

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



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- C** Service suisse d'étalonnage
- S** Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client      Sporton - TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Certificate No: **DAE3-495\_May16**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object                            DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AD - SN: 495

Calibration procedure(s)    QA CAL-06.v29  
                                       Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:             May 27, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-15 (No:17153)	Sep-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17

Calibrated by:	Name R.Mayoraz	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: May 27, 2016

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

## Glossary

<b>DAE</b>	data acquisition electronics
<b>Connector angle</b>	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.392 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$405.369 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$405.725 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.95295 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.99096 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.96580 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$78.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.62	1.58	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000.74	-0.12	-0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19996.44	4.68	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199995.94	1.53	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.54	1.56	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-19999.75	1.29	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199992.83	-1.82	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.61	1.74	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-19998.46	2.69	-0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.48	0.75	0.04
Channel X	+ Input	201.55	0.46	0.23
Channel X	- Input	-198.32	0.30	-0.15
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.13	-0.57	-0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	200.91	-0.45	-0.22
Channel Y	- Input	-199.30	-0.77	0.39
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.63	-0.96	-0.05
Channel Z	+ Input	200.82	-0.44	-0.22
Channel Z	- Input	-199.88	-1.27	0.64

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	3.18	2.27
	- 200	-2.19	-3.80
Channel Y	200	0.69	0.05
	- 200	-0.39	-0.92
Channel Z	200	2.28	2.22
	- 200	-4.44	-4.68

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	-0.76	-2.16
Channel Y	200	7.44	-	-0.52
Channel Z	200	5.77	5.68	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15817	17431
Channel Y	15765	17509
Channel Z	15903	17029

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	-0.15	-1.92	1.72	0.56
Channel Y	0.33	-0.86	2.13	0.60
Channel Z	-1.62	-2.91	-0.07	0.62

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-1399\_Nov16

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1399

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: November 17, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-16 (No:19065)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17

Calibrated by: Name Dominique Steffen Function Technician

Signature

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

I.V. B. M. M.

Issued: November 17, 2016

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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  - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - **Input resistance:** Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range =  $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$403.601 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.860 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.715 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.98192 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.99210 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.98028 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$302.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.88	1.05	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.28	0.87	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19998.50	2.29	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199993.59	-1.44	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.11	-1.26	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.82	-0.91	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199995.29	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.72	-2.63	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20002.93	-1.99	0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.09	-0.18	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.99	0.26	0.13
Channel X	- Input	-197.66	0.46	-0.23
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.13	-0.06	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200.58	-0.99	-0.49
Channel Y	- Input	-198.74	-0.44	0.22
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.38	0.15	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.84	-0.68	-0.34
Channel Z	- Input	-199.07	-0.83	0.42

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-4.94	-6.62
	-200	8.38	6.51
Channel Y	200	-6.22	-6.54
	-200	5.04	4.27
Channel Z	200	-6.68	-6.74
	-200	4.86	5.05

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	4.65	-1.72
Channel Y	200	9.38	-	6.88
Channel Z	200	8.80	6.72	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15826	16053
Channel Y	16118	16526
Channel Z	15887	15918

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.11	-0.73	0.73	0.27
Channel Y	-0.19	-1.32	1.76	0.44
Channel Z	-0.78	-2.06	0.51	0.41

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Auden**

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Certificate No: **DAE4-914\_Jan17**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BK - SN: 914**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v29**  
 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: **January 06, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-16 (No:19065)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17

Calibrated by:	Name Adrian Gehring	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: January 6, 2017

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

## Glossary

<b>DAE</b>	data acquisition electronics
<b>Connector angle</b>	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
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  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity*: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity*: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation*: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted*: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current*: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance*: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage*: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption*: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$405.068 \pm 0.02\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$404.262 \pm 0.02\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$403.838 \pm 0.02\% \text{ (k=2)}$
Low Range	$3.99100 \pm 1.50\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.98852 \pm 1.50\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$3.98993 \pm 1.50\% \text{ (k=2)}$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$63.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200030.35	-2.48	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20004.16	-0.79	-0.00
Channel X	- Input	-20002.66	2.18	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200031.50	-1.21	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.20	-3.60	-0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-20005.09	-0.13	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200030.04	-2.90	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.59	-3.09	-0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-20005.25	-0.22	0.00

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.33	0.09	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	201.16	-0.23	-0.11
Channel X	- Input	-198.51	0.20	-0.10
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.28	0.13	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200.65	-0.57	-0.28
Channel Y	- Input	-198.57	0.21	-0.10
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.06	-0.12	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.14	-1.11	-0.55
Channel Z	- Input	-200.23	-1.40	0.70

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-12.74	-14.35
	-200	15.28	13.78
Channel Y	200	-5.02	-5.61
	-200	4.04	3.96
Channel Z	200	5.14	5.29
	-200	-8.12	-7.94

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	2.77	-4.96
Channel Y	200	7.37	-	3.14
Channel Z	200	9.77	5.64	-

#### **4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16120	13405
Channel Y	16156	16416
Channel Z	16016	14609

#### **5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.49	-1.54	2.62	0.45
Channel Y	0.81	-0.16	2.34	0.55
Channel Z	-0.14	-2.56	1.83	0.56

#### **6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### **7. Input Resistance** (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### **8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### **9. Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Sporton - TW (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE3-577\_Sep16

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: September 28, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
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Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-16 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-17

Calibrated by: Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician

Signature

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: September 28, 2016

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- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$403.533 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.512 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.819 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.92648 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.94206 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$	$3.96074 \pm 1.50\% (k=2)$

## Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$190.0^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
---	---------------------------

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200038.14	2.56	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20010.51	5.45	0.03
Channel X	- Input	-20002.01	3.17	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200032.33	-3.18	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20006.38	1.35	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20004.73	0.65	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200031.49	-4.11	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20005.92	0.98	0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20007.03	-1.64	0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.00	-0.10	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.47	0.40	0.20
Channel X	- Input	-198.57	0.28	-0.14
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.38	0.31	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200.40	-0.54	-0.27
Channel Y	- Input	-199.63	-0.73	0.37
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.35	-0.56	-0.03
Channel Z	+ Input	199.97	-0.93	-0.46
Channel Z	- Input	-200.50	-1.56	0.79

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-2.76	-4.30
	-200	6.04	3.73
Channel Y	200	-14.29	-14.35
	-200	12.74	12.77
Channel Z	200	3.10	2.81
	-200	-5.90	-5.65

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ )	Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ )
Channel X	200	-	-1.07	-3.44
Channel Y	200	8.43	-	0.12
Channel Z	200	5.44	4.83	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16132	16062
Channel Y	16099	16321
Channel Z	16116	15372

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average ( $\mu$ V)	min. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	max. Offset ( $\mu$ V)	Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	0.37	-1.07	1.49	0.43
Channel Y	1.21	-0.41	3.21	0.59
Channel Z	-1.38	-2.63	-0.30	0.45

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



Client

Sporton\_TW

Certificate No: Z16-97123

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-2-004-01  
 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: August 26, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature( $22\pm3$ )°C and humidity<70%.

### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547)	Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-16(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_Feb16)	Feb-17
DAE4	SN 1331	21-Jan-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Jan16)	Jan -17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)	Jun-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: August 27, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\Phi$	$\Phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORMx,y,z$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide).  $NORMx,y,z$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORMx,y,z$  does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A,B,C$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORMx,y,z * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORMx$  (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe ES3DV3

**SN: 3270**

Calibrated: August 26, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.09	1.22	1.19	$\pm 10.8\%$
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.9	103.3	101.0	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	274.7	$\pm 2.7\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		295.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		288.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.50	1.35	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.42	1.47	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.37	1.61	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.52	1.53	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.55	1.50	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.57	1.47	±12%
2100	39.8	1.49	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.68	1.41	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.73	1.30	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.90	1.13	±12%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.50	1.35	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	6.01	6.01	6.01	0.42	1.60	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.50	1.66	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.53	1.64	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.90	1.20	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.90	1.18	±12%

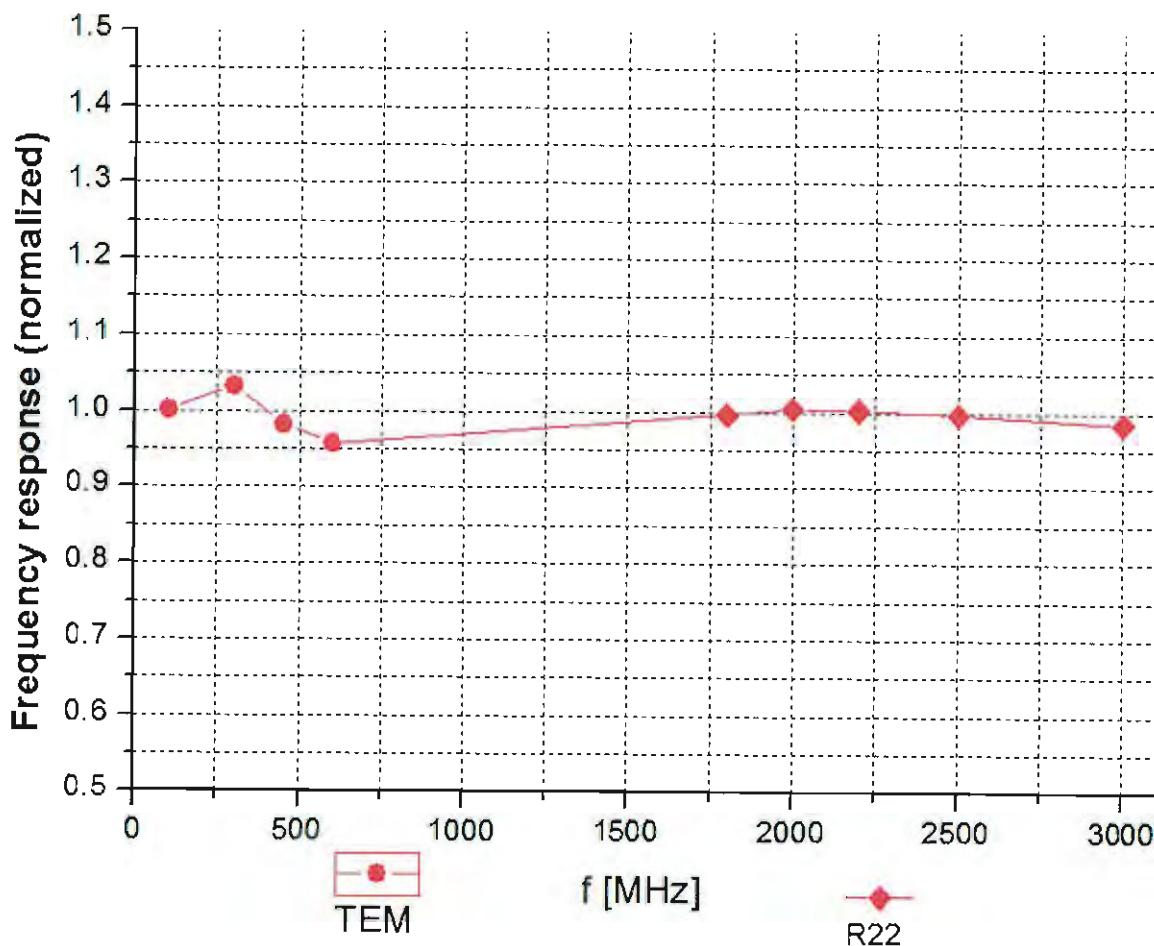
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



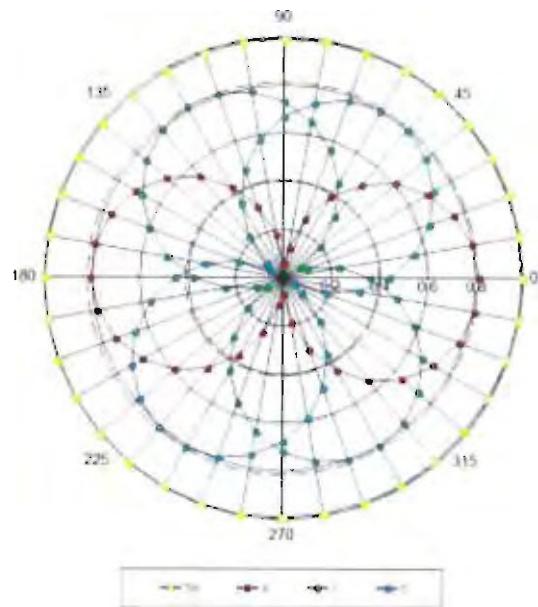
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



