



FCC ID: AZ489FT7010

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT Part 2 of 3

Government & Enterprise Mobility Solutions EME Test Laboratory 8000 West Sunrise Blvd

Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

Date of Report: March 21, 2005

Report Revision: Rev. O

Report ID: FCC rpt_X-Pad F4423A_Rev O_050321

SR2011

Responsible Engineer: Deanna Zakharia (Elect. Principle Staff Eng.)

Date/s Tested: 2/14/05 - 3/11/05

Manufacturer/Location: Motorola South-Arad Israel

Sector/Group/Div.: MCIL Israel **Date submitted for test:** 2/07/05

DUT Description: Handheld data terminal with GPRS, Bluetooth, and WLAN capability

Test TX mode(s): CW. 1:8

Max. Power output: GSM850 0.757W, PCS1900 0.971W, BT 2mW, WLAN 100mW GSM850 0.631W, PCS1900 0.809W, BT 1mW, WLAN 16mW **Nominal Power:** GSM: 824.2-848.8 MHz, PCS1900:1850.2-1909.8MHz, Tx Frequency Bands:

BT: 2.402-2.48GHz, WLAN: 2.412-2.462GHz Signaling type: TDMA: GPRS, GSM, WLAN, Bluetooth

Model(s) Tested: F4423A Model(s) Certified: F4423A PNX5020066 **Serial Number(s):**

General Population/Uncontrolled **Classification: Rule Part(s):** 15; Class B Digital Device



Approved Accessories:

Antenna(s):

8587526V07 (Quad band GSM 850/900 ½ wave 0.5dBi and PCS 1800/1900 ¼ wave 2.0dBi); 8508851K37 (Monopole BT 2.4-2.48GHz ¼ wave 2.5dBi); 8508851K38 (Dipole couple folded WLAN 2.4-2.48GHz ½ wave 3.2x1.6 2.7dBi)

Battery(ies):

FTN6032B (7.2V 1800mAh rechargeable Li Ion battery)

Body worn accessory: FHN6498A (Holster)

> Max Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.02/0.01 W/kg (Face) Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.47/0.27 W/kg (Body); Max Calc. 10-g Avg. SAR: 2.30 W/kg (Hand)

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

This reporting format is consistent with the test report guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004 The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

Stephen Whalen's signature on file for Ken Enger Ken Enger, GEMS EME Lab Senior Resource Manager, Laboratory Director,

> 3/21/05 **Approval Date**

Certification Date: 3/21/05

Certification No.: <u>L1050308P</u>

Appendix C Dipole Calibration Certificates

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Motorola CGISS

Object(s)	D900V2 - SN	:084	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v Calibration pr	2 ocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	March 22, 20	04	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance	(according to the specific calibration	document)
This calibration statement docume 17025 international standard.	ents traceability of M&TF	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC
All calibrations have been conduct	ted in the closed laborat	tory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE			
	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
lodel Type ower meter EPM E442	ID# GB37480704	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Scheduled Calibration Nov-04
lodel Type lower meter EPM E442 lower sensor HP 8481A			
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	GB37480704 US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04 Nov-04
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585 Name	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
flodel Type flower meter EPM E442 flower sensor HP 8481A flower sensor HP 8753E flower sensor HP 8753E flower sensor HP 8753E	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
Model Type Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585 Name	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function Technician	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 41.4 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.95 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.18 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW \pm 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: $10.9 \text{ mW/g} \pm 16.8 \% (k=2)^1$

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 7.04 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.388 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.989 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 52.6 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = -3.4 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz -27.7 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN084

Communication System: CW-900; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2004

· Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003

Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;

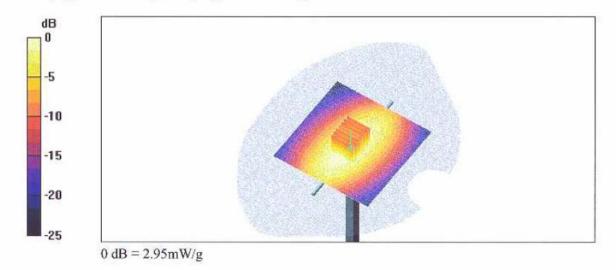
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 112

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.92 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Motorola CGISS

D1900V2 - SN:522				
QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration pro	ecedure for dipole validation kits			
August 25, 20	04			
In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration	n document)		
ertainties with confidence p	probability are given on the following pages and are p	art of the certificate.		
	Cal Data (Calibrated by Cartificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
250000000000000000000000000000000000000		Nov-04		
		Nov-04		
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04		
100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05		
US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05		
		Signature		
Name	Function	Signature		
Name Judith Mueller	Function Technician			
MANAGEMENT AND	The state of the s	Anulla Blow date		
-	Calibration pro August 25, 20 In Tolerance (ents the traceability to nat ritainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborate TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698	ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) GB37480704 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) US37292783 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 100698 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)		

