Report No.: HA352621

# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : IHDT56AN1

**Equipment**: Mobile Cellular Phone

Brand Name : Motorola Model Name : XT2347-1

T-Rating : T4

Applicant : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer : Motorola Mobility LLC

222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Standard: FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Jun. 27, 2023 and testing was started from Jul. 01, 2023 and completed on Jul. 06, 2023. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager





Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 1 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## **Table of Contents**

1.	Attestation of Test Results	4
2.	General Information	5
3.		
4.	Applied Standards	
5.	••	
6.	. •	
	6.1 Frequency Response	
	6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories	8
	6.3 Description of EUT Test Position	
7.	T-Coil Test Procedure	
	7.1 Test Flow Chart	
	7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE/VoWiFi	
	7.3 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/CDMA/UMTS/LTE/WiFi OTT Voice Calling	14
	7.4 PAG Reuse section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for 5G NR	16
8.	Test Equipment List	17
9.	T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling	18
	9.1 5G FR1 OTT evaluation	21
10.	). Uncertainty Assessment	22
11.	. References	23

Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix C. Test Setup Photos

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Form version: 210422 Page: 2 of 31 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

Report No.: HA352621

# History of this test report

**Report No. : HA352621** 

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA352621	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 19, 2023
HA352621	Rev. 02	Update Section 5	Jul. 28, 2023

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 3 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## 1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency Response	Magnetic Intensity		
OTT EDOE	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass		
	Band II	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over UMTS	Band IV	T4	Pass	Pass		
	Band V	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over LTE	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTTOVELLIE	Band 42	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over 5G NR	n66	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT OVEL 5G NR	n78	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over WiFi	2450	T4	Pass	Pass		
OTT over WIFI	5190	T4	Pass	Pass		
Date Tested	2023/7/1 ~ 2023/7/6					

Report No.: HA352621

The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 4 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## 2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2347-1
FCC ID	IHDT56AN1
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	T3TC33.12
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
Frequency Band	LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz  LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz  5G NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz  5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz  5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz  5G NR n66: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz  5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz  5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 2780 MHz  5G NR n38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz  5G NR n38: 2570 MHz ~ 2690 MHz  5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 2690 MHz  5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz  WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz  WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz  WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz  WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5720 MHz  WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz  Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz  NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK

Report No.: HA352621

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 Page : 5 of 31 FAX : 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Jul. 19, 2023

## 3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Report No.: HA352621

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan TEL:+886-3-327-0838 FAX: +886-3-327-0855				
Test Site No. Sporton Site No.: SAR09-HY					

## 4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r02
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 6 of 31
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## 5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	GSM850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	GSM1900			WLAN, BT		No
COM	EDGE850 EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	Band II			WLAN, BT		No
LINATO	Band IV	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
UMTS	Band V			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
LTE	Band 12	VD	Voo	5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
(FDD)	Band 13	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
(100)	Band 42			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
50 ND	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR	No
5G NR (FDD)	n7	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	1	No
(100)	n26			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
50 ND	n38			LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR	No
5G NR (TDD)	n41	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	1	No
(100)	n78			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	2450	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR		No
	5200				VoWiFi <sup>(1)</sup>	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Voo	CSM WCDMA LTE FC ND	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	No
	5500	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR		No
	5800					No
ВТ	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE,5G NR	NA	No

Report No.: HA352621

Type Transport: VO= Voice only DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

#### Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0
- should be used.

  The device have similar frequency in some LTE/5GNR FR1 Bands: LTE B12/17, B5/26, B4/66, B38/41, 5G NR n26/5, 5G NR n41/38 since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE /5G NR FR1 bands are completely cover by the larger LTE/5G NR FR1 bands, therefore, only larger LTE/5GNR FR1 bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.

  This is partial report for CMRS voice T-Coil testing .VOIP test report will be separately submitted.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 7 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Jul. 19, 2023

#### 6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

#### 6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.

Report No.: HA352621

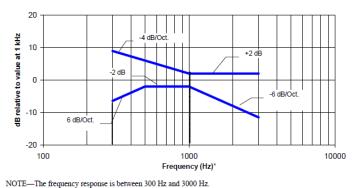


Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz

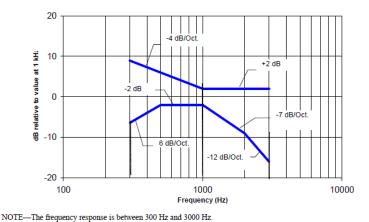


Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

#### 6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

**Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories** 

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 8 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 6.3 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