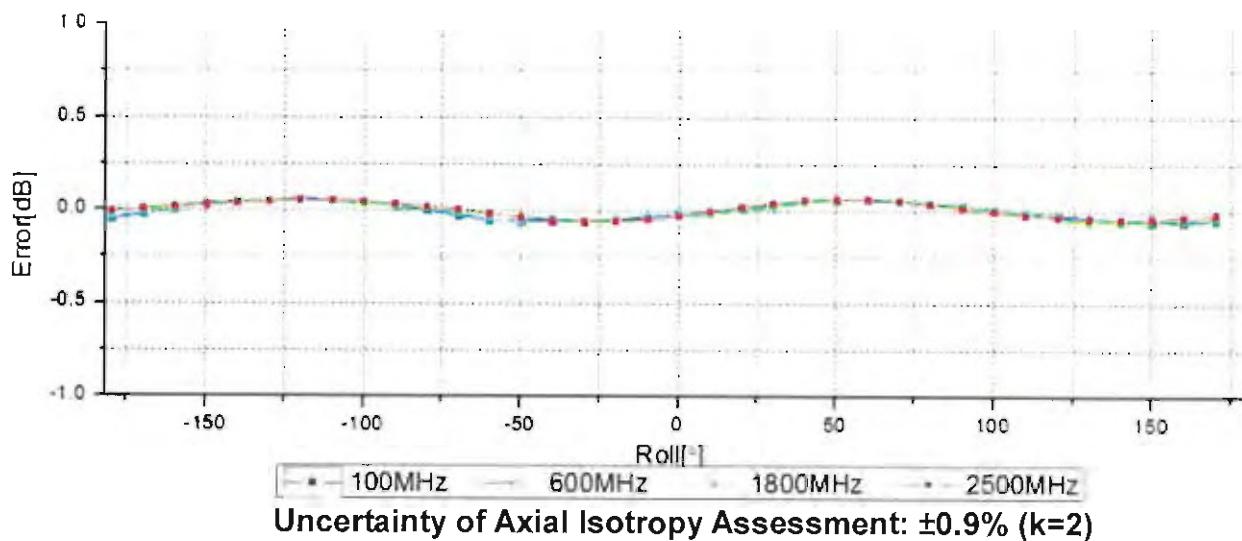
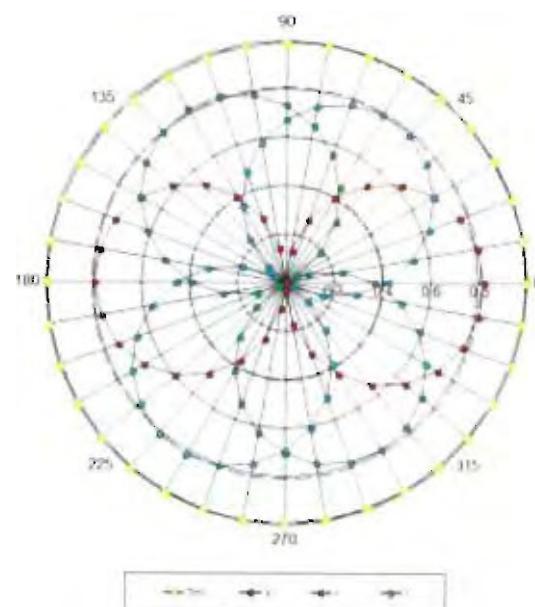
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

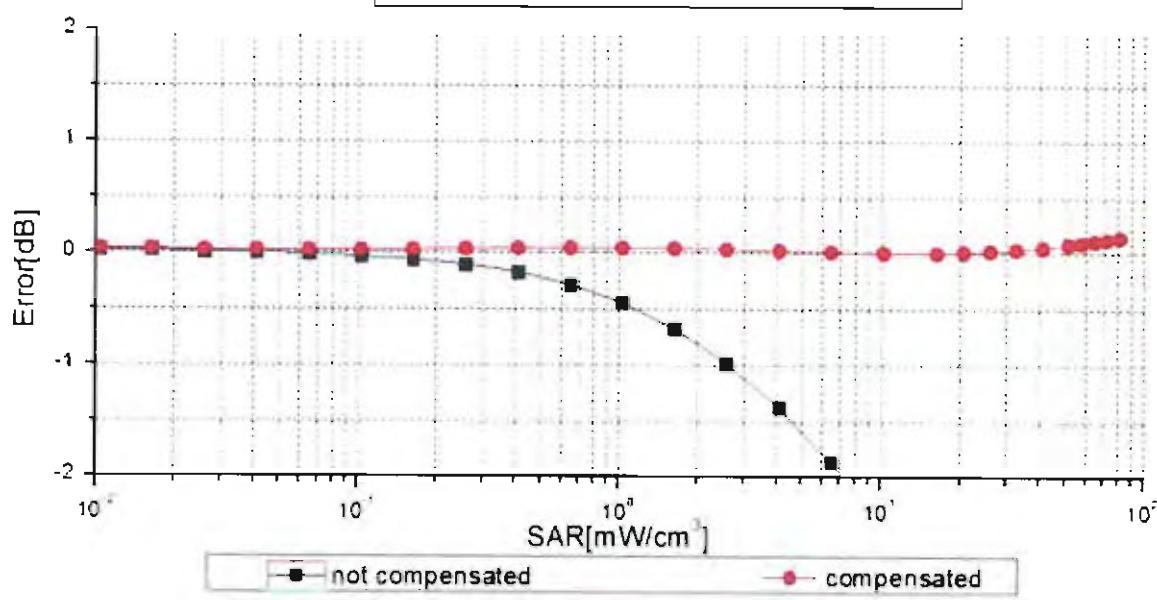
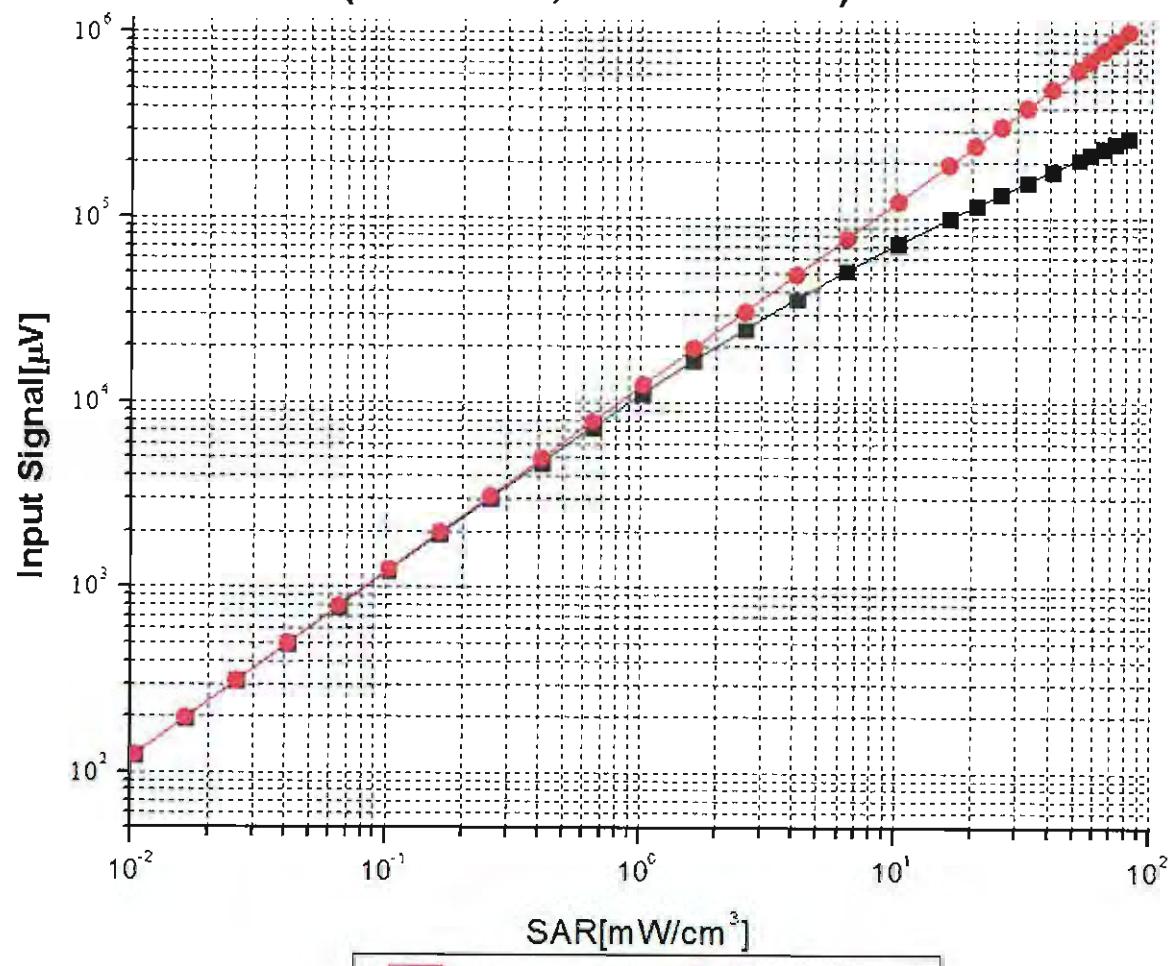
f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22



## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

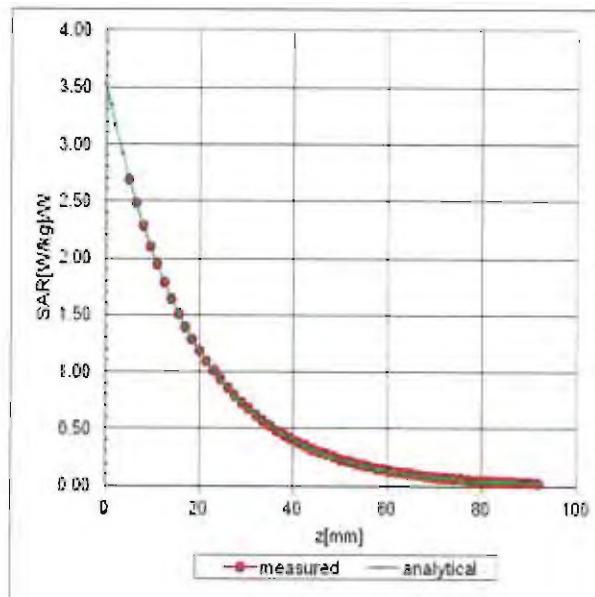


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.9\%$  ( $k=2$ )

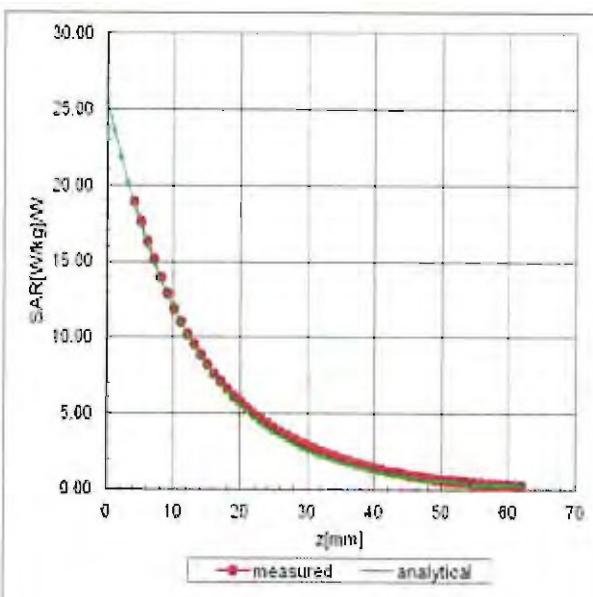


## Conversion Factor Assessment

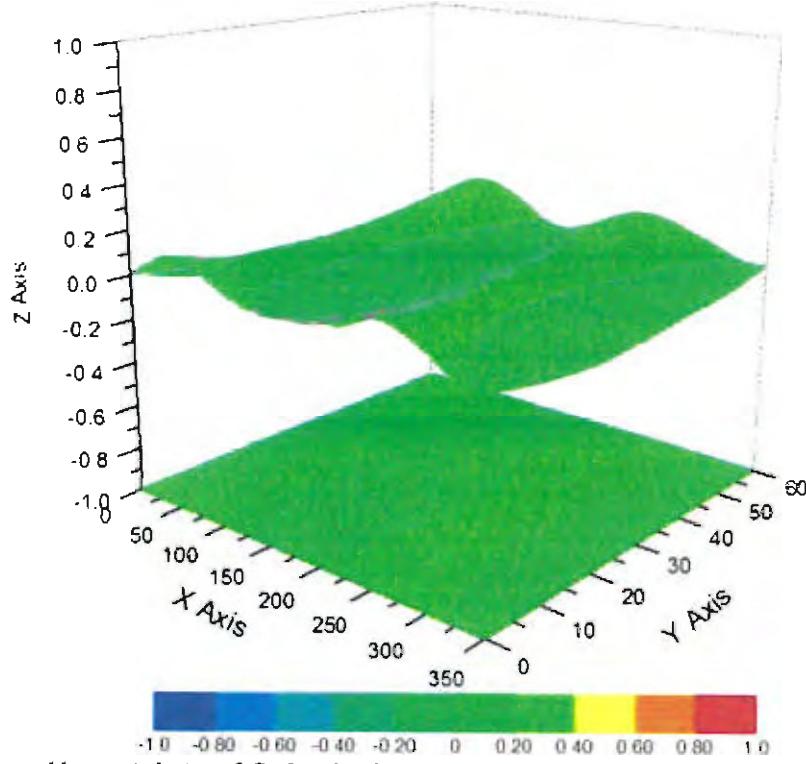
f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)



f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.8\% (K=2)$



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	168.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
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**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**SCS** Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3925\_May16**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3925**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 26, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285/02284)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285)	In house check: Jun-16
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02284)	In house check: Jun-16
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Jun-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 31, 2016

