

## **Appendix 1**

### **SAR Distribution Plots for Test System Verification**

## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Head SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 1/4/2014 7:01:45 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.2,6.2,6.2); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1156
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9237$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.57$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

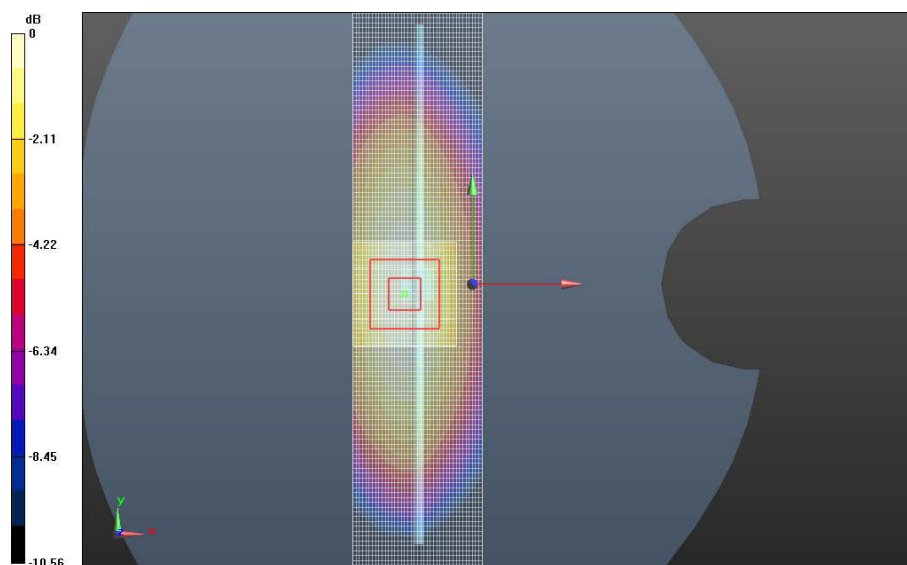
**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.30 W/kg

**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 47.838 V/m, Power Drift = -0.00622 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.27 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/6/2014 8:42:42 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.2,6.2,6.2); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1156
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9087$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.84$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

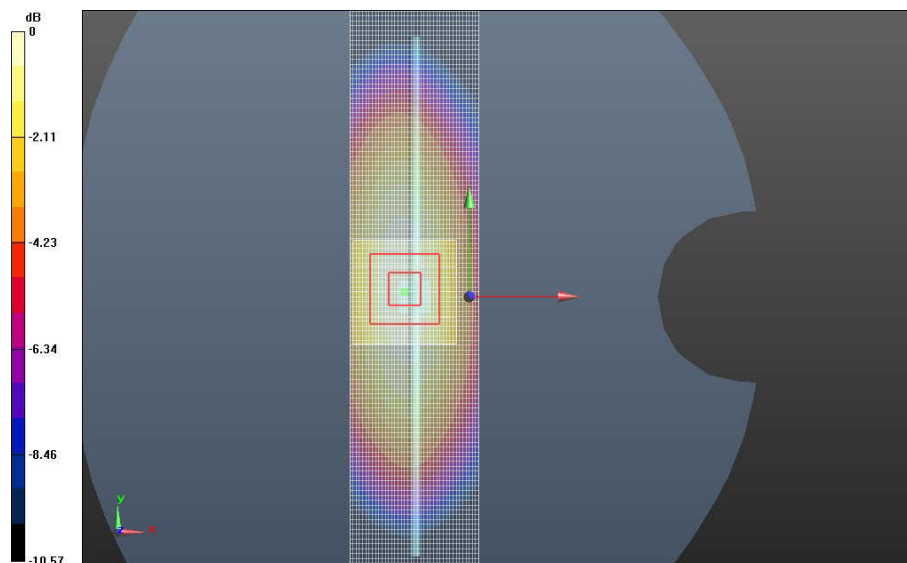
**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.92 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.28 W/kg

**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 48.219 V/m, Power Drift = 0.00119 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.92 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.26 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/7/2014 7:13:15 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:281tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.15,5.15,5.15); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.352$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.03$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

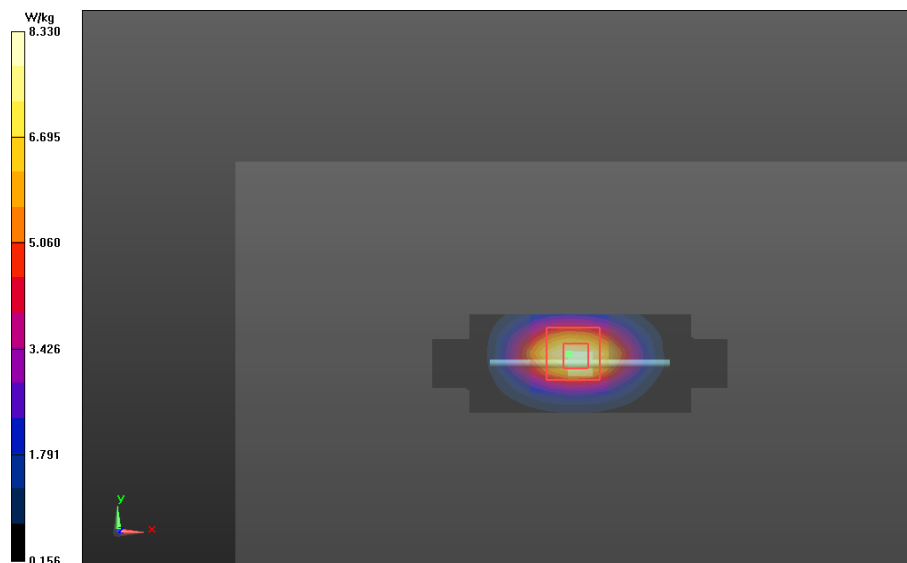
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.60 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.13 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 78.619 V/m, Power Drift = -0.0065 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.50 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 3.97 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/14/2014 7:13:32 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:281tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.15,5.15,5.15); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.349$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.98$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

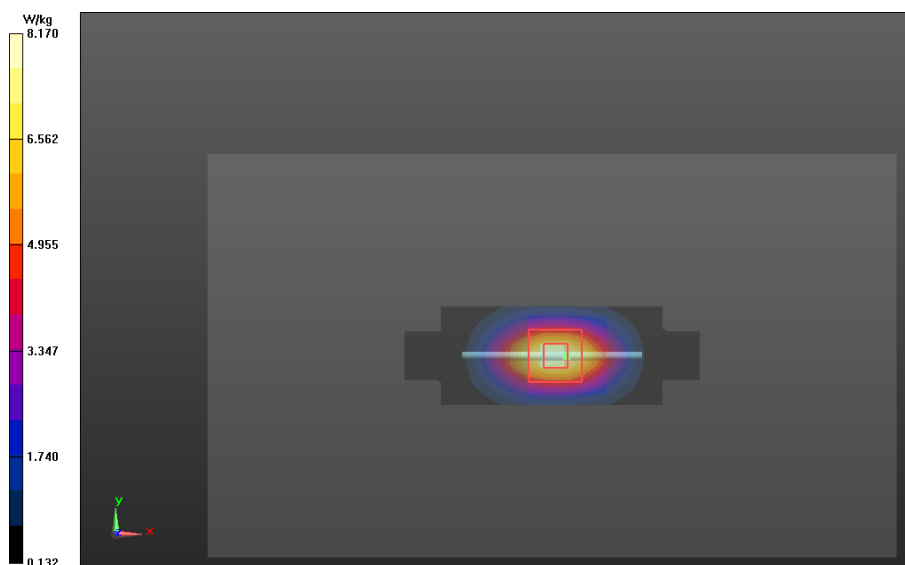
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.56 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.10 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 79.632 V/m, Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 3.96 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/18/2013 6:12:07 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D750V3 - SN:1040****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.72,6.72,6.72); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 750.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.8821$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.55$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

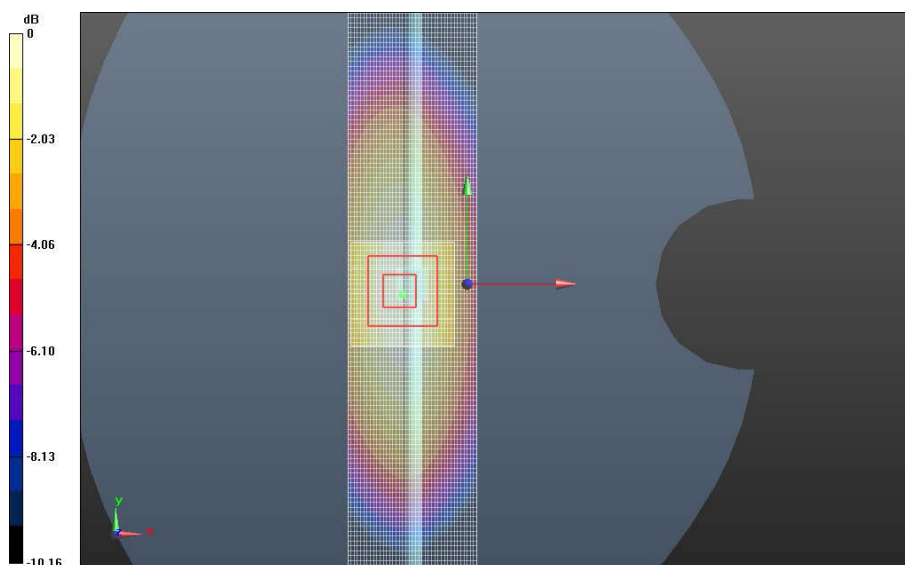
**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.62 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.09 W/kg

**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 44.428 V/m, Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.61 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.07 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/9/2014 2:39:27 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:436tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.24,6.24,6.24); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9472$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.17$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

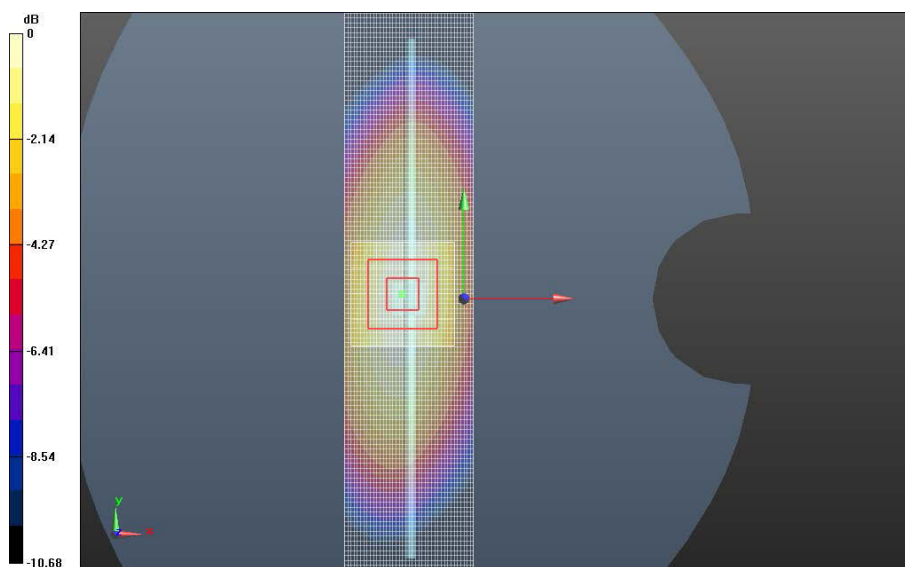
**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.03 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.35 W/kg

**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 49.613 V/m, Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.01 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.33 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/19/2013 7:13:04 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.29,5.29,5.29); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.351$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.21$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

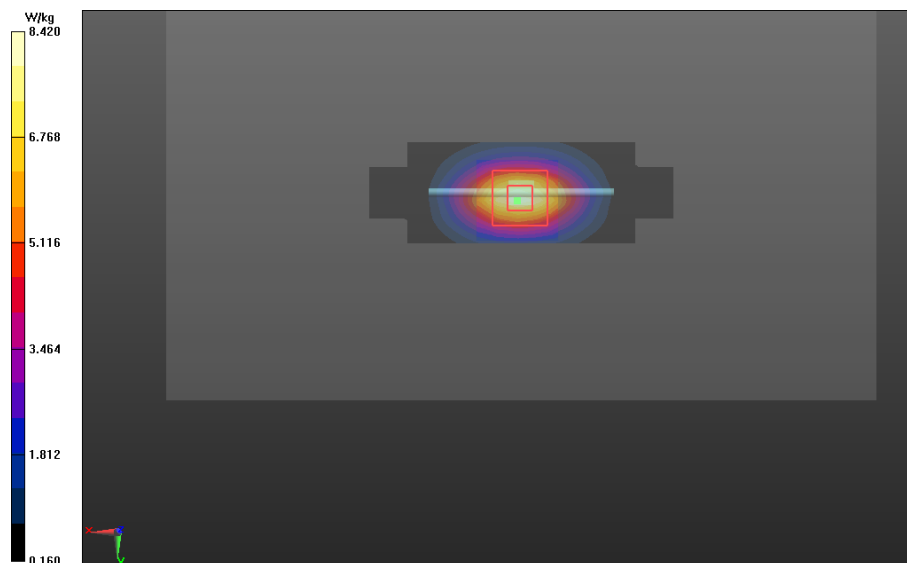
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.70 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.16 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 79.302 V/m, Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.60 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.01 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/30/2013 11:42:48 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.29,5.29,5.29); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.406$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.65$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

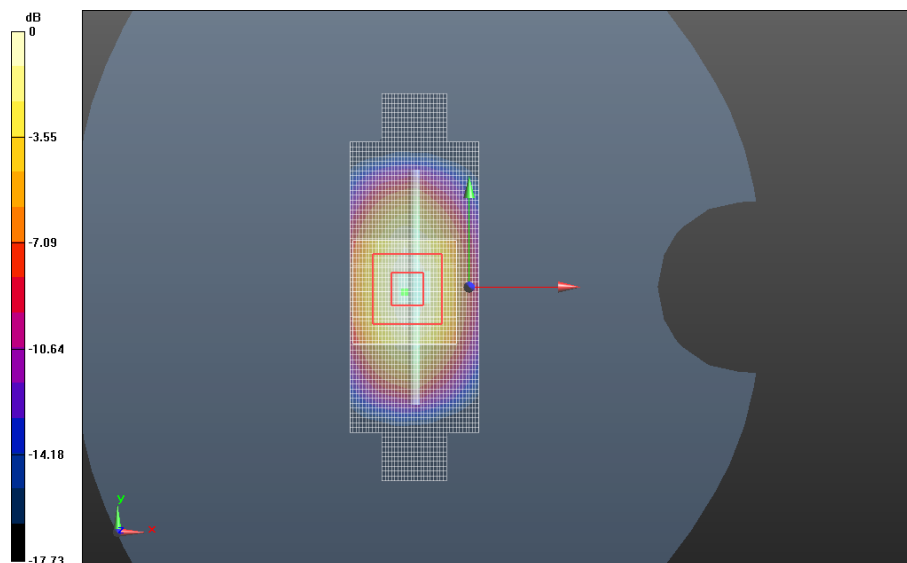
**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.75 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.22 W/kg

**<2 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 79.042 V/m, Power Drift = -8.36e-005 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.68 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.02 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/15/2014 6:32:53 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D2450V2 - SN:740****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(6.91,6.91,6.91); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#3, 2450 WiFi SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12);  
Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1153
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.765$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.61$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

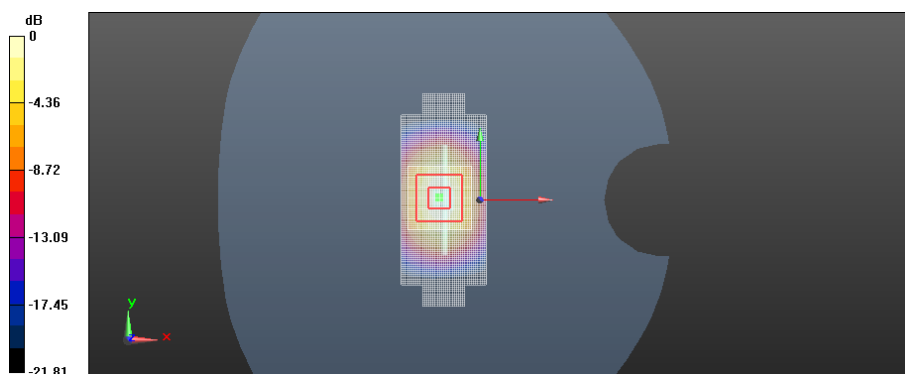
**2-3 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x221x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 5.26 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 2.48 W/kg

**2-3 GHz, SAM Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 7x7x7 (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 58.380 V/m, Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 5.27 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 2.43 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Body SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 12/26/2013 11:54:38 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D750V3 - SN:1040****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.97,5.97,5.97); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 750.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9236$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.35$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

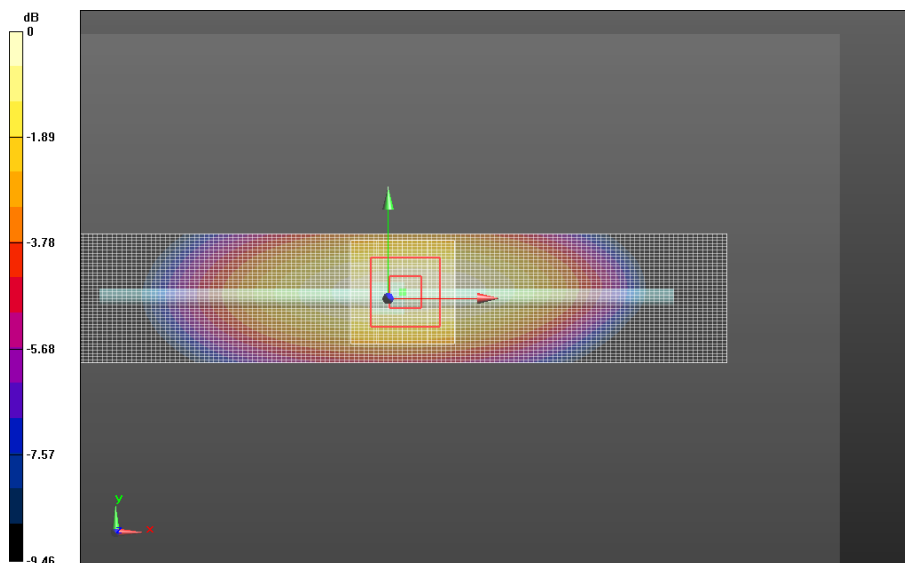
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.81 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.20 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 45.269 V/m, Power Drift = 0.00504 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.79 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.20 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/23/2013 12:23:59 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9998$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.23$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

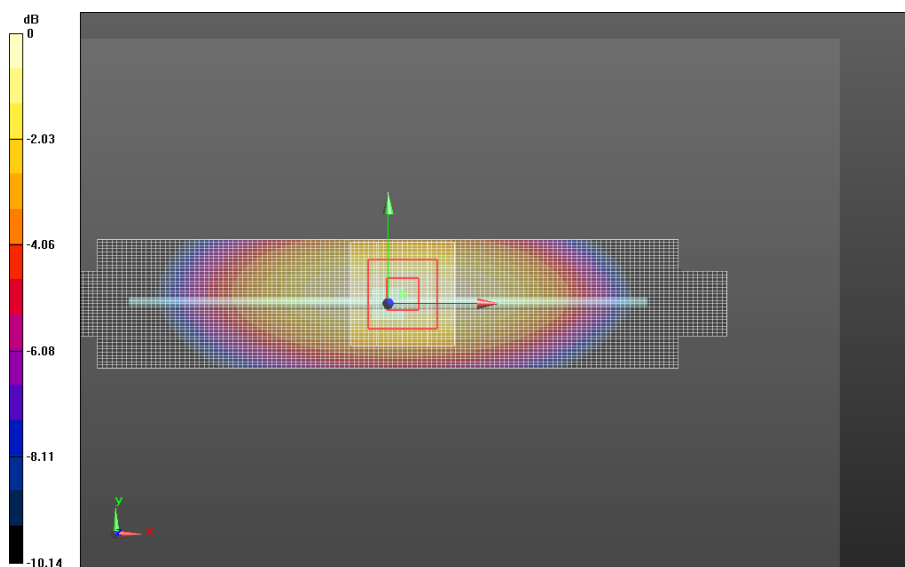
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.35 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 47.751 V/m, Power Drift = -0.00264 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.36 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/3/2014 12:20:11 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.002$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.26$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

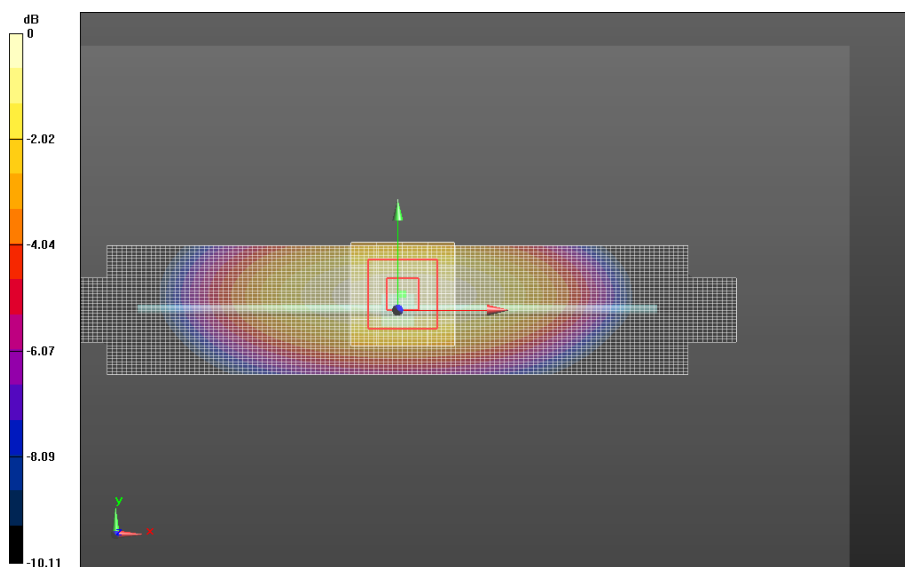
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.34 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 47.589 V/m, Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.01 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.34 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/7/2014 7:40:10 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.004$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.60$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

