.15
Channel Y	+ Input	2003.05	1.33	0.07
Channel Y	+ Input	200.94	-1.06	-0.52
Channel Y	- Input	-198.39	-0.59	0.30
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.63	-0.00	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200.79	-1.09	-0.54
Channel Z	- Input	-199.49	-1.56	0.79

# 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	13.76	11.68
	- 200	-10.33	-12.34
Channel Y	200	-12.59	-13.41
	- 200	13.16	12.73
Channel Z	200	-18.42	-18.67
	- 200	16.91	16.46

# 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.10	-2.98
Channel Y	200	8.85	-	5.41
Channel Z	200	10.45	7.09	-

# 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15434	15549
Channel Y	16319	15622
Channel Z	16577	17455

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10M $\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.90	-0.71	2.58	0.62
Channel Y	0.17	-0.98	1.34	0.48
Channel Z	-0.27	-1.68	1.50	0.54

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

# 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

## 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14	
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9	

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Client Sporton

Certificate No: EF3-4047\_Jan20

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3-SN:4047

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 24, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 789	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-789_Dec19)	Dec-20
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	05-Oct-19 (No. ER3-2328_Oct19)	Oct-20
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19) In house check: C	

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	frlh
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	felly
			Issued: January 30, 2020
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in fu	I without written approval of the laborato	ry.



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# **Glossarv:**

NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
En	incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
Ep	incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z* = *NORMx,y,z* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMX (no uncertainty required).

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4047

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	0.85	0.68	1.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	94.8	100.8	96.3	

#### Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz – 6 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En)	Deviation E-normal	Measured E-field (Ep)	Deviation E-normal	Unc (k=2) %
		<u>V/m</u>	in %	V/m	in %	. 5.4.0/
30	77.4	77.7	0.4%	77.3	-0.1%	± 5.1 %
100	77.3	78.0	0.9%	77.8	0.7%	± 5.1 %
450	77.1	77.9	1.0%	77.9	1.1%	± 5.1 %
600	77.2	77.6	0.5%	77.6	0.5%	± 5.1 %
750	77.2	77.5	0.4%	77.5	0.4%	± 5.1 %
1800	143.1	139.2	-2.7%	139.7	-2.4%	± 5.1 %
2000	135.2	131.7	-2.6%	131.7	-2.6%	± 5.1 %
2200	127.6	123.6	-3.1%	124.9	-2.1%	± 5.1 %
2500	125.4	122.6	-2.3%	123.7	-1.4%	± 5.1 %
3000	79.4	75.8	-4.6%	76.9	-3.2%	± 5.1 %
3500	256.2	248.1	-3.2%	245.2	-4.3%	± 5.1 %
3700	249.5	239.1	-4.2%	237.9	-4.7%	± 5.1 %
5200	50.4	51.0	1.1%	51.1	1.3%	± 5.1 %
5500	49.7	49.4	-0.5%	48.1	-3.2%	± 5.1 %
5800	48.9	48.6	-0.5%	49.5	1.3%	± 5.1 %

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>e</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4047

#### Max Unc<sup>E</sup> UID **Communication System Name** В С D VR Max Α dB dBõV m٧ dB dev. (k=2) 0 CW 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 Х 132.2 ±2.5 % ± 4.7 % Y 0.00 0.00 1.00 117.6 Ζ 0.00 0.00 1.00 125.9 10352-Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%) Х 10.00 6.62 76.31 15.72 60.0 ± 2.5 % ±9.6 % AAA 75.91 Y 16.29 6.55 60.0 Ζ 74.82 14.90 5.90 60.0 10353-Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%) Х 6.99 18.51 88.20 18.19 80.0 ±0.8 % ± 9.6 % AAA Y 80.0 8.86 80.86 16.76 Ζ 20.00 88.24 17.80 80.0 10354-Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%) Х ± 9.6 % 20.00 89.21 3.98 ± 0.8 % 17.01 95.0 AAA Υ 90.20 20.00 18.06 95.0 Ζ 20.00 88.27 16.28 95.0 Х 10355-Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%) 2.22 89.19 15.75 ±0.8 % ±9.6 % 20.00 120.0 AAA Y 20.00 91.78 17.54 120.0 Ζ 20.00 86.93 14.39 120.0 Х 10387-QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz 0.00 ± 2.2 % ±9.6 % 1.32 69.04 13.97 150.0 AAA Y 71.38 15.36 150.0 1.56 Ζ 0.88 65.04 10.64 150.0 10388-QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz Х 2.82 71.99 17.88 0.00 150.0 ±0.9 % ± 9.6 % AAA Y 72.62 2.92 18.21 150.0 Ζ 2.81 72.76 18.37 150.0 Х 10396-64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz 3.01 3.23 72.04 19.66 150.0 ±0.6% ± 9.6 % Y AAA 5.76 82.23 23.70 150.0 Ζ 2.94 71.61 19.63 150.0 ±9.6 % 10399-64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz 0.00 Х 3.70 16.56 150.0 ± 1.4 % 68.13 AAA Y 68.50 16.74 150.0 3.77 Ζ 3.72 68.53 16.85 150.0 10414-Х WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz 0.00 ±9.6 % 15.89 150.0 ± 3.0 % 5.00 65.86 Y AAA 5.06 66.13 15.99 150.0 4.99 66.32 16.21 150.0 Ζ

