

Report No.: HA892733B



# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : IHDT56XQ1

**Equipment**: Mobile Cellular Phone

**Brand Name**: Motorola

T-Rating : T3

Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza,

Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza,

Chicago IL 60654 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Oct. 29, 2018 and testing was started from Oct. 30, 2018 and completed on Nov. 21, 2018. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERTIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grang.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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# History of this test report

Report No.: HA892733B

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA892733B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 25, 2018

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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency	Magnetic
			Response	Intensity
2014 01470 1/ :	GSM850	T3	Pass	Pass
SSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T3	Pass	Pass
OTT	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
MTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T3	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
DMA CMRS Voice	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over CDMA	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 14	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38	T3	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T3	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
OTTOVELLIL	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	5500	T3	Pass	Pass

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Wan Liu</u>

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# 2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
<b>Equipment Name</b>	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
FCC ID	IHDT56XQ1
S/N	NLHA1M0102
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	PPO29.60
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 826.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 11: 7706.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1914.3 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2117.5 MHz LTE Band 30: 2307.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 36: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 36: 1710.7 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 67: 2698.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 51: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
Mode	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA CDMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11a/b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE

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# 3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

# 4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01

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# 5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air	Dand Mile	Turna	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power					
Interface	Band MHz	Туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction					
	GSM850	VO	Voo	WLAN, BT	CMPS Voice	No					
0014	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CIVIRS VOICE	No					
GSM	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Coogle Due <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
	EDGE1900	VD	res	WLAN, BI	Service  CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> Volte  / Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> Volte / Volte / Volte / Volte / Volte / Volte	No					
	850			WLAN, BT		No					
UMTS	1750	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No					
UIVITS	1900			WLAN, BT		No					
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	Service Red  CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> Volte  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> Volte  Volte  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
CDMA	1900	VO	165	WLAN, BT		No					
	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 13		Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No					
LTE (FDD)	Band 14	VD		WLAN, BT	/	No					
(1 55)	Band 17			WLAN, BT	Google Duo(1)	No					
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 30		WLAN, BT WLAN, BT						WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No					
	Band 71			WLAN, BT		No					
LTE	Band 38	\/D	V	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No					
(TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> CMRS Voice  Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> VoLTE / Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> VoLTE / VoUTE / Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup> VoWiFi <sup>(1)</sup> /	No					
	2450					No					
	5200				VoWiFi <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	/	No					
	5500				Google Duo <sup>(1)</sup>	No					
	5800					No					
ВТ	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE	NA	No					

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## Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

#### Remark:

- 1. For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of −20 dBm0 should be used.
- The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

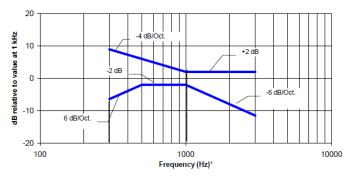
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# 6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

#### 6.1 Frequency Response

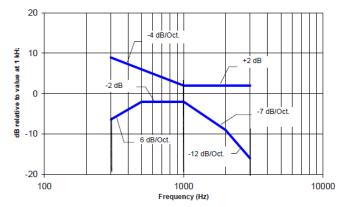
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

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NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

#### 6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

**Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories** 

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## 7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4,

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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## 7.1 Test Flow Chart

