

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	: Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT	: Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME	: Motorola
MODEL NAME	: XT2323-1
FCC ID	: IHDT56AL8
STANDARD	: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Si Zhang

Approved by: Si Zhang



Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China



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Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) TEL : 86-512-57900158 / FAX : 86-512-57900958 FCC ID : IHDT56AL8 Page : 2 of 202 Issued Date : Jun. 21, 2023 Form version. : 200414



Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table Appendix F. Supplemental Tuner SAR Results

Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA340401	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Jun. 01, 2023
FA340401	Rev. 02	 Removed 5GNR n78 MIMO information . Updated the value of DSI 4 in the Plimit table. 	Jun. 21, 2023



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone**, **XT2323-1**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		001/050				
	GSM	GSM850	0.94	1.11	1.06	-
		GSM1900	0.95	1.31	1.22	-
		WCDMA II	0.93	1.30	1.31	
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	0.96	1.31	1.31	
		WCDMA V	0.91	1.28	1.32	
		LTE Band 7	0.93	1.34	1.32	
		LTE Band 12/17	0.93	1.29	1.27	
		LTE Band 13	0.91	1.30	1.16	1.59
	LTE	LTE Band 25/2	0.93	1.34	1.34	
Licensed		LTE Band 26/5	0.91	1.16	1.43	
Licenseu		LTE Band 66/4	0.93	1.36	1.38	1.59
		LTE Band 41/38	0.96	1.31	1.35	
		LTE Band 42	0.96	0.70	0.95	-
		LTE Band 48/43	0.99	0.68	0.97	-
		FR1 n2	0.92	1.43	1.28	
		FR1 n7	0.94	1.30	1.31	-
	5G NR	FR1 n26/n5	0.92	1.05	0.99	-
		FR1 n66	0.93	1.31	1.29	
		FR1 n41/n38	0.92	1.28	1.29	
		FR1 n77/78	0.92	1.17	1.00	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.26	0.56	1.35	1.59
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.08	0.59	1.20	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1.20	0.36	0.36	1.59



	Highest 10g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)		
	GSM	GSM850	1.72			
	GSIM	GSM1900	3.05			
		WCDMA II	3.20			
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	3.27			
		WCDMA V	2.13			
		LTE Band 7	3.22			
		LTE Band 12/17	3.19			
		LTE Band 13	3.17	3.99		
		LTE Band 25/2	3.28			
Licensed	LTE	LTE Band 26/5	3.20			
Licensed		LTE Band 66/4	3.32			
		LTE Band 41/38	3.17	3.99		
		LTE Band 42	2.46			
		LTE Band 48/43	2.64			
		FR1 n2	3.33			
		FR1 n7	3.16			
	5G NR	FR1 n26	1.39			
		FR1 n66	3.55			
		FR1 n41/n38	3.14			
		FR1 n77/n78	2.48			
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.55	3.99		
NII	VIAN	5GHz WLAN	2.67	3.99		
Demonster	Date of Testi	ng:	2023/4/10 ~ 2023/5/24			

Remark:

This device supports LTE B2 / B4 / B5 / B17 / B38 / 42 / 43 and B25 / B66 / B26 / B12 / B41 / B48. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B2 / B4 / B5 / B17 / B38 / 42 / 43 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B25 / B66 / B26 / B12 / B41 / B48, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B25 / B66 / B26 / B12 / B41 / B48.
 This device supports 5GNR n78/n38/n5 and n77/n41/n26. Since the supported frequency span for 5GNR

n78/n38/n5 falls completely within the supports frequency span for n77/n41/n26, both 5GNR bands have the same target power, and both 5GNR bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for n77/n41/n26.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory					
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc.	(Kunshan)			
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.		
Test Site No.	SAR04-KS	CN1257	314309		

Applicant		
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC	
Address 222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA		

Manufacturer		
Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC		
Address 222 W, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA		

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- · FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2323-1
FCC ID	IHDT56AL8
	IMEL 1 : 350492020024233
IMEI Code	IMEL 2 : 350492020024241
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 824 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 3: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 1: 72500 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 72500 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 77 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 1: 77 VMHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 77 VMHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 1: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 3: 8270 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 3: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 4: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 4: 3: 3600 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 4: 3: 3600 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 4: 3: 3600 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 4: 3: 5500 MHz ~ 3700 MHz GG NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz SG NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 4: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 6: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz SG NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 1910 MHz SG NR n7: 1850 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 2170 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 2170 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 2470 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 2470 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 25170 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 2514 MHz ~ 2690 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 3250 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 3250 MHz ~ 2620 MHz SG NR n8: 3200 MHz ~ 3980 MHz SG NR n8: 3200 MHz ~ 3200 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 7125 MHz WLAN 5.4GHz U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6.4CHz U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6.GHz U-NII-6: 6625 MHz ~ 7125 MHz MLAN 6.GHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40



SPORTO	N LAB. FCC SAR	Test Report No. : FA340401				
		WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac/ax VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160				
		WLAN 6GHz 802.11a/ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160				
		Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE				
		NFC: ASK				
НW	Version	DVT2				
	Version	T2TV33.16				
	M / (E)GPRS	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously				
	nsfer mode	but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.				
	T Stage nark:	Identical Prototype				
1.		ts VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE				
2.	-	WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.				
3.		WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports				
4.), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). WLAN 6GHz has no hotspot function. 6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.				
5.		ot support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.				
6.	For dual SIM card	mobile has single SIM slots + eSIM (electronic SIM) and supports dual SIM dual standby. The nission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active).				
7.	The device impleme	ents the power management, Hall sensor and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode				
		at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the Qualcomm smart				
		e to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power on and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke				
		scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at				
	appendix E.					
8.		transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN when				
		us with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn				
9.	and Handheld. For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can					
9.		otspot conservatively.				
10.		ents antenna tuning techniques for several WWAN (cellular) operating modes and frequencies				
	for the purpose of improving antenna efficiency over a broad range of frequencies. Specifically, these techniques are					
		E and 5GNR modes. In this report SAR was measured according to the normally required SAR the tuner active and worst tune state (auto tune) was used for SAR testing. The detail				
		antenna tuner and supplemental data for additional information can be referred to section 18 and				
	appendix F.					
11.		ts HPUE for LTE Band 41 and 5GNR n77/n78 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been				
		ly. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power				
		brst case of power class 3 SAR.				
12.	5GNR n41 supports					
	For 5GNR n77/n78	HPUE, 5GNR n77/n78 PC2 Maximum Duty Cycle is 50%, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with				
		onsidered during SAR testing. For 5G NR other bands test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with				
11		cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.				
14.		should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.				
15.		he power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table				
	only show one time					
16.		-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only				
17		power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing. and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power				
17.		P-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is				
	unnecessary.					
18.	SAR and Power de	ensity test report for WLAN 6GHz U-NII-5/6/7/8 will be separately submitted. About co-located				
		luetooth always chose higher SAR of WLAN5G U-NII-1/2A/2C/3 and WLAN 6GHz U-NII-5/6/7/8.				
19.		DBS (Dual Band Simultaneous) function, when the device WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz or				
	compliance.	nit at the same time the module will limit different output power for simultaneous transmission				
20.		s 5GNR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode				
	performed SAR sep					



21. This device has NFC function and the NFC SAR report will be separately submitted.

<5G	NR>
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Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
	n2	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
NSA	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40
NGA	n38	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n41	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n2	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n26	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
SA	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n38	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n41	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100



4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	5 D05 v02	r05		
FCC ID	IHDT56AL8							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular	Phone						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 18 LTE Band 4: 17 LTE Band 5: 82 LTE Band 7: 25 LTE Band 12: 6 LTE Band 13: 7 LTE Band 25: 1 LTE Band 26: 8 LTE Band 38: 2 LTE Band 41: 2 LTE Band 42: 3 LTE Band 48: 3 LTE Band 48: 3 LTE Band 48: 3 LTE Band 66: 1	10 MHz ~ 84 600 MHz ~ 2 99 MHz ~ 2 99 MHz ~ 2 904 MHz ~ 2 914 MHz ~ 2 914 MHz ~ 2 9570 MHz ~ 496 MHz ~ 3 9600 MHz ~ 3 9550	755 MHz 9 MHz 2570 MHz 716 MHz 187 MHz 1915 MHz 1915 MHz 2620 MHz 2690 MHz 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz 3700 MHz	3550 M	Hz ~ 3600	MHz		
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4 LTE Band 4:1.4 LTE Band 5:1.4 LTE Band 7: 5M LTE Band 12:1. LTE Band 13: 5 LTE Band 25:1. LTE Band 26:1. LTE Band 38: 5 LTE Band 41: 5 LTE Band 43: 5 LTE Band 43: 5 LTE Band 48: 5	MHz, 3MH MHz, 3MH MHz, 10MH 4MHz, 3MH 6MHz, 10MH 6MHz, 10MH 4MHz, 3MH 4MHz, 3MH 6MHz, 10MH 6MHz, 10MH 6MHz, 10MH 6MHz, 10MH 6MHz, 10MH	z, 5MHz, 1 z, 5MHz, 1 z, 5MHz, 1 z, 15MHz, 1 z, 5MHz, 1 z iz, 5MHz, 1 z iz, 5MHz, 1 z, 15MHz, 1 z, 15MHz iz, 15MHz iz, 15MHz iz, 15MHz	0MHz, 1 0MHz, 1 0MHz 20MHz 10MHz, 10MHz, 10MHz, , 20MHz, , 20MHz , 20MHz , 20MHz , 20MHz	5MHz, 201 15MHz, 20 15MHz	MHz DMHz		
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAN	1 / 64QAM /	256QAM					
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R16, Cat18							
CA Support	Supported, Upl	ink and Dov	vnlink					
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Modulation QPSK	1.4 MHz > 5	nnel bandw 3.0 MHz > 4	idth / Tra 5 MHz > 8	ansmission 10 MHz > 12	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16	(N _{RB}) 20 MHz > 18	MPR (dB) ≤ 1
	16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM	≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5 > 5	≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4 > 4	≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	≤ 12 > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 > 12 ≥ 1	≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	$ \leq 1 \leq 2 \leq 2 \leq 3 \leq 5 $
LTE A-MPR	In the base sta disable A-MPR frames (Maximu	during SA um TTI)	R testing	and the	LTE SAR	tests was	transmittir	ng on all TTI
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly co measurement; not included in	therefore, s the SAR re	pectrum ple port.	ots for ea	ach RB allo	ocation and	offset cont	figuration are
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in Proximity sensors/receiver/hotspot detect mechanism, head/body -worn /hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some bands applied to satisfy SAR compliance, the detail please referred to section 14.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	 Inter-Band and Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification please referred to section 14. 1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for intra-band and 							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	inter-band with powers were ev 2. This device s	two compo aluated pe	nent carrie FCC Guio	ers in the dance.	e uplink. S	AR Measur	rements ar	nd conducted

