

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2425-4
FCC ID : IHDT56AP7
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Si Zhang

Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen)

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People's Republic of China**



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA3O1717-04	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 14, 2023

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2425-4**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.52	1.35	1.35	1.59
		GSM1900	0.25	1.43	1.42	
	WCDMA	WCDMA V	0.50	1.44	1.44	
		WCDMA II	0.42	1.44	1.43	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	0.42	1.33	1.29	
		LTE Band 5	0.51	1.37	1.37	
		LTE Band 7	0.15	1.31	1.38	
		LTE Band 41/38	<0.10	1.38	1.38	
DTS	WLAN	WLAN2.4GHz	1.07	1.00	1.00	1.52
NII		WLAN5GHz	1.11	1.17	1.19	1.50
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	0.22	0.21	0.21	1.59

Highest 10g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	3.39	3.89
		GSM1900	3.44	
	WCDMA	WCDMA V	2.32	
		WCDMA II	3.22	
	LTE	LTE Band 2	3.10	
		LTE Band 5	2.27	
		LTE Band 7	3.23	
		LTE Band 41/38	1.87	
DTS	WLAN	WLAN2.4GHz	1.54	3.89
NII		WLAN5GHz	2.69	3.44
DXX	NFC	NFC	<0.10	3.89
Date of Testing:			2023/10/26~2023/11/10	

Remark: This device supports LTE B38 and B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B41.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen)		
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-755-86379589 FAX: +86-755-86379595		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR02-SZ, SAR03-SZ, SAR05-SZ	CN1256	421272

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Data Reuse Approach

3.1 Introduction Section

This application re-uses data collected on a similar device, FCC ID: IHDT56AP2 (reference model) and FCC ID: IHDT56AP7 (variant model). Due to the same design are identical between parent model and variant model, SAR data reuse is requested and spot check data in this report is used to justify the SAR data reuse.

For variant model 1g SAR and 10g spot check SAR result does not exceed 30% and 1g SAR < 1.2W/kg, 10g SAR < 3.0W/kg of the reference model, the WWAN max SAR summary was always choose the higher SAR between parent model and variant model.

The applicant should take full responsibility that the test data as referenced in this report represent compliance for this FCC ID: IHDT56AP7

3.2 Model Difference Information

The main difference between FCC ID: IHDT56AP2 and FCC ID: IHDT56AP7 is as below:

- Change battery capacity is 6000mAh, and charge IC apply to 15W & 33W.

Other differences and all the details of similarity and difference can be found in the confidential documents (XT2425-4_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration).

3.3 Reference detail Section

Rule Part	Equipment Class	Wireless Technology	Frequency Band (MHz)	FCC ID (Reference)	Type Grant/ Permissive Change	Reference Title	FCC ID Filling (Variant)	Test on the variant
Part 2.1093	PCE	GSM	GSM850/1900	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
		WCDMA	B2/5	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
		LTE	B2/5/7/38/41	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
	DTS	BLE/ Wi-Fi	2400~2483.5	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
	NII	Wi-Fi	5150 ~ 5250 5250 ~ 5350 5470 ~ 5725 5725 ~ 5850	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
	DSS	Bluetooth	2400~2483.5	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check
	DXX	NFC	13.56	IHDT56AP2	Original Grant	FA3O1717-03	IHDT56AP7	Spot check



4. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

5. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

5.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2425-4
FCC ID	IHDT56AP7
IMEI Code	Sample 1: IMEI 1: 351966220008889 IMEI 2: 351966220010190 Sample 2: IMEI 1: 351966220011743 IMEI 2: 351966220012618
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20/ HT40 WLAN 5GHz : 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	UTA34.66
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. 2. This device has NFC function and the NFC SAR report will be separately submitted. 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. 4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). 5. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 6. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests. 7. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke 	

corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, power table which can refer to reference model test report.

8. There are two samples, the different between them refer to the XT2425-4_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibit separately. According to the differences, sample 1 was chosen to perform full SAR testing and sample 2 verified the worst case of sample 1, the detail samples list are as follows.

5.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56AP7																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
Uplink Modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R9, Cat 5																																																														
CA Support	Not Supported																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the original report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in Proximity sensors/receiver/hotspot detect mechanism, head/body -worn /hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some bands applied to satisfy SAR compliance, the detail please referred to reference model test report.																																																														

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5		836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535		2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560				

LTE Band 38								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610

LTE Band 41								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	40065	2537.5	40090	2540	40115	2542.5	40140	2545
LM	40385	2569.5	40390	2570	40395	2570.5	40400	2571
HM	40705	2601.5	40690	2600	40685	2599.5	40670	2598
H	41215	2652.5	41190	2650	41165	2647.5	41140	2645

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

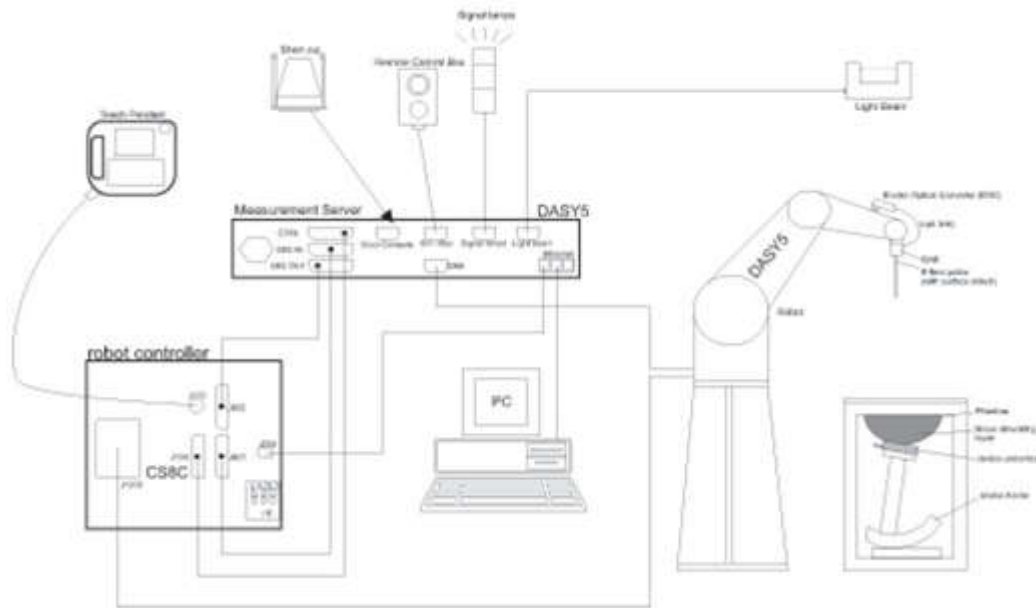
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE


8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Dec. 17, 2021	Dec. 16, 2024
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Dec. 20, 2021	Dec. 19, 2024
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1040	Apr. 25, 2023	Apr. 24, 2024
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Dec. 20, 2021	Dec. 19, 2024
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHZV2	1341	Dec. 13, 2021	Dec. 12, 2024
SPEAG	13MHz System Validation Kit	CLA13	1020	May. 11, 2023	May. 10, 2024
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1664	Jun. 06, 2023	Jun. 05, 2024
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	360	Dec. 28, 2022	Dec. 27, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	715	Jan. 23, 2023	Jan. 22, 2024
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7641	Apr. 24, 2023	Apr. 23, 2024
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7577	Nov. 23, 2022	Nov. 22, 2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3975	Jun. 22, 2023	Jun. 21, 2024
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	1795	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P41 AA	2033	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QD OVA 004 AA	2131	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 05, 2023	Jul. 04, 2024
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201341952	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6262314715	Jul. 05, 2023	Jul. 04, 2024
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6272278319	Jul. 05, 2023	Jul. 04, 2024
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6272416837	Apr. 03, 2023	Apr. 02, 2024
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Jul. 05, 2023	Jul. 04, 2024
Keysight	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 16, 2023	Oct. 15, 2024
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1071	Feb. 20, 2023	Feb. 19, 2024
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-12	1169	Aug. 24, 2023	Aug. 23, 2024
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Oct. 16, 2023	Oct. 15, 2024
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Oct. 16, 2023	Oct. 15, 2024
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1542004	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1339473	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP8S	109228	Apr. 06, 2023	Apr. 05, 2024
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 05, 2023	Jul. 04, 2024
R&S	Vector Singal Generator	SMBN100A	258306	Dec. 27, 2022	Dec. 26, 2023
TES	Hygrometer	1310	200505600	Jul. 08, 2023	Jul. 07, 2024
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030903	Dec. 30, 2022	Dec. 29, 2023
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015102801	Dec. 30, 2022	Dec. 29, 2023
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2020062101	Jul. 08, 2023	Jul. 07, 2024
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	Note 1	
Mini-Circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	Note 1	
Mini-Circuits	Amplifier	ZVA-183W-S+	726202215	Note 1	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
ET Industries	Dual Directional Coupler	C-058-10	N/A	Note 1	
Jinkexinhua	Attenuator	10db-8G	N/A	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