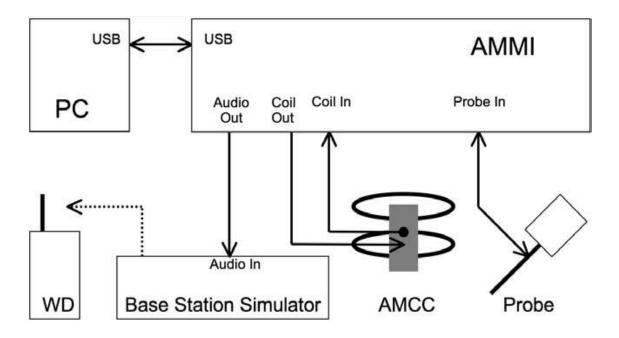
# Test Instructions Confirm calibration of test eq uip ment Configure and validate the test setup Establish WD reference level Find measurement locations Per sub clause 7.3, 7.4.1 a)-b) & 7.4.4.4 Position and orient probe Measure desired aud io band signal strength Per sub clause 7.4.1 c)-e) Calculate signal strength Calculate signal quality Measure frequency resposne (perpendicular orientation only) Per sub clause 7.4.5 - 7.4.6 All locations measured? All locations measured? Determine and record signal quality category Done Per sub clause 8.2.4

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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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## 7.2 Test Setup Diagram



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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
  - GSM input level: -16dBm0
  - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
  - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
  - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
  - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
  - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 5. The test setup used for Google DUO VoIP call is via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, also connection to the other auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec and bit rate and also monitor the audio input level of -20dBm0.

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 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k csek 8k 441 white 10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k voice 300-3000 2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

#### Calculation formula:

- Audio Level at -16dBm0 = ((-16dBm0) (3.14dBm0)) + X dBv
- Calculated Gain at -16dBm0 = 10(( audio level at -16dBm0 Y dBm0) / 20) \* 10

- Gatting setting at -16dBm0 = required gain factor \* calculated gain

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
		-2.47	3.14
10	20	-19.85	-14.24
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

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## 7.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

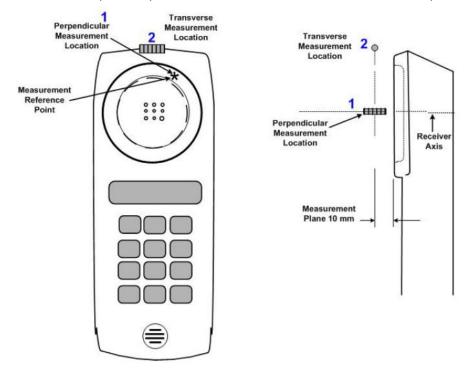


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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# 8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Madel	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Calibration           Last Cal.         Due Date           Nov. 21, 2017         Nov. 20, 2018           Dec. 12, 2017         Dec. 11, 2018           Jun. 14, 2018         Jun. 13, 2019           NCR         NCR           Mar. 21, 2017         Mar. 20, 2018	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 21, 2017	Nov. 20, 2018
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3067	Dec. 12, 2017	Dec. 11, 2018
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2019
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-1	Mar. 21, 2017	Mar. 20, 2018
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-2	Mar. 21, 2017	Mar. 20, 2018
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	116457	May. 23, 2017	May. 22, 2018
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	157119	Jun. 18, 2017	Jun. 17, 2018

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Note:

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<sup>1.</sup> NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

# 9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

#### **General Note:**

- 1. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.

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b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### 9.1 GSM Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-1.99	-1.42		GSM850 / 189	
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-26.35	-29	Axial		
Signal Quality (dB)	24.36	27.58	Axiai	G3IVI630 / 169	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is FR\_V1

#### <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		ABM1 dB (A/m)	dB	Signal Quality dB	_	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	-1.99	-26.35	24.36	T3	-50.33	1.19	Pass
'	GSIVIOSU	voice	109	Transversal (Y)	-10.30	-44.39	34.09	T4	-50.22	1.19	F455
2	GSM1900	Voice	661	Axial (Z)	-1.94	-30.50	28.56	T3	-50.36	1 11	Pass
2	GSW11900	voice	001	Transversal (Y)	-10.51	-44.97	34.46	T4	-50.25	1.11	Pass

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# 9.2 UMTS Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-2.26	-1.56	-1.93		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.78	-40.66	-45.31	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
Signal Quality (dB)	43.52	39.1	43.38	Axiai	Bana 2 / 9400
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is AMR 7.95Kbps