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA340401

LTE same direquencis in each LTE bar LTE same direquencis in each LTE bar Bandwath 14 MHz Bandwath 14 MHz <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>L) chan</th><th>nel number</th><th>rs and</th><th>d freauenci</th><th>es in ea</th><th>ch LTE I</th><th></th><th>Tepon</th><th></th><th></th></th<>						L) chan	nel number	rs and	d freauenci	es in ea	ch LTE I		Tepon				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$																	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Bandwidth	1.4 MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Band	dwidth 5 MH	łz	Bandwidth	n 10 MHz	z Bai	ndwidth	15 MHz				
N 18800 1880 18000 18		Ch. #					" (MH:	z)	Ch. #		Ch	. #		Ch. #	(MHz)		
H 19193 1909.3 19185 1907.5 19150 1902.5 19125 1922.5 19100 1900 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3.4 MHz Bandwidth 5.4 MHz Bandwidth 1.4 MHz B																	
Life Band Life Band Life Band Life Band Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MH																	
Bardwardin 14, MHZ Bardwardin 5, MHZ Bardwardin 10, MHZ Bardwardin 10, MHZ Bardwardin 10, MHZ Bardwardin 10, MHZ MHZ MHZ MHZ L 19657 1710.7 19695 1711.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1710.5 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 1745.3 20000 2829 838.5 20025.5 2042.0 848.5 20025.6 838.5 20025.6 838.5 20025.6 838.5 20025.6 838.5 20025.6 20052.6 838.5 20025.6 2005.0 21000 2555 21000 2555 21000 2555 21000 2555 21100 2555 21100 2555 21100 2555 21100 2555 <td< td=""><td></td><td>19195</td><td>1909.5</td><td>19105</td><td>1900.5</td><td>1917</td><td></td><td></td><td>19150</td><td>1905</td><td>19</td><td>125</td><td>1902.5</td><td>19100</td><td>1900</td></td<>		19195	1909.5	19105	1900.5	1917			19150	1905	19	125	1902.5	19100	1900		
L. 1, # L. 19957 (MHz) 1710.7 CH. # (MHz) 1712.5 CH. # 20075 CH. # 1712.5 CH. # 20075 CH. # 1712.5 CH. # 20075 CH. #		Bandwidth	1.4 MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Band	dwidth 5 MH	łz	Bandwidth	n 10 MHz	z Bai	ndwidth	15 MHz				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			(MHz)		(MHz)		" (MH:	z)		(MHz)	1		(MHz)	Ch. #	(MHz)		
H 20393 1754.3 20385 1782.5 20380 1780 20325 1747.5 20300 1745 Bandwidth 14. MHz Bandwidth 3.MHz Bandwidth 5.MHz Bandwidth 10.MHz Bandwidth 10.MHz																	
LTE Band 5 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (M																	
Bandwidth 1 4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch.# Freq. (MHz) Ch.#<		20000	1704.0	20000	1100.0	2001			20000	1700	200	20	1147.0	20000	1140		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	_	Band	dwidth 1.4 N	IHz	Ва	ndwidth			Ban	dwidth 5	MHz		Bandwidth 10 M				
M 20525 836.5 20525 2060 Ref (MHz) Ch.# Freq. (MHz) Ch.# Fr		Ch. #	Freq	(MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MH	z)	Ch. #	ŧ	Freq. (N	/IHz)	Ch.	#			
H 20643 848.3 20635 847.5 20625 846.5 20600 844 LTE Band 7 LTE Band 7 Ch # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # <td>L</td> <td></td> <td>82</td> <td>24.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>826.</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>829</td>	L		82	24.7							826.	5			829		
LTE Band Vidth LTE Band Vidth Bandwidth LTE Band Bandwidth Standwidth Bandwidth MHz Bandwidth Bandwidth Multz Bandwidth Bandwidth Multz Bandwidth Bandwidth Bandwidth Multz Bandwidth Bandwidth Multz Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz)<																	
$ \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	н	20643	84	48.3	20635			nd 7	2062	5	846.	5	2060	0	844		
Cl. # rldg. (mlz) Cl. # rldg. (mlz) Cl. # rldg. (mlz) Cl. # rldg. (mlz) L 20775 2502.5 20800 2505 2202.5 2205.5 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 221100 2535 22150 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 701.5 23060 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5		Ban	dwidth 5 MI	Hz	Bar	ndwidth		na 1	Band	lwidth 15	MHz		Band	width 20 I			
L 20775 2502.5 20800 2505 20825 2507.5 20850 25100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2535 21100 2536 21350 2500 2500 2500 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23030 711 L 232230 762 779.5 23165 713.5 23130 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711 711		Ch. #	Freq	(MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MH	z)	Ch. #	ŧ	Freq. (N	/IHz)	Ch.	#			
M 21100 2535 2130 2560 2130 2560 2130 2560 7015 23060 7015 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 <td>L</td> <td>20775</td> <td>25</td> <td>02.5</td> <td>20800</td> <td>)</td> <td>2505</td> <td></td> <td>2082</td> <td>5</td> <td>2507</td> <td>.5</td> <td>2085</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	L	20775	25	02.5	20800)	2505		2082	5	2507	.5	2085	0			
LTE Band 12 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 13 Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 13 Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # <		21100											2110	0	2535		
Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz)	Н	21425	25	67.5	21400)			2137	5	2562	.5	2135	0	2560		
Ch. # Freq. (MHz) L 23017 699.7 23025 700.5 23035 701.5 23060 704 M 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 2310 711 LTE Band 13 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) T00 L 23230 782 23230 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 711 <td></td> <td>Band</td> <td>width 1.4 N</td> <td>IHz</td> <td>Ва</td> <td>ndwidth</td> <td></td> <td>nd 12</td> <td>Ban</td> <td>dwidth 5</td> <td>MHz</td> <td></td> <td>Band</td> <td>width 10 I</td> <td>ИНz</td>		Band	width 1.4 N	IHz	Ва	ndwidth		nd 12	Ban	dwidth 5	MHz		Band	width 10 I	ИНz		
L 23017 699.7 23025 700.5 23035 701.5 23080 707.4 M 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23095 707.5 23030 707.5 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 715.3 23173 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 716.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3 710.3								z)				/IHz)			Freq.		
H 23173 715.3 23165 714.5 23155 713.5 23130 711 LTE Band 13 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) L 23230 782 23230 782 LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) LTE Band 17 Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 Ch.# Freq. (MHz) Ch.# Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 26 LTE Band 25 LTE Band 26	L				23025	;									704		
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline L Eand Width 5 MHz & Ereq. (MHz) & Channel # & Freq. (MHz) & Fr$																	
Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) L 23205 779.5 23230 782 M 23230 778.2 23230 782 H 23255 784.5 Bandwidth 10 MHz LTE Band 17 Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M 23790 711 2380 711 LTE Band T LTE Band 10 MHz Street, (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 20 Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 20 Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 20 Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) LTE Band 20 <th colsp<="" td=""><td>Н</td><td>23173</td><td>7</td><td>15.3</td><td>23165</td><td>;</td><td></td><td>4 1 2</td><td>2315</td><td>5</td><td>713.</td><td>5</td><td>2313</td><td>0</td><td>711</td></th>	<td>Н</td> <td>23173</td> <td>7</td> <td>15.3</td> <td>23165</td> <td>;</td> <td></td> <td>4 1 2</td> <td>2315</td> <td>5</td> <td>713.</td> <td>5</td> <td>2313</td> <td>0</td> <td>711</td>	Н	23173	7	15.3	23165	;		4 1 2	2315	5	713.	5	2313	0	711	
Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) L 23205 779.5 23230 782 23230 782 H 232255 784.5 23230 782 23230 782 LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 10 MHz Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) Freq.(MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 70 M 23790 710 23790 710 710 LTE Band 705 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 26 LTE Band 26 LTE Band 26 L 26047 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 18				Bandwidth 5	MHz						Bandwid	dth 10 M	MHz				
M 23230 782 23230 782 H 23255 784.5 LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq.(MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M M 23790 710 23790 710 Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 25 UTE Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 M 23390 713.5 23800 711 ETE Band LTE Band 25 UTE Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 M 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340		CI				q.(MHz)	1		Cha					q.(MHz)			
H 23255 784.5 LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq.(MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M 23790 710 23780 709 M 23790 710 23780 709 H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) L 26047 1850.7 26055 1851.5 26065 1852.5 26140 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1																	
LTE Band 17 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M 23790 710 23790 710 H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz LTE Band 25 L 26047 1850.7 26055 1851.5 26065 1852.5 26090 1855 26115 1857.5 26140 1860 L 26047 1880. 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>23</td><td>230</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>782</td><td></td></th<>									23	230				782			
Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Channel # Freq. (MHz) Channel # Freq. (MHz) L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M 23790 710 23780 710 H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz L Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. #	н		23255		/	/84.5	I TE Bar	nd 17									
L 23755 706.5 23780 709 M 23790 710 23790 710 23790 710 H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. #				Bandwidt	h 5 MHz						Band	width 1	0 MHz				
M 23790 710 23790 710 H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (M	_	1							(#		Fr)		
H 23825 713.5 23800 711 LTE Band 25 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz MHz Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz)																	
Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) East 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340 1880 26340																	
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Ch. # (MHz) Ch. # (MHz) Ch. # (MHz) Ch. # (PHq. (MHz) Ch. #		Bandwidth	-	Bandwid	-	Band			Bandwidtł			ndwidth	n 15 MHz		IHz		
M 26340 1880 26340 180 26340 180 26340 180 26340 180 26340 180 26340 180 26365 831.5 </td <td></td> <td>Ch. #</td> <td></td> <td>Ch. #</td> <td></td> <td>Ch. ‡</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Ch. #</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>n. # Fi</td> <td>req. (MHz</td> <td>) Ch. #</td> <td></td>		Ch. #		Ch. #		Ch. ‡			Ch. #			n. # Fi	req. (MHz) Ch. #			
H 26683 1914.3 26675 1913.5 26665 1912.5 26640 1910 26615 1907.5 26590 1905 LTE Band 26 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. #			1850.7		1851.5		5 1852	.5		1855	26				1860		
LTE Band 26 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # </td <td></td>																	
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	н	26683	1914.3	20075	1913.5	2000			26640	1910	266	515	1907.5	26590	1905		
Ch. # Freq. (MH2) Ch. # Freq. (MH2) Ch. #		Bandwidt	n 1.4 MHz	Bar	ndwidth 3 MI	Hz			5 MHz	Ва	andwidth	າ 10 M⊦	lz B	andwidth			
L 26697 814.7 26705 815.5 26715 816.5 26740 819 26765 821.5 M 26865 831.5 26865 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5 26965 841.5		Ch. #	Freq. (MH:	z) Ch. #	Freq.	(MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz	:) Cł	n. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #			
H 27033 848.3 27025 847.5 27015 846.5 26990 844 26965 841.5 LTE Band 38 Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. #															821.5		
LTE Band 38 Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz)																	
Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz Ch. # Freq. (MHz) <	н	27033	848.3	27025	84	1.5			846.5	26	990	84	4	26965	841.5		
Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. # Freq. (MHz) L 37775 2572.5 37800 2575 37825 2577.5 37850 2580		Ba	ndwidth 5 N	IHz	B	andwidt			Ba	andwidth	15 MHz	2	Bar	dwidth 20) MHz		
L 37775 2572.5 37800 2575 37825 2577.5 37850 2580		Ch. #		- req. (<u>MHz)</u>							Freq.	(MHz)			Freq.		
	L											· · ·					

