Exhibit 11: SAR Test Report IHDT56DC1

Date of test: 08/20/2004 to 09/02/2004
Date of Report: 09/14/2004

Laboratory:
Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory
600 N. US Highway 45
Room: MW113
Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Test Responsible:
Albert Patapack
Senior Staff Engineer

Accreditation: This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests:	Procedures:
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999 (SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991 IEEE P1528 (*DRAFT*) FCC OET Bulletin 65 (*including Supplements A, B, C*) Australian Communications Authority Radio Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human Exposure) Standard 1999 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
Simulated Tissue Preparation	APP-0247
RF Power Measurement	DOI-0876, 0900, 0902, 0904, 0915

<u>On the following products or types of products</u>:
Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance:
Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

Table of Contents

1 Introduction

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56DC1). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

2 Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Antenna description

Type	External	
Location	Upper Right	
Dimensions	Length	86 mm
	Width	8 mm
Configuration	Extendable Whip	

2.2 Device description

FCC ID Number	IHDT56DC1		
Serial number	33F8E5ED & 33F8E616		
Mode(s) of Operation	800 AMPS	800 CDMA	1900 PCS
Modulation Mode(s)	AMPS	CDMA	PCS
Maximum Output Power Setting	27.80dBm	25.00dBm	25.00dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	824.04 – 848.97 MHz	824.70 – 848.31 MHz	1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2..908)	Identical Prototype		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled		

3 Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy3™ v3.1d) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.7% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±23.0% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY3 DAE V1	437	03/16/2005
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1398	02/16/2005
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	80	04/02/2005
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1153	
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	254TR	02/16/2005
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1159	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04632	10/10/2004
Power Meter E4419B	GB39510961	01/08/2005
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39211006	07/21/2005
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39211007	07/21/2005
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172529	10/29/2004
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US99360070	N/A

4 Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r, and the conductivity, σ, of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ε_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	**Measured,** 08/20/2004	41.7	0.92	20.0
		Measured, 08/21/2004	41.6	0.90	20.0
		Measured, 08/25/2004	40.8	0.89	20.0
		Measured, 08/27/2004	41.0	0.90	20.2
		Measured, 09/02/2004	42.5	0.91	20.6
		Recommended Limits	41.5 ±5%	0.90 ±5%	18-25
	Body	**Measured,** 09/01/2004	54.9	0.98	19.9
		Recommended Limits	55.2 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25
1880	Head	**Measured,** 08/24/2004	38.0	1.45	19.5
		Measured, 08/25/2004	38.3	1.47	19.9
		Recommended Limits	40.0 ±5%	1.40 ±5%	18-25
	Body	**Measured,** 08/27/2004	52.4	1.59	20.0
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	800MHz Head	800MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	--	30.80
DGBE	--	--	47.0	--
Water	40.45	53.06	52.8	68.91
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.2	0.29
HEC	1.0	1.0	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5 System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY3 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated on the dipole certification sheet. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ε_r	σ (S/m)		
900	**Measured,** 08/20/2004	11.25	41.0	0.98	20.0	20.0
	Measured, 08/21/2004	11.1	40.9	0.96	20.0	20.1
	Measured, 08/25/2004	11.05	40.2	0.95	20.0	20.4
	Measured, 08/27/2004	11.25	40.3	0.96	20.0	20.0
	Measured, 09/01/2004	11.4	42.1	0.99	21.0	19.9
	Measured, 09/02/2004	11.2	41.7	0.97	20.0	20.6
	Recommended Limits	11.4	41.5 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25	18-25
1800	**Measured,** 08/24/2004	40.7	38.3	1.36	19.5	20.0
	Measured, 08/25/2004	40.15	38.6	1.37	20.0	19.1
	Measured, 08/27/2004	40.2	40.4	1.36	20.0	19.5
	Recommended Limits	40.7	40.0 ±5%	1.4 ±5%	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1398	900	6.29	7 of 8
		1800	5.04	7 of 8

6 Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement. C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled "*Devices Operating Next To A Person's Ear* ". These directions state "The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)."

The DASY v3.1d SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The phone was positioned into the measurement configurations using the positioner supplied with the DASY 3.1d SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (± 30%) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56DC1) has the following battery options:

Model #SNN5654A - 1050mAH Battery
Model #SNN5723A - 850mAH Battery

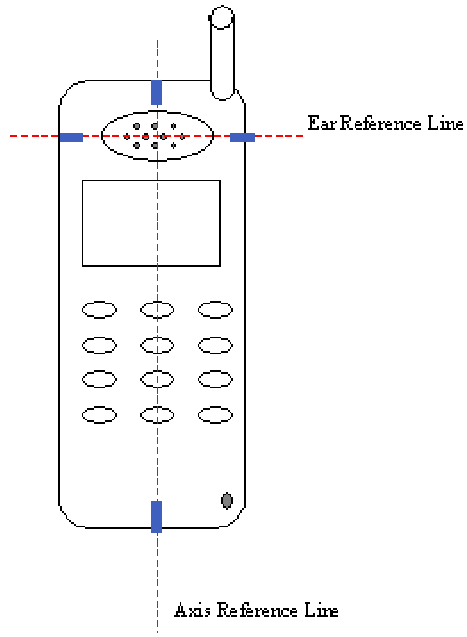
The battery with the highest capacity is the SNN5654A. This battery was used to do most of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery. The configuration that resulted in the highest SAR values were tested using the other battery listed above.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

To aid in positioning repeatability, the ear reference line of the device and the axis reference line of the device have been physically added using a non-metallic marker.

- Per Figure 1, the "Ear Reference Line" is centered vertically through the center of the listening area (as defined by the speaker holes in the housing).
- The "Axis Reference Line" bisects the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges.
- The intersection of these two lines defines the location of the "Ear Reference Point".

The lines drawn on the device extended to the outside edges, as shown in blue in the figure below, & wrap around the sides of the device.



The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 5 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Supplement C.

Note that, since the AMPS and 800CDMA head adjacent SAR values were less than or equal to that previously reported, the values included in tables 1 through 5 are for reference only. This data has been included to show that the head adjacent SAR values did not significantly increase from that previously reported. As such, no SAR distribution plots for phantom head adjacent use have been included in Appendix 2 of this document. The SAR distribution plots for phantom head adjacent use that were included in Appendix 2 of the original filing report should still be considered to apply.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1398	900	6.29	7 of 8
		1800	5.04	7 of 8

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79	0.771	-0.07	0.78	19.9				
	Channel 384	27.86	0.866	-0.1	0.89	19.9	**0.62**	**0.01**	**0.62**	**19.9**
	Channel 799	27.71	**0.915**	**-0.05**	**0.93**	**19.9**				
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.871	0.01	0.87	19.7				
	Channel 384	24.99	0.989	0.03	0.99	19.7	**0.592**	**-0.08**	**0.60**	**19.7**
	Channel 779	25.01	**1.21**	**0.01**	**1.21**	**19.7**				
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90					0.709	-0.75	0.84	19.6
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.551**	**0.46**	**0.55**	**19.6**	**0.86**	**-0.61**	**0.99**	**19.6**
	Channel 1175	24.99					0.766	-0.37	0.83	19.6

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Right Head (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79	0.906	-0.23	0.96	20.0				
	Channel 384	27.86	1.064	-0.14	1.10	20.0	**0.73**	**-0.21**	**0.77**	**20.0**
	Channel 799	27.71	**1.073**	**-0.1**	**1.10**	**19.8**				
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.768	-0.18	0.80	19.6				
	Channel 384	24.99	0.844	-0.20	0.88	19.6	0.642	-0.17	0.67	19.6
	Channel 779	25.01	**1.014**	**-0.11**	**1.04**	**19.6**				
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90					0.835	-0.26	0.89	19.5
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.493**	**-0.02**	**0.50**	**19.5**	**0.919**	**-0.37**	**1.00**	**19.5**
	Channel 1175	24.99					0.831	-0.39	0.91	19.5

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Left Head (15° Tilt Position)							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79								
	Channel 384	27.86	**0.194**	**0.08**	**0.19**	**19.8**	**0.133**	**0.08**	**0.13**	**19.8**
	Channel 799	27.71								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	24.99	**0.157**	**-0.08**	**0.16**	**20.0**	**0.124**	**0.24**	**0.12**	**19.6**
	Channel 779	25.01								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90								
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.25**	**-0.20**	**0.26**	**19.5**	**0.431**	**-0.46**	**0.48**	**19.5**
	Channel 1175	24.99								

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	**Right Head (15° Tilt Position)**							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79								
	Channel 384	27.86	**0.169**	**0.04**	**0.17**	**19.7**	**0.116**	**0.09**	**0.12**	**19.8**
	Channel 799	27.71								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	24.99	**0.164**	**-0.07**	**0.17**	**19.7**	**0.119**	**-0.23**	**0.13**	**19.7**
	Channel 779	25.01								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90								
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.208**	**-0.61**	**0.24**	**19.2**	**0.414**	**-0.8**	**0.50**	**19.2**
	Channel 1175	24.99								

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the right head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	**Head with SNN5723A battery (Cheek / Touch Position)**							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Right Head Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79	0.805	-0.12	0.83	19.7				
	Channel 384	27.86	1.035	-0.06	1.05	19.6	**0.64**	**-0.07**	**0.65**	**19.6**
	Channel 799	27.71	**1.048**	**-0.12**	**1.08**	**19.7**				
Left Head Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.799	-0.04	0.81	19.6				
	Channel 384	24.99	0.829	-0.06	0.84	19.7	**0.675**	**-0.2**	**0.71**	**19.7**
	Channel 779	25.01	**1.122**	**-0.06**	**1.14**	**19.6**				
Right Head Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90					0.807	-0.14	0.83	19.6
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.501**	**0.03**	**0.50**	**19.7**	**0.936**	**0.01**	**0.94**	**19.6**
	Channel 1175	24.99					0.776	-0.3	0.83	19.6

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in table 5 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.
The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories’, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are two Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone:
A Plastic Holster and Belt Clip: Model #SYN0375A
An NFL case with Belt Clip: Model #14681

Both the leather pouch and the plastic holster were used for the SAR measurements.

Note that the AMPS and 800CDMA body worn SAR value, as well as some of the 1900CDMA body worn SAR values, were less than or equal to that previously reported. The values included in tables 6 through 8 are for reference only. This data has been included to show that the body worn SAR values did not increase from that previously reported. As such, SAR distribution plots for these body worn configurations have not been included in Appendix 3 of this document. The SAR distribution plots for these body worn configurations that were included in Appendix 3 of the original filing report should still be considered to apply.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1398	900	5.88	7 of 8
		1800	4.50	7 of 8

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn with 14681							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79								
	Channel 384	27.86	**0.284**	**0.16**	**0.28**	**19.9**	**0.172**	**0.04**	**0.17**	**19.9**
	Channel 799	27.71								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	24.99	**0.252**	**-0.01**	**0.25**	**20.0**	**0.149**	**-0.07**	**0.15**	**20.0**
	Channel 779	25.01								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90								
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.711**	**-0.14**	**0.73**	**20.0**	**0.52**	**-0.23**	**0.55**	**20.0**
	Channel 1175	24.99								

Table 6: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn with SYN0375A							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79								
	Channel 384	27.86	**0.382**	**-0.05**	**0.39**	**20.0**	**0.232**	**-0.06**	**0.24**	**20.0**
	Channel 799	27.71								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	24.99	**0.351**	**-0.02**	**0.35**	**20.0**	**0.212**	**0.05**	**0.21**	**20.0**
	Channel 779	25.01								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90								
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.609**	**-0.07**	**0.62**	**19.7**	**0.467**	**-0.05**	**0.47**	**19.7**
	Channel 1175	24.99								

Table 7: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Body Worn with SNN5723A & Accessory							
			Ant Extended				Ant Retracted			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
SYN0375A Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.79								
	Channel 384	27.86	**0.358**	**0.04**	**0.36**	**20.0**	**0.213**	**0.04**	**0.21**	**20.0**
	Channel 799	27.71								
14681 Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	24.99	**0.377**	**-0.12**	**0.39**	**19.9**	**0.213**	**0.04**	**0.21**	**19.9**
	Channel 779	25.01								
14681 Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.90	0.756	-0.16	0.78	20.0				
	Channel 600	24.99	**0.94**	**-0.16**	**0.98**	**20.0**	**0.495**	**0.02**	**0.50**	**20.0**
	Channel 1175	24.99	0.57	-0.66	0.66	20.0				

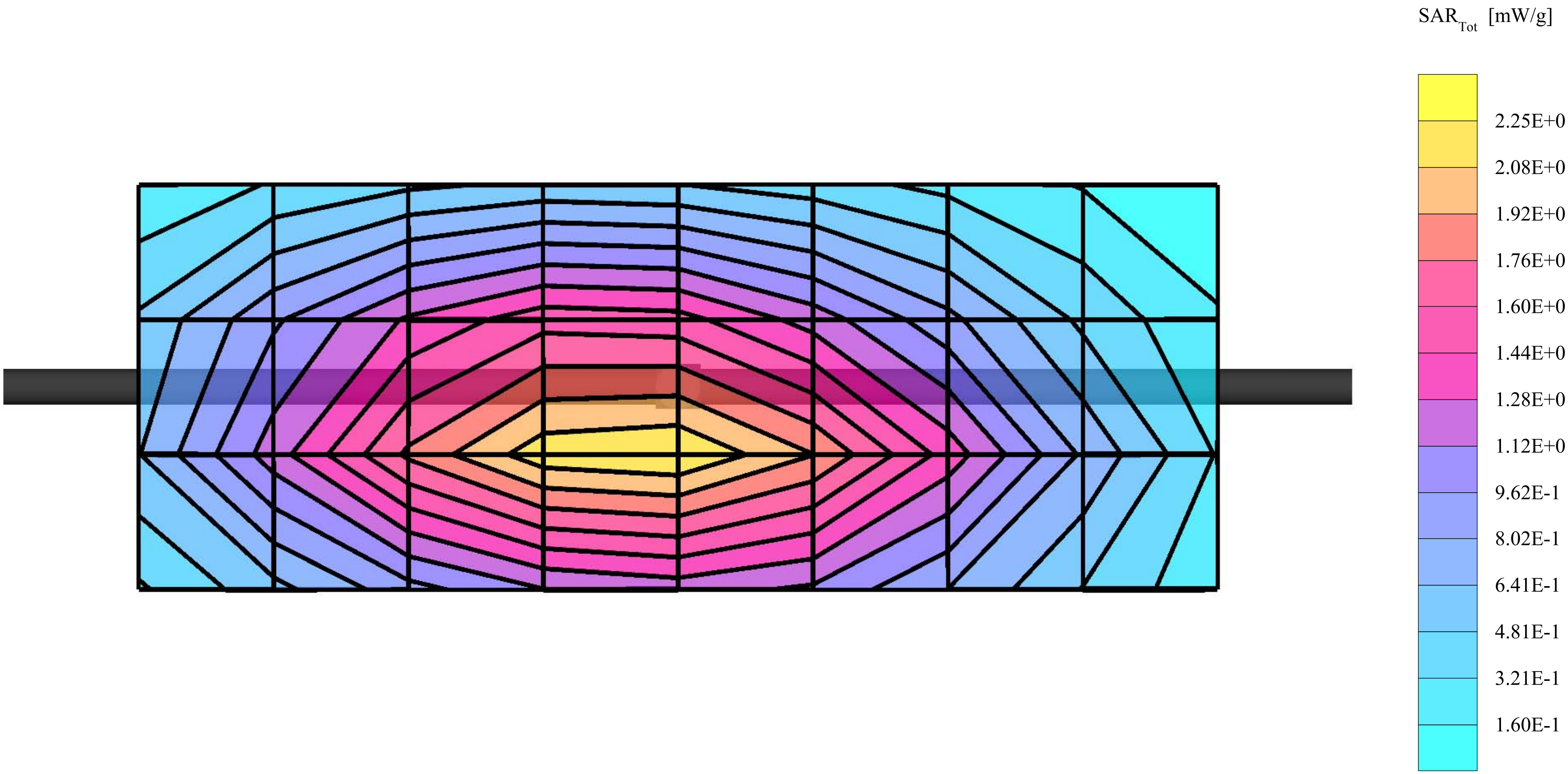
Table 8: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DC1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

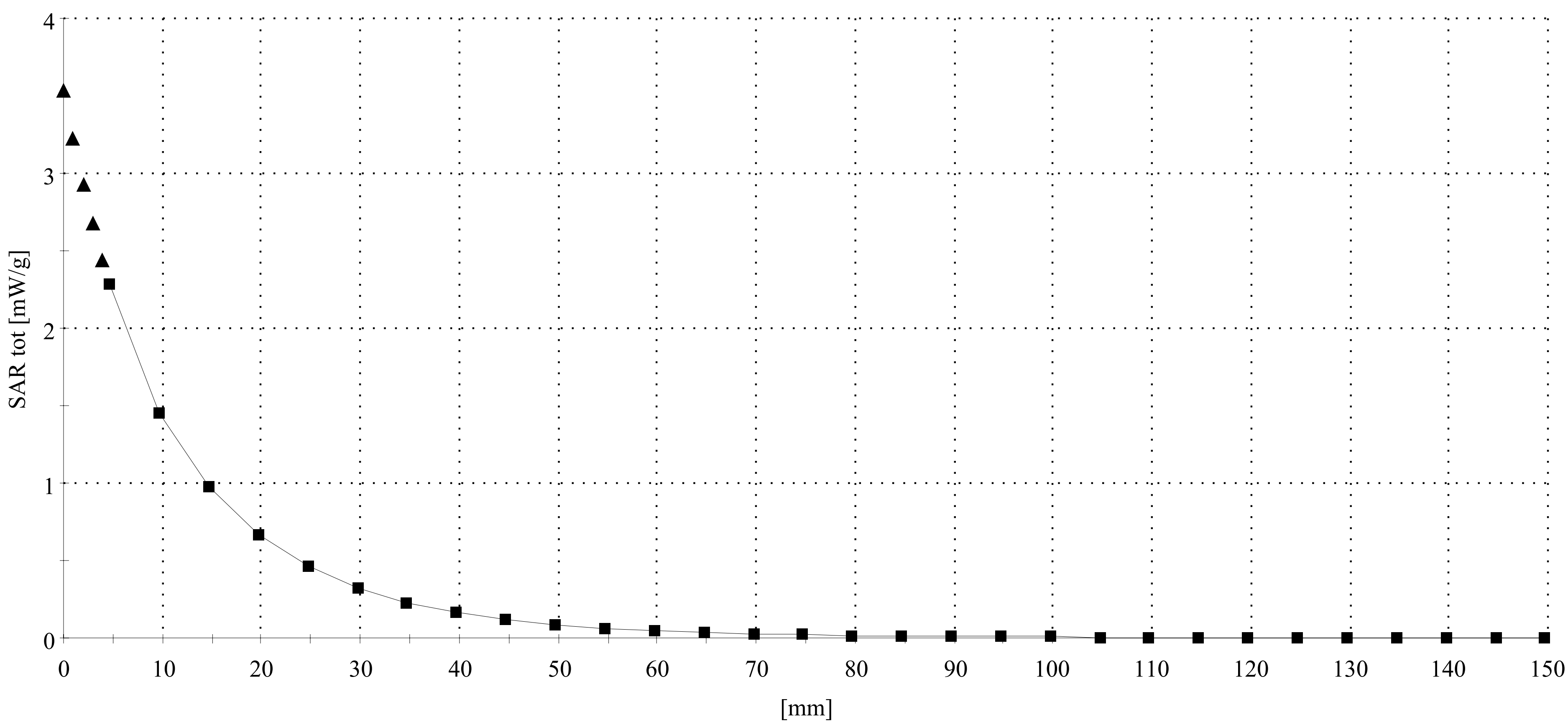
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.98 mho/m ε_r = 41.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.25 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 1.42 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.09 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.0$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]



