**FCC SAR Test Report** 

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC

**EQUIPMENT**: Mobile Cellular Phone

**BRAND NAME**: Motorola Mobility, LLC

MODEL NAME : 3606

FCC ID : IHDT56QA3

**STANDARD** : **FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)** 

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** 

**IEEE 1528-2003** 

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

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Report No.: FA453017B

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: IHDT56QA3

Page 1 of 12

Issued Date

: Jul. 18, 2014

Form version.

: 140422



# **Table of Contents**

Report No.: FA453017B

: Jul. 18, 2014

: 140422

1. Administration Data	3
2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)	
2.1 General Information	
3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
3.1 Introduction	
3.2 SAR Definition	
4. System Description and Setup	<del>(</del>
5. Transmitter power reduction conditions and modes	
6. Test Setup Information, SAR Measurement Results, and Analysis	
7. Uncertainty Assessment	
8. References	
Appendix A. Plots of SAR Measurement	

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 2 of 12
 Issued Date

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.

**Revision History** 

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA453017B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 18, 2014

# 1. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				

Applicant						
Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC						
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States					

Manufacturer						
Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC						
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States					

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.** TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: IHDT56QA3

Page 3 of 12

Issued Date

: Jul. 18, 2014

Report No.: FA453017B

Form version.

: 140422



2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### 2.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Model Name	3606
FCC ID	IHDT56QA3
IMEI Code	990004980029072
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 822.9 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA CDMA: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0-LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	P2
SW Version	KXE21.116-VICTARA-SHA1
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	

Report No.: FA453017B

- 1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, CDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA B2 / B4, CDMA BC1 and LTE B2 / B4 / B25 / B41 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Page 4 of 12 Issued Date : Jul. 18, 2014 Form version. TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 : 140422



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

**SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.**TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: IHDT56QA3

Page 5 of 12

Issued Date :

: Jul. 18, 2014 : 140422

Report No.: FA453017B

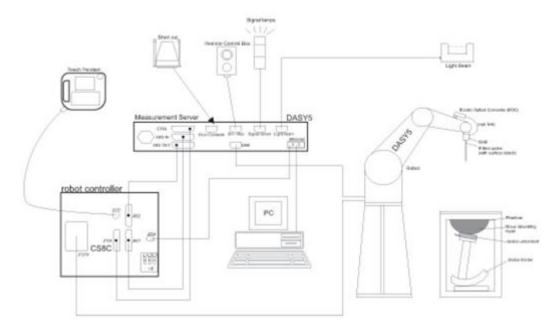
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TON LAB. Exhibit 11 Report No.: FA453017B

# 4. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 6 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422



Report No. : FA453017B

# 5. Transmitter power reduction conditions and modes

The phone utilizes reduced limits for the maximum transmit power for its transmitters when operation under the following noted conditions to ensure SAR exposure compliance is maintained. Tables of the reduced limits used for testing are given below. A complete description of this functionality is provided in the Operational Description. The implementation to trigger the reduction in power requires the device to be radiating, which prevents conducted power measurements of this functionality without modification to the unit

While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA B2 / B4, CDMA BC1 and LTE B2 / B4 / B25 / B41 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

Mode(s) of Operation	GSM1900	WCDMA II	WCDMA IV	CDMA BC1	
Frequency Range (MHz)	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1852.4 ~ 1907.6	1712.4 ~ 1752.6	1851.25 ~ 1908.75	
Maximum Output Power (dBm)	30.8	24.0	24.0	25.0	
Reduced Maximum Output Power (dBm)	26.8	19.0	19.0	19.5	

Mode(s) of Operation	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 25	LTE Band 41	
Frequency Range (MHz)	1850.7 ~ 1909.3	1710.7 ~ 1754.3	1850.7 ~ 1914.3	2498.5 ~ 2687.5	
Maximum Output Power (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	
Reduced Maximum Output Power (dBm)	18.5	19.0	19.0	18.5	

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 7 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422

REPORT No.: FA453017B

## 6. Test Setup Information, SAR Measurement Results, and Analysis

The following SAR test data is being provided to demonstrate the device's effective utilization of power reduction conditions specified in Operational Description. The values in the table(s) are provided solely for purposes of confirming compliant power reduction operation and do not represent maximum SAR values of the product. For maximum reported SAR compliance values, refer to the Exhibit 11 SAR test report, report no: FA453017A.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values for each combination of EUT mode and exposure condition are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables. Plots of these tests are included in Appendix A of this report.