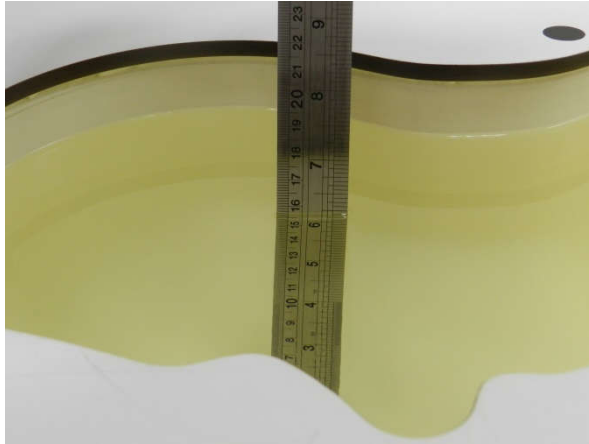


Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.5	0.930	42.770	0.90	41.50	3.33	3.06	±5	2023/10/31
835	Head	22.5	0.904	42.080	0.90	41.50	0.44	1.40	±5	2023/11/1
835	Head	22.6	0.915	41.980	0.90	41.50	1.67	1.16	±5	2023/11/3
1900	Head	22.4	1.417	40.994	1.40	40.00	1.21	2.49	±5	2023/10/26
1900	Head	22.3	1.436	38.697	1.40	40.00	2.57	-3.26	±5	2023/11/3
1900	Head	22.7	1.427	41.191	1.40	40.00	1.93	2.98	±5	2023/11/6
2450	Head	22.4	1.825	39.664	1.80	39.20	1.39	1.18	±5	2023/11/1
2450	Head	22.4	1.843	40.377	1.80	39.20	2.39	3.00	±5	2023/11/5
2450	Head	22.2	1.878	40.464	1.80	39.20	4.33	3.22	±5	2023/11/6
2600	Head	22.3	1.912	38.499	1.96	39.00	-2.45	-1.28	±5	2023/11/2
2600	Head	22.2	1.904	38.499	1.96	39.00	-2.86	-1.28	±5	2023/11/4
2600	Head	22.2	2.056	37.284	1.96	39.00	4.90	-4.40	±5	2023/11/8
5250	Head	22.3	4.803	37.045	4.71	35.95	1.97	3.05	±5	2023/10/28
5250	Head	22.5	4.617	35.683	4.71	35.95	-1.97	-0.74	±5	2023/11/6
5250	Head	22.5	4.595	36.652	4.71	35.95	-2.44	1.95	±5	2023/11/7
5600	Head	22.2	5.238	36.275	5.07	35.50	3.31	2.18	±5	2023/10/29
5600	Head	22.3	4.970	35.188	5.07	35.50	-1.97	-0.88	±5	2023/11/7
5600	Head	22.8	5.125	35.435	5.07	35.50	1.08	-0.18	±5	2023/11/8
5750	Head	22.5	5.413	35.968	5.22	35.35	3.70	1.75	±5	2023/10/29
5750	Head	22.7	5.009	36.365	5.22	35.35	-4.04	2.87	±5	2023/11/7
5750	Head	22.6	5.127	34.965	5.22	35.35	-1.78	-1.09	±5	2023/11/9
13	Head	22.4	0.752	54.218	0.75	55.00	0.27	-1.42	±5	2023/11/10



11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Tissue Type, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 1g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). Rows include dates from 2023/10/31 to 2023/11/9.

<10g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Tissue Type, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 10g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). Rows include dates from 2023/10/31 to 2023/11/10.

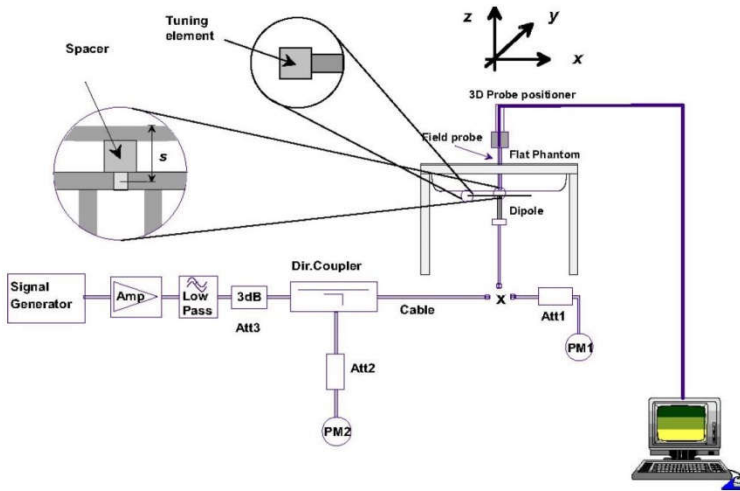


Fig 10.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo



Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 11.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 11.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 11.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 11.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

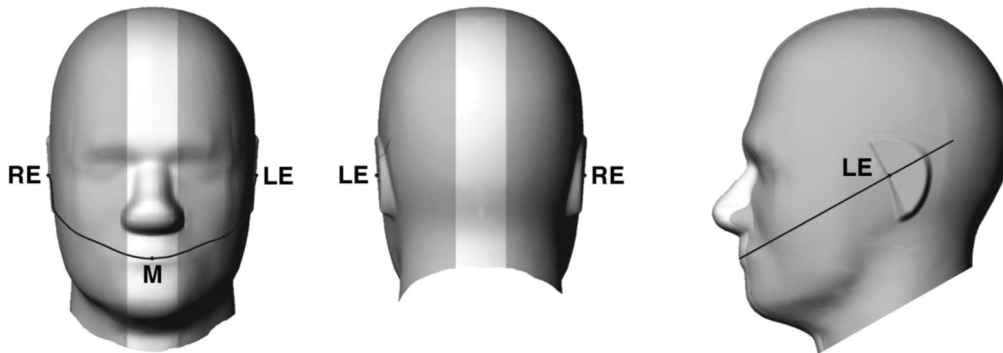


Fig 11.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

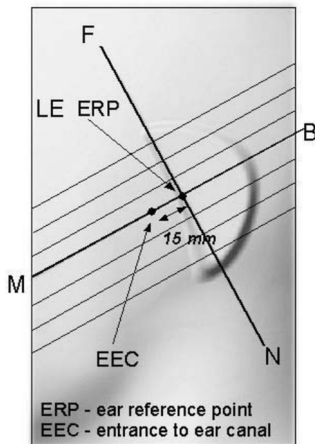


Fig 11.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

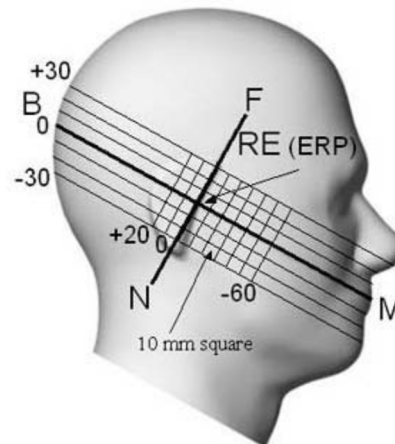


Fig 11.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 11.2.1 and Figure 11.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 11.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 11.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 11.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 11.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

