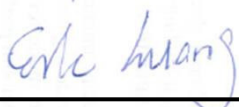


Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC.
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : 7383
FCC ID : IHDT56VD4
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan
(R.O.C.)



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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement

Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate

Appendix C. Test Setup Photos



Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA651006B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jun. 16, 2016

**1. Attestation of Test Results**

Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC.
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	7383
FCC ID	IHDT56VD4
IMEI Code	354140070005232
HW Version	DVT2-A
SW Version	fastboot_harpia_oem_userdebug_6.0.1_MPI24.223_2173_intcfg-test-keys_oem.tar.gz
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Exposure category	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
HAC Rating	T3
Date Tested	2016/6/13 ~ 2016/6/15
Test Result	Pass
Remark:	
1. Selected battery 1 as the main testing and battery 2 will select worst case found in battery 1 performs.	

The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR04-HY
Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC.
Address	222 W. Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA
Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC.
Address	222 W. Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11b/g/n HT20 • Bluetooth EDR / LE



3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	OTT	Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
WCDMA	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1750			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC10			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
FDD LTE	Band 2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
TDD LTE	Band 41	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
WLAN	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	Yes	No
	5200			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5300			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5500			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,CDMA WCDMA,LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service
DT=Digital Transport
VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

3.3 Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v02

4. HAC T-Coil

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

For inductive coupling, the wireless communication devices should be measured as below.

- 1) Magnetic signal strength in the audio band
- 2) Magnetic signal frequency response through the audio band
- 3) Magnetic signal to noise

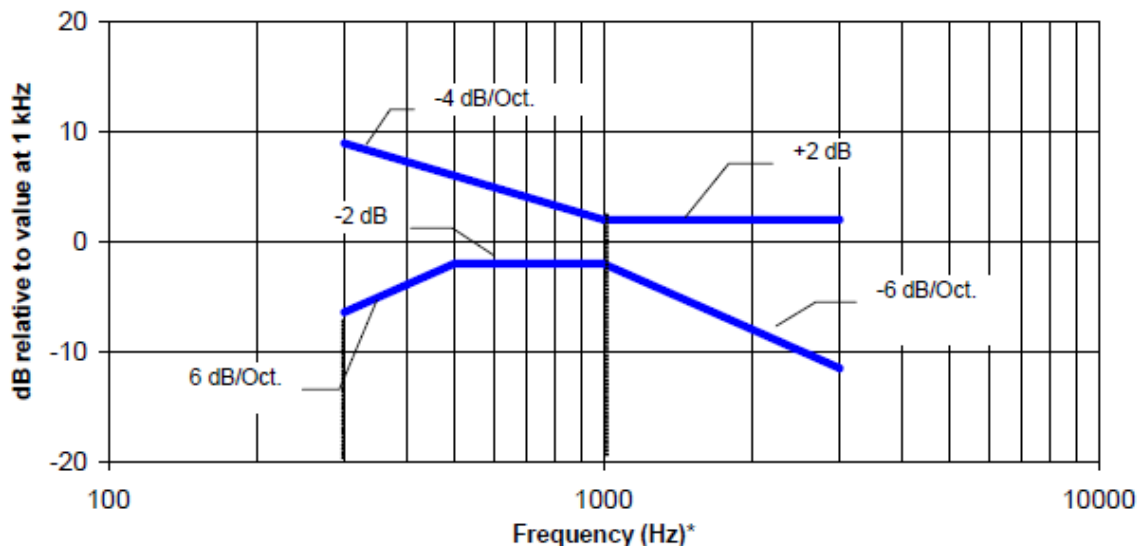
4.1 T-Coil Coupling Field Intensity

When measured as specified in this standard, the T-Coil signal shall be ≥ -18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.

4.2 T-Coil Frequency Response

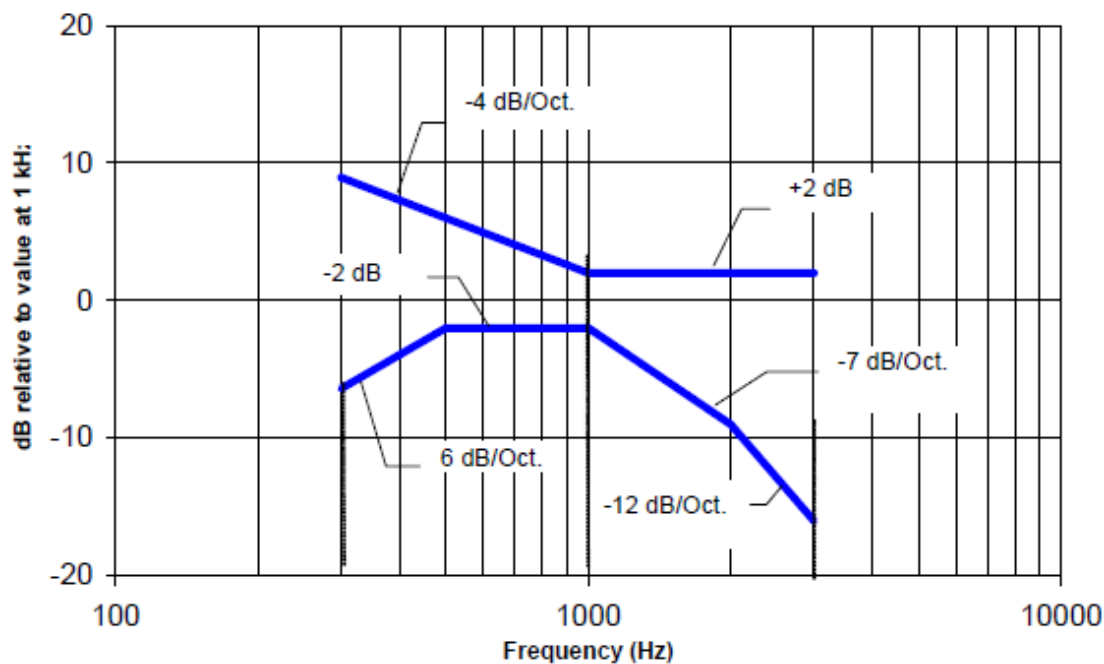
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

Figure 4.1 and Figure 4.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 4.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength ≤ -15 dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 4.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

4.3 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 4.3. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 4.3 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

5. Measurement System Specification

5.1 System Configuration



Fig. 5.1 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

5.2 Test Arch Phantom

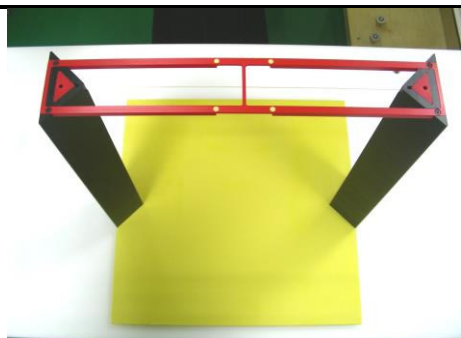
Construction :	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions :	370 x 370 x 370 mm	

Fig. 5.2 Photo of Arch Phantom

5.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 50 Ohm, and a shunt resistor of 10 Ohm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10.

Port description		
Signal	Connector	Resistance
Coil In	BNC	typically 50 Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10 Ohm $\pm 1\%$ (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)
Specification		
Dimensions	370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI C63.19	

5.4 AM1D Probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V "phantom" voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards).

Specification	
Frequency Range	0.1 ~ 20 kHz (RF sensitivity <-100dB, fully RF shielded)
Sensitivity	<-50dB A/m @ 1 kHz
Pre-amplifier	40 dB, symmetric
Dimensions	Tip diameter/ length: 6/ 290 mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19

5.5 AMMI



Fig. 5.3 AMMI front panel

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.

Specification	
Sampling rate	48 kHz/24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration/full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

5.6 System Hardware

DAE
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.
Robot
The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

5.7 Cabling of System for GSM / UMTS / CDMA

The principal cabling of the T-Coil setup is shown in Fig. 5.4 All cables provided with the basic setup have a length of approximately 5 m.

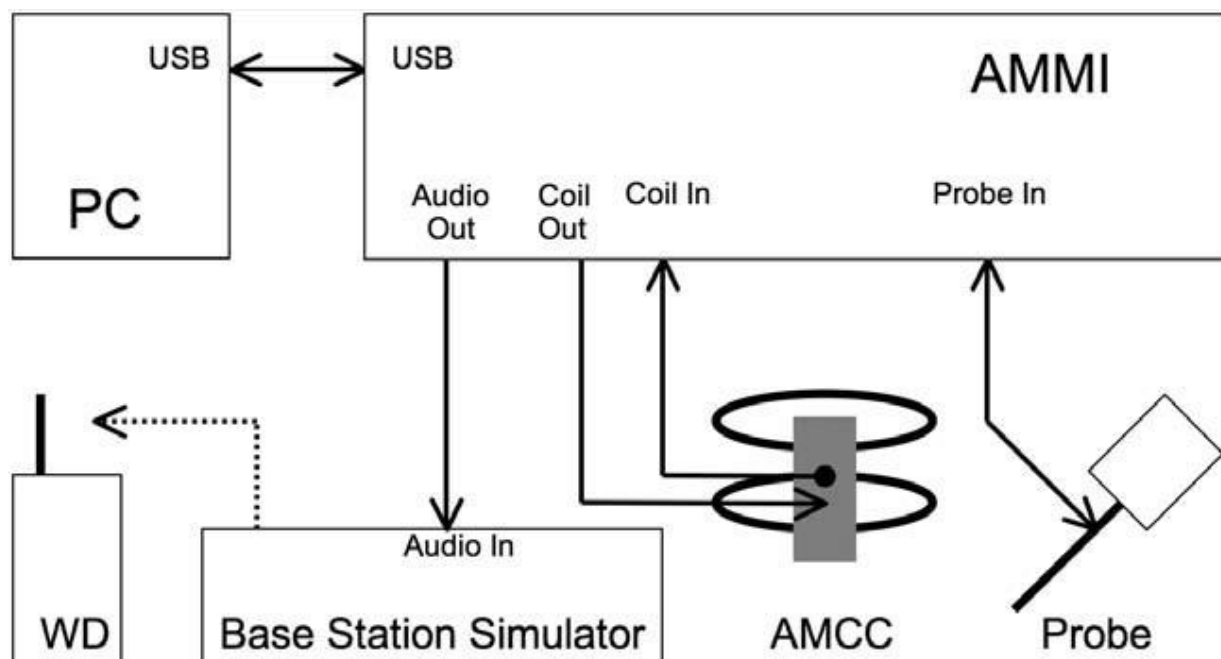


Fig. 5.4 T-Coil setup cabling

5.8 Cabling of System for VoLTE

The principal cabling of the T-Coil setup is shown in Fig. 5.5 All cables provided with the basic setup have a length of approximately 5 m.

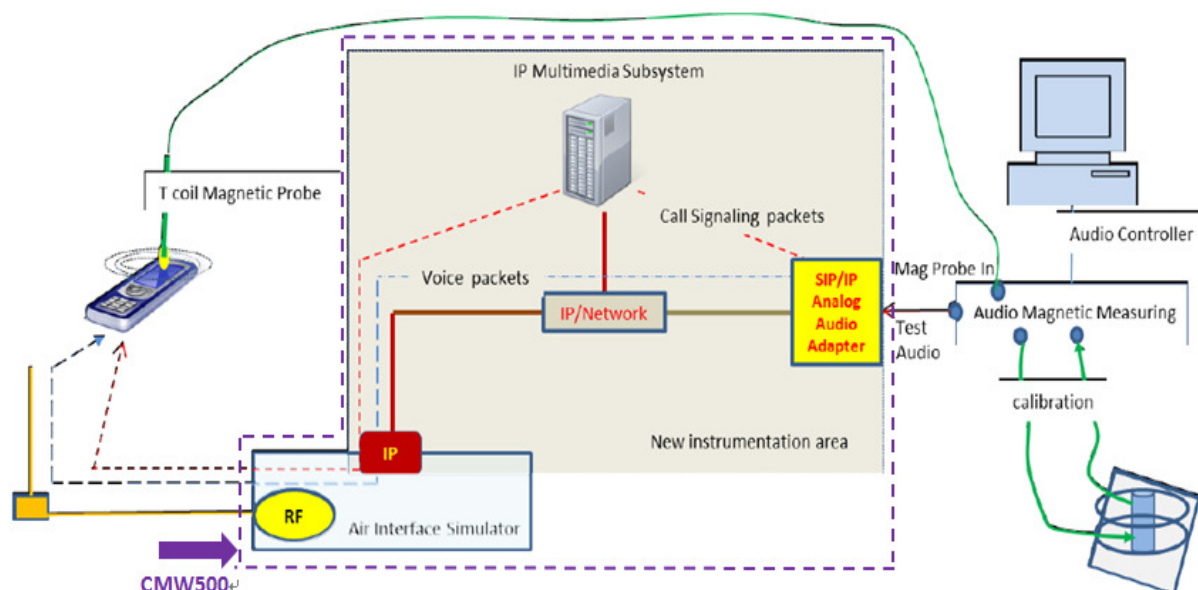


Fig. 5.5 T-Coil setup cabling

**5.9 Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 10, 2015	Nov. 09, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 23, 2015	Nov. 22, 2016
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM281	Oct. 16, 2015	Oct. 15, 2016
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positoiner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	123277	Oct. 05, 2015	Oct. 04, 2016
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	149637	Jul. 27, 2015	Jul. 26, 2016

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List**Note:**

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

5.10 Probe Calibration in AMCC

The probe sensitivity at 1 kHz is 0.06556 V/(A/m) (-23.66 dBV/(A/m)) was calibrated by AMCC coil for verification of setup performance.

The evaluated probe sensitivity was able to be compared to the calibration of the AM1D probe. The frequency response and sensitivity was shown in Fig. 5.5. The probe signal is represented after application of an ideal integrator. The green curve represents the current through the AMCC, the blue curve the integrated probe signal. The DIFFERENCE between the two curves is equivalent to the frequency response of the probe system and shows the characteristics. The probe/system complies with the frequency response and linearity requirements in C63.19 according to the SPEAG's calibrated report as shown in Annex B (AM1D probe: SPAM100AF) (1)The frequency response has been tested within +/- 0.5 dB of ideal differentiator from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. (2)The linearity has also been tested within 0.1dB from 5 dB below limitation to 16 dB above noise level. The AMCC coil is qualified according to certificate report, SDHACPO02A as shown in Annex B.

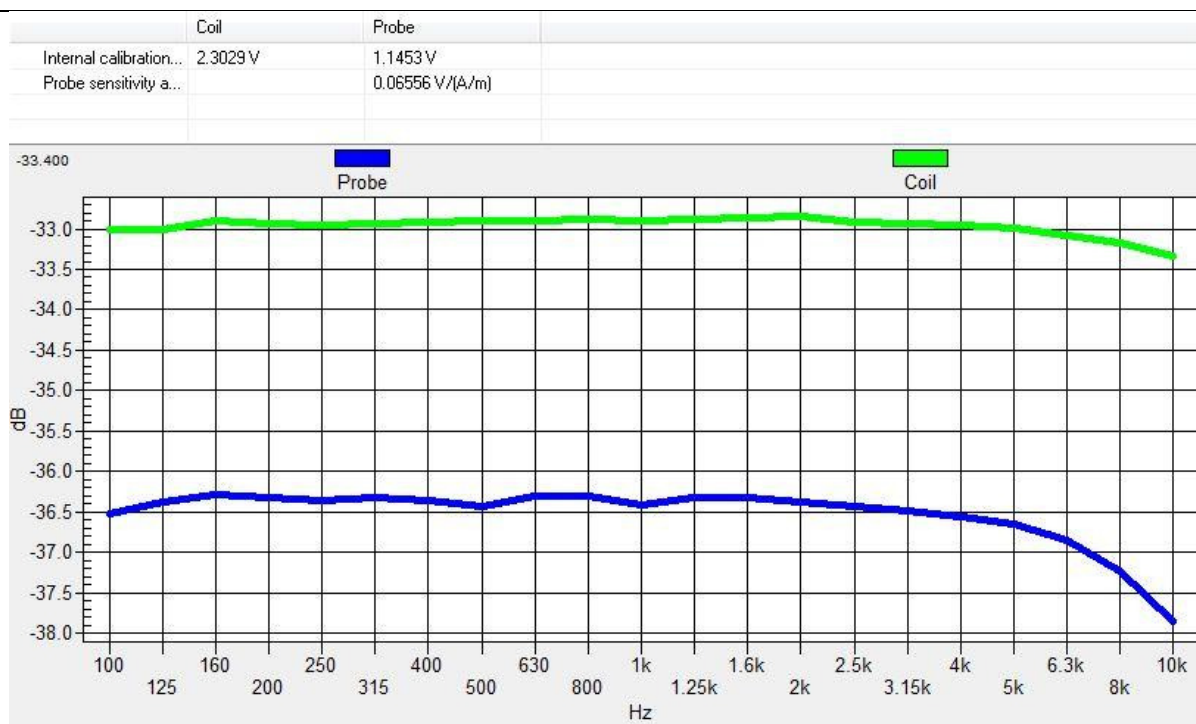


Fig. 5.5 The frequency response and sensitivity of AM1D probe

5.11 Reference Input of Audio Signal Spectrum

With the reference job "use as reference" in the beginning of a procedure, measure the spectrum of the current when applied to the AMCC, i.e. the input magnetic field spectrum, as shown below Fig. 5.6 and Fig. 5.7. For this, the delay of the window shall be set to a multiple of the signal period and at least 2s. From the measurement on the device, using the same signal, the postprocessor deducts the input spectrum, so the result represents the net EUT response.



Fig. 5.6 Audio signal spectrum of the broadband signal (48kHz_voice_300Hz~3 kHz)



Fig. 5.7 Audio signal spectrum of the narrowband signal (48kHz_voice_1kHz)

5.12 Establish Reference Level

According to ANSI C63.19:2011 section 7.4.2.1, the normal speech input level for HAC T-coil tests shall be set to -16 dBm0 for GSM and UMTS (WCDMA), and to -18 dBm0 for CDMA. This technical note shows a possibility to evaluate and set the correct level with the HAC T-Coil setup with a Rohde&Schwarz communication tester CMU200 with audio option B52 and B85.