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

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														1.0 10 10
Н	3822	5		2617.5	38200)	261	-	38	175	2612.5	3	8150	2610
								and 41						
	Ba	ndwidth	5 MH:	Z	Ba	Indwid	th 10 MHz		E	Bandwidth	15 MHz	Ba	andwidth 2	0 MHz
	Ch. #	ŧ	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (I	MHz)	CI	h. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	3967	5		2498.5	39700)	250	1	39	725	2503.5	3	89750	2506
LM	40148	-		2545.8	40160		254		-	173	2548.3		0185	2549.5
Μ	40620	-		2593	40620		259		-	620	2593		0620	2593
HM	41093	-		2640.3	41080		263	-		068	2637.8		1055	2636.5
Н	4156	5		2687.5	41540)	268	-	41	515	2682.5	4	1490	2680
								and 66						
	Bandwidt	h 1.4 MH	z	Bandw	idth 3 MHz	Ba	ndwidth 5	MHz	Bandwi	dth 10 MH	z Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwic	th 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (N	ИHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	# Freq	(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MH	'	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710		131987	1711.5	1319		12.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	
Μ	132322 1745 132322		1745	1323	22 1	745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	2 1745		
Н	132665	1779	.3	132657	1778.5	1326		77.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	2 1770
								and 42						
		andwidth					dth 10 MH			Bandwidth			andwidth 2	
	Ch. #		F	req. (MHz			Freq.			h. #	Freq. (MHz			req. (MHz)
L	4211	-		3452.5	421	-	34			165	3457.5		2190	3460
М	4259		_	3500	425		35			590	3500		2590	3500
Н	4306	5		3547.5	430	40	35	-	43	015	3542.5	4	2990	3540
								and 43	-					
		andwidth					dth 10 MH			Bandwidth			andwidth 2	
	Ch. ‡		F	req. (MHz	/		Freq.			h. #	Freq. (MHz	-		req. (MHz)
L	4411	-		3602.5	441	-	36			165	3607.5		4190	3610
м	4459			3650	445			50		590	3650		4590	3650
Н	4506	5		3697.5	450	40	36		45	015	3692.5	4	4990	3690
								and 48						
		andwidth					dth 10 MH			Bandwidth			andwidth 2	
	Ch. #		F	req. (MHz	/		Freq.	`		h. #	Freq. (MHz	/		req. (MHz)
LM	5526	-		3552.5	552		35			315	3557.5 3608	-	5340	3560
MH	<u>5581</u> 5617			3607 3643	<u> </u>			2.5		820	3608		5830 6150	3609 3641
H	5671			3697.5	566		364			665	3692.5		6640	3690
		-		3097.5	200	90	30	90	50	000	3092.3	C	0040	3090
<355	50 MHz ~ 36		,											
								and 10						

	LTE Band 42													
	Bandwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidt	h 10 MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz							
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)						
L	43115	3552.5	43140	3555	43165	3557.5	43190	3560						
Μ	43340	3575	43340	3575	43340	3575	43340	3575						
Н	43565	3597.5	43540	3595	43515	3592.5	43490	3590						

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<For LTE Overlap Bands Description>

1) LTE Bands BW						
Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
LTE Band 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 25	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE Band 17			Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 12	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 66	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 38			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 42			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 43			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 48			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

2) LTE Bands tune up:

			Open Close								
		Head	Body Worn	Body Worn	Hotspot	Extremity	Body Worn	Body Worn	Hotspot	DSI4	
Band	Antenna	DSI2	DSI3	DSI3 Simultaneous	DSI9	DSI6	DSI5	DSI5 Simultaneous	DSI10	sensor off	Default
		Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit	Tune up Limit
LTE Band 2 Other PA		24	23	23	23.4	24	22.7	21.7	20.2	24	24
LTE Band 2 Main PA	Ant 0	23	21.5	21.5	21.5	22.5	20.9	19.9	18.2	23	23
LTE Band 25		23	21.5	21.5	21.5	22.5	20.9	19.9	18.2	23	23
LTE Band 2 Other PA		17.9	19	18	13.7	22.8	19	19	14.2	24	24
LTE Band 2 Main PA	Ant 1	16.9	17	16	11.6	21.1	17	17	12.1	22	22
LTE Band 25		16.9	17	16	11.6	21.1	17	17	12.1	22	22
LTE Band 2 Other PA		21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
LTE Band 2 Main PA	Ant 2	23	22.7	22.7	21.7	23	23	23	22	23	23
LTE Band 25		23	22.7	22.7	21.7	23	23	23	22	23	23
LTE Band 2 Other PA		18.3	20.6	19.6	16	21.5	21.1	20.1	17.9	23	23
LTE Band 2 Main PA	Ant 3	18.5	21.6	20.6	17	22.7	22.1	21.1	18.8	24	24
LTE Band 25		18.5	21.6	20.6	17	22.7	22.1	21.1	18.8	24	24
LTE Band 5	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	23.6	23.3	22.3	23.7	24	24
LTE Band 26	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	23.6	23.3	22.3	23.7	24	24
LTE Band 5	Ant 1	22.7	22.6	21.6	21.2	23.8	24	23	20.4	24	24
LTE Band 26	Ant 1	22.7	22.6	21.6	21.2	23.8	24	23	20.4	24	24
LTE Band 12	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	23.6	24	24	23.6	24	24
LTE Band 17	Anto	24	24	24	24	23.6	24	24	23.6	24	24
LTE Band 12	Ant 1	21.7	23.7	22.7	19.1	23.7	24	24	18.9	24	24
LTE Band 17	Anti	21.7	23.7	22.7	19.1	23.7	24	24	18.9	24	24
LTE Band 4 Other PA		24	20.5	20.5	20.6	23.2	19.5	18.5	18.5	24	24
LTE Band 4 Main PA	A mt O	23	19	19	19.1	21.7	18	17	16.9	23	23
LTE Band 66 Other PA	Ant 0	24	20.5	20.5	20.6	23.2	19.5	18.5	18.5	24	24
LTE Band 66 Main PA		23	19	19	19.1	21.7	18	17	16.9	23	23
LTE Band 4 Other PA		18.8	17.6	16.6	13.3	22.2	19.4	18.4	13.2	24	24
LTE Band 4 Main PA	Ant 1	17.2	13.8	12.8	11.8	19.7	17.7	16.7	11.8	22	22
LTE Band 66 Other PA	Ant 1	18.8	17.6	16.6	13.3	22.2	19.4	18.4	13.2	24	24
LTE Band 66 Main PA		17.2	13.8	12.8	11.8	19.7	17.7	16.7	11.8	22	22
LTE Band 4 Other PA	Ant 2	21	21	21	20.2	21	21	20	18	21	21

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

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SPORTON LAB.	FCC SAR Test Report

LTE Band 4 Main PA 23 23 23 21 23 22.3 21.3 18.6 23 23 LTE Band 66 Other PA 23 </th <th>ORTON LAB. I COOO</th> <th></th> <th>COLIN</th> <th>cport</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Kepon</th> <th>. 140 1</th> <th>A34040</th>	ORTON LAB. I COOO		COLIN	cport						Kepon	. 140 1	A34040
LTE Band 66 Main PA 23 23 23 21 23 22.3 21.3 18.6 23 23 LTE Band 60 Miar PA 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 60 Other PA 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 60 Other PA 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20.1 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 40 Main PA 17.9 21.8 20.8 17 22.4 22.1 21.1 18.2 23 23 LTE Band 30 Other PA 24 22.4 22.4 22.4 22.4 22.4 20.3 23.5 20.6 19.6 16.4 24 <td>LTE Band 4 Main PA</td> <td></td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>21</td> <td>23</td> <td>22.3</td> <td>21.3</td> <td>18.6</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td>	LTE Band 4 Main PA		23	23	23	21	23	22.3	21.3	18.6	23	23
LTE Band 4 Other PA LTE Band 6 Other PA LTE Band 6 Main PA Ant 3 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 6 Other PA LTE Band 6 Main PA 17.9 21.8 20.8 17 22.4 22.1 21.1 18.2 23 23 LTE Band 58 Main PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 41 Other PA Ant 0 24 23.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA 24 22.4 22.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24 2	LTE Band 66 Other PA		21	21	21	20.2	21	21	20	18	21	21
LTE Band 4 Main PA LTE Band 66 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA LTE Band 43 LTE Band 43 LTE Band 43 LTE Band 43 LTE Band 43 Ant 3 11.7.9 21.8 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA LTE Band 43 Ant 2 23 24 24 24 24 <td< td=""><td>LTE Band 66 Main PA</td><td></td><td>23</td><td>23</td><td>23</td><td>21</td><td>23</td><td>22.3</td><td>21.3</td><td>18.6</td><td>23</td><td>23</td></td<>	LTE Band 66 Main PA		23	23	23	21	23	22.3	21.3	18.6	23	23
LTE Band 66 Other PA Ant 3 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 66 Main PA 17.9 21.8 20.8 17 22.4 22.1 21.1 118.2 23 23 LTE Band 38 Other PA 41 24 23.4 23.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24 24 24 24 22.4 20.3 23.5 20.6 19.6 16.4 24 24 24 22.4	LTE Band 4 Other PA		16.9	20.6	19.6	15.9	20.2	21	20	17.3	23	23
LTE Band 66 Other PA 16.9 20.6 19.6 15.9 20.2 21 20 17.3 23 23 LTE Band 66 Mian PA 17.9 21.8 20.8 17 22.4 22.1 21.1 18.2 23 23 LTE Band 38 Ohier PA 41.0 23.4 23.4 23.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24	LTE Band 4 Main PA		17.9	21.8	20.8	17	22.4	22.1	21.1	18.2	23	23
LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA 24 23.4 23.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24 24 LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 43 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA 24 22.4 22.4 20.3 23.5 20.6 19.6 16.4 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 43 Main PA Ant 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Main PA Ant 2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA 23	LTE Band 66 Other PA	Ant 3	16.9	20.6	19.6	15.9	20.2	21	20	17.3	23	23
LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Art 0 24 22.4 22.4 20.3 23.5 20.6 19.6 16.4 24 24 LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 41 Other PA Art 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 24 LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Other PA Art 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA Art 2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA Art 2 23 <t< td=""><td>LTE Band 66 Main PA</td><td></td><td>17.9</td><td>21.8</td><td>20.8</td><td>17</td><td>22.4</td><td>22.1</td><td>21.1</td><td>18.2</td><td>23</td><td>23</td></t<>	LTE Band 66 Main PA		17.9	21.8	20.8	17	22.4	22.1	21.1	18.2	23	23
LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 24 23.4 21.5 24 21.7 20.7 17.6 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 31 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Other PA Z2.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 Z3 23	LTE Band 38 Other PA		24	23.4	23.4	21.5	24	21.7	20.7	17.6	24	24
	LTE Band 38 Main PA		24	22.4	22.4	20.3	23.5	20.6	19.6	16.4	24	24
LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 31 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 19.4 22.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 23	LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant U	24	23.4	23.4	21.5	24	21.7	20.7	17.6	24	24
LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Art 1 19.4 22.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 19.4 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA LTE Band 38 Main PA Art 2 23	LTE Band 41 Main PA		24	22.4	22.4	20.3	23.5	20.6	19.6	16.4	24	24
LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 1 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 19.4 22.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 LTE Band 38 Main PA Ant 2 23 <	LTE Band 38 Other PA		20.2	22.6	21.6	17.3	23.6	23.1	22.1	17.5	24	24
LTE Band 41 Other PA 20.2 22.6 21.6 17.3 23.6 23.1 22.1 17.5 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 19.4 22.6 21.6 17 23.6 22.7 21.7 17.1 24 24 LTE Band 38 Other PA 23 24 24 </td <td>LTE Band 38 Main PA</td> <td></td> <td>19.4</td> <td>22.6</td> <td>21.6</td> <td>17</td> <td>23.6</td> <td>22.7</td> <td>21.7</td> <td>17.1</td> <td>24</td> <td>24</td>	LTE Band 38 Main PA		19.4	22.6	21.6	17	23.6	22.7	21.7	17.1	24	24
LTE Band 38 Other PA Ant 2 23	LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant 1	20.2	22.6	21.6	17.3	23.6	23.1	22.1	17.5	24	24
LTE Band 38 Main PA LTE Band 41 Other PA Ant 2 23 23 23 22.6 23 22.6 22.6 23.6 23.6 23.7	LTE Band 41 Main PA		19.4	22.6	21.6	17	23.6	22.7	21.7	17.1	24	24
LTE Band 41 Other PA LTE Band 41 Main PA Ant 2 23	LTE Band 38 Other PA		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	20.9	23	23
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	LTE Band 38 Main PA	A t O	23	23	23	22.6	23	22.6	22.6	19.8	23	23
LTE Band 38 Other PA Image: Ant S Image: Image: Simple Si	LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant 2	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	20.9	23	23
LTE Band 38 Main PA Ant 3 18.3 22.8 21.8 21.1 22.6 24 23 19.8 24 24 LTE Band 41 Other PA 18.3 22.8 21.8 21.1 22.6 24 23 20.3 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 18.3 22.8 21.8 21.1 22.6 24 23 19.8 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 17.1 20.3 19.3 16 22 22 22 16.2 23 23	LTE Band 41 Main PA		23	23	23	22.6	23	22.6	22.6	19.8	23	23
LTE Band 41 Other PA Ant 3 18.2 23.2 22.2 21.5 22.8 24 23 20.3 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 18.3 22.8 21.8 21.1 22.6 24 23 19.8 24 24 LTE Band 42 Part96 Image: Amount of the part of the pa	LTE Band 38 Other PA		18.2	23.2	22.2	21.5	22.8	24	23	20.3	24	24
LTE Band 41 Other PA 18.2 23.2 22.2 21.5 22.8 24 23 20.3 24 24 LTE Band 41 Main PA 18.3 22.8 21.8 21.1 22.6 24 23 19.8 24 24 LTE Band 42 Part96 IT.1 20.3 19.3 16 22 22 22 16.2 22 22 22 LTE Band 43 Ant 1 21.9 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 19.6 23 23 23 LTE Band 43 Ant 1 21.9 23	LTE Band 38 Main PA	A t O	18.3	22.8	21.8	21.1	22.6	24	23	19.8	24	24
LTE Band42 Part96 Ant 1 20.3 19.3 16 22 22 22 16.2 22 22 LTE Band 43 Ant 1 21.9 23 <td>LTE Band 41 Other PA</td> <td>Ant 5</td> <td>18.2</td> <td>23.2</td> <td>22.2</td> <td>21.5</td> <td>22.8</td> <td>24</td> <td>23</td> <td>20.3</td> <td>24</td> <td>24</td>	LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant 5	18.2	23.2	22.2	21.5	22.8	24	23	20.3	24	24
LTE Band 43 Ant 1 21.9 23	LTE Band 41 Main PA		18.3	22.8	21.8	21.1	22.6	24	23	19.8	24	24
LTE Band 48 21.9 23	LTE Band42 Part96		17.1	20.3	19.3	16	22	22	22	16.2	22	22
LTE Band42 Part96 Ant 2 23 <td>LTE Band 43</td> <td>Ant 1</td> <td>21.9</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>19.6</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td>	LTE Band 43	Ant 1	21.9	23	23	23	23	23	23	19.6	23	23
LTE Band 43 Ant 2 23 24 24	LTE Band 48		21.9	23	23	23	23	23	23	19.6	23	23
LTE Band 48 23 24	LTE Band42 Part96		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
LTE Band42 Part96 Ant 3 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21 20 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 43 Ant 3 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 43 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 48 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 48 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 42 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 43 Ant 5 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24 LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 2	LTE Band 43	Ant 2	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
LTE Band 43 Ant 3 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 48 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 48 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 42 Part96 19.2 23 23 15.7 23 23 23 18.1 23 23 LTE Band 43 Ant 5 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 24 LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 24	LTE Band 48		23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
LTE Band 48 17.3 20.8 19.8 15.4 23.7 21.3 20.3 14.8 24 24 LTE Band 42 Part96 19.2 23 23 15.7 23 23 23 18.1 23 23 LTE Band 43 Ant 5 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 24 24 LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 24 24	LTE Band42 Part96		17.3	20.8	19.8	15.4	23.7	21	20	14.8	24	24
LTE Band42 Part96 19.2 23 23 15.7 23 23 23 18.1 23 23 LTE Band 43 Ant 5 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24 LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24	LTE Band 43	Ant 3	17.3	20.8	19.8	15.4	23.7	21.3	20.3	14.8	24	24
LTE Band 43 Ant 5 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24 LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24	LTE Band 48		17.3	20.8	19.8	15.4	23.7	21.3	20.3	14.8	24	24
LTE Band 48 21.1 24 24 18.5 24 24 24 18.3 24 24 24	LTE Band42 Part96		19.2	23	23	15.7	23	23	23	18.1	23	23
	LTE Band 43	Ant 5	21.1	24	24	18.5	24	24	24	18.3	24	24
	LTE Band 48		21.1	24	24	18.5	24	24			24	24