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the quarter size flat phantom filled with **head simulating liquid** of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 39.4 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.44 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.96 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the quarter size flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 37.6 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 19.6 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.182 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.982 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 48.2 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -8.9 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -20.6 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN522

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 7/22/2004

Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 17; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 124

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5 mm,

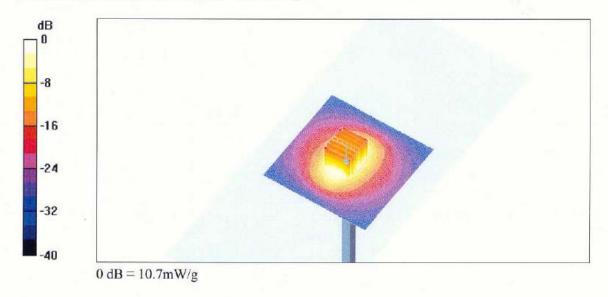
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client Moto

Motorola CGISS

Certificate No: D2450V2-704_Nov04

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D2450V2 - SN: 704 Object **QA CAL-05.v6** Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits November 15, 2004 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) GB37480704 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) Oct-05 Power meter EPM E442 Oct-05 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402) Aug-05 Reference 10 dB Attenuator 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402) Aug-05 SN: 5047.2 (10r) Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN 3025 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) Oct-05 Jul-05 DAE4 SN 601 6-Nov-03 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jul04) Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) In house check: Dec-05 RF generator R&S SML-03 100698 27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03) In house check: Nov 04 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Name Function Calibrated by: Judith Mueller Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: November 24, 2004

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0		
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer	
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm		
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	_	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(23.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.3 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.0 ± 0.2) °C		-

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition			
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g		
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	55.2 mW / g		
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	53.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)		

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition			
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.26 mW / g		
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g		
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)		

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 Ω + j1.9 Ω
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.151 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2001

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 11/15/04 16:19:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN704

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 29.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size -SN:1001; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 mW/g

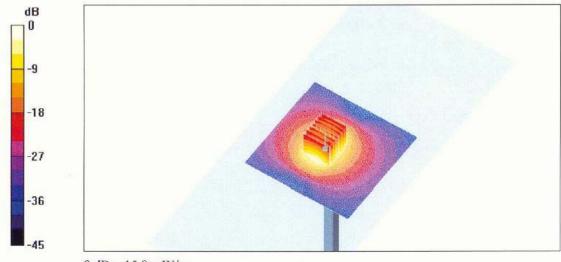
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g



0 dB = 15.8 mW/g

Appendix D Test System Verification Scans

Note: Dipole validation scans at the head from SPEAG are provided in APPENDIX D. The GEMS EME lab validated the dipole to the applicable IEEE system performance targets. Within the same day system validation was performed using FCC body tissue parameters to generate the system performance target values for body at the applicable frequency. The results of the GEMS EME system performance validation are provided herein. To assess the isotropic characteristics of the measurement probe, two system performance zoom scans (0 and 90 degrees) were measured. The results were averaged together and adjusted to account for the power drift in order to obtain the final calculated 1 and 10 gram results.

Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 084; Test Date: 2/14/05

Run #: 050214-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.7 (C)

TX Freq: 900 MHz; Start power: 250 mW

Target 11.75 mW/g for 1g SAR; 7.47 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 11.07 mW/g; -5.81 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 7.15 mW/g; -4.33 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 900 MHz, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.05$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

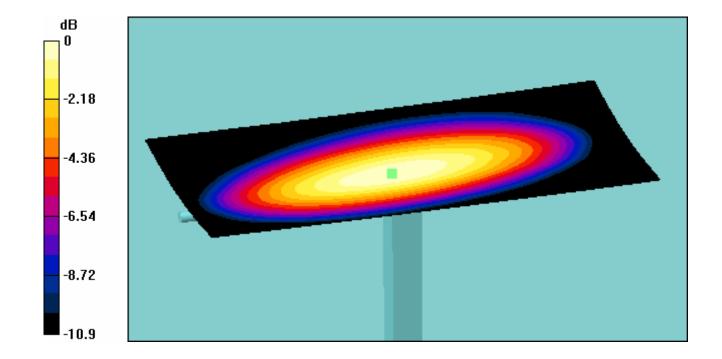
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.83 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 084; Test Date: 2/15/05

Run #: 050215-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.6 (C)

TX Freq: 900 MHz; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 11.75 mW/g for 1g SAR 7.47 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 11.04 mW/g; -6.02 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 7.13 mW/g; -4.57 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 900 MHz, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.05$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 55.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