#### <GSM1900 during a mobile hotspot session>

Configuration		, ,	1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured
	Channel f (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)	
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	661	1880	30.8	1.630	26.8	0.649	4.00

#### <WCMDA Band II during a mobile hotspot session>

		,		R value er Reduction		R value · Reduction	Measured
Configuration Char	Channel	Channel f (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	9400	1880	24.0	2.290	19.0	0.799	4.57

#### <WCMDA Band IV during a mobile hotspot session>

		,		R value er Reduction		R value · Reduction	Measured
Configuration Cha	Channel	Channel f (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	1413	1732.6	24.0	1.910	19.0	0.638	4.76

#### <CDMA BC 1 during a mobile hotspot session>

Configuration Chann		,		R value er Reduction	1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured
	Channel	Channel (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	1175	1908.75	25.0	2.490	19.5	0.762	5.14

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 8 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422

### <LTE Band 4 during a mobile hotspot session>

Report No.: FA453017B

Configuration		,		R value er Reduction	1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured
	Channel	t (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	20050	1720	24.0	2.270	18.5	0.685	5.20

### <LTE Band 2 during a mobile hotspot session>

		,		R value er Reduction	1 g SAl with Power	Measured	
Configuration	Channel	(MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	19100	1900	24.0	2.560	19.0	0.830	4.89

### <LTE Band 25 during a mobile hotspot session>

	Configuration	Channel f (Mh	,	1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAl with Power	Measured	
			(MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
	Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	26590	1905	24.0	2.590	19.0	0.844	4.87

### <LTE Band 41 during a mobile hotspot session>

		,		R value er Reduction	1 g SAl with Power	Measured	
Configuration	Channel	(MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	40620	2593	24.0	2.250	18.5	0.639	5.47

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 9 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422



REPORT No.: FA453017B

### 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### Table 7.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 10 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422

Exhibit 11 Report No. : FA453017B

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)		
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %		
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %		
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %		
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %		
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %		
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %		
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %		
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %		
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %		
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %		
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %		
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %		
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %		
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %		
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %		
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %		
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>	± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %							
Coverage Factor for 95 %	K:	=2							
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %		

Table 7.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 11 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422



8. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA453017B

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [6] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA", October 2007
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 2013.
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page 12 of 12
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422



# Appendix A. Plots of SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA453017B

The plots are shown as follows.

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page A1 of A1
 Issued Date
 : Jul. 18, 2014

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Form version.
 : 140422

### GSM1900\_GPRS (1 Tx slot)\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch661

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140621 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz;  $\sigma=1.515$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.615;$   $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/21

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

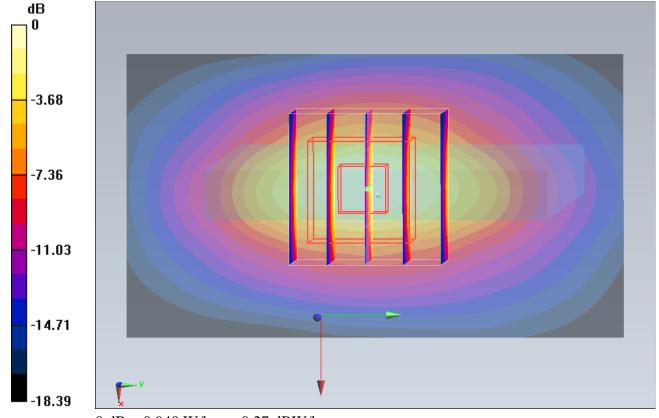
**Configuration/Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.940 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.555 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.649 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.342 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 W/kg



0 dB = 0.940 W/kg = -0.27 dBW/kg

### GSM1900 GPRS (1 Tx slot) Bottom Side 1cm Ch661

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140621 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz;  $\sigma=1.515$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.615;$   $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/21