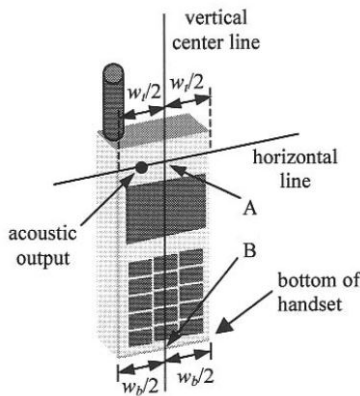


Fig 11.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

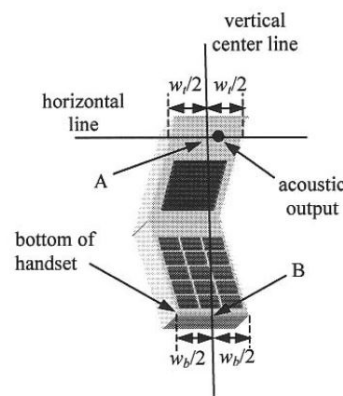


Fig 11.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

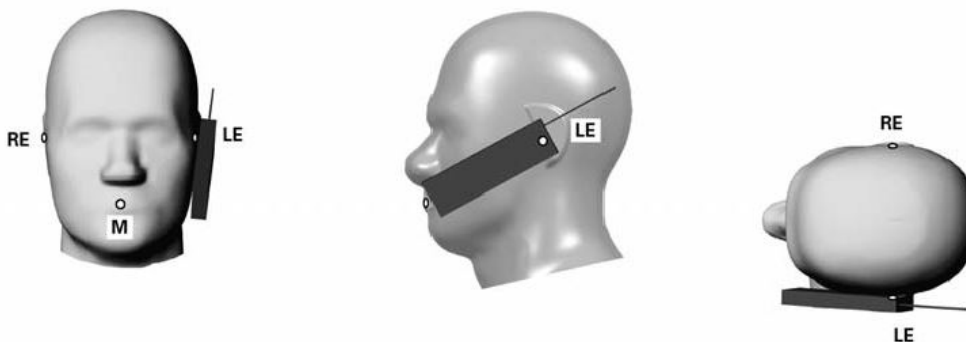


Fig 11.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 11.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

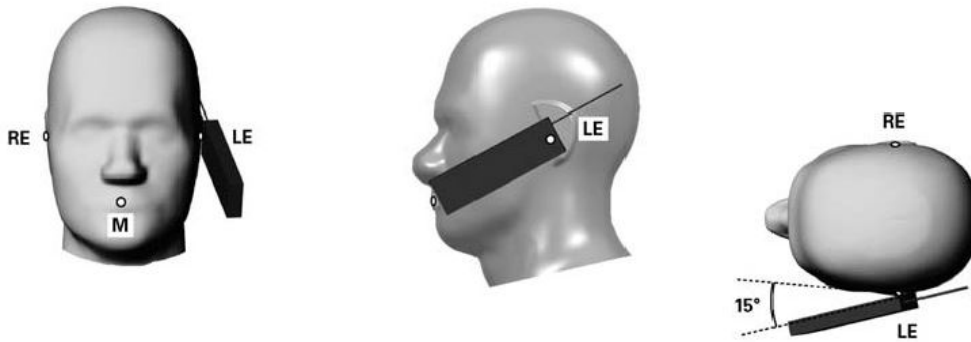


Fig 11.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

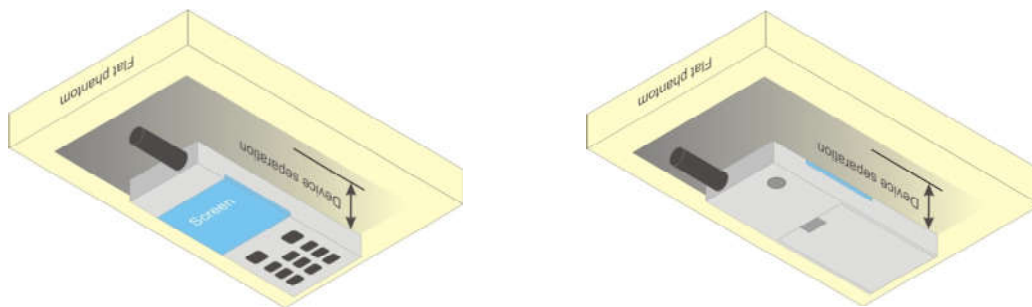


Fig 11.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, according to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. Spot Check SAR Test Results

Spot Check General Note:

1. SAR spot check verification on the worst cases from the original model was performed to demonstrate the test data from original model remains representative for the variant model.
2. If the 1-g SAR spot check result “does not exceed 30%, but larger than 1.2 W/kg”, more spot check on the next-higher exposure position until the spot check result does not exceed 1.2 W/kg. Similarly, if the 10-g SAR spot check result “does not exceed 30%, but larger than 3.0 W/kg”, more spot check on the next-higher exposure position until the spot check result does not exceed 3.0 W/kg.
 - a. When the Spot check SAR results is less than 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and the corresponding 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, while the SAR hot-spot distribution does not change. Due to the low SAR value, even if Spot-check Deviation that are 30% or larger, a full test or the addition of more test data is not required.
 - b. When the Spot check SAR results is far less than reference model test report, while the SAR hot-spot distribution does not change. Due to the SAR value is far less than reference model test report, even if Spot-check Deviation that are 30% or larger, a full test or the addition of more test data is not required.
3. The Spot check results showed that deviation of the SAR results did not exceed 30%, therefore referring to the guidance in the KDB inquiry, SAR data reuse is justified.
4. 1st as parent model, 2nd as variant model.

15.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
835MHz																						
	1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	189	836.4	1	30.18	31.50	1.355	-	-	0.07	0.360	0.488	6%
01	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	189	836.4	1	30.18	31.50	1.355	-	-	0.02	0.380	0.515	
	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	189	836.4	2	30.18	31.50	1.355	-	-	-0.04	0.324	0.439	
	1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	4182	836.4	1	22.94	24.00	1.276	-	-	0.02	0.392	0.500	-7%
02	2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	4182	836.4	1	22.94	24.00	1.276	-	-	0.06	0.366	0.467	
	1st	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	20525	836.5	1	22.93	24.00	1.279	-	-	-0.12	0.398	0.509	-25%
03	2nd	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	20525	836.5	1	22.93	24.00	1.279	-	-	-0.02	0.297	0.380	
1900MHz																						
	1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	661	1880	1	27.87	28.50	1.156	-	-	0.12	0.207	0.239	6%
04	2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	661	1880	1	27.87	28.50	1.156	-	-	0.05	0.219	0.253	
	1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	9400	1880	1	23.28	24.00	1.180	-	-	0.07	0.289	0.341	23%
05	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	9400	1880	1	23.28	24.00	1.180	-	-	0.02	0.356	0.420	
	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	9400	1880	2	23.28	24.00	1.180	-	-	-0.05	0.350	0.413	
	1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	18900	1880	1	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.02	0.266	0.336	25%
06	2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	18900	1880	1	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.08	0.333	0.421	
2600MHz																						
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	21100	2535	1	22.86	24.00	1.300	-	-	0.16	0.118	0.153	-5%
07	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	21100	2535	1	22.86	24.00	1.300	-	-	-0.09	0.112	0.146	
	1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	40140	2545	1	22.95	24.00	1.274	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.047	0.060	7%
08	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Right Cheek	0mm	DSI 2	40140	2545	1	22.95	24.00	1.274	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.050	0.064	

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
2450MHz																		
	1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Receiver on	6	2437	1	14.40	15.50	1.288	100	1.000	-0.01	0.769	0.991	8%
09	2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Receiver on	6	2437	1	14.40	15.50	1.288	100	1.000	0.16	0.832	1.072	
	2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Receiver on	6	2437	2	14.40	15.50	1.288	100	1.000	0.03	0.447	0.576	
	1st	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	-0.08	0.120	0.201	11%
10	2nd	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	0.14	0.133	0.223	
5GMHz																		
	1st	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	60	5300	1	17.74	19.50	1.500	96.53	1.036	0.07	0.634	0.985	13%
11	2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	60	5300	1	17.74	19.50	1.500	96.53	1.036	0.01	0.714	1.109	
	2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	60	5300	2	17.74	19.50	1.500	96.53	1.036	0.08	0.604	0.938	
	1st	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	138	5690	1	14.20	15.50	1.349	87.8	1.139	0.13	0.666	1.023	-29%
12	2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	138	5690	1	14.20	15.50	1.349	87.8	1.139	-0.03	0.474	0.728	
	1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	155	5775	1	12.90	14.50	1.445	87.8	1.139	-0.01	0.676	1.113	-48%
13	2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Receiver on	155	5775	1	12.90	14.50	1.445	87.8	1.139	0.14	0.355	0.584	