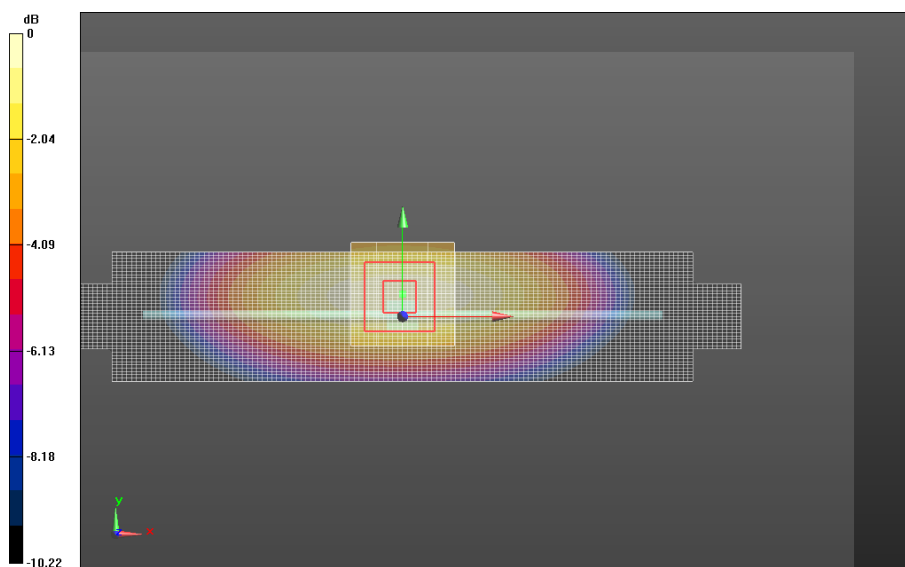
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.01 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.34 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 46.319 V/m, Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.00 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.33 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/10/2014 1:38:05 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D835V2 - SN:422tr****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 835.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.003$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.57$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

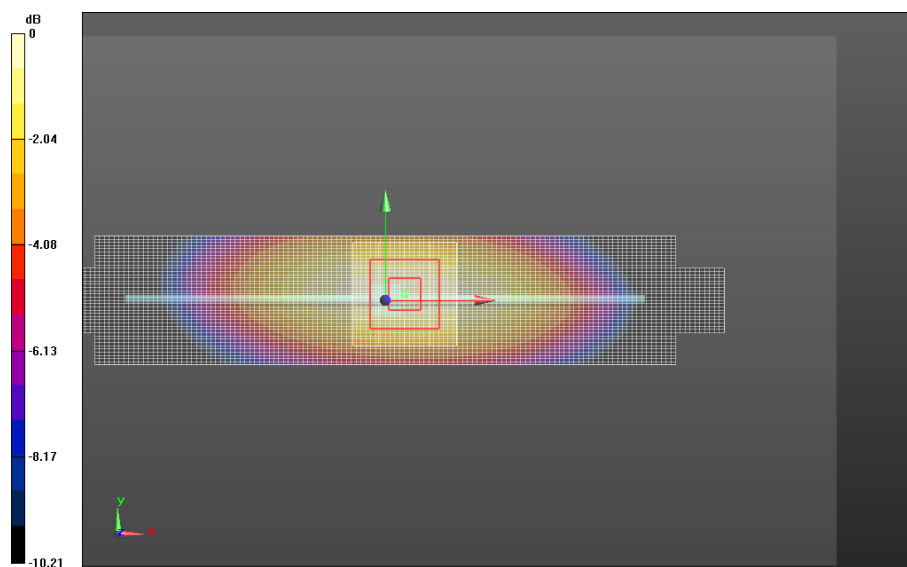
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.35 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 47.624 V/m, Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.34 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/18/2013 6:34:34 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D750V3 - SN:1040****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.45,6.45,6.45); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 750.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9772$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.36$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

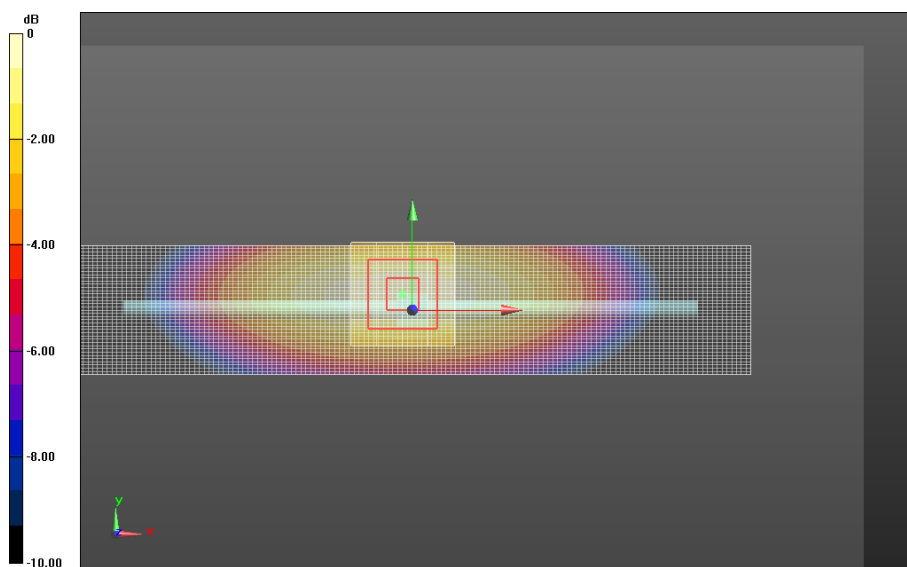
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.71 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.15 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 43.451 V/m, Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.70 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 1.13 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/23/2013 8:13:45 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.485$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.80$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

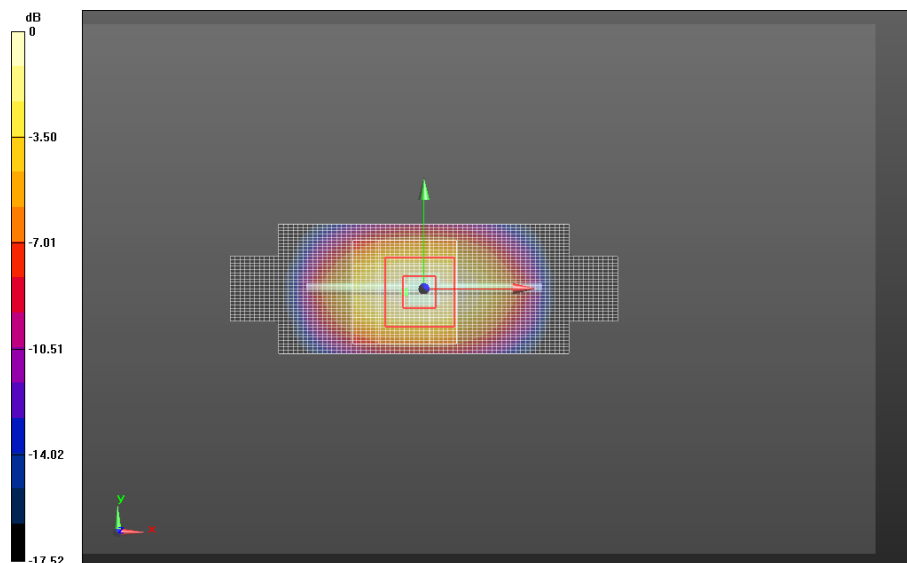
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.23 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 76.169 V/m, Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.14 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/27/2013 8:56:16 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.529$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.52$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

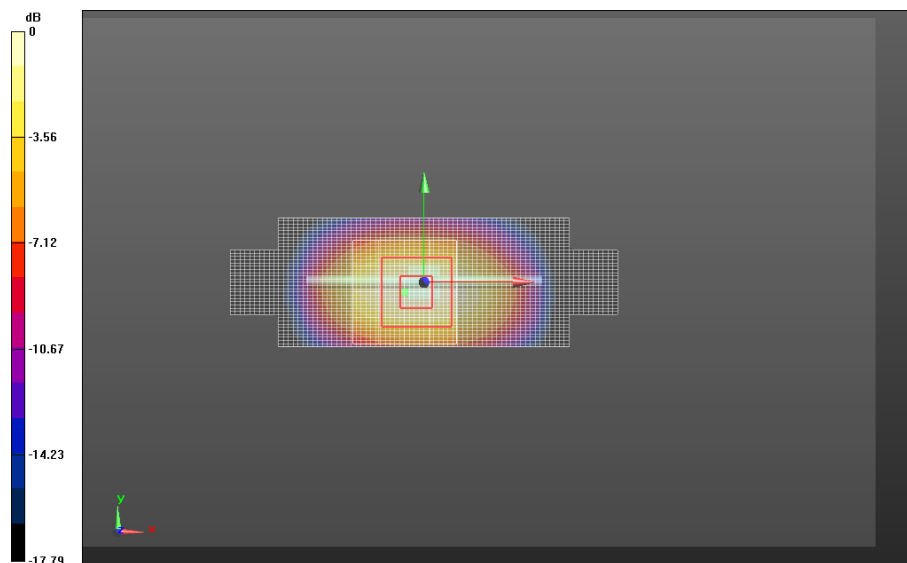
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.17 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 71.397 V/m, Power Drift = 0.064 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.04 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/28/2013 7:39:56 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.532$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.34$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

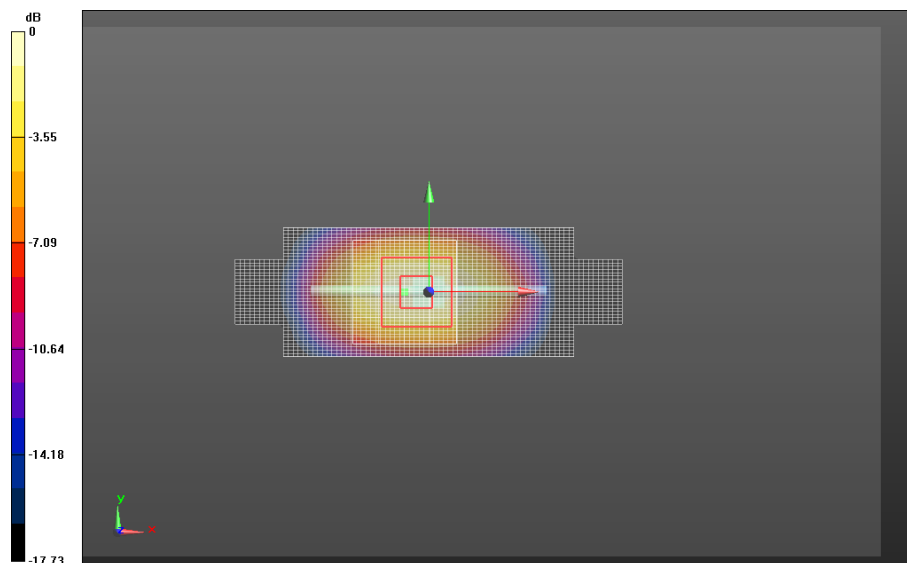
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.69 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.11 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 75.170 V/m, Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.55 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.00 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/29/2013 5:38:36 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.40$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

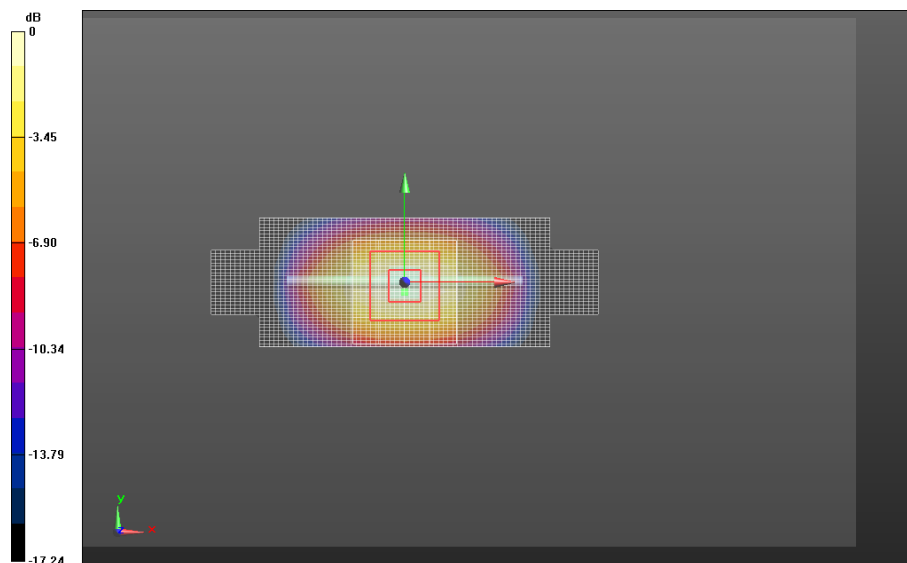
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.17 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 74.220 V/m, Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.64 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.04 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 12/30/2013 8:04:44 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.534$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.37$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

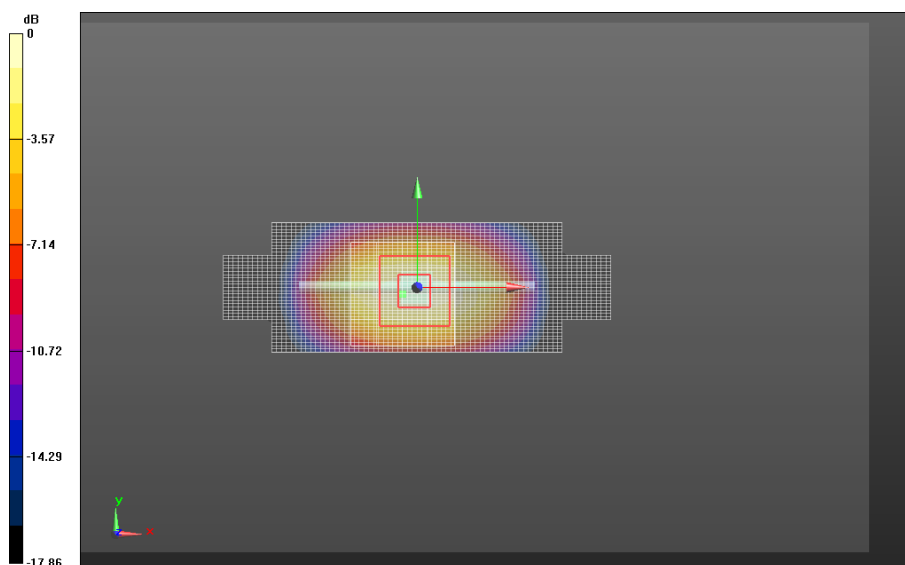
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.17 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 74.276 V/m, Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.62 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.04 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/4/2014 6:39:41 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.471$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.55$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

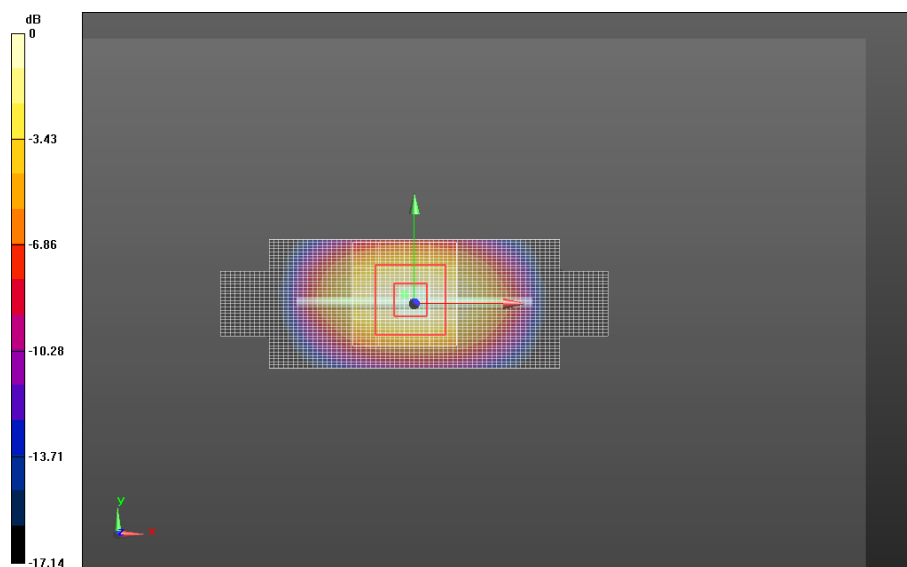
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.67 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.10 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 77.107 V/m, Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.02 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/6/2014 9:34:53 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.469$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.34$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

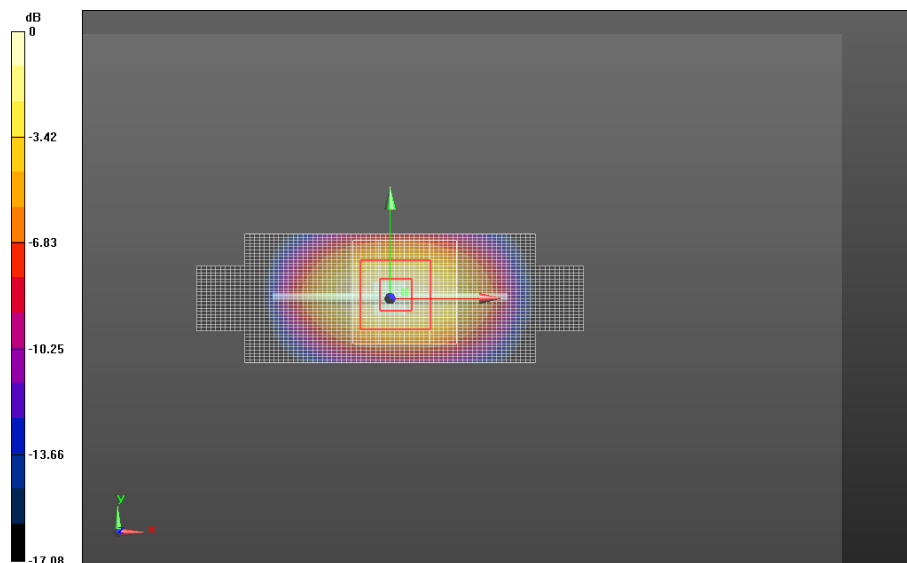
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.14 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 77.103 V/m, Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.70 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.08 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/7/2014 7:41:08 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d190****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.505$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.57$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

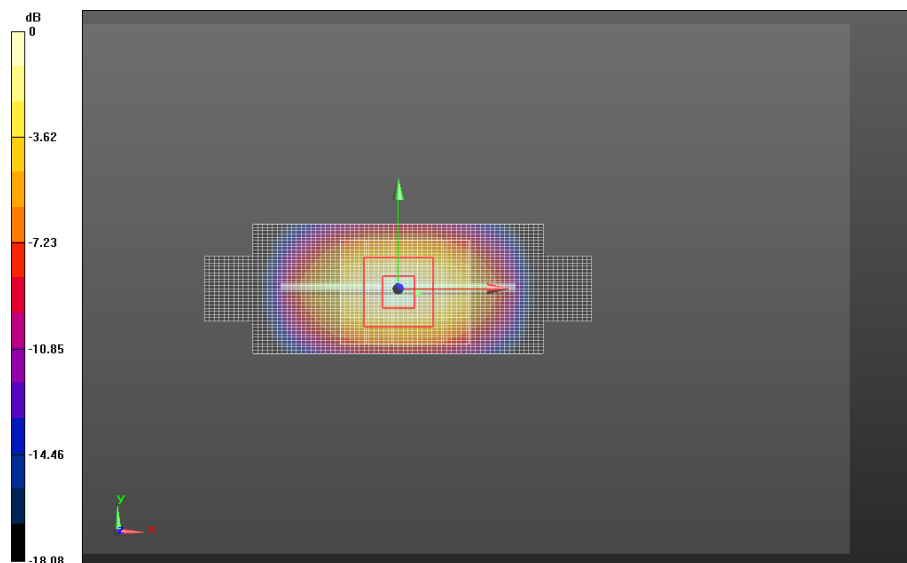
**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.15 W/kg

**< 2GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 5x5x7 (21x26x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 77.198 V/m, Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 4.06 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

Date/Time: 1/15/2014 7:08:43 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - CW System Verification for SAR using Dipoles****DUT Serial: D2450V2 - SN:740****DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(7.13,7.13,7.13); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#-3, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4);  
Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: CW for SAR Dipoles; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000  
Medium Parameters used:  $f=2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.977$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.89$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

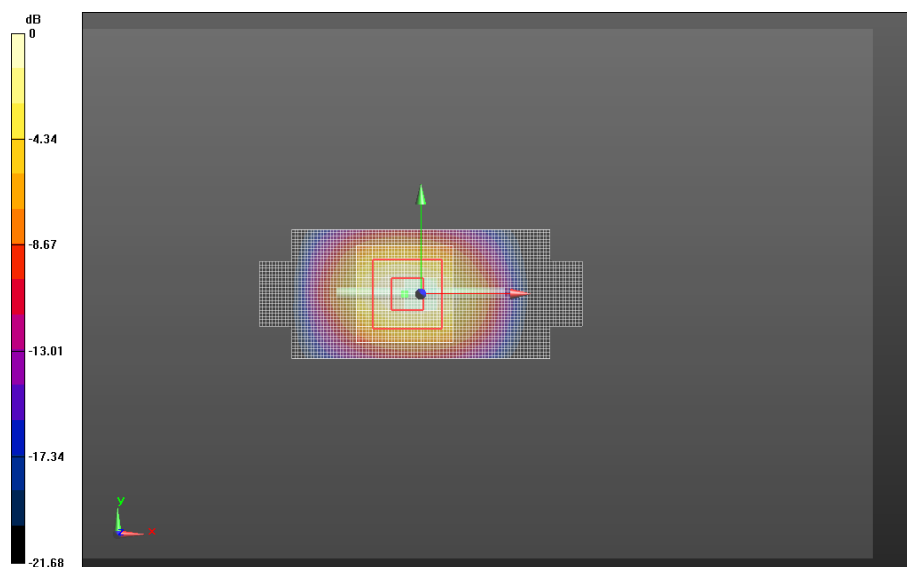
**2-3GHz, Daily SPC Check/fastSAR, Dipole Area Scan (41x221x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 5.00 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 2.32 W/kg