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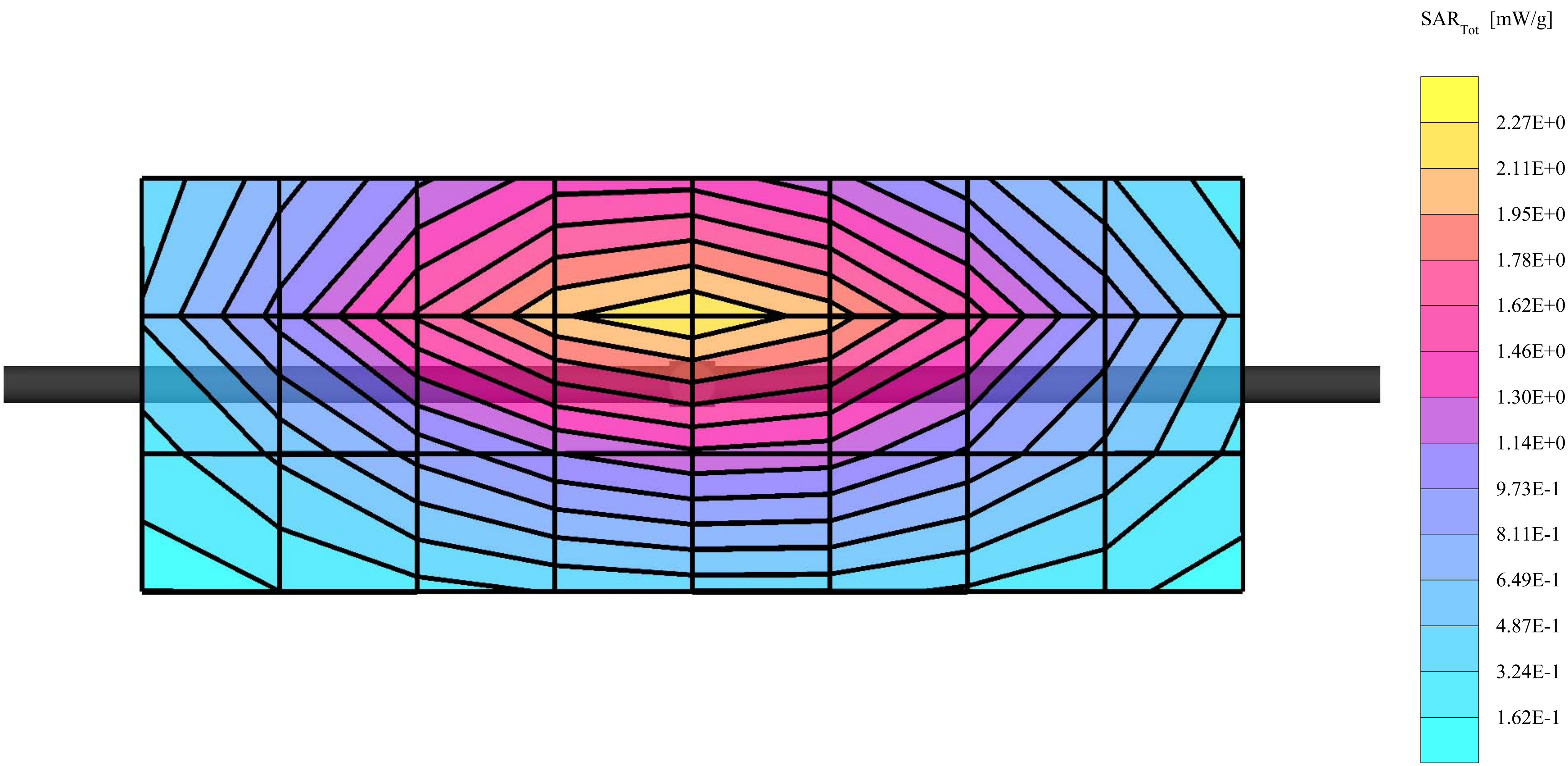
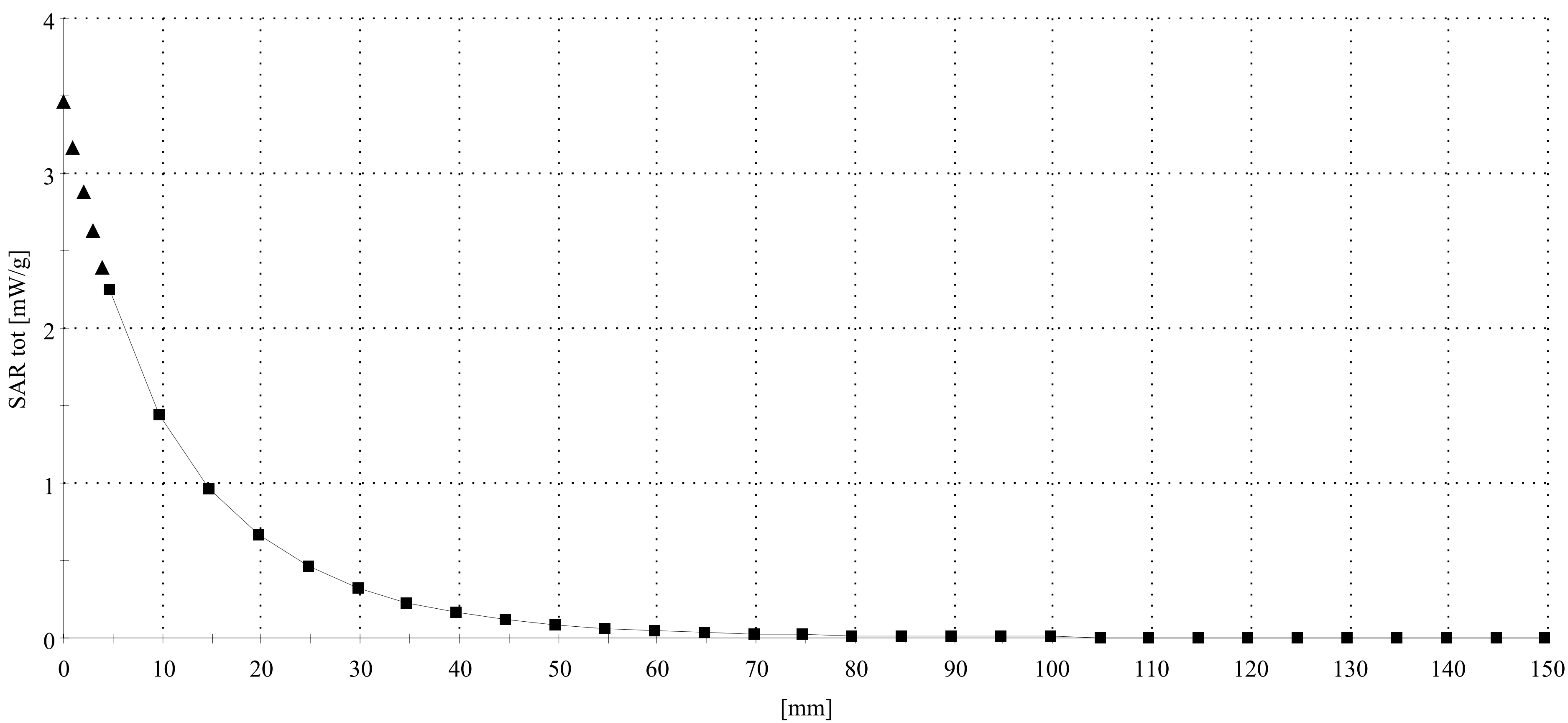
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 080
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20.0C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.1C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.96 mho/m ε_r = 40.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.22 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 1.41 mW/g ± 0.00 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.8) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.02 dB



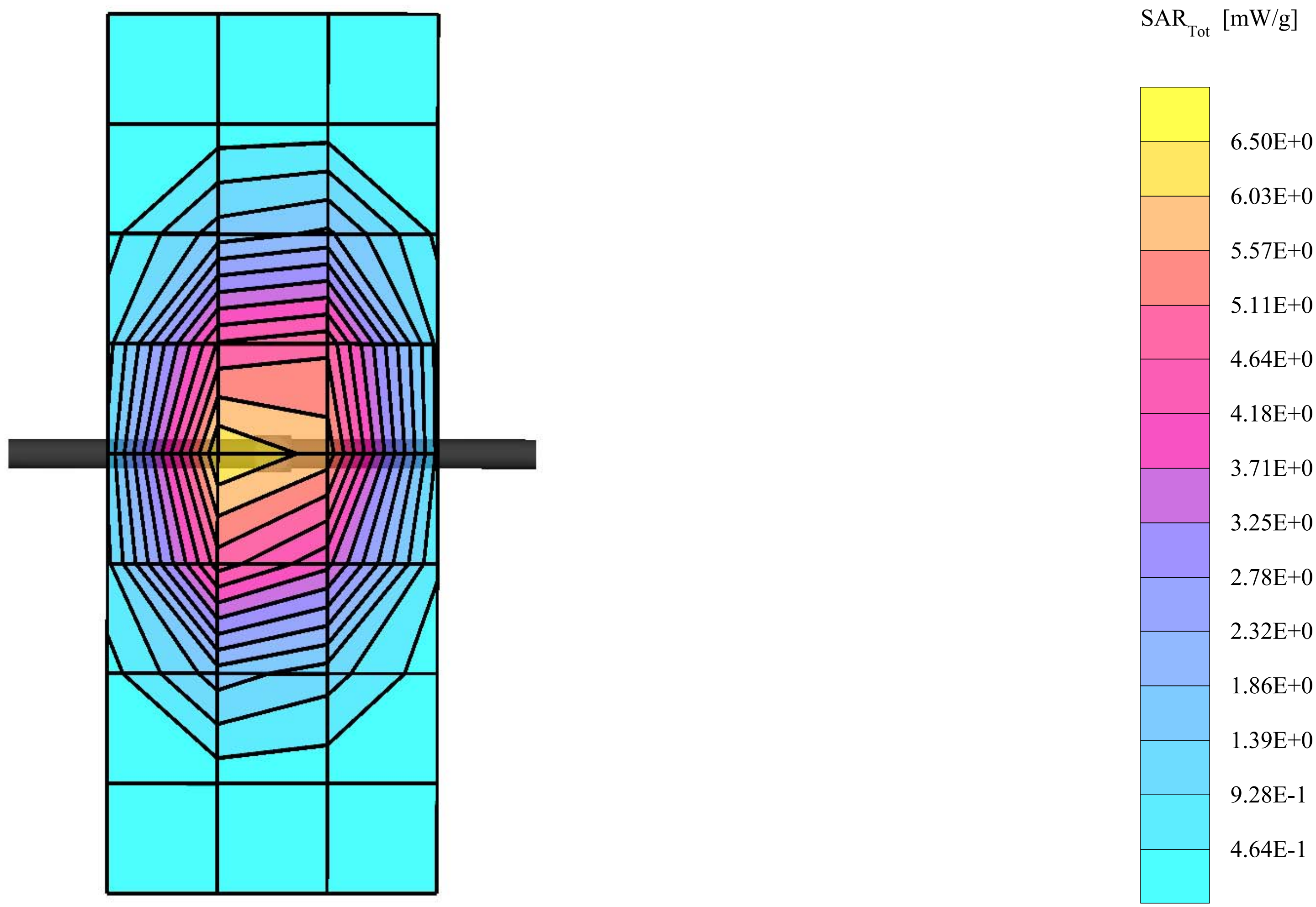
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 080
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20.0C   Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.1C   Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 40.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (11.0, 12.8) [mm]



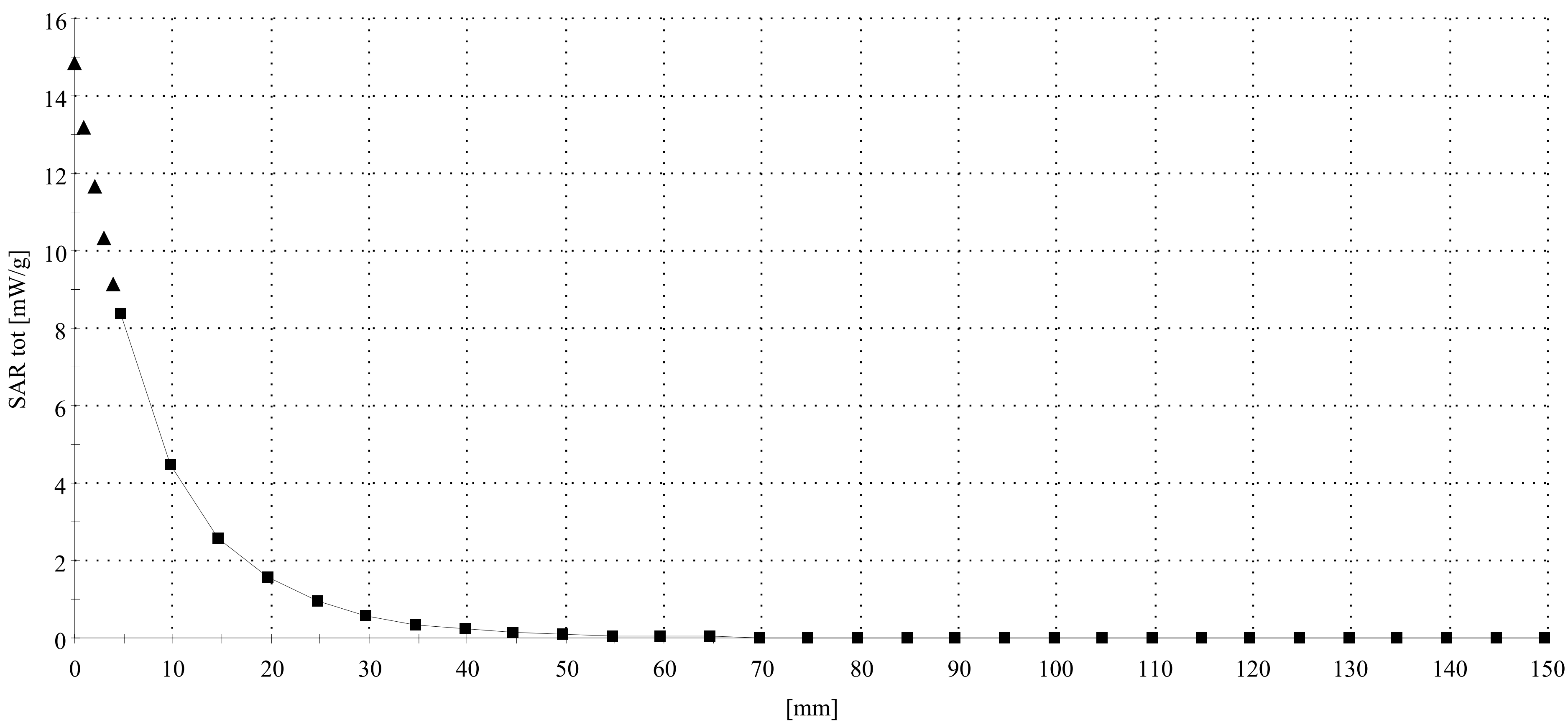
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251TR
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19.5C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.36 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 8.14 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 4.27 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.1, 9.2) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



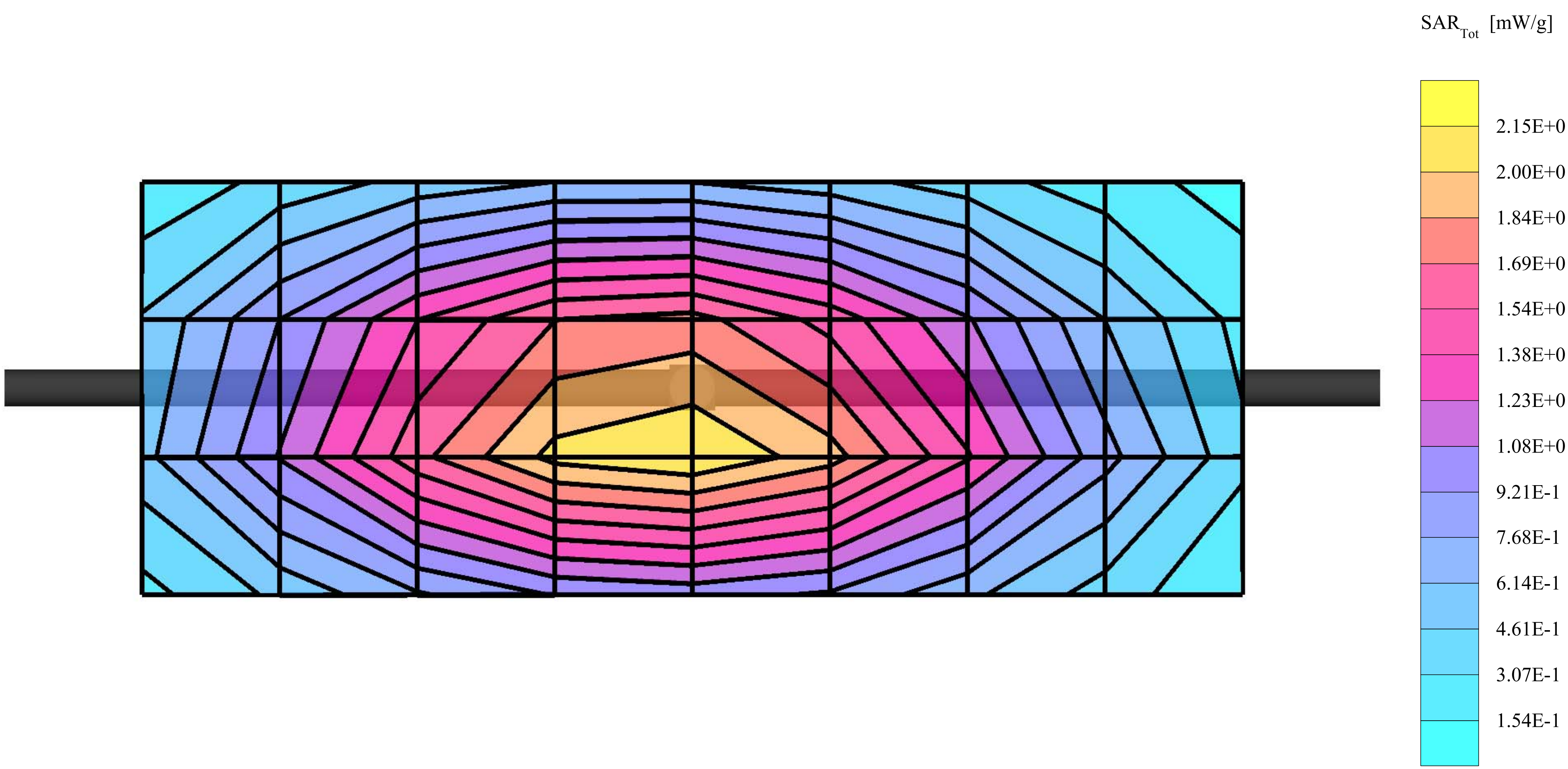
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251TR
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19.5C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 38.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.0, 9.2) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

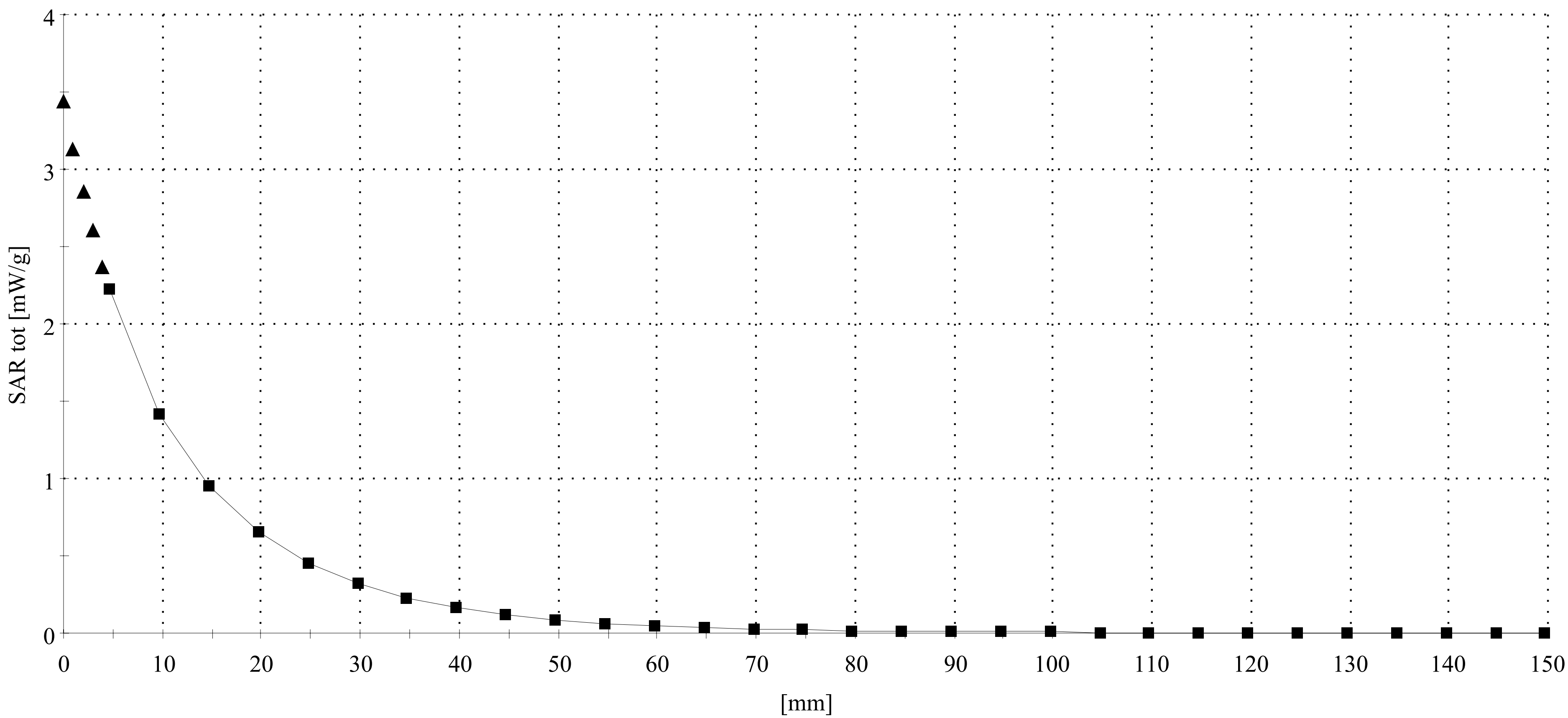
900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.4C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.95 mho/m ε_r = 40.2 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.21 mW/g ± 0.08 dB, SAR (10g): 1.40 mW/g ± 0.07 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.07 dB



08/25/04

Dipole 900 MHz

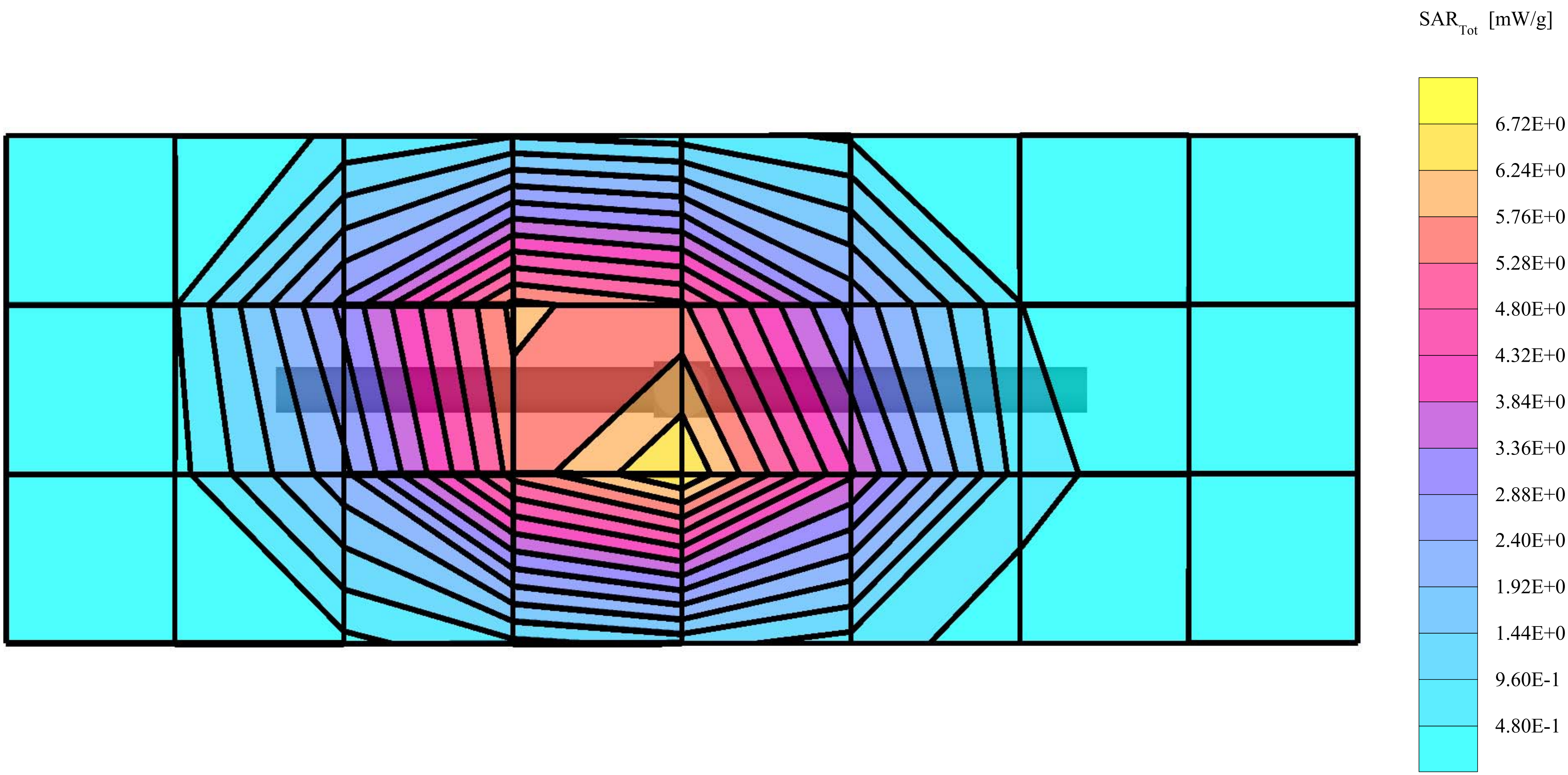
900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.4C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.95$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 40.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.8) [mm]