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

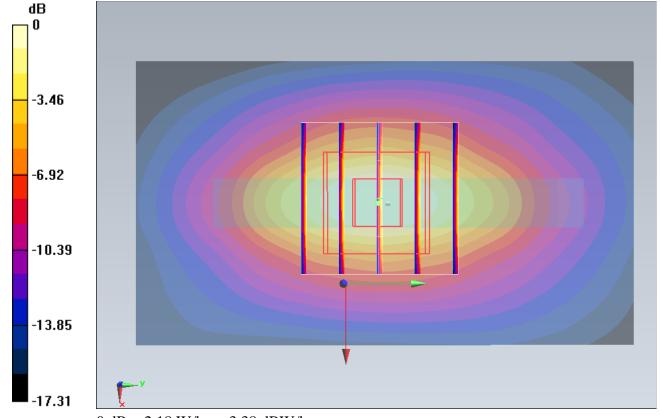
**Configuration/Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.40 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.067 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.868 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.18 W/kg



0 dB = 2.18 W/kg = 3.38 dBW/kg

### WCDMA IV RMC 12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750\_140708 Medium parameters used: f=1733 MHz;  $\sigma=1.51$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.471$ ;  $\rho=1.51$  MHz;  $\sigma=1.51$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.471$ ;  $\epsilon_r=62.471$ ;  $\epsilon_r=62.47$ 

Date: 2014/7/8

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

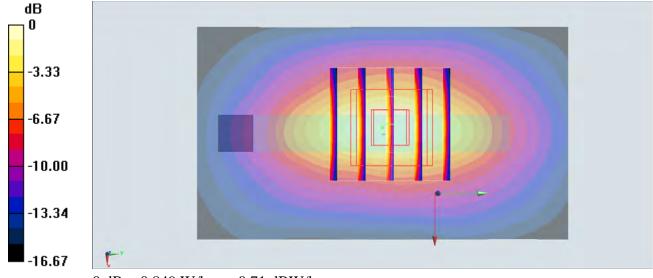
**Configuration/Ch1413/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.902 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.750 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.638 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.849 W/kg



0 dB = 0.849 W/kg = -0.71 dBW/kg

### WCDMA IV RMC 12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750\_140708 Medium parameters used: f=1733 MHz;  $\sigma=1.51$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.471$ ;  $\rho=\frac{3}{2}$ 

Date: 2014/7/8

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch1413/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.67 W/kg

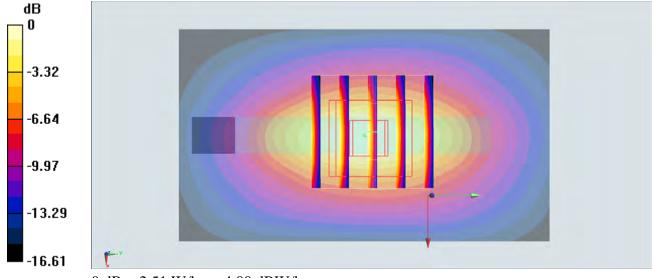
**Configuration/Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.587 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 W/kg



0 dB = 2.51 W/kg = 4.00 dBW/kg

### WCDMA II RMC 12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140621 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz;  $\sigma=1.515$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.615;$   $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/21

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

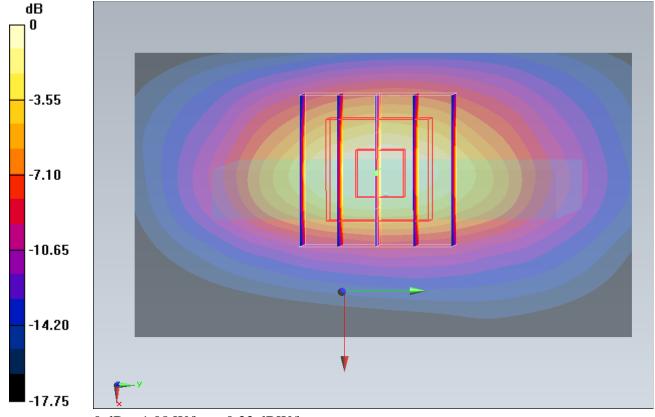
Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.308 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.799 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg = 0.33 dBW/kg

### WCDMA II RMC 12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140621 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz;  $\sigma=1.515$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.615;$   $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/21