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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### Glossary:

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Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
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Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
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- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). *NORMx,y,z* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORMx,y,z* does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z \* ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

**SN:3925**

Manufactured: March 8, 2013  
Calibrated: May 26, 2016

**Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems**  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.59	0.52	0.50	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	96.5	97.9	98.9	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	152.6	$\pm 2.7 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		143.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		138.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.37	10.37	10.37	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.92	9.92	9.92	0.47	0.81	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.57	8.57	8.57	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.47	7.47	7.47	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.36	0.86	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.14	7.14	7.14	0.29	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.31	5.31	5.31	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.49	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.91	9.91	9.91	0.44	0.88	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.96	9.96	9.96	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.26	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.73	6.73	6.73	0.29	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.22	4.22	4.22	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.85	3.85	3.85	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.85	3.85	3.85	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

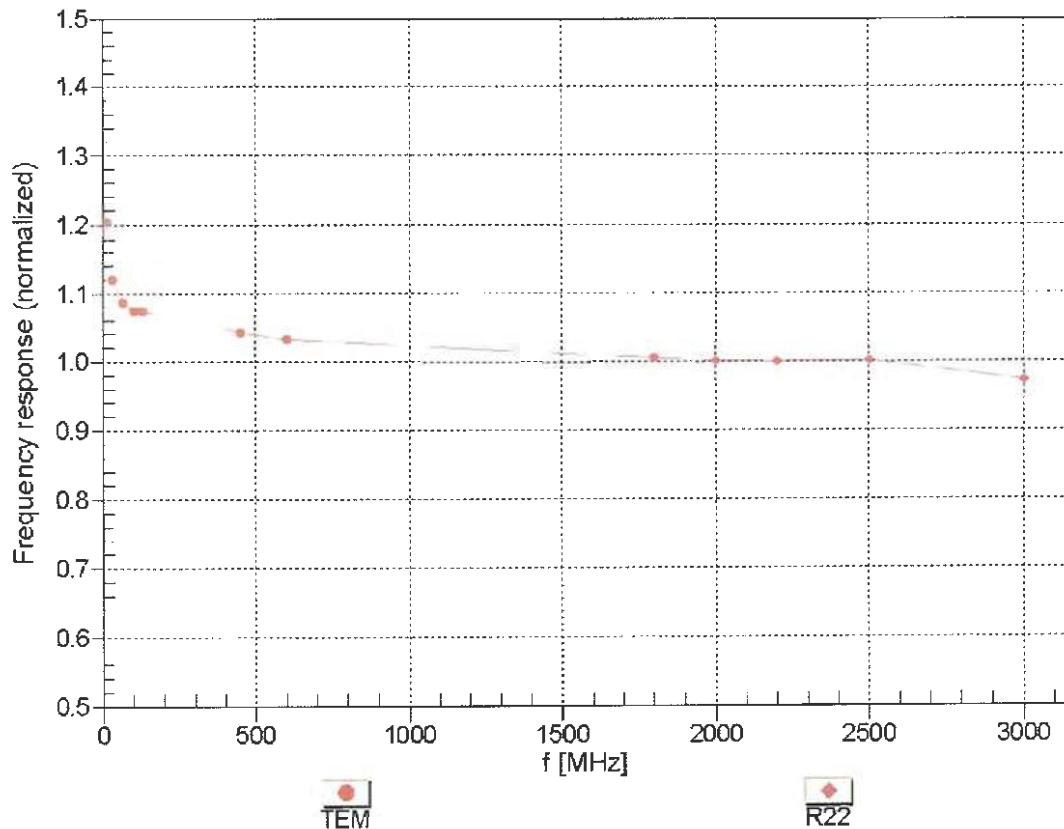
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

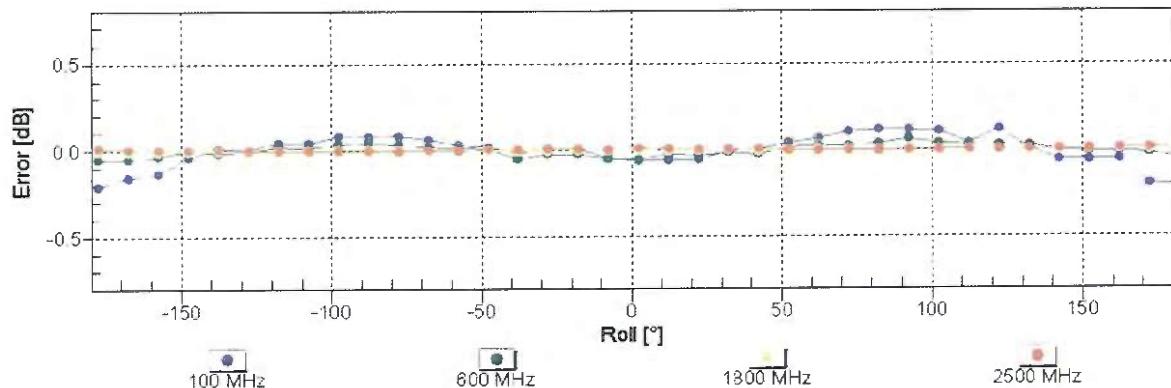
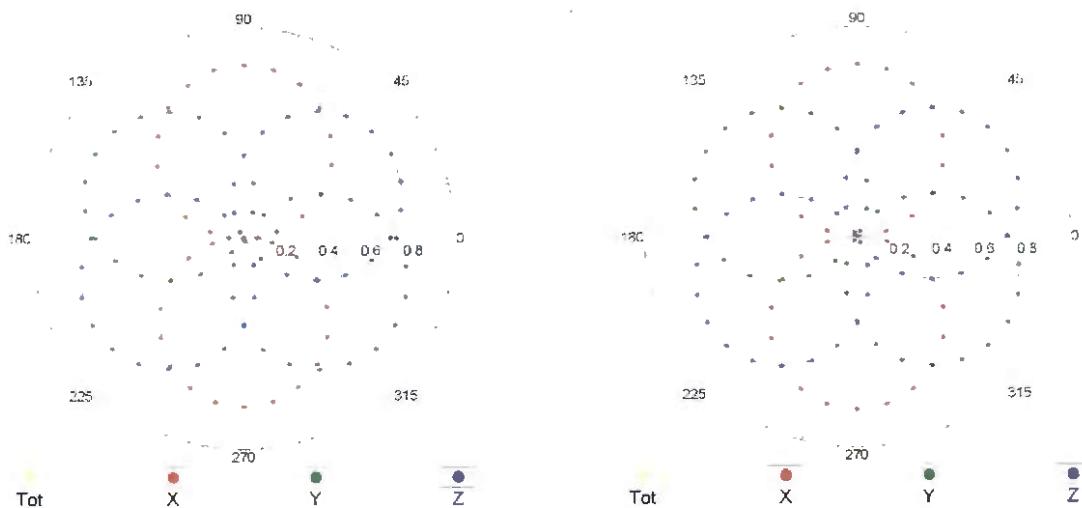


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\% (k=2)$

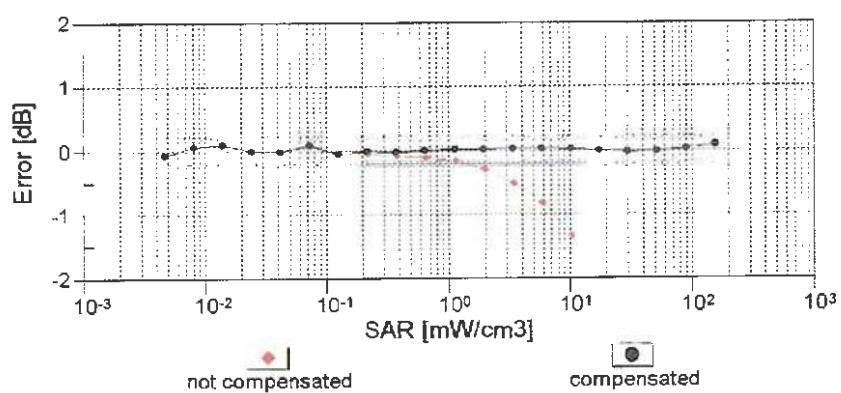
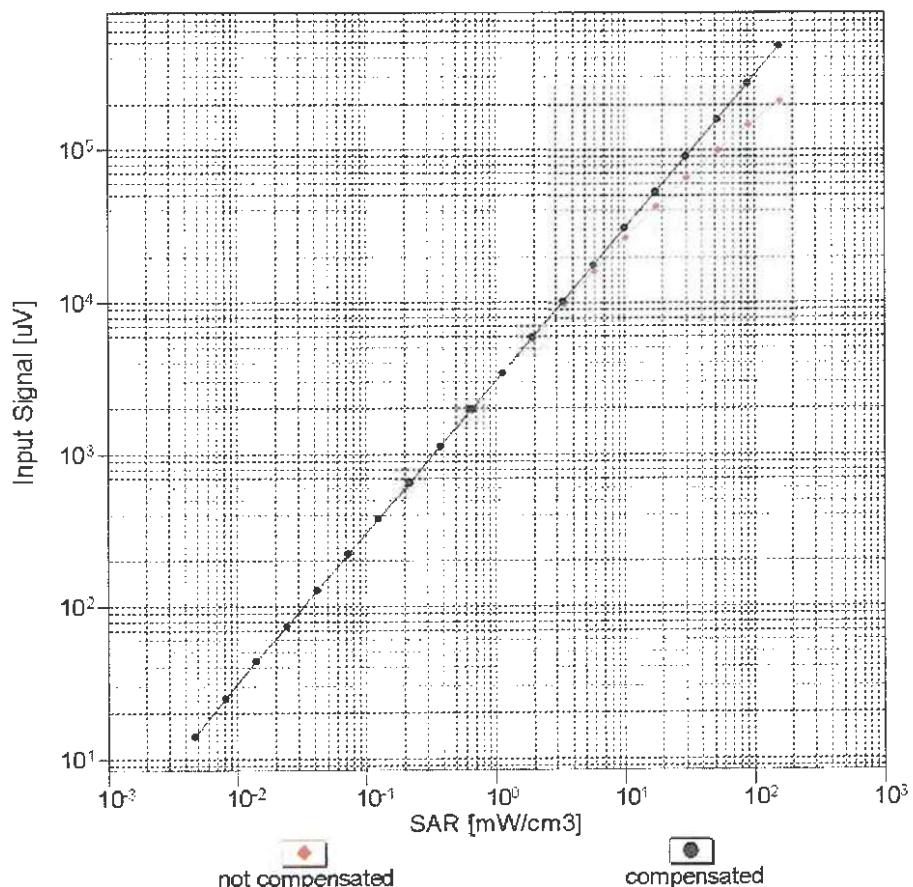
## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