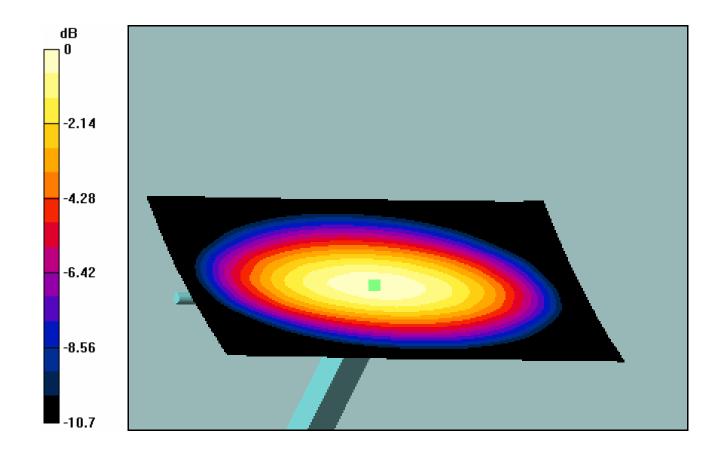
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.81 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 1900 MHz Dipole; Model D1900V2, SN 522; Test Date: 2/15/05

Run #: 050215-12 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (C)

TX Freq: 1900 MHz; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 38.21 mW/g for 1g SAR 20.15 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 38.69 mW/g; 1.25 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 20.48 mW/g; 1.65 % from target (including drift)

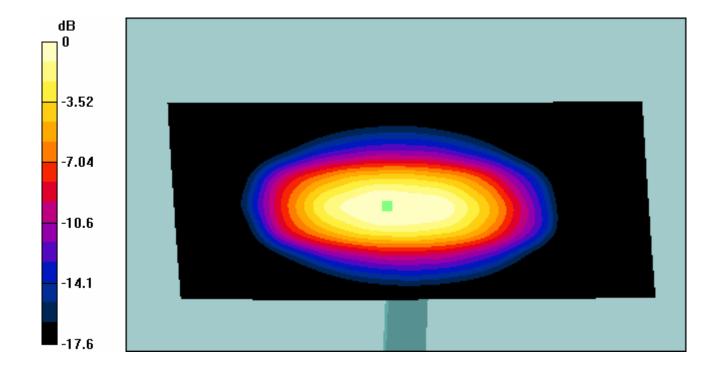
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 1900 MHz, Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 1900 MHz Dipole; Model D1900V2, SN 522; Test Date: 2/16/05

Run #: 050216-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.7 (C) Model #: D1900V2 SN: 522

TX Freq: 1900 MHz; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 38.21 mW/g for 1g SAR 20.15 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 38.75 mW/g; 1.41 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 20.63 mW/g; 2.36 % from target (including drift)

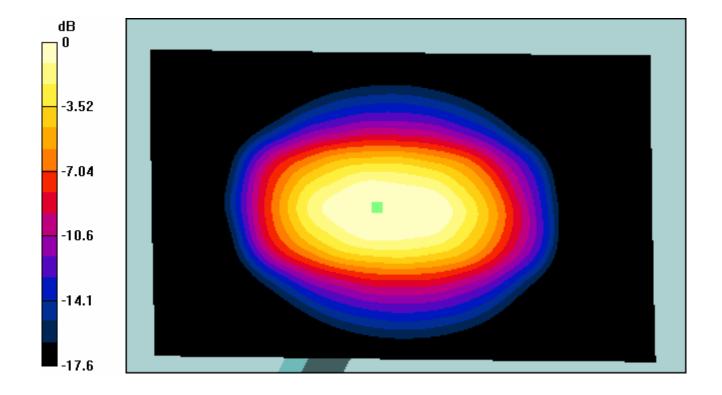
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 1900 MHz, Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole; Model D2450V2, SN 704; Test Date: 2/18/05

Run #: 050218-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (C)

TX Freq: 2450; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 51.74 mW/g for 1g SAR 24.67 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 52.18 mW/g; .85 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 24.26 mW/g; -1.65 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(3.95, 3.95, 3.95)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: Body 2450, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 2$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

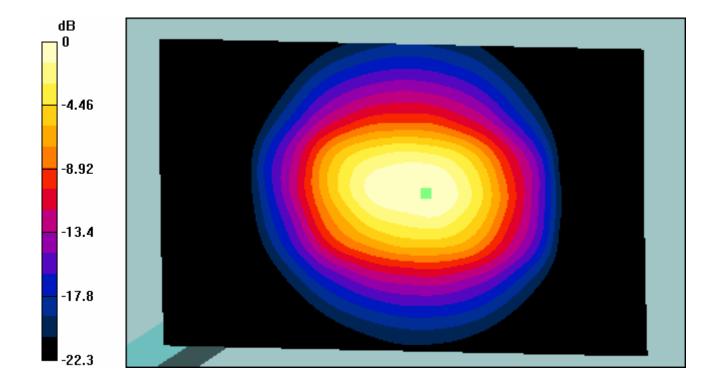
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6 mW/g