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

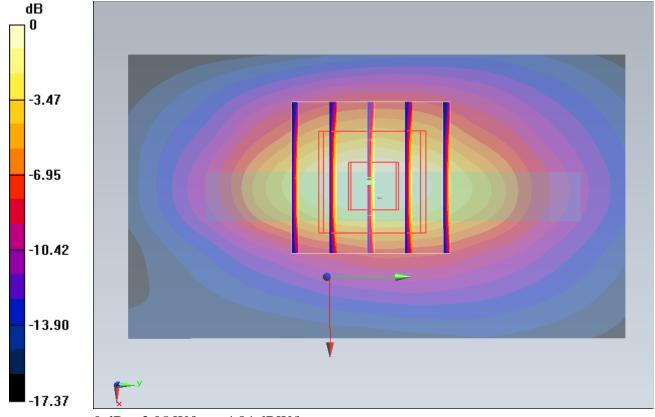
Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 45.730 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.2 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



0 dB = 3.05 W/kg = 4.84 dBW/kg

### CDMA BC1\_RTAP 153.6Kbps\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch1175

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140627 Medium parameters used: f=1909 MHz;  $\sigma=1.539$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.821$ ;  $\rho=1.539$  MHz;  $\sigma=1.539$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.821$ ;  $\epsilon_r=52.821$ ;

Date: 2014/6/27

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/3/3
- Phantom: SAM\_Right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1383
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

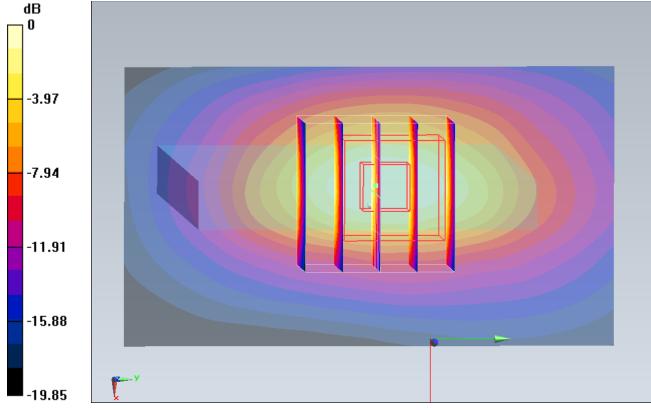
Configuration/Ch1175/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.468 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.762 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.09 dBW/kg

### CDMA BC1\_RTAP 153.6Kbps\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch1175

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140627 Medium parameters used: f = 1909 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.539 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.821;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/27

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425: Calibrated: 2014/3/3
- Phantom: SAM\_Right; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1383
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

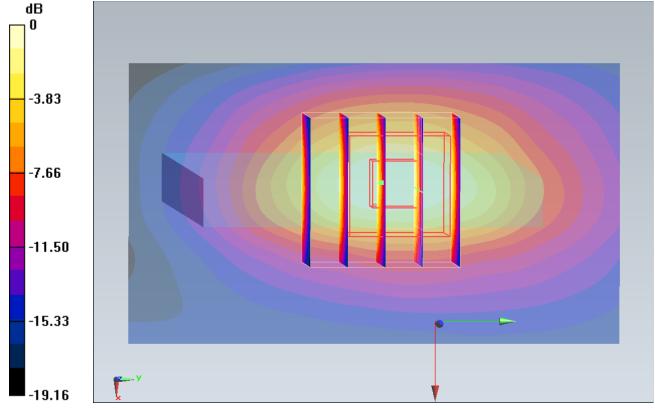
**Configuration/Ch1175/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.68 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.750 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.3 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.36 W/kg



0 dB = 3.36 W/kg = 5.26 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 4\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1750\_140622 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.496$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.118$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/22

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

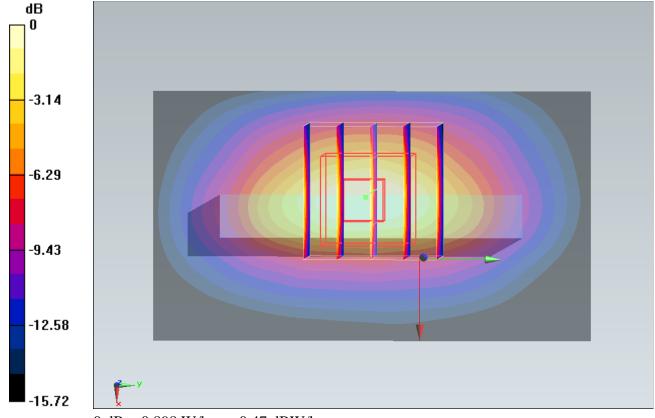
**Configuration/Ch20050/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.949 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.677 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 W/kg