08/25/04

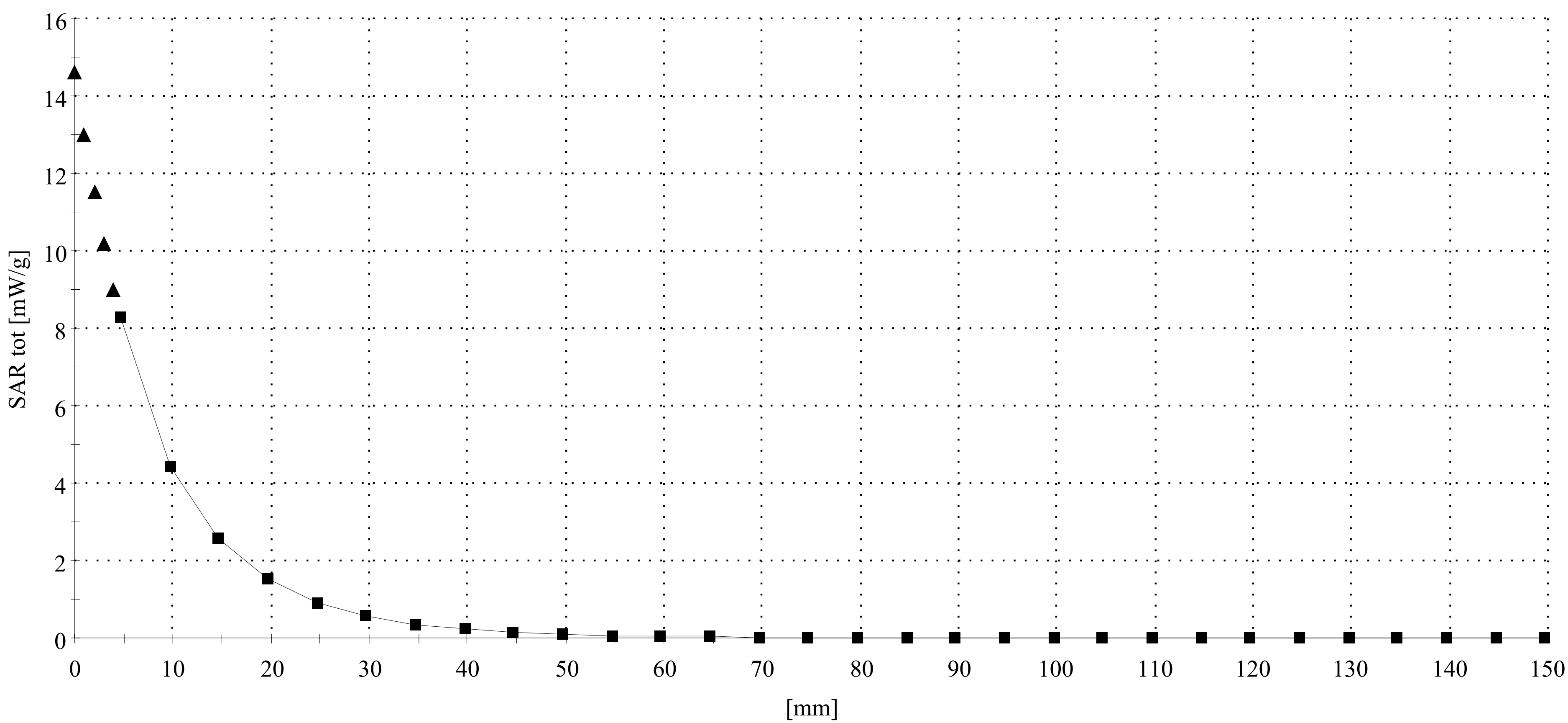
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251TR
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.1C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.37 mho/m ε_r = 38.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 8.03 mW/g ± 0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 4.25 mW/g ± 0.05 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.1, 9.1) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.01 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

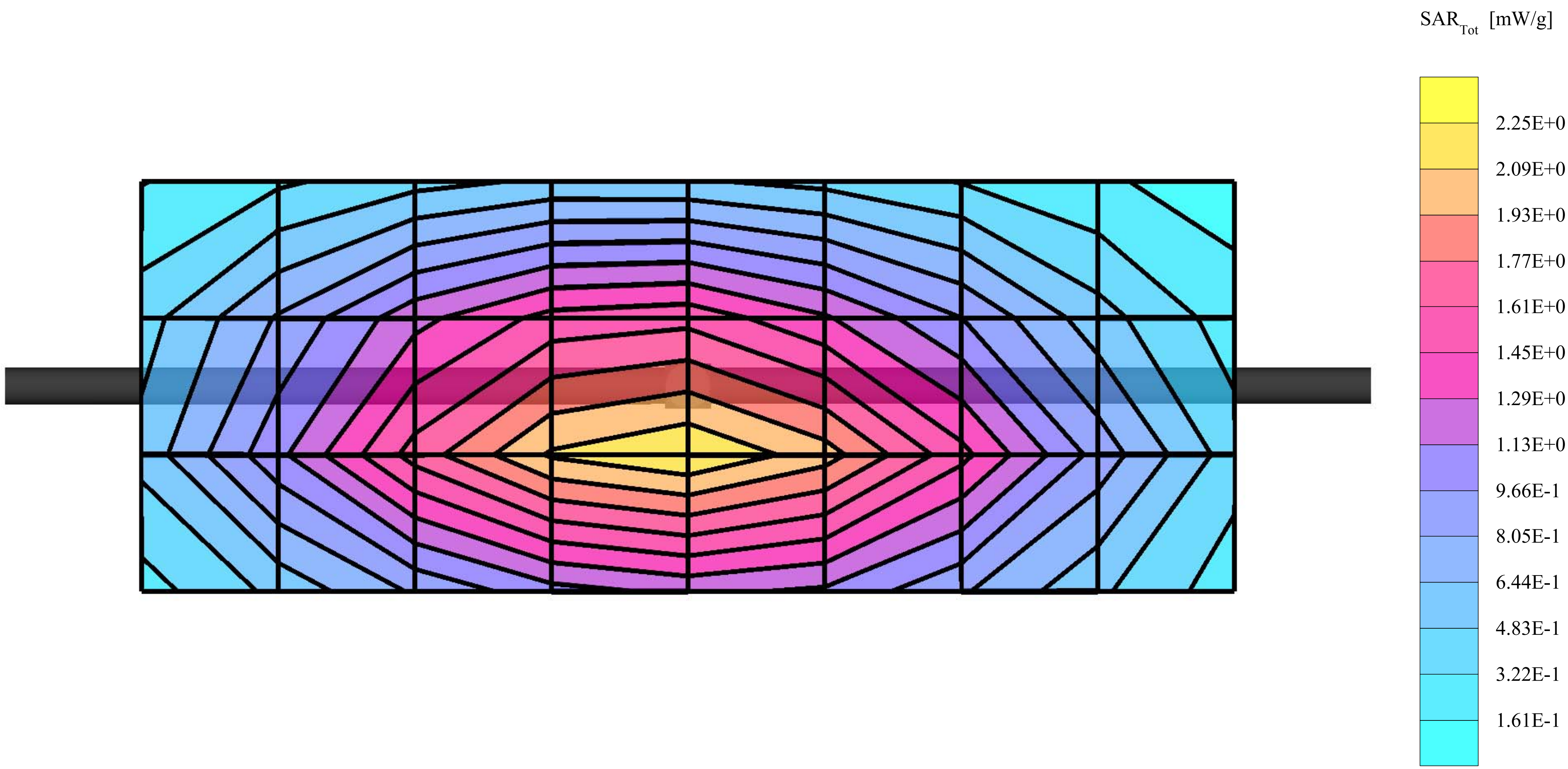
1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251TR
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.1C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.37 mho/m ε_r = 38.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.0, 9.2) [mm]



08/27/04

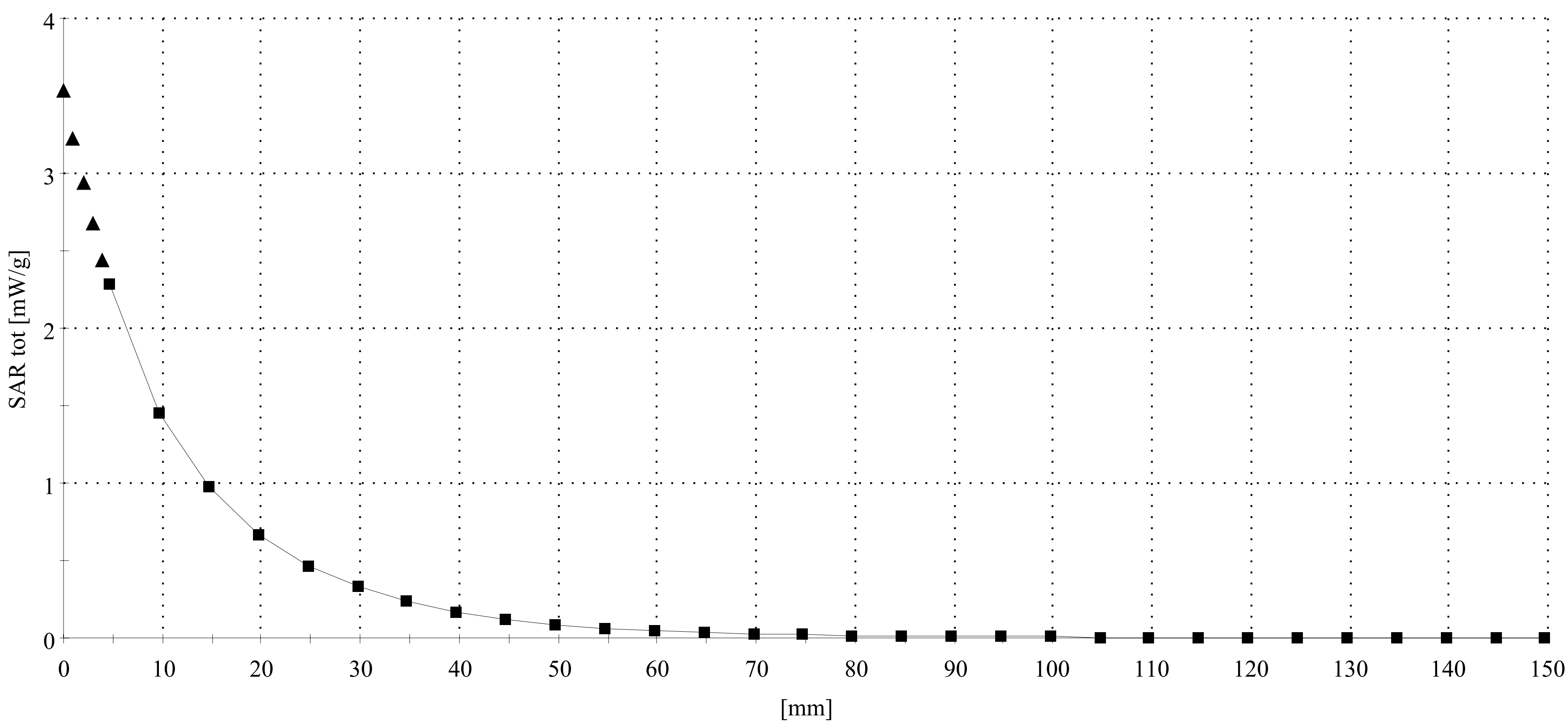
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20.2C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.96 mho/m ε_r = 40.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.25 mW/g ± 0.00 dB, SAR (10g): 1.42 mW/g ± 0.00 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.8) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.07 dB



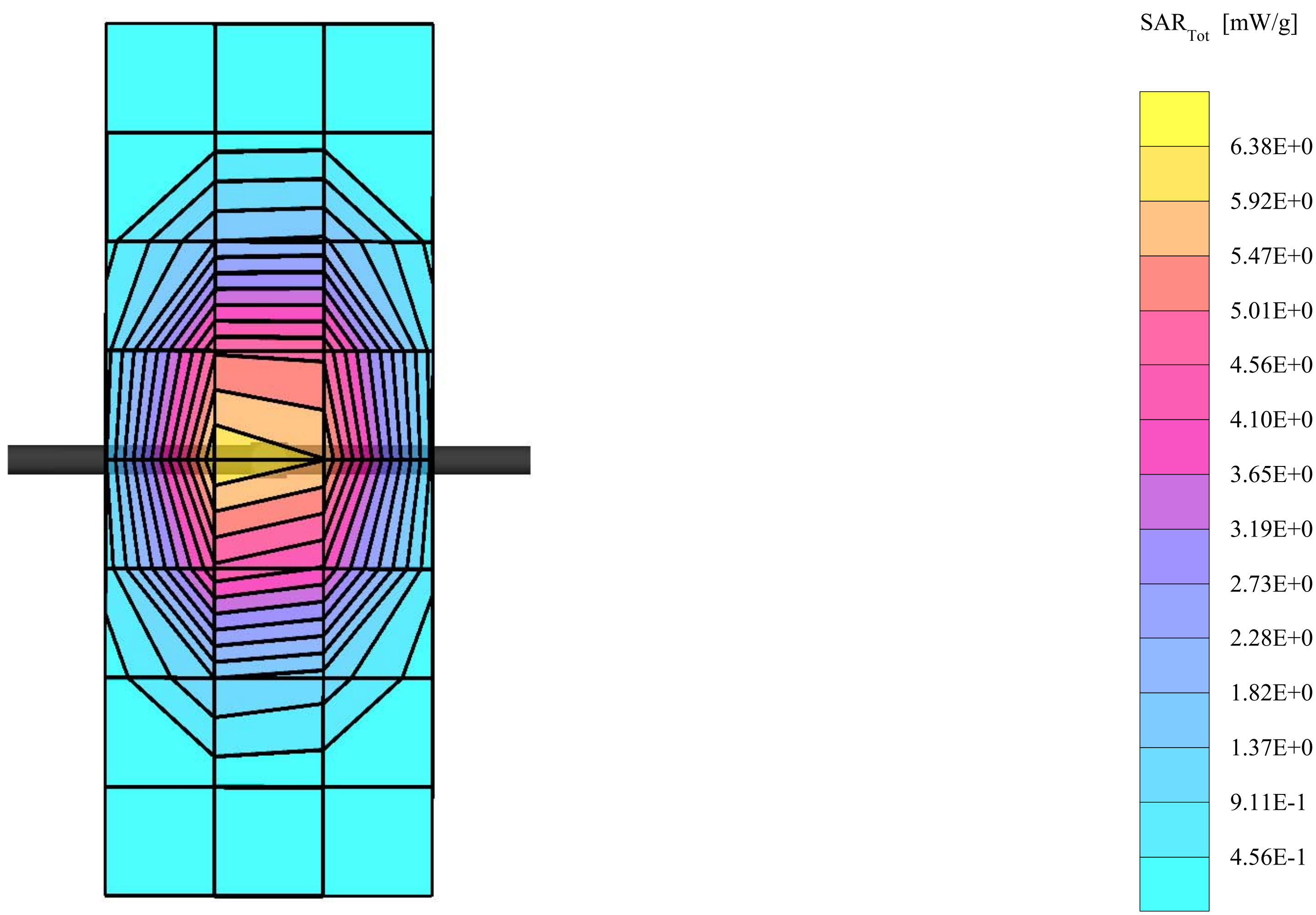
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20.2C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 40.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.8) [mm]



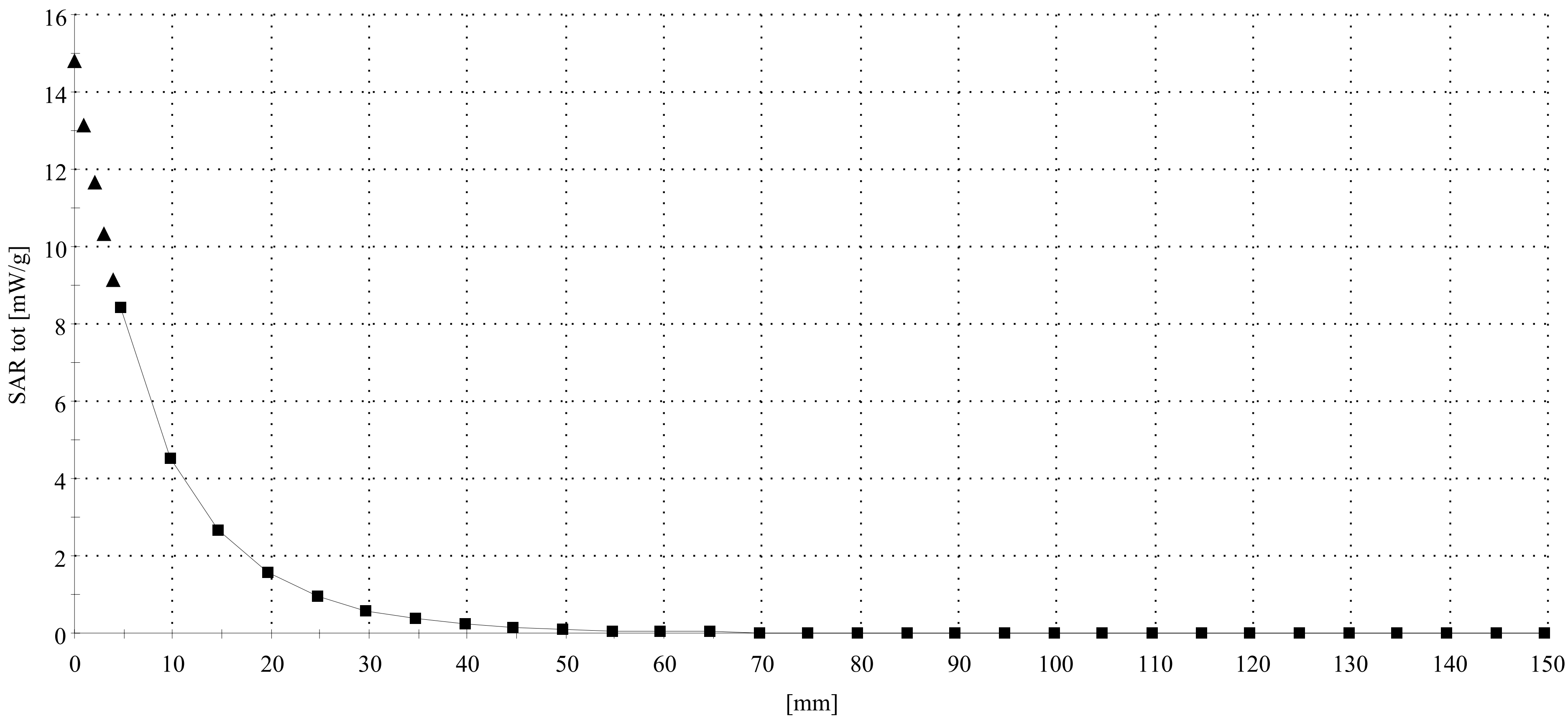
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251tr
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19.7C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.36 mho/m ε_r = 40.4 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 8.04 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 4.28 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 8.6 (8.2, 9.4) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



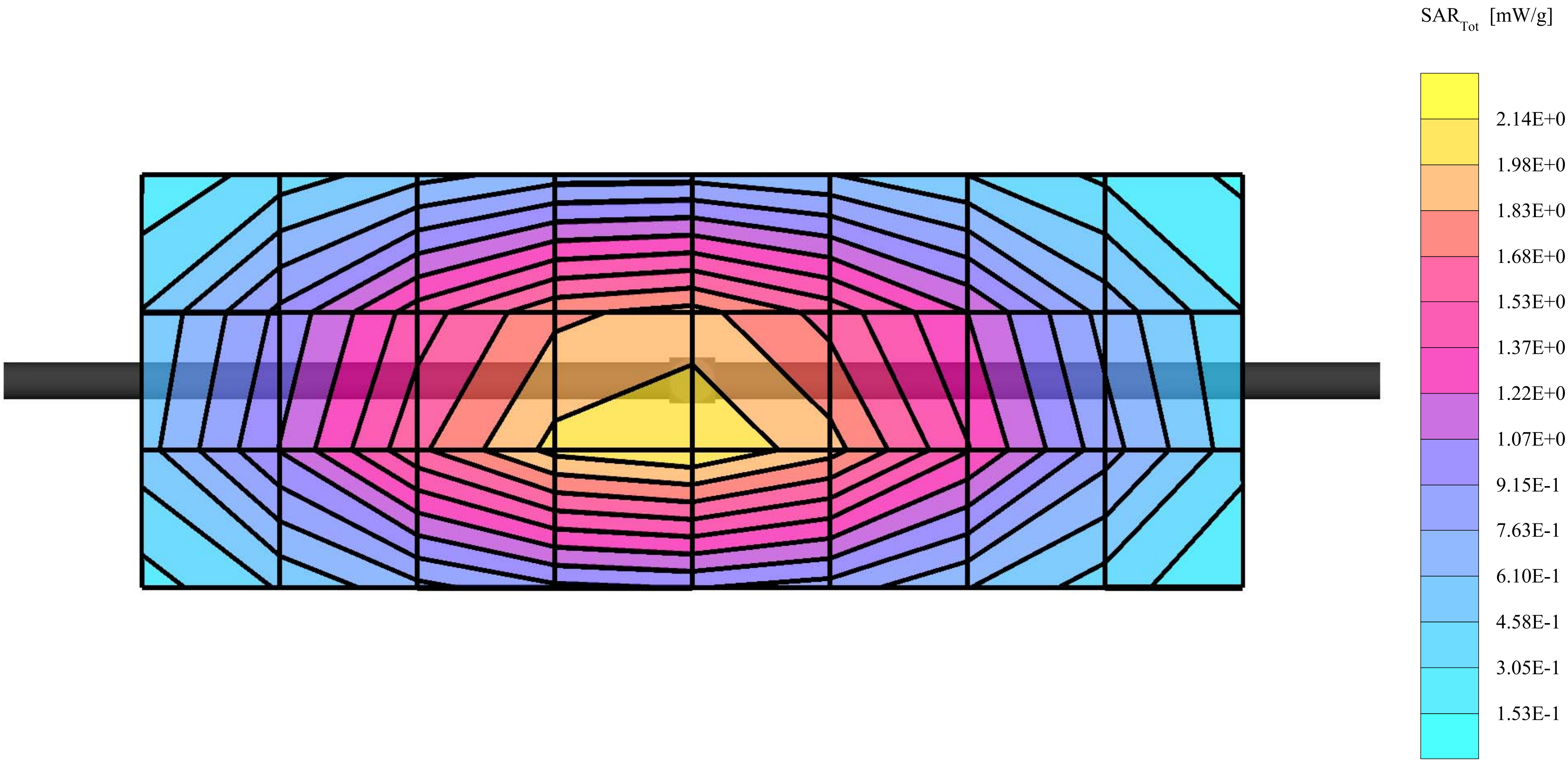
Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 251tr
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=19.7C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 1800 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.36 mho/m ε_r = 40.4 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.1, 9.3) [mm]