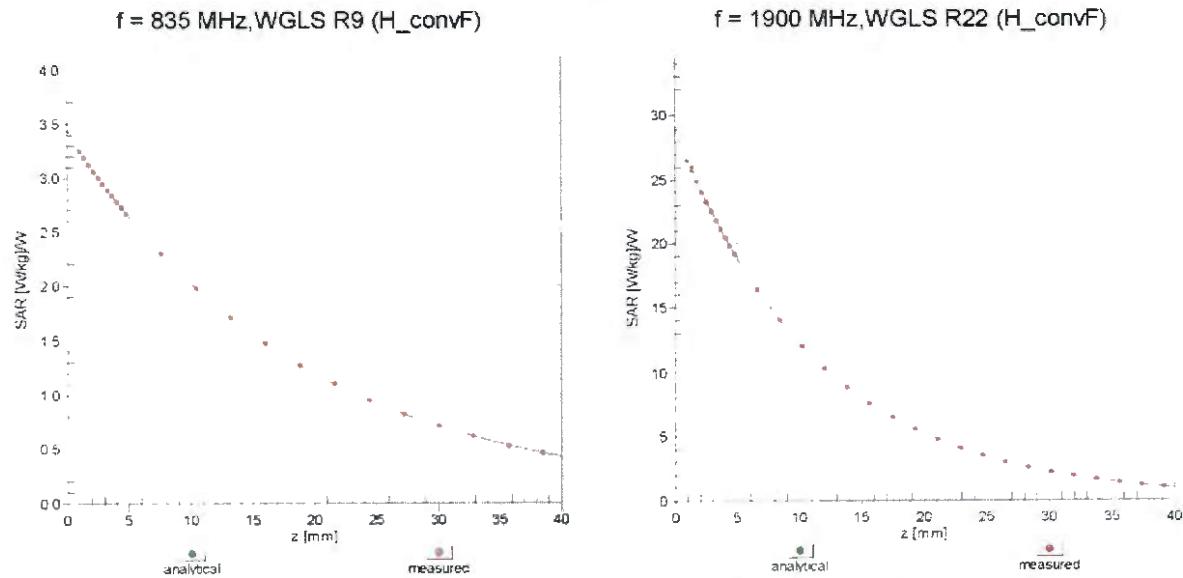
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

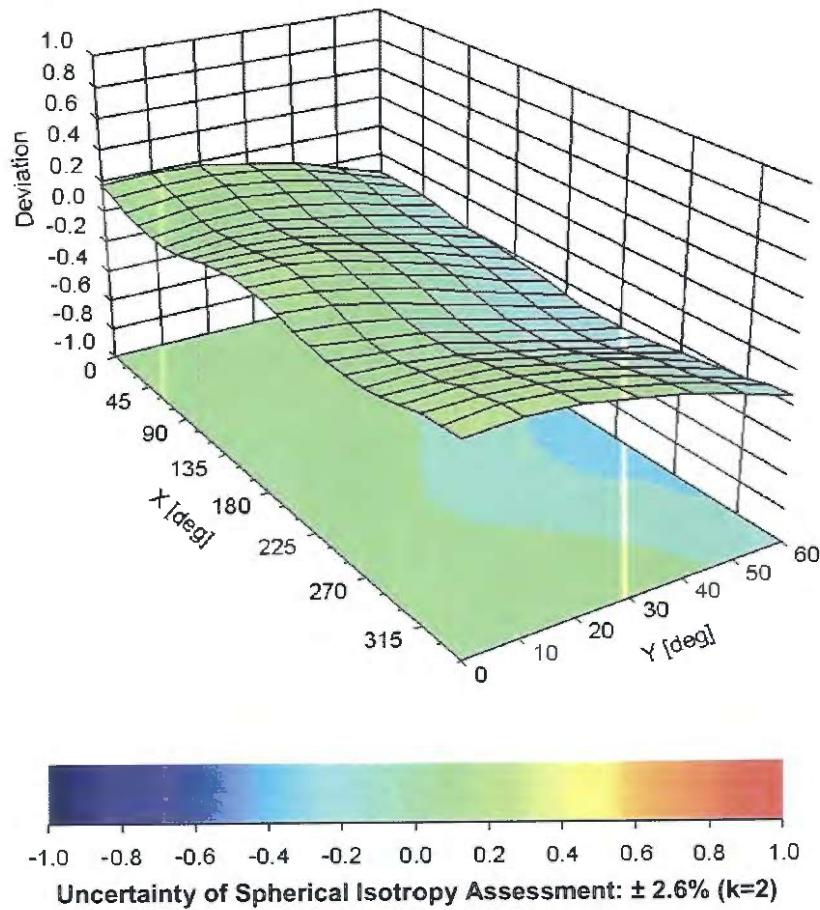


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	92.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
**Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland**



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton-TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-3955\_Nov16

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3955

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: November 24, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 28, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3955

Manufactured: August 6, 2013  
Calibrated: November 24, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.34	0.40	0.31	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.5	101.5	97.2	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	128.6	$\pm 3.3 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		128.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>F</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.65	10.65	10.65	0.49	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.33	10.33	10.33	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.07	10.07	10.07	0.34	1.01	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.68	8.68	8.68	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.43	8.43	8.43	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.24	1.06	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.30	0.95	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.04	5.04	5.04	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.50	4.50	4.50	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

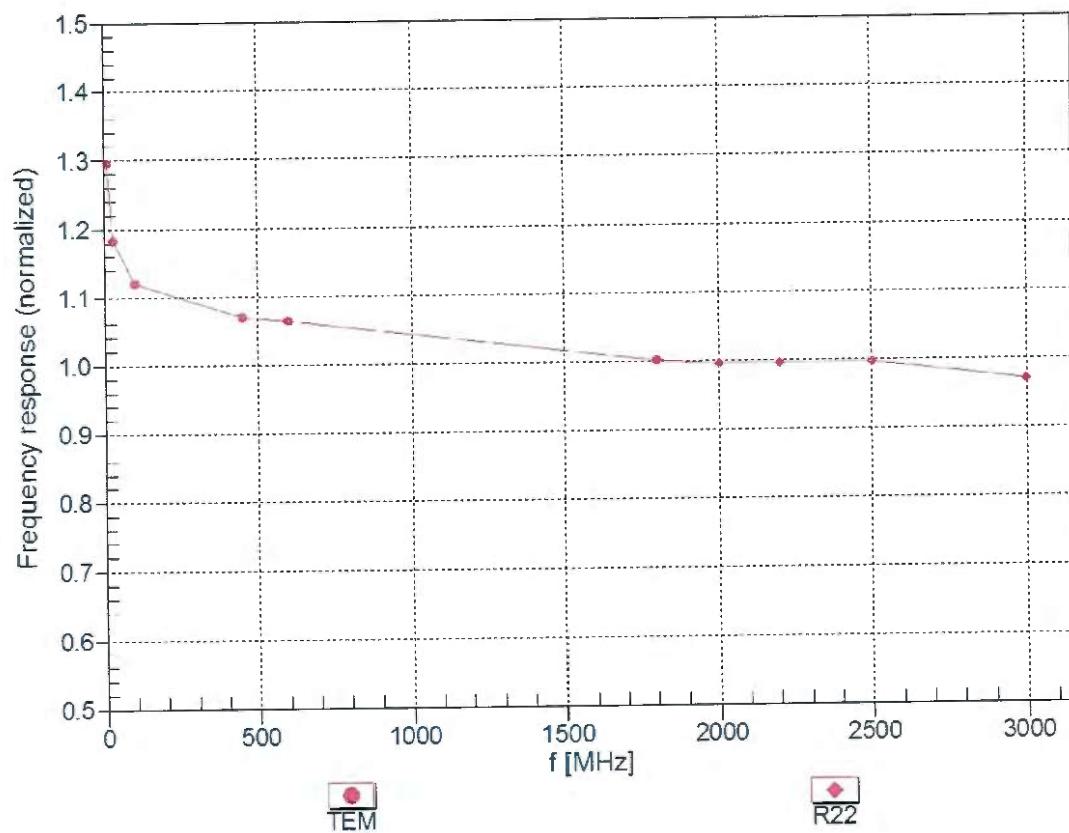
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.42	10.42	10.42	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.33	0.97	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.31	8.31	8.31	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.30	0.95	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $c$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

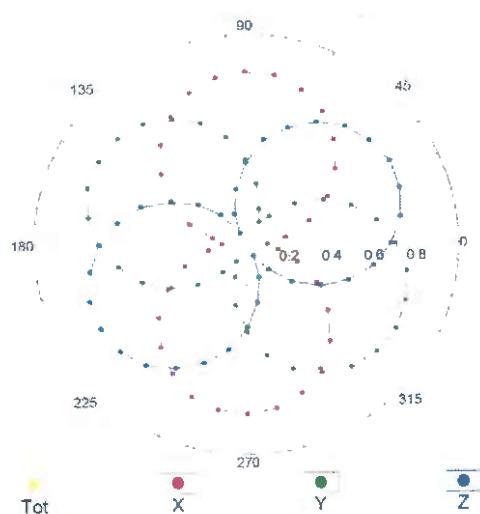
## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



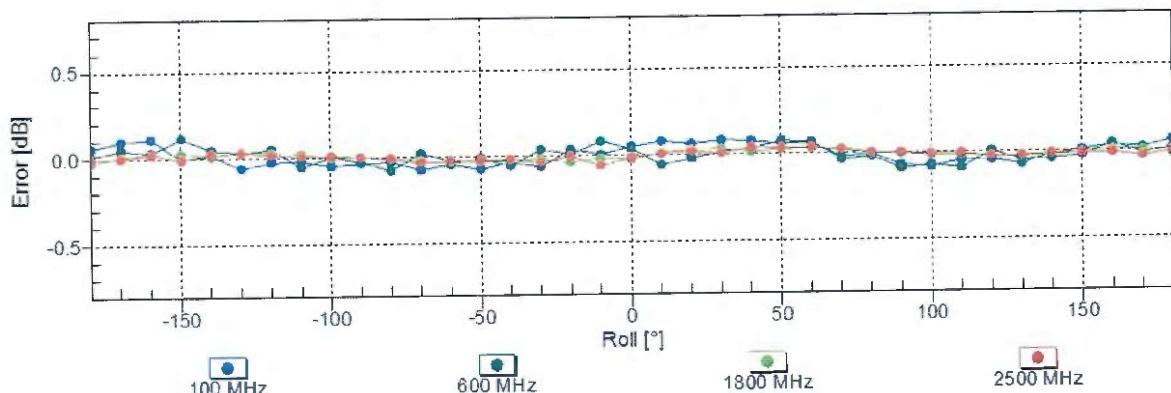
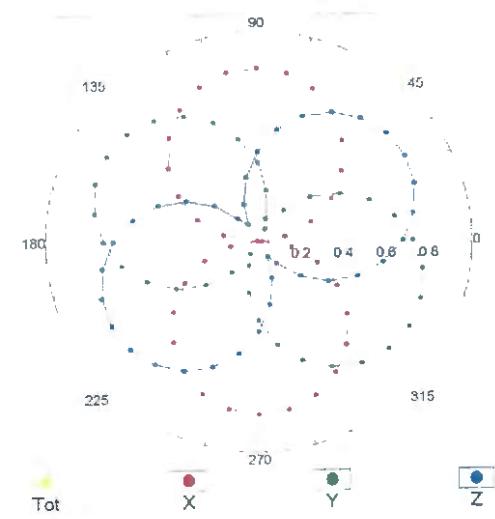
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\% \text{ (k=2)}$