Establish a call from the CMU200 to a wireless device. Select CMU200 Network Bitstream "Decoder Cal" to have a 1 kHz signal with a level of 3.14 dBm0 at the speech output. Run the measurement job and read the voltage level at the multi-meter display "Coil signal". Read the RMS voltage corresponding to 3.14 dBm0 and note it.

Determine the 1 kHz input level to generate the desired signal level of -16 dBm 0 for GSM/UMTS, -18 dBm 0 for CDMA. Select CMU200 Network Bitstream "Codec Cal" to loop the input via the codec to the output. Run the measurement job (AMMI 1 kHz signal with gain 10 inserted) and read the voltage level at the multimeter display "Coil signal". With Gain 10 setting, the measurement signal difference to the desired signal level of -16 dBm 0 for GSM/UMTS, -18 dBm 0 for CDMA

GSM/UMTS Calculations:

$$3.14 \text{ dBm0} = -2.3 \text{ dBV} \rightarrow -16 \text{ dBm0} = -21.44 \text{ dBV}$$

$$\text{Gain } 10 = -19.97 \text{ dBV}$$

$$-21.44 - (-19.97) = -1.47 \text{ dB}$$

$$10 * [10^{((-1.47) / 20)}] = 10 \times 0.844 = 8.44$$

$$\text{Required Gain Factor} = 10^{(-\text{RMS(dB)}/20)}$$

$$\text{Gain Setting} = \text{Required Gain Factor} * 8.44$$

Note: Calculated Gain Setting = Resulting Gain * Required Gain Factor

CDMA Calculations:

$$3.14 \text{ dBm0} = -2.41 \text{ dBV} \rightarrow -18 \text{ dBm0} = -23.55 \text{ dBV}$$

$$\text{Gain } 10 = -19.69 \text{ dBV}$$

$$-23.55 - (-19.69) = -3.86 \text{ dB}$$

$$10 * [10^{((-3.87) / 20)}] = 10 \times 0.641 = 6.41$$

$$\text{Required Gain Factor} = 10^{(-\text{RMS(dB)}/20)}$$

$$\text{Gain Setting} = \text{Required Gain Factor} * 6.41$$

Note: Calculated Gain Setting = Resulting Gain * Required Gain Factor

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1 kHz sine signal:

Signal Type		Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor ⁽¹⁾	Calculated Gain Setting	Adjusted Gain Setting ⁽²⁾
GSM/UMTS	48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	36.56	36.60
	48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	71.60	72.20
CDMA	48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	27.76	27.76
	48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	54.37	54.47

Remark:

(1) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

(2) If the measurement for each signal type with calculated gain setting does not meet the desired level, the gain setting will be manually adjusted until the desired level is obtained.

5.13 Establish Reference Level for VoLTE

The normal speech input level -16dBm0 is used for VoLTE T-coil performance evaluation. The CMW500 base station simulator was manually configured to ensure that the settings for speech input full scale levels resulted in the -16dBm0 speech input level to the DUT for the VoLTE connection.

According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals below

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine	---	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor ⁽¹⁾	Calculated Gain Setting	Adjusted Gain Setting ⁽²⁾
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	23.85	23.79
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	46.71	46.63

Remark:

(1) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

(2) If the measurement for each signal type with calculated gain setting does not meet the desired level, the gain setting will be manually adjusted until the desired level is obtained.



6. T-Coil Test Procedure

6.1 Test Process and Flow Chart

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b) Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c) The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at $f = 1$ kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.



- d) Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e) At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at f_i) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (f_i) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.

Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)

All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.

- f) At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i.e., signal quality).
- g) Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

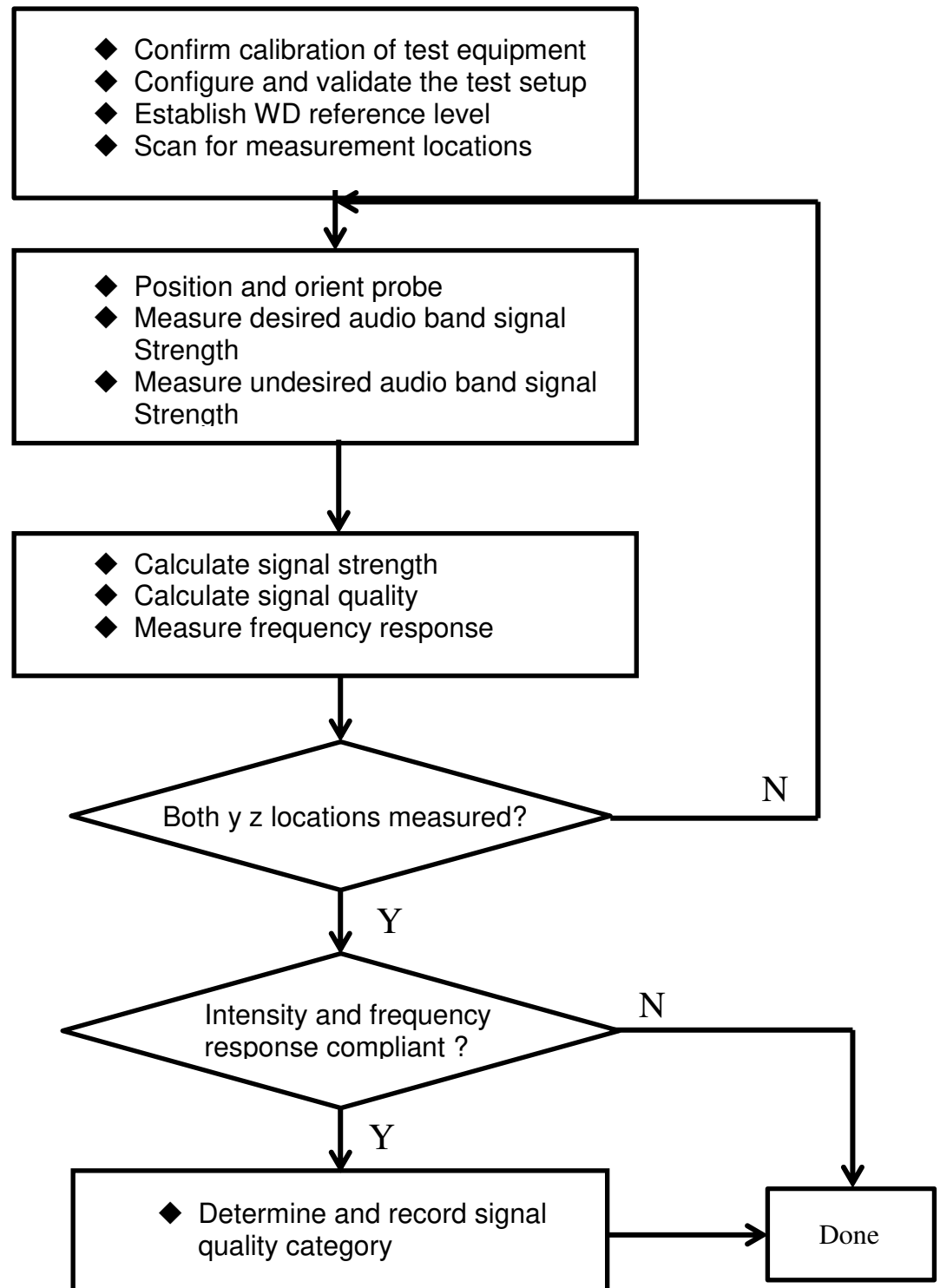


Fig. 6.1 Test Flow Chart

6.2 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.6.2 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ◆ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

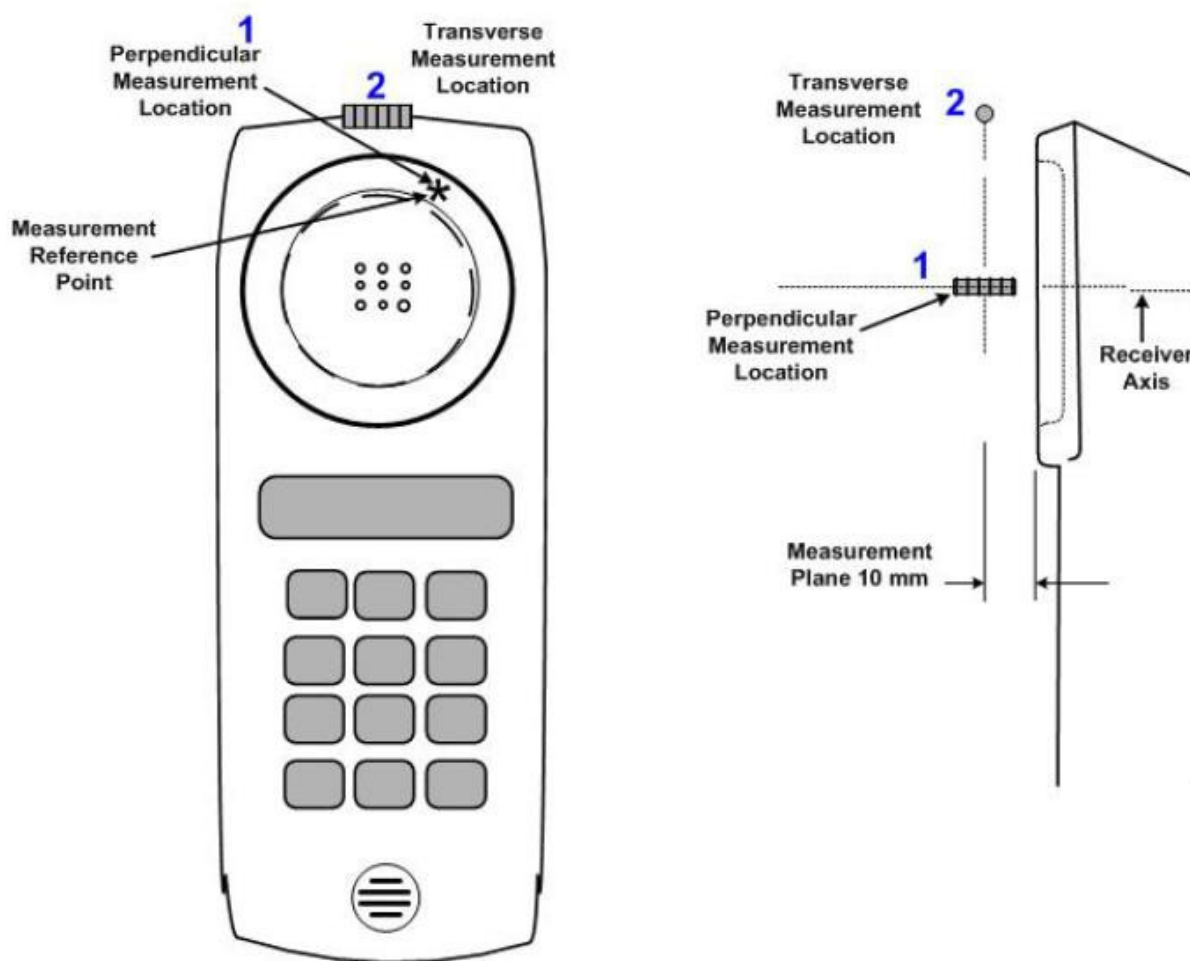


Fig 6.2 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements



7. HAC T-Coil Test Results

7.1 Magnitude Result

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	Voice (speech codec / handset low)	189	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-3.75	-41.54	37.79	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-13.16	-45.66	32.50	T4	
2	GSM850	Voice (speech codec / handset low)	189	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-3.49	-40.48	36.99	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-13.11	-45.60	32.49	T4	
3	GSM1900	Voice (speech codec / handset low)	661	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-3.33	-36.13	32.80	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-13.54	-46.37	32.83	T4	
4	GSM1900	Voice (speech codec / handset low)	661	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-3.71	-42.53	38.82	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-13.63	-47.33	33.70	T4	
5	WCDMA II	Voice (speech codec low)	9400	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-3.72	-44.89	41.17	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.37	-45.11	34.74	T4	
6	WCDMA II	Voice (speech codec low)	9400	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-3.47	-44.69	41.22	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-11.06	-46.12	35.06	T4	
7	WCDMA IV	Voice (speech codec low)	1413	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-3.62	-43.37	39.75	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-11.46	-46.72	35.26	T4	
8	WCDMA IV	Voice (speech codec low)	1413	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-3.48	-44.24	40.76	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.30	-45.55	35.25	T4	
9	WCDMA V	Voice (speech codec low)	4182	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-3.71	-43.90	40.19	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.36	-45.88	35.52	T4	
10	WCDMA V	Voice (speech codec low)	4182	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-3.47	-44.16	40.69	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-12.71	-47.27	34.56	T4	
11	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	384	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-7.64	-46.03	38.39	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-17.35	-46.24	28.89	T3	
12	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	384	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-6.45	-44.20	37.75	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-14.95	-45.86	30.91	T4	
13	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	600	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-9.29	-46.22	36.93	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-14.76	-47.16	32.40	T4	
14	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	600	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-4.25	-40.37	36.12	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-17.16	-45.86	28.70	T3	
15	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	580	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-7.27	-45.99	38.72	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-16.42	-45.92	29.50	T3	
16	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K Enhanced low	580	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-7.19	-44.78	37.59	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-16.38	-46.11	29.73	T3	

7.2 Preliminary Scan for VoLTE T-coil performance

Step1: Frequency band, configure LTE in the highest power configuration (normally, it will be 1RB configuration and QPSK modulation, MPR=0 dB), and test different codecs. The codec related to the worst SNR will be used for following tests.

Step2: For all LTE bands, configure the uplink transmission in 1 RB and QPSK modulation. Test this code identified in (1), for ABM1 level, SNR, frequency response for all frequency bands

<Step 1>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating
LTE Band 4	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	20175	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	2.96	-33.28	36.24	T4
	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 12.2Kbps			Axial (Z)	2.87	-33.38	36.25	T4
	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_WB AMR 6.6Kbps			Axial (Z)	3.40	-33.35	36.75	T4
	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_WB AMR 12.65Kbps			Axial (Z)	2.95	-33.34	36.29	T4
	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_WB AMR 23.85Kbps			Axial (Z)	2.91	-33.60	36.51	T4

7.3 Magnitude Result for VoLTE

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
17	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	18900	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-2.25	-37.85	35.60	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.27	-41.93	32.66	T4	
18	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	18900	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.51	-37.44	34.93	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.18	-43.63	33.45	T4	
19	LTE Band 4	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	20175	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-2.35	-38.43	36.08	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.41	-42.50	33.09	T4	
20	LTE Band 4	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	20175	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.66	-38.08	35.42	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.20	-43.05	32.85	T4	
21	LTE Band 5	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	20525	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-1.99	-37.86	35.87	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.11	-42.84	33.73	T4	
22	LTE Band 5	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	20525	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.34	-38.37	36.03	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.33	-43.61	34.28	T4	
23	LTE Band 7	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	21100	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-2.25	-38.60	36.35	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.34	-42.89	33.55	T4	
24	LTE Band 7	20M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	21100	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.41	-38.12	35.71	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-10.11	-42.46	32.35	T4	
25	LTE Band 12	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23095	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-1.81	-37.93	36.12	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.27	-42.74	33.47	T4	
26	LTE Band 12	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23095	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-1.74	-37.87	36.13	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.24	-43.63	34.39	T4	
27	LTE Band 13	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23230	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-1.94	-38.49	36.55	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.30	-43.21	33.91	T4	
28	LTE Band 13	10M_QPSK_1RB_Offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23230	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-1.95	-38.03	36.08	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.09	-42.89	33.80	T4	



Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Probe Position	ABM1 (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
29	LTE Band 17	10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23790	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-2.01	-38.64	36.63	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.21	-43.09	33.88	T4	
30	LTE Band 17	10M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	23790	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-1.97	-37.76	35.79	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.21	-43.05	33.84	T4	
31	LTE Band 25	20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	26340	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-1.94	-37.81	35.87	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.62	-42.42	32.80	T4	
32	LTE Band 25	20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	26340	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.65	-38.33	35.68	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-8.10	-41.55	33.45	T4	
33	LTE Band 26	15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	26865	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-1.76	-38.16	36.40	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-9.19	-42.45	33.26	T4	
34	LTE Band 26	15M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	26865	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-1.68	-37.26	35.58	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-8.95	-42.77	33.82	T4	
35	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	40620	Battery 1	Axial (Z)	-2.12	-37.67	35.55	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-11.54	-42.81	31.27	T4	
36	LTE Band 41	20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_NB AMR 4.75Kbps	40620	Battery 2	Axial (Z)	-2.08	-36.34	34.26	T4	PASS
					Transversal (Y)	-14.24	-44.99	30.75	T4	

Remark:

1. There is special HAC mode software on this EUT.
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
3. Test Engineer : Aaron Chen and Bevis Chang

8. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Test Signal							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement



9. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v04r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr 2016
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v02, "Guidance for Performing T-Coil tests for Air Interfaces Supporting Voice over IP", Apr 2016
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook



Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

#01_HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch189_Axial (Z)

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

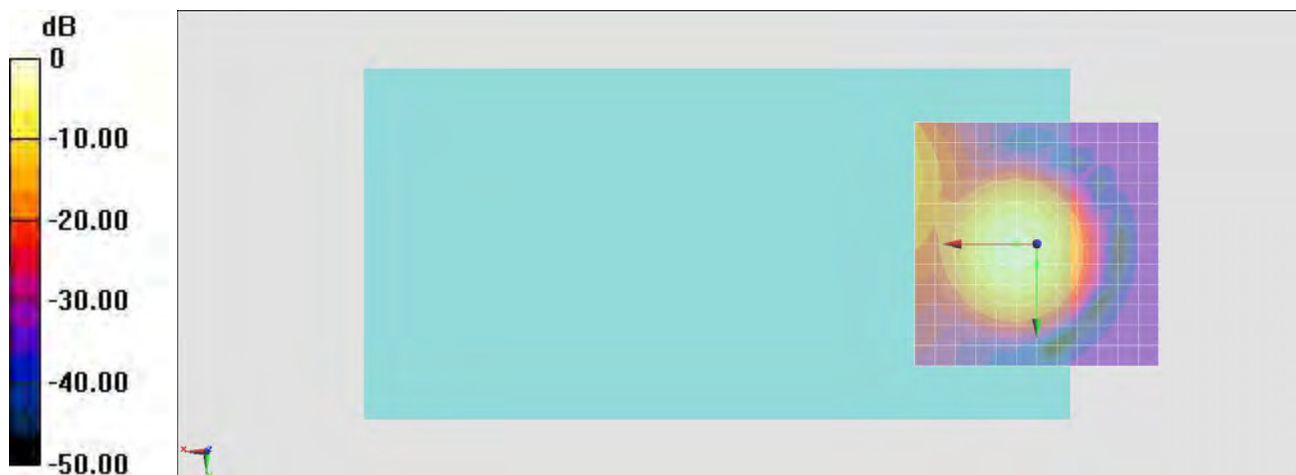
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.79 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.75 dBA/m