0 dB = 0.898 W/kg = -0.47 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 4\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1750\_140622 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.496$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.118$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/22

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

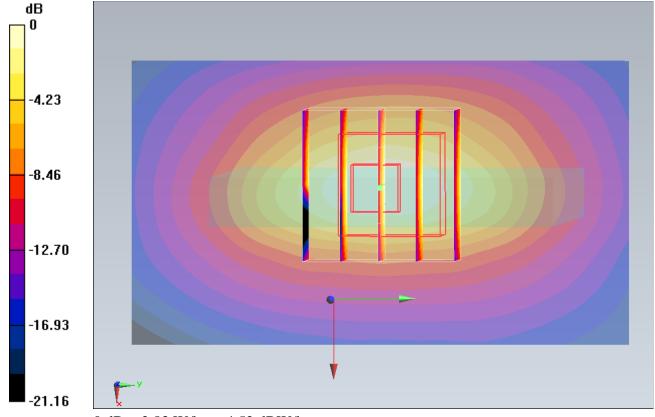
**Configuration/Ch20050/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 45.323 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.19 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 W/kg



0 dB = 2.83 W/kg = 4.52 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140617 Medium parameters used: f=1900 MHz;  $\sigma=1.565$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=52.909$ ;  $\rho=1.565$  Medium:  $\rho=1.565$  S/m;  $\rho=1.565$  S/m;

Date: 2014/6/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

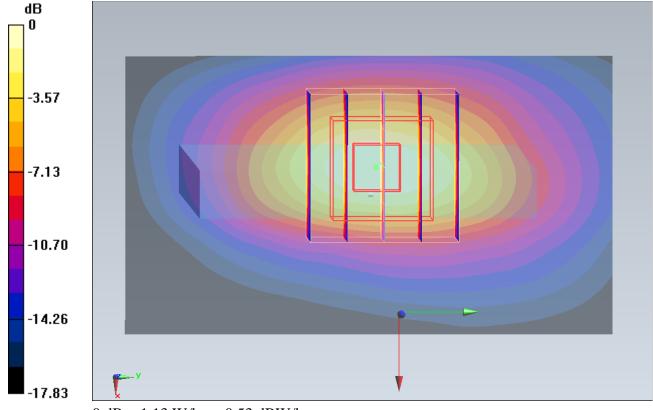
**Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.188 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.830 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg



0 dB = 1.13 W/kg = 0.53 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Side 1cm Ch1; 322

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1; 22 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140617 Medium parameters used: f = 1; 22 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.565 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.909;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/17

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

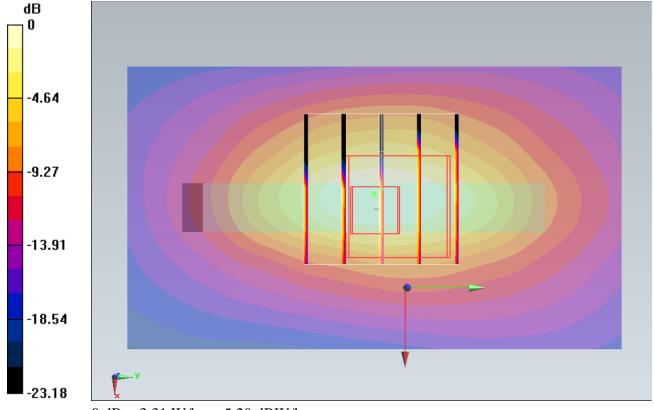
**Configuration/Ch18900/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.57 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.589 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.18 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.31 W/kg



0 dB = 3.31 W/kg = 5.20 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 25\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch26590

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1905 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140619 Medium parameters used: f = 1905 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.188$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/19

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

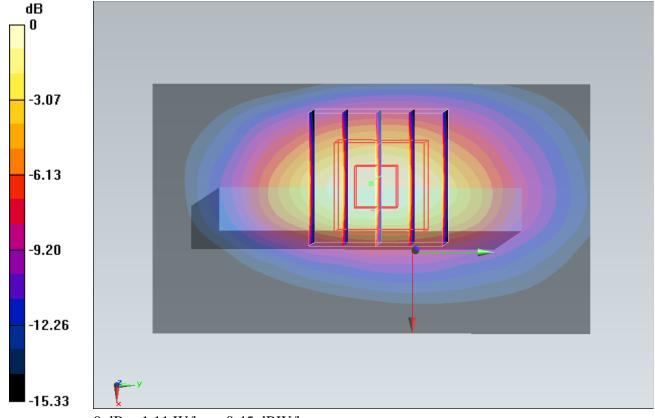
**Configuration/Ch26590/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch26590/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.647 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.844 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.444 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 25\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch26590