**2-3GHz, Daily SPC Check/CUBE SAR, 7x7x7 (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 53.778 V/m, Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 4.98 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 2.32 W/kg

**Daily SPC Check**

## **Appendix 2**

### **SAR Distribution Plots for Head-Adjacent Test Results**

Date/Time: 12/18/2013 8:26:50 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.72,6.72,6.72); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 17 (0); Communication System Band: Band 17: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 710.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=710$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.8532$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.85$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Right Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

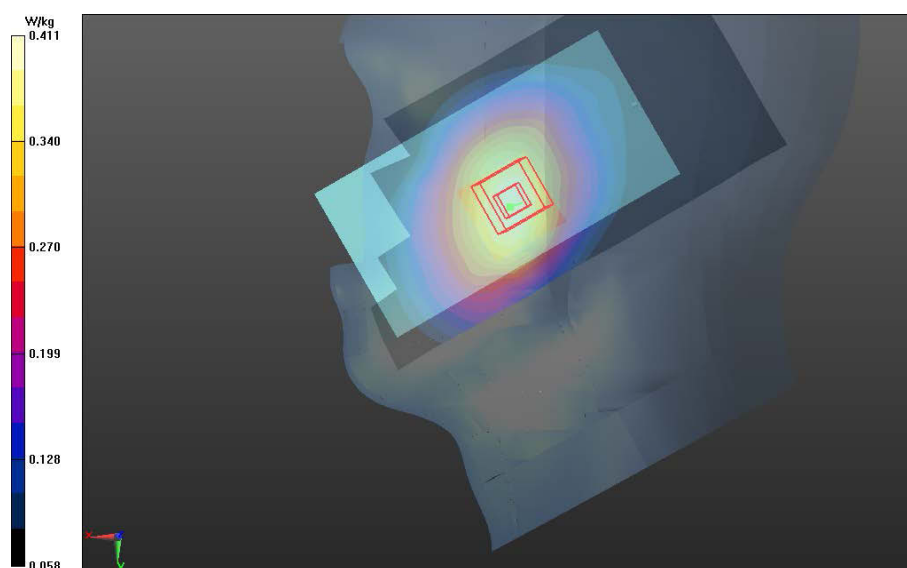
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.277 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 21.539 V/m, Power Drift = 0.0046 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.404 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.311 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Right Head Template

Date/Time: 1/9/2014 4:33:41 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.24,6.24,6.24); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 05 (0); Communication System Band: Band 5: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9488$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.15$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

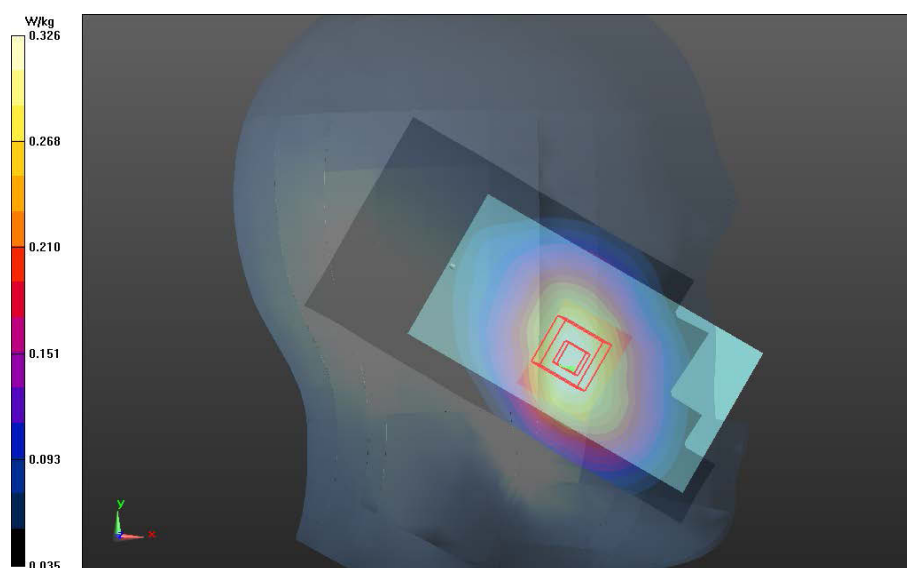
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.313 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.213 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (26x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 18.980 V/m, Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.233 W/kg



0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template

Date/Time: 1/14/2014 6:50:15 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.15,5.15,5.15); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1319
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 04 (0); Communication System Band: Band 4: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1733 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.322$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.04$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

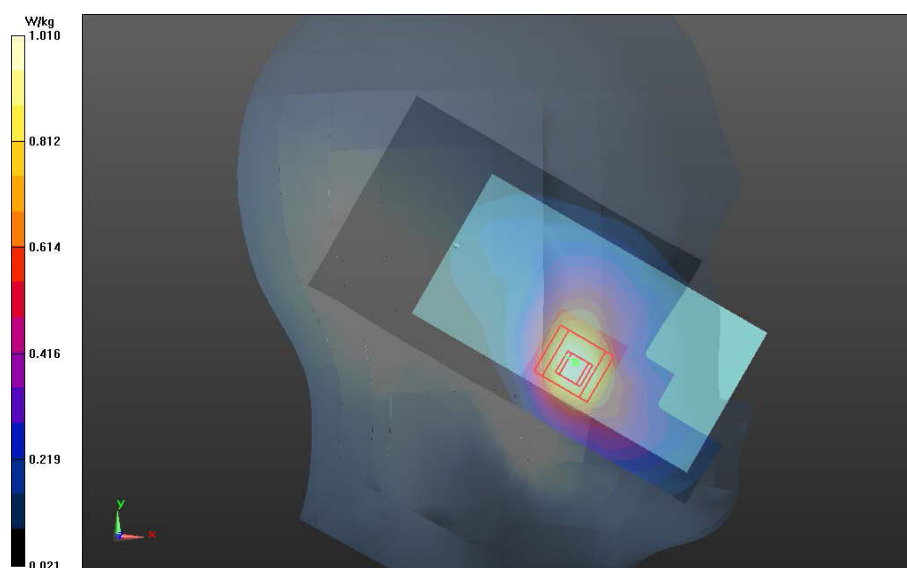
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.952 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.562 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 25.937 V/m, Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.950 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.596 W/kg



0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template

Date/Time: 12/19/2013 5:05:10 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.29,5.29,5.29); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 02 (0); Communication System Band: Band 2: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.433$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.86$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

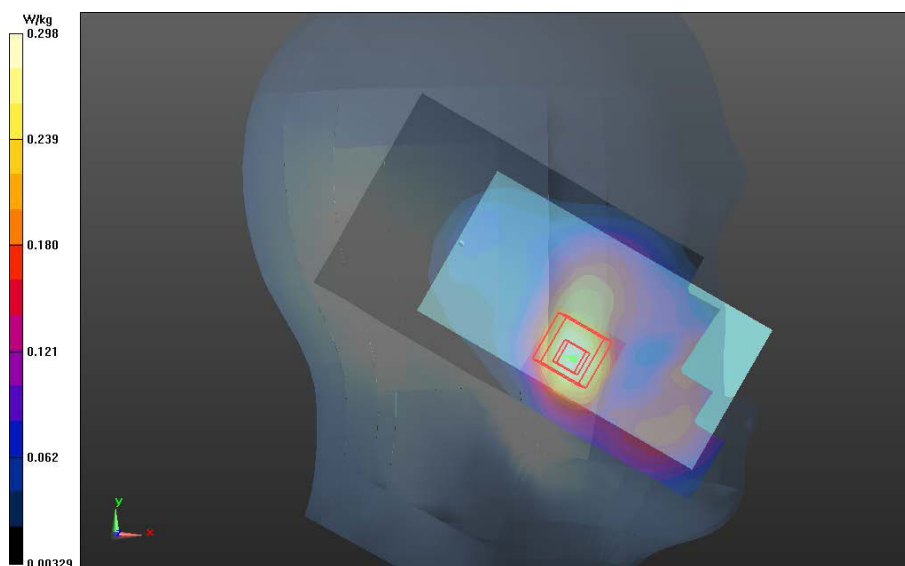
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.282 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.161 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 14.192 V/m, Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.275 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.170 W/kg



0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template

Date/Time: 1/6/2014 2:52:47 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.2,6.2,6.2); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1156
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 850 MHz; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=824.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.8994$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.97$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

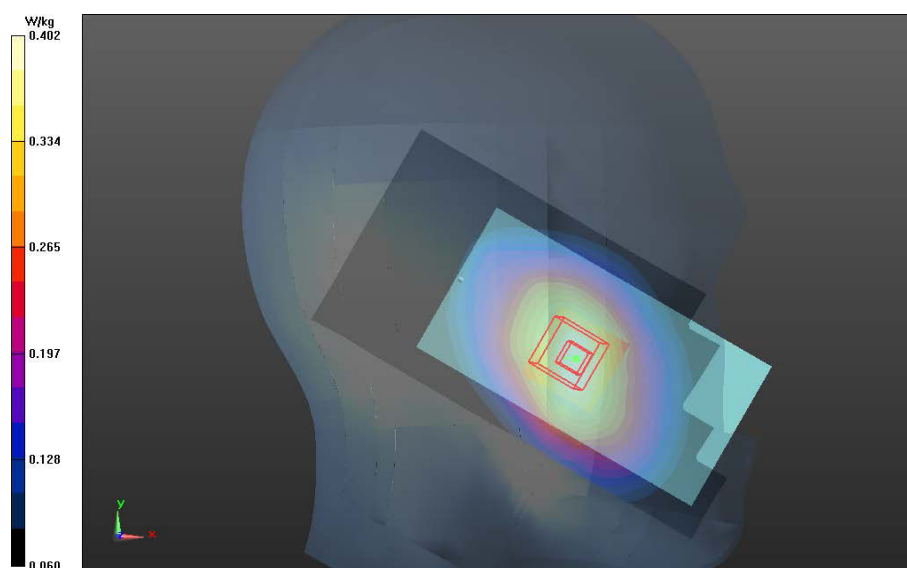
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.378 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.262 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 21.420 V/m, Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.297 W/kg



0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template

Date/Time: 1/7/2014 9:49:20 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.15,5.15,5.15); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1319
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 1900 MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.439$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.63$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

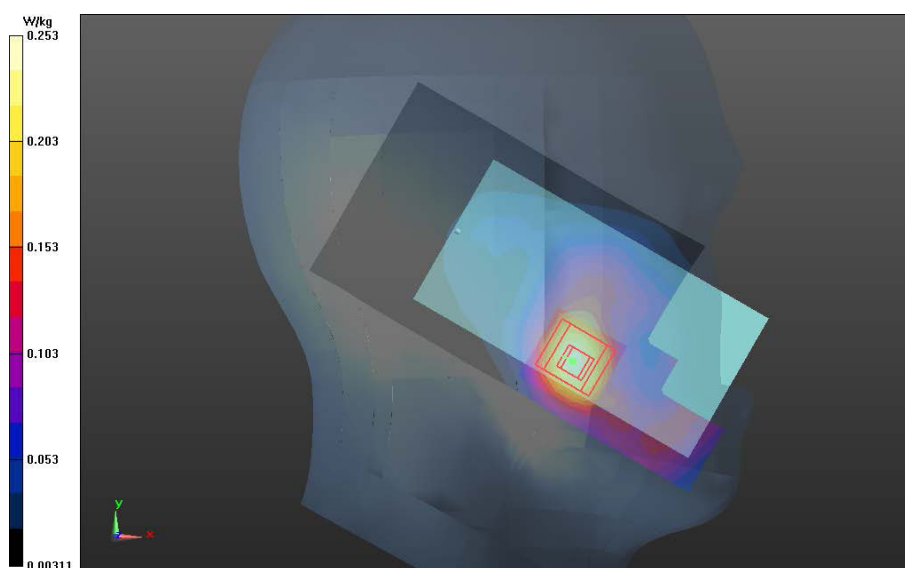
**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.131 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 11.696 V/m, Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.140 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template**

Date/Time: 1/4/2014 7:58:52 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.2,6.2,6.2); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#1 - Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1156
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-850, Band 5;  
Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=826.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9151$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.69$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

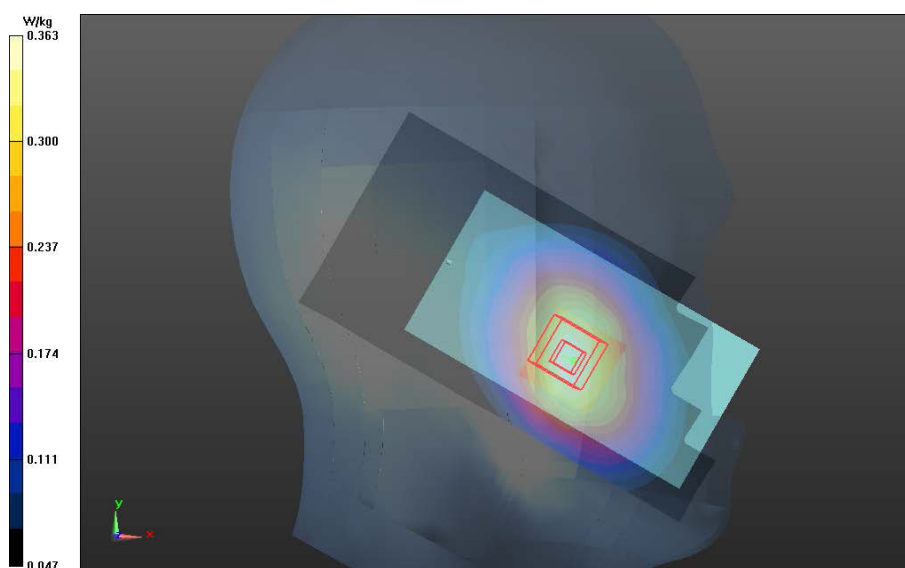
**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.338 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.232 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 20.196 V/m, Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.345 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.257 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template**

Date/Time: 12/30/2013 12:06:57 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.29,5.29,5.29); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1700, Band 4;  
Frequency: 1712 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1712$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.316$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.07$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

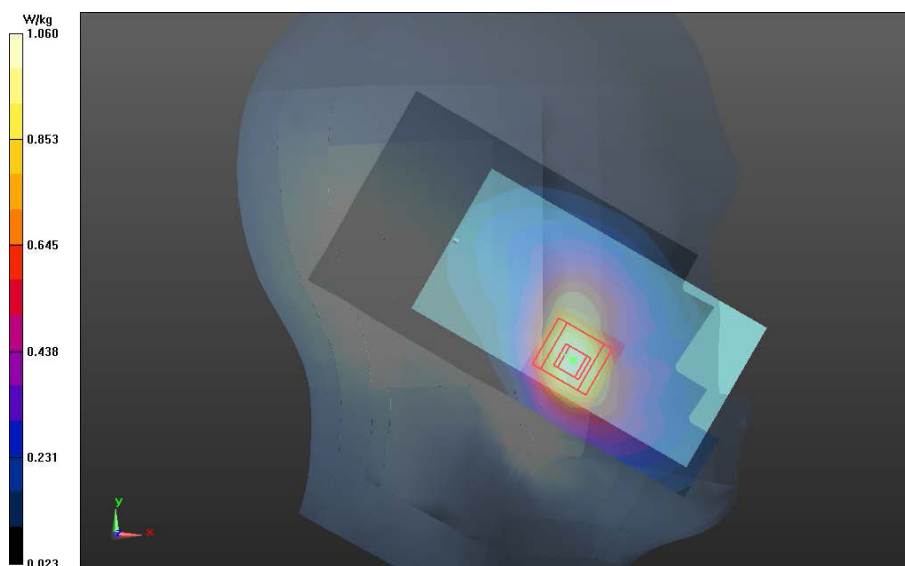
**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.973 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.582 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 26.949 V/m, Power Drift = -0.081 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.989 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.631 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template**

Date/Time: 12/30/2013 12:58:52 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.29,5.29,5.29); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1136
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1900, Band 2;  
Frequency: 1852 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.459$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.37$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

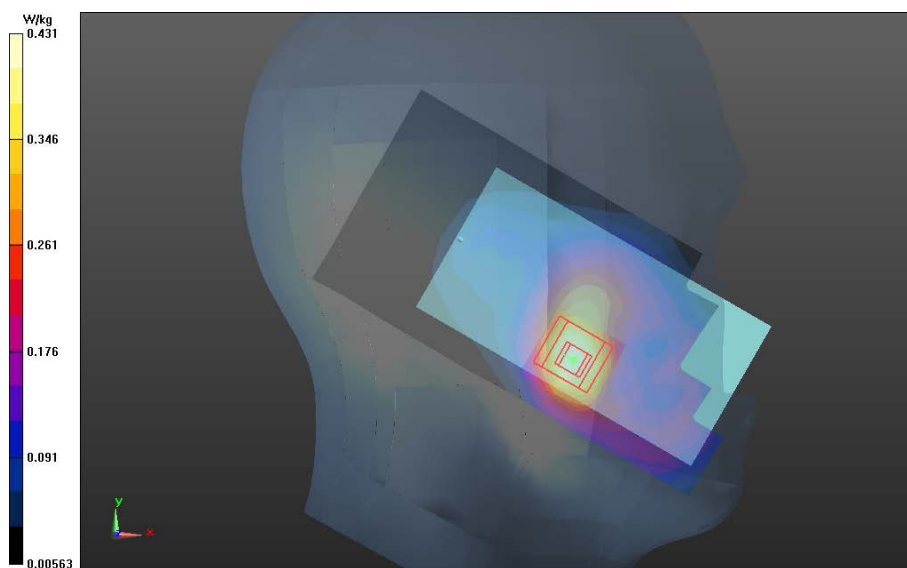
**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/15mm, Area Scan (61x161x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.403 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.235 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 16.381 V/m, Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.399 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.247 W/kg



0.6-2GHz, Left Head Template

Date/Time: 1/16/2014 9:09:54 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Head

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0026;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Cheek

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(6.91,6.91,6.91); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#3, 2450 WiFi SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1153
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz (0); Communication System Band: 2450MHz WIFI;  
Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.727$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.73$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

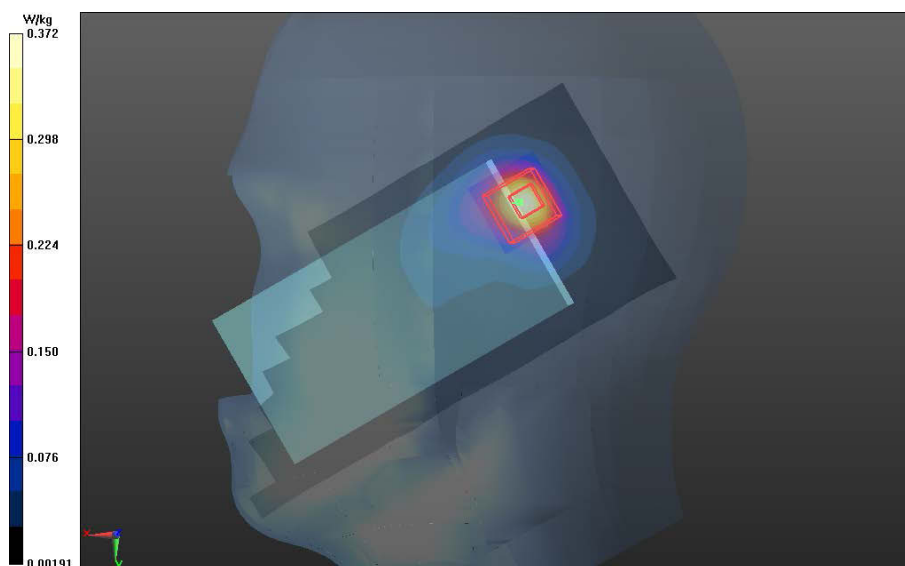
**2-3GHz Right Head Template/10mm, Area Scan (91x241x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.324 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.153 W/kg

**2-3GHz Right Head Template/7x7x7 Zoom Scan (2-3GHz) (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 14.804 V/m, Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.152 W/kg



**2-3GHz Right Head Template**

## **Appendix 3**

### **SAR Distribution Plots for Body-Worn Accessory Test Results**

Date/Time: 12/18/2013 9:54:23 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Front of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(6.45,6.45,6.45); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 17 (0); Communication System Band: Band 17: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 710.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=710$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9486$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.56$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

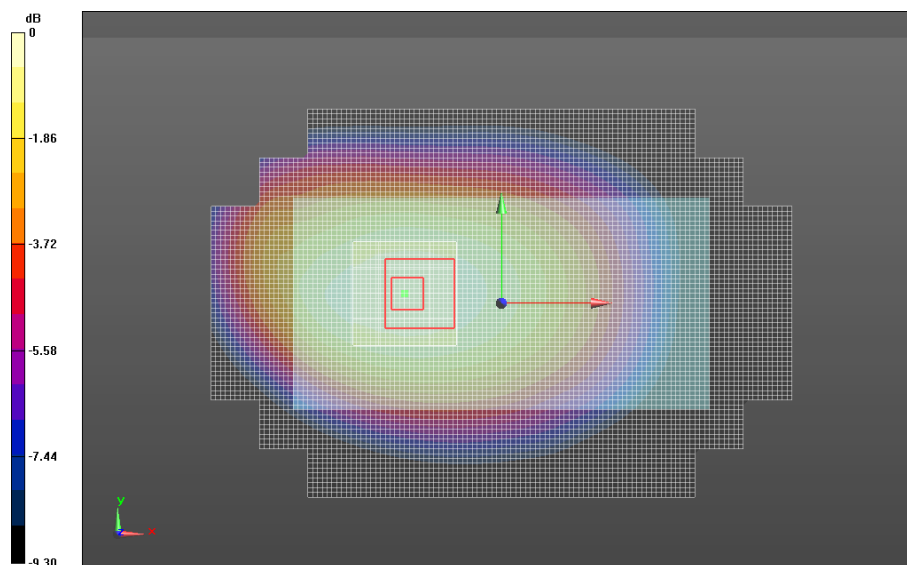
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.354 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.250 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 19.896 V/m, Power Drift = -0.237 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.348 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.260 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 12/23/2013 2:12:31 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 05 (0); Communication System Band: Band 5: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.22$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