Report No.: HA352621

- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ♦ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

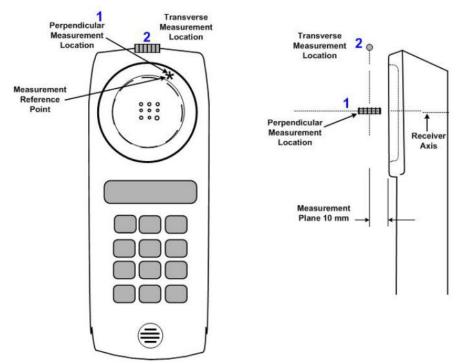


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 9 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Report No.: HA352621

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even with a

coaxial connection to a base station simulator or nonradiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

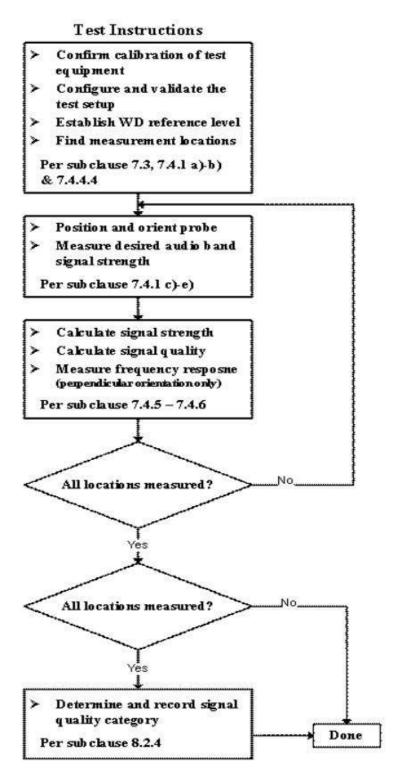
Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1). Then, the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a nonradiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz, an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The fullband integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used, the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i.e., signal quality).
- Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 10 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 7.1 Test Flow Chart

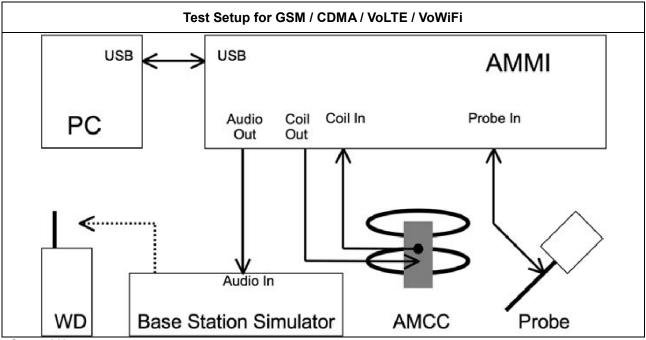


Report No.: HA352621

Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 11 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE/VoWiFi



Report No.: HA352621

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02:
  - GSM input level: -16dBm0
  - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
  - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
  - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
  - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." configuration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined.
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained.
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE and VoWiFI over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement. The data application unit of the CMW500 is used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to control the speech input level and ensure that the result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE, and -20dBm0 for VoWiFi during the IMS connection.
- 6. According to KDB 285076 D02, T-Coil testing for VoLTE and VoWiFi requires test instrumentation that (1) can ensure that the system is able to establish an IP call from/to the handset under test, (2) through an IMS (IP Multimedia Subsystem) and SIP/IP server, (3) to an analog audio adapter containing the permissible set of codecs used by the device under test, and (4) inject the necessary C63.19 test tones at the average speech level for the measurement. The test setup is illustrated in Figure 3.9. The R&S CMW500 is used as a system simulator for VoLTE and VoWiFi T-Coil testing. The DAU (Data Application Unit) in CMW500 integrates an IMS and SIP/IP server that can establish VoLTE and Wi-Fi calling, and transport the test tones from AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument) to EUT.
- 7. T-coil performance assessment for 5G FR1 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03, Q&A 9, details are illustrated in section 7.4.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 12 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

SPORTON LAB. HAC T-COIL TEST REPORT

<Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

 The Required gain factor for the specific site. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

Report No.: HA352621

The below calculation formula is an example that shows how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level				
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0				
		-2.47	3.14				
10	20	-19.85	-14.24				
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16				

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	ı	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