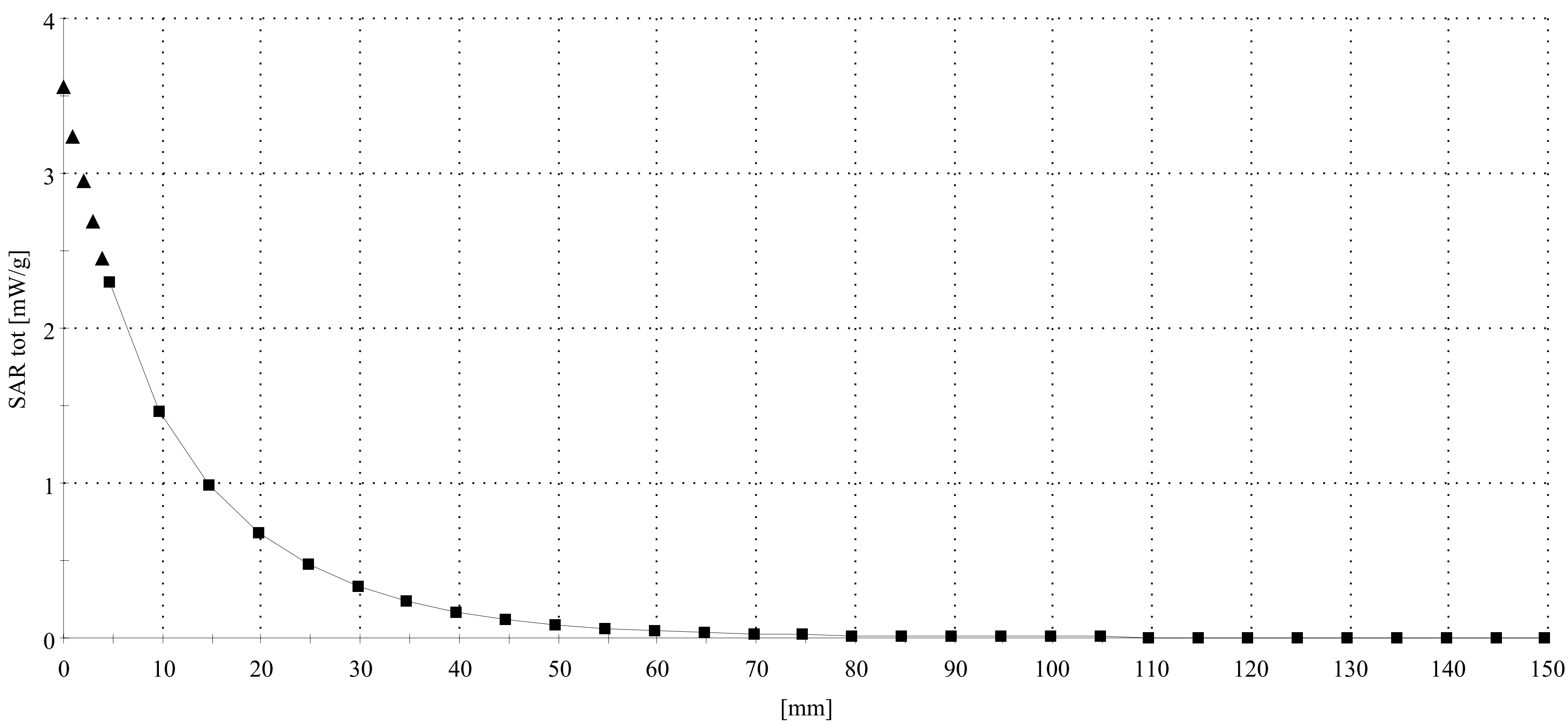
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C   Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9C   Room Temp @ SPC = 21C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.99 mho/m ε_r = 42.1 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.28 mW/g ± 0.00 dB, SAR (10g): 1.44 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.06 dB



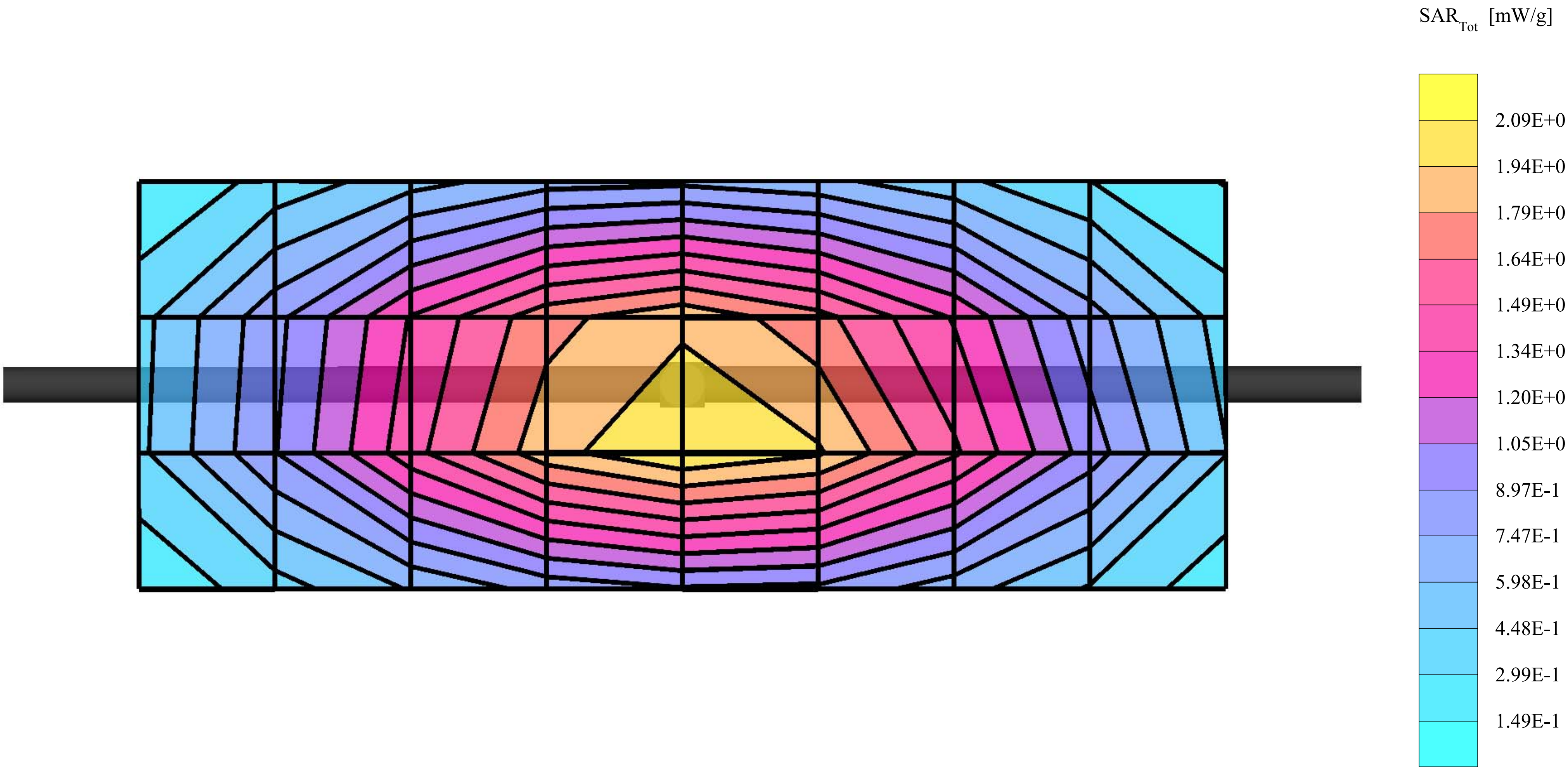
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 80
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas=20C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9C Room Temp @ SPC = 21C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 42.1$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.8) [mm]



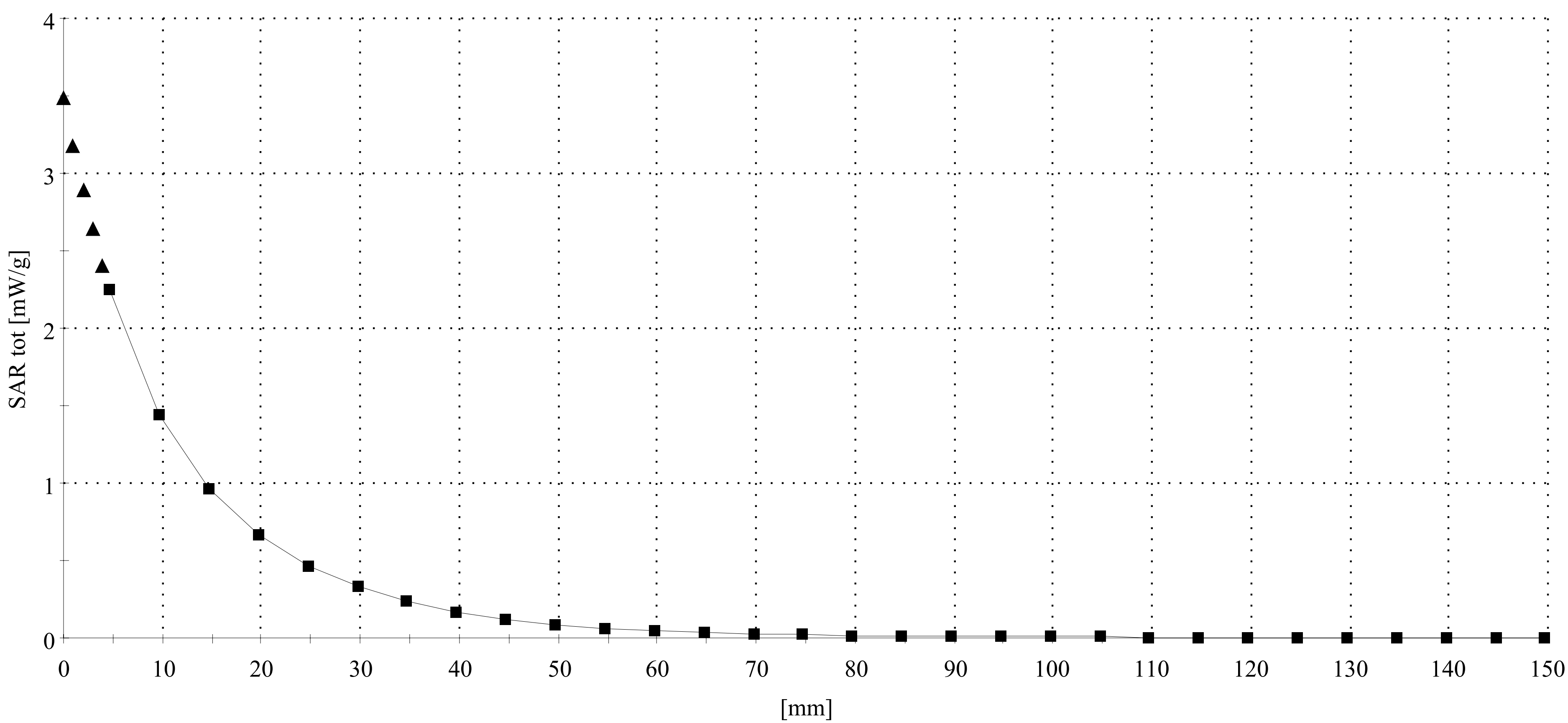
Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 080
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas = 20.6C   Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.6C   Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.97 mho/m ε_r = 41.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 2.24 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 1.42 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.00 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 080
PM1 Power = 200mW
Sim.Temp@meas = 20.6C Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.6C Room Temp @ SPC = 20C
R3 TP-1153 SAM SUGAR Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Section; Position: ; Frequency: 900 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - Validation4; ConvF(6.29,6.29,6.29); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.97 mho/m ε_r = 41.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³
: , ()
Z-Axis: Dx = 0.0, Dy = 0.0, Dz = 5.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.9) [mm]



Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

Note that, since the AMPS and 800CDMA head adjacent SAR values were less than or equal to that previously reported, the values included in tables 1 through 5 are for reference only. This data has been included to show that the head adjacent SAR values did not significantly increase from that previously reported. As such, no SAR distribution plots for phantom head adjacent use have been included in Appendix 2 of this document. The SAR distribution plots for phantom head adjacent use that were included in Appendix 2 of the original filing report should still be considered to apply.

08/24/04 13:37

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP

Antenna Position: EXT.

Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900

Battery Model #: SNN5654A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): CHEEK

Accessory Model #: NONE

R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; LH Front Tilt 20 Section; Position: (80°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

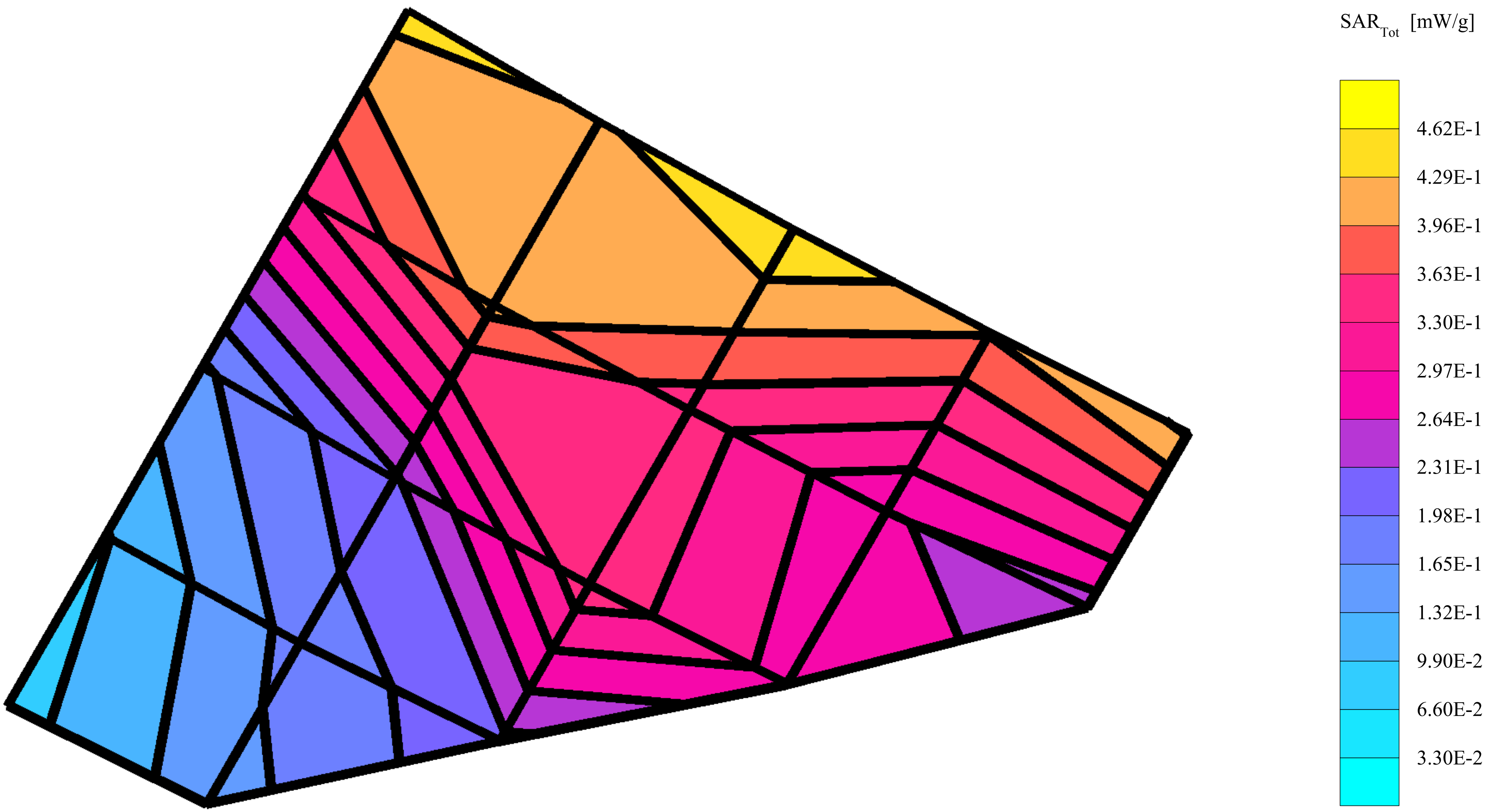
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ε_r = 38.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.551 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.312 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 10.7 (10.7, 10.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.46 dB



Motorola, Inc.

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP

Antenna Position: EXT.

Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900

Battery Model #: SNN5654A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): ROTATED

Accessory Model #: NONE

R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

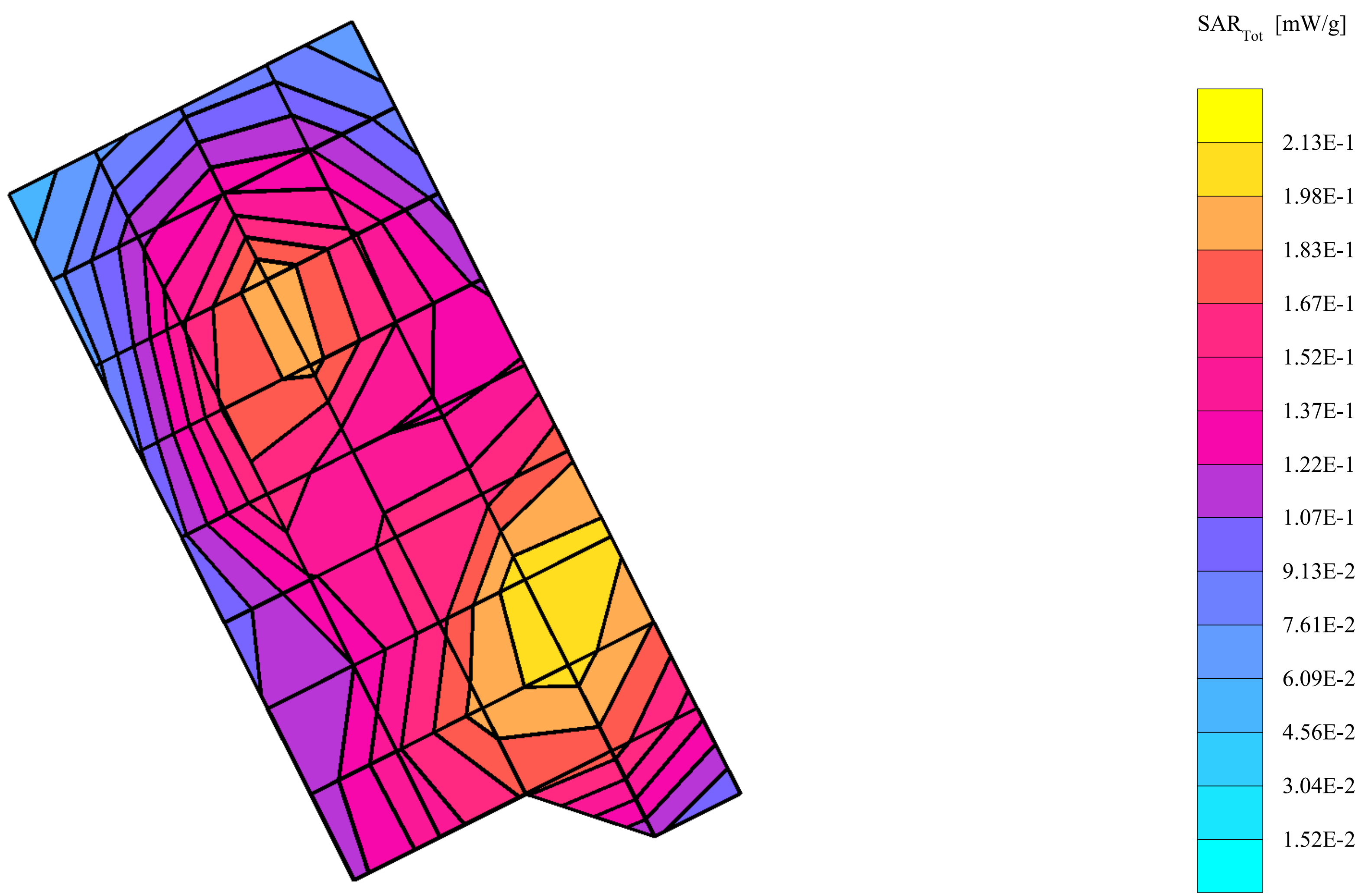
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.47 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.208 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.140 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