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4047

# **Sensor Frequency Model Parameters**

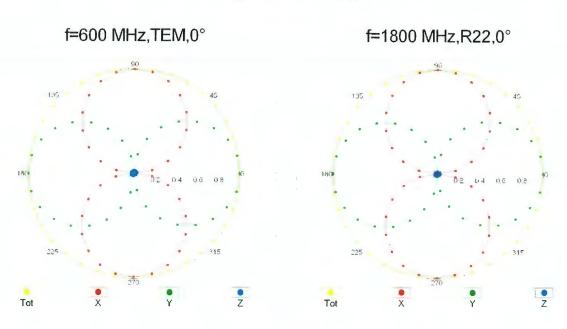
	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	-0.37	-0.32	5.92
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82

### **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6
	fF	fF	V <sup>-1</sup>	ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	ms.V <sup>−1</sup>	ms	V <sup>-2</sup>	V <sup>-1</sup>	
Х	63.4	421.61	37.34	12.66	0.59	5.03	0.00	0.51	1.00
Y	63.8	415.05	36.03	14.96	1.09	4.99	1.80	0.29	1.01
Z	50.1	335.77	37.95	11.00	0.52	5.03	0.28	0.38	1.00

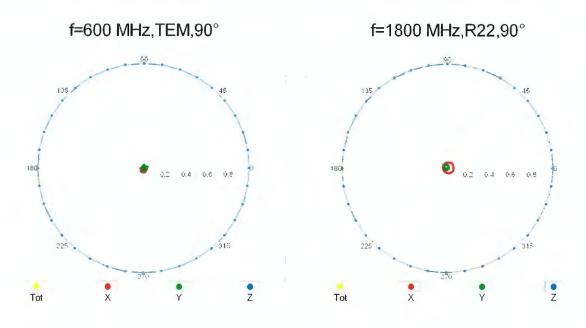
# **Other Probe Parameters**

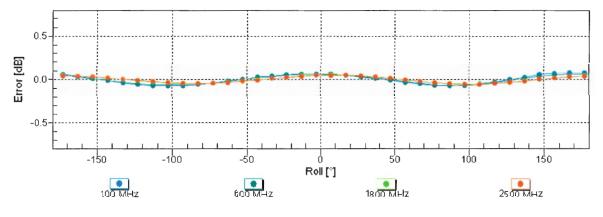
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-32.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	25 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.5 mm



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta$  = 90°

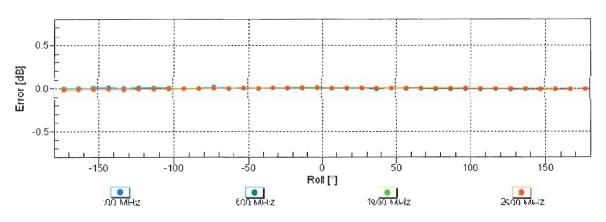


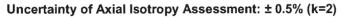


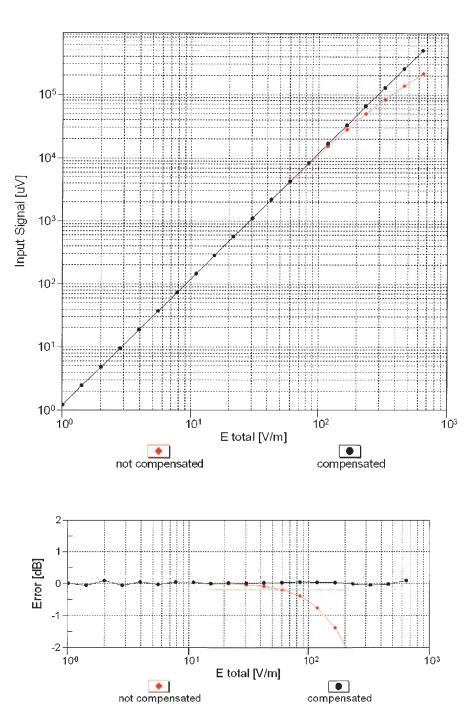
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta$  = 90°

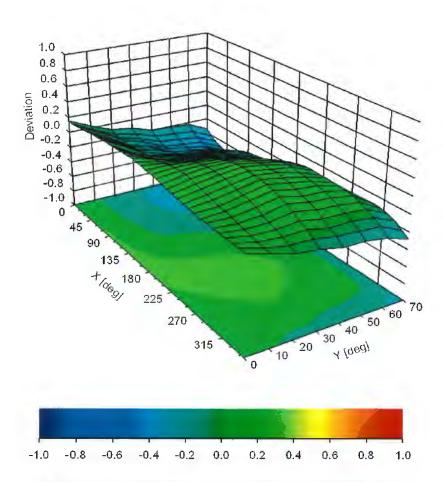






# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz

Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)