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



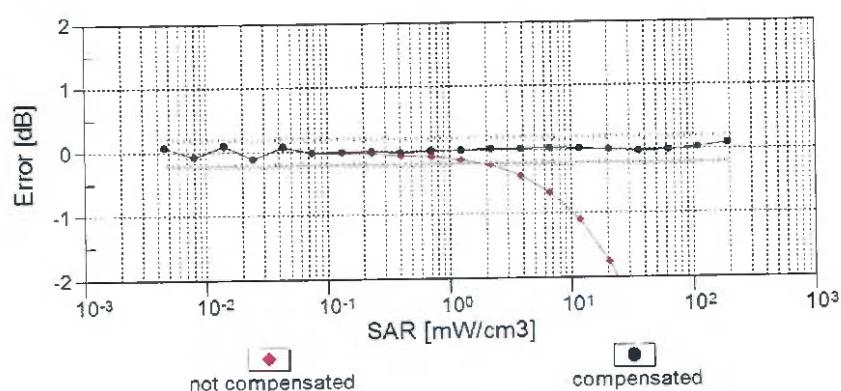
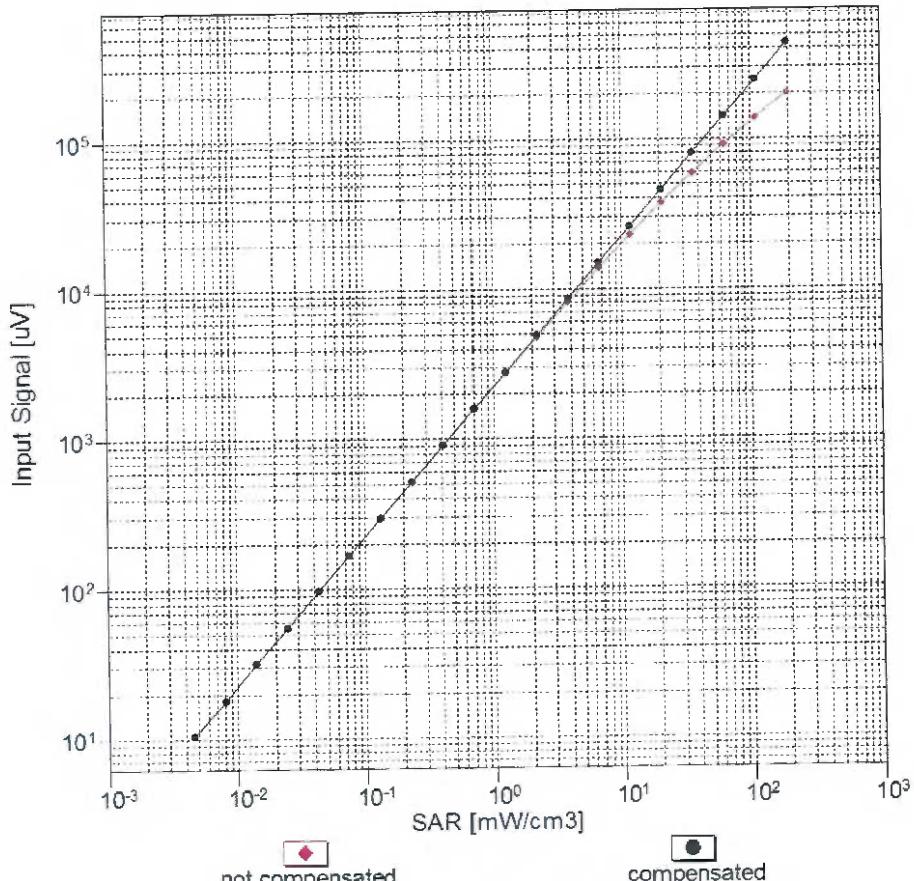
f=1800 MHz, R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

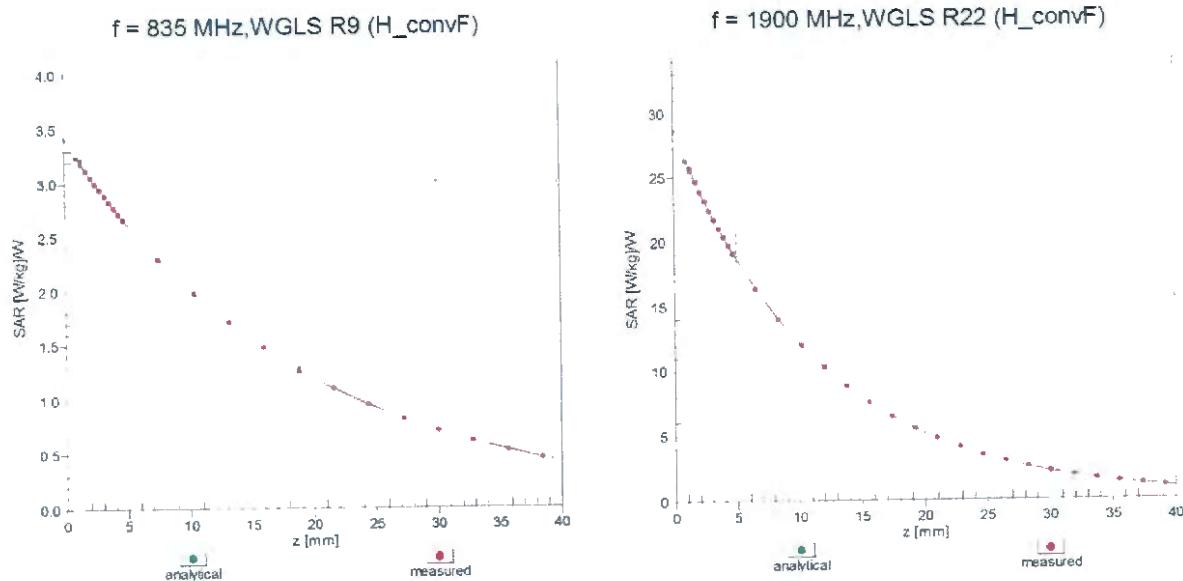
## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

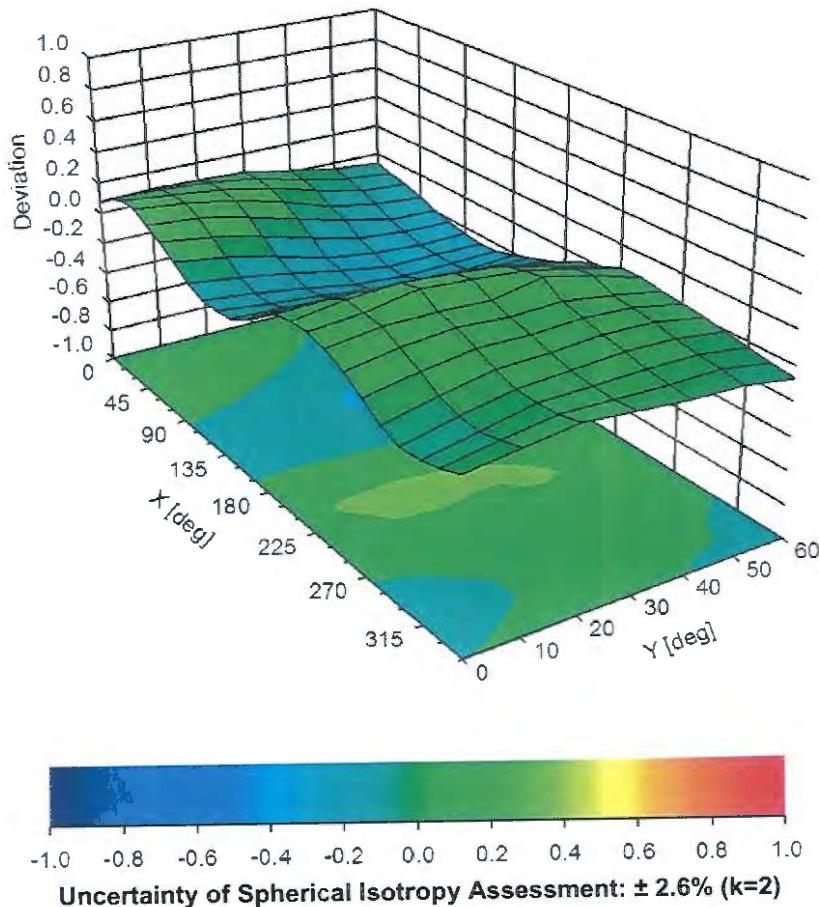


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3955

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	130.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



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 CALIBRATION  
 CNAS L0570

Client

Auden

Certificate No: Z16-97054

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3578

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-2-004-01  
 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: May 11, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature( $22\pm3$ )°C and humidity<70%.

### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards		ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter	NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor	NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL.No.J16X01547)		Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)		Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	26-Aug-15(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Aug15)		Aug-16
DAE4	SN 1331	21-Jan-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Jan16)		Jan -17
Secondary Standards		ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A		6201052605	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04255)	Jun-16
Network Analyzer E5071C		MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: May 13, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\Phi$	$\Phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). *NORMx,y,z* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORMx,y,z* does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx,y,z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A,B,C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z \* ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe EX3DV4

**SN: 3578**

Calibrated: May 11, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3578

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.41	0.37	0.44	$\pm 10.8\%$
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	105.4	109.9	112.3	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	183.7	$\pm 2.6\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		169.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		189.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3578

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.65	9.65	9.65	0.40	0.80	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	9.48	9.48	9.48	0.13	1.68	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	9.40	9.40	9.40	0.20	1.28	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.18	1.49	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.99	7.99	7.99	0.18	1.50	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.99	7.99	7.99	0.17	1.58	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.40	0.82	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.46	0.83	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.49	0.81	±12%
3500	37.9	2.91	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.40	1.10	±13%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.42	5.42	5.42	0.40	1.50	±13%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.39	1.40	±13%
5500	35.6	4.96	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.40	1.40	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.42	1.45	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.82	4.82	4.82	0.45	1.45	±13%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3578

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.81	9.81	9.81	0.40	0.85	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.16	1.51	±12%
900	55.0	1.05	9.47	9.47	9.47	0.18	1.44	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.16	1.67	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.16	1.78	±12%
2000	53.3	1.52	7.79	7.79	7.79	0.18	2.30	±12%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.53	0.80	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.41	7.41	7.41	0.41	0.97	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.50	0.80	±12%
3500	51.3	3.31	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.51	1.10	±13%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.50	1.39	±13%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.50	1.41	±13%
5500	48.6	5.65	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.55	1.35	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.50	1.55	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.55	1.46	±13%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

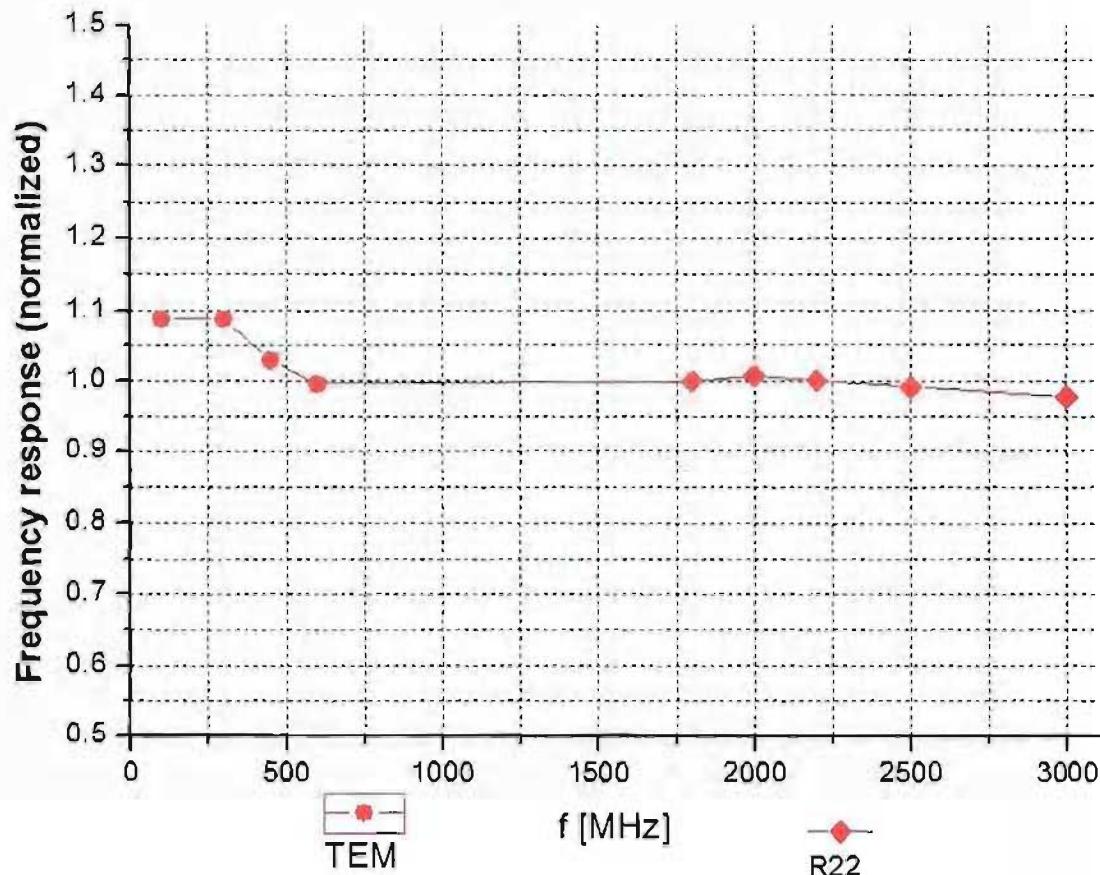
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )



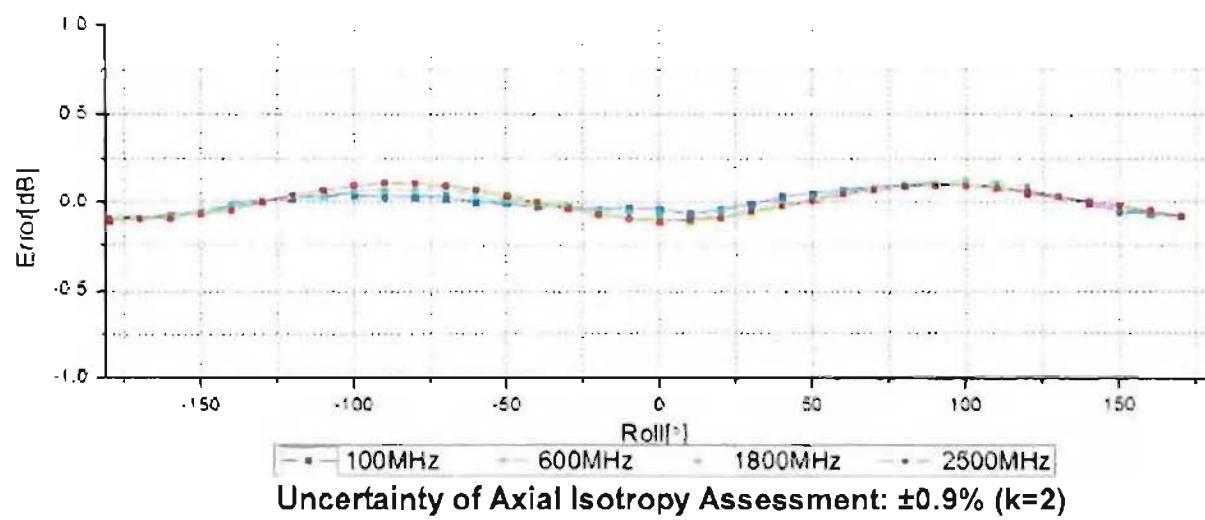
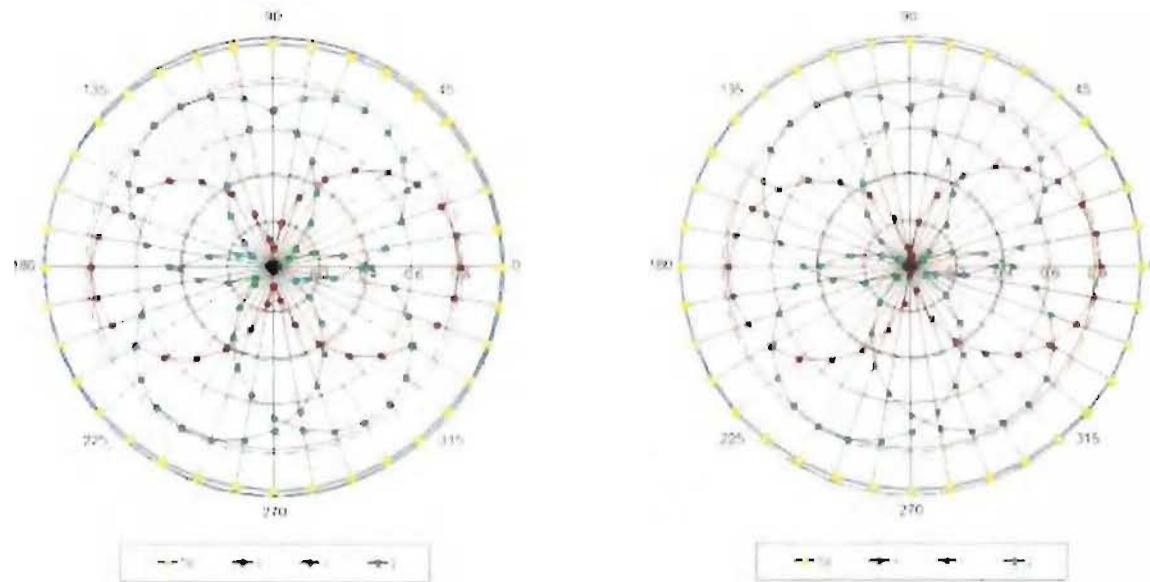
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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

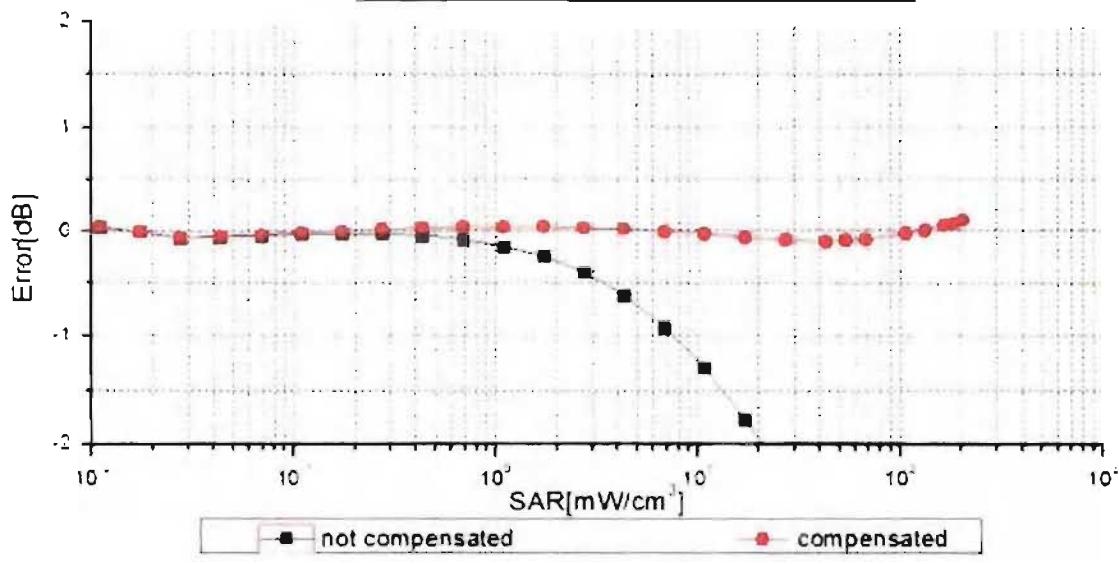
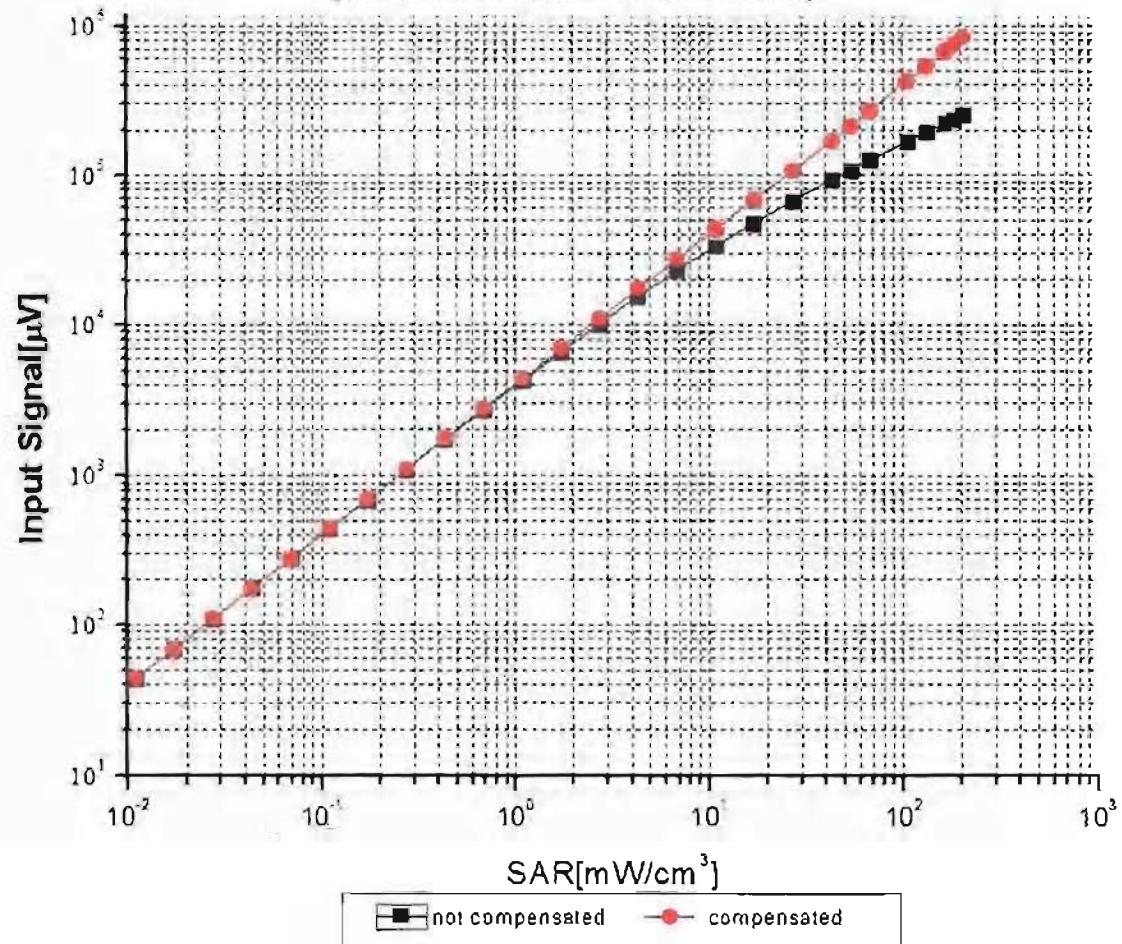




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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





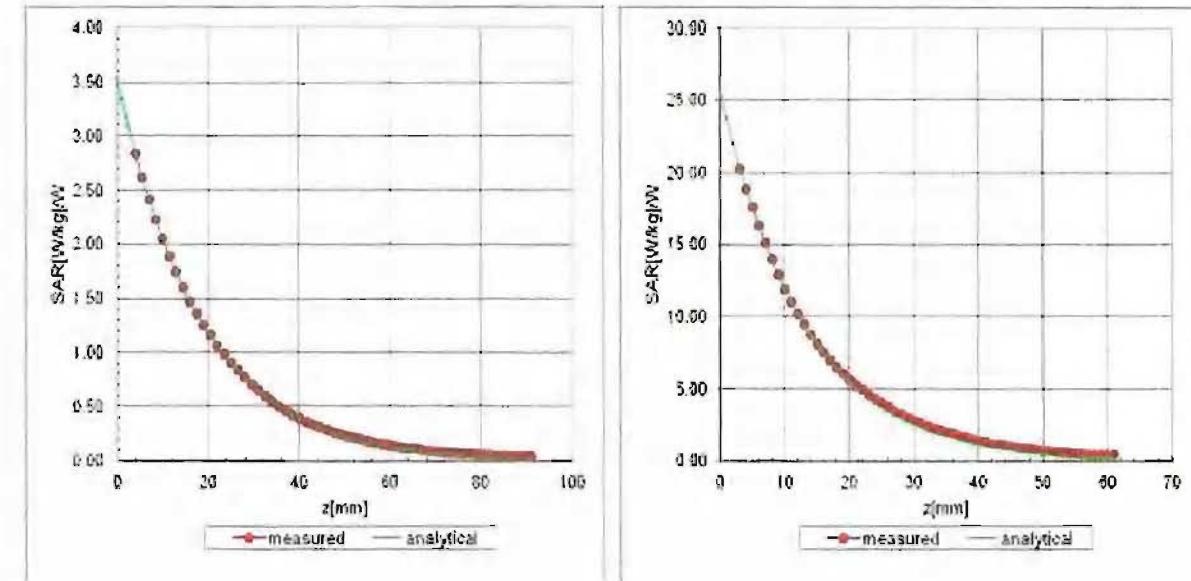
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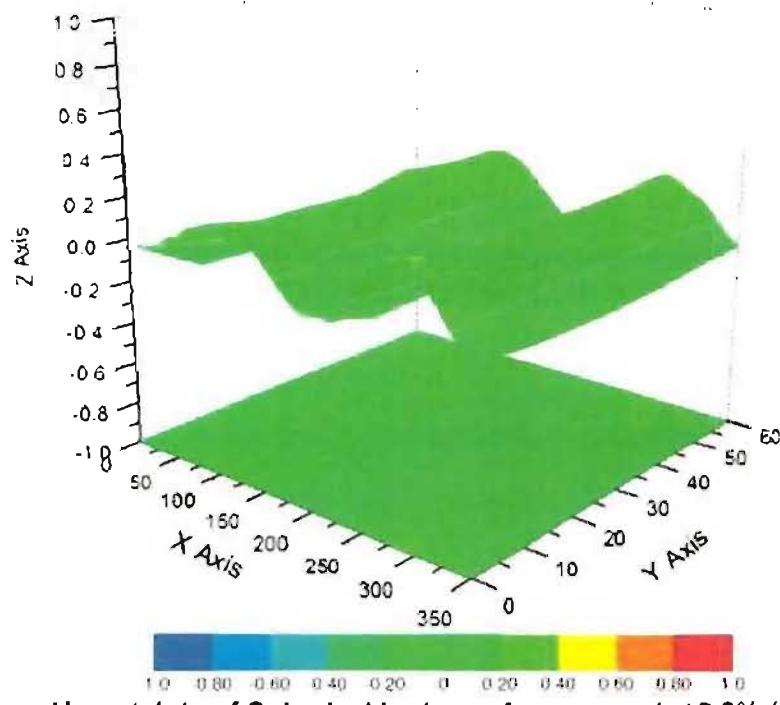
## Conversion Factor Assessment

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.8\%$  ( $K=2$ )



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3578

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	165.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**Swiss Calibration Service**

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3931\_Oct16

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: October 3, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 4, 2016

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
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Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the  $NORM_x$  (no uncertainty required).