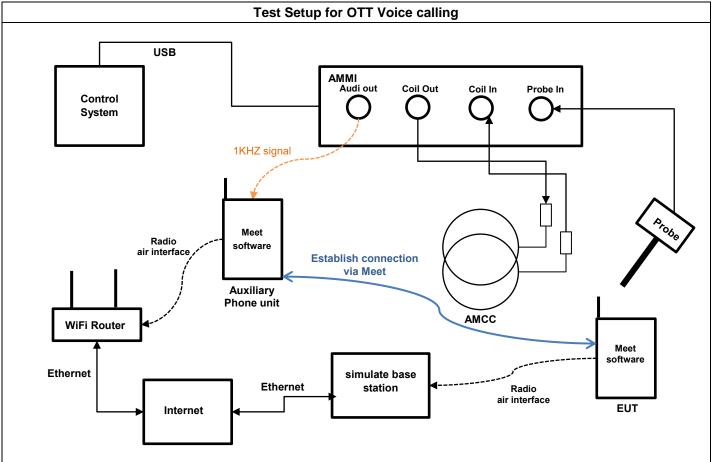
<Example define the input level for VoWiFi>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	1	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 13 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Jul. 19, 2023

#### 7.3 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/CDMA/UMTS/LTE/WiFi OTT Voice Calling

Report No.: HA352621



#### General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02:
  - OTT Voice calling input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. OTT voice, such as that enabled when a user opts to communicate in a voice-only mode using the Google Meet application, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over the internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN).
- 3. Google Meet application support code and bitrate are listed in section 11, and the customized Google Meet software is installed on a mobile phone that is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables the audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing, which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- 4. This device comes with the preinstalled OTT application that supports the voice-only communication option on the Google Meet application and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via Google Meet server.
- 5. The test setup used for Google Meet OTT voice-only communication is via the data application unit on the simulate base station, connected to the internet via the Google Meet server to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section 11. An assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA).
- 6. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS, which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice-only communication between auxiliary device and device under test, the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.
- 7. T-coil performance assessment for 5G FR1 was performed according to KDB 285076 D03, Q&A 9, details are illustrated in section 7.4.

TEL : 886-3-327-3456 Page : 14 of 31
FAX : 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Jul. 19, 2023

#### <Define the input level for OTT Voice Calling>

The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

Report No.: HA352621

- The below calculation formula is an example and shows how to determine the input level for the device.
- Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 4. Adjust the gain level until the readout for the dBFS level changes to -24dBFS.
- Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Cton	Cianal tuna		Audio	out	Target Level						
Step	Signal type	Gai	n value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS		dBm0				
Step 1	Step 1 1KHz Sine 7.7		7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	17.73 (Ref.) -23						
Step 2	Step 2 1KHz Sine		6.8	16.65	-24						
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7	.57**	17.58*	-23.14			-20			
Remark  (*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.  (**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20											
	Signal type		Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	( <del>i</del> ain		Factor	Gain value			
	1kHz sine			3	0		1	7.57			
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav 1 16.2 -12.7 4.33 32.77											
48k_vo	ice_300-3000_	_2s.wav	2	21.6 -18.6 8.				3.48 64.79			
<ol> <li>According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.</li> <li>The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.</li> </ol>											

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 15 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date : Jul. 19, 2023

#### 7.4 PAG Reuse section: HAC T-coil measurement procedures for 5G NR

#### **5G VoNR test procedure:**

1. According to KDB 285076 D03 Q&A 9, use the interim procedure for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as VoLTE over LTE (i.e. -16 dBm0).

Report No.: HA352621

- For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
- 3. For VoNR, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 4. Also note the actual ABM2LTE value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 5. Document in the test report matrix:
  - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
  - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
    - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
    - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
    - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
  - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	
LTE	15M	QPSK	4	0	26865	Axial (Z)	4.17	-51.51	55.68	1	T4	-50.32	1.03	
Band 26	TOW	QFSK	'	U	20003	Transversal(Y)	-5.34	-50.23	44.89	-	T4	-50.27	1.03	
ED4 = E	20M	DDCK	4	4	167200	Axial (Z)	4.17	-50.22	54.39	51.39	T4	-50.42	NA	
FR1 n5 20	ZUIVI	BPSK	BPSK		1	167300	Transversal(Y)	-5.34	-49.78	44.44	41.44	T4	-50.34	INA