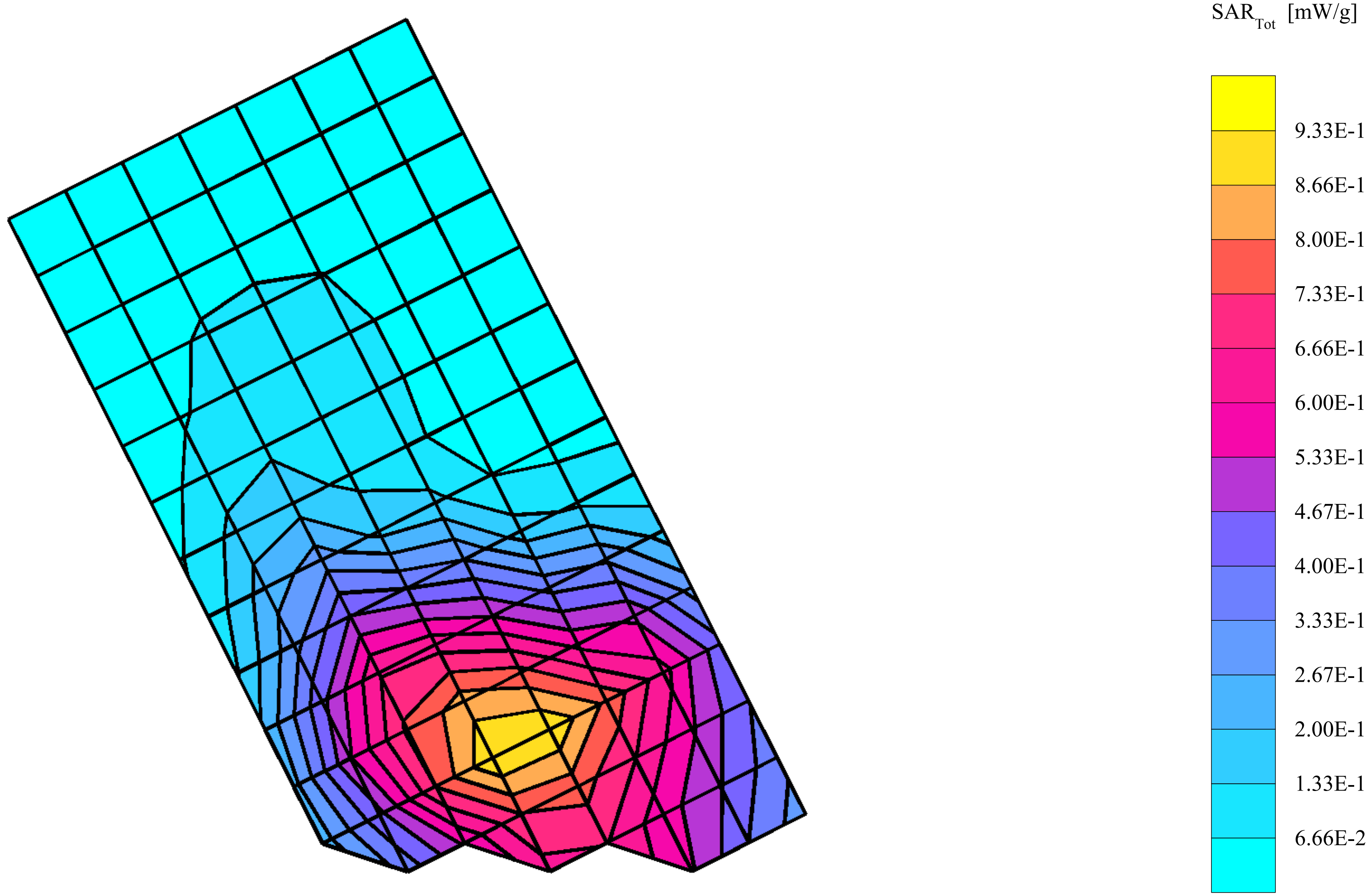
Penetration depth: 12.9 (11.5, 14.5) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.61 dB



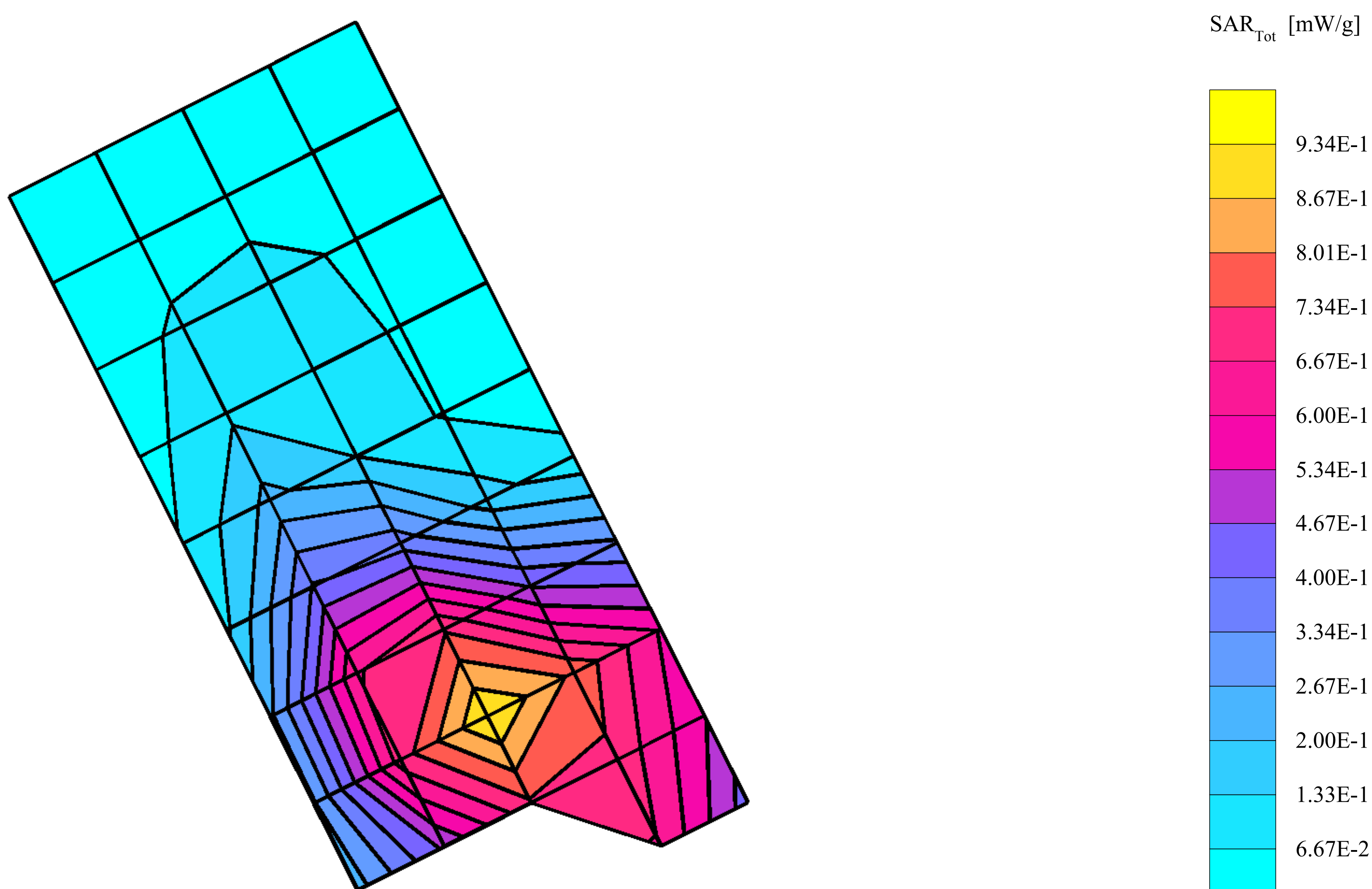
sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Antenna Position: retracted
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA
Battery Model #: snn5654a
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ε_r = 38.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.919 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.583 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 12.6 (11.1, 14.6) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.37 dB



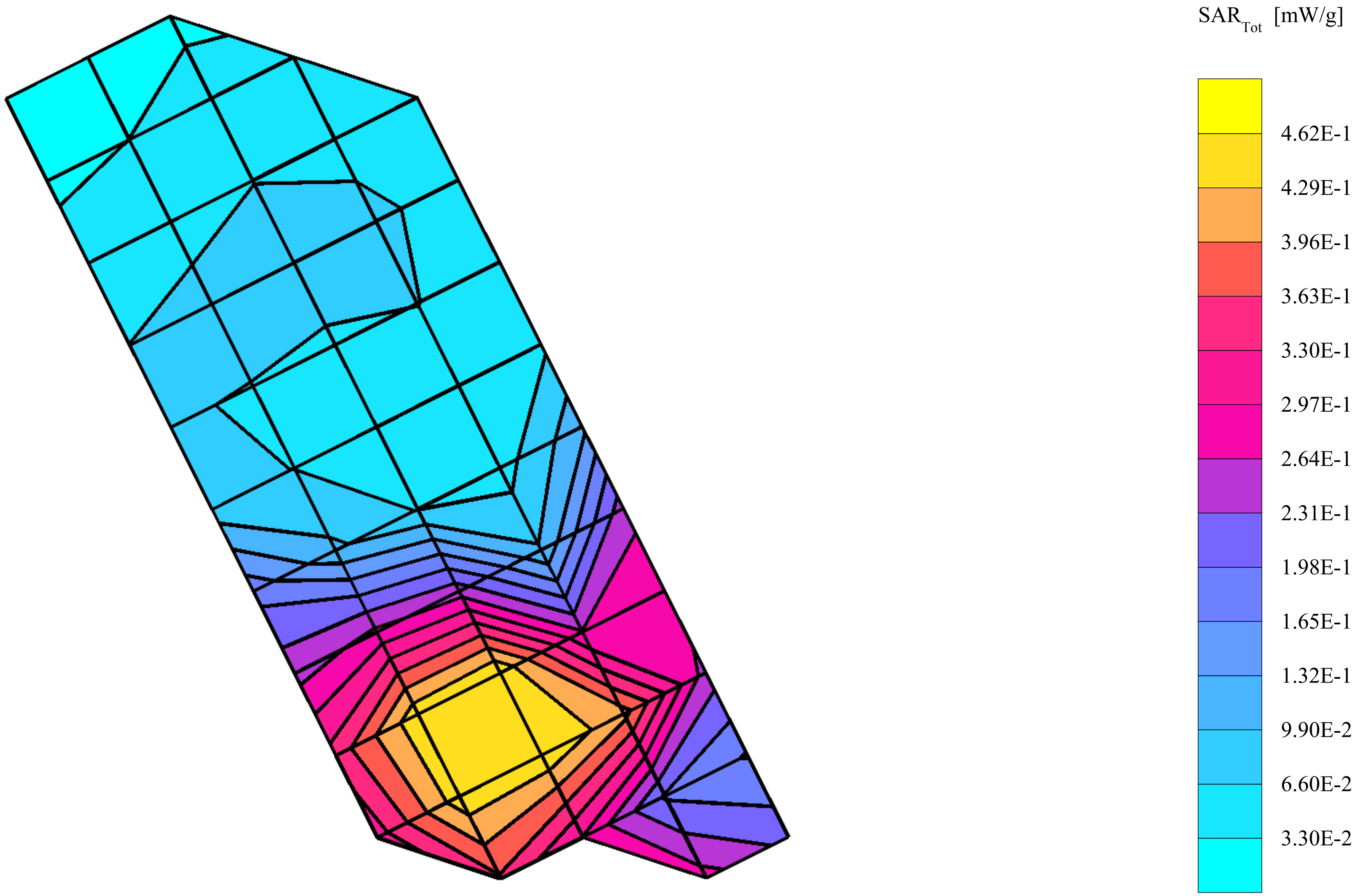
sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP
Antenna Position: RET.
Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900
Battery Model #: SNN5723A
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): CHEEK
Accessory Model #: NONE
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.47 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.936 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.600 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 12.7 (11.2, 14.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Antenna Position:extnded
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA
Battery Model #: snn5654a
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ε_r = 38.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.493 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.312 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 11.3 (10.8, 12.0) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.02 dB



sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP

Antenna Position: EXT

Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900

Battery Model #: SNN5723A

DEVICE POSITION : CHEEK

Accessory Model #: NONE

R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

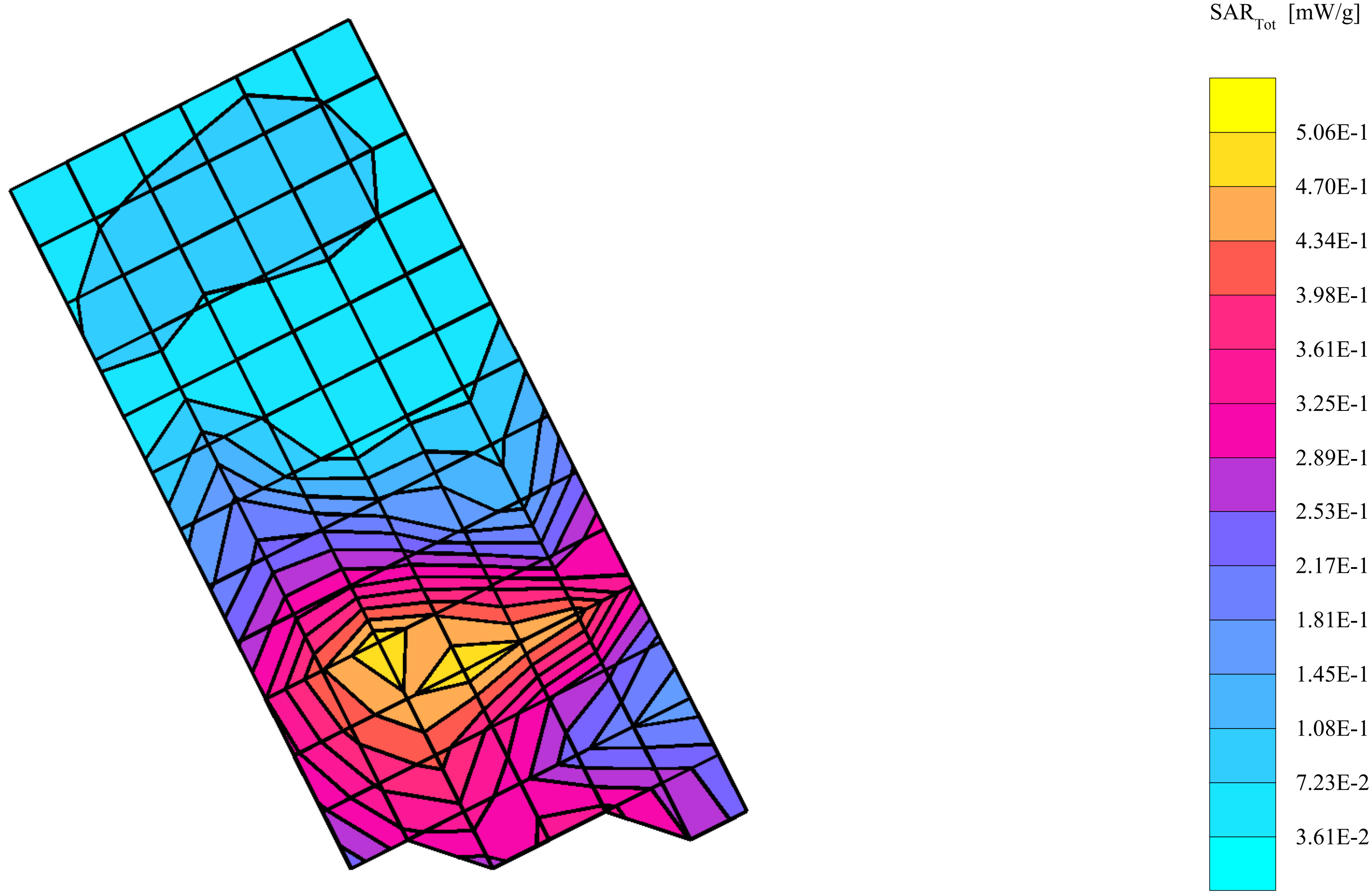
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.47 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.501 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.305 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 9.5 (8.9, 10.6) [mm]

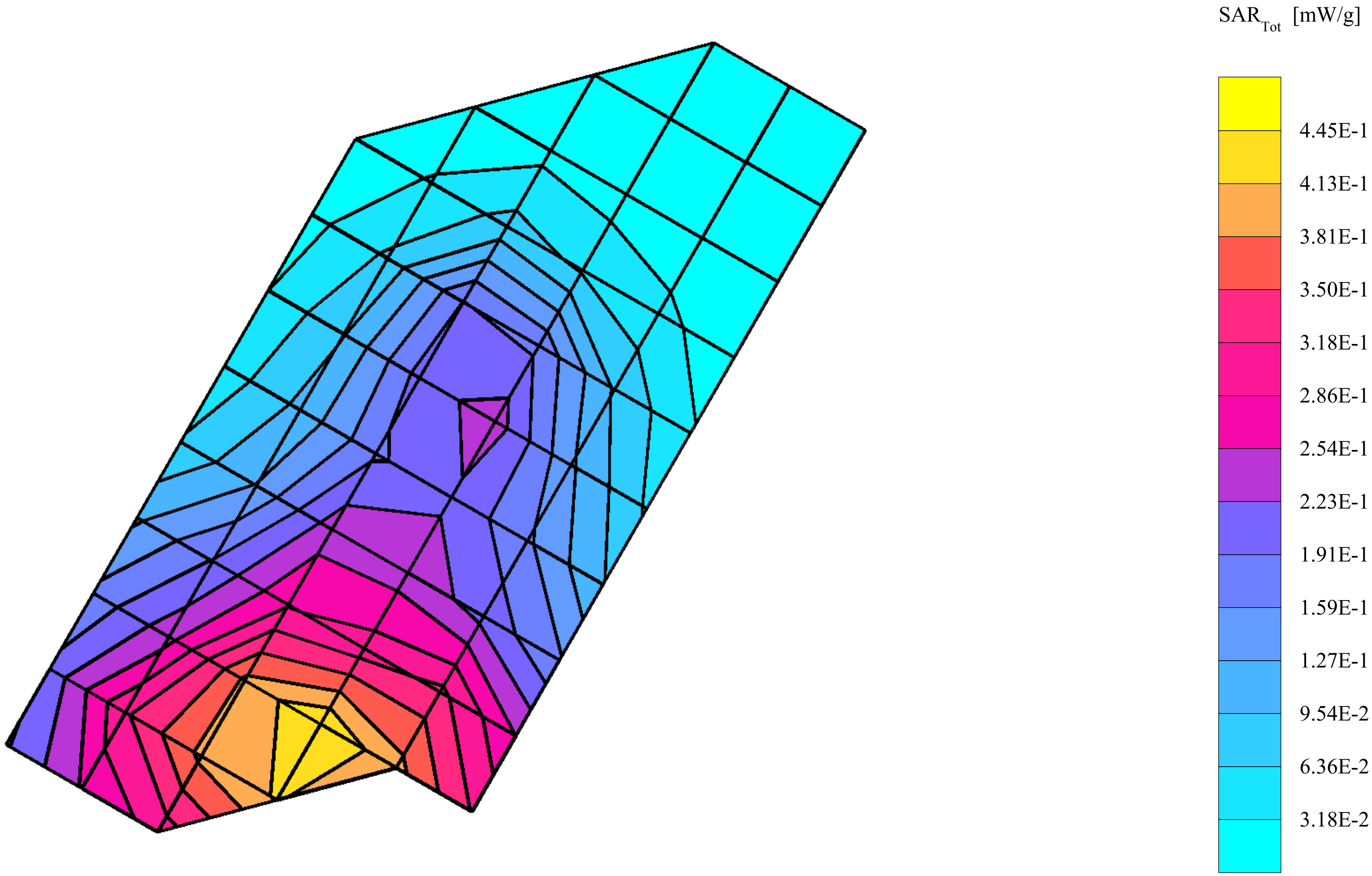
Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



08/24/04 22:08

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP Antenna Position: retracted
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA Battery Model #: snn5654a
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rot
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.431 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.286 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 13.1 (10.7, 16.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.46 dB

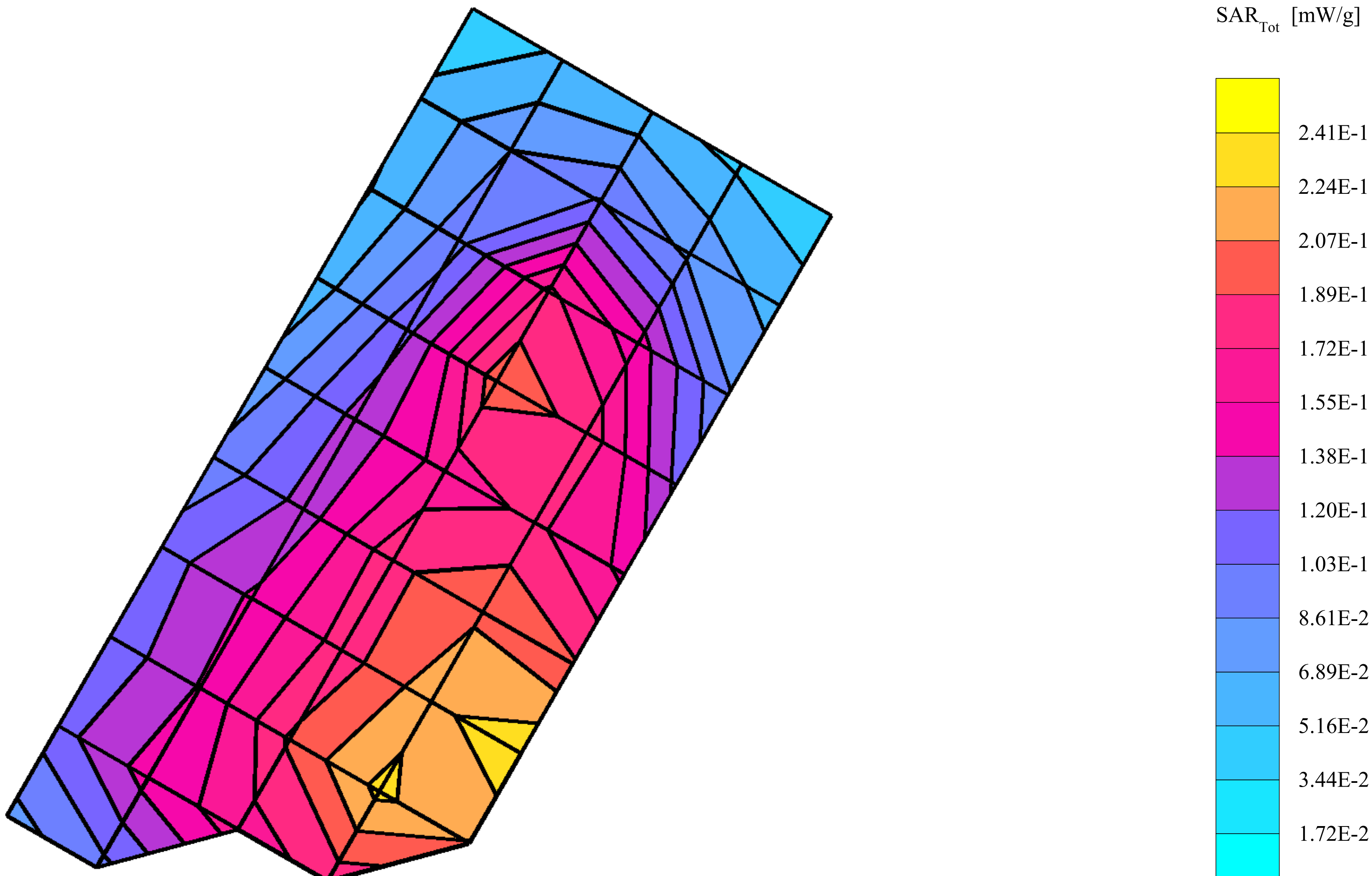


Motorola, Inc.