#### <Air Interface Investigation>

Plo No	t Air Interface	Mode	Channel		dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	-1.56	-40.66	39.10	T4	-50.34	1.21	Pass
3	WCDIVIA II	voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-11.91	-46.16	34.25	T4	-50.24	1.21	F455
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Axial (Z)	-1.62	-42.75	41.13	T4	-50.37	1.72	Pass
4	WCDIVIA IV	voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-10.58	-45.94	35.36	T4	-50.28	1.72	Pass
5	WCDMA V	Voice	4182	Axial (Z)	-2.39	-46.05	43.66	T4	-50.38	1.54	Pass
5	VVCDIVIA V	voice	4102	Transversal (Y)	-9.78	-48.02	38.24	T4	-50.25	1.54	rass

## 9.3 CDMA Tests Results

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	RC1 SO68	RC3 SO68	RC4 SO68	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-1.79	-1.7	-1.79		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-35.75	-35.89	-35.78	Axial	BC0 / 384
Signal Quality (dB)	33.96	34.19	33.99	Axiai	BC0 / 364
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is RC1 SO68

#### <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel		dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
6	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO68 Voice	384	Axial (Z)	-1.79	-35.75	33.96	T4	-50.36	1.64	Pass
U	CDIVIA DOU	codec8K Enhanced low	304	Transversal (Y)	-15.16	-46.19	31.03	T4	-50.21	1.04	1 033
7	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO68 Voice	600	Axial (Z)	-1.91	-34.67	32.76	T4	-50.34	1.74	Pass
′	CDIVIA BCT	codec8K Enhanced low	600	Transversal (Y)	-12.92	-43.64	30.72	T4	-50.22	1.74	F455
0	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO68 Voice	500	Axial (Z)	-1.71	-36.06	34.35	T4	-50.36	1.00	Door
8	CDMA BC10 codec8K Enhanced low		580	Transversal (Y)	-13.49	-44.91	31.42	T4	-50.28	1.82	Pass

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## 10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

#### 10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

#### **General Note:**

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

#### 2. Air Interface Investigation:

a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. For TDD LTE B41 UL CA is operated in power class3, an investigation is selected worst case UL-DL configuration with worst case radio configuration result is used.
- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-2.15	-1.95	-1.69	-2.08	-1.65	-1.78	-1.56	-1.28	-1.84	-0.77		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.16	-44.66	-44.39	-44.67	-44.08	-44.84	-44.76	-45.93	-44.39	-44		B25 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	43.01	42.71	42.7	42.59	42.43	43.06	43.2	44.65	42.55	43.23	Axial	26340
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is EVS SWB 9.6Kbps

#### LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-1.61	0.73	-1.1	1.68	-0.27	-0.23	-1.92	-0.11	-1.74	-0.15		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-32.23	-32.31	-28.31	-28.68	-31.22	-28.44	-32.08	-28.42	-32.6	-28.41	Axial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	30.62	33.04	27.21	30.36	30.95	28.21	30.16	28.31	30.86	28.26	Axiai	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is NB AMR 12.2Kbps

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# <Air Interface Investigation>

Air	Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.63	-43.48	41.85
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	-1.65	-46.79	45.14
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	-1.61	-46.80	45.19
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	-1.62	-46.44	44.82
FDD	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	-1.63	-46.26	44.63
FDD	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.77	-46.86	45.09
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.66	-46.26	44.60
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.65	-46.25	44.60
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.69	-46.25	44.56
	LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	-1.60	-46.05	44.45
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-0.82	-28.18	27.36
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	50	0	40620	0	-0.71	-28.30	27.59
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	100	0	40620	0	-0.87	-28.33	27.46
	LTE B41	20	16QAM	1	0	40620	0	-0.84	-28.30	27.46
	LTE B41	20	64QAM	1	0	40620	0	-0.72	-28.28	27.56
	LTE B41	15	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-0.79	-28.32	27.53
	LTE B41	10	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-0.77	-28.27	27.50
TDD	LTE B41	5	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-0.89	-28.30	27.41
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	-0.77	-28.33	27.56
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	-0.81	-28.26	27.45
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	-0.73	-28.31	27.58
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	-0.81	-28.28	27.47
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	-0.83	-28.31	27.48
	LTE B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	-0.77	-28.29	27.52
	UL CA B41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	-0.73	-28.28	27.55