15.2 Hotspot SAR

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
835MHz																						
	1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 7	189	836.4	1	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	0.01	0.975	1.346	
14	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 7	189	836.4	1	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	-0.08	0.857	1.183	-12%
	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 7	189	836.4	2	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	0.03	0.745	1.028	
	1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 7	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	-0.01	1.100	1.440	
15	2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 7	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	-0.09	0.859	1.125	-22%
	1st	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25		Back	5mm	DSI 7	20525	836.5	1	21.96	23.00	1.271	-	-	-0.04	1.080	1.372	
16	2nd	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25		Back	5mm	DSI 7	20525	836.5	1	21.96	23.00	1.271	-	-	-0.07	0.815	1.036	-24%
1900MHz																						
	1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	512	1850.2	1	17.71	18.50	1.199	-	-	0.01	1.190	1.427	
17	2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	512	1850.2	1	17.71	18.50	1.199	-	-	0.01	0.703	0.843	-41%
	1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	9262	1852.4	1	15.09	16.00	1.233	-	-	-0.17	1.170	1.443	
18	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	9262	1852.4	1	15.09	16.00	1.233	-	-	0.09	0.842	1.038	-28%
	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	9262	1852.4	2	15.09	16.00	1.233	-	-	0.18	0.750	0.925	
	1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	18700	1860	1	14.43	15.50	1.279	-	-	-0.04	1.040	1.331	
19	2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	18700	1860	1	14.43	15.50	1.279	-	-	0.15	0.728	0.931	-30%
2600MHz																						
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	20850	2510	1	10.96	12.50	1.426	-	-	-0.09	0.892	1.272	
20	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	20850	2510	1	10.96	12.50	1.426	-	-	-0.06	0.903	1.287	1%
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	21100	2535	1	12.30	13.50	1.318	-	-	0.06	0.995	1.312	
	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	21100	2535	1	12.30	13.50	1.318	-	-	0.02	0.854	1.126	-14%
	1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	40400	2571	1	14.81	16.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.09	1.040	1.376	
	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	40400	2571	1	14.81	16.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.824	1.090	-21%
	1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	40400	2571	1	13.30	14.50	1.318	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.979	1.298	
21	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	40400	2571	1	13.30	14.50	1.318	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.010	1.339	3%
	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	40400	2571	2	13.30	14.50	1.318	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.932	1.236	

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
2450MHz																		
	1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	6	2437	1	16.00	17.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.19	0.720	0.906	
22	2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	6	2437	1	16.00	17.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.06	0.796	1.002	11%
	1st	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	-0.09	0.117	0.196	
23	2nd	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	0.09	0.127	0.213	9%
5GMHz																		
	1st	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	12.70	14.50	1.514	87.8	1.139	-0.14	0.680	1.172	
24	2nd	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	12.70	14.50	1.514	87.8	1.139	-0.15	0.506	0.872	-26%
	1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.33	13.00	1.469	87.8	1.139	-0.14	0.658	1.101	
25	2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.33	13.00	1.469	87.8	1.139	-0.15	0.495	0.828	-25%



15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
835MHz																						
	1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 3	189	836.4	1	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	0.01	0.975	1.346	-12%
26	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 3	189	836.4	1	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	-0.08	0.857	1.183	
	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 3	189	836.4	2	27.60	29.00	1.380	-	-	0.03	0.745	1.028	
	1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 3	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	-0.01	1.100	1.440	-22%
27	2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 3	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	-0.09	0.859	1.125	
	1st	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	20525	836.5	1	21.96	23.00	1.271	-	-	-0.04	1.080	1.372	-24%
28	2nd	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	20525	836.5	1	21.96	23.00	1.271	-	-	-0.07	0.815	1.036	
1900MHz																						
	1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 3	512	1850.2	1	18.73	19.50	1.194	-	-	0.06	1.190	1.421	-60%
29	2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	DSI 3	512	1850.2	1	18.73	19.50	1.194	-	-	-0.04	0.478	0.571	
	1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 3	9262	1852.4	1	16.20	17.00	1.202	-	-	0.06	1.190	1.431	-52%
30	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 3	9262	1852.4	1	16.20	17.00	1.202	-	-	-0.08	0.571	0.686	
	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 3	9262	1852.4	2	16.20	17.00	1.202	-	-	0.02	0.515	0.619	
	1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	18700	1860	1	15.90	17.00	1.288	-	-	0.06	1.000	1.288	-58%
31	2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	18700	1860	1	15.90	17.00	1.288	-	-	-0.15	0.421	0.542	
2600MHz																						
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	20850	2510	1	12.11	13.50	1.377	-	-	-0.05	1.000	1.377	-25%
32	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	20850	2510	1	12.11	13.50	1.377	-	-	0.09	0.749	1.032	
	1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	40400	2571	1	14.81	16.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.09	1.040	1.376	-21%
33	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	40400	2571	1	14.81	16.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.824	1.090	
	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	DSI 3	40400	2571	2	14.81	16.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.755	0.999	

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
2450MHz																		
	1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	6	2437	1	16.00	17.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.19	0.720	0.906	11%
34	2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	6	2437	1	16.00	17.00	1.259	100	1.000	0.06	0.796	1.002	
	1st	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	-0.09	0.117	0.196	9%
35	2nd	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	39	2441	1	10.90	12.00	1.288	76.8	1.302	0.09	0.127	0.213	
5GMHz																		
	1st	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	12.65	14.50	1.531	87.8	1.139	-0.09	0.622	1.085	-13%
36	2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	12.65	14.50	1.531	87.8	1.139	-0.14	0.541	0.943	
	1st	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	12.68	14.50	1.521	87.8	1.139	0.06	0.685	1.186	-15%
37	2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	12.68	14.50	1.521	87.8	1.139	-0.09	0.583	1.010	
	2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	122	5610	2	12.68	14.50	1.521	87.8	1.139	0.1	0.551	0.954	
	1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.33	13.00	1.469	87.8	1.139	-0.14	0.658	1.101	-25%
38	2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.33	13.00	1.469	87.8	1.139	-0.15	0.495	0.828	



15.4 Product specific 10g SAR

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
835MHz																						
	1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	-	-	0.11	2.470	3.386	
39	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	-	-	0.09	2.400	3.290	-3%
	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	2	30.13	31.50	1.371	-	-	0.12	2.400	3.290	
	1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	-	-	-0.1	2.250	3.084	-2%
	2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	-	-	0.04	2.200	3.016	
	1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	DSI 6	4182	836.4	1	22.94	24.00	1.276	-	-	-0.15	1.820	2.323	-5%
40	2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	DSI 6	4182	836.4	1	22.94	24.00	1.276	-	-	0.08	1.720	2.195	
	1st	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20525	836.5	1	22.93	24.00	1.279	-	-	0.11	1.770	2.265	-8%
41	2nd	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20525	836.5	1	22.93	24.00	1.279	-	-	0.09	1.630	2.085	
1900MHz																						
	1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	661	1880	1	25.27	26.00	1.183	-	-	-0.14	2.910	3.443	
42	2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	661	1880	1	25.27	26.00	1.183	-	-	0.02	2.150	2.544	-26%
	2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	661	1880	2	25.27	26.00	1.183	-	-	-0.03	2.040	2.413	
	1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	9262	1852.4	1	19.11	20.00	1.227	-	-	0.11	2.620	3.216	-23%
43	2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	9262	1852.4	1	19.11	20.00	1.227	-	-	0.09	2.020	2.479	
	1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	18700	1860	1	18.84	20.00	1.306	-	-	0.05	2.370	3.096	-19%
44	2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	18700	1860	1	18.84	20.00	1.306	-	-	0.15	1.910	2.495	
2600MHz																						
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20850	2510	1	17.16	18.50	1.361	-	-	0.09	2.370	3.227	
45	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20850	2510	1	17.16	18.50	1.361	-	-	0.05	2.220	3.022	-6%
	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20850	2510	2	17.16	18.50	1.361	-	-	0.05	2.020	2.750	
	1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Front	0mm	DSI 6	21100	2535	1	17.30	18.50	1.318	-	-	-0.15	1.260	1.661	-2%
	2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Front	0mm	DSI 6	21100	2535	1	17.30	18.50	1.318	-	-	0.04	1.240	1.635	
	1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	40140	2545	1	17.89	19.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.09	1.440	1.871	0%
46	2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	40140	2545	1	17.89	19.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.440	1.871	