# Probe EX3DV4

**SN:3931**

Manufactured: July 24, 2013  
Repaired: September 27, 2016  
Calibrated: October 3, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

## Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.50	0.56	0.47	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	99.3	102.3	99.2	

## Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	165.2	$\pm 2.2 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		169.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.4	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

## Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$\alpha$ $\text{V}^{-1}$	T1 $\text{ms.V}^{-2}$	T2 $\text{ms.V}^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 $\text{V}^{-2}$	T5 $\text{V}^{-1}$	T6
X	39.73	299.4	36.38	13.81	1.099	5.004	0.119	0.351	1.005
Y	59.82	447.7	35.85	21.83	1.546	5.045	0.719	0.472	1.007
Z	54.23	405.8	35.74	19.34	1.491	5.007	0.433	0.514	1.005

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.68	10.68	10.68	0.47	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.09	10.09	10.09	0.44	0.86	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.73	8.73	8.73	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.68	8.68	8.68	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.34	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.43	8.43	8.43	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.28	0.86	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.36	0.84	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.37	7.37	7.37	0.31	0.97	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.38	5.38	5.38	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

**Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.37	10.37	10.37	0.38	0.97	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.36	0.99	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.53	8.53	8.53	0.31	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.73	7.73	7.73	0.38	0.85	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.46	7.46	7.46	0.25	0.95	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.71	3.71	3.71	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

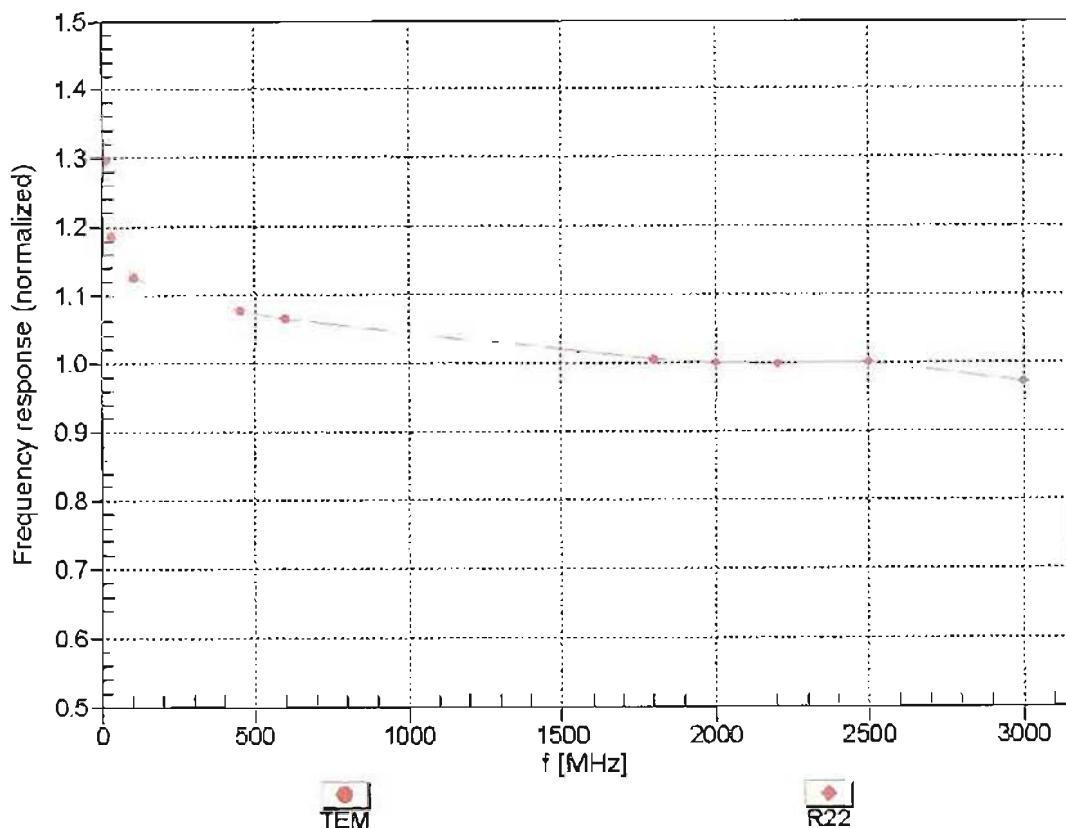
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

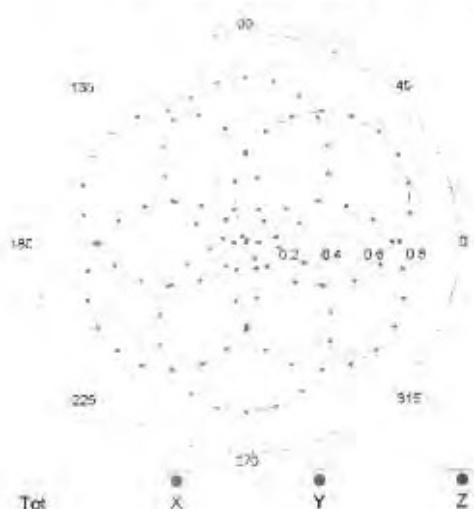
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



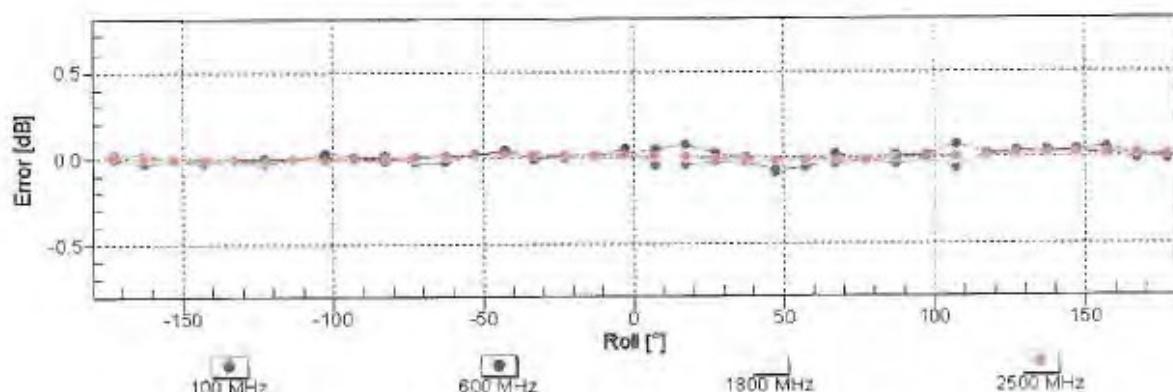
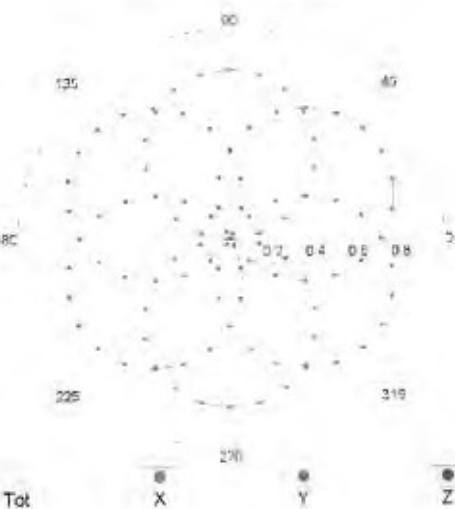
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

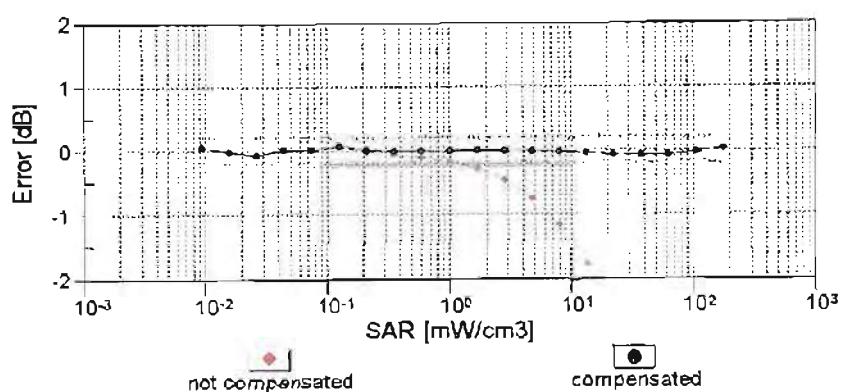
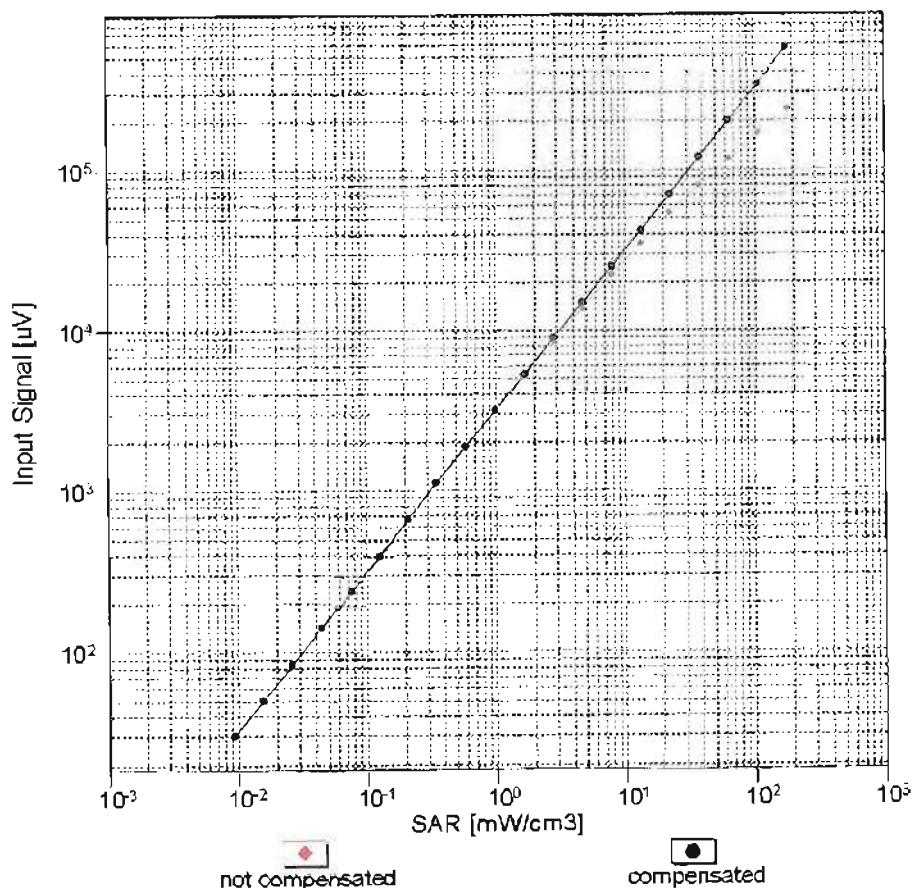
f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