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole; Model D2450V2, SN 704; Test Date: 2/19/05

Run #: 050219-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.9 (C)

TX Freq: 2450; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 51.74 mW/g for 1g SAR; 24.67 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 51.48 mW/g; -.50 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 23.93 mW/g; -2.99 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(3.95, 3.95, 3.95)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: Body 2450, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.97$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

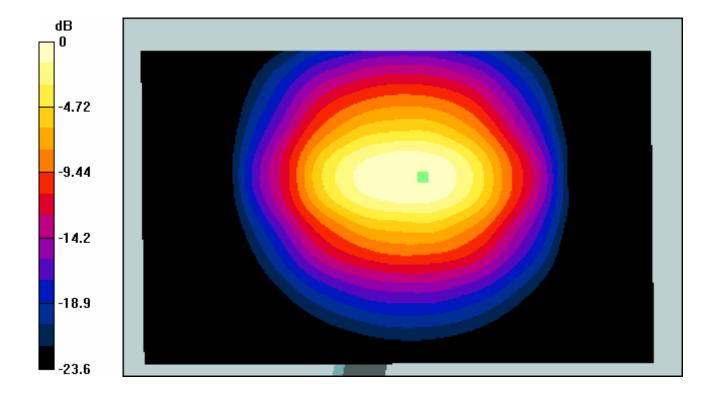
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 70.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 mW/g

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 70.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole; Model D2450V2, SN 704; Test Date: 2/21/05

Run #: 050221-01 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (C) Model #: D2450V2 SN: 704

TX Freq: 2450; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 51.74 mW/g for 1g SAR 24.67 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 54.39 mW/g; 5.11 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 24.67 mW/g; 1.64 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(3.95, 3.95, 3.95)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: Body 2450, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 2.02$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

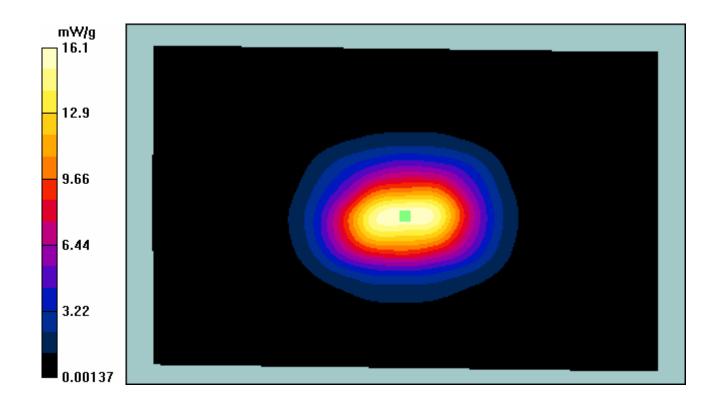
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm **Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 mW/g

Sys Performance Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 1900 MHz Dipole; Model D1900V2, SN 522; Test Date: 2/22/05

Run #: 050222-03 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (C)

TX Freq: 1900MHz; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 38.21 mW/g for 1g SAR; 20.15 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 35.57 mW/g; - 6.91 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 19.60 mW/g; - 2.75 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 1900 MHz, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.51$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

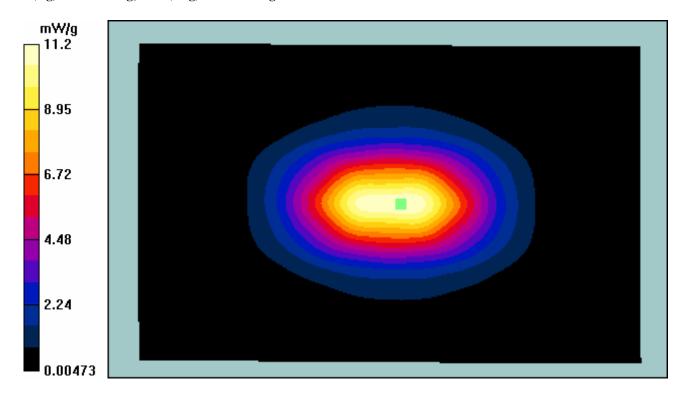
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 87.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 87.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 084; Test Date: 2/22/05

Run #: 050222-08 Test operator: E. Church

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (C) TX Freq: 900; Start power: 250 mW

Target: 11.75 mW/g for 1g SAR; 7.47 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 11.66 mW/g; -.80 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 7.53 mW/g; +.86 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)