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Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	A 124	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)		Frequency Response
9	LTE Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	-0.63	-45.33	44.70	T4	-50.38	1.1	Pass
9	LTL Danu 7	20	QI SIN	'	O	21100	Transversal (Y)	-9.48	-46.46	36.98	T4	-50.31	1.1	1 033
10	LTE Band 12	10	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	-0.21	-46.19	45.98	T4	-50.44	1.07	Pass
10	LIE Ballu 12	10	QFSN	'	U	23093	Transversal (Y)	-8.57	-46.04	37.47	T4	-50.27	1.07	Fa55
11	LTE Band 13	10	QPSK	1	0	23230	Axial (Z)	-0.49	-45.16	44.67	T4	-50.36	0.96	Pass
' '	LIE Ballu 13	10	QFSN	'	U	23230	Transversal (Y)	-9.06	-46.73	37.67	T4	-50.28	0.96	Fa55
12	LTE Band 14	10	QPSK	1	0	23330	Axial (Z)	-1.04	-43.97	42.93	T4	-50.42	1.38	Pass
12	LIE Ballu 14	10	QFSN	'	U	23330	Transversal (Y)	-10.72	-47.74	37.02	T4	-50.28	1.30	Fa55
13	LTE Band 25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	-1.65	-44.08	42.43	T4	-50.47	1.9	Pass
13	LTE Ballu 25	20	QFSN	'	U	20340	Transversal (Y)	-9.35	-47.09	37.74	T4	-50.34	1.9	F455
14	LTE Band 26	15	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	-1.67	-45.99	44.32	T4	-50.43	1.3	Pass
14	LTE Ballu 20	15	QFSN	'	U	20000	Transversal (Y)	-8.40	-45.34	36.94	T4	-50.31	1.3	Fa55
15	LTE Band 30	10	QPSK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	-2.26	-40.42	38.16	T4	-50.38	1.13	Pass
15	LIE Ballu 30	10	QF3N	1	O	27710	Transversal (Y)	-10.29	-47.84	37.55	T4	-50.24	1.13	F 455
16	LTE Band 66	20	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	0.09	-42.75	42.84	T4	-50.43	1.1	Pass
10	LIE Ballu 66	20	QFSN	'	U	132322	Transversal (Y)	-9.91	-47.17	37.26	T4	-50.29	1.1	F455
17	LTE Band 71	20	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	-0.84	-43.02	42.18	T4	-50.37	1.28	Pass
_''	LIL Ballu / I	20	QF3N		U	133322	Transversal (Y)	-10.07	-46.93	36.86	T4	-50.36	1.20	F 055
18	LTE Band 41	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	-1.10	-28.31	27.21	T3	-50.37	1 27	Door
10	LIE Danu 41	20	UPSN	'	0	40020	Transversal (Y)	-11.44	-37.33	25.89	T3	-50.31	1.27	Pass

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#### 10.2 VoWiFi Tests Results

#### **General Note:**

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations
(WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It
is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked
to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
  - b. Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
  - c. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

#### <Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-4.8	-2.98	-7.2	-3.97	-3.94	5.1	-3.82	-5.07	-3.6	-5.11		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.42	-40.24	-43.97	-43.44	-41.13	-31.56	-41.69	-42.56	-40.14	-41.64		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	36.62	37.26	36.77	39.47	37.19	36.66	37.87	37.49	36.54	36.53	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec is EVS NB 24.4Kbps

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# <Air Interface Investigation>