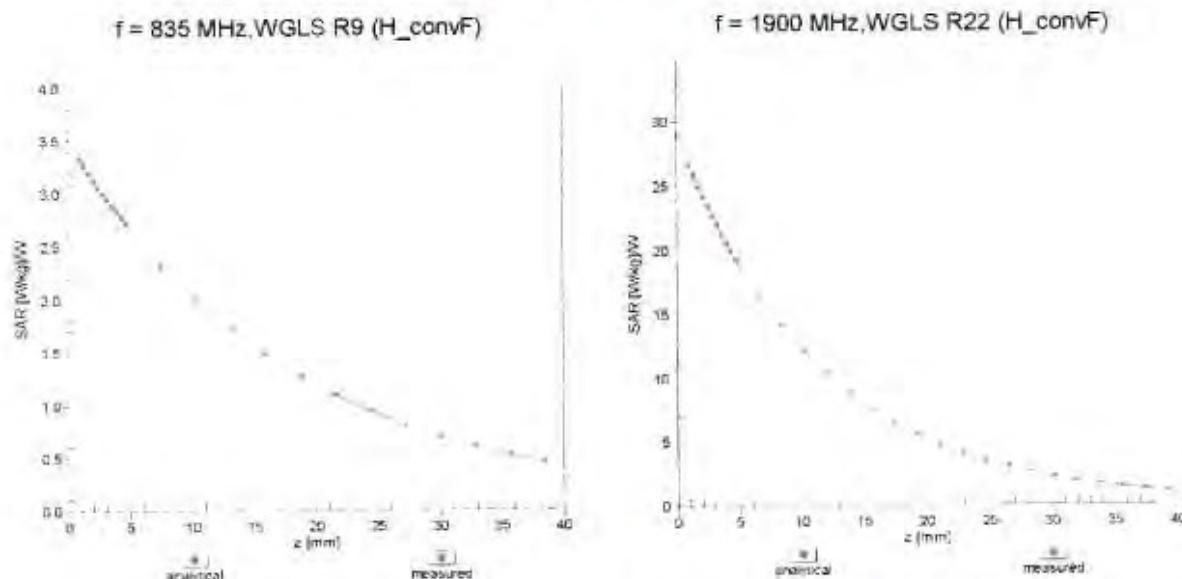
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)

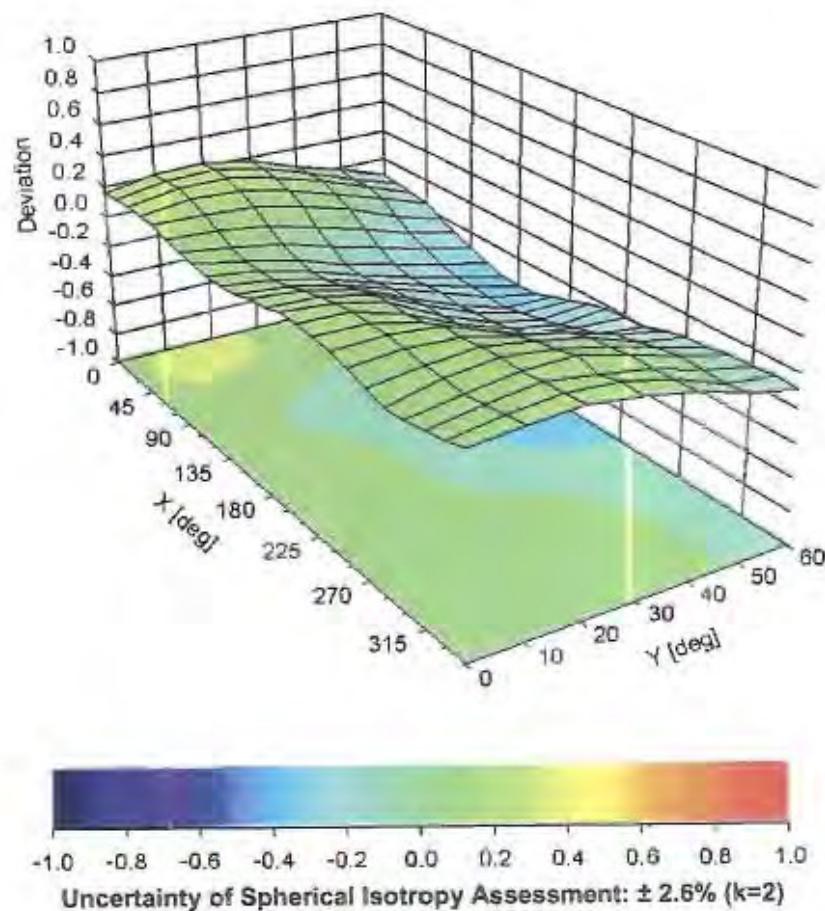


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931****Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	127.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm















































10591-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.72	66.97	16.76	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.93	66.73	16.63		130.0	
		Z	4.85	66.51	16.38		130.0	
10592-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.85	67.28	16.89	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.10	67.07	16.76		130.0	
		Z	5.01	66.85	16.51		130.0	
10593-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.77	67.16	16.75	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.03	67.02	16.67		130.0	
		Z	4.93	66.76	16.39		130.0	
10594-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.83	67.35	16.92	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.08	67.17	16.80		130.0	
		Z	4.99	66.92	16.54		130.0	
10595-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.79	67.31	16.82	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.06	67.14	16.71		130.0	
		Z	4.95	66.87	16.44		130.0	
10596-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.73	67.29	16.82	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.99	67.14	16.71		130.0	
		Z	4.89	66.86	16.43		130.0	
10597-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.68	67.16	16.68	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.95	67.07	16.62		130.0	
		Z	4.84	66.78	16.32		130.0	
10598-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.67	67.44	16.97	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.93	67.31	16.88		130.0	
		Z	4.82	67.03	16.60		130.0	
10599-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.39	67.39	16.95	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.60	67.32	16.82		130.0	
		Z	5.51	67.07	16.58		130.0	
10600-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.51	67.80	17.12	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.77	67.81	17.04		130.0	
		Z	5.65	67.49	16.76		130.0	
10601-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.41	67.56	17.02	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.64	67.51	16.91		130.0	
		Z	5.54	67.24	16.65		130.0	
10602-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.54	67.73	17.02	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.72	67.51	16.82		130.0	
		Z	5.62	67.22	16.56		130.0	
10603-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.62	68.07	17.33	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.82	67.83	17.11		130.0	
		Z	5.72	67.58	16.87		130.0	
10604-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.49	67.68	17.12	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.60	67.27	16.82		130.0	
		Z	5.51	67.03	16.58		130.0	
10605-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.51	67.70	17.12	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.70	67.55	16.96		130.0	
		Z	5.61	67.31	16.72		130.0	
10606-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.26	67.01	16.63	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.49	67.08	16.60		130.0	
		Z	5.39	66.79	16.33		130.0	

10607-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.58	66.35	16.43	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.76	66.03	16.25		130.0	
		Z	4.68	65.79	15.98		130.0	
10608-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.73	66.71	16.58	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.98	66.46	16.42		130.0	
		Z	4.87	66.20	16.15		130.0	
10609-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.62	66.54	16.40	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.87	66.34	16.28		130.0	
		Z	4.76	66.05	15.99		130.0	
10610-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.68	66.72	16.58	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.92	66.49	16.43		130.0	
		Z	4.81	66.21	16.15		130.0	
10611-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.59	66.51	16.42	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.84	66.32	16.29		130.0	
		Z	4.73	66.02	16.00		130.0	
10612-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.59	66.66	16.46	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.85	66.48	16.33		130.0	
		Z	4.74	66.16	16.03		130.0	
10613-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.58	66.47	16.30	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.87	66.40	16.24		130.0	
		Z	4.75	66.06	15.92		130.0	
10614-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.55	66.74	16.59	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.80	66.57	16.46		130.0	
		Z	4.69	66.26	16.16		130.0	
10615-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.58	66.31	16.16	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	4.84	66.15	16.08		130.0	
		Z	4.73	65.83	15.77		130.0	
10616-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.21	66.65	16.56	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.41	66.58	16.44		130.0	
		Z	5.33	66.33	16.20		130.0	
10617-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.28	66.84	16.63	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.47	66.68	16.45		130.0	
		Z	5.38	66.45	16.22		130.0	
10618-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.18	66.90	16.68	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.37	66.76	16.51		130.0	
		Z	5.28	66.49	16.27		130.0	
10619-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.18	66.65	16.49	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.39	66.59	16.37		130.0	
		Z	5.30	66.32	16.11		130.0	
10620-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.26	66.66	16.54	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.51	66.68	16.46		130.0	
		Z	5.40	66.39	16.19		130.0	
10621-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.27	66.82	16.75	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.48	66.74	16.60		130.0	
		Z	5.39	66.50	16.37		130.0	
10622-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.27	66.93	16.80	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.48	66.86	16.65		130.0	
		Z	5.39	66.62	16.42		130.0	

10623-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.14	66.42	16.40	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.37	66.46	16.34		130.0	
		Z	5.27	66.17	16.07		130.0	
10624-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.34	66.68	16.59	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.56	66.62	16.48		130.0	
		Z	5.47	66.37	16.24		130.0	
10625-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.51	67.05	16.84	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.94	67.60	17.02		130.0	
		Z	5.85	67.36	16.78		130.0	
10626-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.53	66.66	16.50	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.68	66.62	16.38		130.0	
		Z	5.60	66.40	16.16		130.0	
10627-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.78	67.30	16.79	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.92	67.14	16.59		130.0	
		Z	5.84	66.92	16.37		130.0	
10628-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.53	66.65	16.39	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.74	66.79	16.36		130.0	
		Z	5.65	66.51	16.11		130.0	
10629-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.63	66.79	16.45	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.82	66.85	16.38		130.0	
		Z	5.74	66.60	16.14		130.0	
10630-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.95	67.97	17.05	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.32	68.49	17.20		130.0	
		Z	6.17	68.05	16.86		130.0	
10631-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.89	67.93	17.23	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.21	68.27	17.26		130.0	
		Z	6.09	67.93	17.00		130.0	
10632-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.77	67.44	17.00	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.90	67.22	16.76		130.0	
		Z	5.82	67.00	16.55		130.0	
10633-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.60	66.87	16.54	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.83	67.02	16.49		130.0	
		Z	5.72	66.69	16.23		130.0	
10634-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.59	66.92	16.62	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.81	67.01	16.55		130.0	
		Z	5.71	66.73	16.31		130.0	
10635-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.44	66.12	15.93	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.70	66.39	15.99		130.0	
		Z	5.59	66.05	15.69		130.0	
10636-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.96	67.00	16.57	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.08	67.01	16.47		130.0	
		Z	6.01	66.78	16.25		130.0	
10637-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.10	67.36	16.74	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.25	67.39	16.63		130.0	
		Z	6.17	67.14	16.41		130.0	
10638-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.11	67.36	16.71	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.25	67.36	16.60		130.0	
		Z	6.17	67.12	16.38		130.0	

10639-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.07	67.26	16.71	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.25	67.37	16.65		130.0	
		Z	6.16	67.11	16.42		130.0	
10640-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.05	67.22	16.62	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.27	67.44	16.63		130.0	
		Z	6.17	67.12	16.37		130.0	
10641-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.13	67.23	16.65	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.27	67.20	16.53		130.0	
		Z	6.19	66.96	16.31		130.0	
10642-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.16	67.45	16.94	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.34	67.53	16.85		130.0	
		Z	6.25	67.29	16.64		130.0	
10643-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.00	67.14	16.67	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.17	67.21	16.60		130.0	
		Z	6.08	66.93	16.36		130.0	
10644-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.08	67.39	16.82	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.38	67.85	16.95		130.0	
		Z	6.26	67.49	16.66		130.0	
10645-AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.23	67.50	16.83	0.46	130.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	6.74	68.44	17.18		130.0	
		Z	6.68	68.29	17.00		130.0	
10646-AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	X	13.71	101.95	34.43	9.30	60.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	31.42	116.20	38.46		60.0	
		Z	15.59	99.47	32.52		60.0	
10647-AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	X	12.18	100.02	33.95	9.30	60.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	30.06	116.00	38.55		60.0	
		Z	14.66	98.82	32.42		60.0	
10648-AAA	CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	X	0.74	65.73	11.50	0.00	150.0	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.86	65.73	12.88		150.0	
		Z	0.73	63.45	11.13		150.0	

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.