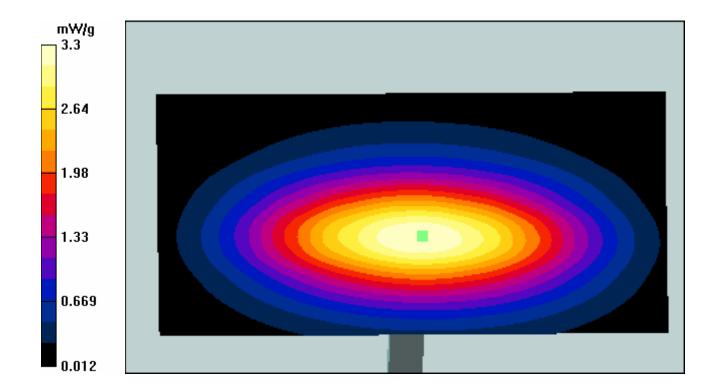
Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: FCC Body 900 MHz, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.05$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.37 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 mW/g

Sys Performance 900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 mW/g



SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:	4/14/2004		Frequency (MHz):	900	
Lab Location:	CGISS		Mixture Type:	FCC Body	
Robot System:	3		Ambient Temp.(°C):	23	
Probe Serial #:	1	545	Tissue Temp.(°C):	20.5	
DAE Serial #:		106	_		
Tissue Characteristics					
Permitivity:	5	3.3	Phantom Type/SN:	80302002A/S8	
Conductivity:	1	.05	Distance (mm):	15 (tissue/dipole cnt)	
Reference Source:	D9	00V2	(Dipole)		
Reference SN:		84	-		
Power to Dipole:	250	_ mW			
Measured SAR Value: Power Drift:		2.91 -0.04	_mW/g,1.85 _dB	mW/g (10g avg.)	
New Target/Measured SAR Value:			5_mW/g,7.	47 mW/g (10g avg.)	
(normalized to 1.0 W, ir	cluding drif	lt)			
				and	
Test performed by:		C.	Miller	Initial: ((M)/	

SPEAG DIPOLE D900V2; Test date:04/14/04

Run #: Sys Perf-040414-09

Phantom #: 80302002A/S8

Model #: D900 V2

SN: 084 Tester: C. Miller

Robot: CGISS-3 TX Freq: 900 MHz

900 MHz Sim Tissue Temp: 20.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250 mW

DAE Cal Date: 08/21/2003

DAE3: 401 - Comments-

SAR calculated at 1W is 11.75 mW/g (1g avg). SAR calculated at 1W is 7.47 mW/g (10g avg).

Flat; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1383(Cal Date 25 Feb 2004); ConvF(5.82,5.82,5.82); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body

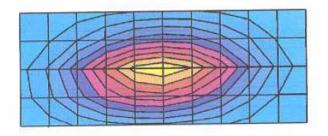
900MHz: $\sigma = 1.05$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 53.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

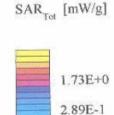
Cubes (2): Peak: 4.56 $\,$ mW/g \pm 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 2.91 $\,$ mW/g \pm 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.85 $\,$ mW/g \pm 0.03

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.0 (11.1, 13.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.04 dB





SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:

2/10/2005

Frequency (MHz):

1900

Lab Location:

CGISS CGISS-3 Mixture Type:

1900-FCC Body

Robot System: Probe Serial #:

1545

Ambient Temp.(°C): Tissue Temp.(°C):

22.1 21.3

DAE Serial #:

DAE3V1 SN401

Tissue Characteristics

Phantom Type/SN:

40302002A

Permitivity: Conductivity:

51.2 1.58 Distance (mm):

10

Reference Source:

Dipole (Dipole/Handset)

Reference SN:

522

Power to Dipole:

250 mW

Power Output (radio):

mW

Target SAR Value:

38.21 mW/g, 20.15 mW/g (10g avg.)

(normalized to 1.0 W)

Measured SAR Value:

9.775 mW/g, 5.155 mW/g (10g avg.)

Power Drift: 0.1 dB

Measured SAR Value:

38.21 mW/g, 20.15 mW/g (10g avg.)

(normalized to 1.0 W. with drift compensation)

Percent Difference From Target (must be within System Uncertainty):

0.00 % (1g avg)

0.00 % (10g avg)

Test performed by: C. Miller

Initial:

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.3 (C)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

Test operator: C. Miller Run #: 050210-04 Phantom #: 40302002B/S10 Robot: CGISS-3

Model #: D1900V2 SN: 522 Start power: 250 mW

TX Freq: 1900 MHz

Target

20.15 mW/g for 10g SAR 38.21 mW/g for 1g SAR SAR calculated 1g is 38.21 mW/g; % from target (including drift) is 0.00 SAR calculated 10g is 20.15 mW/g; % from target (including drift) is 0.00

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2),

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: Body 1900, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.58$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

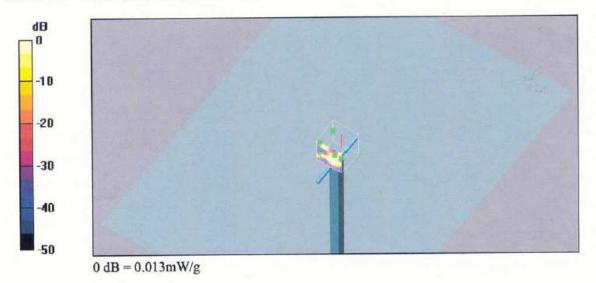
Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 3 (16x16x36)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.6 V/m; Power Drift = not measured Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 W/kg Motorola Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = n.a.; SAR(10 g) = n.a.