Frequency Bands	Modulation	Bandwidth	Data Rate	Channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	-4.42	-42.79	38.37
	802.11b	20	11M	6	-4.19	-43.24	39.05
	802.11g	20	6M	6	-4.20	-43.11	38.91
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g	20	54M	6	-4.29	-43.34	39.05
WLAN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	-4.50	-43.00	38.50
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	-4.19	-43.35	39.16
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	-4.12	-43.54	39.42
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	-4.25	-43.60	39.35
	802.11a	20	6M	40	-2.50	-41.57	39.07
	802.11a	20	54M	40	-2.79	-44.93	42.14
WI AN ECH-	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	-2.67	-45.59	42.92
WLAN 5GHz	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	-2.62	-45.45	42.83
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	-2.77	-45.83	43.06
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	-2.88	-45.94	43.06

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Overlieve		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Variation	Frequency Response					
19	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Axial (Z)	-5.11	-41.64	36.53	T4	-50.42	1.25	Pass					
19	WLAINZ.4GHZ	602.11b 1Mbps	O	Transversal (Y)	-13.68	-46.59	32.91	T4	-50.33	1.20	F488					
20	WLAN5GHz	202 44a 6Mbaa	40	Axial (Z)	-3.31	-43.20	39.89	T4	-50.43	1.54	Page					
20	WLANSGEZ	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Transversal (Y)	-13.19	-47.77	34.58	T4	-50.28	1.54	Pass					
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Axial (Z)	-1.70	-41.82	40.12	T4	-50.47	1.82	Pass					
21	WLANSGHZ	602. I Ta 61VIDPS	60	Transversal (Y)	-13.62	-47.64	34.02	T4	-50.28	1.02	F455					
22	WLAN5GHz	202 44a 6Mbaa	124	Axial (Z)	-3.05	-42.97	39.92	T4	-50.48	1.71	Pass					
22	WLANSGEZ	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Transversal (Y)	-11.84	-44.74	32.90	T4	-50.35	1.71	Pass					
22	MI ANECLI-	000 11a 6Mbsa	157	Axial (Z)	-3.05	-42.54	39.49	T4	-50.43	4.50	Door					
23	WLANSGHZ	_AN5GHz   802.11a 6Mbps	802.11a 6Mbps	802.11a 6Mbps	802.11a 6Mbps	802.11a 6Mbps	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Transversal (Y)	-13.89	-47.61	33.72	T4	-50.22	1.58	Pass

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# 11. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

#### **General Notes:**

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- 2. The google Duo VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.

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- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
    - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 71/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -WLAN2.4GHz worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
    - -WLAN5GHz worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.5GHz /11a/6Mbps

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### **EDGE**

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.85	3.53	-0.42			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-32.91	-28.73	-31.22		OCM050 / 400	
Signal Quality (dB)	35.76	32.26	30.8	Axial	GSM850 / 189	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

#### **HSPA**

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	0.97	2.46	1.66			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-33.67	-30.3	-29.03		UMTS B2 / 9400	
Signal Quality (dB)	34.64	32.76	30.69	Axial		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

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## 1XEVDO Rev A

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.91	1.4	3.46			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-39.4	-39.67	-36.82	Axial	BC0 / 384	
Signal Quality (dB)	42.31	41.07	40.28	Axiai	BC0 / 364	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

## LTE FDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.25	2.14	3.3		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-40.43	-35.06	-33.66	Axial	B71 / 20M / 133322
Signal Quality (dB)	46.68	37.2	36.96		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

#### LTE TDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.34	5.22	4.94		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-29.98	-28.67	-28.69	Axial	D44 / 20M / 40620
Signal Quality (dB)	34.32	33.89	33.63		B41 / 20M / 40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

#### **WLAN**

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-2.57	3.59	4.01			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-35.18	-29.56	-27.86	Assial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Signal Quality (dB)	32.61	33.15	31.87	Axial		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