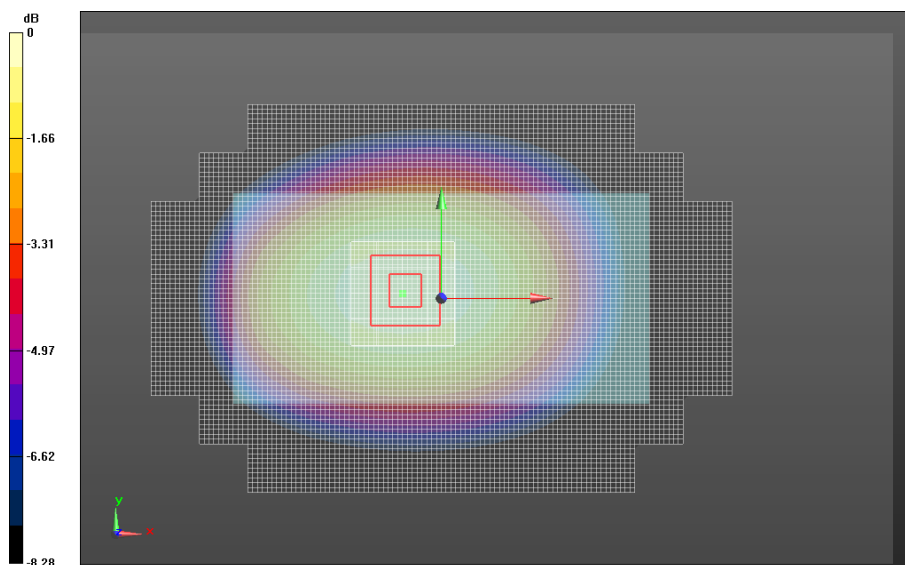
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.373 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.261 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 20.161 V/m, Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.371 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.279 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/28/2013 9:43:40 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 04 (0); Communication System Band: Band 4: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1733 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.458$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.63$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

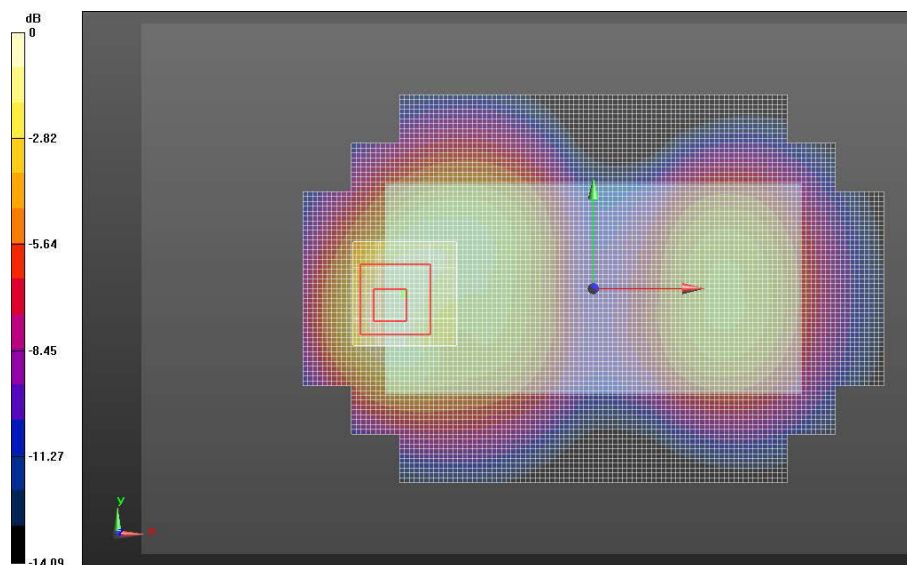
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.792 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.472 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 21.181 V/m, Power Drift = -0.142 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.816 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.480 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 12/23/2013 8:48:29 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 02 (0); Communication System Band: Band 2: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.574$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.54$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

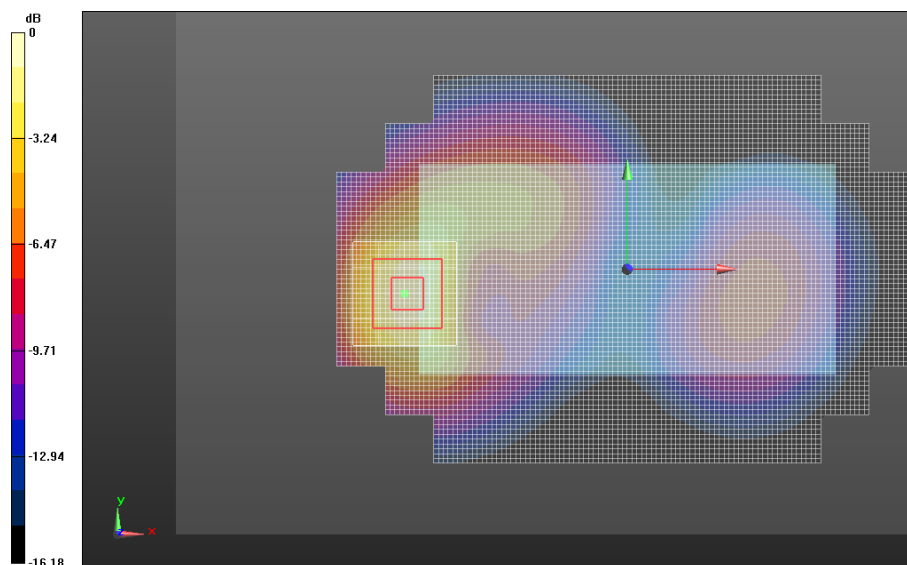
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.566 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 23.636 V/m, Power Drift = -0.164 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.596 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 1/7/2014 10:14:15 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 850 MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=848.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.020$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.44$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

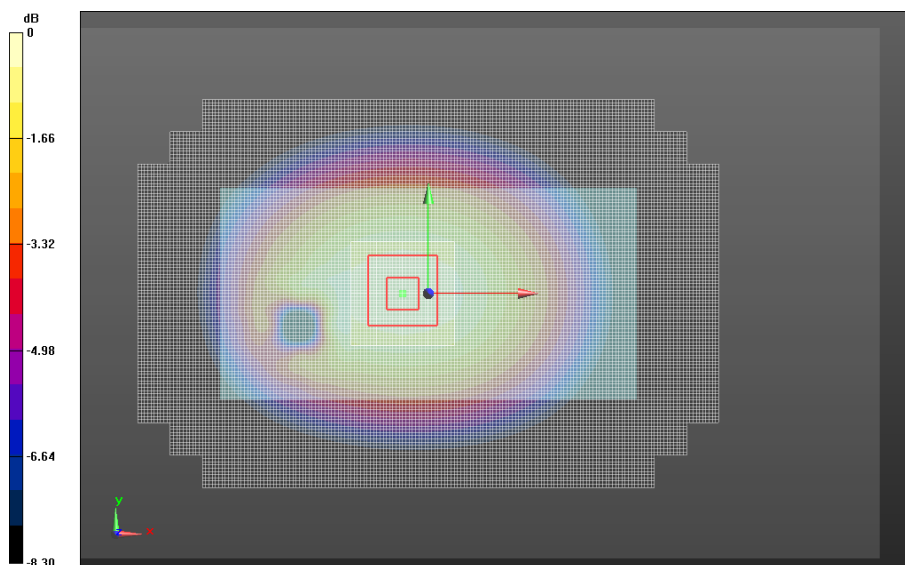
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.801 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.561 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 28.998 V/m, Power Drift = 0.00668 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.811 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.604 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/4/2014 8:18:42 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 1900 MHz; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.566$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.19$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

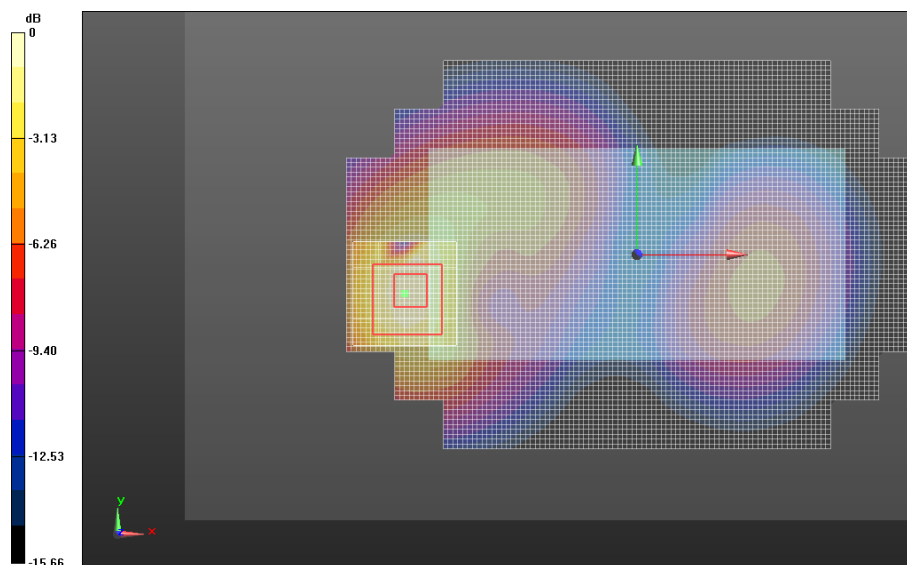
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.468 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.261 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 16.537 V/m, Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.506 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.279 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 1/3/2014 2:08:36 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-850, Band 5;  
Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=826.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9919$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.37$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

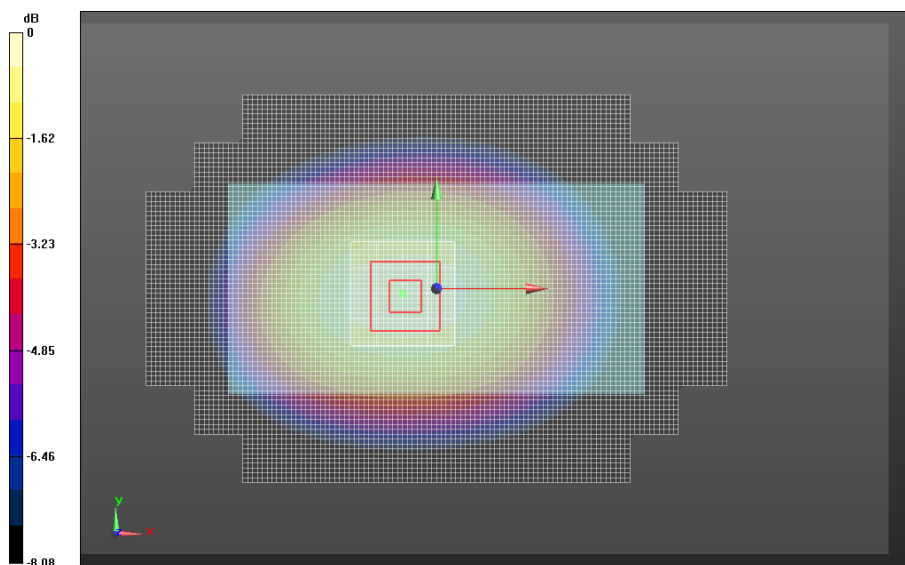
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.639 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.447 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 26.388 V/m, Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.641 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.482 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/29/2013 7:06:30 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1700, Band 4;  
Frequency: 1712 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1712$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.431$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.78$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

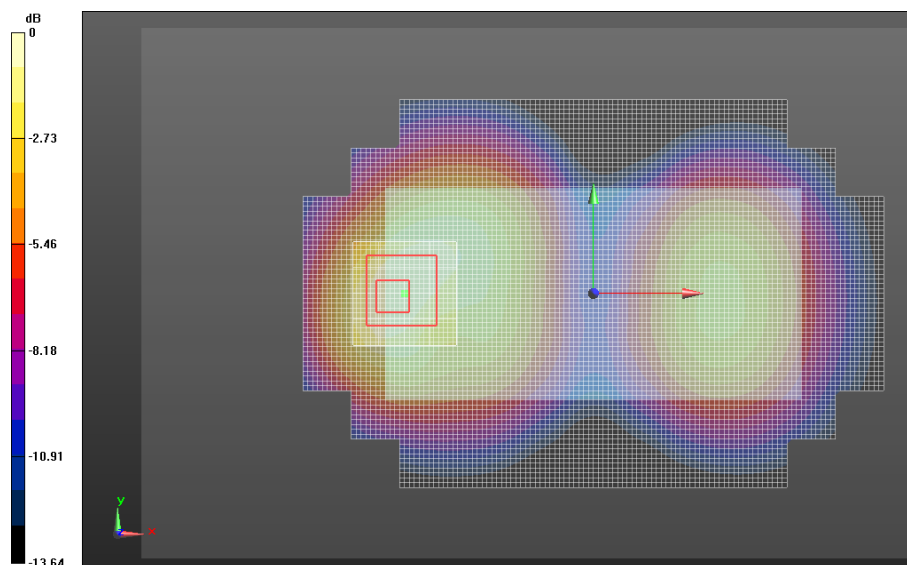
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.774 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.467 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 21.145 V/m, Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.775 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.470 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/28/2013 10:54:59 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1900, Band 2;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.625$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.99$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

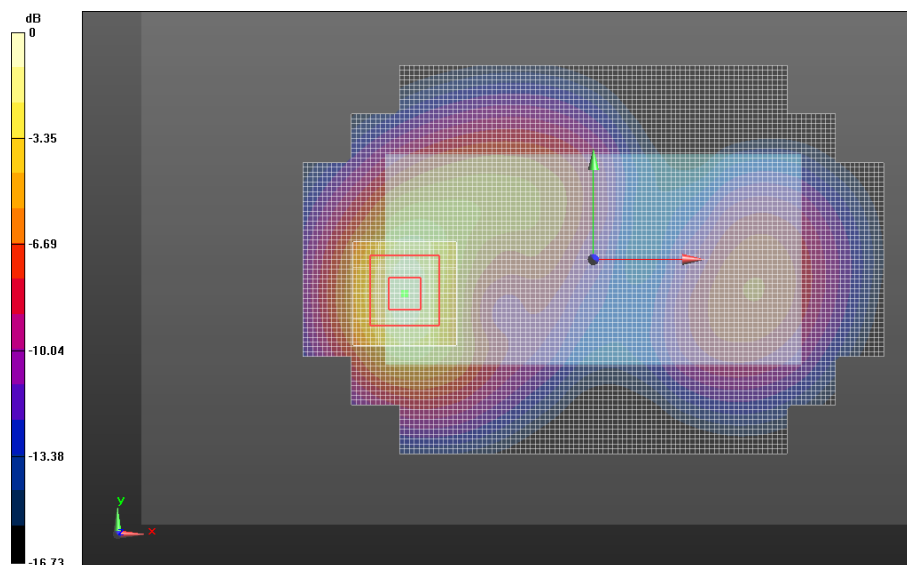
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.582 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 19.557 V/m, Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.628 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/15/2014 9:24:17 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0026;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(7.13,7.13,7.13); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#-3, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz (0); Communication System Band: 2450MHz WIFI;  
Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.931$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.00$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

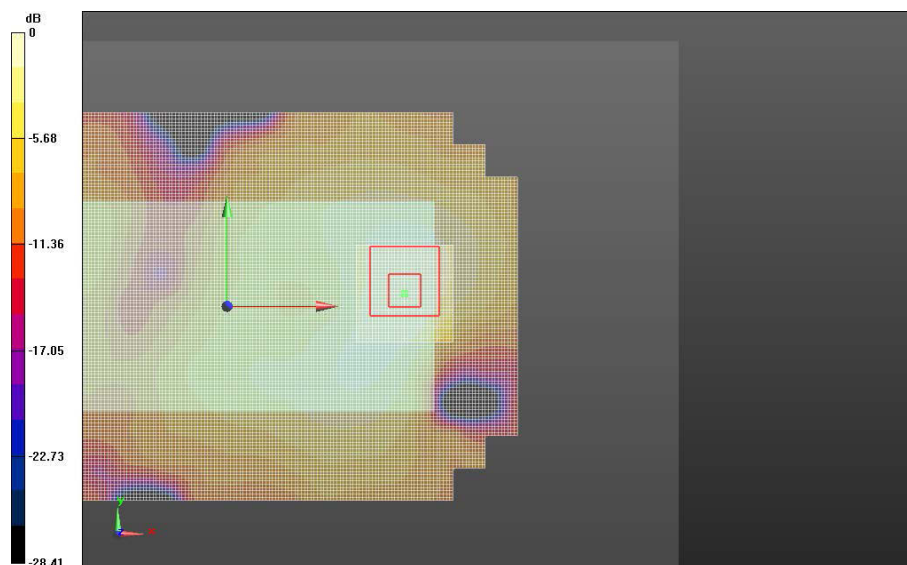
**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.0509 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.0282 W/kg

**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/7x7x7 Zoom Scan (2-3GHz) (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 4.813 V/m, Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.0513 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.0289 W/kg

**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/16/2014 3:10:35 PM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Body-Worn****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(7.13,7.13,7.13); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#-3, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_Bluetooth (0); Communication System Band: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=2480$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.012$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.77$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

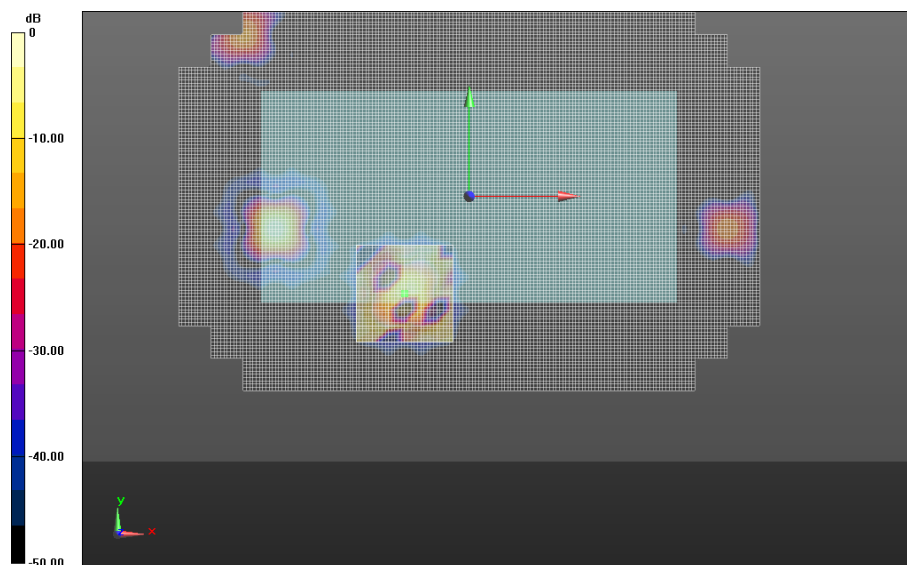
**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.00274 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.000458 W/kg

**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/7x7x7 Zoom Scan (2-3GHz) (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 0.648 V/m, Power Drift = -4.523 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0 W/kg

**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

## **Appendix 4**

### **SAR Distribution Plots for Mobile Hotspot Test Results**

Date/Time: 12/26/2013 1:38:42 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Front of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(5.97,5.97,5.97); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 17 (0); Communication System Band: Band 17: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 710.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=710$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.8827$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.77$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

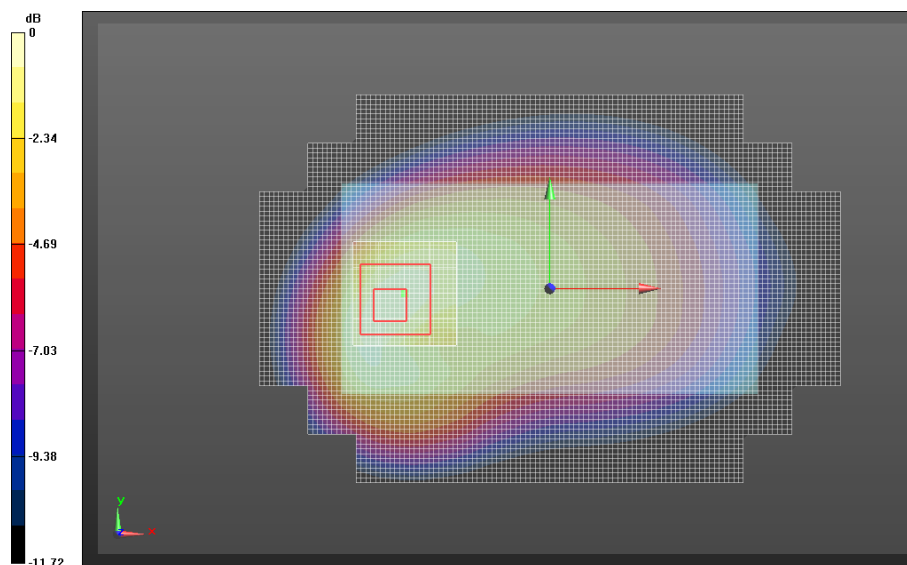
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.409 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.267 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 22.933 V/m, Power Drift = -0.457 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.414 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.245 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 12/24/2013 1:41:42 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0013;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Back of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 05 (0); Communication System Band: Band 5: 10 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.001$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.22$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