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.013 mW/g



SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

2/17/2005	Frequency (MHz):	2450	
CGISS	Mixture Type:	FCC Body	
CGISS-3	Ambient Temp.(°C):	22.1	
robe Serial #: 1545		21.7	
401			
s			
51.1	Phantom Type/SN:	40302002A-S6	
2.01	Distance (mm):	10	
Dipole	(Dipole/Handset)		
704			
250 mW			
e: 12.9	95 mW/g, 6.175 n	nW/g (10g avg.)	
0.005			
d			
	74 mW/g, 24.67 n	nW/g (10g avg.)	
E.	Church Ir	nitial: $ \mathcal{Z}_{\mathcal{L}} $	
	CGISS CGISS-3 1545 401 s 51.1 2.01 Dipole 704 250 mW e: 12.9 0.005 d 51.7	CGISS Mixture Type: CGISS-3 Ambient Temp.(°C): 1545 Tissue Temp.(°C): 401 8	

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Run #: 050217-02 Test operator: E. Church

Robot: CGISS-3 Phantom #: 40302002A-S6 Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (C)
Model #: D2450V2 SN: 704

TX Freq: 2450 MHz Start power: 250 mW

Target

51.74 mW/g for 1g SAR
SAR calculated 1g is 12.95 mW/g; 0 % from target (including drift)
SAR calculated 10g is 6.175 mW/g; 0 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(3.95, 3.95, 3.95),

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: Body 2450, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 2.01$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Validation Body 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00514 dB

Motorola Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 mW/g

Sys Validation Body 2450 MHz/Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 mW/g

Sys Validation Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00514 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 mW/g

Sys Validation Body 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

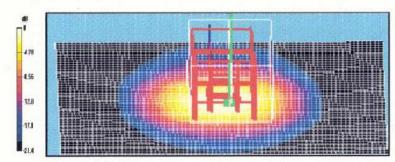
dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00514 dB

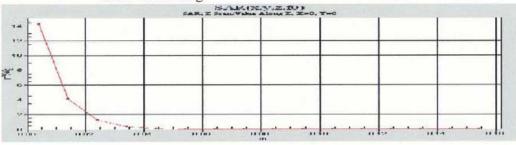
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 mW/g



0 dB = 14.7 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 900 MHz Dipole; Model D900V2, SN 084; Test Date: 3/10/05

Run #: 050310-06 Test operator: E. Church

Tissue Temp: 19.5 (C)

TX Freq: 900 (MHz) Start power: 250 (mW)

Target: 11.15mW/g for 1g SAR; 6.98mW/g for 10g SAR

11.77mW/g calculated 1g-SAR; + 5.52% from target (including drift) 7.43mW/g calculated 10g-SAR; + 6.39% from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: 900 MHz IEEE Head, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 900 MHz Head/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Sys Performance 900 MHz Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

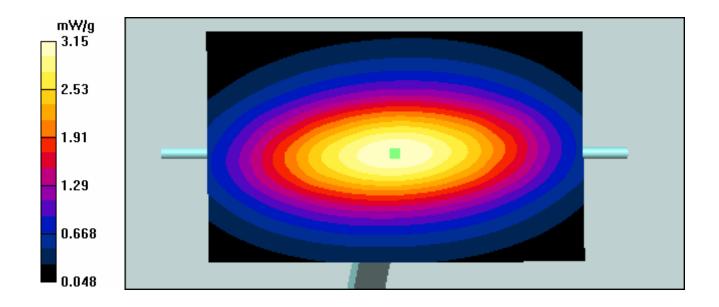
Reference Value = 58.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.84 mW/g

Sys Performance 900 MHz Head/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.89 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 1900 MHz Dipole; Model D1900V2, SN 522; Test Date: 3/10/05

Run #: 050310-01 Test operator: E. Church

Tissue Temp: 20.0 (C)

TX Freq: 1900 (MHz) Start power: 250 (mW)

Target: 37.66 mW/g for 1g SAR; 19.82 mW/g for 10g SAR

34.03 mW/g calculated 1g-SAR; - 9.63% from target (including drift) 18.44 mW/g calculated 10g-SAR; - 6.96% from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: 1900 MHz Head, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.38$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