Note: For some bands/antennas at some exposure conditions which cannot be covered were fully tested for RF exposure compliance.

4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

	5G NR Information							
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G NR transmission band	5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n26 : 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n77: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	The detail please refers to section 4.1 5GNR FR1 bands table.							
SCS	FDD: SCS15KHz, TDD: SCS30KHz							
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM							
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes							
LTE Anchor Bands for n2	LTE B66							
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7							
LTE Anchor Bands for n7	LTE B2/4/5/66							
LTE Anchor Bands for n38	LTE B2/4/5/66							
LTE Anchor Bands for n41	LTE B2/4/26/66							
LTE Anchor Bands for n66	LTE B2/5/7							
LTE Anchor Bands for n77	LTE B41							
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B2/4/5/7/26/66/38/41							
Tranomicaion	Transmission (H_M_L) channel numbers and frequencies in each FG NP hand							

	Transmission (n, m, L) channel numbers and requencies in each 50 NK band												
				NR Band	2								
	Bandwidth 5	MHz	Bandwic	ith 10MHz	Bandwidth	15MHz	Bandwid	th 20MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	370500	1852.5	371000	1855	371500	1857.5	372000	1860					
Μ	376000	1880	376000	1880	376000	1880	376000	1880					
Н	381500	1907.5	381000	1905	380500	1902.5	380000	1900					

	NR Band 5												
	Bandwidth 5I	MHz	Bandwic	ith 10MHz	Bandwidth	15MHz	Bandwidth 20MHz						
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)					
L	165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834					
М	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5					
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839					

							NR Band 7								
		lwidth IHz	Bandwidt	th 10MHz	Bandwidt	h 15MHz	Bandwidt	h 20MHz	Bandwidt	h 25MHz	Bandwidt	h 30MHz	Bandwidt	h 40MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	
N	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	
Н	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	

				NR Ban	p 20						
	Bandwic	lth 5MHz	Bandwidt	th 10MHz	Bandwidt	th 15MHz	Bandwidth 20MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	163300	816.5	163800	819	164300	821.5	164800	824			
Μ	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	166300	831.5	166300	831.5			
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839			

	Bandwid	th 5MHz	Bandwi	dth10MHz	Bandwidt	h15MHz	Bandwi	dth20MHz	Bandwidt	th30MHz	Bandwid	dth40MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	342500	1712.5	343000	1715	343500	1717.5	344000	1720	345000	1725	346000	1730
М	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745
Н	355500	1777.5	355000	1775	354500	1772.5	354000	1770	353000	1765	352000	1760

	NR Band 38											
		Bandwi	dth10MHz	Bandwidth	15MHz	Bandwid	th 20MHz	Bandwidtl	n30MHz	Bandwidt	th 40MHz	
		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
	L	515004	2575.02	515502	2577.51	516000	2580	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02	
	М	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	
	Н	522996	2614.98	522498	2612.49	522000	2610	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98	
_	NR Band 41											

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	Bandwid	th 20MHz	Bandwid	th 30MHz	Bandwidt	h40MHz	Bandwid	th 50MHz	Bandwid	th 60MHz	Bandwidt	th 70MHz	Bandwid	th 80MHz	Bandwid	th 90MHz	Bandwid	t 100MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02	505200	2526	506202	2531.01	507204	2536.02	508200	2541	509202	2546.01
Μ	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
Н	535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99	531996	2659.98	531000	2655	529998	2649.99	528996	2644.98	528000	2640

For <3700MHz ~ 3980MHz>

										NR Bai	nd 77										
Ba	ndwidth	n Ban	dwidth	Band	lwidth	Banc	dwidth	Band	width	Band	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Bandy	width
1	0MHz	15	MHz	201	ИНz	301	MHz	40M	lHz	50N	/IHz	601	ЛНz	70M	IHz	801	ЛНz	901	ЛНz	100N	ЛНz
Ch.	. # Fre (MH		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L6470	000 370	5 647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	2648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
M6560	000 384	0 656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
H6650	000 397	5 664834	3972.51	664666	3970.02	664332	3965.01	1664000	3960	663668	3955.02	663332	3950.01	663000	3945	662666	3940.02	662332	3935.01	662000	3930
										NR Bai	nd 78										
Ba	ndwidth	n Ban	dwidth	Band	lwidth	Band	dwidth	Band	width	Band	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Bandy	width
1	0MHz	15	MHz	201	ЛНz	301	MHz	40M	lHz	50N	/Hz	601	ЛНz	70M	IHz	801	ЛНz	901	ЛНz	100N	ЛНz
Ch.	. # Fre (MH		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 6470	000 370	5 647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	2648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	2	
MCEO	000 275	0 650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
100000	JUU 370	000000	3130	000000	3750	000000	3730	000000	5150	000000	5750	000000	3130	000000	5150	000000	3730	000000	3730	000000	5150

<For NR Overlap Bands Description>

1) NR B	ands B\	N										
Band	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
FR1 n5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
FR1 n26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes								
FR1 n38		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes						
FR1 n41				Yes								
FR1 n78		Yes										
FR1 n77		Yes										



2) NR Bands Tune up:

Band Antenna Body Worn Body Worn Body Hetad Body Worn Body Hetspot Extremity Extremity Body Worn Body Body Worn Hotspot Body Worn Hotspot Body Body DSIS Body Body DSIS Body Body DSIS Body Body Worn Hotspot Body Body DSIS DSIS DSIS Simultaneous DSIS DSIS <th< th=""><th></th></th<>	
Band Antenna DSI2 DSI3	
FR1 n5 FR1 n5 FR1 n26 Ant 0 Limit Tune up Limit Tune up Limit Limit Tune up Limit Tune up Limit Limit Tune up Limit Tune up Limit<	Default
FR1 n26 Ant 0 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 23 23.2 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 n38 Other PA Ant 1 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Main PA Ant 1 19.5 18.5 15.2	Tune up Limit
FR1 n26 24 24 24 24 24 24 23 23.2 24 FR1 n5 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n26 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n36 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n5 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n5 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 19.5 18.5 1	24
FR1 n26 Ant 1 21.1 23.1 22.1 20.8 24 23.2 22.2 21.1 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 0 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 0 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Other PA PA 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 1 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n41 Main PA Ant 2 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 2	24
FR1 n2621.123.122.120.82423.222.221.124FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 0$ 2521.221.220.422.319.818.816.925FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Main PA $Ant 0$ 2521.221.220.319.521.418.717.715.824FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 1$ 16.219.618.615.421.321.620.615.724FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 1$ 16.219.618.615.421.321.620.615.724FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 1$ 19.518.515.221.221.520.515.624FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 2$ 2421.421.421.524.221.520.515.624FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 2$ 2320.320.320.323201918.923FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA $Ant 2$ 21.421.421.421.52421.120.12024FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA $Ant 3$ 16.7212018.9 <td< td=""><td>24</td></td<>	24
FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 0 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 4 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 4nt 2 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n43 Main PA 4nt 2 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 23 23 23 23 <td>24</td>	24
FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 0 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 1 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n43 Main PA Ant 2 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 2 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 <	25
FR1 n41 Other PA 25 21.2 21.2 20.4 22.3 19.8 18.8 16.9 25 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 20.3 20.3 19.5 21.4 18.7 17.7 15.8 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n38 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n38 Other PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 2 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23	24
FR1 n38 Other PA Image: FR1 n38 Main PA Image: FR1 n41 Main PA	25
FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 1 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n38 Other PA 4.42 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Main PA 4.42 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 Z4 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 4.16.7 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA	24
FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 1 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 20.1 20.0 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 n41 Main PA FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.4 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 18.9	24
FR1 n41 Other PA 16.2 19.6 18.6 15.4 21.3 21.6 20.6 15.7 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 16.1 19.5 18.5 15.2 21.2 21.5 20.5 15.6 24 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.2 22	24
FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 2 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 2 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 2 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n38 Other PA FR1 n38 Main PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
FR1 n41 Other PA 24 21.4 21.4 21.5 24 21.1 20.1 20 24 FR1 n41 Main PA 23 20.3 20.3 20.3 23 20 19 18.9 23 FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24	23
FR1 n38 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24 FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
FR1 n38 Main PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24 FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	23
FR1 n41 Other PA Ant 3 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
FR1 n41 Other PA 16.7 21 20 18.9 21.1 23.2 22.2 19 24	24
	24
FR1 n41 Main PA 16.7 21 20 19 21.1 23.4 22.4 19.1 24	24
FR1 n78 April 14.1 23 22 19.6 23 23 22 16.5 23	23
FR1 n77 Ant 1 14.1 23 22 19.6 23 23 22 16.5 23	23
FR1 n78 PC2 17.1 25 25 22.6 25 25 25 19.5 25	25
FR1 n77 PC2 Ant 1 17.1 25 25 22.6 25 25 19.5 25	25
FR1 n78 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	23
FR1 n77 Ant 2 23 24 25	23
FR1 n78 PC2 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 24.7 22.3 25	25
FR1 n77 PC2 Ant 2 25 25 25 25 25 24.7 22.3 25	25
FR1 n78 16.2 19 18 13.7 21.1 20.9 19.9 14 24	24
Ant 3 Ant 3 Inc. 19 18 13.7 21.1 20.9 19.9 14 24	24
FR1 n78 PC2 19.2 22 21 16.7 24.1 23.9 22.9 17 27	27
FR1 n77 PC2 Ant 3 19.2 22 21 16.7 24.1 23.9 22.9 17 27	27
FR1 n78 16.8 23.7 22.7 17.3 23 23.7 22.7 18.8 24	24
FR1 n77 Ant 5 16.8 23.7 22.7 17.3 23 23.7 22.7 18.8 24	24
FR1 n78 PC2 19.8 26.7 25.7 20.3 24.1 23.9 22.9 17 27	27
Ant 5 19.8 26.7 25.7 20.3 24.1 23.9 22.9 17 27	27