Remark: According to codec investigation, the worst codec bitrate is 75Kbps

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
24	GSM850	EDGE (2 Tx slots)	189	Axial (Z)	-0.42	-31.22	30.80	T4	-50.36	0.12	Pass
24	GSIVIOSO	EDGE (2 TX SIOIS)	109	Transversal (Y)	-7.59	-41.93	34.34	T4	-50.25	0.12	F455
25	GSM1900	EDGE (2 Tx slots)	661	Axial (Z)	1.10	-34.98	36.08	T4	-50.31	0.04	Pass
25	G3W1900	EDGE (2 TX SIOIS)	001	Transversal (Y)	-6.31	-41.65	35.34	T4	-50.23	0.04	Pass
26	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	1.66	-29.03	30.69	T4	-50.37	0.21	Pass
20	WCDIVIA II	ПОРА	9400	Transversal (Y)	-6.52	-40.45	33.93	T4	-50.26	0.21	Pass
27	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	3.49	-31.40	34.89	T4	-50.34	0.52	Pass
21	VVCDIVIA IV	ПОРА	1413	Transversal (Y)	-3.58	-37.24	33.66	T4	-50.23	0.52	
28	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Axial (Z)	1.77	-27.03	28.80	T3	-50.34	0.17	Pass
20	WCDIVIA V	пора	4102	Transversal (Y)	-7.09	-35.35	28.26	T3	-50.22	0.17	
29	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	384	Axial (Z)	3.46	-36.82	40.28	T4	-50.33	0.14	Pass
29	CDIVIA BC0	KTAP 155.0Kbps	304	Transversal (Y)	-6.32	-44.54	38.22	T4	-50.28	0.14	
30	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	600	Axial (Z)	2.45	-36.97	39.42	T4	-50.31	0.08	Pass
30	CDIVIA BC1	KTAP 155.0Kbps	600	Transversal (Y)	-5.77	-43.68	37.91	T4	-50.26	0.06	F455
31	CDMA BC10	RTAP 153.6Kbps	580	Axial (Z)	0.99	-37.35	38.34	T4	-50.30	0.06	Pass
31	CDIVIA BC 10	KTAP 155.0Kbps	360	Transversal (Y)	-5.59	-42.37	36.78	T4	-50.22	0.06	F455
32	LTE Band 71	20M_QPSK_1_0	133322	Axial (Z)	3.30	-33.66	36.96	T4	-50.34	0.21	Pass
32	LIE Banu / I	20W_QF3K_1_0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-5.75	-42.12	36.37	T4	-50.25	0.21	F455
33	LTE Band 41	20M QPSK 1 0	40620	Axial (Z)	4.94	-28.69	33.63	T4	-50.34	0.40	Pass
33	LIE Banu 41	20W_QP3K_1_0	40620	Transversal (Y)	-7.22	-38.75	31.53	T4	-50.26	0.49	Pass
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Axial (Z)	4.01	-27.86	31.87	T4	-50.35	0.41	Door
34	WLAINZ.4GHZ	002.11b 1Mbps	0	Transversal (Y)	-6.87	-39.05	32.18	T4	-50.23		Pass
35	WLAN5GHz	902 11a 6Mbss	124	Axial (Z)	-5.23	-30.10	24.87	T3	-50.37	0.12	Door
35	WLANSGEZ	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Transversal (Y)	-14.42	-38.82	24.40	T3	-50.24	0.12	Pass

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#### Remark:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Tom Jiang San Lin and Nick Yu.

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## 12. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2. The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)		
		Probe Sen	sitivity						
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %		
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %		
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %		
	Probe System								
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %		
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %		
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %		
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
		Test Siç	gnal						
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
		Position	ning						
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
External Contributions									
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %		
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %		
	Combined Standard Uncertainty								
	Coverage F	actor for 95 %				K :	= 2		
	Expanded	Uncertainty				± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %		

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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## 13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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