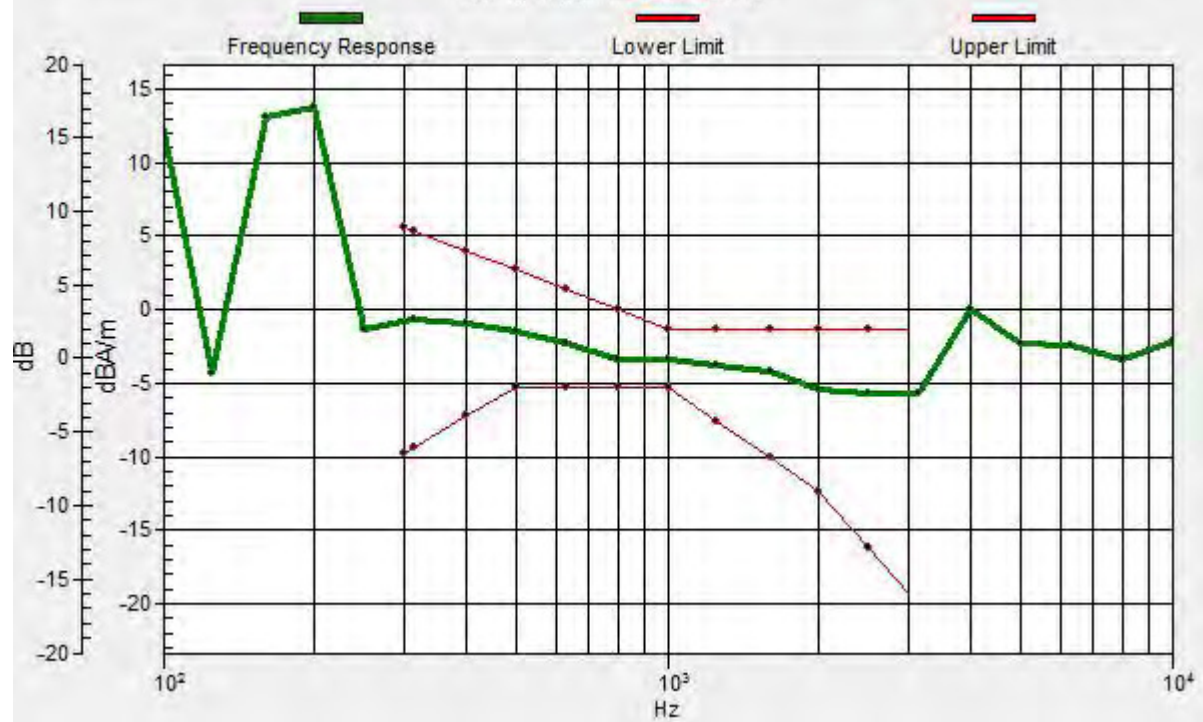
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.95dB



#01_HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch189_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.50 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.16 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#02_HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch189_Battery
2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

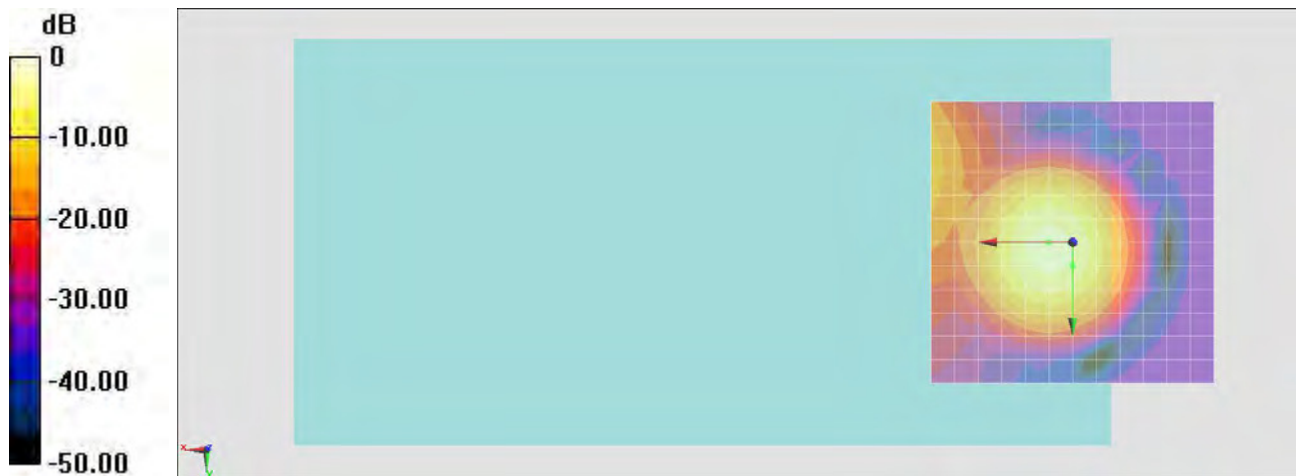
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.99 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.49 dBA/m

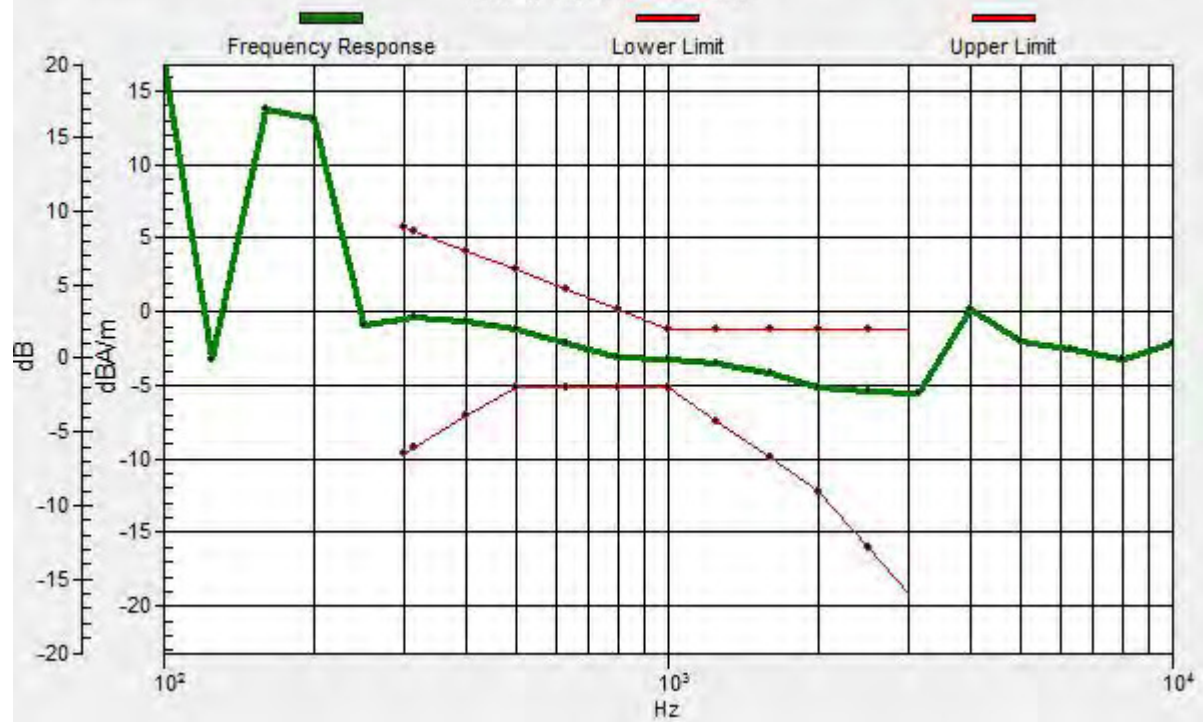
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



**#02_HAC_T-Coil_GSM850_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch189_Battery
2_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

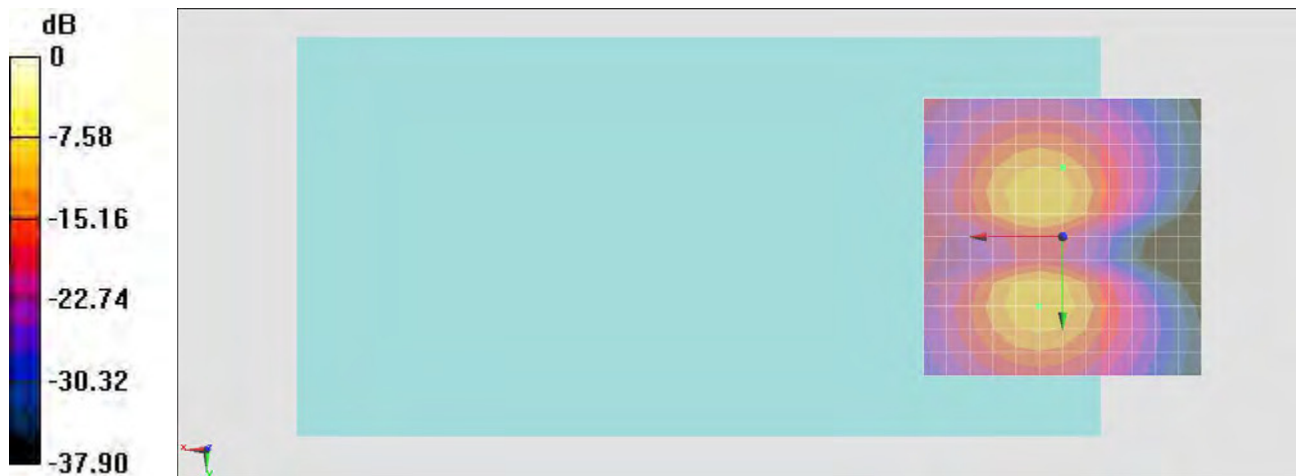
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.49 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.11 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#03_HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch661_Axial (Z)

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

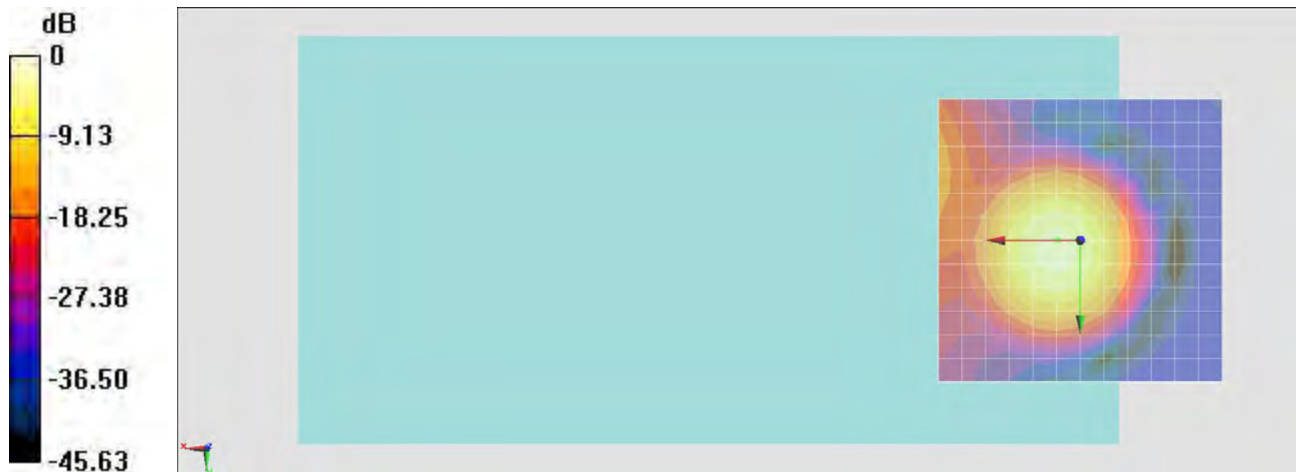
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.80 dB

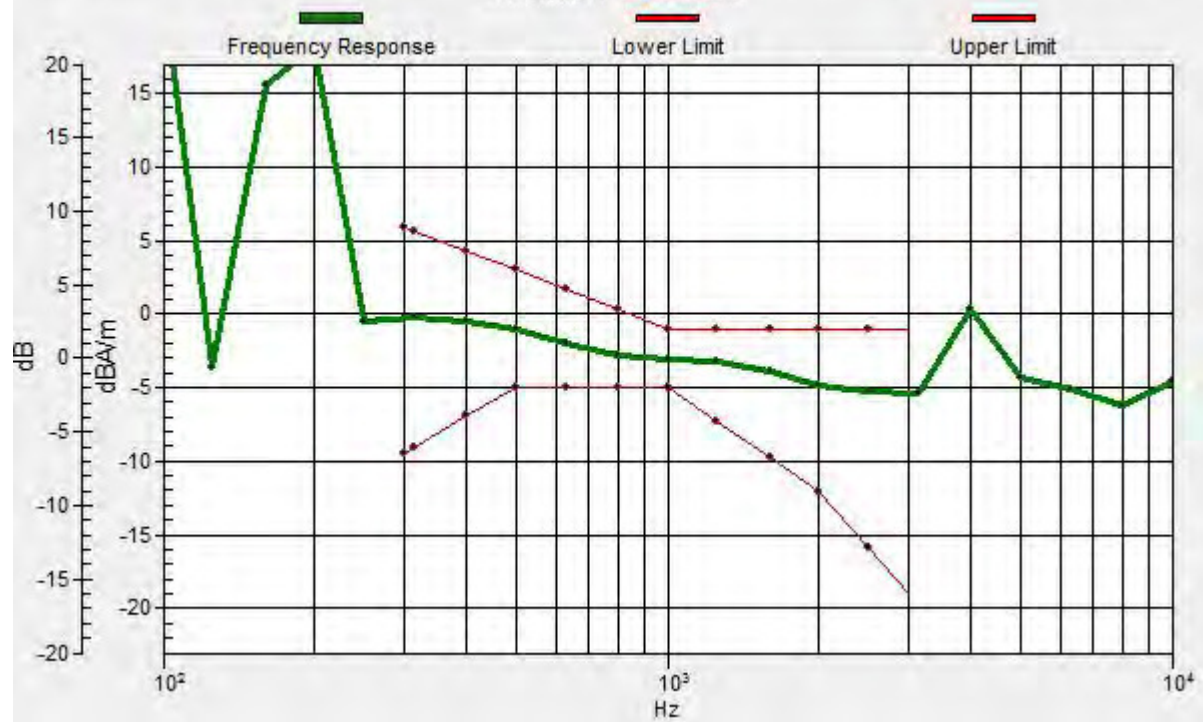
ABM1 comp = -3.33 dBA/m

Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



#03_HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_Voice(speech codec handset low) _Ch661_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

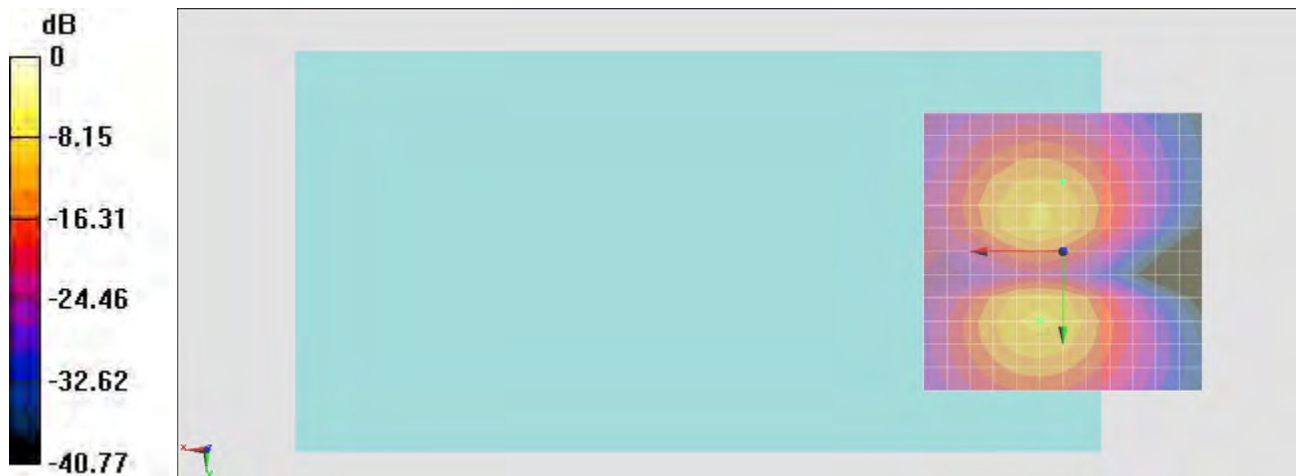
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.83 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.54 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#04_HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_Voice(speech codec handset low)_Ch661_Battery
2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