#### 5G NR OTT test procedure:

- 1. According to KDB 285076 D03 Q&A 9, use the interim procedure for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as OTT voice calling applications (such as the option for voice-only communications in the Google Meet app)
- 2. For OTT, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same LTE band as the 5G sub6 band under test
- 3. Also note the actual ABM2LTE/OTT value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 4. Document in the test report matrix:
  - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
  - . Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
    - iv. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
    - v. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
    - vi. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
  - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	(1) ABM1 dB (A/m)	(2) ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	(3) Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB
LTE	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	9.50	-51.02	60.52	-	T4	-50.36	0.99
Band 7	ZUIVI	QFSK	'	U	21100	Transversal(Y)	0.12	-48.53	48.65	-	T4	-50.21	0.99
FR1 n7	FOM	DDCK	4	1	E07000	Axial (Z)	9.50	-52.02	61.52	58.52	T4	-50.26	NIA
FRI III	n7 50M BPSK 1 1	1 507000		Transversal(Y)	0.12	-49.66	49.78	46.78	T4	-50.33	NA		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 16 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## 8. Test Equipment List

Managara	Name of Equipment	Towns (Manufall	Osniel Nemekon	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Aug. 26, 2022	Aug. 25, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Feb. 21, 2023	Feb. 20, 2024
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 02, 2022	Nov. 01, 2023
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Oct. 18, 2022	Oct. 17, 2023
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

Report No.: HA352621

Note:

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 17 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

<sup>1.</sup> NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

## 9. T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling

#### **General Notes:**

 According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, for HAC testing, test the middle channel of each frequency band for each orientation to determine the worst HAC T-Coil rating.

**Report No.: HA352621** 

- 2. The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Meet, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality must be considered for HAC testing.
- 3. Google Meet only supports OPUS audio codec with 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for an OTT voice call is the DUT connected to the CMW500. Via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, and the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. The Auxiliary OTT unit is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band; the following test results determine the worst case codec to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
  - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
  - b. OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services the identical RF air interface is used for WIFI and LTE. Therefore according HA352602B to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results from the air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of the air interface is used for OTT T-Coil testing.
    - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 7/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 42/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -WLAN2.4GHz worst configuration: 802.11n-HT40/MCS0
    - -WLAN5GHz worst configuration: WLAN 5.2GHz/11ac-VHT40/MCS0

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### **EDGE**

		VoIP Codec(	Google Meet)		
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps Opus 75kbps		Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.88	4.26	4.02		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.39	-38.16	-38.59	Axial	GSM850 / 189
Signal Quality (dB)	42.27	42.42	42.61	Axiai	G21VI63U / 189
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 18 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## <u>HSPA</u>

		VoIP Codec(	Google Meet)		
Codec	Opus 6kbps Opus 40kbps		Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.37	3.7	3.78		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.1	-42.07	-42.14	Avial	LIMTO D5 / 4402
Signal Quality (dB)	45.47	45.77	45.92	Axial	UMTS B5 / 4182
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

Report No. : HA352621

#### LTE FDD

		VoIP Codec(	Google Meet)		
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	2.88	3.03	2.92		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.7	-42.41	-42.89	Avida	B7 / 20M / 21100
Signal Quality (dB)	45.58	45.44	45.81	Axial	B7 / 20M / 21100
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

#### LTE TDD

		VoIP Codec(	Google Meet)		
Codec	Opus 6kbps Opus 40kbps Opus 75kbps		Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	1.21	0.82	1.03		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-29.96	-30.46	-30.49	Avial	D40 (00M (40040
Signal Quality (dB)	31.17	31.28	31.52	Axial	B42 / 20M / 43340
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 19 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## SPORTON LAB. HAC T-COIL TEST REPORT

<u>WLAN</u>

		VoIP Codec(	Google Meet)		
Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 40kbps Opus 75kbps		Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.03	3.03	3.44		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-42.49	-42.56	-42.47	Avial	WI AND 40 / 0
Signal Quality (dB)	45.52	45.59	45.91	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