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation	
2450MHz																			
	1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	19.10	20.00	1.230	100	1.000	0.06	1.190	1.464		
47	2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	1	2412	1	19.10	20.00	1.230	100	1.000	0.05	1.250	1.538	5%	
5GMHz																			
	1st	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	36	5180	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	96.53	1.036	-0.09	1.110	1.685		
48	2nd	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	36	5180	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	96.53	1.036	0.11	1.170	1.776	5%	
	1st	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	60	5300	1	17.74	19.50	1.500	96.53	1.036	0.15	1.170	1.818		
49	2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	60	5300	1	17.74	19.50	1.500	96.53	1.036	-0.09	1.300	2.020	11%	
	1st	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	144	5720	1	17.72	19.50	1.507	96.53	1.036	-0.09	1.720	2.685		
50	2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	144	5720	1	17.72	19.50	1.507	96.53	1.036	0.01	1.510	2.357	-12%	
	2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	144	5720	2	17.72	19.50	1.507	96.53	1.036	0.12	1.450	2.263		
	1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	149	5745	1	17.82	19.50	1.472	96.53	1.036	0.06	1.440	2.196		
51	2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	149	5745	1	17.82	19.50	1.472	96.53	1.036	-0.1	1.390	2.120	-3%	

Plot No.	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation
	1st	NFC	ASK	Back	0mm	13.56	1	0.02	0.023	0.023	
52	2nd	NFC	ASK	Back	0mm	13.56	1	-0.04	0.028	0.028	5%
	2nd	NFC	ASK	Back	0mm	13.56	1	0.12	0.025	0.025	

15.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 7	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	-0.09	0.859	1	1.125
2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	DSI 7	4233	846.6	1	21.33	22.50	1.309	-	-	0.02	0.834	1.030	1.092
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	9262	1852.4	1	15.09	16.00	1.233	-	-	0.09	0.842	1	1.038
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	9262	1852.4	1	15.09	16.00	1.233	-	-	-0.05	0.827	1.018	1.020
1st	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	40400	2571	1	13.30	14.50	1.318	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.010	1	1.339
2nd	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	5mm	DSI 7	40400	2571	1	13.30	14.50	1.318	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.994	1.016	1.318

<10g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	0.09	2.400	1	3.290
2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	DSI 6	128	824.2	1	30.13	31.50	1.371	-0.03	2.250	1.067	3.084
1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	661	1880	1	25.27	26.00	1.183	0.02	2.150	1	2.544
2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	DSI 6	661	1880	1	25.27	26.00	1.183	0.14	2.100	1.024	2.484
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20850	2510	1	17.16	18.50	1.361	0.05	2.220	1	3.022
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	DSI 6	20850	2510	1	17.16	18.50	1.361	0.05	2.140	1.037	2.913

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Mobile Cellular Phone			
		Head	Body	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz + NFC				Yes
5.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz + NFC				Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE function.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/ 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously.
6. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and WLAN 2.4GHz cannot transmit simultaneously.
7. NFC can transmit simultaneously with other Radios in extremity exposure condition.
8. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna and they cannot transmit simultaneously.
9. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
10. When stand-alone SAR is not required for a transmitter or antenna, its SAR is considered zero in the SAR summing process to assess Multi-band transmission SAR compliance.
11. For distance SAR and non-distance SAR always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.
12. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
13. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.5.

Conclusion:

- For simultaneously transmission SAR analysis, WLAN/BT SAR values considered which did perform SAR testing on this report, Simultaneous transmission analysis for all WWAN bands and all position are based on max SAR results chosen between the original SAR results (Sporton SAR report no.: FA3O1717-03) and Spot check results.

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	4	5	1+3	1+4	1+5
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.515	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.77	1.16	0.61
		Right Tilted	0.297	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.56	1.13	0.40
		Left Cheek	0.446	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.52	1.50	0.67
		Left Tilted	0.306	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.67	1.42	0.44
	GSM1900 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.253	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.50	0.90	0.35
		Right Tilted	0.124	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.39	0.96	0.23
		Left Cheek	0.143	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.22	1.19	0.37
		Left Tilted	0.149	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.52	1.26	0.29
	WCDMA II Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.420	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.67	1.07	0.52
		Right Tilted	0.158	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.42	0.99	0.26
		Left Cheek	0.186	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.26	1.24	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.194	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.56	1.31	0.33
	WCDMA V Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.500	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.75	1.15	0.60
		Right Tilted	0.308	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.57	1.14	0.41
		Left Cheek	0.448	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.52	1.50	0.67
		Left Tilted	0.282	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.65	1.40	0.42
WCDMA	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.421	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.67	1.07	0.52
		Right Tilted	0.156	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.42	0.99	0.26
		Left Cheek	0.186	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.26	1.24	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.196	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.56	1.31	0.33
	LTE Band 5 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.509	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.76	1.15	0.61
		Right Tilted	0.315	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.58	1.15	0.42
		Left Cheek	0.450	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.52	1.50	0.67
		Left Tilted	0.285	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.65	1.40	0.42
	LTE Band 7 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.153	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.40	0.80	0.25
		Right Tilted	0.073	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.33	0.91	0.17
		Left Cheek	0.103	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.18	1.15	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.087	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.45	1.20	0.23
	LTE Band 41 Ant 0	Right Cheek	0.064	0.250	0.645	0.097	0.31	0.71	0.16
		Right Tilted	0.019	0.261	0.835	0.101	0.28	0.85	0.12
		Left Cheek	0.045	1.072	1.050	0.223	1.12	1.10	0.27
		Left Tilted	0.017	0.367	1.113	0.138	0.38	1.13	0.16

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	4	5	1+3	1+4	1+5	SPLSR
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850 Ant 0	Front	0.636	0.421	0.278	0.138	1.06	0.91	0.77	
		Back	1.346	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.35	2.52	1.56	Case 1/9
		Left side	0.275				0.28	0.28	0.28	
		Right side	0.555	0.461	0.555	0.017	1.02	1.11	0.57	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	0.634				0.63	0.63	0.63	
	GSM1900 Ant 0	Front	0.427	0.421	0.278	0.138	0.85	0.71	0.57	
		Back	1.421	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.42	2.59	1.63	Case 2/10/17
		Left side	0.075				0.08	0.08	0.08	
		Right side	0.097	0.461	0.555	0.017	0.56	0.65	0.11	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	1.427				1.43	1.43	1.43	
WCDMA	WCDMA II Ant 0	Front	0.450	0.421	0.278	0.138	0.87	0.73	0.59	
		Back	1.431	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.43	2.60	1.64	Case 3/11/18
		Left side	0.094				0.09	0.09	0.09	
		Right side	0.101	0.461	0.555	0.017	0.56	0.66	0.12	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	1.443				1.44	1.44	1.44	
	WCDMA V Ant 0	Front	0.620	0.421	0.278	0.138	1.04	0.90	0.76	
		Back	1.440	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.44	2.61	1.65	Case 4/12/19
		Left side	0.347				0.35	0.35	0.35	
		Right side	0.537	0.461	0.555	0.017	1.00	1.09	0.55	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	0.631				0.63	0.63	0.63	
LTE	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Front	0.463	0.421	0.278	0.138	0.88	0.74	0.60	
		Back	1.288	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.29	2.46	1.50	Case 5/13
		Left side	0.082				0.08	0.08	0.08	
		Right side	0.089	0.461	0.555	0.017	0.55	0.64	0.11	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	1.331				1.33	1.33	1.33	
	LTE Band 5 Ant 0	Front	0.757	0.421	0.278	0.138	1.18	1.04	0.90	
		Back	1.372	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.37	2.54	1.59	Case 6/14
		Left side	0.390				0.39	0.39	0.39	
		Right side	0.597	0.461	0.555	0.017	1.06	1.15	0.61	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	0.944				0.94	0.94	0.94	
	LTE Band 7 Ant 0	Front	0.707	0.421	0.278	0.138	1.13	0.99	0.85	
		Back	1.377	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.38	2.55	1.59	Case 7/15
		Left side	0.042				0.04	0.04	0.04	
		Right side	0.044	0.461	0.555	0.017	0.51	0.60	0.06	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	1.287				1.29	1.29	1.29	
	LTE Band 41 Ant 0	Front	0.526	0.421	0.278	0.138	0.95	0.80	0.66	
		Back	1.376	1.002	1.172	0.213	2.38	2.55	1.59	Case 8/16
		Left side	0.054				0.05	0.05	0.05	
		Right side	0.054	0.461	0.555	0.017	0.52	0.61	0.07	
		Top side		0.323	1.086	0.144	0.32	1.09	0.14	
		Bottom side	1.339				1.34	1.34	1.34	