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1905 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_1900\_140619 Medium parameters used: f = 1905 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.525$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.188$ ;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/19

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn495; Calibrated: 2014/5/19
- Phantom: SAM Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

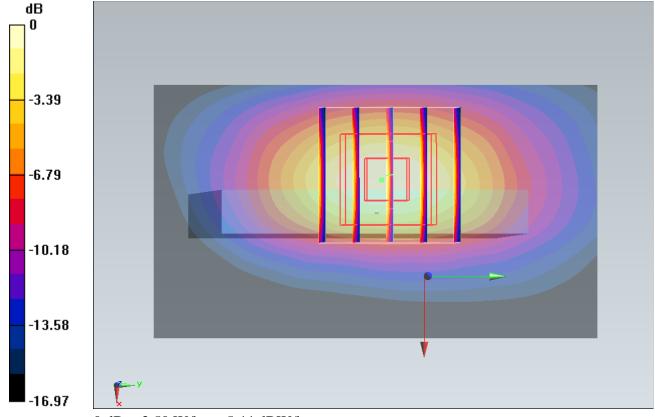
**Configuration/Ch26590/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.84 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch26590/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.805 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.50 W/kg



0 dB = 3.50 W/kg = 5.44 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 41 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Side 1cm Ch40620

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: MSL\_2600\_140628 Medium parameters used: f = 2593 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.157 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.805;  $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2013/11/5
- Phantom: SAM\_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

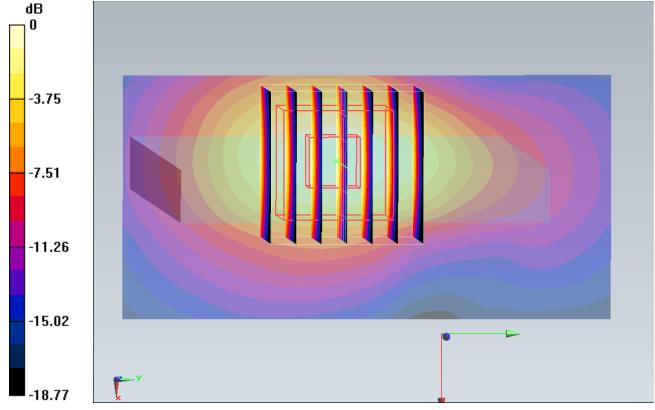
**Configuration/Ch40620/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch40620/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.110 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.639 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.943 W/kg



0 dB = 0.943 W/kg = -0.25 dBW/kg

### LTE Band 41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0Offset\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch40620

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: MSL\_2600\_140628 Medium parameters used: f=2593 MHz;  $\sigma=2.157$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r=53.805;$   $\rho$ 

Date: 2014/6/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2013/11/5
- Phantom: SAM\_Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

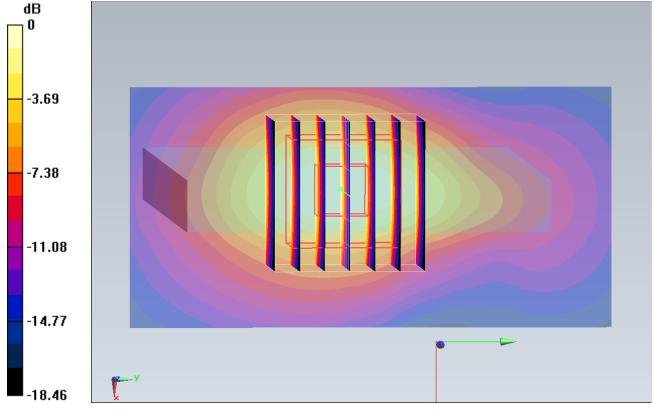
**Configuration/Ch40620/Area Scan (41x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.57 W/kg

**Configuration/Ch40620/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.09 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.36 W/kg



0 dB = 3.36 W/kg = 5.26 dBW/kg