08/24/04 21:08

sn: E616

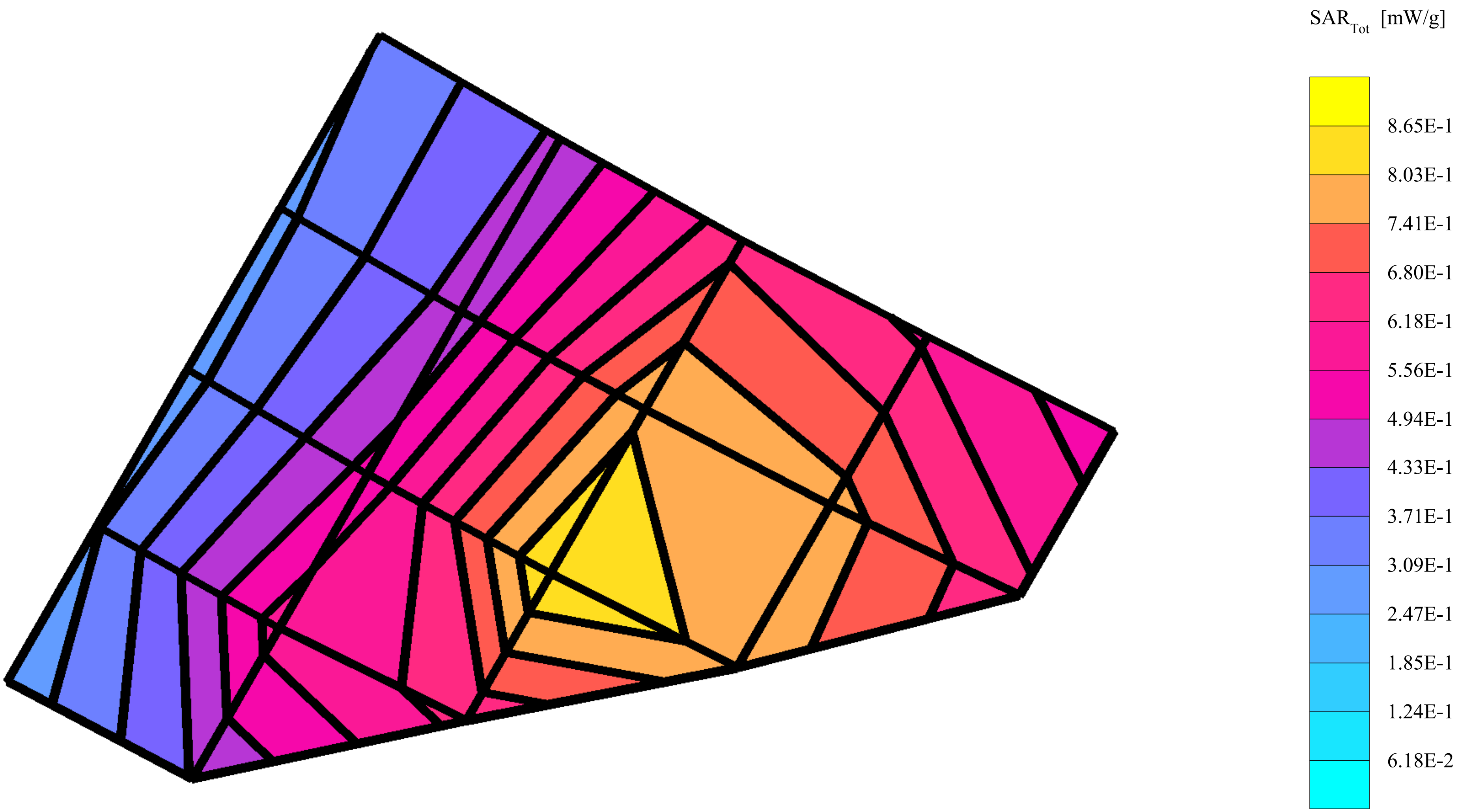
Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP Antenna Position: extended
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA Battery Model #: snn5654a
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rot
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m $\varepsilon_r = 38.0$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.250 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.160 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 12.0 (9.7, 15.2) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.20 dB



08/24/04 11:45

sn: E616

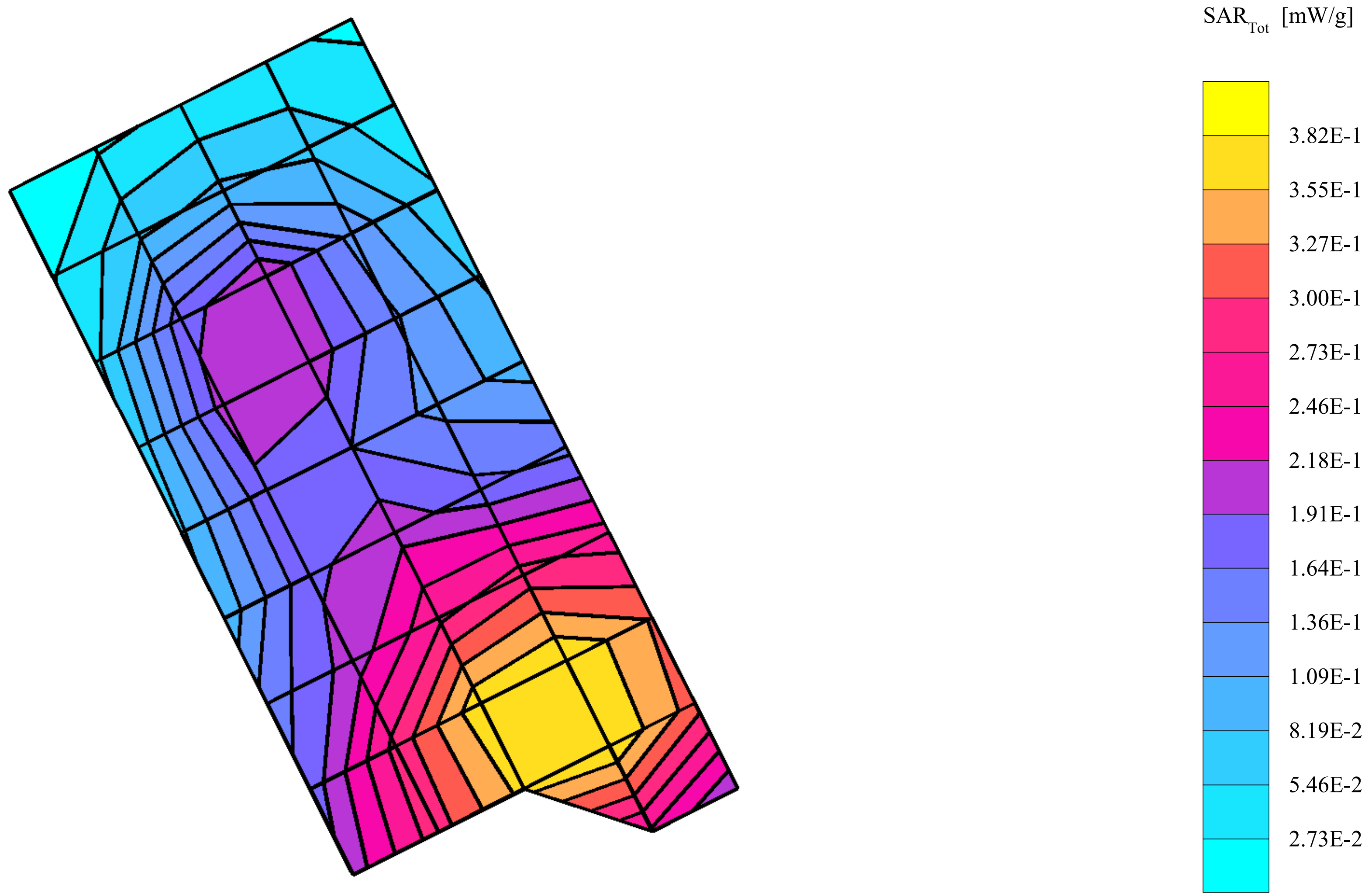
Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP
Antenna Position: RET.
Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900
Battery Model #: SNN5654A
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): CHEEK
Accessory Model #: NONE
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; LH Front Tilt 20 Section; Position: (80°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.45 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.861 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.566 mW/g * Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.6) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.61 dB



Motorola, Inc.

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP
Antenna Position: RET.
Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900
Battery Model #: SNN5654A
DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): ROTATED
Accessory Model #: NONE
R3 TP1159 SAM GLYCOL Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - IEEE Head2; ConvF(5.04,5.04,5.04); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.47 mho/m ε_r = 38.3 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.414 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.271 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 12.5 (10.8, 14.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.80 dB



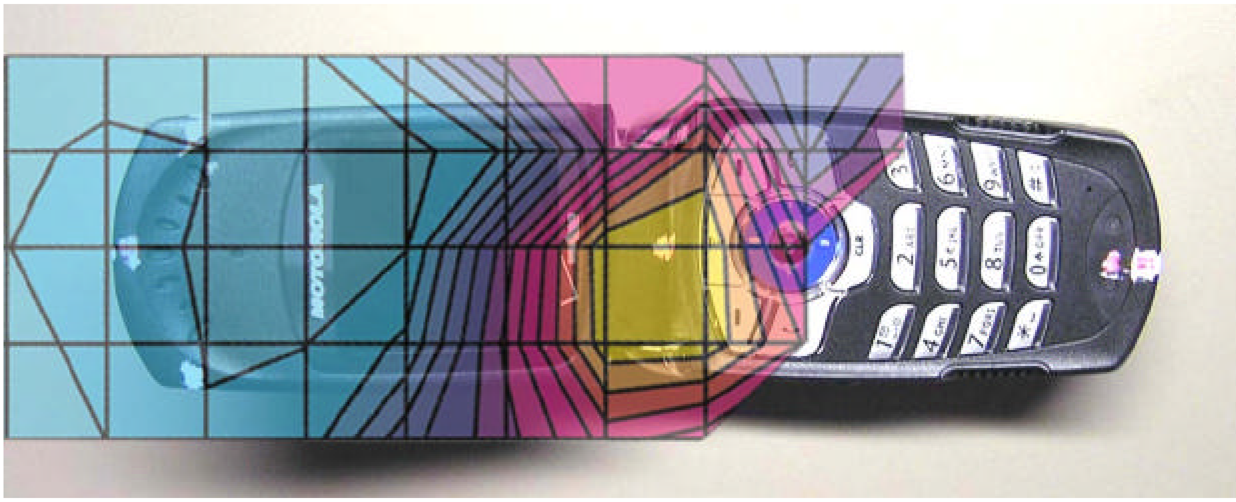


Figure 1. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Extended (Cheek Touch)

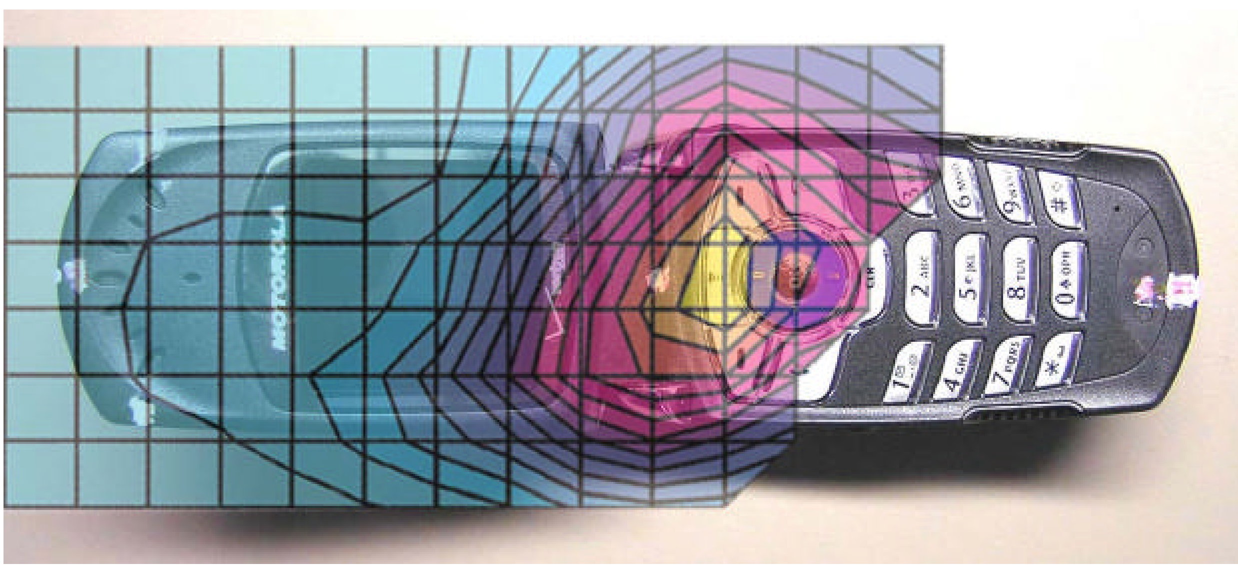


Figure 2. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Retracted (Cheek Touch)

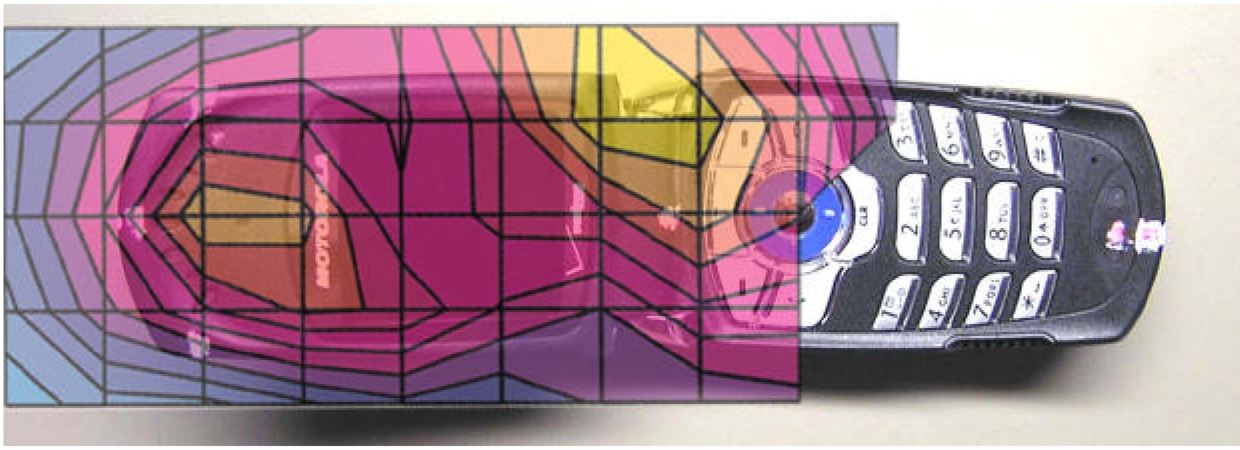


Figure 3. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Extended (15 ° Tilt)

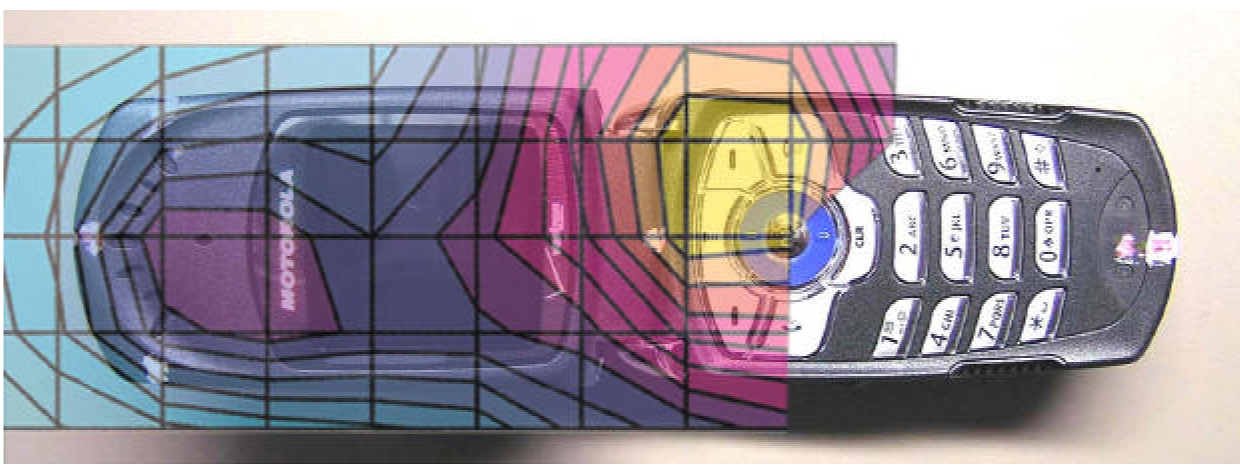


Figure 4. Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Retracted (15 ° Tilt)

Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

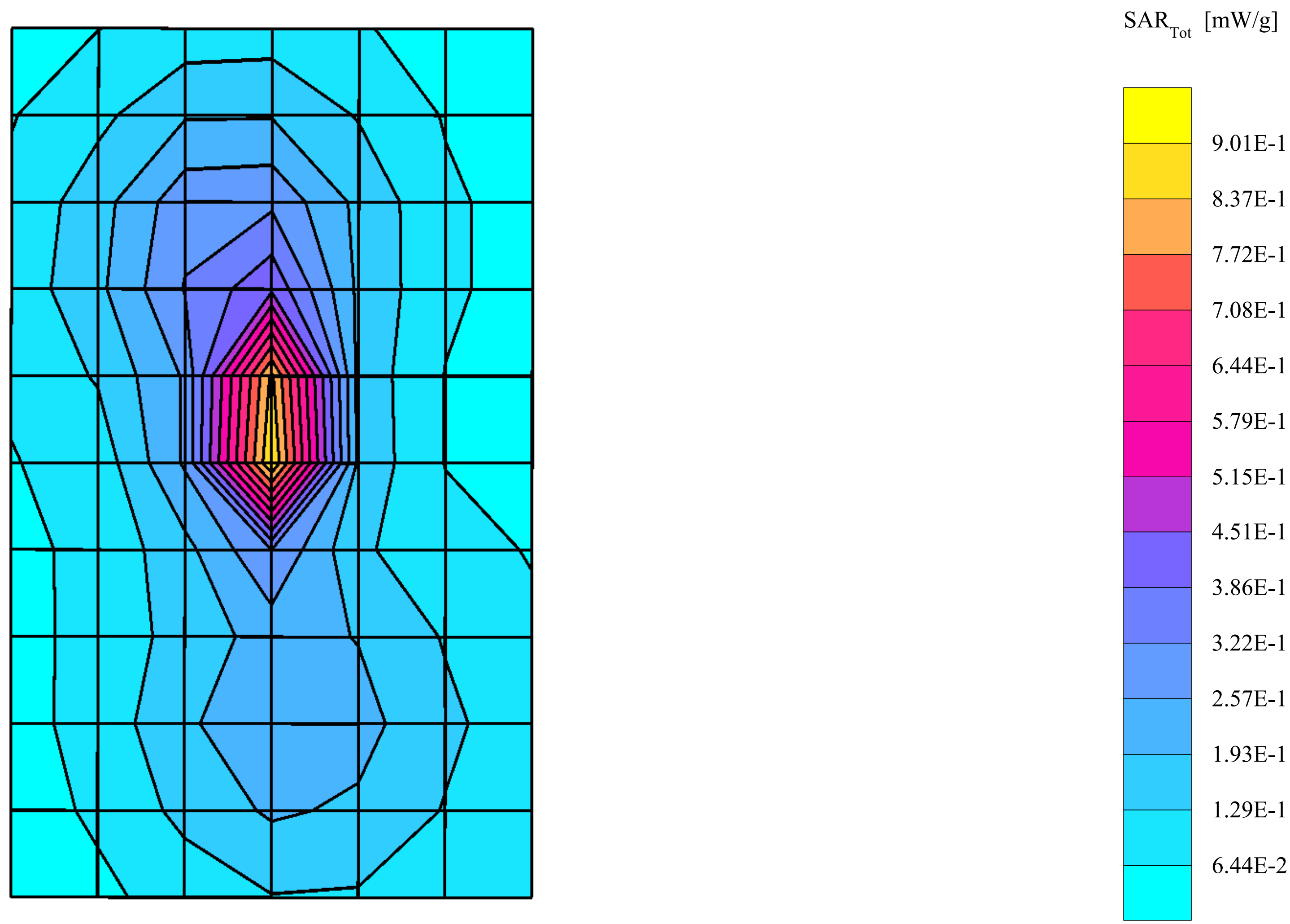
Note that the AMPS and 800CDMA body worn SAR value, as well as some of the 1900CDMA body worn SAR values, were less than or equal to that previously reported. The values included in tables 6 through 8 are for reference only. This data has been included to show that the body worn SAR values did not increase from that previously reported. As such, SAR distribution plots for these body worn configurations have not been included in Appendix 3 of this document. The SAR distribution plots for these body worn configurations that were included in Appendix 3 of the original filing report should still be considered to apply.