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	4	5	1+3	1+4	1+5	SPLSR
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Ant 5 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850 Ant 0	Front	0.636	0.421	0.297	0.138	1.06	0.93	0.77	
		Back	1.346	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.35	2.53	1.56	Case 1/9
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.252				1.25	1.25	1.25	
	GSM1900 Ant 0	Front	0.427	0.421	0.297	0.138	0.85	0.72	0.57	
		Back	1.421	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.42	2.61	1.63	Case 2/10/17
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.325				1.33	1.33	1.33	
WCDMA	WCDMA II Ant 0	Front	0.450	0.421	0.297	0.138	0.87	0.75	0.59	
		Back	1.431	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.43	2.62	1.64	Case 3/11/18
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.322				1.32	1.32	1.32	
	WCDMA V Ant 0	Front	0.620	0.421	0.297	0.138	1.04	0.92	0.76	
		Back	1.440	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.44	2.63	1.65	Case 4/12/19
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.191				1.19	1.19	1.19	
LTE	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Front	0.463	0.421	0.297	0.138	0.88	0.76	0.60	
		Back	1.288	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.29	2.47	1.50	Case 5/13
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.262				1.26	1.26	1.26	
	LTE Band 5 Ant 0	Front	0.757	0.421	0.297	0.138	1.18	1.05	0.90	
		Back	1.372	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.37	2.56	1.59	Case 6/14
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.229				1.23	1.23	1.23	
	LTE Band 7 Ant 0	Front	0.707	0.421	0.297	0.138	1.13	1.00	0.85	
		Back	1.377	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.38	2.56	1.59	Case 7/15
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.357				1.36	1.36	1.36	
	LTE Band 41 Ant 0	Front	0.526	0.421	0.297	0.138	0.95	0.82	0.66	
		Back	1.376	1.002	1.186	0.213	2.38	2.56	1.59	Case 8/16
		Front with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Back with Headset	1.318				1.32	1.32	1.32	



16.4 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions

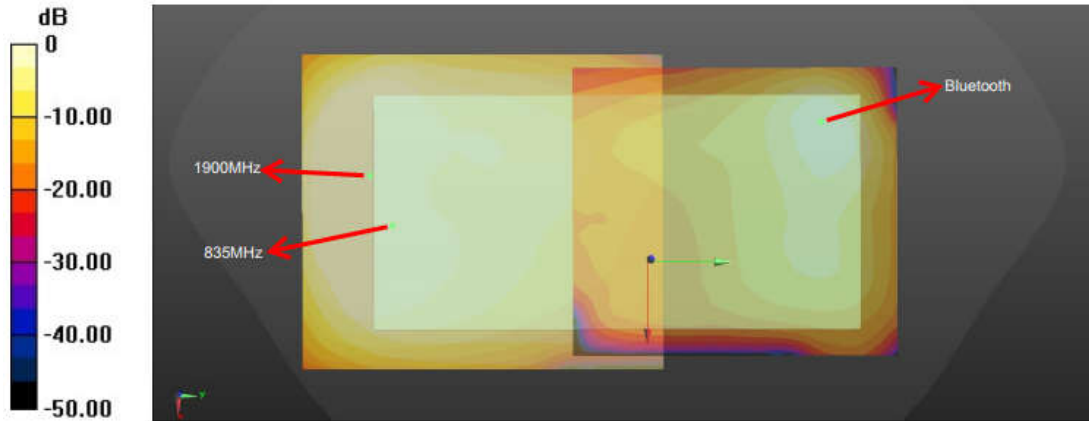
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	4	5	1+3+5	1+4+5	SPLSR
			WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 5	WLAN5GHz Ant 5	NFC	Summed	Summed	
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850 Ant 0	Front	2.073		1.109		2.07	3.18	
		Back	3.386	1.538	2.685	0.028	4.95	6.10	Case 20/25
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	3.084				3.08	3.08	
	GSM1900 Ant 0	Front	1.526		1.109		1.53	2.64	
		Back	3.212	1.538	2.685	0.028	4.78	5.93	Case 21/26
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	3.443				3.44	3.44	
	WCDMA II Ant 0	Front	1.207		1.109		1.21	2.32	
		Back	2.786	1.538	2.685	0.028	4.35	5.50	Case 22/27
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	3.216				3.22	3.22	
	WCDMA V Ant 0	Front			1.109		0.00	1.11	
		Back	2.323	1.538	2.685	0.028	3.89	5.04	Case 28
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	
WCDMA	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Front	1.260		1.109		1.26	2.37	
		Back	2.795	1.538	2.685	0.028	4.36	5.51	Case 23/29
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	3.096				3.10	3.10	
	LTE Band 5 Ant 0	Front			1.109		0.00	1.11	
		Back	2.265	1.538	2.685	0.028	3.83	4.98	Case 30
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 7 Ant 0	Front	1.661		1.109		1.66	2.77	
		Back	3.227	1.538	2.685	0.028	4.79	5.94	Case 24/31
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	1.846				1.85	1.85	
	LTE Band 41 Ant 0	Front	1.270		1.109		1.27	2.38	
		Back	1.871	1.538	2.685	0.028	3.44	4.58	Case 32
		Left side					0.00	0.00	
		Right side			1.632		0.00	1.63	
		Top side			2.060		0.00	2.06	
		Bottom side	1.025				1.03	1.03	

16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

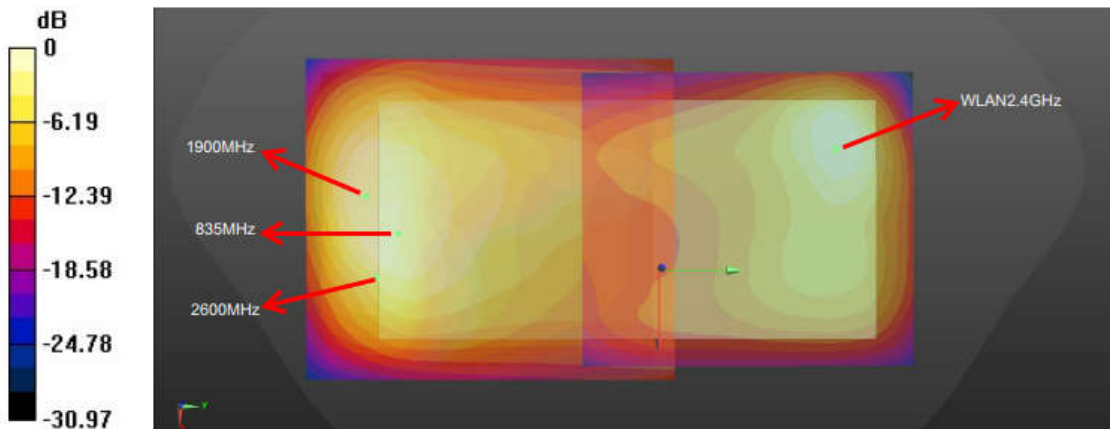
General Note:

1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

For Hotspot/Body-worn

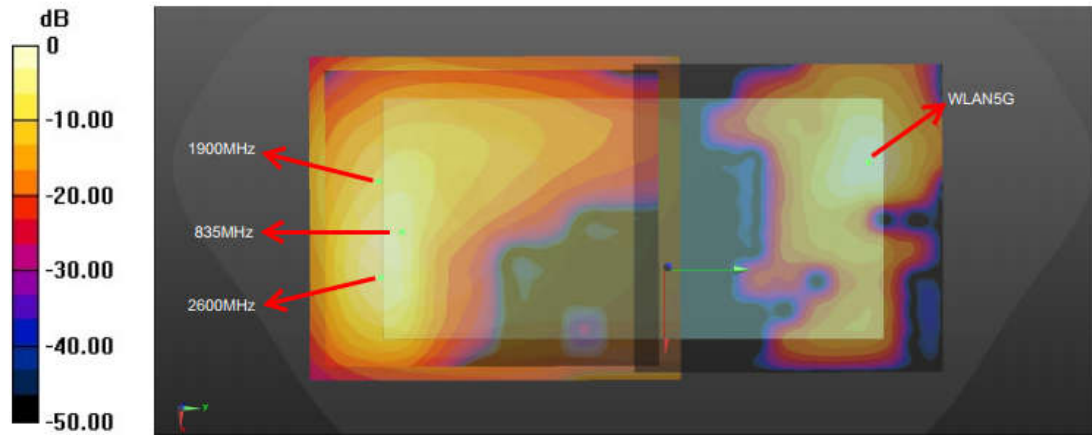


WWAN + Bluetooth Back_5mm



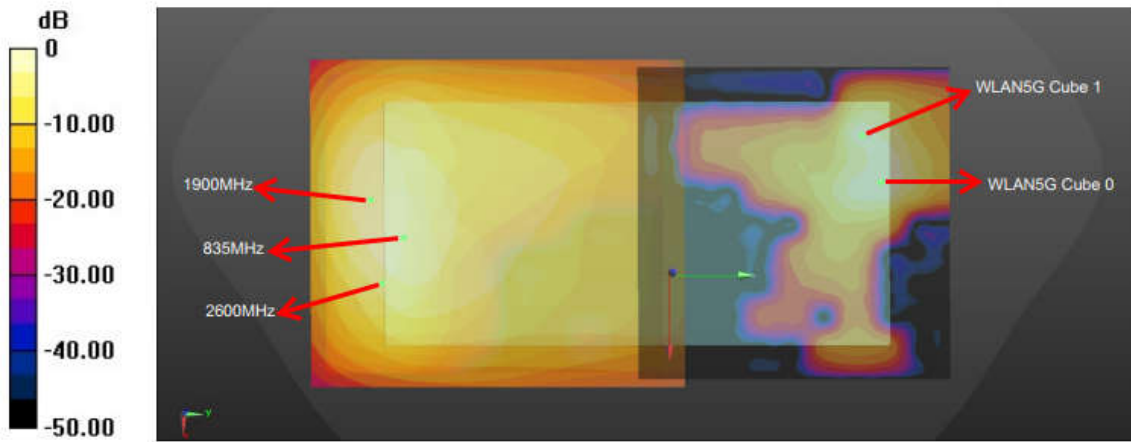
WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz Back_5mm

For Hotspot



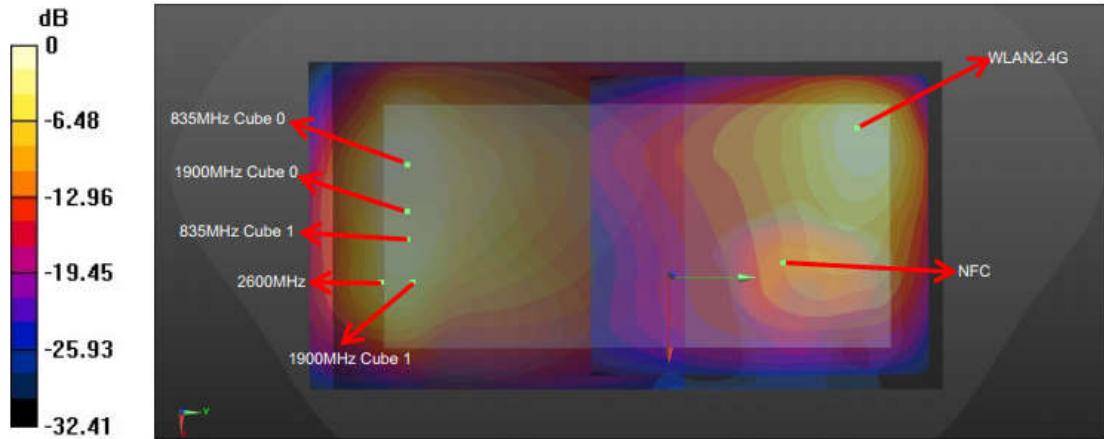
WWAN + WLAN 5GHz Back_5mm

For Body-worn

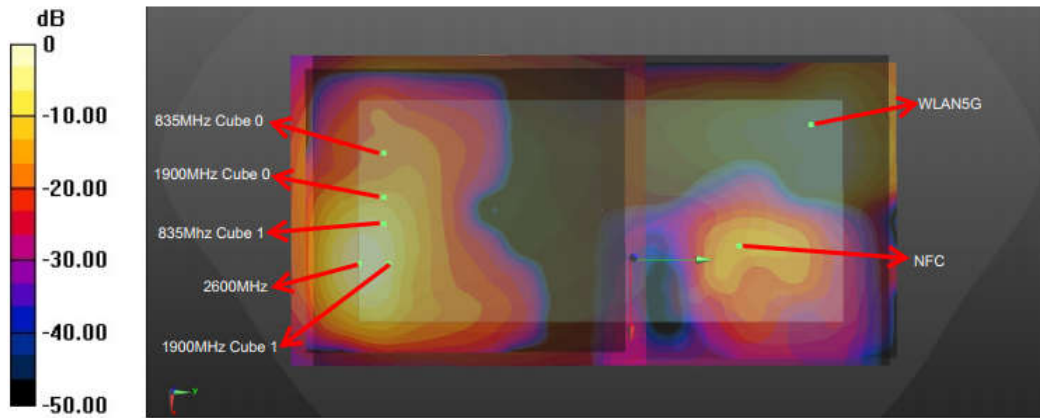


WWAN + WLAN 5GHz Back_5mm

For Extremity



WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz + NFC Back_0mm



WWAN + WLAN 5GHz+ NFC Back_0mm

For Hotspot

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 1	GSM850	Back	1.346	5	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	160.4	2.35	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 2	GSM1900	Back	1.421	5	-0.037	-0.0825	-0.209	159.1	2.42	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 3	WCDMA II	Back	1.431	5	-0.0325	-0.0855	-0.209	162.4	2.43	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 4	WCDMA V	Back	1.440	5	-0.027	-0.0815	-0.209	159.1	2.44	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 5	LTE Band 2	Back	1.288	5	-0.0325	-0.084	-0.209	160.9	2.29	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 6	LTE Band 5	Back	1.372	5	-0.019	-0.0735	-0.209	152.4	2.37	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 7	LTE Band 7	Back	1.377	5	-0.0082	-0.0844	-0.209	165.4	2.38	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 8	LTE Band 41	Back	1.376	5	-0.0082	-0.0856	-0.209	166.6	2.38	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.002	5	-0.0478	0.0762	-0.209				
Case 9	GSM850	Back	1.346	5	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	160.7	2.52	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 10	GSM1900	Back	1.421	5	-0.037	-0.0825	-0.209	159.7	2.59	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 11	WCDMA II	Back	1.431	5	-0.0325	-0.0855	-0.209	162.9	2.60	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 12	WCDMA V	Back	1.440	5	-0.027	-0.0815	-0.209	159.4	2.61	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 13	LTE Band 2	Back	1.288	5	-0.0325	-0.084	-0.209	161.4	2.46	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 14	LTE Band 5	Back	1.372	5	-0.019	-0.0735	-0.209	152.6	2.54	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 15	LTE Band 7	Back	1.377	5	-0.0082	-0.0844	-0.209	165.3	2.55	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 16	LTE Band 41	Back	1.376	5	-0.0082	-0.0856	-0.209	166.5	2.55	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.172	5	-0.044	0.077	-0.209				
Case 17	GSM1900	Back	1.421	5	-0.037	-0.0825	-0.209	151.4	1.63	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.213	5	-0.055	0.0678	-0.209				
Case 18	WCDMA II	Back	1.431	5	-0.0325	-0.0855	-0.209	154.9	1.64	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.213	5	-0.055	0.0678	-0.209				
Case 19	WCDMA V	Back	1.440	5	-0.027	-0.0815	-0.209	151.9	1.65	0.01	Not required