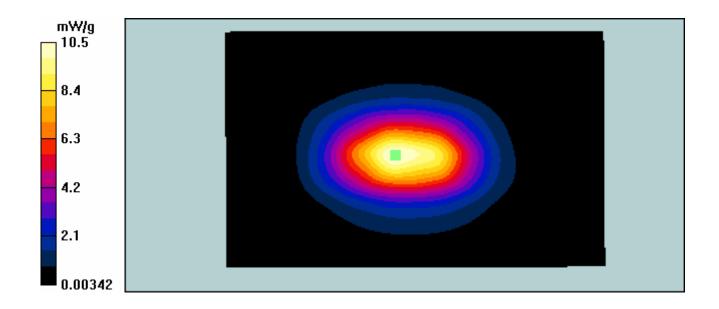
Reference Value = 86.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.58 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Body/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.68 mW/g



Motorola GEMS EME Lab

SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole; Model D2450V2, SN 704; Test Date: 3/11/05

Run #: 050311-01 Test operator: E. Church

Tissue Temp: 21.3 (C)

TX Freq: 2450 (MHz) Start power: 250 (mW)

Target: 54.95mW/g for 1g SAR; 25.62mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 52.96 mW/g; - 3.63 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 24.64mW/g; - 3.83 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12)

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: 2450 MHz Head, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.87$; mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance Head 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Sys Performance Head 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

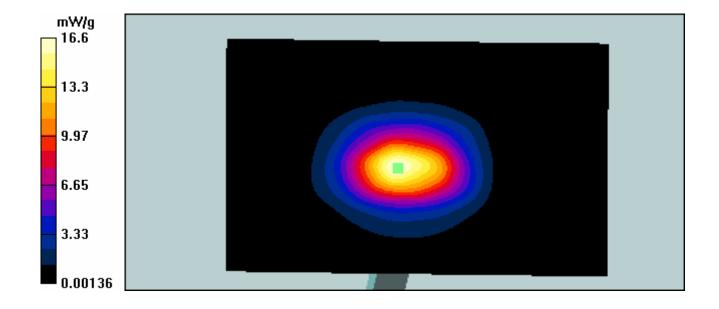
Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g

Sys Performance Head 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g



SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:	4/14	/2004	Frequenc	y (MHz):	9	900	
Lab Location:	CG	ISS	Mixture Type:		IEE	E-Head	
Robot System:		3	Ambient Temp.(°C		:	23	
Probe Serial #:	13	383	Tissue To	emp.(°C):		21	
DAE Serial #:	4	06	_				
Tissue Characteristics Permitivity: Conductivity:		1.2	_Phantom _Distance	Type/SN: (mm):		TP1022 e/dipole cnt)	
Reference Source: Reference SN:		00V2 34	(Dipole)				
Power to Dipole: Power Output (radio):	250 n/a	mW mW					
Target SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W)		10.8	_mW/g,	6.9	mW/g (1	0g avg.)	
Measured SAR Value: Power Drift:		2.78	mW/g, dB	1.74	mW/g (1	0g avg.)	
Measured SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W, including	g drift)	11.15	_mW/g,	6.98	mW/g (1	0g avg.)	
Percent Difference From	m Target	(MUST b	e within Sy	stem Unce	rtainty):		% (1g ave) % (10g ave)
Test performed by:		C.	Miller		Initial:	(Olu)	

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:	4/14/2004	Frequency (MHz):	900
Lab Location:	CGISS	Mixture Type:	IEEE - Head
Robot System:	3	Ambient Temp.(°C):	23
Probe Serial #:	1383	Tissue Temp.(°C):	21
DAE Serial #:	401	_	
Tissue Characteristics Permitivity:	41.2	_ Phantom Type/SN:	SAMTP1022
Conductivity:	1.00	Distance (mm):	15 (tissue/dipole cnt)
Reference Source: Reference SN:	D900V2 84	_(Dipole)	
Power to Dipole:	250 mW		
Measured SAR Value: Power Drift:	<u>2.78</u> -0.01	mW/g,1.74 _dB	_mW/g (10g avg.)
New Target/Measured SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W, in		5 mW/g, 6.9	8 mW/g (10g avg.)
Test performed by:	C.	Miller	_Initial: (M)

SPEAG DIPOLE D900V2; Test date:04/14/04

Run #: Sys Perf-040414-08

Phantom #: SAMTP1022

Model #: D900 V2

SN: 084

Robot: CGISS-3

Tester: C. Miller

TX Freq: 900 MHz

900 MHz Sim Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power, 250 mW

DAE Cal Date: 08/21/2003

DAE3: 401 - Comments-

SAR calculated at 1W is 11.15 mW/g (1g avg). SAR calculated at 1W is 6.98 mW/g (10g avg).