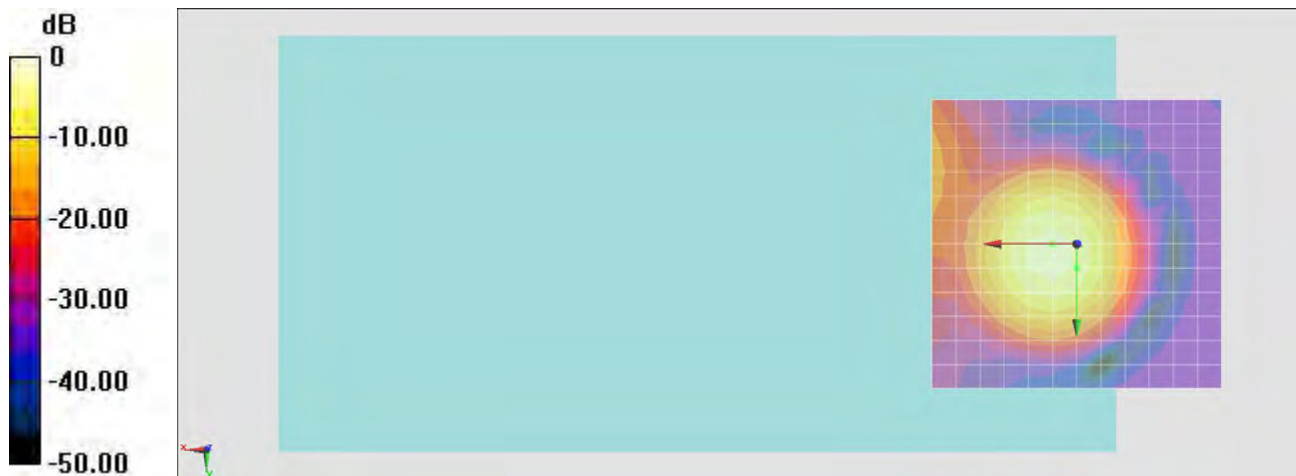
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 38.82 dB

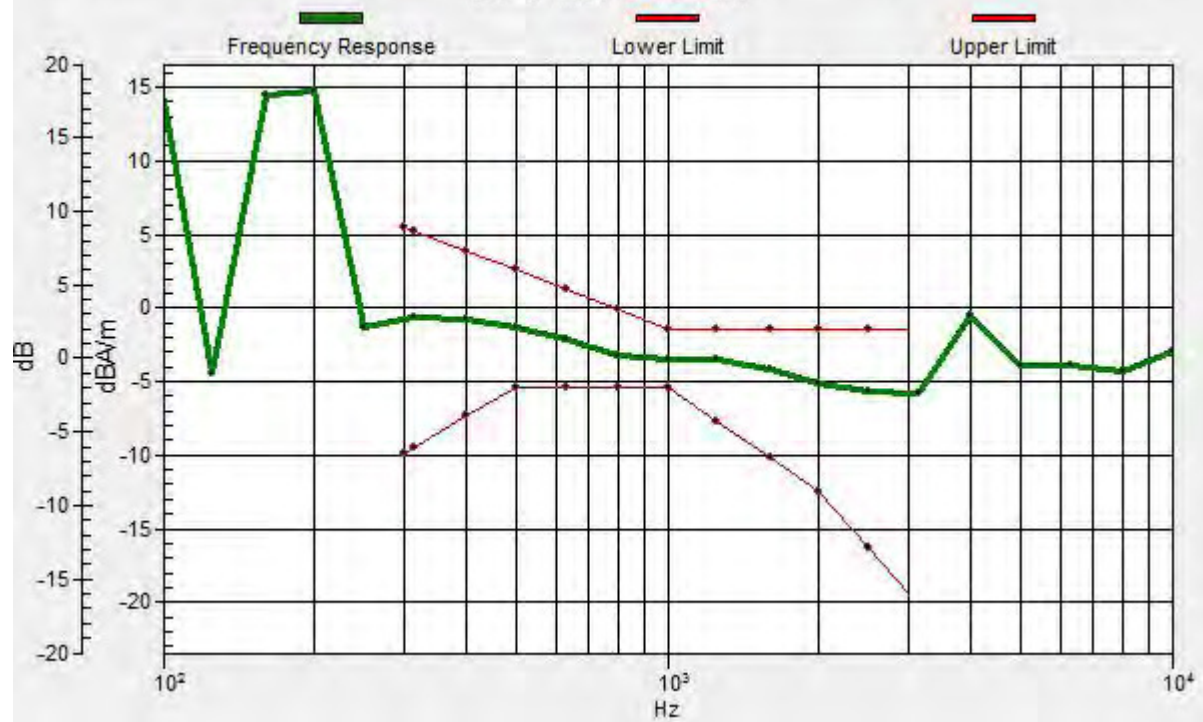
ABM1 comp = -3.71 dBA/m

Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



**#04_HAC_T-Coil_GSM1900_Voice(speech codec handset low)
_Ch661_Battery 2_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

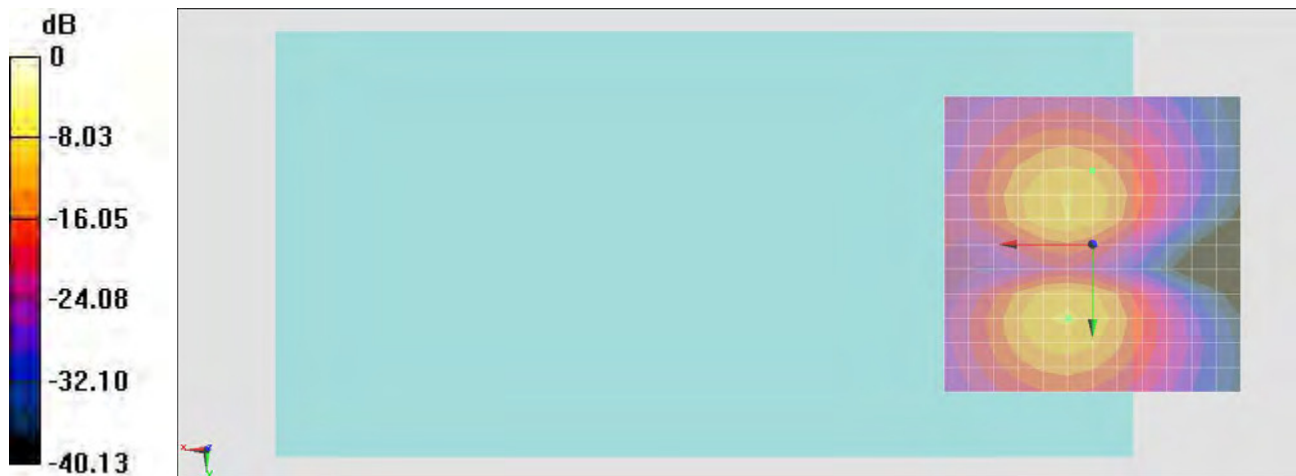
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 33.70 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.63 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



#05_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA II_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch9400_Axial (Z)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

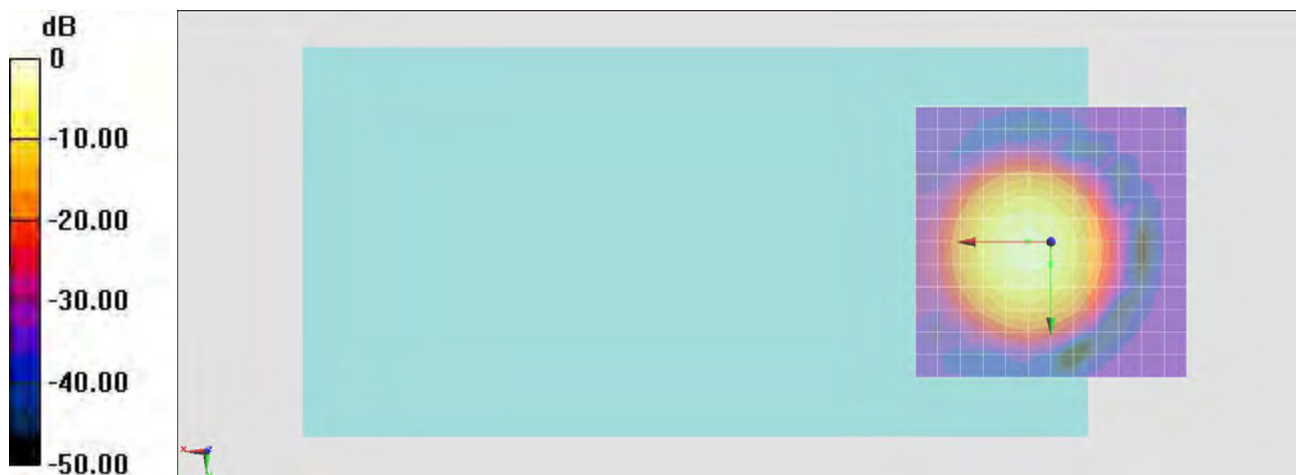
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 41.17 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.72 dBA/m

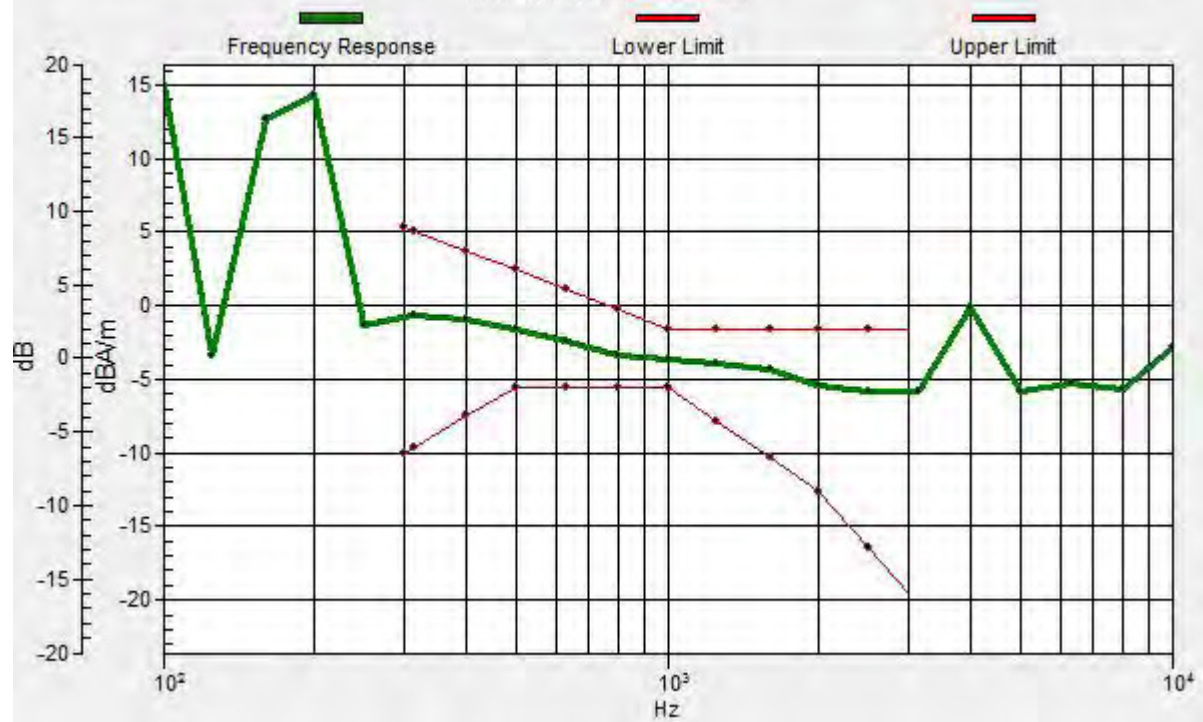
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



#05_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA II_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch9400_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

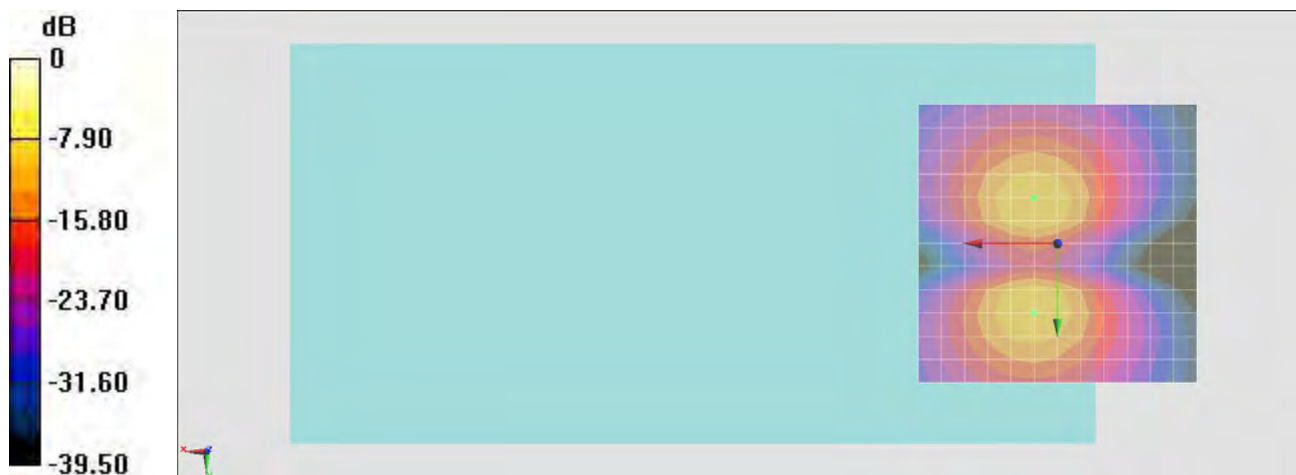
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.74 dB

ABM1 comp = -10.37 dBA/m

Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#06_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA II_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch9400_Battery 2_Axial (Z)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

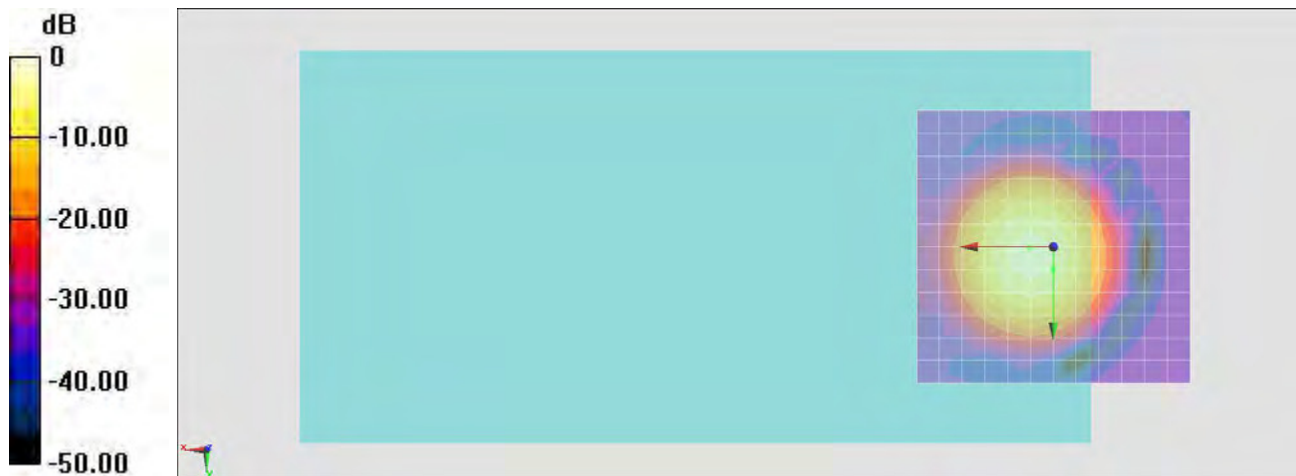
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 41.22 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.47 dBA/m

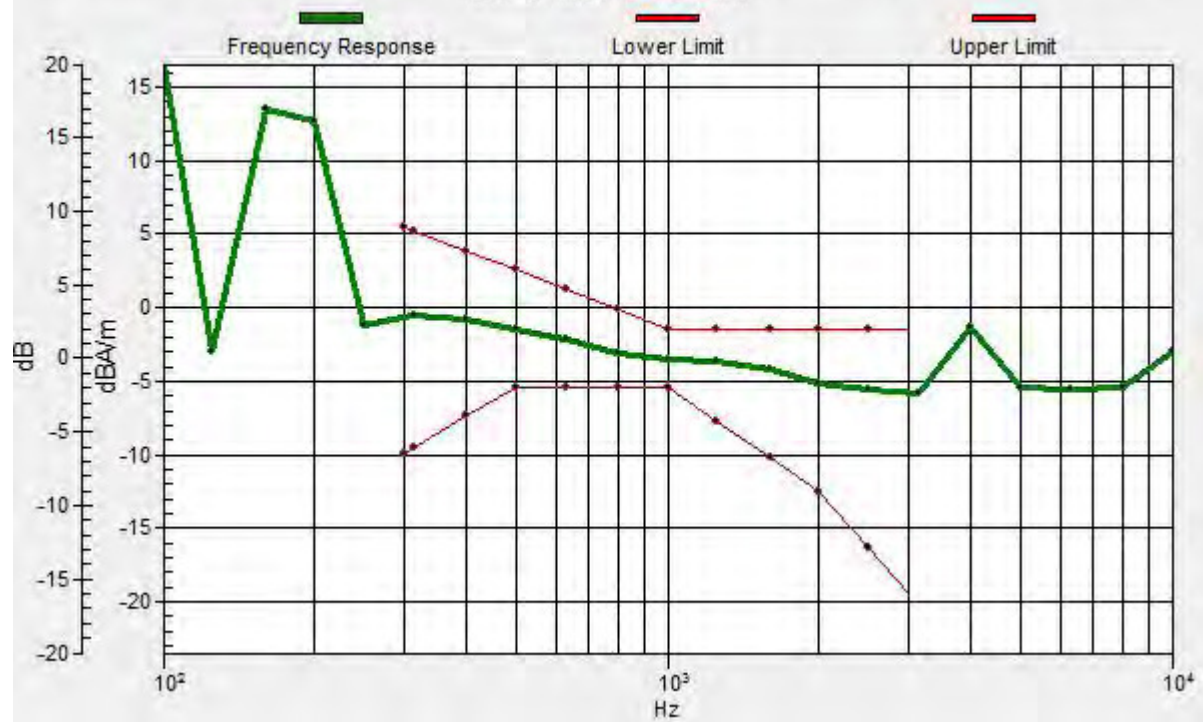
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



#06_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA II_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch9400_Battery 2_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