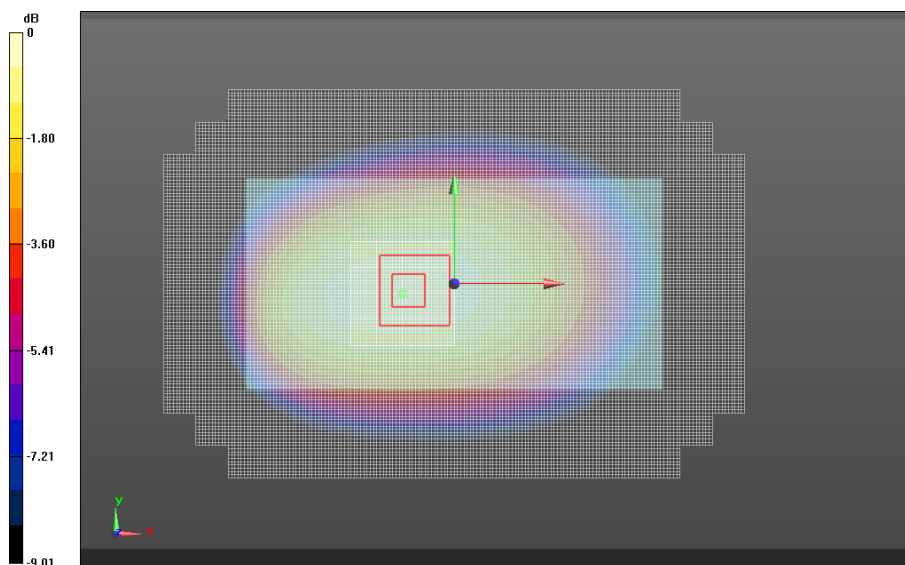
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.249 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 19.755 V/m, Power Drift = -0.032 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.360 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.270 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/29/2013 10:38:53 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 04 (0); Communication System Band: Band 4: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1733 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.71$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

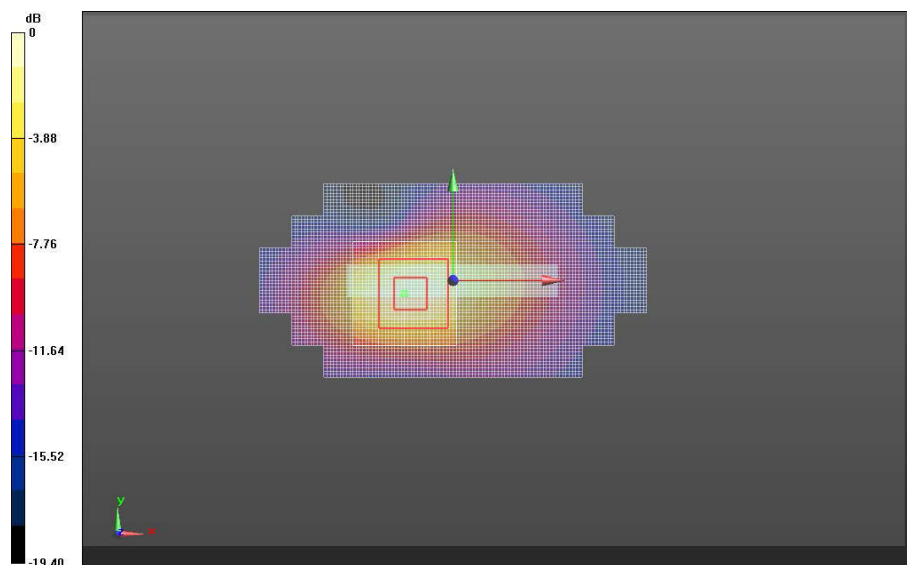
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.893 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.445 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 24.759 V/m, Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.872 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.440 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/27/2013 2:04:37 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

### DUT Serial: LDGB2D0009;

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

### DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_LTE Band 02 (0); Communication System Band: Band 2: 20 MHz BW;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.622$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.16$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm

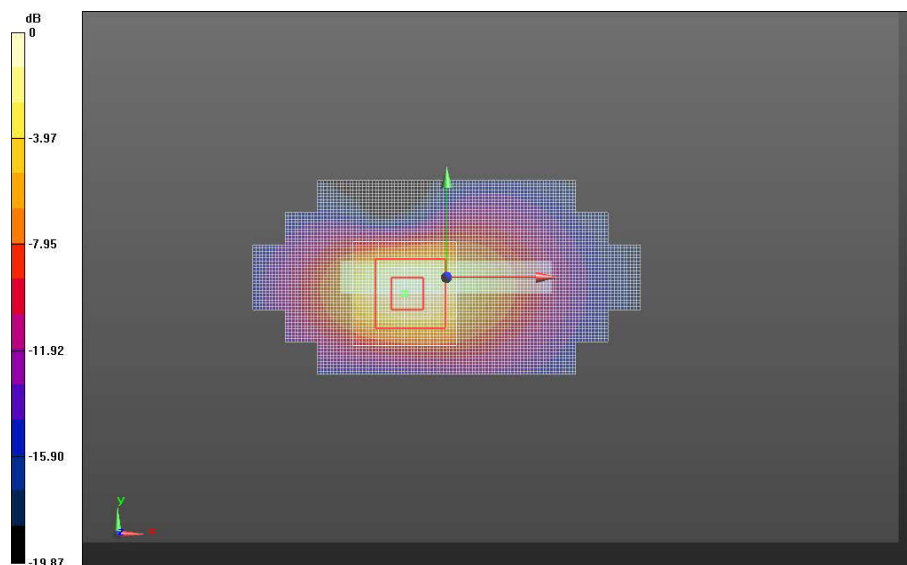
Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.546 W/kg

### 0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm

Reference Value = 25.788 V/m, Power Drift = -0.0059 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.540 W/kg



0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template

Date/Time: 1/10/2014 4:33:14 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Back of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 850 MHz; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=848.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.018$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.42$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

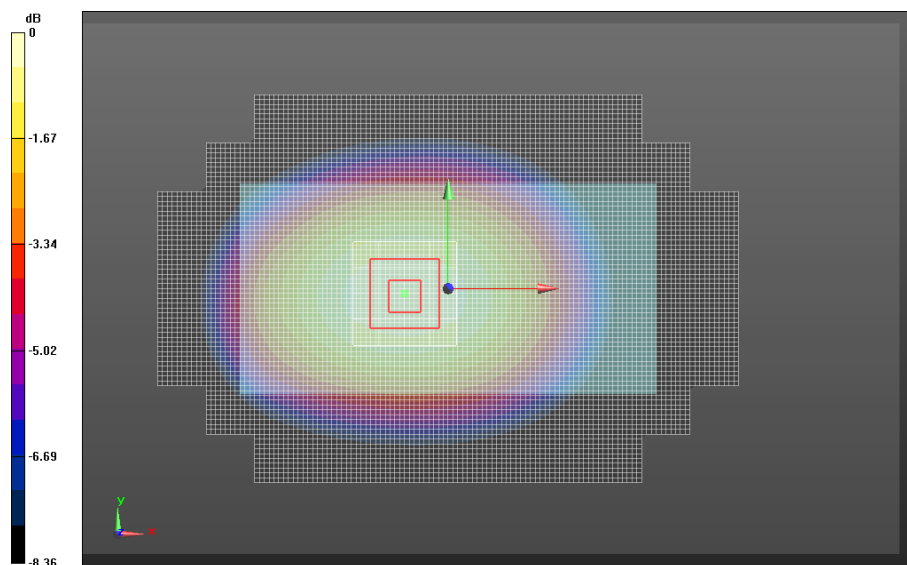
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.935 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.653 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 31.705 V/m, Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.940 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.702 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/4/2014 11:20:02 AM

**Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot****DUT Serial: LDGB2D0002;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_GPRS Class 10 (0); Communication System Band: 1900 MHz; Frequency: 1910 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.150

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1910$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.603$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.03$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

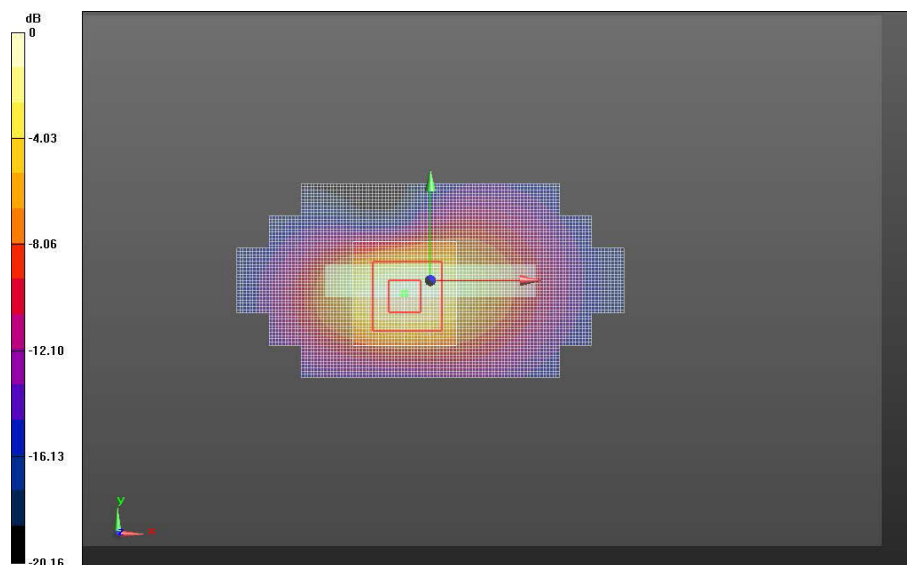
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.27 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.613 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 26.136 V/m, Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.613 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/10/2014 8:08:28 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Back of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3283; ConvF(6.01,6.01,6.01); Calibrated: 8/20/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 5/21/2013
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-850, Band 5;  
Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=826.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9946$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.65$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

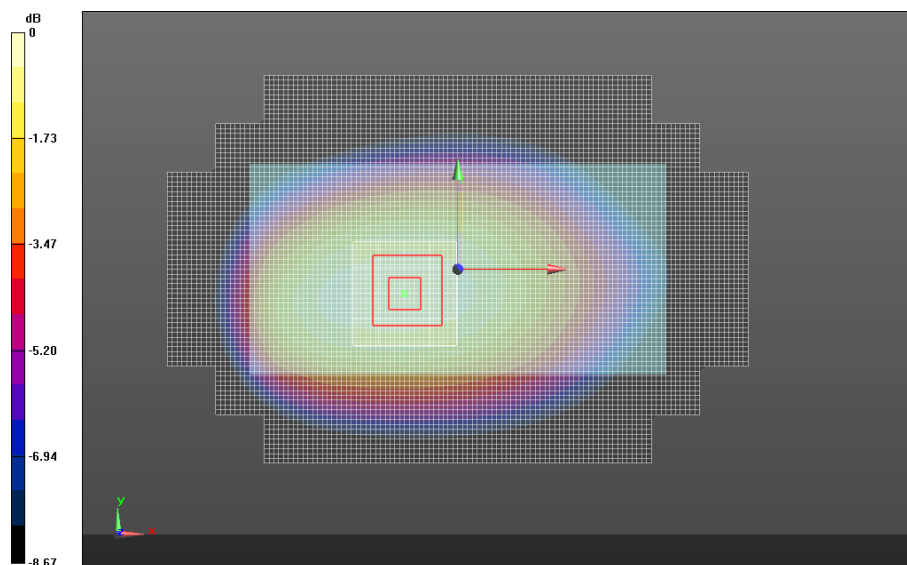
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (15mm), not for EDGES (181x101x1):****Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.481 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.336 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.600$  mm,  $dy=1.600$  mm,  $dz=1.000$  mm**

Reference Value = 22.506 V/m, Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.480 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.359 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/29/2013 12:33:56 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1700, Band 4;  
Frequency: 1752 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1752$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.477$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.62$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

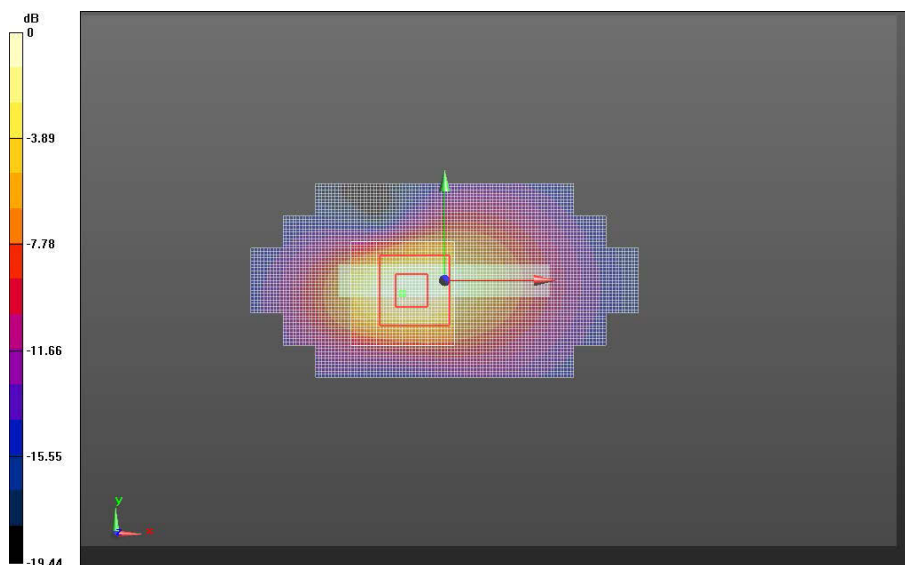
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.914 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.450 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 24.981 V/m, Power Drift = -0.00918 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.896 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.447 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 12/28/2013 2:22:20 PM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0007;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3184; ConvF(5.05,5.05,5.05); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 5/28/2013
- Phantom: R#2 Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_WCDMA (0); Communication System Band: WCDMA-1900, Band 2;  
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.625$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 48.99$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

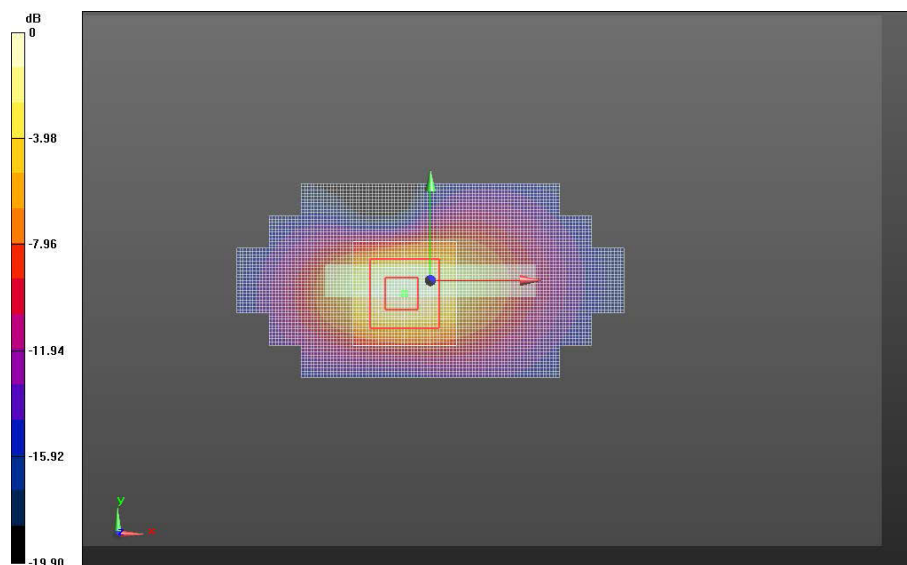
**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.973 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.468 W/kg

**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (0.6-2GHz) (21x21x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.600 mm, dy=1.600 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 23.678 V/m, Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.966 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.469 W/kg



**0.6-2GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

Date/Time: 1/16/2014 1:17:34 AM

## Test Lab: Motorola Mobility - Mobile Hotspot

**DUT Serial: LDGB2D0026;**

Antenna: Internal; Battery: SNN5932A

Test Configuration: Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom

**DASY Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3728; ConvF(7.13,7.13,7.13); Calibrated: 5/30/2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 4 mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn784; Calibrated: 3/6/2013
- Phantom: R#-3, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz (0); Communication System Band: 2450MHz WIFI;  
Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.000

Medium Parameters used:  $f=2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.931$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 49.00$  mho/m;  $\rho = 1.000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

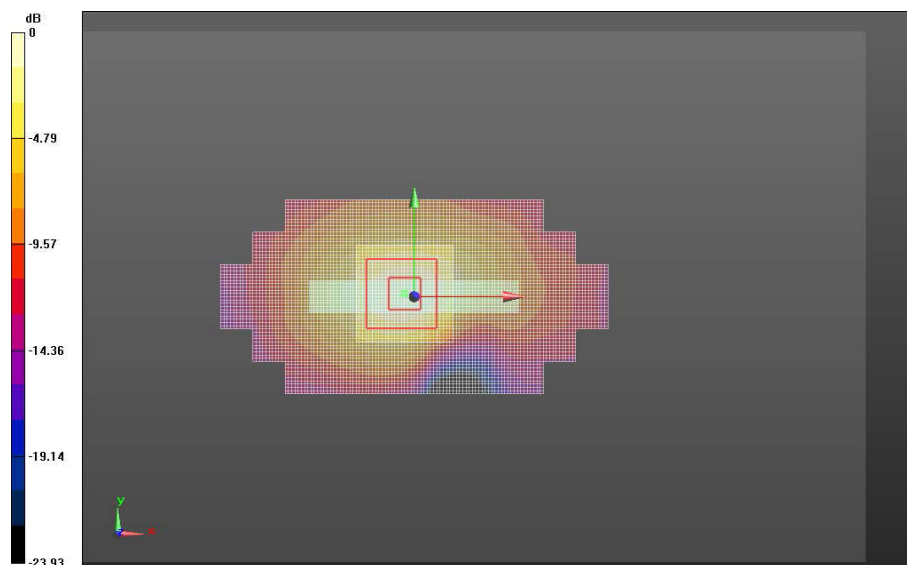
**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan (10mm) (261x141x1):****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Fast SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.0809 W/kg

**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template/7x7x7 Zoom Scan (2-3GHz) (31x31x36)/Cube 0:****Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm, dz=1.000 mm**

Reference Value = 8.203 V/m, Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Averaged SAR: SAR(1g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10g) = 0.0824 W/kg



**2-3GHz Triple Flat Phone Template**

## **Appendix 5**

### **Measurement Uncertainty Budget**

**Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 735 MHz to 3 GHz**

| <i>a</i>                                              | <i>b</i>                                              | <i>c</i>      | <i>d</i>     | <i>e = f(d,k)</i> | <i>f</i>                      | <i>g</i>                       | <i>h =<br/>c x f / e</i>            | <i>i =<br/>c x g / e</i>             | <i>k</i>             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Uncertainty Component</b>                          | Description<br>IEEE 1528(2003) /<br>IEC 62209-1(2005) | Tol.<br>(± %) | Prob<br>Dist | Div.              | <i>c<sub>i</sub></i><br>(1 g) | <i>c<sub>i</sub></i><br>(10 g) | 1 g<br><i>u<sub>i</sub></i><br>(±%) | 10 g<br><i>u<sub>i</sub></i><br>(±%) | <i>v<sub>i</sub></i> |
| <b>Measurement System</b>                             |                                                       |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Probe Calibration [ES3DV3]                            | E.2.1 / 7.2.1                                         | 6.0           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 6.0                                 | 6.0                                  | ∞                    |
| Axial Isotropy                                        | E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2                                       | 4.7           | R            | 1.73              | 0.707                         | 0.707                          | 1.9                                 | 1.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                                | E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2                                       | 9.6           | R            | 1.73              | 0.707                         | 0.707                          | 3.9                                 | 3.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Boundary Effect                                       | E.2.3 / 7.2.1.5                                       | 1.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Linearity                                             | E.2.4 / 7.2.1.3                                       | 4.7           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 2.7                                 | 2.7                                  | ∞                    |
| System Detection Limits                               | E.2.5 / 7.2.1.4                                       | 1.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Readout Electronics                                   | E.2.6 / 7.2.1.6                                       | 0.3           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.3                                 | 0.3                                  | ∞                    |
| Response Time                                         | E.2.7 / 7.2.1.7                                       | 1.1           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Integration Time                                      | E.2.8 / 7.2.1.8                                       | 1.1           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise                         | E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6                                       | 3.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.7                                 | 1.7                                  | ∞                    |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections                   | E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6                                       | 3.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.7                                 | 1.7                                  | ∞                    |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance                      | E.6.2 / 7.2.2.1                                       | 0.4           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.2                                 | 0.2                                  | ∞                    |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom                       | E.6.3 / 7.2.2.3                                       | 2.9           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.7                                 | 1.7                                  | ∞                    |
| Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)                | E.5 / 7.2.4                                           | 3.4           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 2.0                                 | 2.0                                  | ∞                    |
| <b>Test sample Related</b>                            |                                                       |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Test Sample Positioning                               | E.4.2 / 7.2.2.4                                       | 3.4           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 3.4                                 | 3.4                                  | 79                   |
| Device Holder Uncertainty                             | E.4.1 / 7.2.2.4.2                                     | 4.5           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 4.5                                 | 4.5                                  | 11                   |
| SAR drift                                             | 6.6.2 / 7.2.3.5                                       | 0.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.0                                 | 0.0                                  |                      |
| <b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>                  |                                                       |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Phantom Uncertainty                                   | E.3.1 / 7.2.2.2                                       | 6.1           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 3.5                                 | 3.5                                  | ∞                    |
| SAR Correction                                        |                                                       | 1.9           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 0.84                           | 1.1                                 | 0.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement)                     | E.3.3 / 7.2.3.3                                       | 1.3           | N            | 1.00              | 0.64                          | 0.43                           | 0.9                                 | 0.6                                  | 6                    |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement)                     | E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4                                       | 0.7           | N            | 1.00              | 0.6                           | 0.49                           | 0.4                                 | 0.3                                  | 6                    |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>                  |                                                       |               | RSS          |                   |                               |                                | 11                                  | 11                                   | 390                  |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b><br>(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) |                                                       |               | <i>k</i> =2  |                   |                               |                                | 22                                  | 22                                   |                      |

**Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test for 3 to 6 GHz**

| <i>a</i>                                              | <i>b</i>                             | <i>c</i>      | <i>d</i>     | <i>e = f(d,k)</i> | <i>f</i>                      | <i>g</i>                       | <i>h =<br/>c x f / e</i>            | <i>i =<br/>c x g / e</i>             | <i>k</i>             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Uncertainty Component                                 | Description<br>IEC 62209-2<br>(2010) | Tol.<br>(± %) | Prob<br>Dist | Div.              | <i>c<sub>i</sub></i><br>(1 g) | <i>c<sub>i</sub></i><br>(10 g) | 1 g<br><i>u<sub>i</sub></i><br>(±%) | 10 g<br><i>u<sub>i</sub></i><br>(±%) | <i>v<sub>i</sub></i> |
| <b>Measurement System</b>                             |                                      |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Probe Calibration [EX3DV4]                            | 7.2.2.1                              | 6.6           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 6.6                                 | 6.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Axial Isotropy                                        | 7.2.2.2                              | 4.7           | R            | 1.73              | 0.707                         | 0.707                          | 1.9                                 | 1.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                                | 7.2.2.2                              | 9.6           | R            | 1.73              | 0.707                         | 0.707                          | 3.9                                 | 3.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Boundary Effect                                       | 7.2.2.6                              | 2.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.2                                 | 1.2                                  | ∞                    |
| Linearity                                             | 7.2.2.5                              | 4.7           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 2.7                                 | 2.7                                  | ∞                    |
| System Detection Limits                               | 7.2.2                                | 1.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Readout Electronics                                   | 7.2.2.7                              | 0.3           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.3                                 | 0.3                                  | ∞                    |
| Response Time                                         | 7.2.2.8                              | 1.1           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Integration Time                                      | 7.2.2.9                              | 1.1           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise                         | 7.2.4.5                              | 3.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.7                                 | 1.7                                  | ∞                    |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections                   | 7.2.4.5                              | 3.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 1.7                                 | 1.7                                  | ∞                    |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance                      | 7.2.3.1                              | 1.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.6                                 | 0.6                                  | ∞                    |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom                       | 7.2.3.3                              | 6.7           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 3.9                                 | 3.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)                | 7.2.5.3                              | 4.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 2.3                                 | 2.3                                  | ∞                    |
| <b>Test sample Related</b>                            |                                      |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Test Sample Positioning                               | 7.2.3.4                              | 3.4           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 3.4                                 | 3.4                                  | 79                   |
| Device Holder Uncertainty                             | 7.2.3.4                              | 4.5           | N            | 1.00              | 1                             | 1                              | 4.5                                 | 4.5                                  | 11                   |
| SAR drift                                             | 7.2.2.10                             | 0.0           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 0.0                                 | 0.0                                  |                      |
| <b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>                  |                                      |               |              |                   |                               |                                |                                     |                                      |                      |
| Phantom Uncertainty                                   | 7.2.3.2                              | 6.6           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 1                              | 3.8                                 | 3.8                                  | ∞                    |
| SAR Correction                                        | 7.2.4.3                              | 1.9           | R            | 1.73              | 1                             | 0.84                           | 1.1                                 | 0.9                                  | ∞                    |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement)                     | 7.2.4.3                              | 1.4           | N            | 1.00              | 0.64                          | 0.43                           | 0.9                                 | 0.6                                  | 6                    |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement)                     | 7.2.4.3                              | 0.7           | N            | 1.00              | 0.6                           | 0.49                           | 0.4                                 | 0.4                                  | 6                    |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>                  |                                      |               | RSS          |                   |                               |                                | 12                                  | 12                                   | 557                  |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty</b><br>(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) |                                      |               | <i>k</i> =2  |                   |                               |                                | 24                                  | 24                                   |                      |

## **Appendix 6**

### **Probe Calibration Certificates**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **ES3-3283\_Aug13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3283**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6**  
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **August 20, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)    | Dec-13                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)    | Jan-14                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)  | In house check: Apr-15 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |

|                                                                                                                 | Name           | Function              | Signature               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Calibrated by:                                                                                                  | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician |                         |
| Approved by:                                                                                                    | Katja Pokovic  | Technical Manager     |                         |
|                                                                                                                 |                |                       | Issued: August 21, 2013 |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. |                |                       |                         |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                                |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                               |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                              |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                                 |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                            |
| A, B, C, D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\varphi$   | $\varphi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                    |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3283

Manufactured: June 7, 2010  
Calibrated: August 20, 2013

**Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems**  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3283

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 1.19     | 1.23     | 1.14     | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 101.5    | 97.9     | 104.5    |               |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 150.9    | $\pm 3.0 \%$              |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 155.0    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 145.1    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3283

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 6.39    | 6.39    | 6.39    | 0.31  | 1.86       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 41.5                               | 0.90                            | 6.20    | 6.20    | 6.20    | 0.77  | 1.17       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 5.15    | 5.15    | 5.15    | 0.49  | 1.50       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 4.96    | 4.96    | 4.96    | 0.60  | 1.36       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 4.54    | 4.54    | 4.54    | 0.76  | 1.22       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 4.36    | 4.36    | 4.36    | 0.64  | 1.37       | ± 12.0 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3283

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

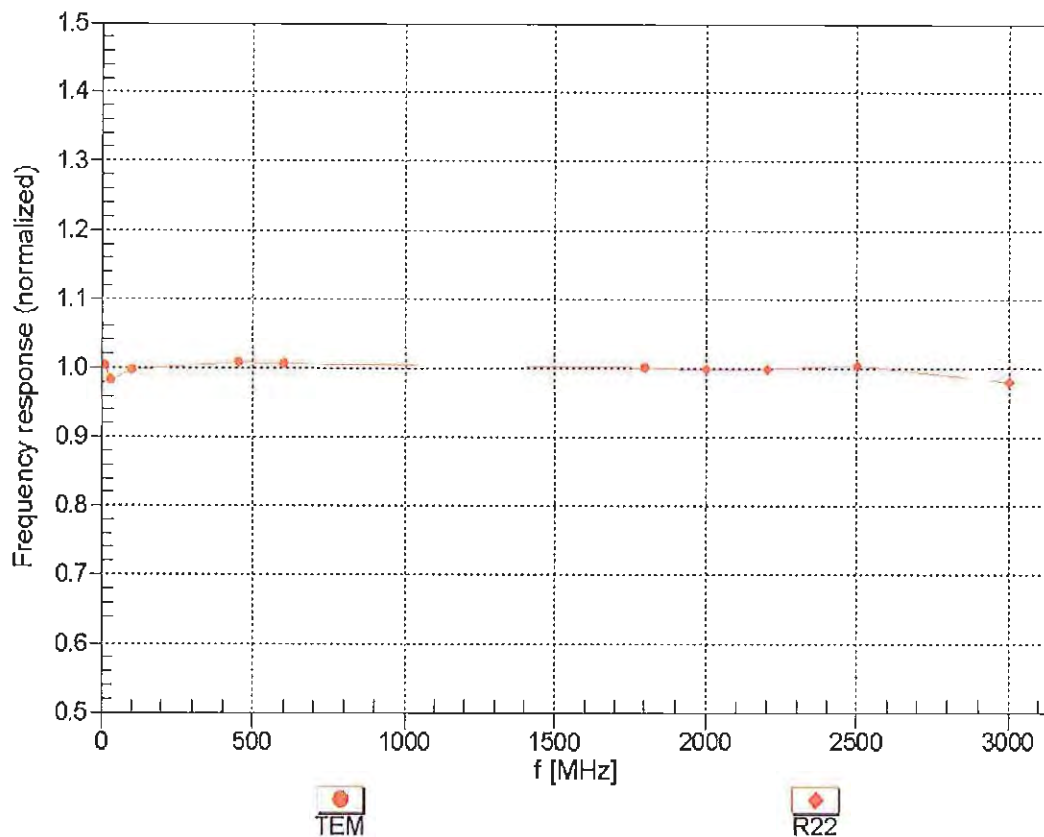
| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 5.97    | 5.97    | 5.97    | 0.31  | 1.83       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 55.2                               | 0.97                            | 6.01    | 6.01    | 6.01    | 0.60  | 1.30       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 4.76    | 4.76    | 4.76    | 0.48  | 1.58       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 4.76    | 4.76    | 4.76    | 0.48  | 1.65       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 4.21    | 4.21    | 4.21    | 0.80  | 1.09       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 3.99    | 3.99    | 3.99    | 0.66  | 0.99       | ± 12.0 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

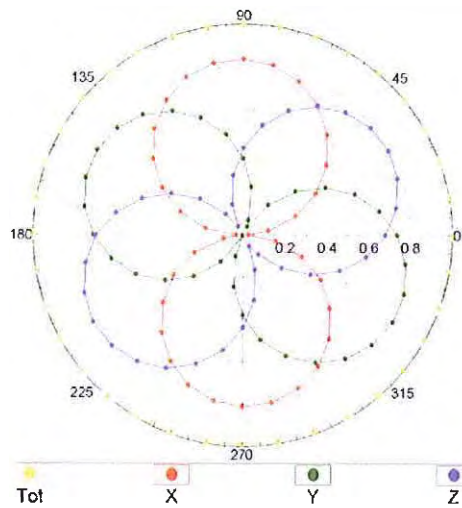
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



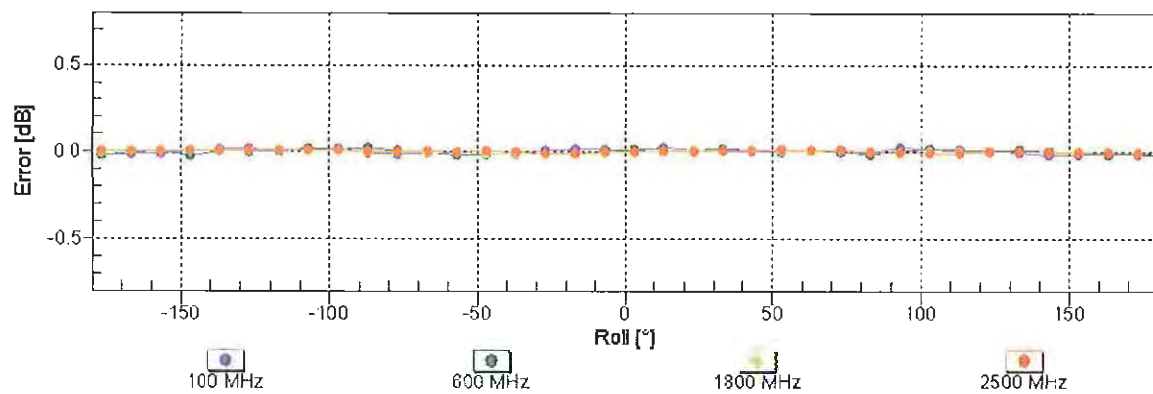
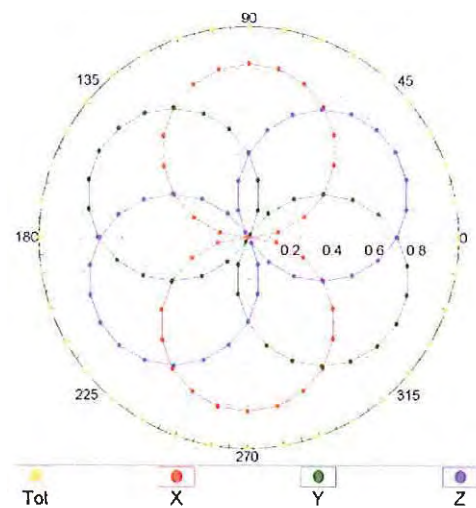
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

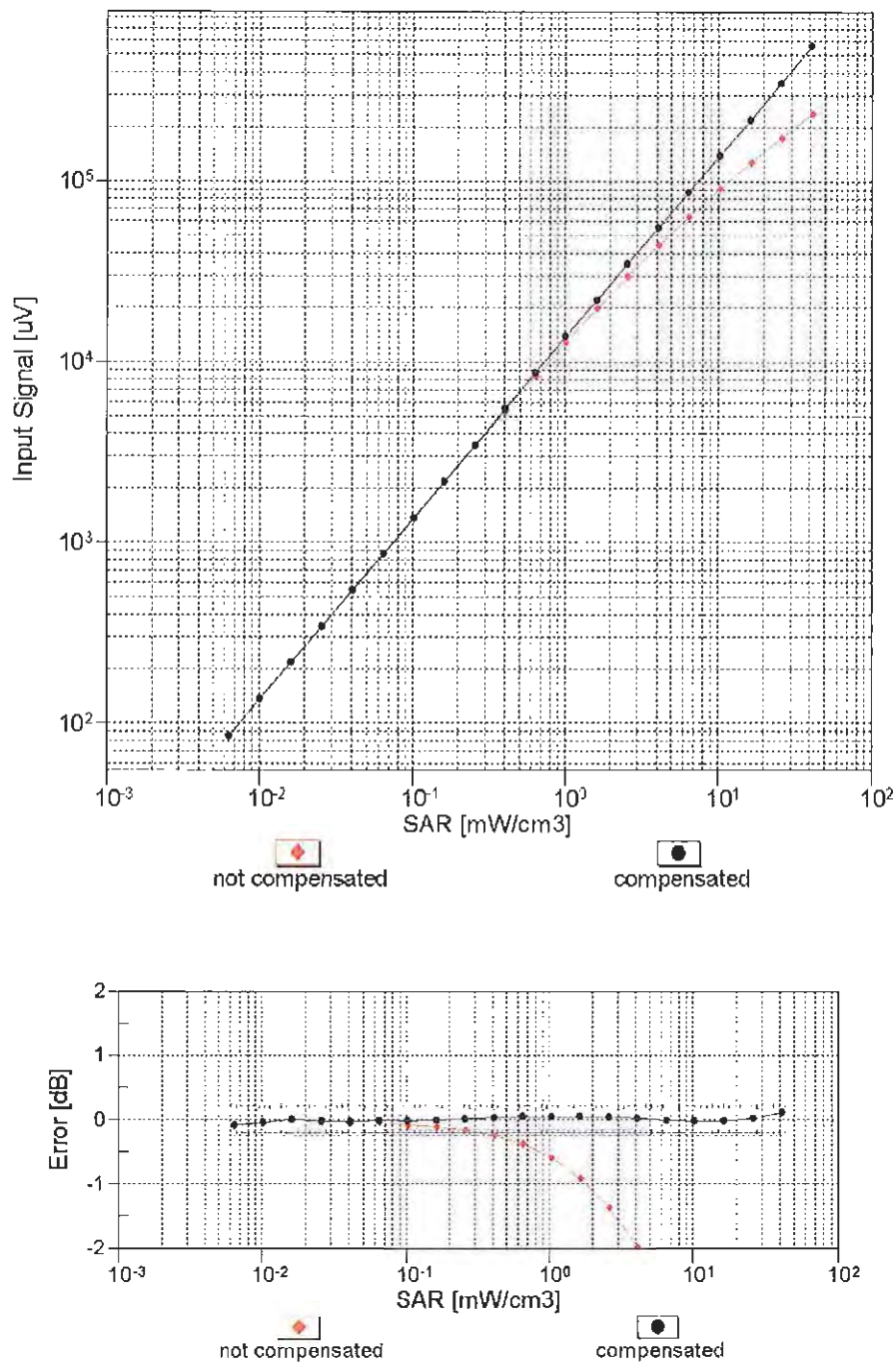


f=1800 MHz, R22



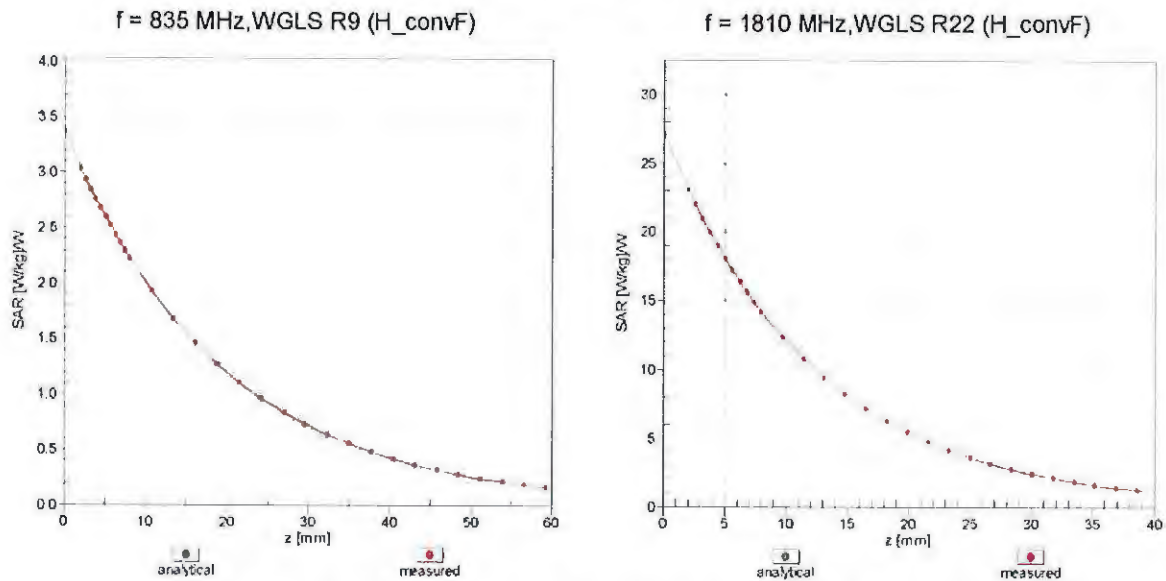
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )



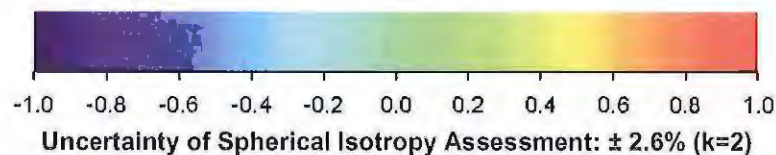
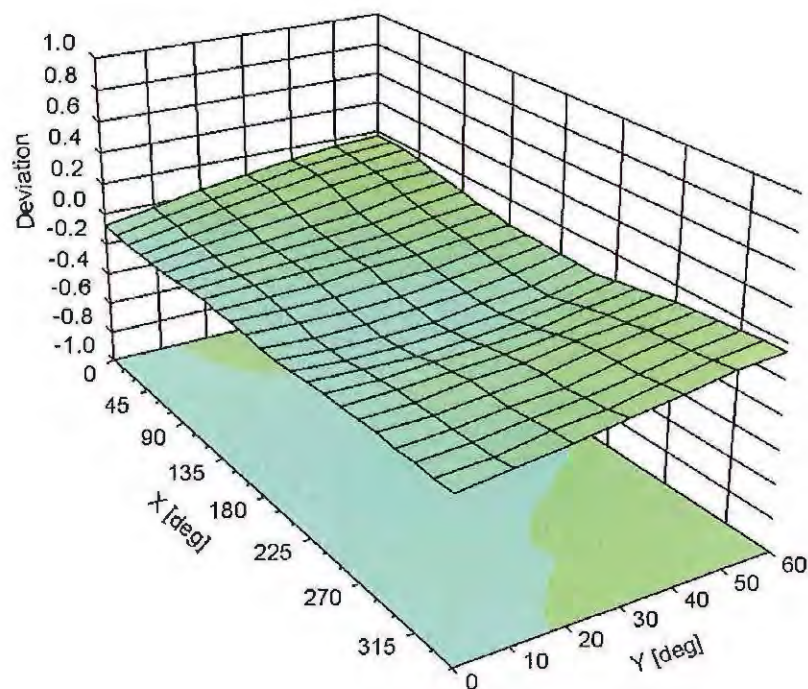
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3283

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -106.9     |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 10 mm      |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 4 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm       |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Motorola MDb

Certificate No: ES3-3184\_May13

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ES3DV3 - SN:3184

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 30, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)    | Dec-13                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)    | Jan-14                 |
|                            |                 |                                   |                        |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)  | In house check: Apr-15 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |

|                |                         |                                   |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br>Claudio Leubler | Function<br>Laboratory Technician |
| Approved by:   | Katja Pokovic           | Technical Manager                 |

Signature

Issued: May 30, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                                |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                               |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                              |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                                 |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                            |
| A, B, C, D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\varphi$   | $\varphi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                    |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3184

Manufactured: August 19, 2008

Calibrated: May 30, 2013

**Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems**

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 1.25     | 1.38     | 1.25     | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 100.1    | 97.9     | 97.6     |               |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 117.6    | $\pm 3.0 \%$              |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 121.3    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 158.5    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 6.72    | 6.72    | 6.72    | 0.32  | 1.83       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 41.5                               | 0.90                            | 6.24    | 6.24    | 6.24    | 0.25  | 2.08       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 5.29    | 5.29    | 5.29    | 0.73  | 1.20       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 4.98    | 4.98    | 4.98    | 0.64  | 1.32       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 4.52    | 4.52    | 4.52    | 0.68  | 1.35       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 4.34    | 4.34    | 4.34    | 0.80  | 1.25       | ± 12.0 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