08/27/04 11:43

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP
Antenna Position: EXT
Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900
Battery Model #: SNN5723A
Accessory Model #: EXTREME NFL CASE (14681)

R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - FCC Body2; ConvF(4.50,4.50,4.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.59 mho/m ε_r = 52.4 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.940 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.477 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 9.9 (9.8, 10.2) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.16 dB



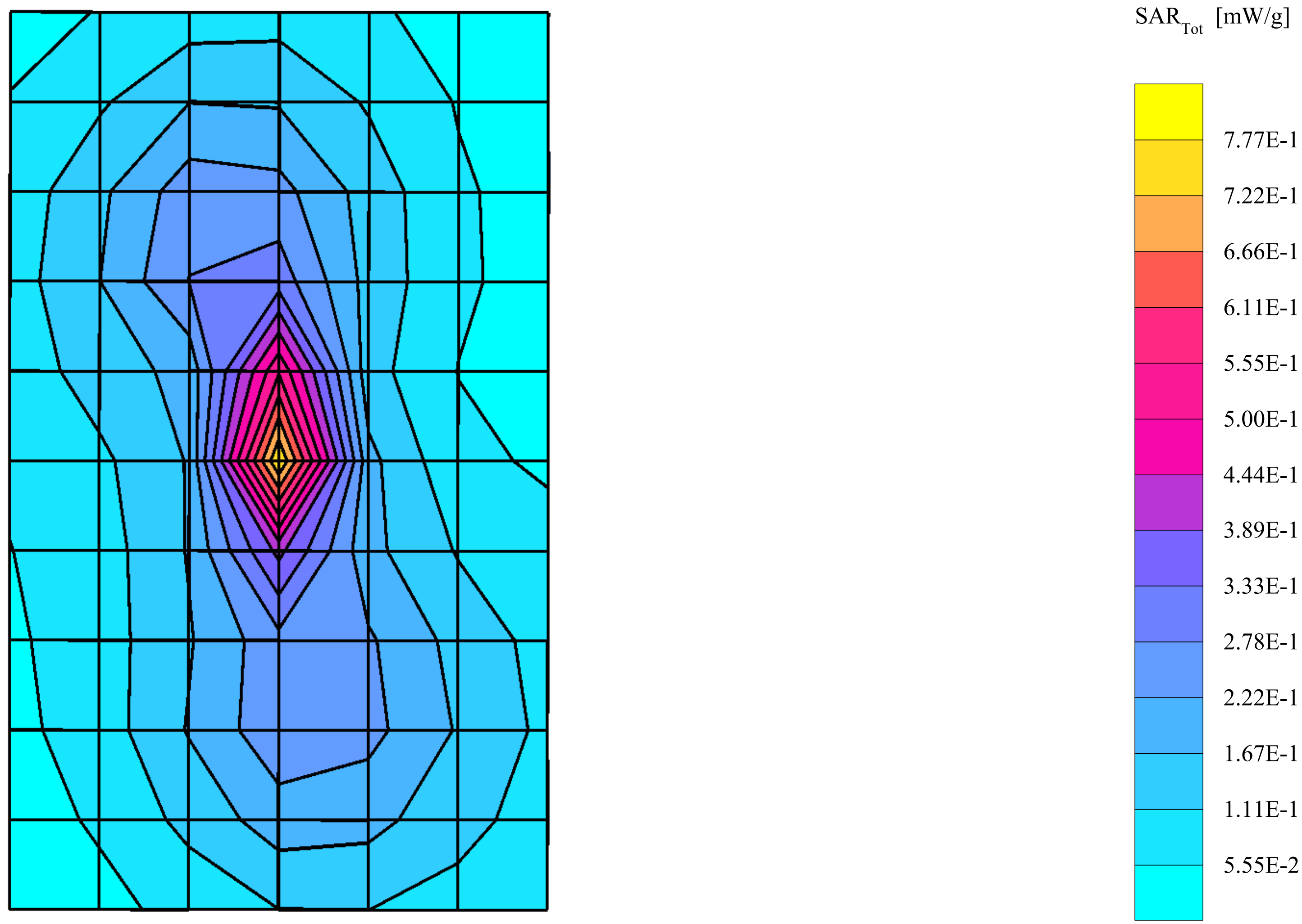
08/27/04 10:27

sn: E616

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP
Type of Modulation: CDMA 1900
Accessory Model #: EXTREME NFL CASE (14681)

Antenna Position: EXT
Battery Model #: SNN5654A

R3: Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1398 - FCC Body2; ConvF(4.50,4.50,4.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: σ = 1.59 mho/m ε_r = 52.4 ρ = 1.00 g/cm^3
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.711 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.363 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 10.0 (9.8, 10.4) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.14 dB



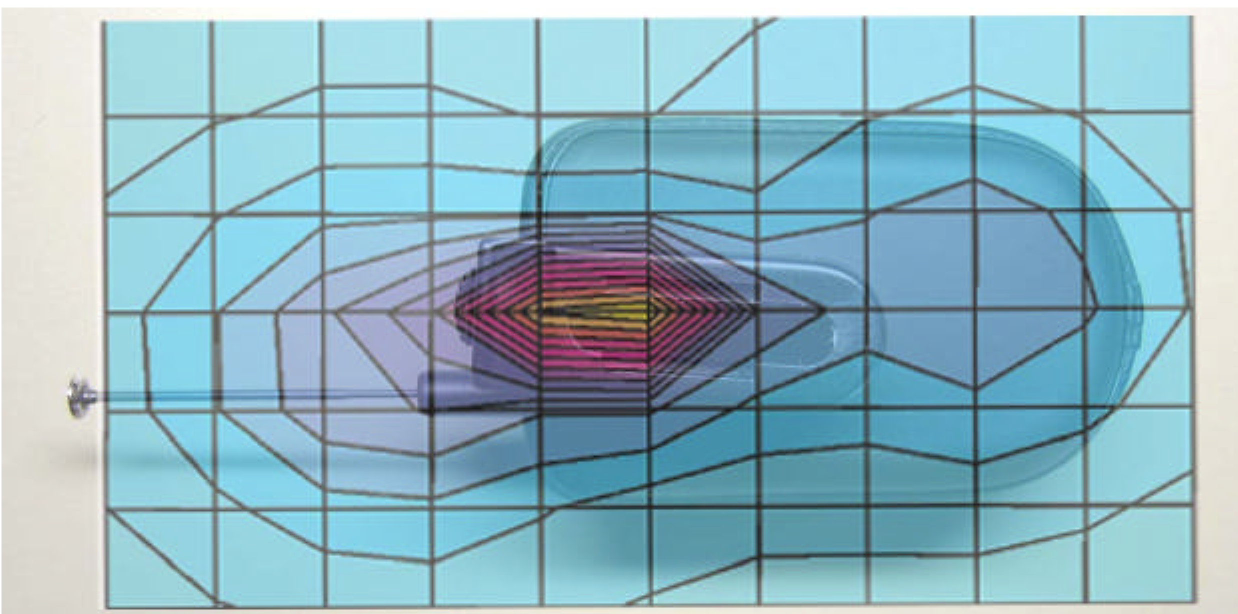


Figure 5.Typical 1900 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone with Antenna Extended

Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Motorola Korea (PCS)**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN:1398
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01 v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 16, 2004
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-0340)	Apr-04
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E-030020)	Sep-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Date issued: February 16, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1398

Manufactured:	October 24, 1999
Last calibrated:	February 28, 2003
Recalibrated:	February 16, 2004

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1398

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	**1.49** $\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormY	**1.63** $\mu V/(V/m)^2$
NormZ	**1.57** $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression[A]

DCP X	**92**	mV
DCP Y	**92**	mV
DCP Z	**92**	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Plese see Page 7.

Boundary Effect

Head **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Cener to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.6	3.7
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

Head **1800 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor to Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.6	8.4
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2

Sensor Offset

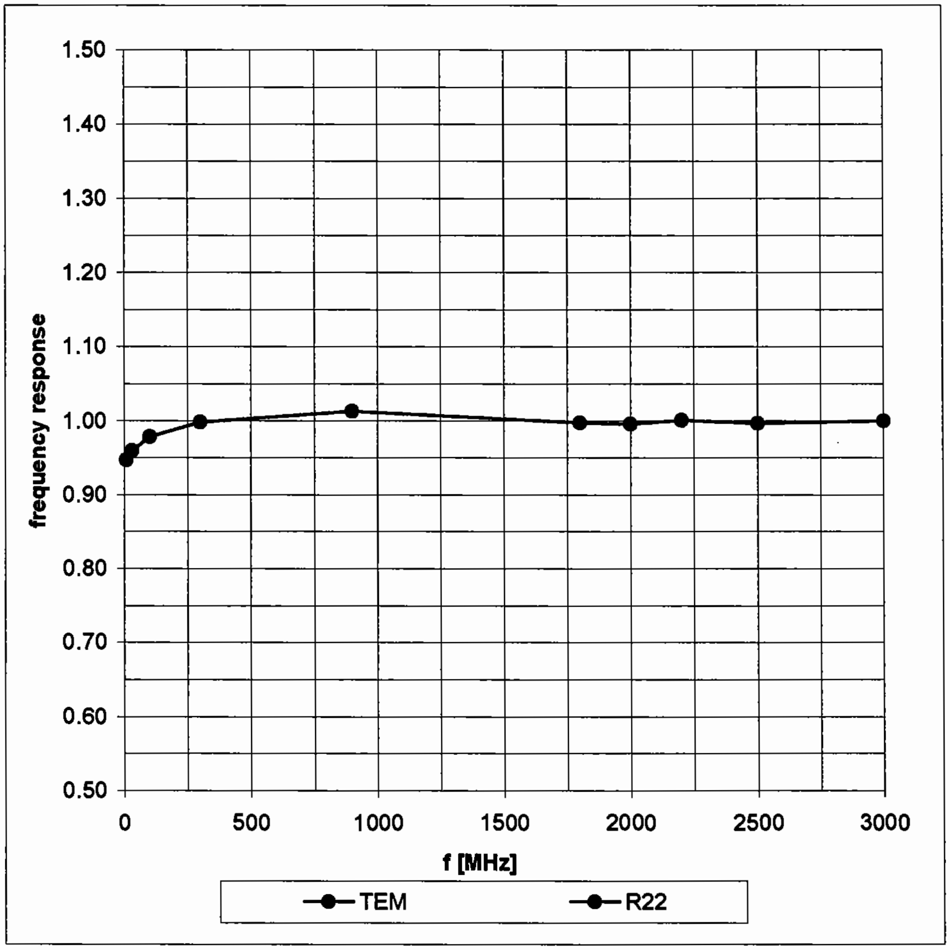
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7** mm
Optical Surface Detection	**in tolerance**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

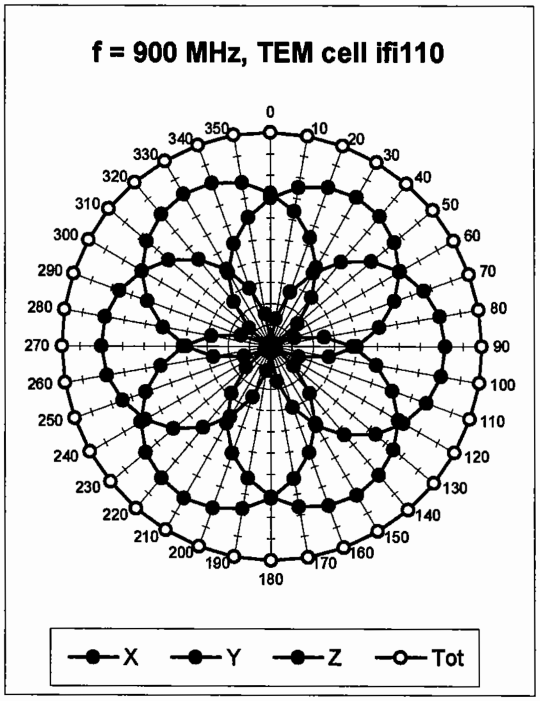
[A] numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

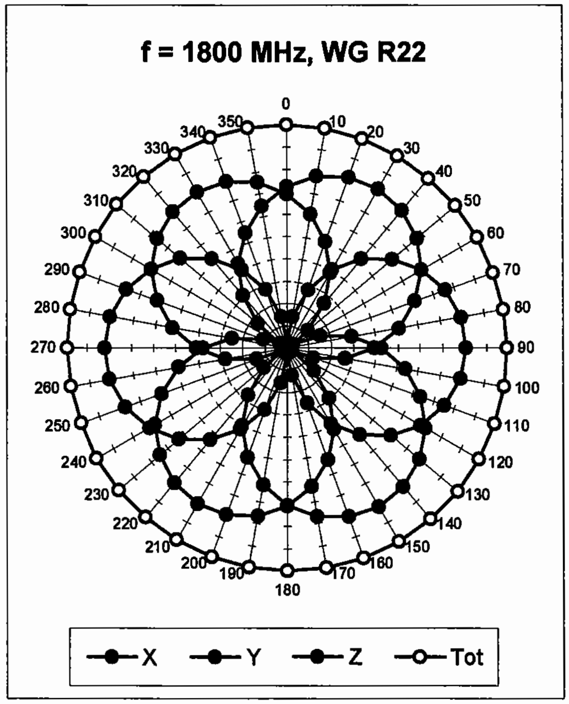
Frequency Response of E-Field

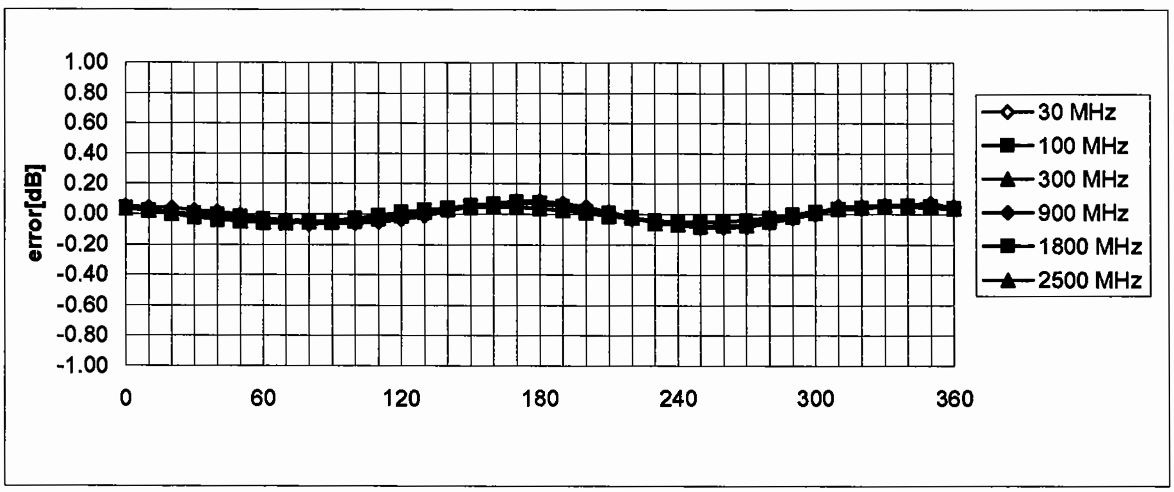
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



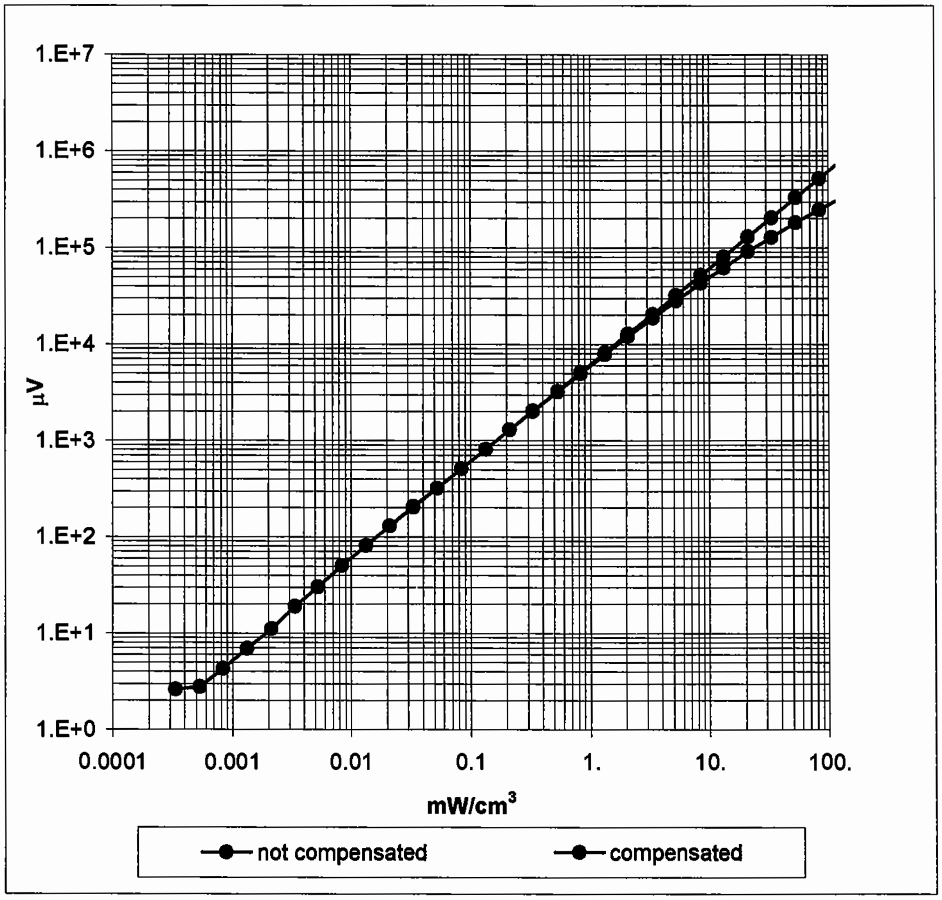


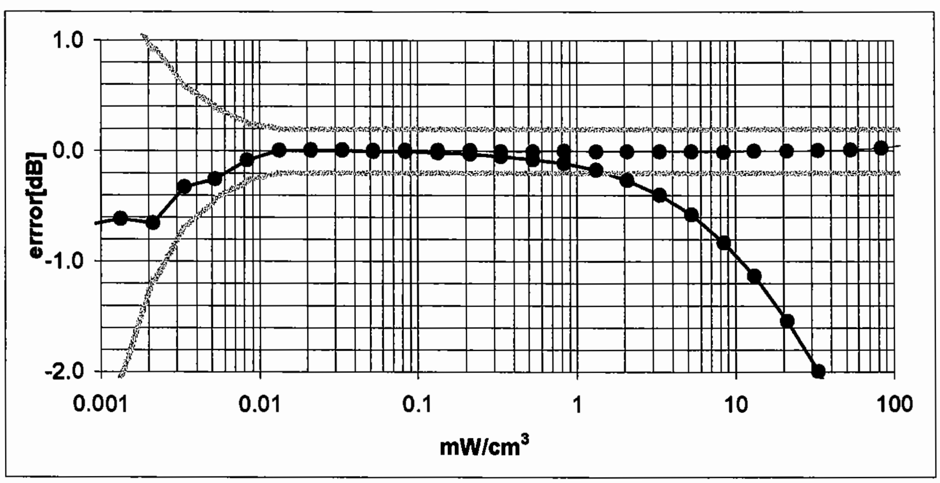


Axial Isotropy Error < ± 0.2 dB

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

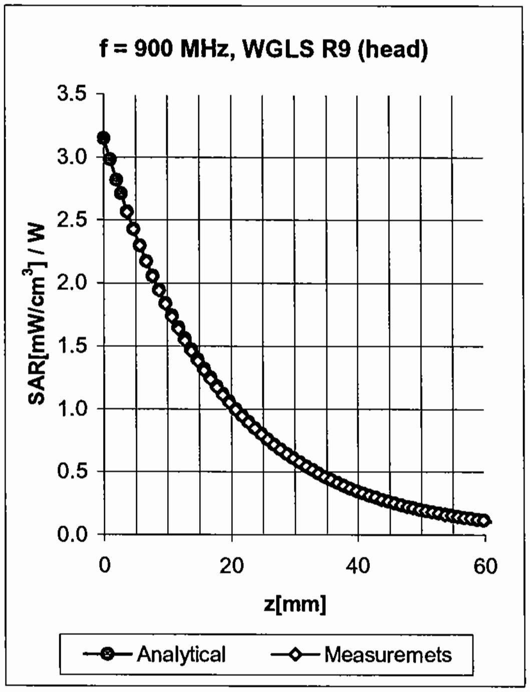
(Waveguide R22)

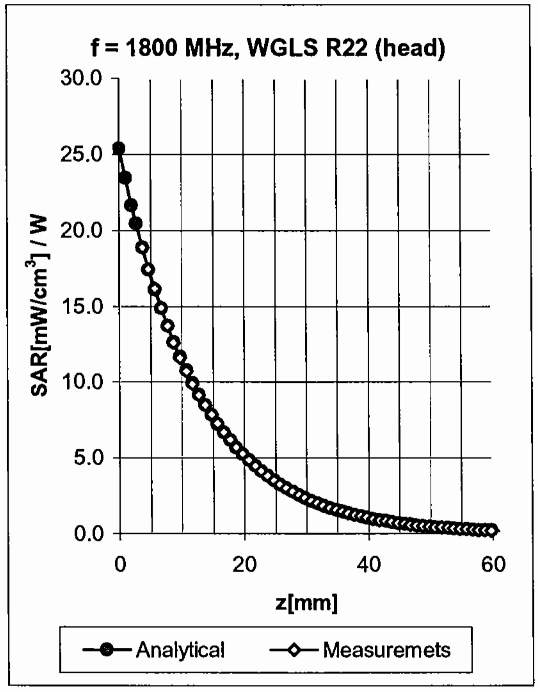




Probe Linearity < ± 0.2 dB

Conversion Factor Assessment



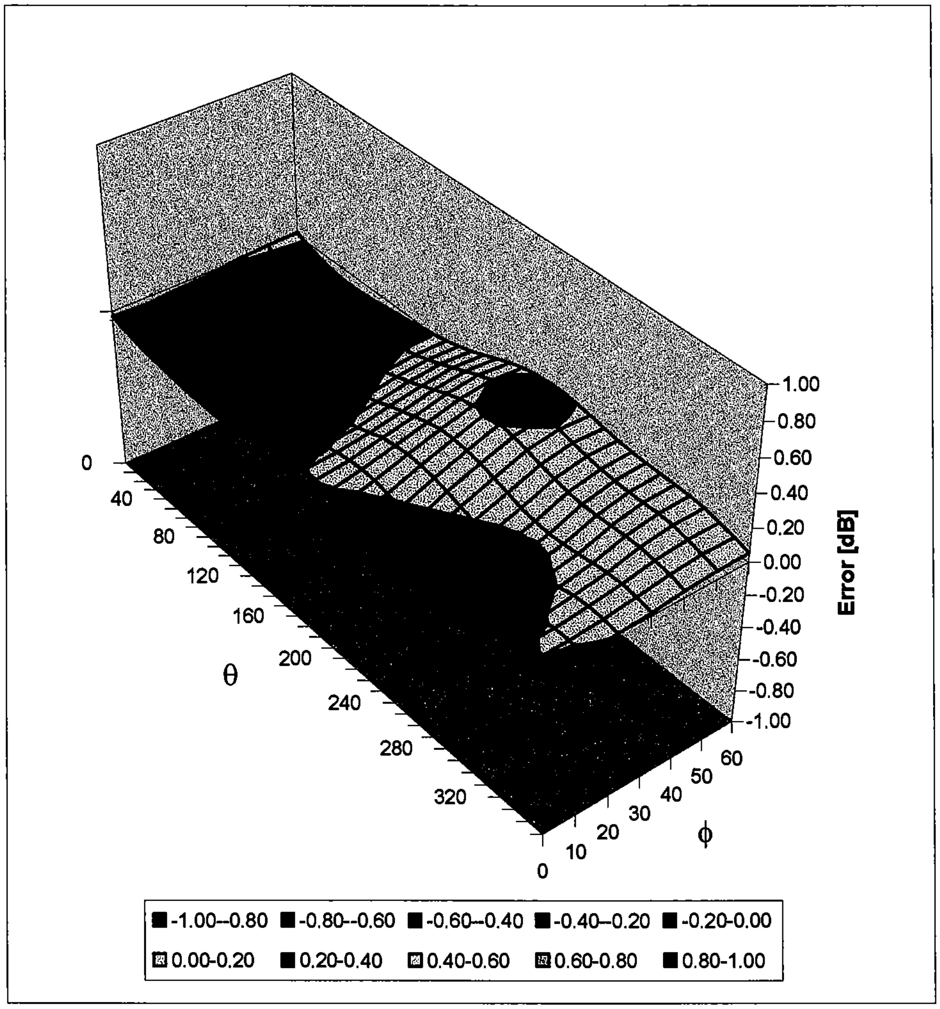


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][B]	Tissue	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	800-1000	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.00	1.39	6.29	± 9.5% (k=2)
1800	1710-1910	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.50	2.48	5.04	± 9.5% (k=2)
1950	1900-2000	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	2.71	4.82	± 9.5% (k=2)
900	800-1000	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.43	2.31	5.88	± 9.5% (k=2)
1800	1710-1910	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.58	2.67	4.50	± 9.5% (k=2)
1950	1900-2000	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.68	2.39	4.29	±9.5% (k=2)

[B] The stated uncertainty of calibration was assessed according to P1528.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ), f = 900 MHz



Spherical Isotropy Error < ± 0.4 dB

Appendix 5

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on APP-0396

-Historical Data-

	835MHz	900MHz	1800MHz	1900MHz	
IEEE1528 Target: Advanced Extrapolation	9.5	10.8	38.1	39.7	**(W/kg)**
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	
Measurement Period:	*1-July-03 to 1-Apr-04*	*1-July-03 to 1-Apr-04*	*1-July-03 to 1-Apr-04*	*1-July-03 to 1-Apr-04*	
# of tests performed:	214	1148	1135	62	
Grand Average: Worst Case Extrapolation	10.0	11.4	40.7	42.0	**(W/kg)**
% Delta (Average - IEEE1528 Target)	5.3%	5.6%	6.8%	5.8%	
Is % Delta <= Measurement Uncertainty?	**Yes**	**Yes**	**Yes**	**Yes**	
Accept/Reject Average as new system performance check target?	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	**ACCEPT**	
	Applicable 835MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	**Applicable 900MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	**Applicable 1800MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	**Applicable 1900Mhz Dipole Serial Numbers:**	
	420(TR), 421(TR)	77, 78	246(TR), 250(TR)	514(TR), 518(TR)	
	422(TR), 423(TR)	79, 80	251(TR), 258(TR)	519(TR), 520(TR)	
	424(TR), 425(TR)	91, 92	259(TR), 262(TR)	523(TR), 524(TR)	
	431(TR), 432(TR)	93, 94	263(TR), 271(TR)	526(TR), 527(TR)	
	433(TR), 434(TR)	95, 96	272(TR), 273(TR)	528(TR), 529(TR)	
	436(TR)	97, 55	276(TR), 277(TR)	530(TR), 533(TR)	
			279(TR), 280(TR)		
			281(TR), 282(TR)		
			283(TR), 284(TR)		

-New System Performance Check Targets- per APP-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)
835MHz	**10.0**	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%
900MHz	**11.4**	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%
1800MHz	**40.7**	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%
1900MHz	**42.0**	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%

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-Approvals-

Submitted by: Marge Kaunas   Date: 2-Apr-04

Signed: Marge Kaunas

Comments: Spreadsheet detailing all historical measurements available upon request.