Note: For some bands/antennas at some exposure conditions which cannot be covered were fully tested for RF exposure compliance.



5. Smart Transmit feature for RF Exposure compliance

The RF exposure limit is defined based on time-averaged RF exposure. The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency \leq 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.

Note that WLAN/BT operations are not enabled with Smart Transmit.

This report describes the procedures for the SAR char generation, and the parameters obtained from SAR characterization (referred to as SAR char, respectively) will be used as input for Smart Transmit. SAR char will be entered via the Embedded File System (EFS) to enable the Smart Transmit Feature.

P _{limit}	The time-averaged RF power which corresponds to SAR_design_target.
P _{max}	Maximum target power level
SAR_design_target:	The design target for SAR compliance. It should be less than regulatory SAR limit to account for all device design related uncertainty.
SAR char	P _{limit} for all the technologies/bands for all applicable DSI

<Terminologies in this report>

<SAR Characterization>

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for Smart Transmit to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz.

<SAR design target and uncertainty>

Item	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Total uncertainty	1.5

To account for total uncertainty, SAR_design_target should be determined as:

 $SAR_design_target < SAR_{regulatory_limit} \times 10 \frac{-total uncertainty}{10}$

The Smart Transmit algorithm maintains the time-averaged transmit power, in turn, time-averaged RF exposure of SAR_design_target, below the predefined time-averaged power limit, for each characterized technology and band.

Smart Transmit allows the device to transmit at higher power instantaneously, as high as Pmax, when needed, but enforces power limiting to maintain time-averaged transmit power to Plimit. Below table shows Plimit EFS settings and maximum tune up output power Pmax configured for this EUT for various transmit conditions (Device State Index DSI).

						Jundo	Flip Close					
			Body	Flip Open Body Worn			Body	Body Worn				
Band	Antenna	Head	Worn	Simultaneous	Hotspot	Extremity	Worn	Simultaneous	Hotspot	sensor	P-Max*	
		DSI2	DSI3	DSI3	DSI9	DSI6	DSI5	DSI5	DSI10	off		
GSM850	Ant 0	30.70	25.60	25.60	25.40	24.70	25.40	25.40	24.30	24.70	24.70	
GSM850	Ant 1	22.40	22.60	21.60	20.00	25.30	23.80	22.70	20.40	23.70	23.70	
GSM1900	Ant 0	31.40	21.60	21.60	19.20	21.40	19.60	18.60	16.40	21.20	21.20	
GSM1900	Ant 1	16.40	17.70	16.70	11.50	20.60	17.20	16.20	11.20	20.70	20.70	
GSM1900	Ant 2	31.90	23.60	23.60	23.40	22.70	24.30	24.30	23.50	22.70	22.70	
GSM1900	Ant 3	18.60	20.70	19.70	16.20	20.20	17.20	16.20	16.80	23.20	23.20	
WCDMA II	Ant 0	31.90	19.20	19.20	18.70	22.90	18.40	17.40	16.60	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA II	Ant 1	15.60	15.80	14.80	11.40	19.80	16.40	15.40	10.70	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA II	Ant 2	31.10	21.90	21.90	20.40	23.80	21.40	20.40	18.90	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA II	Ant 3	16.30	20.50	19.50	16.00	22.20	20.60	19.60	17.50	24.00	24.00	
WCDMA IV	Ant 0	29.70	19.70	19.70	17.90	22.70	18.70	17.70	17.70	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA IV	Ant 1	16.50	14.80	13.80	12.60	20.20	17.50	16.50	13.00	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA IV	Ant 2	30.80	23.70	23.70	20.90	23.20	21.30	20.30	18.00	23.00	23.00	
WCDMA IV	Ant 3	17.30	20.00	19.00	16.20	22.00	21.60	20.60	21.20	24.00	24.00	
WCDMA V	Ant 0	30.40	24.80	24.80	23.50	27.40	23.30	22.30	22.20	24.00	24.00	
WCDMA V	Ant 1	19.80	21.50	20.50	19.20	24.70	21.60	20.60	20.10	24.00	24.00	
LTE Band 12(17)	Ant 0	29.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	22.60	24.30	24.30	22.60	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 12(17)	Ant 1	20.70	22.70	21.70	18.10	22.70	23.40	23.40	17.90	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 13	Ant 0	28.90	23.40	23.40	22.80	22.70	22.50	21.50	21.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 13	Ant 1	20.20	22.20	21.20	20.60	22.80	22.40	21.40	21.50	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 26(5)	Ant 0	30.00	23.20	23.20	23.40	22.60	22.30	21.30	22.70	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 26(5)	Ant 1	21.70	21.60	20.60	20.20	22.80	23.00	22.00	19.40	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 0	31.80	19.50	19.50	19.60	22.20	18.50	17.50	17.50	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Main PA	Ant 0	31.80	18.00	18.00	18.10	20.70	17.00	16.00	15.90	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 1	17.80	16.60	15.60	12.30	21.20	18.40	17.40	12.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Main PA	Ant 1	16.20	12.80	11.80	10.80	18.70	16.70	15.70	10.80	21.00	21.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Main PA	Ant 2	29.80	22.00	22.00	20.00	22.50	21.30	20.30	17.60	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 2	29.80	20.00	20.00	19.20	22.50	20.00	19.00	17.00	20.00	20.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Main PA	Ant 3	16.90	20.80	19.80	16.00	21.40	21.10	20.10	17.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 3	15.90	19.60	18.60	14.90	19.20	20.00	19.00	16.30	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 25(2)	Ant 0	32.10	20.50	20.50	20.50	21.50	19.90	18.90	17.20	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 2 Other PA	Ant 0	32.10	22.00	22.00	22.40	23.00	21.70	20.70	19.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 25(2)	Ant 1	15.90	16.00	15.00	10.60	20.10	16.00	16.00	11.10	21.00	21.00	
LTE Band 2 Other PA	Ant 1	16.90	18.00	17.00	12.70	21.80	18.00	18.00	13.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 25(2)	Ant 2	30.30	21.70	21.70	20.70	23.40	22.30	22.30	21.00	22.00	23.00	
LTE Band 2 Other PA	Ant 2	30.30	20.00	20.00	20.70	20.00	22.30	22.30	20.00	22.00	22.00	
		17.50	20.00	19.60		20.00	20.00		17.80	20.00	20.00	
LTE Band 25(2) LTE Band 2 Other PA	Ant 3	17.50	20.60		16.00 15.00			20.10 19.10	17.80	23.00		
LTE Band 2 Other PA	Ant 3			18.60		20.50	20.10				22.00	
	Ant 0	34.50 34.50	20.40	20.40	17.40	20.40	18.20	17.20	15.10	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 7 Main PA	Ant 0		19.50	19.50	16.40	19.50	17.30	16.30	14.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 7 Main PA	Ant 1	16.60	18.50	17.50	13.70	20.70	21.10	21.10	14.80	21.00	21.00	
LTE Band 7 Other PA	Ant 1	16.60	18.50	17.50	13.50	20.20	21.00	21.00	14.50	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 7 Main PA	Ant 2	34.20	21.60	21.60	20.20	21.90	20.40	19.40	18.20	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 7 Other PA	Ant 2	34.20	22.00	22.00	21.10	22.00	21.40	20.40	19.00	22.00	22.00	
LTE Band 7 Main PA	Ant 3	15.30	20.20	19.20	18.40	19.70	21.20	20.20	18.20	23.00	23.00	
LTE Band 7 Other PA	Ant 3	14.90	19.90	18.90	18.10	19.60	21.00	20.00	18.20	23.00	23.00	

<Plimit for supported technologies and bands (Plimit in EFS file)>

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL : 86-512-57900158 / FAX : 86-512-57900958 FCC ID : IHDT56AL8 Page : 19 of 202 Issued Date : Jun. 21, 2023 Form version. : 200414