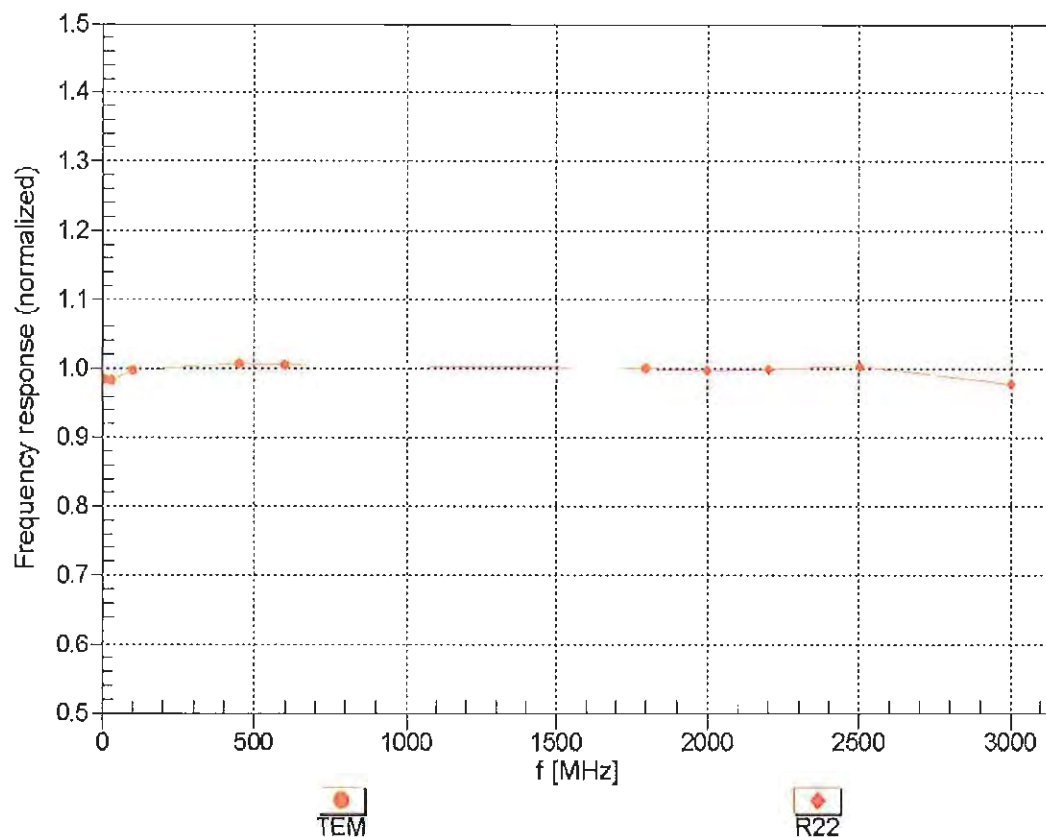
| f (MHz) <sup>c</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 6.45    | 6.45    | 6.45    | 0.45  | 1.54       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 835                  | 55.2                               | 0.97                            | 6.12    | 6.12    | 6.12    | 0.26  | 2.22       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1810                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 5.05    | 5.05    | 5.05    | 0.63  | 1.45       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 1950                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 5.00    | 5.00    | 5.00    | 0.54  | 1.51       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 4.50    | 4.50    | 4.50    | 0.65  | 1.17       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 4.25    | 4.25    | 4.25    | 0.80  | 1.00       | ± 12.0 %    |

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

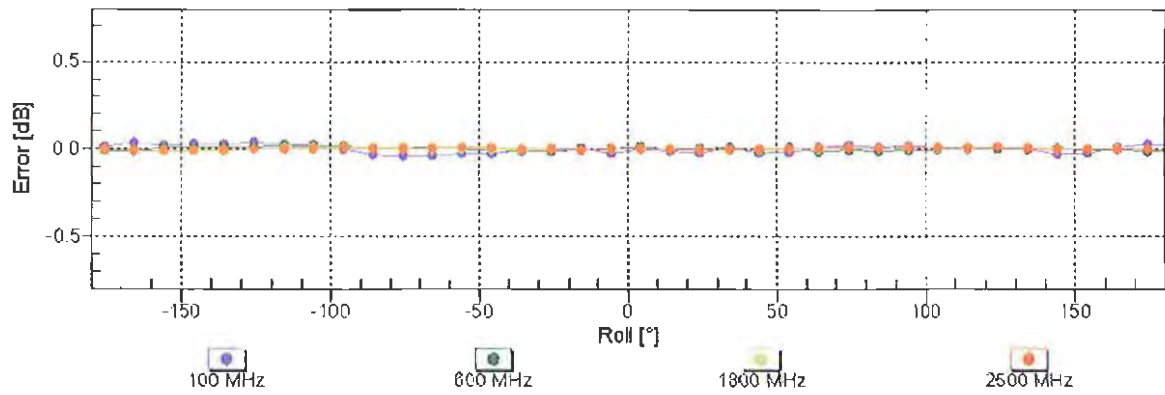
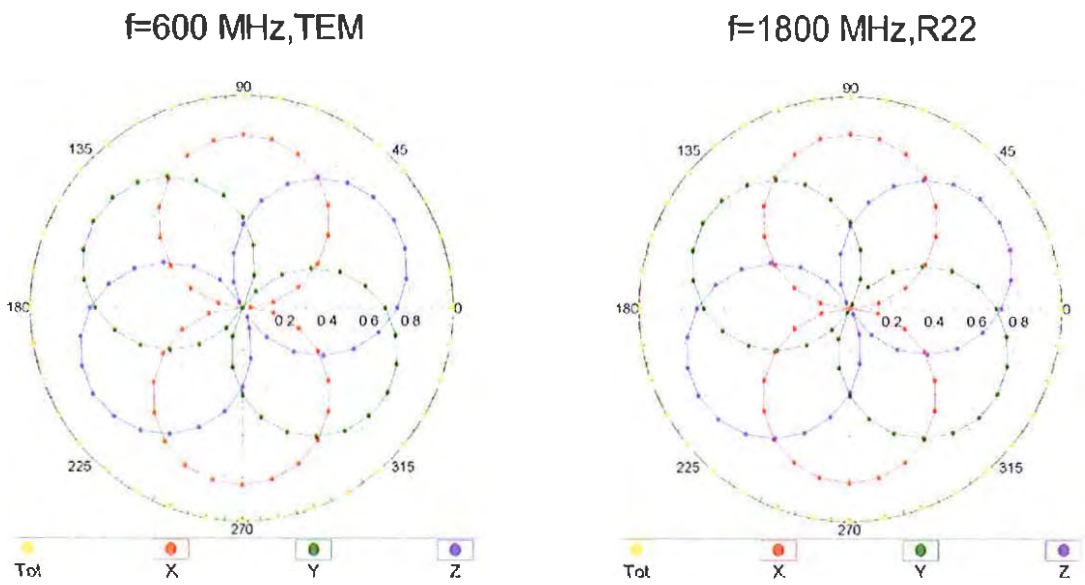
## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



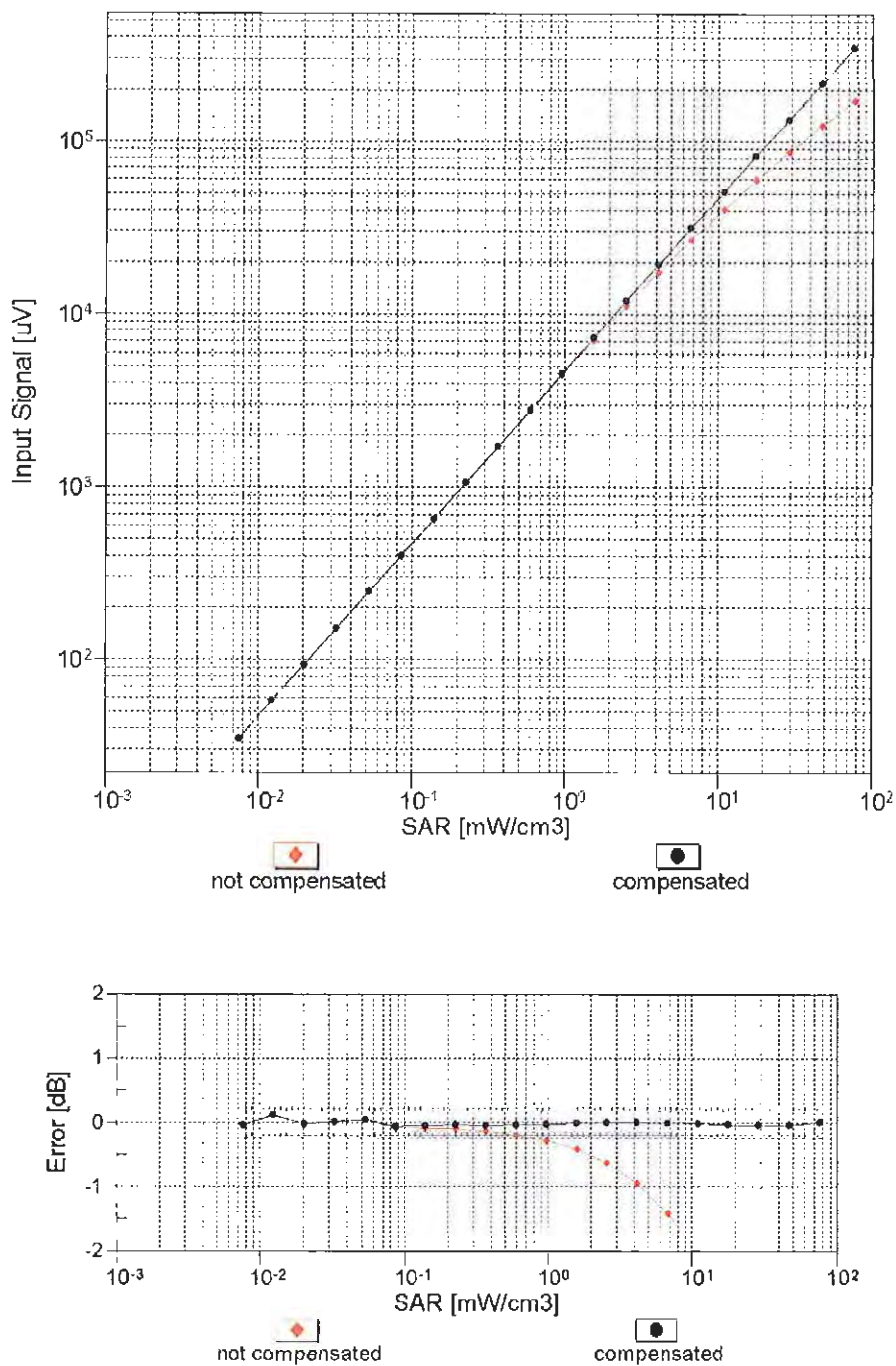
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$



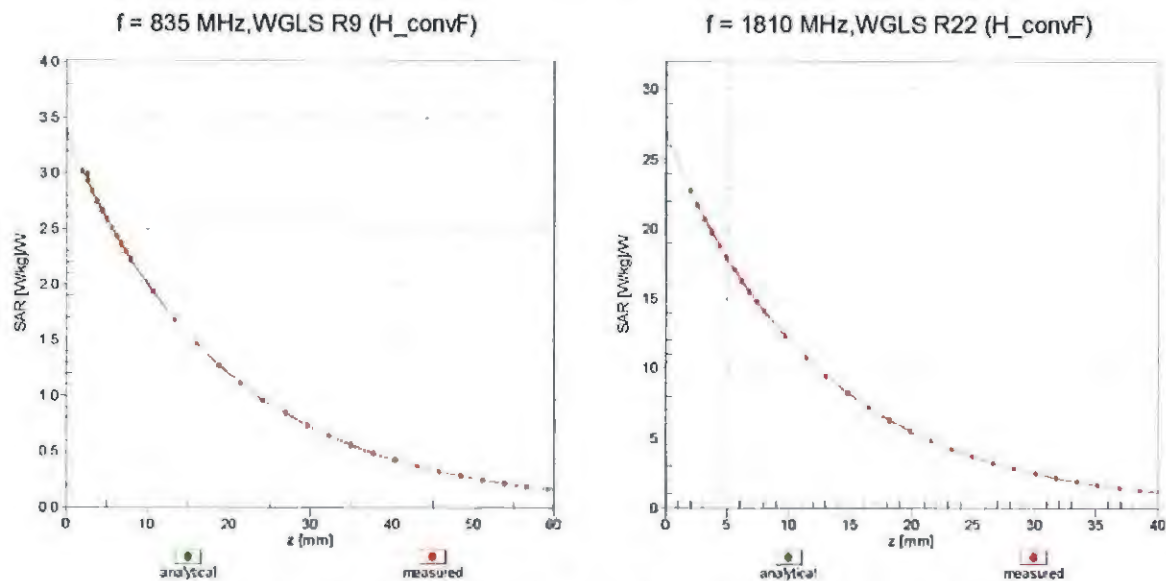
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )



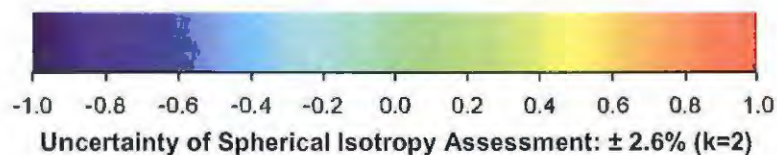
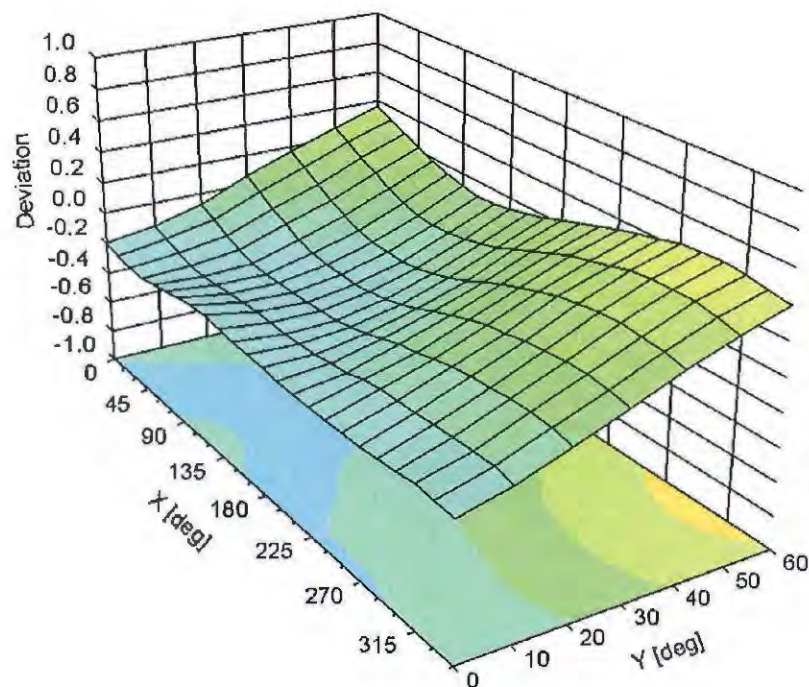
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3184

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -55.7      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 10 mm      |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 4 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 2 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 3 mm       |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **EX3-3728\_May13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3728**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4**  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **May 30, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards          | ID              | Cal Date (Certificate No.)        | Scheduled Calibration  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B         | GB41293874      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Power sensor E4412A        | MY41498087      | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5054 (3c)  | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)         | Apr-14                 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2     | SN: 3013        | 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)    | Dec-13                 |
| DAE4                       | SN: 660         | 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)    | Jan-14                 |
| Secondary Standards        | ID              | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
| RF generator HP 8648C      | US3642U01700    | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)  | In house check: Apr-15 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E  | US37390585      | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |

|                                                                                                                 | Name           | Function              | Signature |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by:                                                                                                  | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician |           |
| Approved by:                                                                                                    | Katja Pokovic  | Technical Manager     |           |
| Issued: May 30, 2013                                                                                            |                |                       |           |
| This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. |                |                       |           |



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary:

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                      | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                                |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>    | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                               |
| ConvF                    | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                              |
| DCP                      | diode compression point                                                                                                                                 |
| CF                       | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                            |
| A, B, C, D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\phi$      | $\phi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                                       |
| Polarization $\vartheta$ | $\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),<br>i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3728

Manufactured: October 19, 2009  
Calibrated: May 30, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3728

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                           | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.48     | 0.45     | 0.50     | $\pm 10.1 \%$ |
| DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 102.3    | 105.8    | 102.1    |               |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 | 0.00    | 158.1    | $\pm 3.3 \%$              |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 145.6    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                          | 1.0 |         | 117.3    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3728

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f (MHz) <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 6.91    | 6.91    | 6.91    | 0.29  | 0.93       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 6.81    | 6.81    | 6.81    | 0.40  | 0.80       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 36.0                               | 4.66                            | 4.88    | 4.88    | 4.88    | 0.35  | 1.80       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5300                 | 35.9                               | 4.76                            | 4.65    | 4.65    | 4.65    | 0.35  | 1.80       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.41    | 4.41    | 4.41    | 0.35  | 1.80       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 35.3                               | 5.27                            | 4.28    | 4.28    | 4.28    | 0.40  | 1.80       | ± 13.1 %    |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3728

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

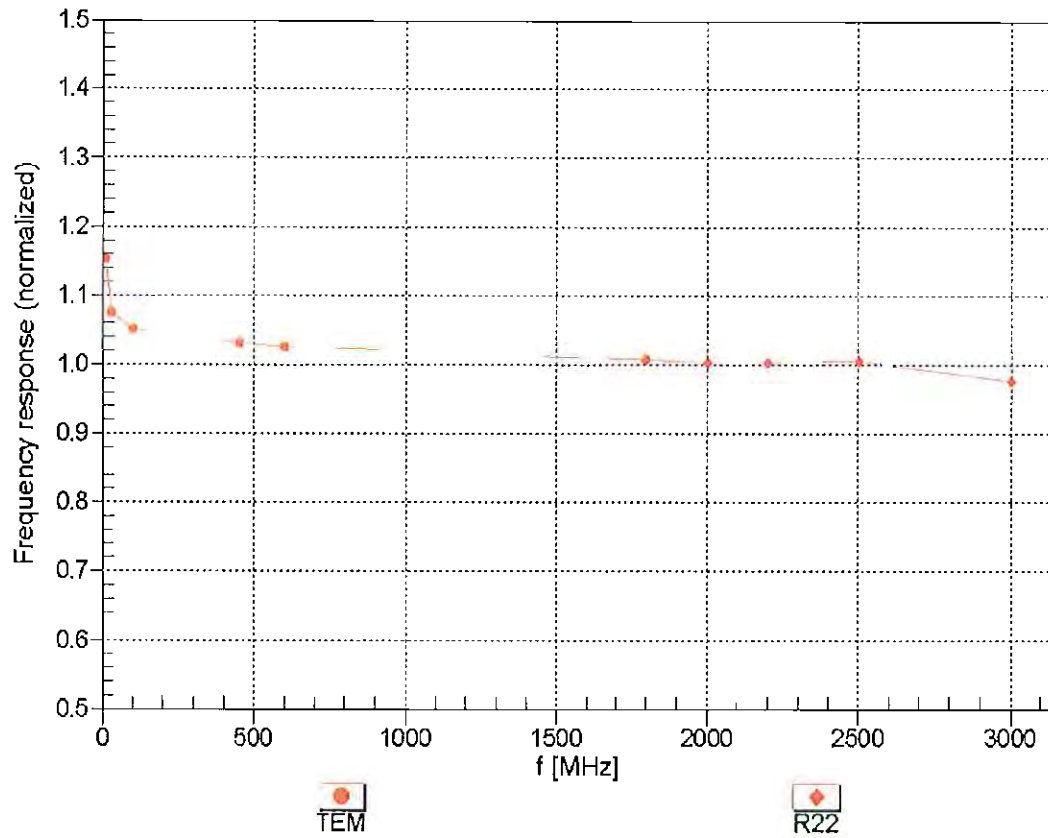
| f (MHz) <sup>c</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|------------|-------------|
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.13    | 7.13    | 7.13    | 0.77  | 0.60       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 6.77    | 6.77    | 6.77    | 0.80  | 0.50       | ± 12.0 %    |
| 5200                 | 49.0                               | 5.30                            | 4.21    | 4.21    | 4.21    | 0.50  | 1.90       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5300                 | 48.9                               | 5.42                            | 4.06    | 4.06    | 4.06    | 0.50  | 1.90       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5600                 | 48.5                               | 5.77                            | 3.51    | 3.51    | 3.51    | 0.50  | 1.90       | ± 13.1 %    |
| 5800                 | 48.2                               | 6.00                            | 3.86    | 3.86    | 3.86    | 0.50  | 1.90       | ± 13.1 %    |

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

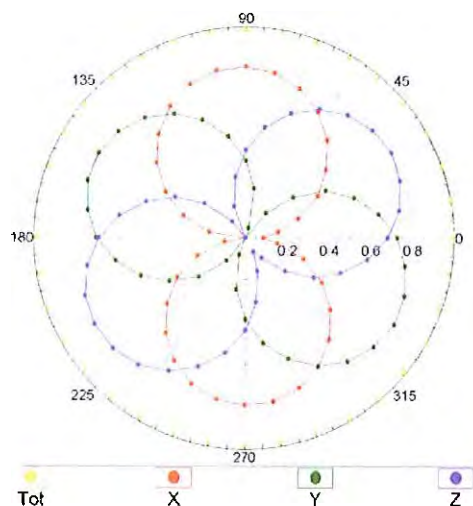
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