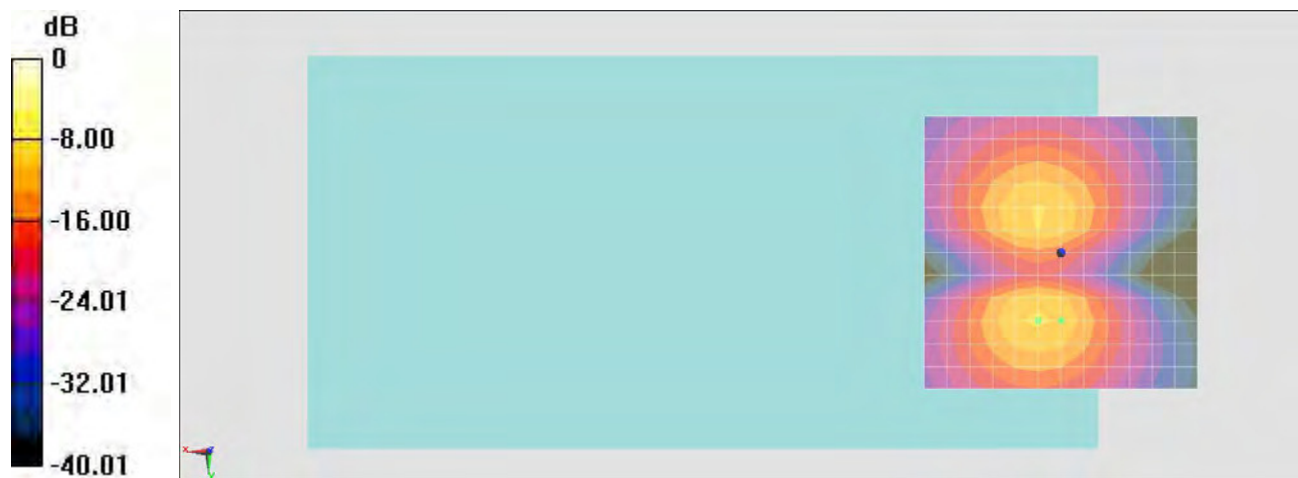
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.06 dB

ABM1 comp = -11.06 dBA/m

Location: 0, 12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#07_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA IV_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch1413_Axial**(Z)**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

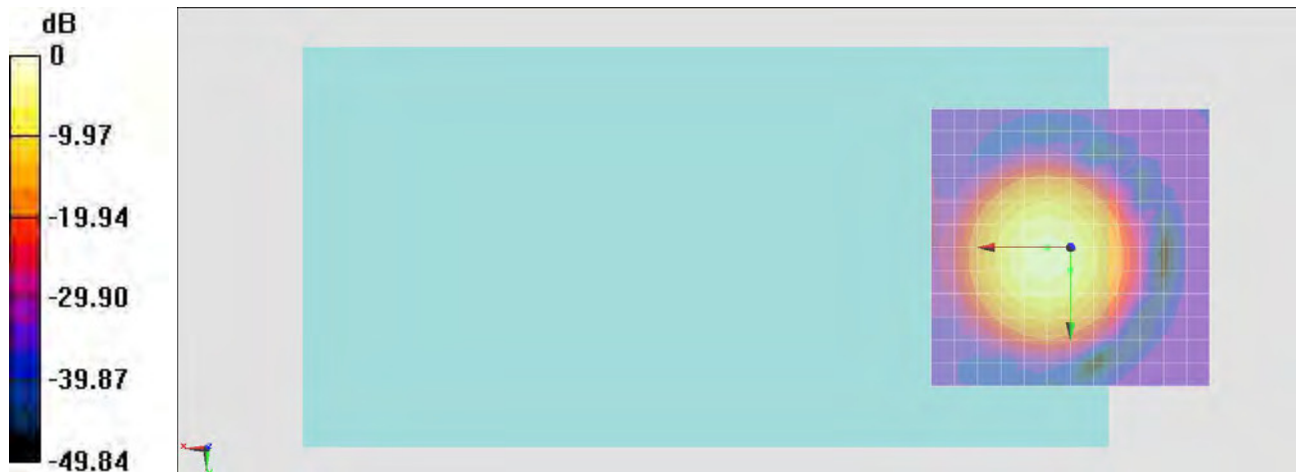
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 39.75 dB

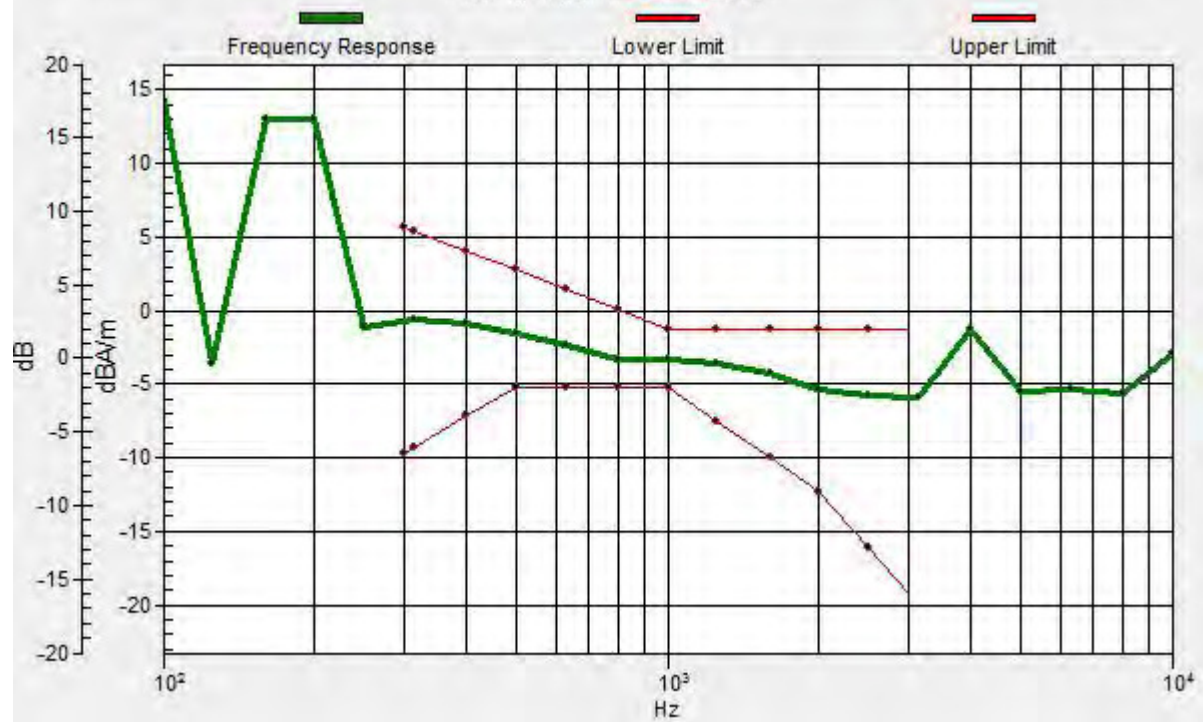
ABM1 comp = -3.62 dBA/m

Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.91dB



#07_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA IV_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch1413_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

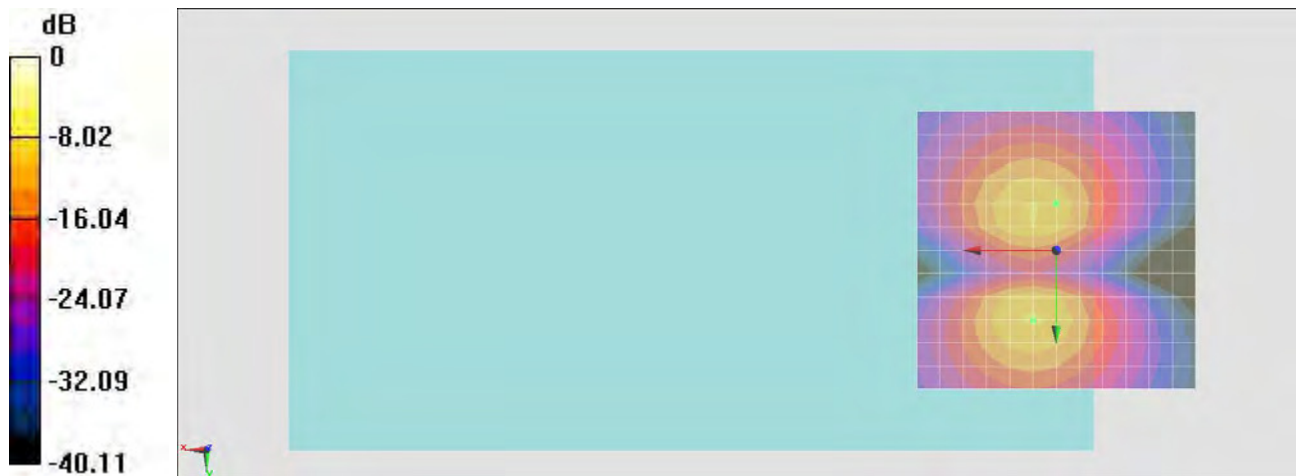
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.26 dB

ABM1 comp = -11.46 dBA/m

Location: 0, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#08_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA IV_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch1413_Battery
2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

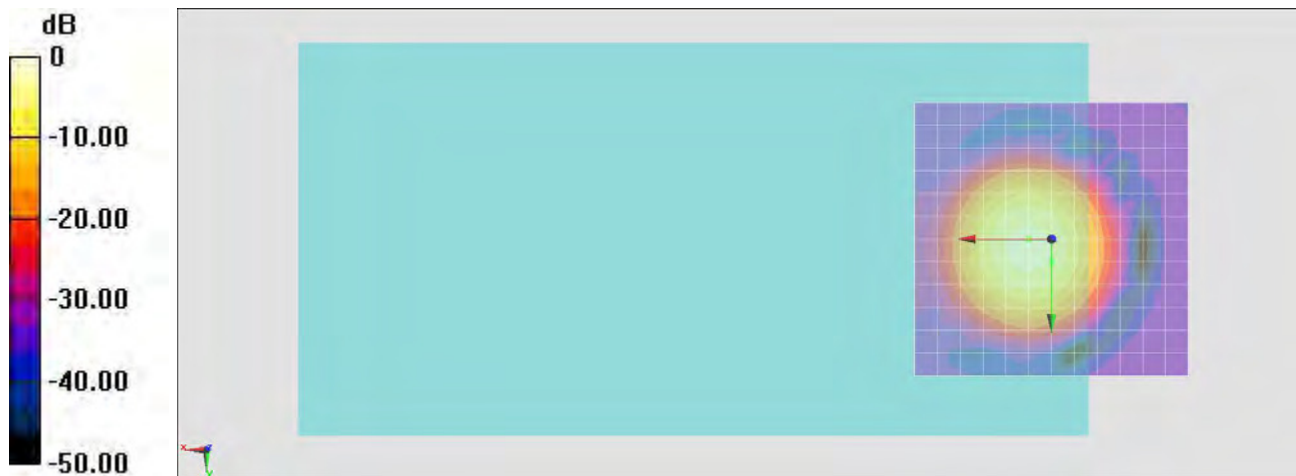
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.76 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.48 dBA/m

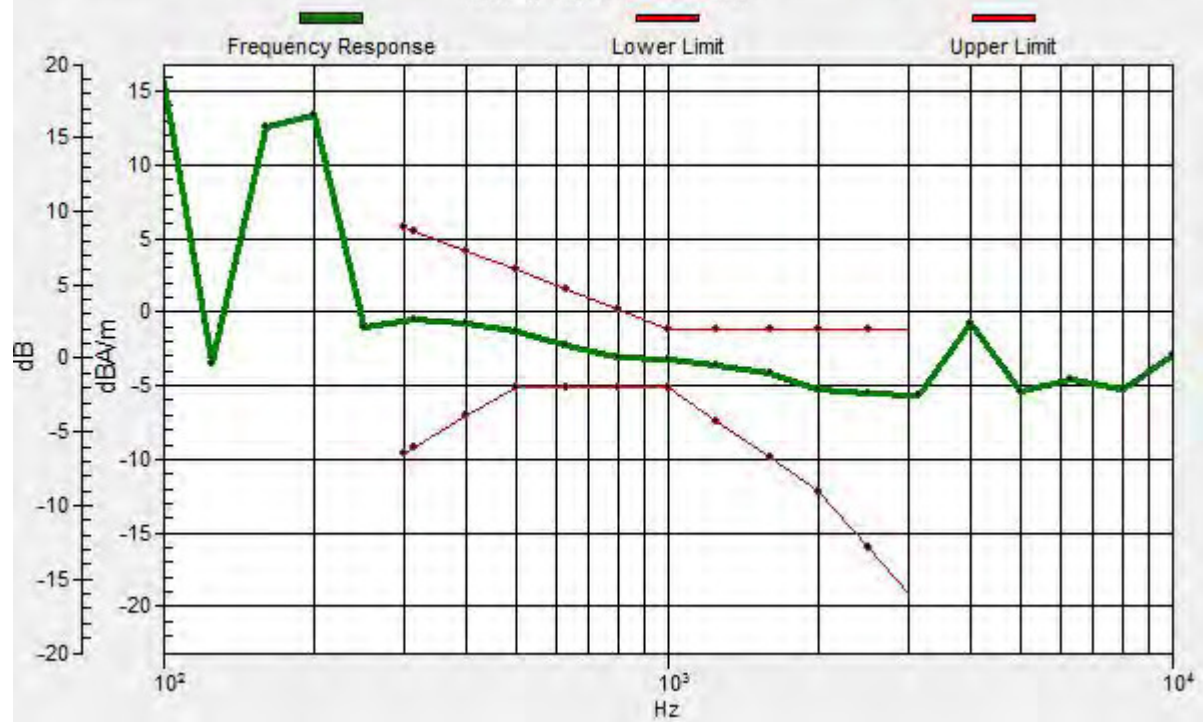
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



#08_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA IV_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch1413_Battery 2_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

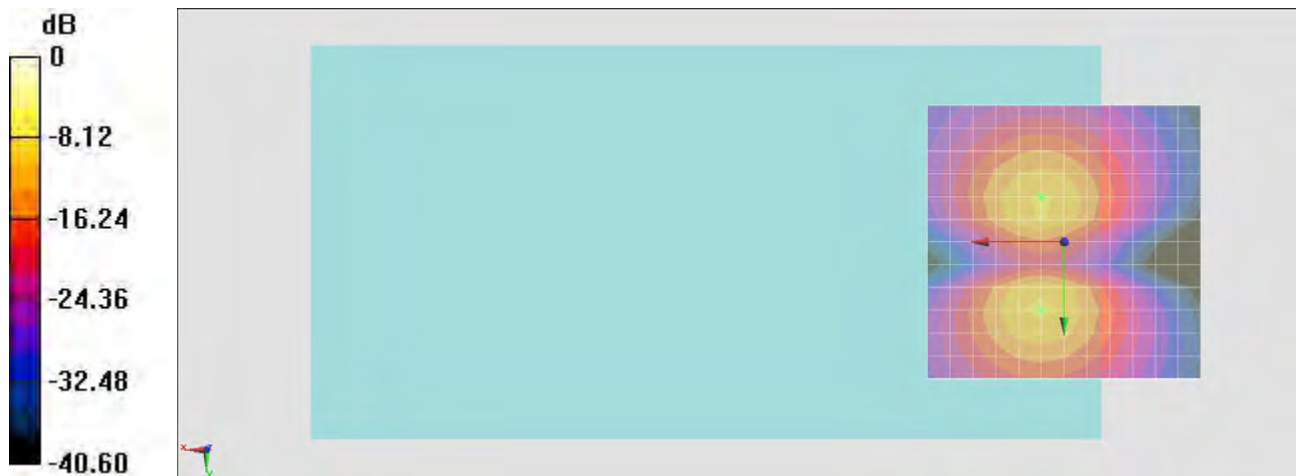
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.25 dB

ABM1 comp = -10.30 dBA/m

Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#09_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA V_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch4182_Axial (Z)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

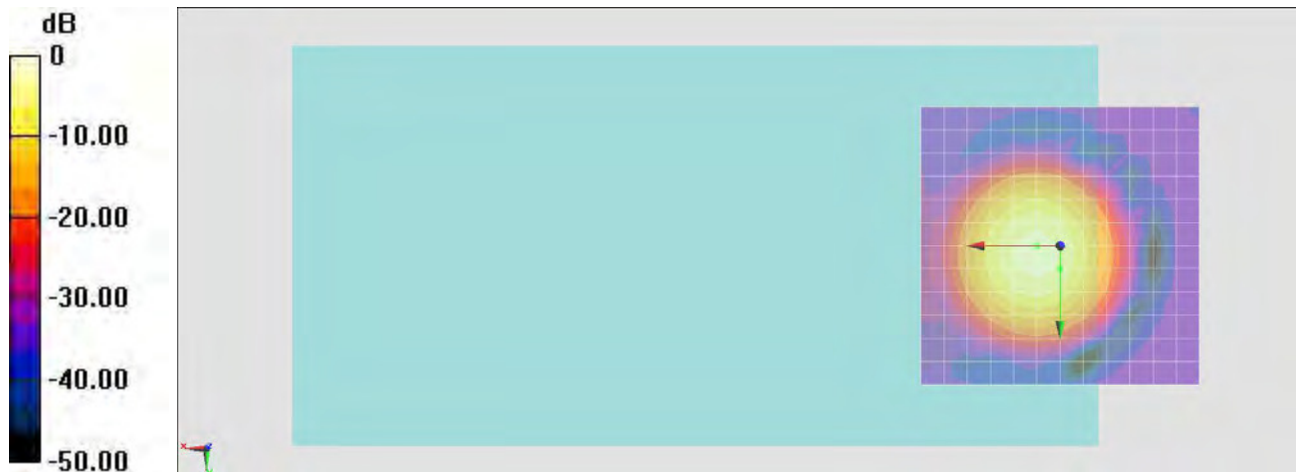
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.19 dB