Bluetooth		0.213	5	-0.055	0.0678	-0.209				
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For Body

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 9	GSM850	Back	1.346	5	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	162.3	2.53	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	GSM850	Back	1.346	5	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	160.3	2.39	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 10	GSM1900	Back	1.421	5	-0.037	-0.0825	-0.209	161.5	2.61	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	GSM1900	Back	1.421	5	-0.037	-0.0825	-0.209	159.5	2.46	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 11	WCDMA II	Back	1.431	5	-0.0325	-0.0855	-0.209	164.6	2.62	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	WCDMA II	Back	1.431	5	-0.0325	-0.0855	-0.209	162.6	2.47	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 12	WCDMA V	Back	1.440	5	-0.027	-0.0815	-0.209	160.9	2.63	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	WCDMA V	Back	1.440	5	-0.027	-0.0815	-0.209	158.9	2.48	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 13	LTE Band 2	Back	1.288	5	-0.0325	-0.084	-0.209	163.1	2.47	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.288	5	-0.0325	-0.084	-0.209	161.1	2.33	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 14	LTE Band 5	Back	1.372	5	-0.019	-0.0735	-0.209	153.8	2.56	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	LTE Band 5	Back	1.372	5	-0.019	-0.0735	-0.209	151.7	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 15	LTE Band 7	Back	1.377	5	-0.0082	-0.0844	-0.209	166.3	2.56	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.377	5	-0.0082	-0.0844	-0.209	164.1	2.42	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				
Case 16	LTE Band 41	Back	1.376	5	-0.0082	-0.0856	-0.209	167.5	2.56	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		1.186	5	-0.039	0.079	-0.209				
	LTE Band 41	Back	1.376	5	-0.0082	-0.0856	-0.209	165.3	2.42	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		1.040	5	-0.038	0.077	-0.209				

For Extremity

	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
Case 20	GSM850 Cube0	Back	3.386	0	-0.0285	-0.0815	-0.209	153.3	4.92	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	GSM850 Cube1	Back	2.934	0	-0.0365	-0.0815	-0.209	152.3	4.47	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	GSM850 Cube0	Back	3.386	0	-0.0285	-0.0815	-0.209	142.6	3.41	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	GSM850 Cube1	Back	2.934	0	-0.0365	-0.0815	-0.209	144.1	2.96	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	45.8	1.57	0.04	Not required
WLAN2.4GHz	1.538		0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209					
Case 21	GSM1900 Cube0	Back	3.212	0	-0.031	-0.072	-0.209	143.5	4.75	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	GSM1900 Cube1	Back	2.860	0	-0.0135	-0.0735	-0.209	148.5	4.40	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	GSM1900 Cube0	Back	3.212	0	-0.031	-0.072	-0.209	133.7	3.24	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	GSM1900 Cube1	Back	2.860	0	-0.0135	-0.0735	-0.209	133.2	2.89	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	45.8	1.57	0.04	Not required
WLAN2.4GHz	1.538		0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209					
Case 22	WCDMA II	Back	2.786	0	-0.0135	-0.075	-0.209	149.9	4.32	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	WCDMA II	Back	2.786	0	-0.0135	-0.075	-0.209	134.7	2.81	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	45.8	1.57	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
Case 23	LTE Band 2	Back	2.795	0	-0.0175	-0.0735	-0.209	147.5	4.33	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	LTE Band 2	Back	2.795	0	-0.0175	-0.0735	-0.209	133.4	2.82	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	45.8	1.57	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
Case 24	LTE Band 7	Back	3.227	0	-0.0118	-0.0772	-0.208	152.5	4.77	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				
	LTE Band 7	Back	3.227	0	-0.0118	-0.0772	-0.208	136.8	3.26	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	45.8	1.57	0.04	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.538	0	-0.0516	0.07	-0.209				



	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 25	GSM850 Cube0	Back	3.386	0	-0.0285	-0.0815	-0.209	155.8	6.07	0.10	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	GSM850 Cube1	Back	2.934	0	-0.0365	-0.0815	-0.209	154.6	5.62	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	GSM850 Cube0	Back	3.386	0	-0.0285	-0.0815	-0.209	142.6	3.41	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	GSM850 Cube1	Back	2.934	0	-0.0365	-0.0815	-0.209	144.1	2.96	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
WLAN5GHz	2.685		0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208					
Case 26	GSM1900 Cube0	Back	3.212	0	-0.031	-0.072	-0.209	146.0	5.90	0.10	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	GSM1900 Cube1	Back	2.860	0	-0.0135	-0.0735	-0.209	151.3	5.55	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	GSM1900 Cube0	Back	3.212	0	-0.031	-0.072	-0.209	133.7	3.24	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	GSM1900 Cube1	Back	2.860	0	-0.0135	-0.0735	-0.209	133.2	2.89	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
WLAN5GHz	2.685		0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208					
Case 27	WCDMA II	Back	2.786	0	-0.0135	-0.075	-0.209	152.7	5.47	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	WCDMA II	Back	2.786	0	-0.0135	-0.075	-0.209	134.7	2.81	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
Case 28	WCDMA V Cube0	Back	2.323	0	-0.0445	-0.0815	-0.209	153.9	5.01	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	WCDMA V Cube1	Back	1.864	0	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	157.3	4.55	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	WCDMA V Cube0	Back	2.323	0	-0.0445	-0.0815	-0.209	145.9	2.35	0.02	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	WCDMA V Cube1	Back	1.864	0	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	144.1	1.89	0.02	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
WLAN5GHz	2.685		0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208					
Case 29	LTE Band 2	Back	2.795	0	-0.0175	-0.0735	-0.209	150.3	5.48	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	LTE Band 2	Back	2.795	0	-0.0175	-0.0735	-0.209	133.4	2.82	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				

	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 30	LTE Band 5 Cube0	Back	2.265	0	-0.043	-0.083	-0.209	155.5	4.95	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	LTE Band 5 Cube1	Back	1.855	0	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	157.3	4.54	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	LTE Band 5 Cube0	Back	2.265	0	-0.043	-0.083	-0.209	147.0	2.29	0.02	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	LTE Band 5 Cube01	Back	1.855	0	-0.0285	-0.083	-0.209	144.1	1.88	0.02	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
WLAN5GHz	2.685		0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208					
Case 31	LTE Band 7	Back	3.227	0	-0.0118	-0.0772	-0.208	155.3	5.91	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	LTE Band 7	Back	3.227	0	-0.0118	-0.0772	-0.208	136.8	3.26	0.04	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
Case 32	LTE Band 41	Back	1.871	0	-0.007	-0.082	-0.209	161.3	4.56	0.06	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				
	LTE Band 41	Back	1.871	0	-0.007	-0.082	-0.209	141.5	1.90	0.02	Not required
	NFC		0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208				
	NFC	Back	0.028	0	-0.007	0.0595	-0.208	49.6	2.71	0.09	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.685	0	-0.055	0.072	-0.208				

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture’s specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- 1) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- 2) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (Frequency band: 4 MHz - 10 GHz range)							
Error Description	Uncert. Value (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System errors							
Probe calibration	18.6	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
Probe calibration drift	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Probe linearity and detection Limit	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Broadband signal	2.8	R	1.732	1	1	1.6	1.6
Probe isotropy	7.6	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4
Other probe and data acquisition errors	2.4	N	1	1	1	2.4	2.4
RF ambient and noise	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8
Probe positioning errors	0.006	N	1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Data processing errors	4.0	N	1	1	1	4.0	4.0
Phantom and Device Errors							
Measurement of phantom conductivity (σ)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
Temperature effects (medium)	5.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.4	2.2
Shell permittivity	14.0	R	1.732	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0
Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	2.0	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Device holder effects	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Time-average SAR	1.7	R	1.732	1	1	1.0	1.0
Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	2.5	N	1	1	1	2.5	2.5
Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	0.0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Correction to the SAR results							
Phantom deviation from target (ϵ_r, σ)	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
SAR scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.5%	14.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						29.0%	28.8%



18. References

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- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015
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- [14] IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, “Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)”, Oct. 2020

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