Report No.: HA352621

Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response								
1	GSM 850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	Axial (Z)	3.88	-38.39	42.27	T4	-50.73	1.92	Pass								
'	G31VI 630	LDGL 2 1X SIOIS	109	Transversal (Y)	-5.89	-46.69	40.80	T4	-50.72	1.52	1 833								
2	GSM 1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661	Axial (Z)	4.13	-39.85	43.98	T4	-50.70	1.58	Pass								
	G3W 1900	LDGL 2 1X SIOIS	001	Transversal (Y)	-6.23	-47.80	41.57	T4	-50.68	1.56	Fass								
3	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	4.38	-43.12	47.50	T4	-50.69	1.88	Door								
3	WCDIVIA II	пога	9400	Transversal (Y)	-5.79	-48.56	42.77	T4	-50.68	1.00	Pass								
4	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	4.56	-43.14	47.70	T4	-50.68	1.24	Pass								
4	WCDIVIA IV	пога	1413	Transversal (Y)	-5.67	-47.99	42.32	T4	-50.70	1.24	Fass								
5	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Axial (Z)	3.37	-42.10	45.47	T4	-50.73	1.64	Pass								
3	VVCDIVIA V	пога	4102	Transversal (Y)	-5.42	-47.82	42.40	T4	-50.71	1.64	Pass								
6	LTE Band 7	20M_QPSK_1_0	21100	Axial (Z)	3.03	-42.41	45.44	T4	-50.74	2	Pass								
Ь	LIE Band 7	201WI_QP5K_1_0	21100	Transversal (Y)	-5.04	-46.23	41.19	T4	-50.75	2	Pass								
7	LTE Band 42	20M QPSK 1 0	43340	Axial (Z)	1.21	-29.96	31.17	T4	-50.68	1.7	Pass								
_ ′	LTE Band 42	201WI_QP5K_1_0	43340	Transversal (Y)	-9.70	-41.18	31.48	T4	-50.70	1.7	Pass								
8	WLAN2.4GHz	000 44 - 11740		Axial (Z)	3.03	-42.49	45.52	T4	-50.72	4.70	D								
8	WLANZ.4GHZ	802.11n-HT40	6	Transversal (Y)	-4.51	-44.76	40.25	T4	-50.75	1.78	Pass								
9	WLAN5GHz	002 44 co \/UT40	38	Axial (Z)	3.24	-42.42	45.66	T4	-50.71	2	Pass								
9	WLANSGEZ	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT40	38	Transversal (Y)	-5.99	-46.04	40.05	T4	-50.74	2	rass

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page: 20 of 31

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 9.15G FR1 OTT evaluation

#### **General Notes:**

1. According to KDB 285076 D03, for 5G Sub 6 calls that use the same protocol, Codec(s) and reference level as OTT voice calling applications (such as Meet or AppleTalk), the tests are as follows.

Report No.: HA352621

- 2. For LTE, establish the ABM1S65G value by using the ABM1LTE magnetic intensity for an LTE call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
- 3. For OTT, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.
- Also note the actual ABM2LTE/OTT value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 5. Document in the test report matrix:
  - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
  - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
    - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
    - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
    - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
  - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.
- 6. OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services the identical RF air interface is used for NR. Therefore according to HA352602B VoNR test results from the air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of the air interface is used for OTT T-Coil testing.
  - -NR FDD worst configuration and band: NR n66/40MHz/BPSK/1RB Size
  - -NR TDD worst configuration and band: NR n77/100MHz/BPSK/1RB Size

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode		RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	dB	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	Signal Quality -3dB		Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
	LTE Band 66	2014	QPSK	4	0	132322	Axial (Z)	4.59	-43.19	47.78	-	T4	-50.77	0	Door
10	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	ı	0	132322	Transversal (Y)	-5.32	-47.67	42.35	-	T4	-50.74	2	Pass
10	ED4 = 00	4014	ODOK	_	4	349000	Axial (Z)	4.59	-47.97	52.56	49.56	T4	-50.72	NIA	NIA
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	349000	Transversal (Y)	-5.32	-50.07	44.75	41.75	T4	-50.73	NA	NA
	LTE D 40	0014	QPSK			100.10	Axial (Z)	1.21	-29.96	31.17	-	T4	-50.68	4.7	D
7	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	ı	0	43340	Transversal (Y)	-9.70	-41.18	31.48	-	T4	-50.70	1.7	Pass
'	FD4 = 70	10014	ODCK	4	4	600000	Axial (Z)	1.21	-44.31	45.52	42.52	T4	-50.71	NA	NIA
	FKIN/8	R1 n78   100M   QPSK   1   1	1 6333		Transversal (Y)	-9.70	-49.02	39.32	36.32	T4	-50.61	INA	NA		

#### Remark:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Charles Shen, Randy Lin and Henry Chou

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 21 of 31
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

#### 10. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For the purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to a confidence interval of about 95%. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

Report No.: HA352621

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %
Test Signal							
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations

The declared product specification for EUT presented in the report is provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 22 of 31
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023

## 11. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

Report No.: HA352621

- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r02, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep. 2022.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v04, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Feb 2022
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page: 23 of 31 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jul. 19, 2023