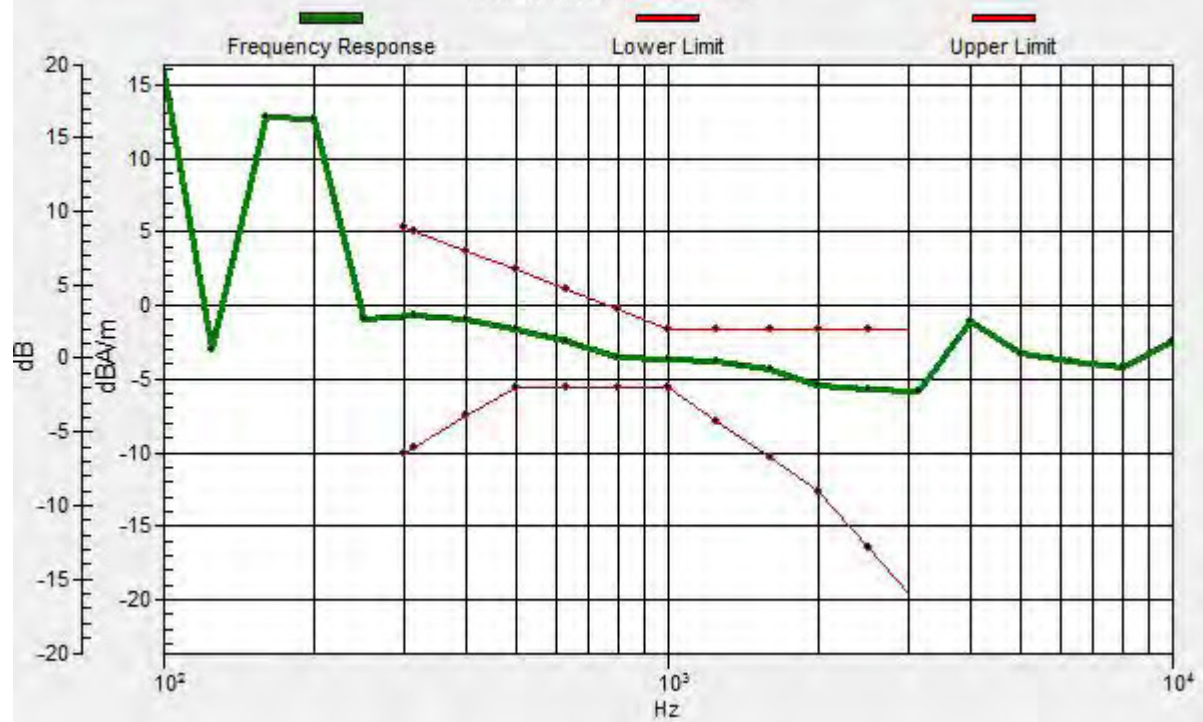
ABM1 comp = -3.71 dBA/m

Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



#09_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA V_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch4182_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

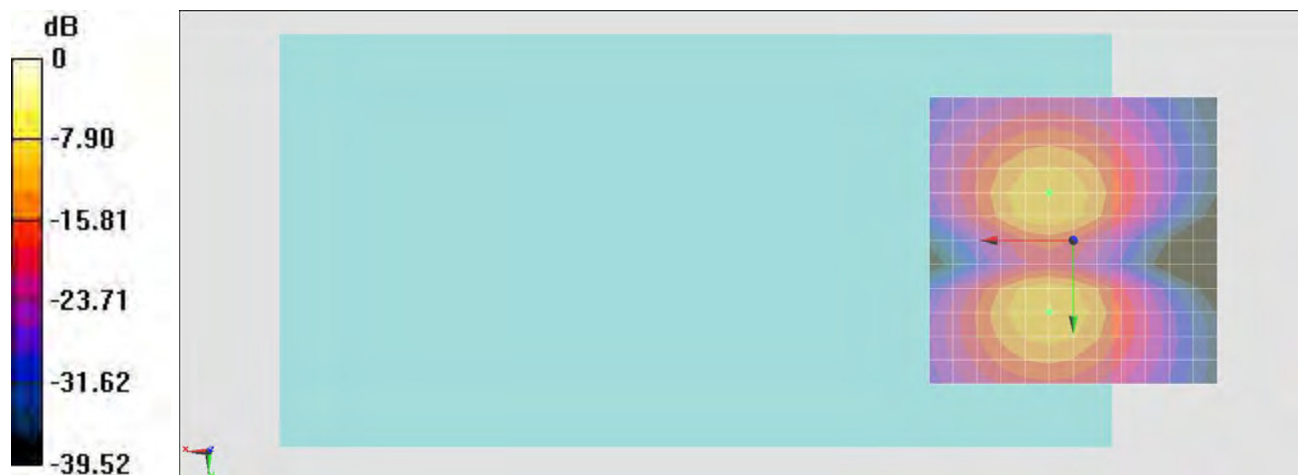
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.52 dB

ABM1 comp = -10.36 dBA/m

Location: 4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#10_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA V_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch4182_Battery 2_Axial (Z)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

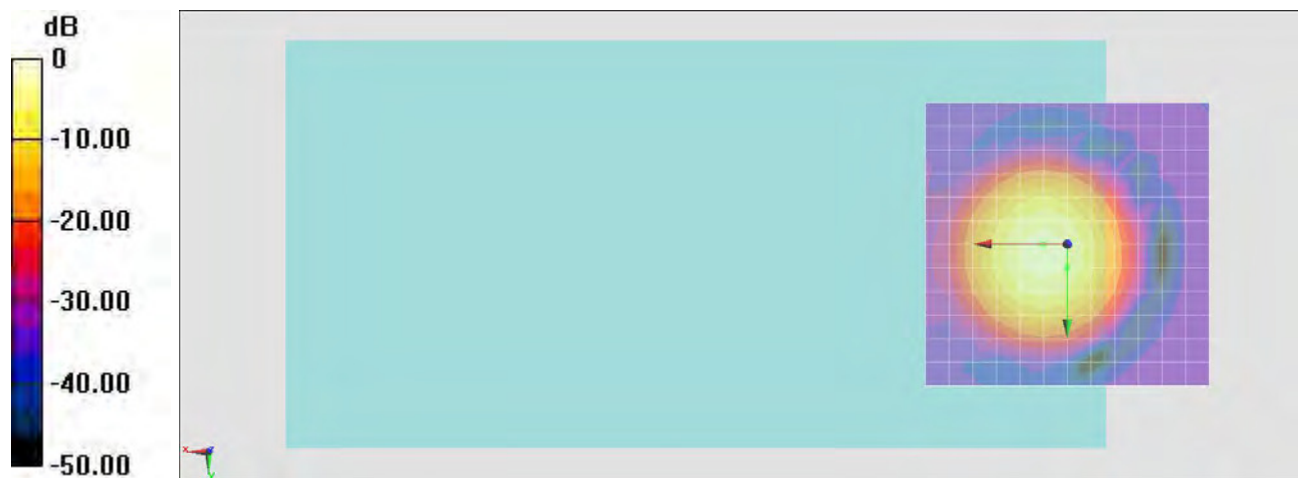
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 40.69 dB

ABM1 comp = -3.47 dBA/m

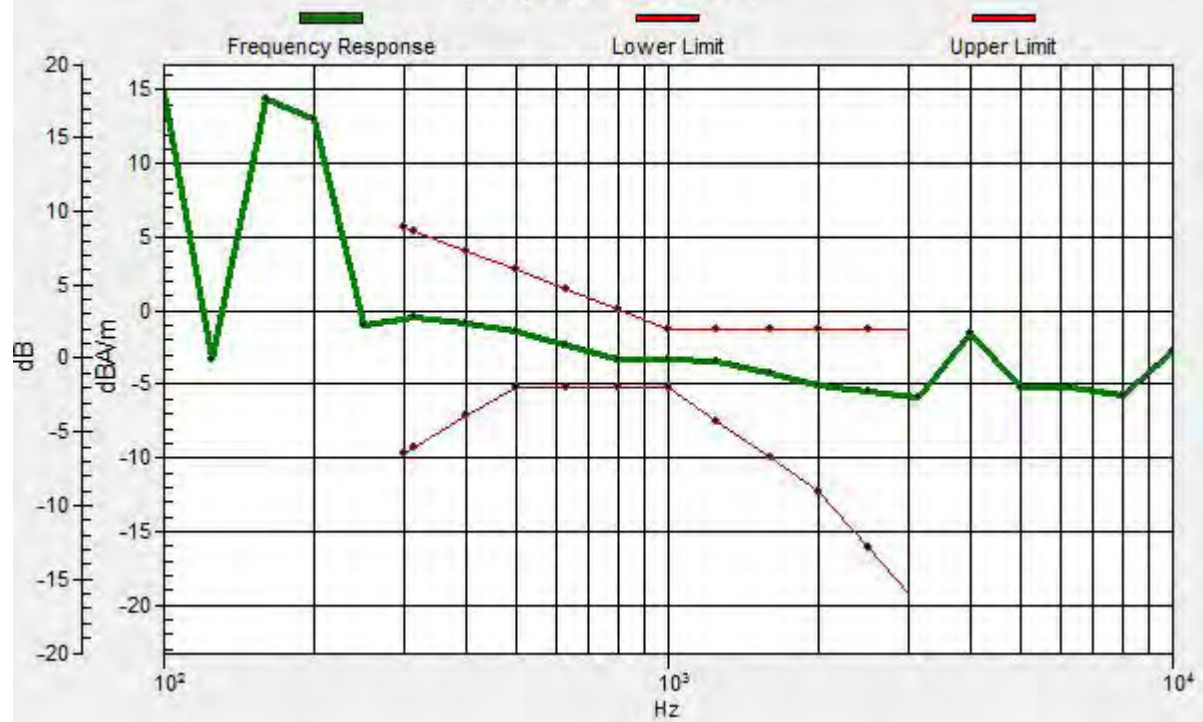
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.9dB



#10_HAC_T-Coil_WCDMA V_Voice (speech codec low)_Ch4182_Battery 2_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

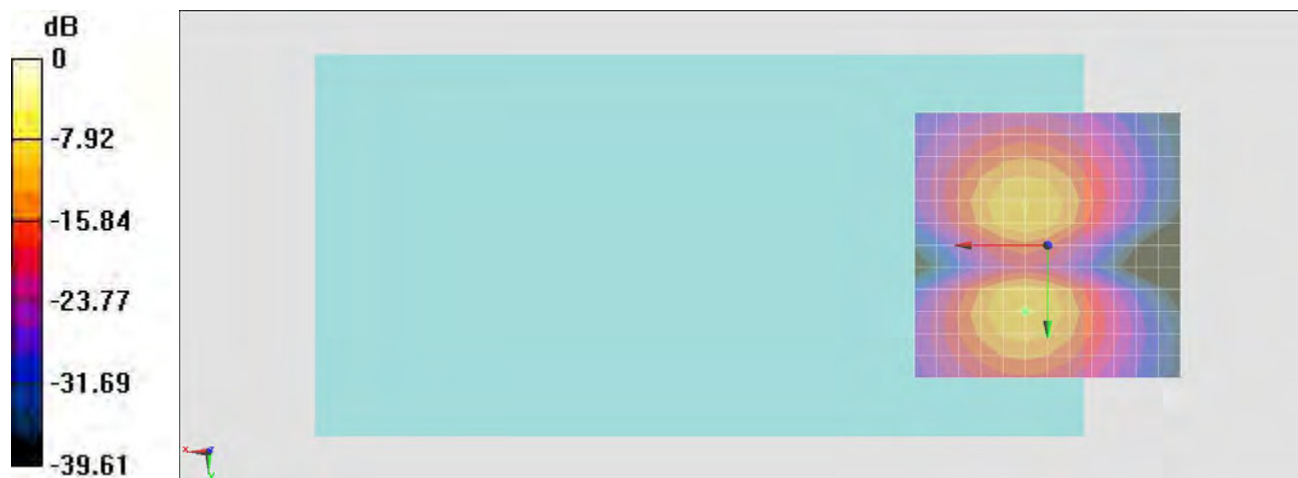
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.56 dB

ABM1 comp = -12.71 dBA/m

Location: 0, 16.7, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#11_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC0_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch384_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

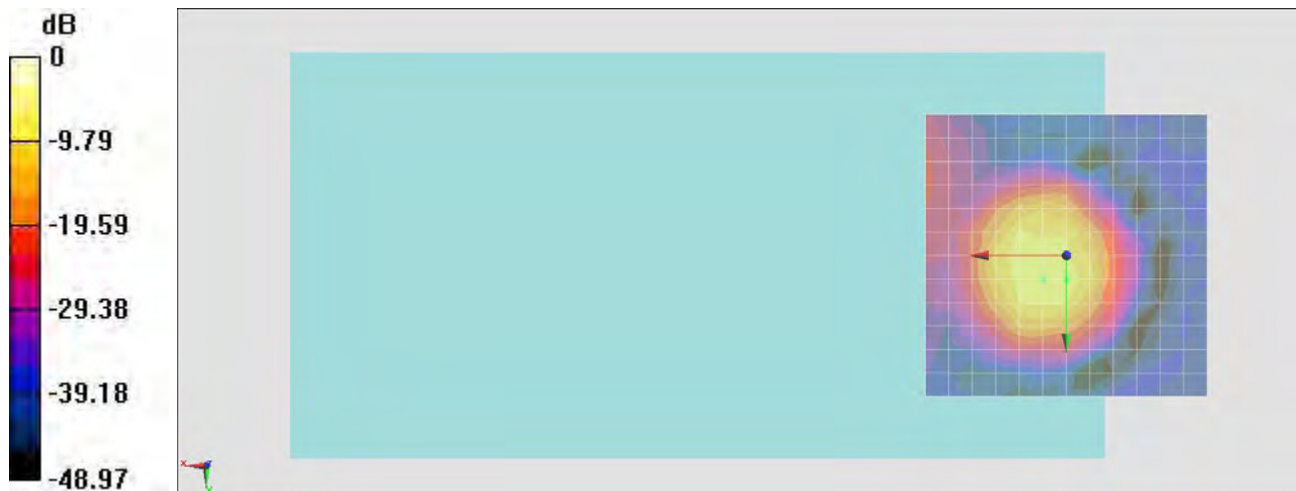
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 38.39 dB

ABM1 comp = -7.64 dBA/m

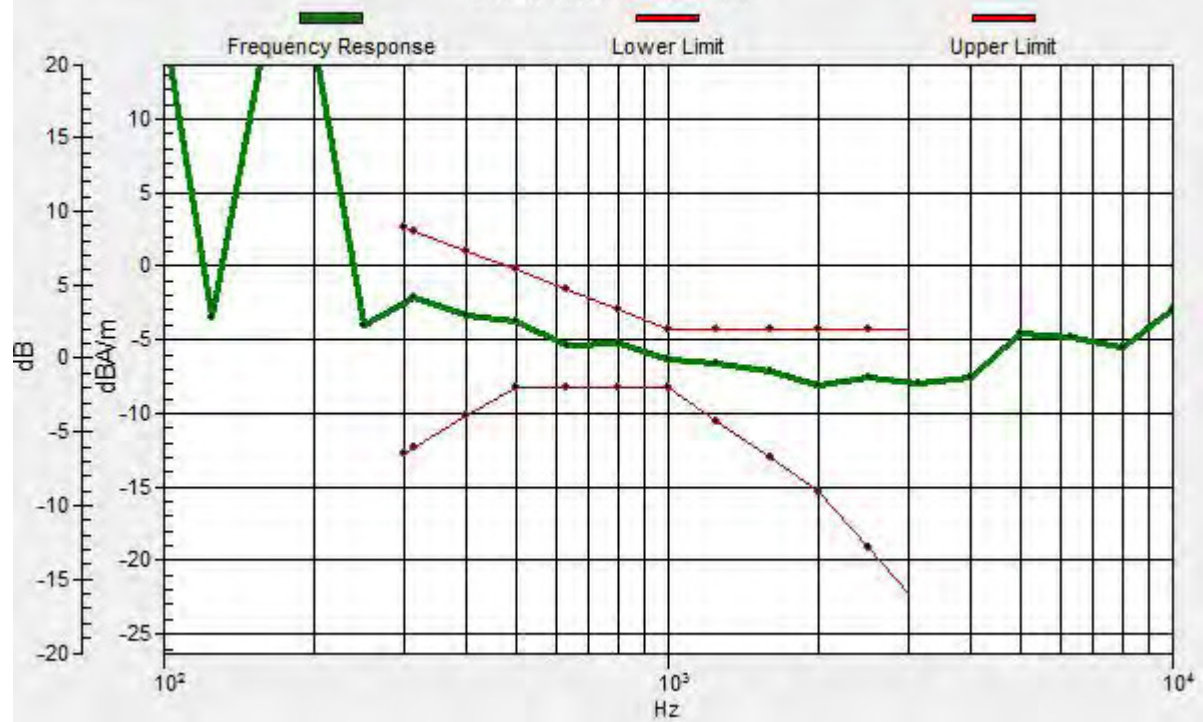
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



**#11_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC0_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch384_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

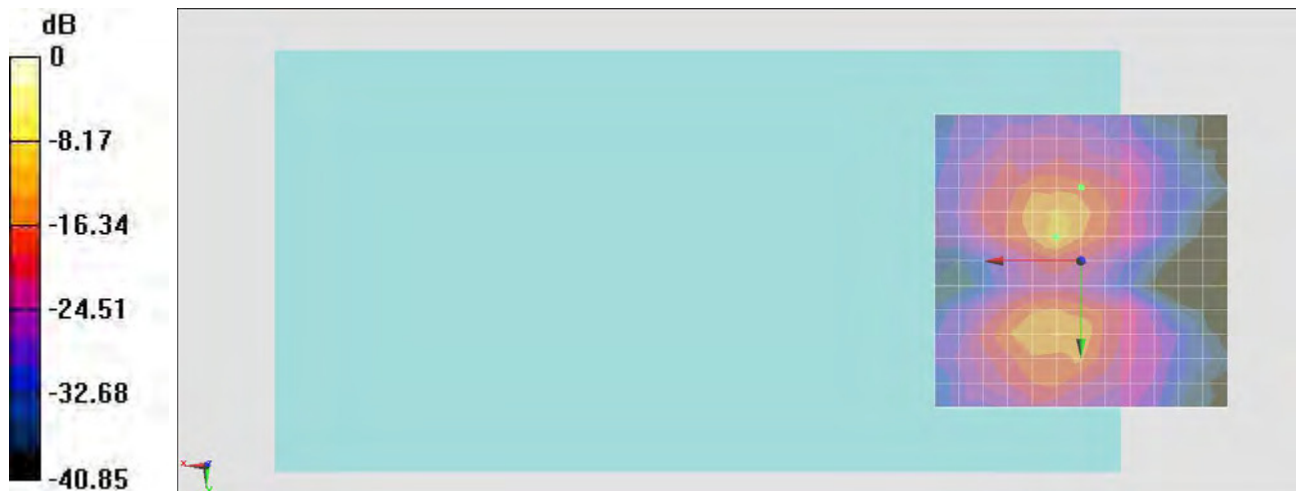
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.89 dB