SPORTON LAB.	FCC SAR Test Report

SPORTON LAB. FUU JAR	estr	eport						L L	(eport l	NO. : FA	A340401
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Main PA	Ant 0	29.60	19.40	19.40	17.30	20.50	17.60	16.60	13.40	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Other PA	Ant 0	29.60	20.40	20.40	18.50	21.00	18.70	17.70	14.60	22.40	21.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Main PA	Ant 1	16.40	19.60	18.60	14.00	20.60	19.70	18.70	14.10	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Other PA	Ant 1	17.20	19.60	18.60	14.30	20.60	20.10	19.10	14.50	22.40	21.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Main PA	Ant 2	31.30	20.10	20.10	19.60	20.30	19.60	19.60	16.80	20.00	20.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Other PA	Ant 2	31.30	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	17.90	21.40	20.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Main PA	Ant 3	15.30	19.80	18.80	18.10	19.60	21.10	20.00	16.80	21.40	21.00
LTE Band 41(38) PC3 Other PA	Ant 3	15.20	20.20	19.20	18.50	19.80	21.00	20.00	17.30	22.40	21.00
LTE Band 41HPUE Main PA	Ant 0	29.60	19.40	19.40	17.30	20.50	17.60	16.60	13.40	21.00	20.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Other PA	Ant 0	29.60	20.40	20.40	18.50	21.00	18.70	17.70	14.60	22.40	22.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Main PA	Ant 1	16.40	19.60	18.60	14.00	20.60	19.70	18.70	14.10	21.00	20.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Other PA	Ant 1	17.20	19.60	18.60	14.30	20.60	20.10	19.10	14.50	22.40	22.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Main PA	Ant 2	31.30	20.10	20.10	19.60	20.60	19.60	19.60	16.80	20.00	19.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Other PA	Ant 2	31.30	21.40	21.40	21.40	21.40	20.80	20.80	17.90	21.40	21.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Main PA	Ant 3	15.30	19.80	18.80	18.10	19.60	21.10	20.10	16.80	21.40	21.40
LTE Band 41HPUE Other PA	Ant 3	15.20	20.20	19.20	18.50	19.80	21.10	20.10	17.30	22.40	22.40
LTE Band 42	Ant 1	14.10	17.30	16.30	13.00	23.00	21.90	21.90	13.20	20.00	20.00
LTE Band 42	Ant 2	28.90	24.60	24.60	24.60	21.00	22.90	22.90	22.60	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 42	Ant 3	16.30	18.20	17.20	13.70	20.80	18.00	17.00	12.40	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 42	Ant 5	16.20	22.10	22.10	12.70	21.30	22.30	22.30	15.10	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 43	Ant 1	18.90	24.90	24.90	20.30	20.00	28.20	28.20	16.60	19.00	19.00
LTE Band 48	Ant 1	18.90	24.90	24.90	20.30	20.00	28.20	28.20	16.60	20.00	20.00
LTE Band 48 (43)	Ant 2	28.50	24.90	24.90	23.60	20.00	23.80	23.80	22.20	20.00	20.00
	Ant 3	14.30	17.80	16.80	12.40	20.00		17.30	11.80	21.00	21.00
LTE Band 48 (43)							18.30				
LTE Band 48 (43)	Ant 5	18.10	21.90	21.90	15.50	21.40	21.40	21.40	15.30	21.00	21.00
5G NR n26(5)	Ant 0	32.70	24.10	24.10	23.90	23.00	23.10	22.00	22.20	23.00	23.00
5G NR n26(5)	Ant 1	20.10	22.10	21.10	19.80	25.50	22.20	21.20	20.10	23.00	23.00
5G NR n66 Other PA	Ant 0	32.10	19.30	19.30	19.30	23.50	19.80	18.80	17.40	24.00	24.00
5G NR n66 Main PA	Ant 0	32.10	17.40	17.40	17.40	22.00	17.90	16.90	15.50	22.00	22.00
5G NR n66 Other PA	Ant 1	15.60	16.80	15.80	9.50	20.40	17.30	16.30	9.30	23.00	23.00
5G NR n66 Main PA	Ant 1	13.70	15.30	14.30	11.90	18.70	15.80	14.80	11.70	22.00	22.00
5G NR n66 Other PA	Ant 2	32.10	22.80	22.80	20.30	24.00	22.30	21.00	18.50	22.00	22.00
5G NR n66 Main PA	Ant 2	32.10	22.00	22.00	21.40	22.00	22.00	21.00	19.50	22.00	22.00
5G NR n66 Main PA	Ant 3	18.10	21.10	20.10	16.20	21.50	23.40	23.40	17.90	23.00	23.00
5G NR n66 Other PA	Ant 3	16.90	20.20	19.20	15.30	20.50	22.00	22.00	16.70	22.00	22.00
5G NR n2 Other PA	Ant 0	32.40	20.50	20.50	19.70	23.80	21.10	20.10	19.90	24.00	24.00
5G NR n2 Main PA	Ant 0	32.40	18.50	18.50	17.80	22.00	19.10	18.10	18.00	22.00	22.00
5G NR n2 Other PA	Ant 1	15.10	16.10	15.10	11.30	21.20	16.60	15.60	11.60	24.00	24.00
5G NR n2 Main PA	Ant 1	12.90	14.20	13.20	9.40	19.20	14.50	13.50	9.70	22.00	22.00
5G NR n2 Other PA	Ant 2	32.20	22.80	22.80	21.50	25.90	23.10	23.10	22.30	22.00	22.00
5G NR n2 Main PA	Ant 2	32.20	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
5G NR n2 Main PA	Ant 3	17.30	21.00	20.00	16.10	21.80	20.90	19.90	17.80	23.00	23.00
5G NR n2 Other PA	Ant 3	16.50	20.10	19.10	15.30	20.90	20.10	19.10	16.90	22.00	22.00
5G NR n7 Other PA	Ant 0	34.20	19.30	19.30	18.50	21.40	19.00	18.00	16.20	24.00	24.00
5G NR n7 Main PA	Ant 0	34.20	17.90	17.90	17.00	20.10	17.50	16.50	14.80	23.00	23.00
5G NR n7 Other PA	Ant 1	15.90	18.90	17.90	15.40	20.90	18.90	17.90	15.20	23.00	23.00
5G NR n7 Main PA	Ant 1	16.00	18.60	17.60	15.20	20.70	18.70	17.70	15.00	23.00	23.00
5G NR n7 Other PA	Ant 2	35.70	20.50	20.50	21.20	23.20	19.50	18.50	19.60	23.00	23.00
5G NR n7 Main PA	Ant 2	35.70	19.80	19.80	20.50	22.00	18.80	17.80	18.90	22.00	22.00
5G NR n7 Main PA	Ant 3	16.00	20.10	19.10	18.70	20.50	22.30	21.30	17.70	23.00	23.00
5G NR n7 Other PA	Ant 3	16.00	20.00	19.00	18.70	20.40	22.30	21.30	17.70	23.00	23.00
5G NR n41(38) Other PA	Ant 0	32.00	20.20	20.20	19.40	21.30	18.80	17.80	15.90	24.00	24.00
5G NR n41(38) Main PA	Ant 0	32.00	19.30	19.30	18.50	20.40	17.70	16.70	14.80	23.00	23.00
5G NR n41(38) Other PA	Ant 1	15.20	18.60	17.60	14.40	20.30	20.60	19.60	14.70	23.00	23.00
5G NR n41(38) Main PA	Ant 1	15.10	18.50	17.50	14.20	20.20	20.50	19.50	14.60	23.00	23.00
5G NR n41(38) Other PA	Ant 2	32.00	20.40	20.40	20.50	24.50	20.10	19.10	19.00	23.00	23.00

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL : 86-512-57900158 / FAX : 86-512-57900958 FCC ID : IHDT56AL8 Page : 20 of 202 Issued Date : Jun. 21, 2023 Form version. : 200414

SPORTON LAB.	FCC SAR Test Report

5G NR n41(38) Main PA	Ant 2	32.00	19.30	19.30	19.30	22.00	19.00	18.00	17.90	22.00	22.00
5G NR n41(38) Main PA	Ant 3	15.70	20.00	19.00	18.00	20.10	22.40	21.40	18.10	23.00	23.00
5G NR n41(38) Other PA	Ant 3	15.70	20.00	19.00	17.90	20.10	22.20	21.20	18.00	23.00	23.00
5G NR n77(78) PC3	Ant 1	13.10	22.10	21.00	18.60	22.30	22.00	21.00	15.50	22.00	22.00
5G NR n77(78) PC3	Ant 2	28.40	23.00	23.00	22.20	22.00	21.70	20.70	18.30	22.00	22.00
5G NR n77(78) PC3	Ant 3	15.20	18.00	17.00	12.70	20.10	19.90	18.90	13.00	23.00	23.00
5G NR n77(78) PC3	Ant 5	15.80	22.70	21.70	16.30	22.00	22.70	21.70	17.80	23.00	23.00
5G NR n77(78) PC2	Ant 1	13.10	22.10	21.00	18.60	22.30	22.00	21.00	15.50	22.00	21.00
5G NR n77(78) PC2	Ant 2	28.40	23.00	23.00	22.20	21.00	21.70	20.70	18.30	22.00	21.00
5G NR n77(78) PC2	Ant 3	15.20	18.00	17.00	12.70	20.10	19.90	18.90	13.00	23.00	23.00
5G NR n77(78) PC2	Ant 5	15.80	22.70	21.70	16.30	22.00	22.70	21.70	17.80	23.00	23.00
()	-				-						

Note:

1) *P_{max} is used for RF tune up procedure. The maximum allowed output power is equal to Pmax + 1.0 dB device uncertainty.

2) All Plimit power levels entered in the Table correspond to average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (for e.g., GSM & LTE TDD & NR TDD).

3) The max allowed output power is the Plimit + 1.0 dB device uncertainty, and if Plimit is higher than Pmax, the device output power will be Pmax instead.

4) For 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE, 5GNR n77/n78 PC2 Maximum Duty Cycle is 50%, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with 50% duty cycle is considered during SAR testing. For 5G NR other bands test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.

5) The following table is duty cycle and factor used for calculating time average power.

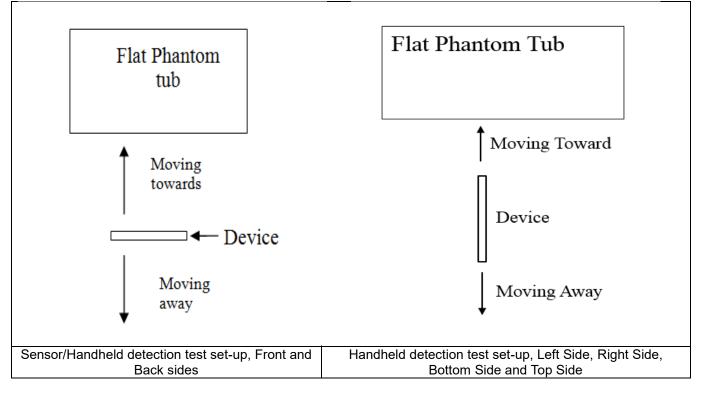
GSM/FDD/TDD	Duty Cycle	Time average calculation factor(dB)
GSM 1TX	12.50%	-9.0
GSM 2TX	25%	-6.0
GSM 3TX	37.50%	-4.3
GSM 4TX	50%	-3.0
FDD LTE	100%	0.0
TDD LTE	63.30%	-2.0
TDD HPUE	43.30%	-3.6
NR FDD/TDD	100%	0.0
NR TDD only for n77/78	50%	-3.0



6. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

- 1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (750MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
- 2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
- 3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



<Flip-Open Mode> <<u>P-Sensor></u>

	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)									
Position	Fre	ont	Back							
POSILION	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away						
Minimum	18	24	19	26						



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	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)									
	Front		Back		Right Side		Bottom Side			
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away		
Minimum	10	15	7	9	7	9	12	17		

	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)										
Position	Fre	ont	Ba	ck	Left Side						
POSILION	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away					
Minimum	9	16	9	12	14	20					

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	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)									
	Front		Back		Left Side		Bottom Side			
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away		
Minimum	8	12	9	14	8	12	11	16		

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	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)										
Position	Front		Back		Right Side		Top Side				
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away			
Minimum	10	16	5	8	9	13	10	16			

<Handheld for ANT 4+5/4+6>

	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)										
	Front		Back		Left Side		Right Side		Top Side		
Position	Moving towards	Moving awav	Moving towards	Moving awav	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving awav	Moving towards	Moving away	
Minimum	9	16	10	15	11	18	12	16	12	18	

<Handheld for ANT 5 for n77/n78>

	Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)										
Position	Fre	ont	Ba	ick	Right Side						
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away					
Minimum	11	17	12	18	12	16					

<Flip-Close Mode> <<u>P-Sensor></u>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)									
Position	Fro	ont	Back						
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away					
Minimum	15	18	16	19					



7. <u>RF Exposure Limits</u>

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
0.4	8.0	20.0		

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
0.08	1.6	4.0		

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

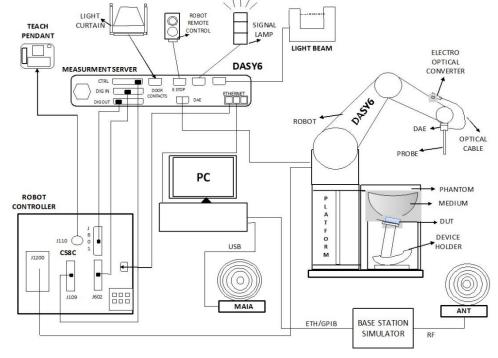
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.



9. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 or Win10 and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



9.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	<u>A</u>
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

9.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE



9.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



9.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops



10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



10.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

10.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one



10.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	\leq 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	∆z _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤1.5·∆z	$4-5$ GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	\geq 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

10.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



11. Test Equipment List

Monufooturer	Name of Equipment	Tupo/Medal	Sorial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2022/2/24	2025/2/23	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2022/8/19	2023/8/18	
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2022/2/24	2025/2/23	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	2021/12/20	2024/12/19	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1095	2022/12/7	2023/12/6	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/24	
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/23	
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/23	
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2023/3/9	2024/3/8	
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2022/9/23	2023/9/22	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2022/6/15	2023/6/14	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7706	2023/1/26	2024/1/25	
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1644	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104587	2022/5/24	2023/5/23	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2022/9/2	2023/9/1	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2022/8/15	2023/8/14	
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2023/1/5	2024/1/4	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2022/7/14	2023/7/13	
R&S	BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2022/5/24	2023/5/23	
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2022/10/12	2023/10/11	
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	220305411	2023/1/8	2024/1/7	
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2022/7/20	2023/7/19	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1	

Note:

 Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
 Peferring to KDP 865664 D01v01r04 the diple cellbration interval cap be extended to 2 years with institional coupler.

2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.

3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.



12. System Verification

12.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.





Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

12.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)					
Water	64~78%					
Mineral oil	11~18%					
Emulsifiers	9~15%					
Additives and Salt	2~3%					
Mineral oil Emulsifiers	11~18% 9~15%					



<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

		Liouvid								
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.8	0.900	41.200	0.89	41.90	1.12	-1.67	±5	2023/4/10
835	Head	22.6	0.902	41.200	0.90	41.50	0.22	-0.72	±5	2023/4/11
1750	Head	22.7	1.400	40.800	1.37	40.10	2.19	1.75	±5	2023/4/12
1900	Head	22.7	1.400	39.000	1.40	40.00	0.00	-2.50	±5	2023/4/13
2600	Head	22.9	1.930	38.200	1.96	39.00	-1.53	-2.05	±5	2023/4/14
3500	Head	22.5	2.780	38.900	2.91	37.90	-4.47	2.64	±5	2023/4/15
3700	Head	22.8	2.990	38.700	3.12	37.70	-4.17	2.65	±5	2023/4/16
3900	Head	22.7	3.190	38.400	3.32	37.50	-3.92	2.40	±5	2023/4/17
750	Head	22.7	0.872	41.200	0.89	41.90	-2.02	-1.67	±5	2023/4/18
835	Head	22.8	0.920	40.600	0.90	41.50	2.22	-2.17	±5	2023/4/19
1750	Head	22.7	1.390	38.500	1.37	40.10	1.46	-3.99	±5	2023/4/20
1900	Head	22.6	1.450	39.900	1.40	40.00	3.57	-0.25	±5	2023/4/21
2600	Head	22.8	1.930	37.300	1.96	39.00	-1.53	-4.36	±5	2023/4/22
3500	Head	22.7	2.790	39.600	2.91	37.90	-4.12	4.49	±5	2023/4/23
3700	Head	22.9	2.990	38.400	3.12	37.70	-4.17	1.86	±5	2023/4/24
3900	Head	22.7	3.190	38.400	3.32	37.50	-3.92	2.40	±5	2023/4/25
750	Head	22.7	0.867	41.100	0.89	41.90	-2.58	-1.91	±5	2023/4/26
835	Head	22.9	0.911	42.700	0.90	41.50	1.22	2.89	±5	2023/4/27
1750	Head	22.6	1.340	38.500	1.37	40.10	-2.19	-3.99	±5	2023/4/28
1900	Head	22.8	1.400	41.400	1.40	40.00	0.00	3.50	±5	2023/4/29
2600	Head	22.7	1.930	38.300	1.96	39.00	-1.53	-1.79	±5	2023/4/30
3500	Head	22.6	2.850	38.600	2.91	37.90	-2.06	1.85	±5	2023/5/1
3700	Head	22.8	3.080	38.000	3.12	37.70	-1.28	0.80	±5	2023/5/2
3900	Head	22.7	3.280	37.600	3.32	37.50	-1.20	0.27	±5	2023/5/3
2450	Head	22.6	1.830	37.500	1.80	39.20	1.67	-4.34	±5	2023/5/21
5250	Head	22.9	4.600	35.900	4.71	35.90	-2.34	0.00	±5	2023/5/22
5600	Head	22.7	5.000	35.300	5.07	35.50	-1.38	-0.56	±5	2023/5/23
5750	Head	22.8	5.170	35.100	5.22	35.40	-0.96	-0.85	±5	2023/5/24



12.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR> Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2023/4/10	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.414	8.58	8.28	-3.50
2023/4/11	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.468	9.45	9.36	-0.95
2023/4/12	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	1.890	37.00	37.8	2.16
2023/4/13	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	2.010	39.60	40.2	1.52
2023/4/14	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	2.620	56.60	52.4	-7.42
2023/4/15	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	3.160	68.00	63.2	-7.06
2023/4/16	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	3.130	67.60	62.6	-7.40
2023/4/17	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	3.260	69.10	65.2	-5.64
2023/4/18	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.402	8.58	8.04	-6.29
2023/4/19	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.480	9.45	9.6	1.59
2023/4/20	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	1.860	37.00	37.2	0.54
2023/4/21	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	2.000	39.60	40	1.01
2023/4/22	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	2.630	56.60	52.6	-7.07
2023/4/23	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	3.180	68.00	63.6	-6.47
2023/4/24	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	3.150	67.60	63	-6.80
2023/4/25	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	3.280	69.10	65.6	-5.07
2023/4/26	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.400	8.58	8	-6.76
2023/4/27	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.475	9.45	9.5	0.53
2023/4/28	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	1.800	37.00	36	-2.70
2023/4/29	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	2.000	39.60	40	1.01
2023/4/30	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	2.620	56.60	52.4	-7.42
2023/5/1	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	3.150	68.00	63	-7.35
2023/5/2	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	3.230	67.60	64.6	-4.44
2023/5/3	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	3.270	69.10	65.4	-5.35
2023/5/21	2450	Head	50	1095	7706	690	2.510	52.00	50.2	-3.46
2023/5/22	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	690	3.820	81.50	76.4	-6.26
2023/5/23	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	690	3.910	82.60	78.2	-5.33
2023/5/24	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	690	3.980	80.80	79.6	-1.49



Report No. : FA340401

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2023/4/10	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.271	5.65	5.42	-4.07
2023/4/11	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.303	6.22	6.06	-2.57
2023/4/12	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	0.993	19.50	19.86	1.85
2023/4/13	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	1.050	20.20	21	3.96
2023/4/14	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2023/4/15	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	1.180	25.40	23.6	-7.09
2023/4/16	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	1.160	24.40	23.2	-4.92
2023/4/17	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	1.220	24.10	24.4	1.24
2023/4/18	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.263	5.65	5.26	-6.90
2023/4/19	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.311	6.22	6.22	0.00
2023/4/20	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	0.980	19.50	19.6	0.51
2023/4/21	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	1.060	20.20	21.2	4.95
2023/4/22	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	1.180	25.10	23.6	-5.98
2023/4/23	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	1.210	25.40	24.2	-4.72
2023/4/24	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	1.180	24.40	23.6	-3.28
2023/4/25	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	1.200	24.10	24	-0.41
2023/4/26	750	Head	50	1087	7706	690	0.262	5.65	5.24	-7.26
2023/4/27	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	690	0.308	6.22	6.16	-0.96
2023/4/28	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	690	0.946	19.50	18.92	-2.97
2023/4/29	1900	Head	50	5d182	7706	690	1.020	20.20	20.4	0.99
2023/4/30	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	690	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2023/5/1	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	690	1.190	25.40	23.8	-6.30
2023/5/2	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	690	1.200	24.40	24	-1.64
2023/5/3	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	690	1.210	24.10	24.2	0.41
2023/5/21	2450	Head	50	1095	7706	690	1.150	24.60	23	-6.50
2023/5/22	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	690	1.090	23.30	21.8	-6.44
2023/5/23	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	690	1.110	23.70	22.2	-6.33
2023/5/24	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	690	1.150	23.00	23	0.00

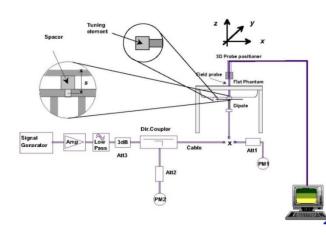


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo



13. <u>RF Exposure Positions</u>

13.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

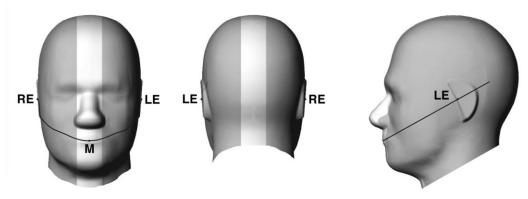


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

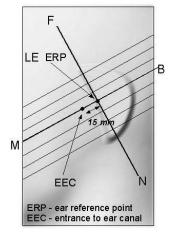


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

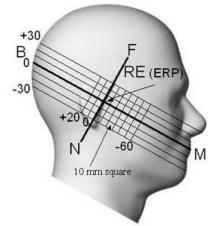
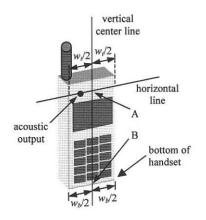


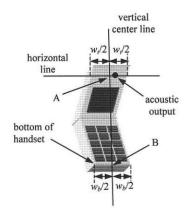
Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

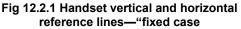


13.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.







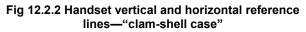




Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



13.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

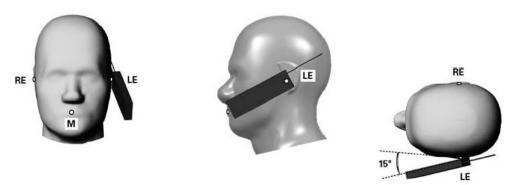


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.



13.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

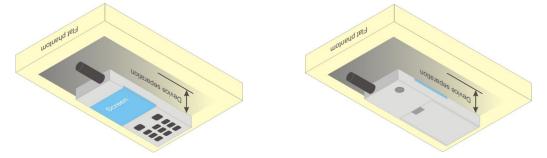


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position



13.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.

2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

13.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



14. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is < 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration. a.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b. C.
 - A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each i.
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm iv.
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) v
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters vi.
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms ix.
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 Х.
 - xi Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.