Approved by: Mark Douglas   **Date:** 2-Apr-04

Signed: Mark Douglas

Comments: Targets and associated simulant properties are derived from the IEEE 1528 standard.

= =

Appendix 6

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	**Sec.**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 g)**	**c_i (10 g)**	**1 g u_i (±%)**	**10 g u_i (±%)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.6	N	1.00	1	1	3.6	3.6	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	2.8	N	1.00	1	1	2.8	2.8	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.72	11.09	1363
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k* =2				22.98	21.75	

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom)

a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e = f(d,k)*	*f*	*g*	*h = c x f / e*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	c_i **(1 g)**	c_i **(10 g)**	**1 g** u_i **(±%)**	**10 g** u_i **(±%)**	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.16	9.43	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			*k*=2				19.92	18.48	

Appendix 7

Photographs of the device under test

Figure 6. Front of Phone with Antenna Retracted

Figure 7. Front of Phone with Antenna Extended

Figure 8. Back of Phone with Antenna Retracted

Figure 9. Back of Phone with Antenna Extended

Figure 10. Open Phone with Antenna Retracted

Figure 11. Open Phone with Antenna Extended

Figure 12. Front of Phone, in Case with Antenna Retracted

Figure 13. Front of Phone, in Case with Antenna Extended

Figure 14. Back of Phone, in Case with Antenna Retracted

Figure 15. Back of Phone, in Case, with Antenna Extended

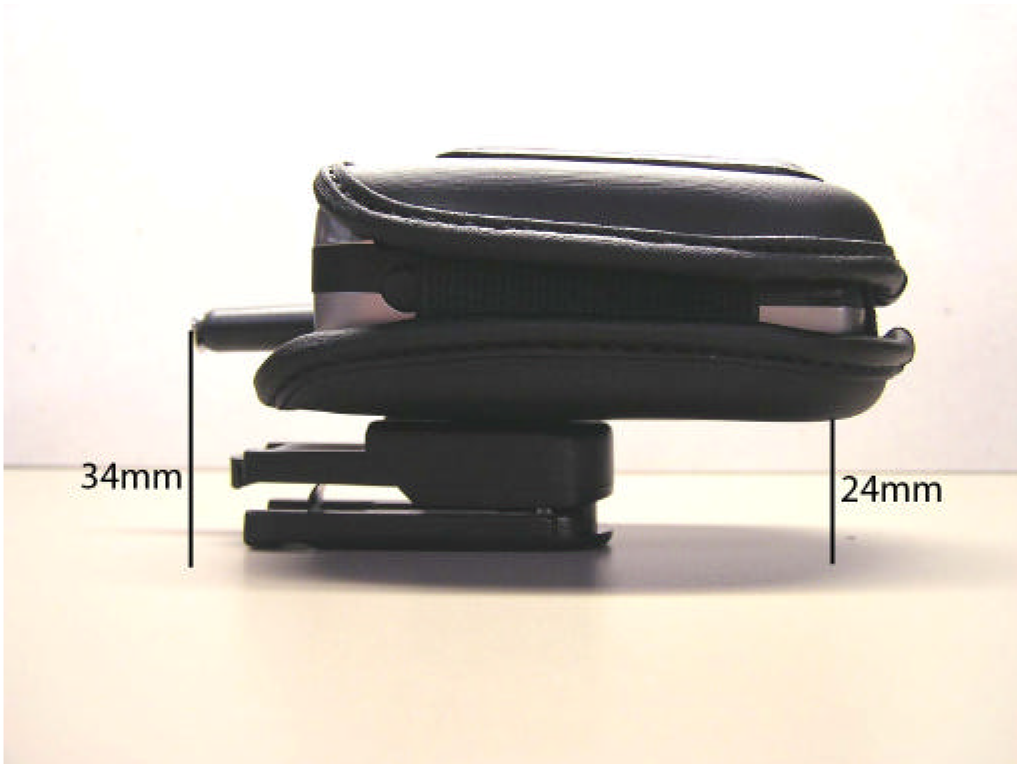

Figure 16. Side of Phone, in Case, with Antenna Retracted

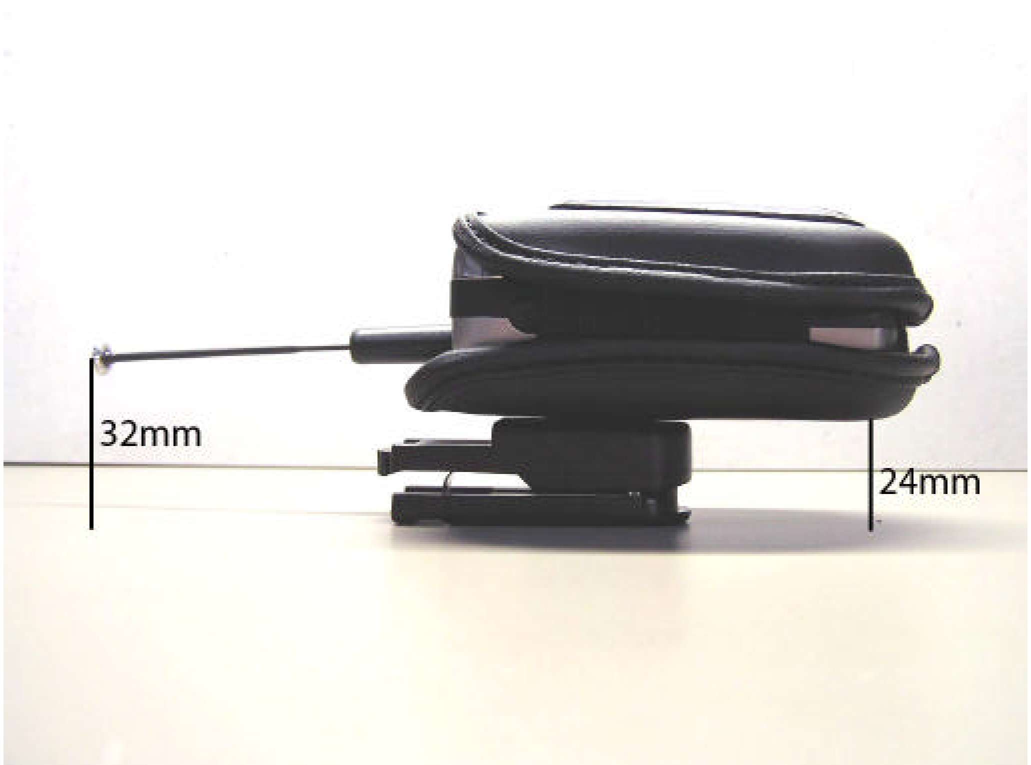

Figure 17. Side of Phone, in Case, with Antenna Extended

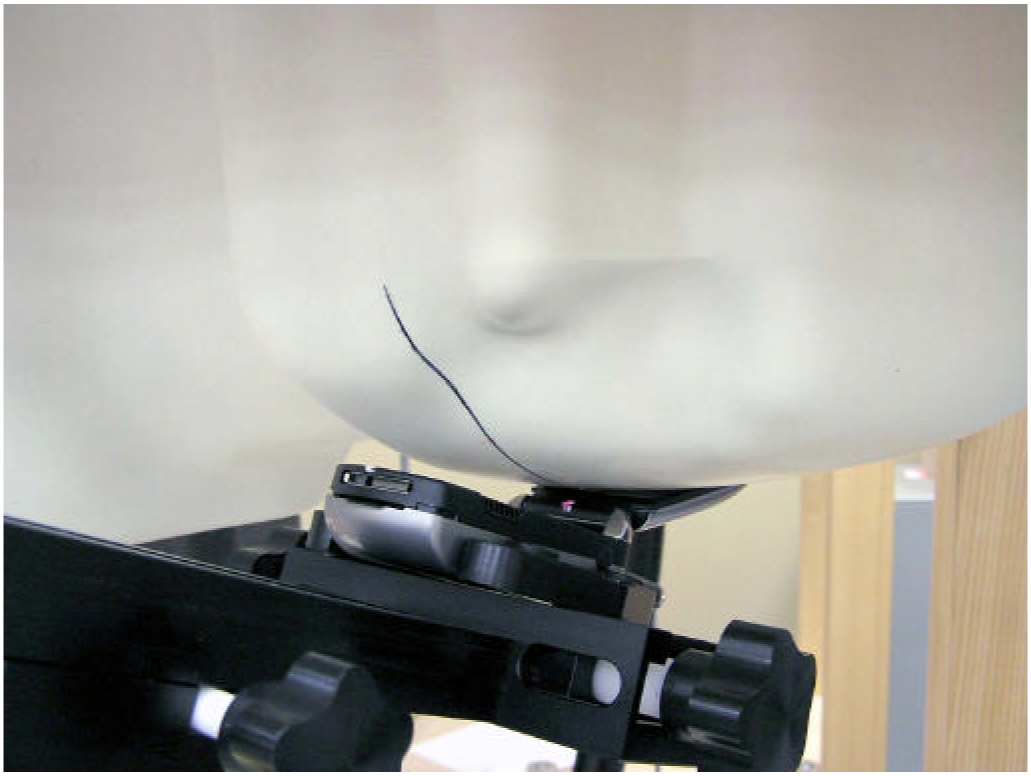

Figure 18. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Retracted (Front View – Cheek Touch)

Figure 19. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Retracted (Back View – Cheek Touch)

Figure 20. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Extended (Front View – Cheek Touch)

Figure 21. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Extended (Back View – Cheek Touch)

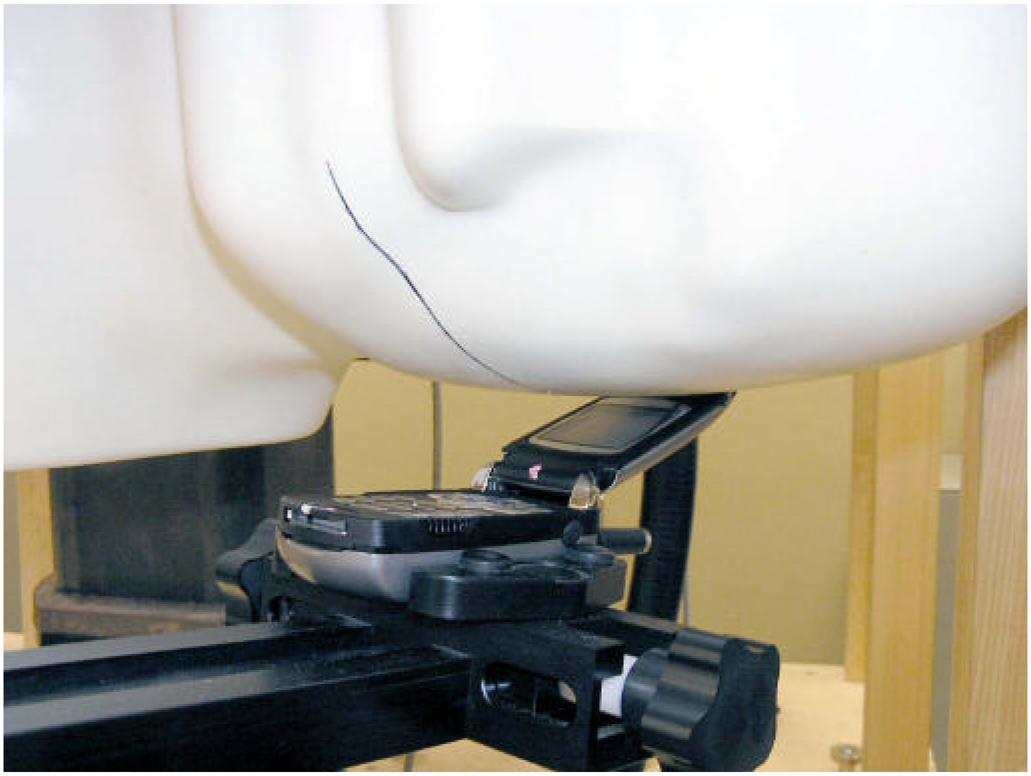

Figure 22. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Retracted (Front View – 15°Tilt)

Figure 23. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Retracted (Back View – 15°Tilt)

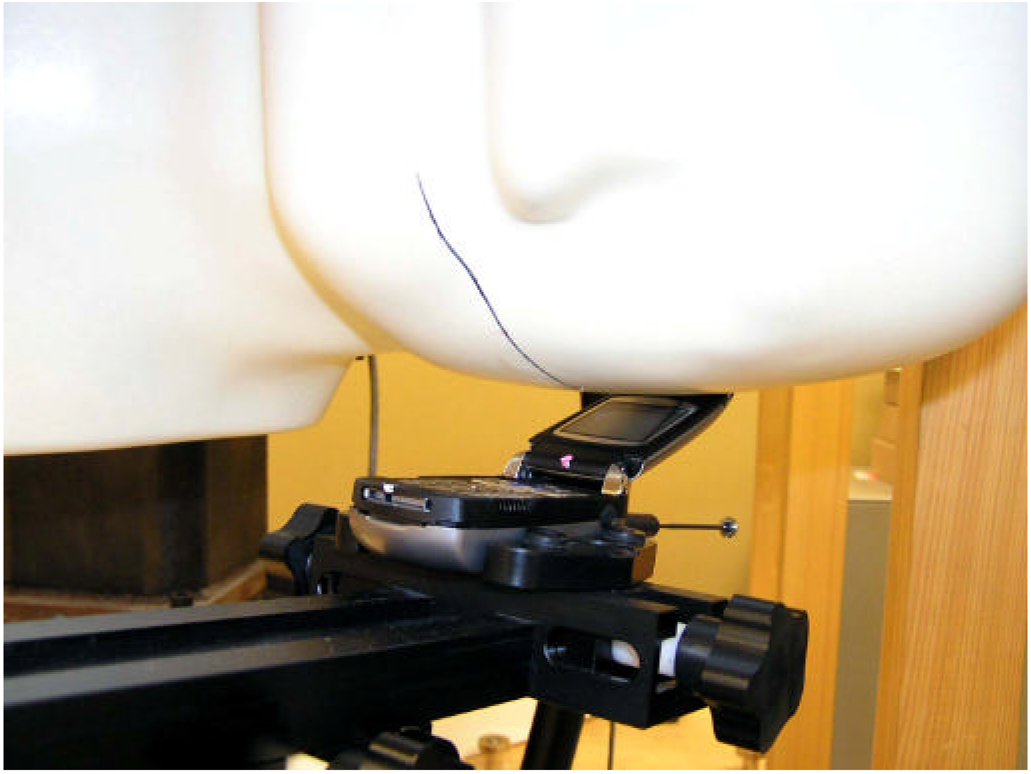

Figure 24. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Extended (Front View – 15°Tilt)

Figure 25. Phone Against the Head with Antenna Extended (Back View – 15°Tilt)

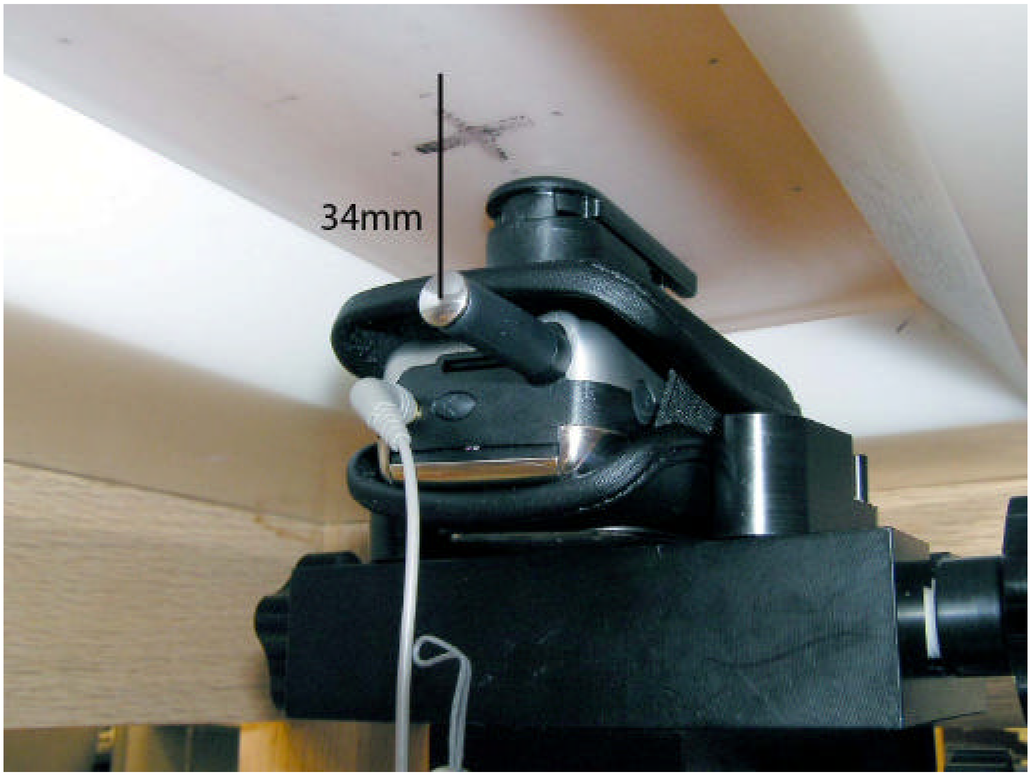

Figure 26. Phone in Holster Against the Flat Phantom with Antenna Retracted

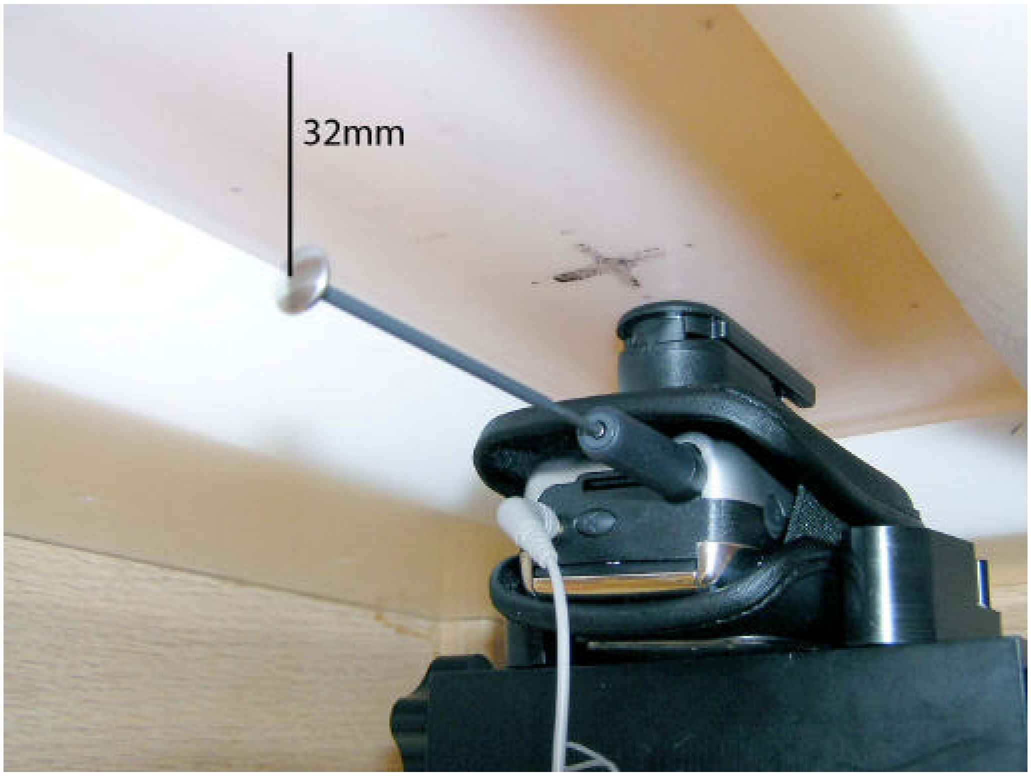

Figure 27. Phone in Holster Against the Flat Phantom with Antenna Extended