ABM1 comp = -17.35 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#12_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC0_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch384;Battery 2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

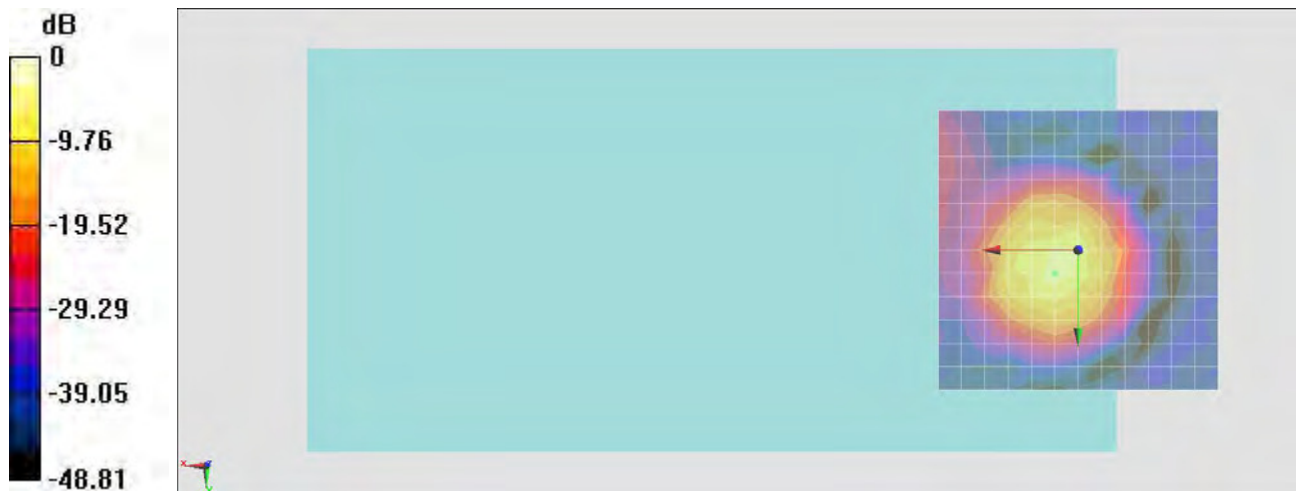
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.75 dB

ABM1 comp = -6.45 dBA/m

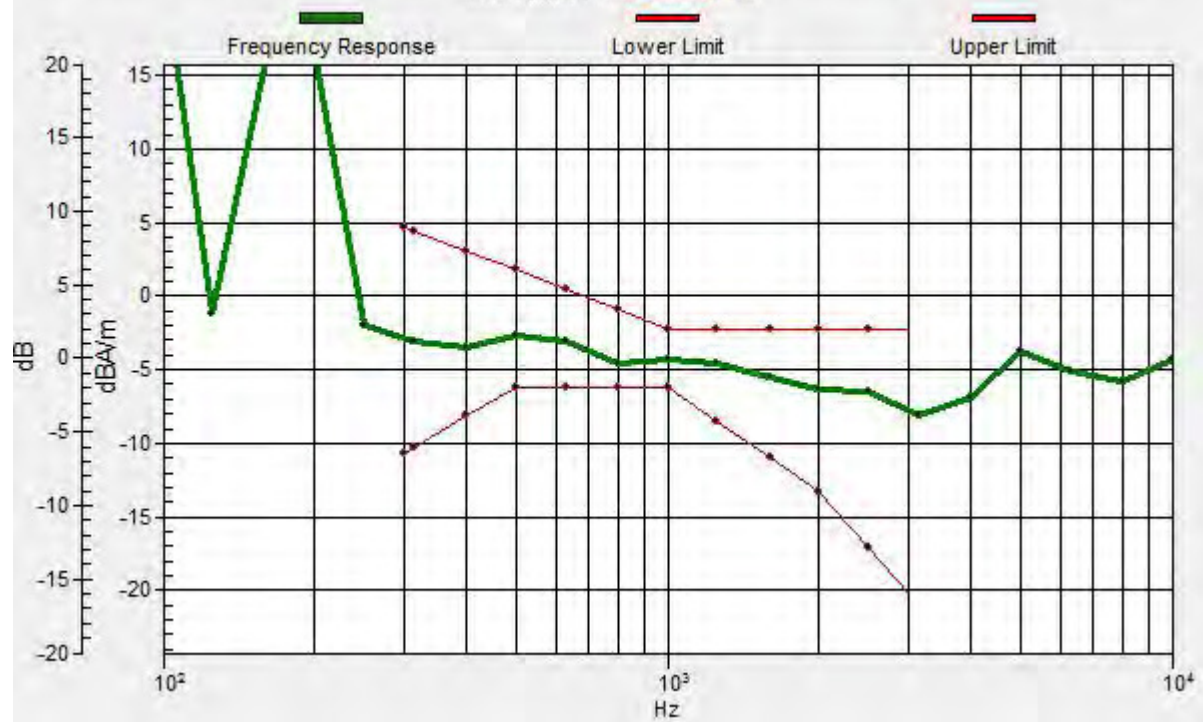
Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.64dB



#12_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC0_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced low_Ch384;Battery 2_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

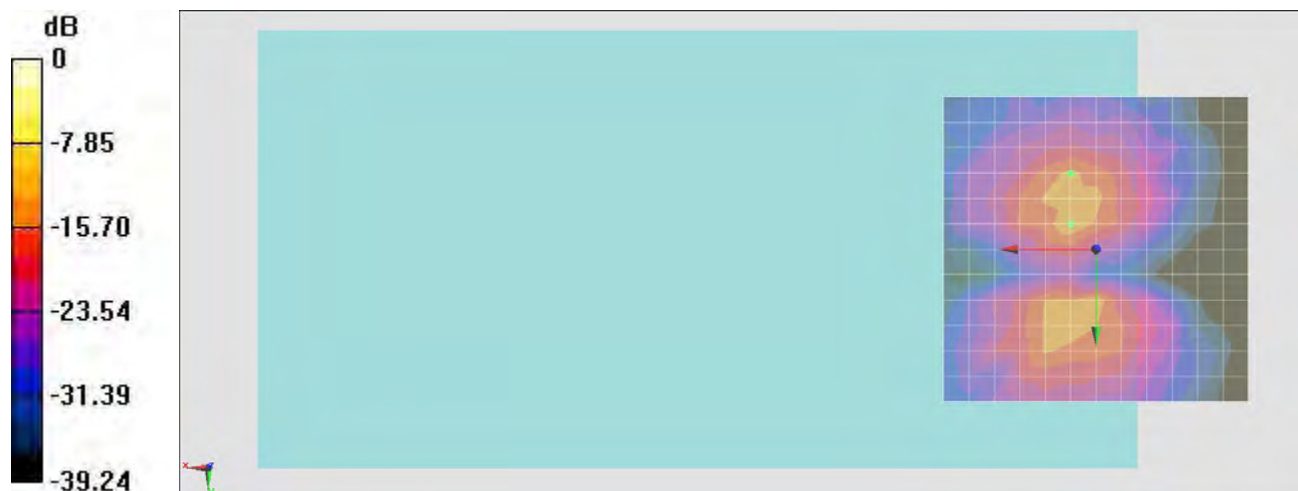
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 30.91 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.95 dBA/m

Location: 4.2, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#13_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC1_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch600_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

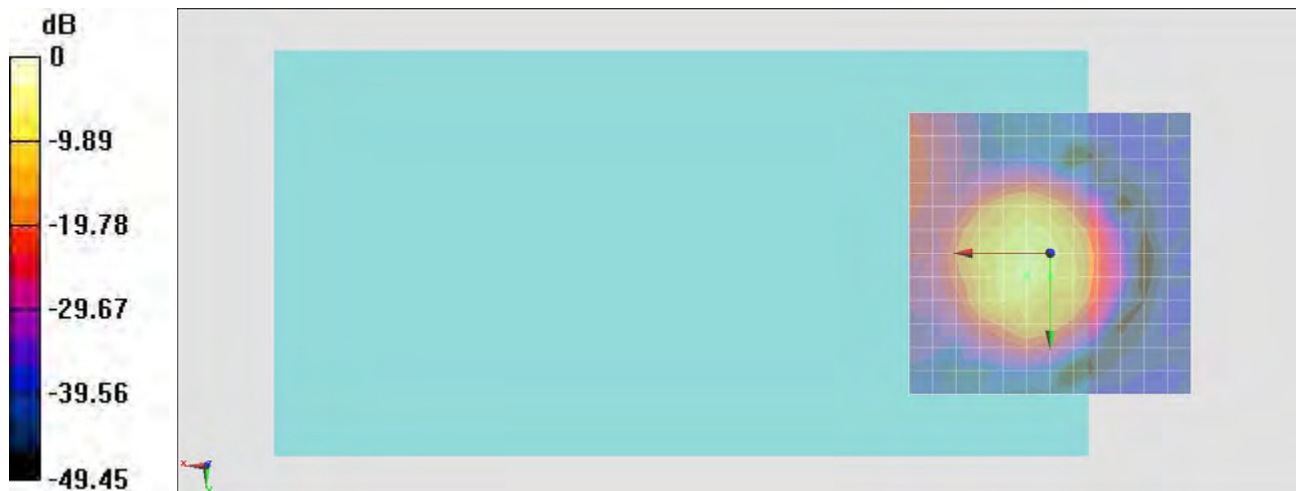
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.93 dB

ABM1 comp = -9.29 dBA/m

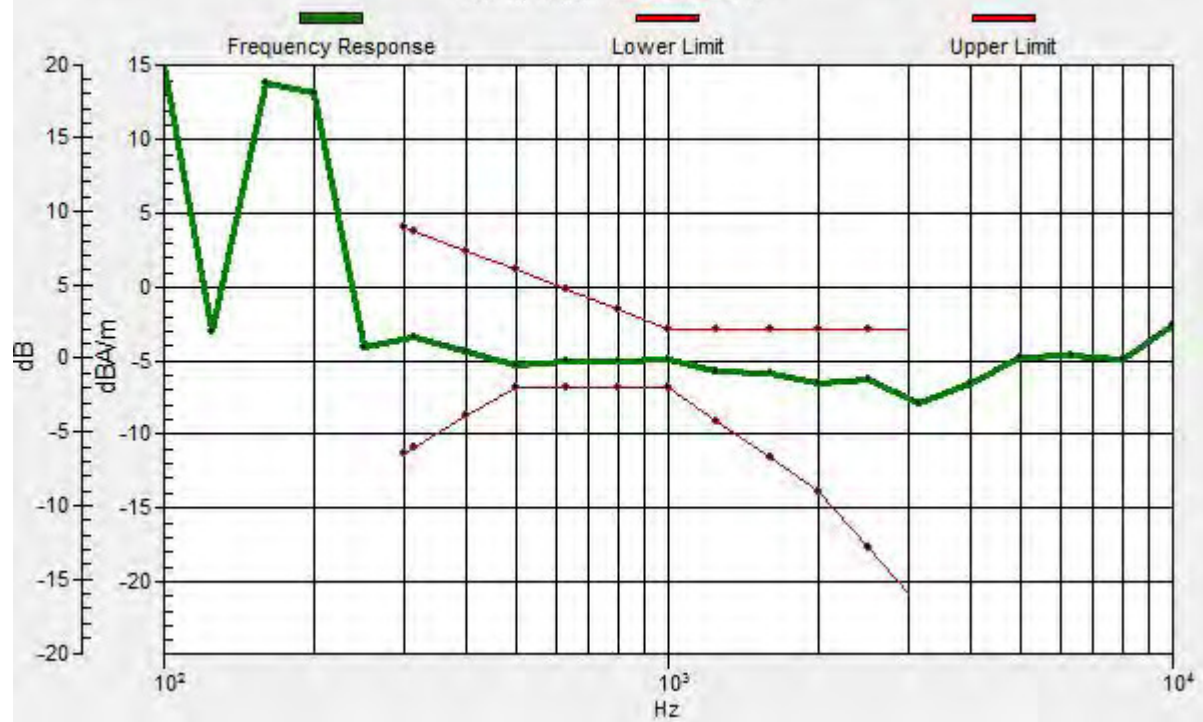
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.57dB



**#13_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC1_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch600_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

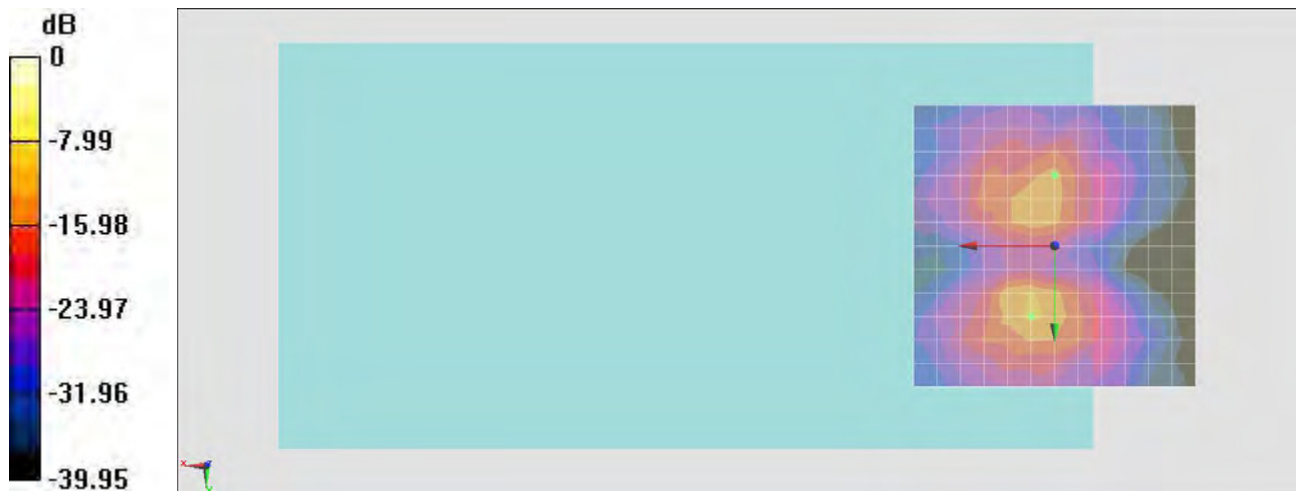
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.40 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.76 dBA/m

Location: 0, -12.5, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#14_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC1_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch600;Battery 2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

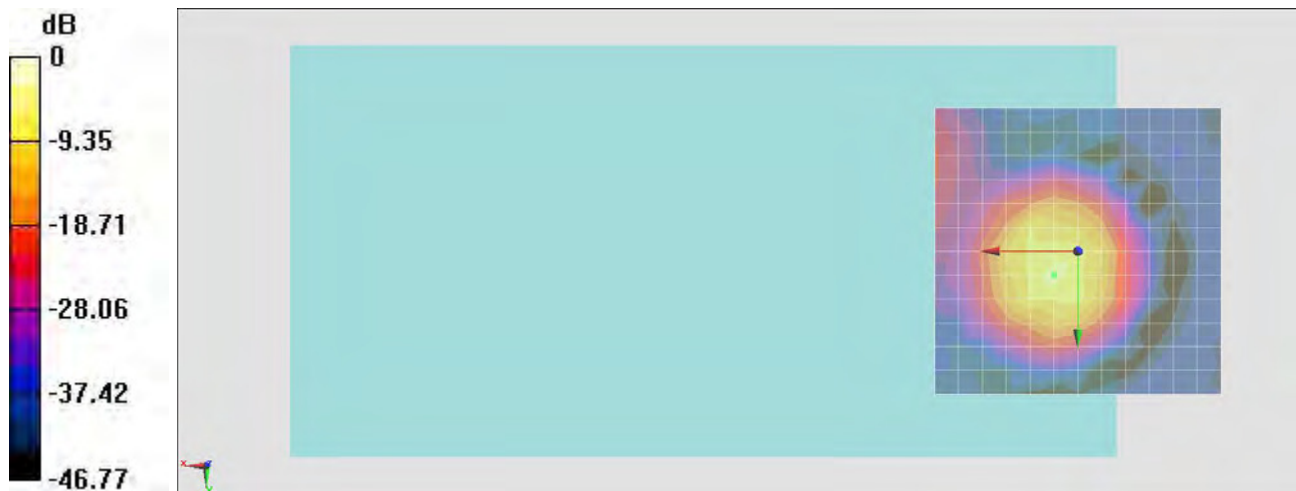
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 36.12 dB

ABM1 comp = -4.25 dBA/m

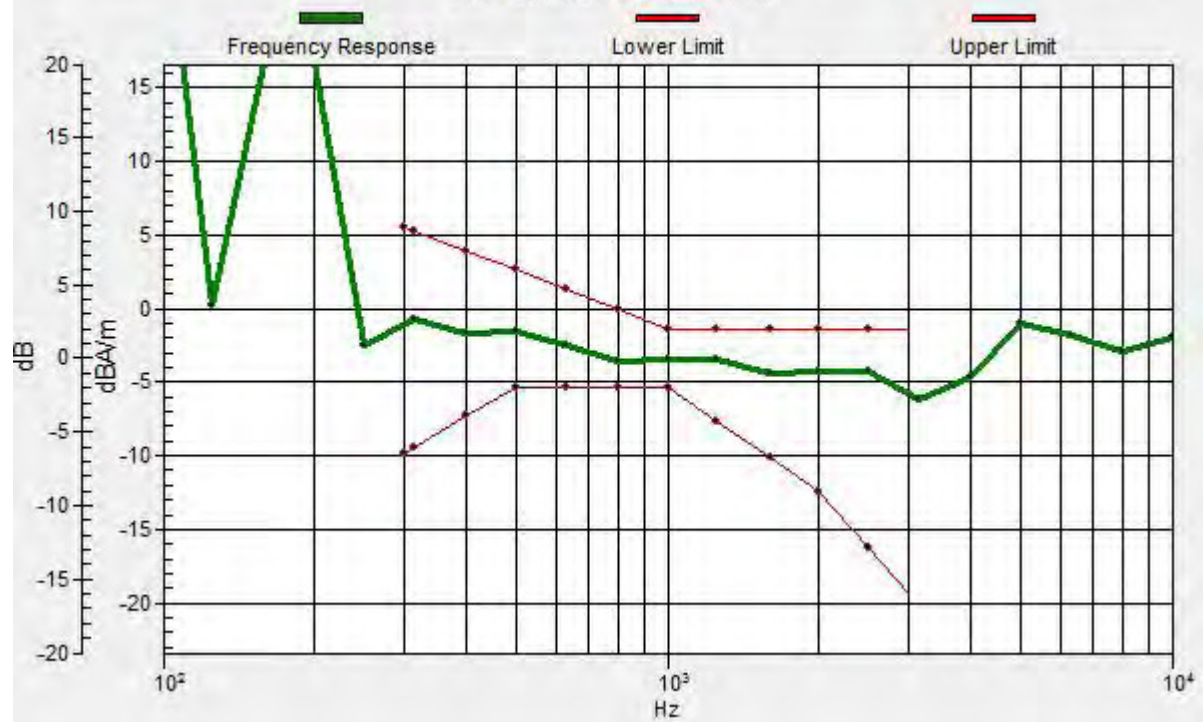
Location: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 4.2, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.74dB