SAM; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1383(Cal Date 25 Feb 2004); ConvF(6.30,6.30,6.30); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE

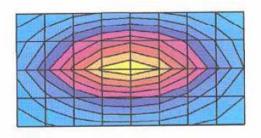
Head 900: $\sigma = 1.00 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 41.2 \text{ } \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

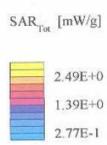
Cubes (2): Peak: 4.44 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.78 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.74 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.03$

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.2 (10.4, 12.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB





SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:

2/10/2005

CGISS

Frequency (MHz): Mixture Type:

1900

Lab Location: Robot System:

CGISS-3

Ambient Temp.(°C): 22.1

1900-IEEE Head

Probe Serial #:

1545

Tissue Temp.(°C):

21.1

DAE Serial #:

DAE3V1 SN401

Tissue Characteristics

Phantom Type/SN:

40302002A

Permitivity:

38.0

Distance (mm):

10

Conductivity:

1.47

Reference Source:

Dipole (Dipole/Handset)

Reference SN:

Power to Dipole:

250 mW

Power Output (radio):

mW

Target SAR Value:

39.7 mW/g, 20.5 mW/g (10g avg.)

(normalized to 1.0 W)

Measured SAR Value:

9.415 mW/g, 4.955 mW/g (10g avg.)

Power Drift:

0 dB

Measured SAR Value:

(normalized to 1.0 W,

37.66 mW/g, 19.82 mW/g (10g avg.)

with drift compensation)

Percent Difference From Target (must be within System Uncertainty):

-5.14 % (1g avg)

-3.32 % (10g avg)

Test performed by: C. Miller

Initial:

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

Run #: 050210-01 Test operator: C. Miller
Robot: CGISS-3 Phantom #: 40302002A/S12 Sim Tissue Temp: 21.1 (C)

Model #: D1900V2 SN: 522

TX Freq: 1900 MHz Start power: 250 mW

Target

37.66 mW/g for 1g SAR 19.82 mW/g for 10g SAR SAR calculated 1g is 37.66 mW/g; % from target (including drift) is 0.0 SAR calculated 10g is 19.82 mW/g; % from target (including drift) is 0.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69),

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: HSL 1900, Medium parameters used: σ = 1.47; mho/m, ϵ_r = 38; ρ = 1000 kg/m³;

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Head/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Motorola Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 9.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Head/Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm,

dz=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g

Sys Performance 1900 MHz Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 mW/g

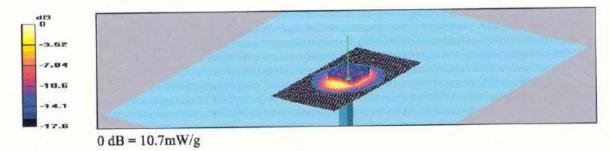
Sys Performance 1900 MHz Head/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

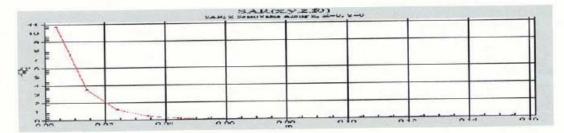
dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 mW/g





Date:	2/17/2005	Frequency (MHz):		2450	
Lab Location:	CGISS	Mixture Typ		IEEE Head	
Robot System:	CGISS-3	Ambient Temp.(°C):		22.1	
Probe Serial #:	1545	Tissue Temp.(°C):		21.6	
DAE Serial #:	401	_			_
Tissue Characteristics					
Permitivity:	37.9	Phantom Ty	pe/SN:	40302002B-S1	0
Conductivity:	1.89	Distance (m	m):	10	
Reference Source:	Diploe	(Dipole/Handset)			
Reference SN:	704	_			
Power to Dipole: 2	50 mW				
Power Output (radio):	mW				
Target SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W)	52.4	_mW/g, _	24	mW/g (10g avg.)
Measured SAR Value:	13.8	mW/g,	6.435	mW/g (10g avg.)
Power Drift:	0.0199	dB			
Measured SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W, including d	54.95	_mW/g, _	25.62	mW/g (10g avg.)
Percent Difference From	Target (MUST	be within Sys	stem Unc		
Total Difference From	50. (11031	ov widini Sys	icin one	6.7	
Test performed by:	F. C	Church		Initial:	

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Run #: 050217-03 Test operator: E. Church

Robot: CGISS-3 Phantom #: 40302002B-S10 Sim Tissue Temp: 21.6 (C)

Model #: D2450V2 SN: 704 TX Freq: 2450 MHz Start power: 250 mW

Target

54.95 mW/g for 1g SAR 25.62 mW/g for 10g SAR

SAR calculated 1g is 13.8 mW/g; 0 % from target (including drift) SAR calculated 10g is 6.435 mW/g; 0 % from target (including drift)

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1545, Calibrated: 9/1/2004, ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12),

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium: 2450 Head, Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 1.89$; mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Electronics: DAE3 Sn401, Calibrated: 8/25/2004

Sys Validation Head 2450 MHz/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 92.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0199 dB

Motorola Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.8 mW/g

Sys Validation Head 2450 MHz/Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 mW/g

Sys Validation Head 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0199 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15 mW/g

Sys Validation Head 2450 MHz/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm,

dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0199 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.53 mW/g