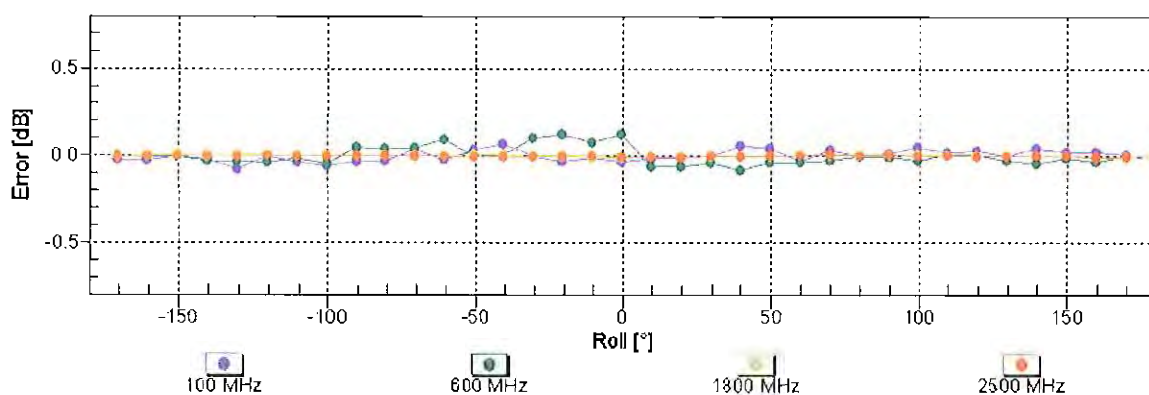
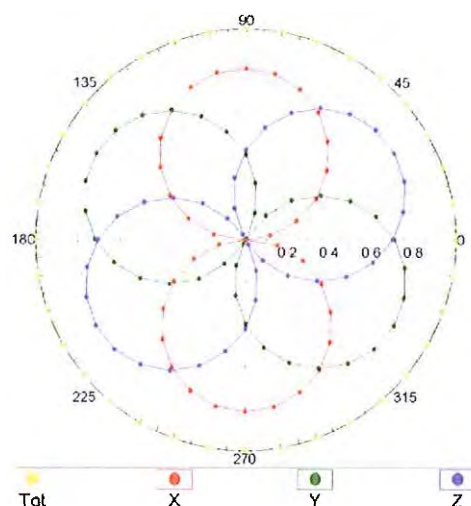
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

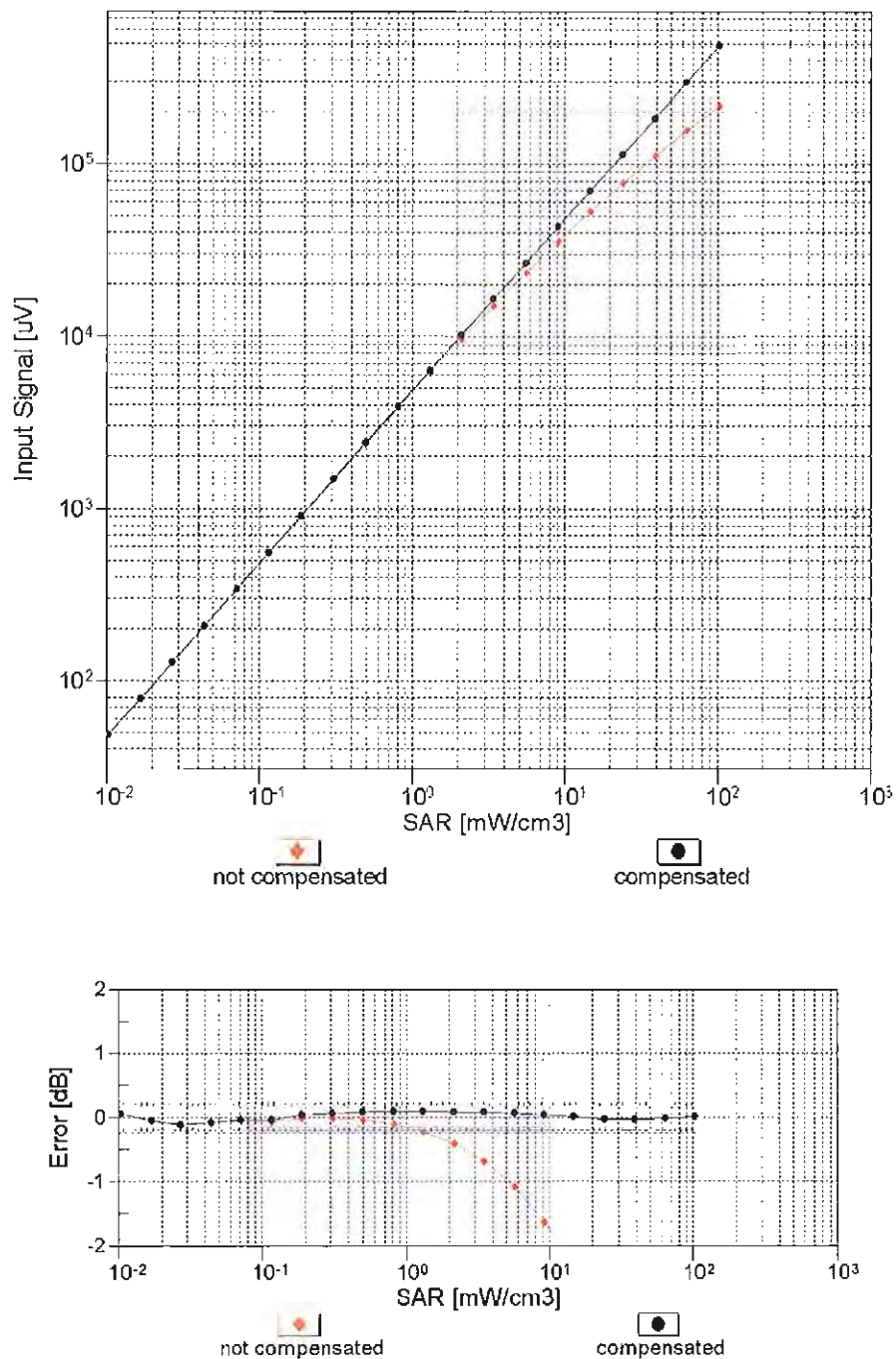


f=1800 MHz,R22



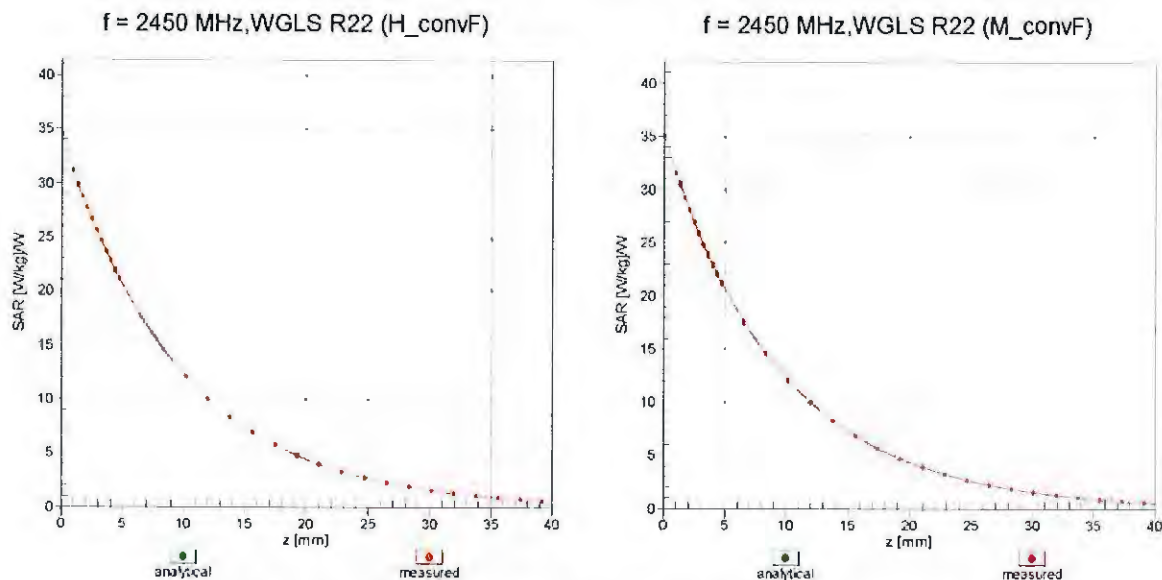
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )



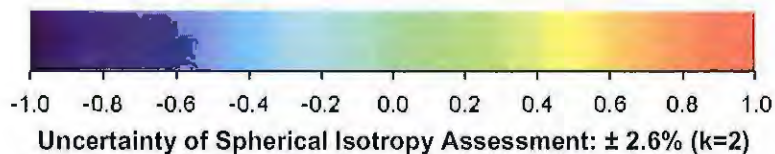
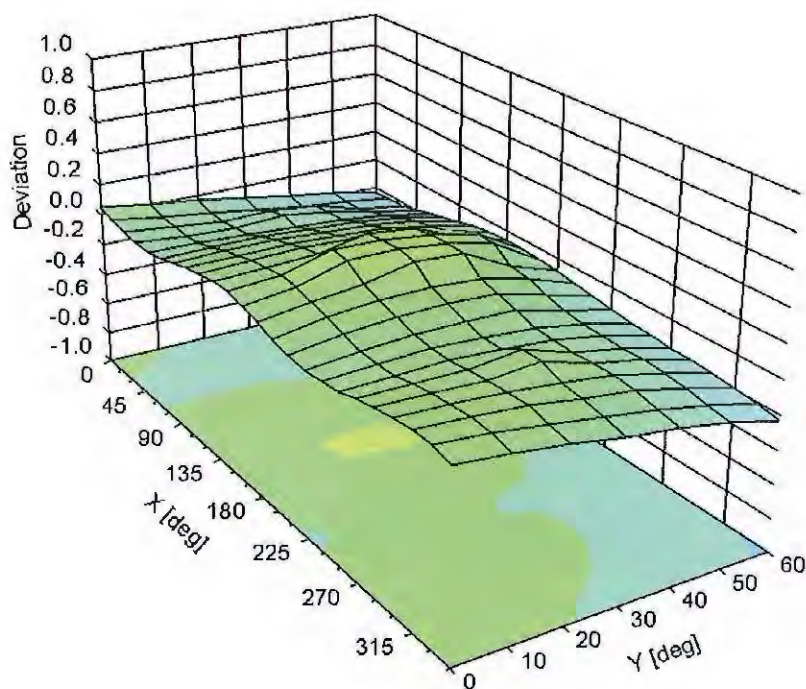
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3728

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | -30.5      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disabled   |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337 mm     |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10 mm      |
| Tip Length                                    | 9 mm       |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5 mm     |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1 mm       |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm       |

## **Appendix 7**

### **Dipole Characterization Certificates**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **D750V3-1040\_Aug11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D750V3 - SN: 1040**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**  
**Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **August 10, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards           | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.)     | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A        | GB37480704         | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)      | Oct-11                |
| Power sensor HP 8481A       | US37292783         | 06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)      | Oct-11                |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator  | SN: S5086 (20b)    | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)      | Apr-12                |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)      | Apr-12                |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3      | SN: 3205           | 29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11) | Apr-12                |
| DAE4                        | SN: 601            | 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) | Jul-12                |

| Secondary Standards       | ID #             | Check Date (in house)             | Scheduled Check        |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A     | MY41092317       | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06   | 100005           | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | In house check: Oct-11 |

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** **Dimce Iliev** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: August 10, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid        |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured  |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                        |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY5                  | V52.6.2     |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Modular Flat Phantom   |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                  | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm      |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz    |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 41.9           | 0.89 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 42.3 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.92 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 2.15 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>8.40 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | condition          |                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 1.40 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.50 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 55.5           | 0.96 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 55.6 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.96 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b> | < 0.5 °C            | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                | 250 mW input power | 2.20 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                         | normalized to 1W   | <b>8.80 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b> |

| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b> | condition          |                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 1.45 mW / g                                      |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>5.80 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b> |

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.9 $\Omega$ - 1.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 30.0 dB                      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.5 $\Omega$ - 3.4 j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 28.4 dB                      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.039 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG         |
| Manufactured on | July 28, 2011 |

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1040**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

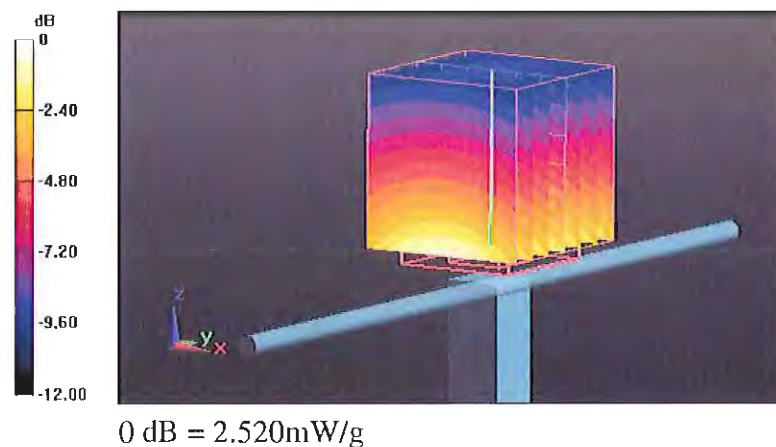
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0054 dB

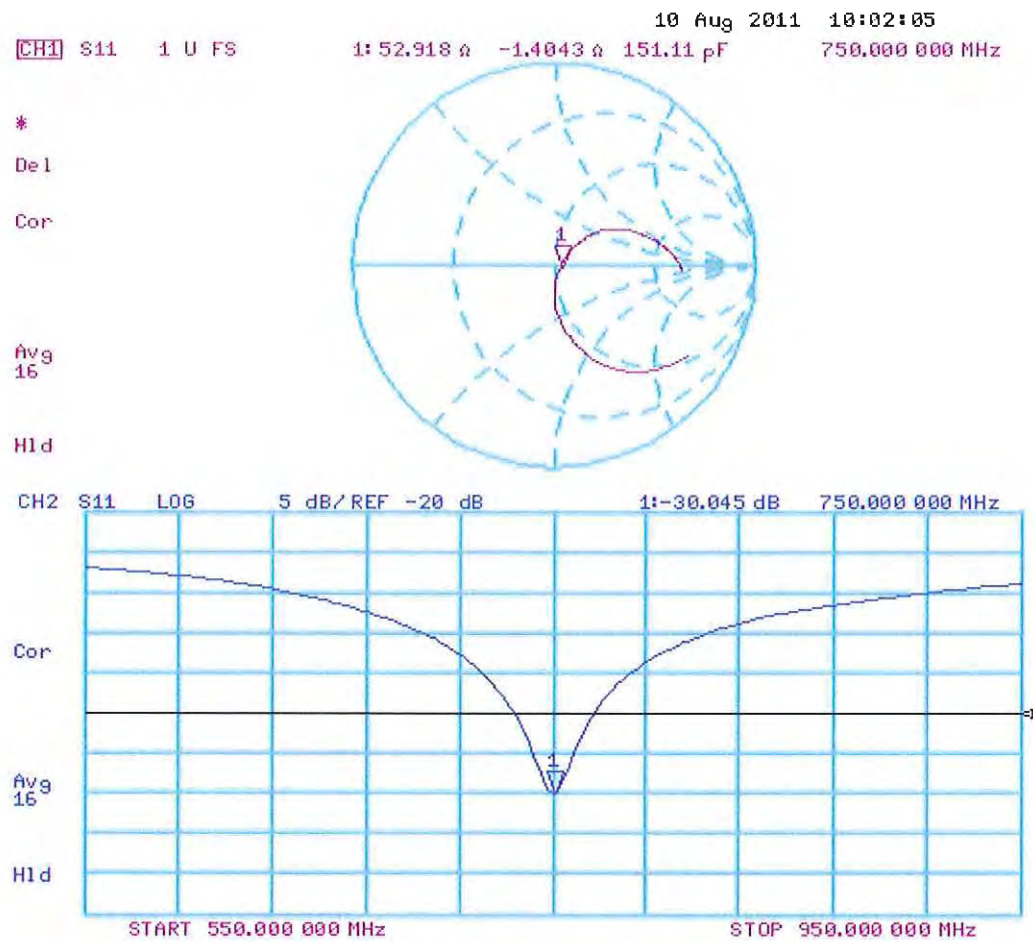
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.262 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.521 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1040**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

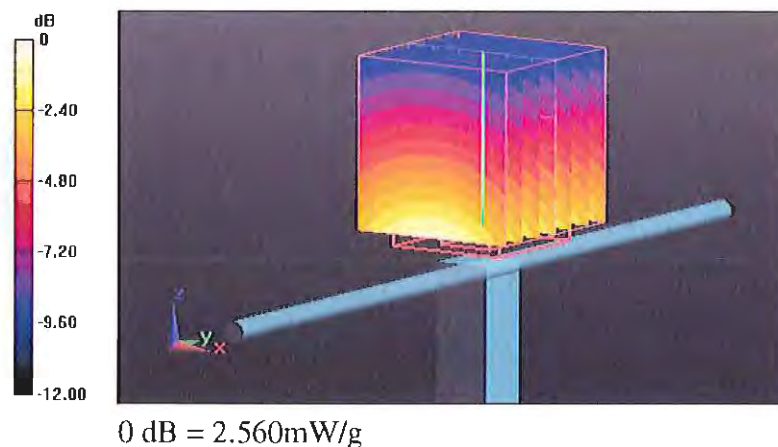
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.823 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0096 dB

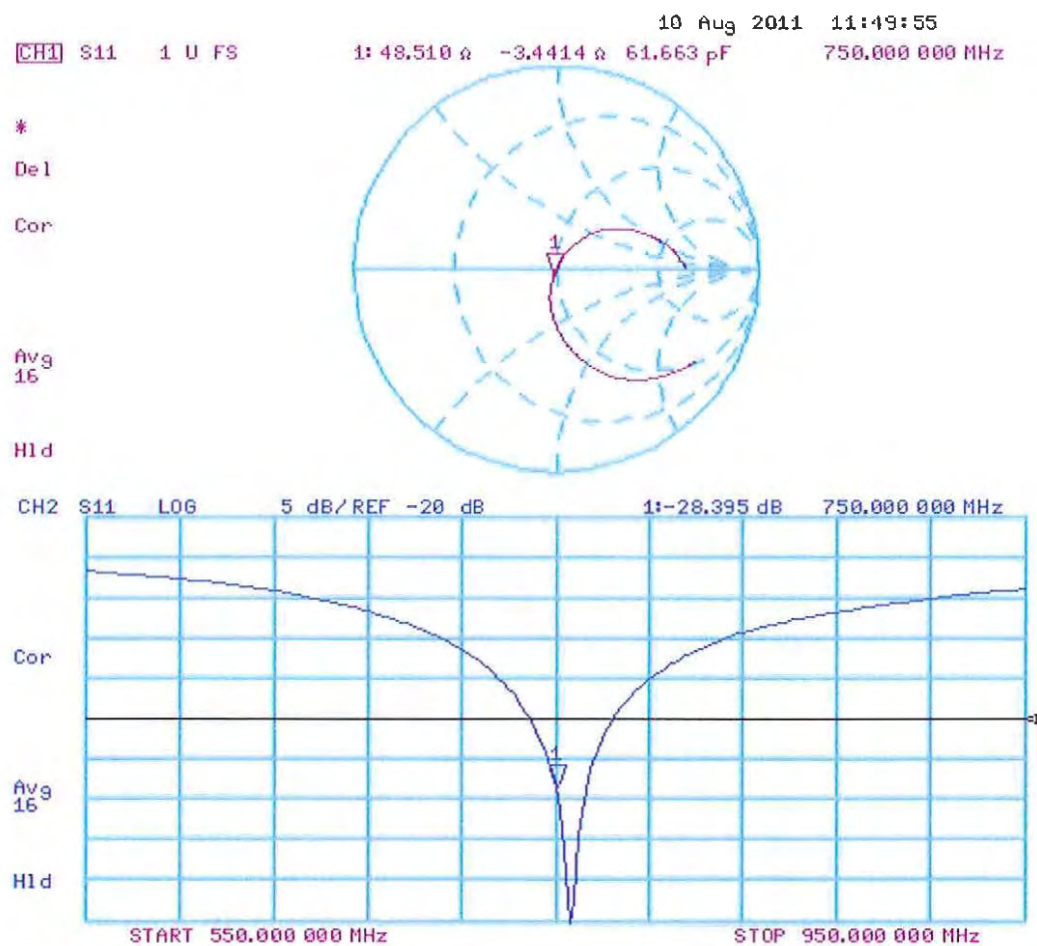
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.264 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.563 mW/g



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



# MOTOROLA MOBILITY, EME Laboratories

## Extension of Dipole Calibration Interval

FCD-1954, Rev.2

Dipole SN: 1040

Date of last external calibration: 8/10/2011

External calibration performed by: SPEAG

|                                                                                                                 | Original<br>Calibration Data:<br>8/10/2011 | 1st Extension<br>Internal<br>Verification:<br>8/8/2012 | 2nd Extension<br>Internal<br>Verification:<br>7/9/2013 | Accept / Reject |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Return loss (dB):</b><br><i>Verify &lt; -20dB &amp; within 20% of original</i>                               | -30                                        | -27.2                                                  | -25.8                                                  | Accept          |
| <b>Impedance, Real (<math>\Omega</math>):</b><br><i>Verify within +/-5 <math>\Omega</math> of original</i>      | 52.9                                       | 55.3                                                   | 50.5                                                   | Accept          |
| <b>Impedance, Imaginary (<math>\Omega</math>):</b><br><i>Verify within +/-5 <math>\Omega</math> of original</i> | -1.4                                       | -3.2                                                   | -0.1                                                   | Accept          |

### Conclusion:

Based on the requirements of KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz, it has been concluded that the dipole identified above has qualified for extension of its calibration interval for one additional year.

This review shall be repeated annually, but not to exceed a maximum 3 years from the most recent manufacturer's calibration.

### First Extension Period:

Approved extension period: 1 Year

Previous due date: 8/10/2012

**NEW DUE DATE: 8/10/2013**

*2 years from date of last external calibration*

Authorized by: Marge Kaunas

### Second Extension Period:

Approved extension period: 1 Year

Previous due date: 8/10/2013

**NEW DUE DATE: 8/10/2014**

*3 years from date of last external calibration*

Authorized by: Marge Kaunas