**#14_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC1_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch600;Battery 2_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

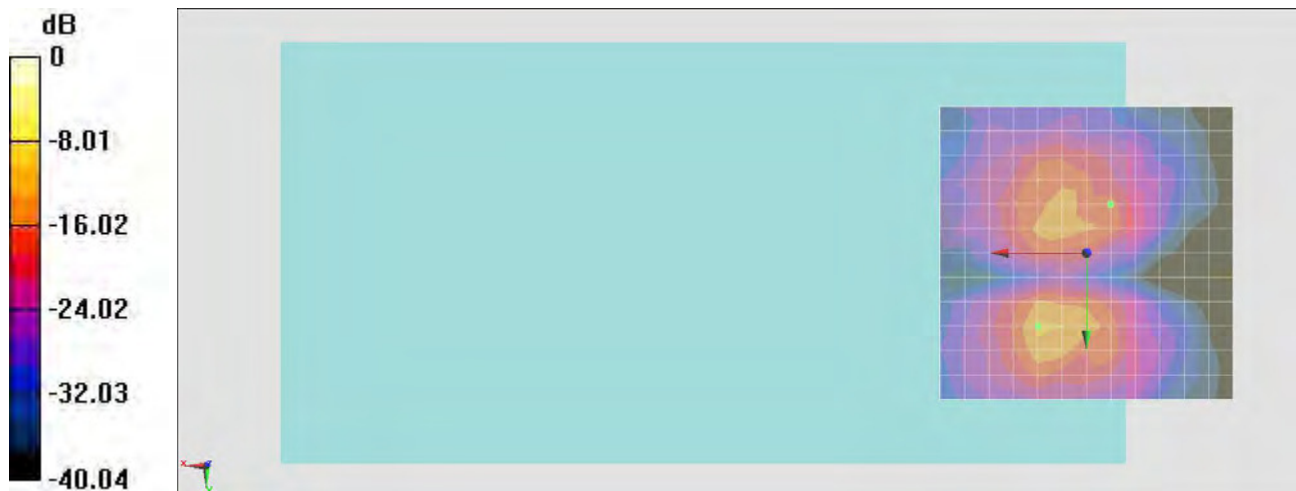
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.70 dB

ABM1 comp = -17.16 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

#15_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC10_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced low_Ch580_Axial (Z)

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 820.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

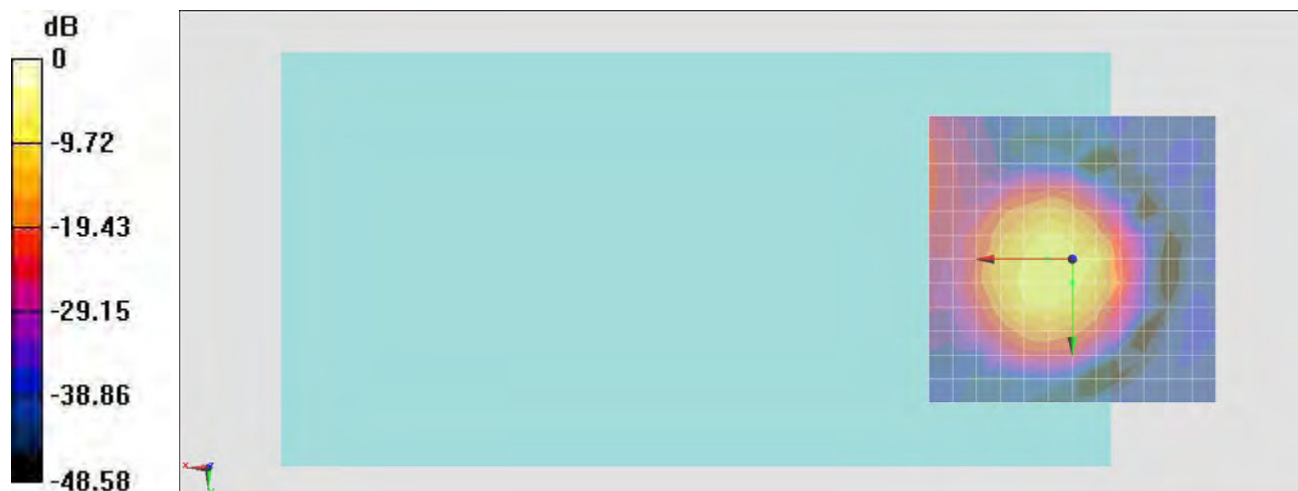
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 38.72 dB

ABM1 comp = -7.27 dBA/m

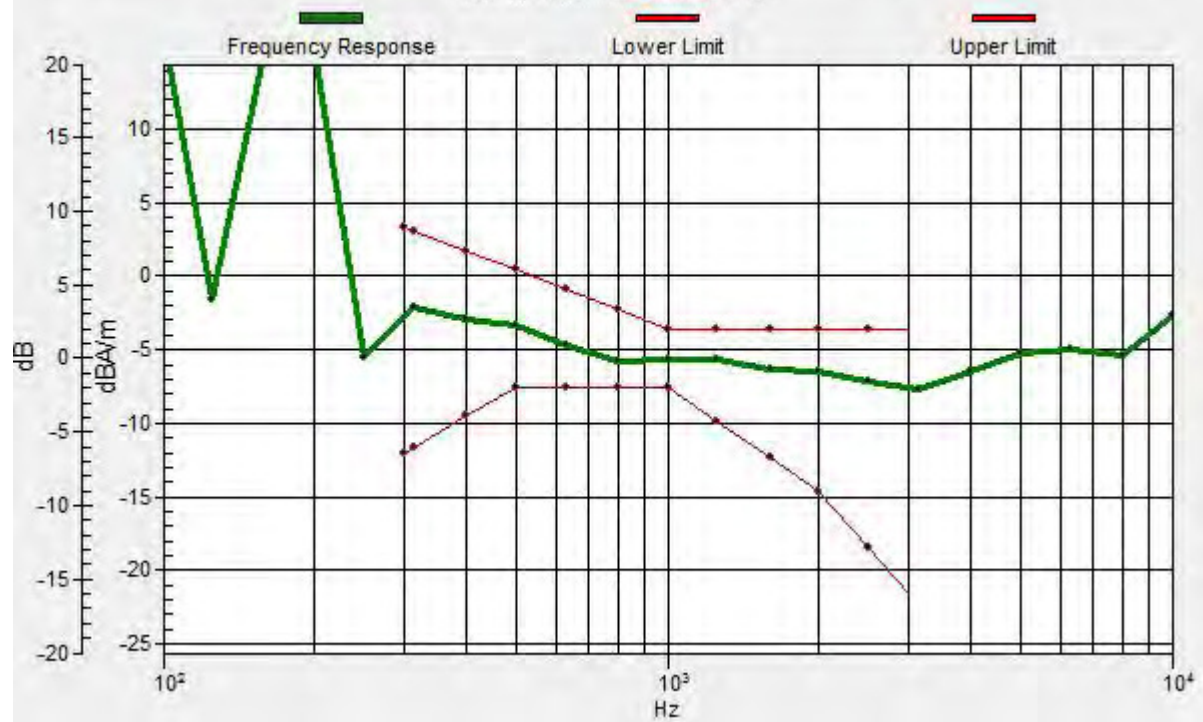
Location: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 4.2, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.73dB



#15_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC10_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced low_Ch580_Transversal (Y)

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 820.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

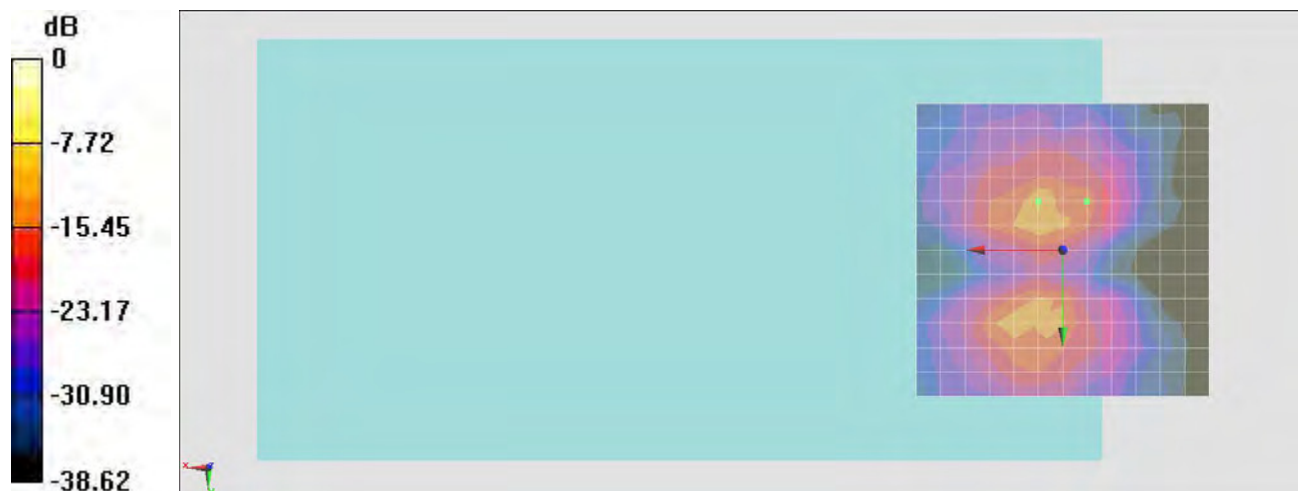
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 29.50 dB

ABM1 comp = -16.42 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

**#16_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC10_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch580;Battery 2_Axial (Z)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 820.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

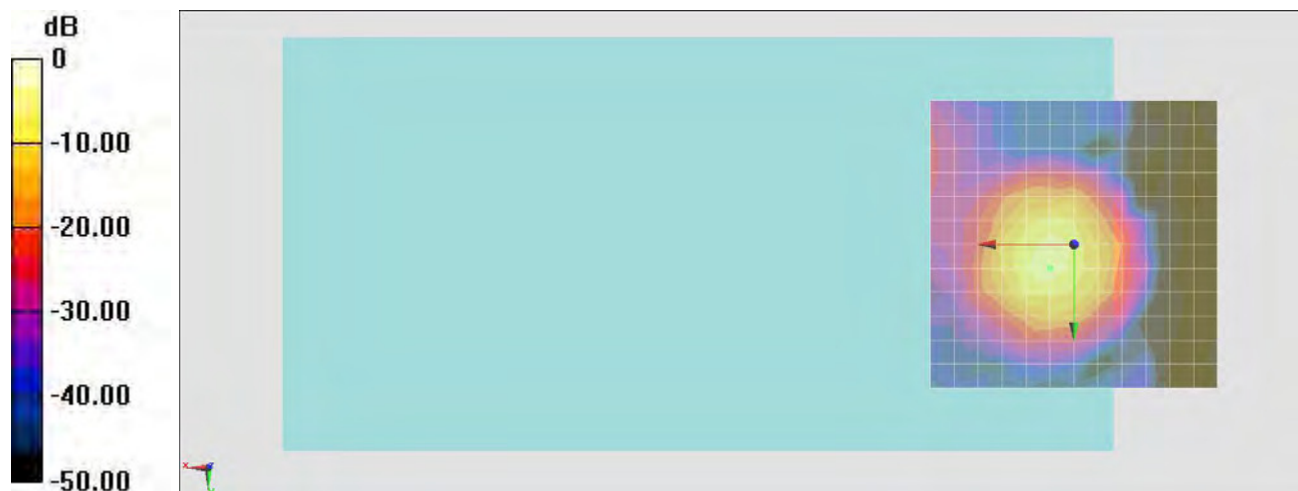
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 37.59 dB

ABM1 comp = -7.19 dBA/m

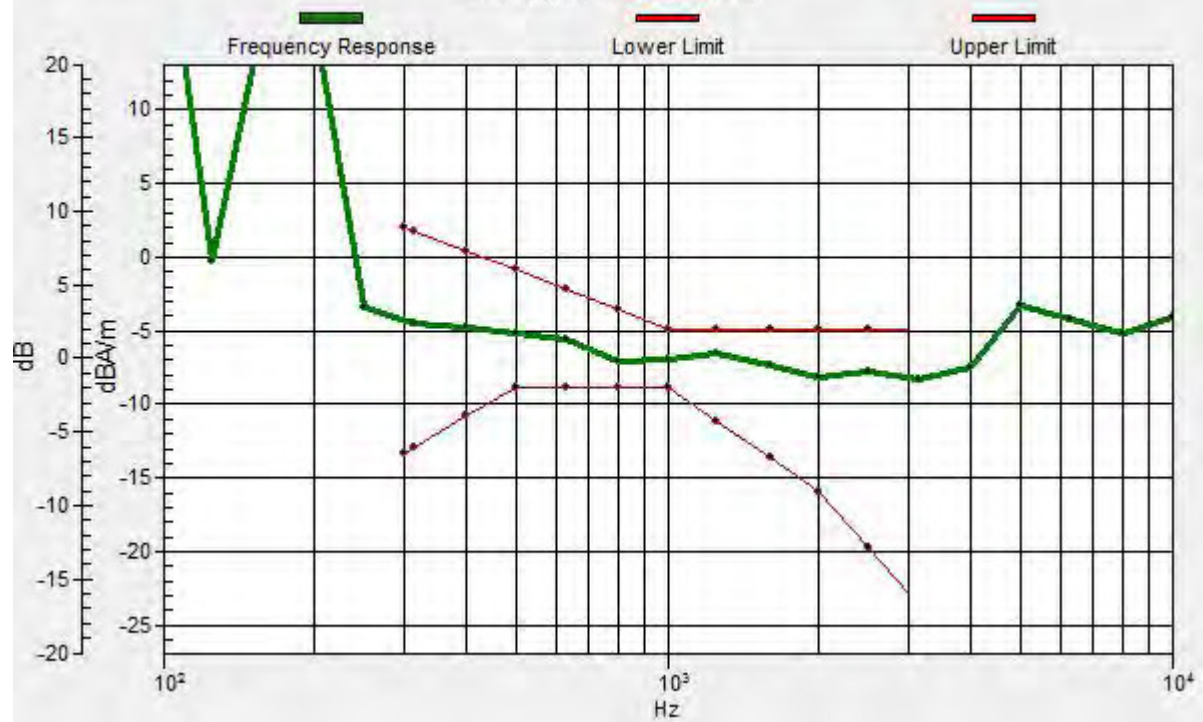
Location: 0, 0, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 0, 0, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.61dB



**#16_HAC_T-Coil_CDMA BC10_RC1+SO3 Voice codec_8K Enhanced
low_Ch580;Battery 2_Transversal (Y)**

Communication System: CDMA T-Coil; Frequency: 820.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3130; ; Calibrated: 2015/11/10
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2015/11/23
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

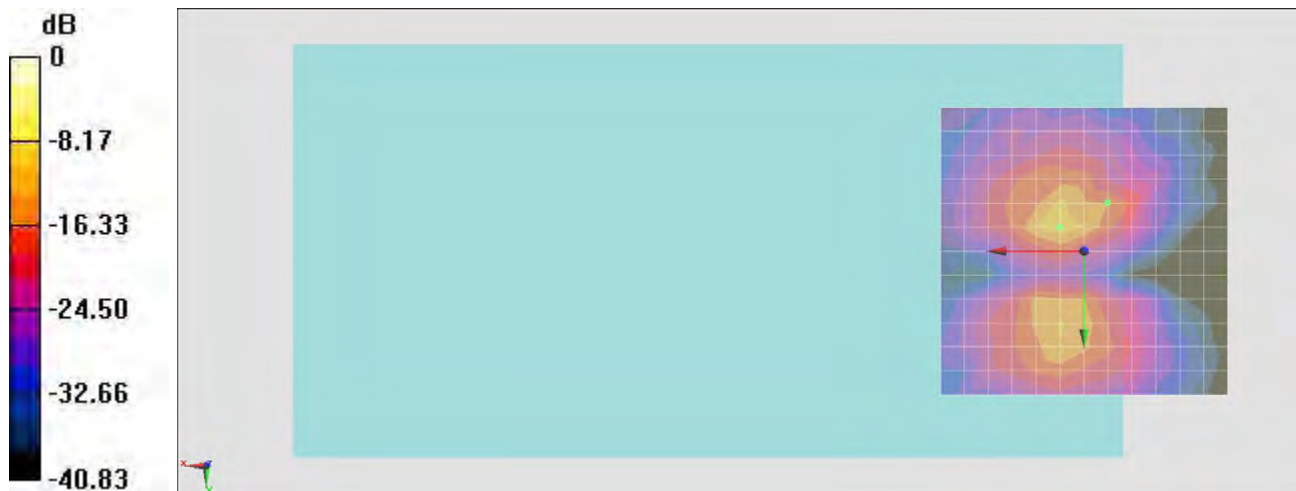
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM SNR(x,y,z) (13x13x1): Measurement

grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 29.73 dB

ABM1 comp = -16.38 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 A/m = 0.00 dBA/m