Sub-test	βc	βa	βd (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Note 2:							
Note 3:	 Note 3: CM = 1 for β_o/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_o=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is 						
11012 4.				a factors for the ref			

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Setup Configuration



Report No. : FA340401

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK i.
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA

 - v. Set UE Target Power
 vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3:	β values for transmitte	r characteristics tests	with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βc	β⊲	β⊿ (SF)	βc/βd	β нs (Note1)	βec	βed (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67
Note 1		ib-test 1 f vith eta_{hs} :			$and \Delta_{co}$	a = 30/15	5 with β_{hs} = 3	0/15 *	eta_c . For s	ub-test 5	5, Δ Α ΟΚ, Δ	NACK and	∆ _{CQI} =
Note 2							her combination		DPDCH,	DPCCH,	HS- DPO	CCH, E-E	PDCH
Note 3	Note 3: For subtest 1 the β _d /β _d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β _c = 10/15 and β _d = 15/15.												
Note 4	Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.												
Note 5	Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.												
Note 6		ibtests 2, er MPR v		4, UE m	ay perfor	m E-DPI	OCH power sc	aling a	at max po	wer whic	h could re	esults in	slightly

Setup Configuration



DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Parameter Unit Value Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate kbps TTI's 60 Inter-TTI Distance Number of HARQ Processes Proces 6 ses Bits Information Bit Payload (NINF) 120 Number Code Blocks Blocks Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Total Available SML's in UE Number of SML's per HARQ Proc. Coding Rate 960 Bits SML's SML's Coding Rate Number of Physical Channel Codes 0.15 Codes QPSK Modulation Note 1 The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e. retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used. Note 2: Inf. Bit Payload 120 CRC Addition 120 24 CRC Code Block 144 Segmentation Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3) 432 12 Tail Bits 1st Rate Matching 432 **RV** Selection 960 Physical Channel Segmentation 960 Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12



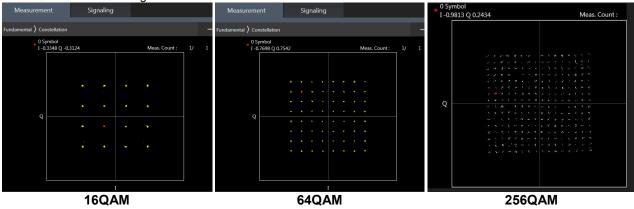
<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.



<LTE Conducted Power>

- 1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 / the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE B2 / B4 / B5 / B17 / B38 / B42 / B43 SAR test was covered by B25 / B66 / B26 / B12 / B41 / B48; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to May 2017 TCB workshop, for 16QAM and 64QAM, 256QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 256QAM, 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

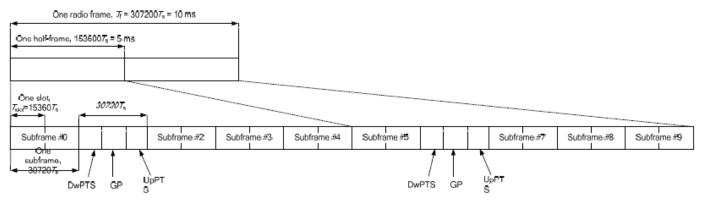


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	I cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS			
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$				
1	19760 · T _s		2560 · T _s	$20480 \cdot T_s$	2192 · T _s	2560 · <i>T</i> ₅		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$		23040 · T _s				
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$				
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			7680 · T _s				
5	6592 · T _s			$20480 \cdot T_s$	4384 · T.	5120 · T _s		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$	4364 · 1 ₅			
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	5120 · T _s	12800 · T _s				
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-		
9	13168 · T _s			-	-	-		



Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)						
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink			
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%			
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%			

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)						
	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%			
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%			

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For LTE TDD Power class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.167)/5 = 43.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.143)/5 = 42.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

For LTE TDD Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration		
	> 23	1,2,3,4,5		
LTE Band 41	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6		
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6		



<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

- 1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
- 2. In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
- 3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.

2CC E	2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation 3CC Dow			CC Downlink Carrier Age	gregation	4	ICC Downlink Carrier Age	gregation
Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_2A-4A	3CC-1	1	CA_2A-4A-5A		1	CA_41A-41D	
2	CA_2A-7A		2	CA_5A-66A-66A		2	CA_41C-41C	
3	CA_2A-66A		3	CA_41A-41C		3	CA_41C-42C	
4	CA_4A-5A		4	CA_41A-42C		4	CA_41E	
5	CA_4A-7A		5	CA_41C-42A		5		
6	CA_5A-7A		6	CA_41D	4CC-1	6		
7	CA_5A-66A	3CC-2	7			7		
8	CA_7C		8			8		
9	CA_66C		9			9		
10	CA_38C		10			10		
11	CA_41C	3CC-3	11			11		
12	CA_42C	3CC-3	12			12		
13	CA_41A-42A		13			13		
14	CA_2A-5A	3CC-1	14			14		
15			15			15		

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink seven carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 | BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)} |}{0.6} \end{bmatrix} 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Band 2/4/7/25/38/41/42/43/48/66 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

	Band
4X4 MIMO	LTE Band 2/4/7/25/38/41/42/43/48/66

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation
Intra-band	Antenna Tx
CA_7C	Ant0/1/2/3
CA_66C	Ant0/1/2/3
CA_38C	Ant0/1/2/3
CA_41C	Ant0/1/2/3
CA_42C	Ant0/1/2/3

<Intra-band>

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/66/38/41/42 with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA whit other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.



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<Inter-band uplink carrier aggregation consideration>

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation						
Inter-band	Main Antenna Tx	ASDiv-1 Tx	ASDiv-2 Tx	ASDiv-3 Tx			
CA_2A-4A	Ant3 + Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2			
CA_2A-66A	Ant3 + Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2			
CA_2A-7A	Ant3 + Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2			
CA_41A-42A	Ant3 + Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant2 + Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1			
CA_4A-5A	Ant3 + Ant0/Ant1	Ant1 + Ant0	Ant2 + Ant0/Ant1	Ant0 + Ant1			
CA_4A-7A	Ant3 + Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2			
CA_5A-66A	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	/			
CA_5A-7A	Ant0 + Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1 + Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	1			

- 1. The single carrier of inter band CA uplink power level is the same as Non-CA standalone LTE power level.
- The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with FCC RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.
- For LTE inter-band CA mode, Qualcomm Smart Transmit algorithm in WWAN adds directly the time-averaged RF exposure between two LTE bands. Smart Transmit algorithm controls the total RF exposure base on LTE inter CA bands to not exceed FCC limit. In Part 1 Report, simultaneous transmission compliance was evaluated with other Radios (WLAN or BT) using standalone LTE SAR mode.



5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)

- 1. 5G NR n2/n5/n7/n66/n38/n41/n77/n78 is NSA mode.
- 2. 5G NR n2/n5/n7/n26/n66/n38/n41/n77/n78 is SA mode.
- 3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-s QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-s QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.
 - b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
 - c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
 - d. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - e. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
 - f. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
- 4. This device supports HPUE for 5GNR n77/n78 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- For 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE, 5GNR n77/n78 PC2 Maximum Duty Cycle is 50%, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with 50% duty cycle is considered during SAR testing. For 5G NR other bands test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.
- 6. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
- 7. 5GNR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
- 8. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
- For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
- 10. 5G NR n41 supports UL MIMO.



Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

	and the second sec	MPR (dB)						
Modulation		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations				
	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5 ¹	≤ 1.2 ¹	≤ 0.2 ¹				
	PIZ BPSK	≤ 0.5 ²	≤ 0.5 ²	0 ²				
DFT-s-OFDM	QPSK	•	≤1					
DFT-S-OFDM	16 QAM		52 51					
	64 QAM	≤ 2.5						
	256 QAM	≤4.5						
	QPSK	≤3 ≤1.5						
CP-OFDM	16 QAM		≤2					
CP-OFDM	64 QAM		≤ 3.5	de autoritatione de la constante de				
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5						
NOTE 2: Applic BPSk	Boosting-pi2BPS Insmission for bail cable for UE open modulation and	K and if the IE powerBoostPi2 nds n40, n41, n77, n78 and n7 ating in FDD mode, or in TDD	PSK modulation and UE indicates BPSK is set to 1 and 40 % or less 9. The reference power of 0 dB M mode in bands other than n40, n4 s set to 0 and if more than 40 % or prov	s slots in radio frame are used for IPR is 26 dBm. I1, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2				

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum pow	er reduction (MPR	R) for power class 2
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Modulation		MPR (dB)					
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations			
Pi/2 BPSK		≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0			
DFT-s-	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 1	0			
OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤2	≤1			
OFDM	64 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤2	≤ 2.5			
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5					
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5			
CP-OFDM	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤2			
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5					
	256 QAM						



<EN-DC combination>

ENDC	Ma	ain Antenna Tx	А	SDiv-1 Tx	ASDiv-2 Tx		ASDiv-3 Tx	
	LTE TX	NR TX	LTE TX	NR TX	LTE TX	NR TX	LTE TX	NR TX
DC_26A_n41A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	/	1	/
DC_26A_n78A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	/	/	/	/
DC_2A_n38A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_2A_n41A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_2A_n66A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_2A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_2A_n7A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_38A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_41A_n77A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_41A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_4A_n38A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_4A_n41A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_4A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_4A_n7A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_5A_n38A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	/	/	/
DC_5A_n66A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	/	/	/
DC_5A_n78A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	/	/	/	/
DC_5A_n7A	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	/	/	/	/
DC_66A_n2A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_66A_n38A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_66A_n41A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_66A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1
DC_66A_n7A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_7A_n5A	Ant3	Ant0/Ant1	Ant1	Ant0	Ant2	Ant0/Ant1	Ant0	Ant1
DC_7A_n66A	Ant3	Ant1/Ant2/Ant0	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant0	Ant2	Ant3/Ant1/Ant0	Ant0	Ant3/Ant1/Ant2
DC_7A_n78A	Ant3	Ant2/Ant5/Ant1	Ant1	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5	Ant2	Ant3/Ant5/Ant1	Ant0	Ant3/Ant2/Ant5/Ant1

NR UL MIMO Bands Configuration:

NR UL MIMO	TX Ant	
FR1 n41	Ant3/1	



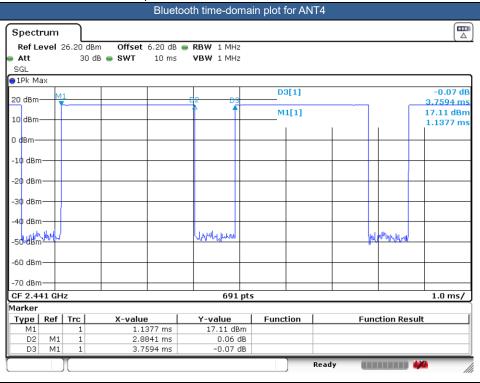
<WLAN Conducted Power>

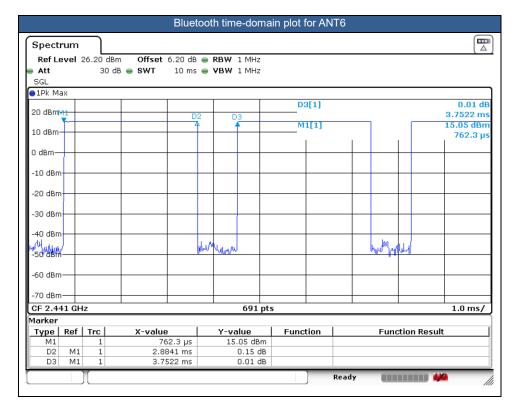
- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration. Additional output power measurements were not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 3. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configurations. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 4. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 5. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. 802.11ax full tone and partial tone supported for WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz, after verification for the partial tone power level is far less than full tone power level, so we chose full tone power to be measured in this report.
- 7. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle are 76.72% for ANT4, 76.86% for ANT6 as following figure, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation







15. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.



16. <u>SAR Test Results</u>

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with 83.3% theoretical duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle) *83.3%".
 - d. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - e. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - f. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
 - g. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 2, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - \cdot ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The device implements the power management, Hall sensor and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the Qualcomm smart transmit will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
- 5. For WLAN/BT when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
- 6. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 and 5GNR n77/n78 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- For 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE, 5GNR n77 PC2 Maximum Duty Cycle is 50%, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with 50% duty cycle is considered during SAR testing. For 5G NR other bands test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.
- 8. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, when the EUT is in flip open configuration with smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM850/190, WCDMA Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/17/25/26 /66/38/41/42/43/48, 5GNR n2/n7/n26/n38/n66/n41/n77/n78, WLAN2.4/5.2GHz /5.8GHz, therefore product specific



10g SAR is necessary.

- b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz/6GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
- c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
- 9. Although the headset SAR is greater than 0.8 W/kg, the headset SAR verified the worst of the non-headset SAR and less than non-headset SAR, so there is no need to be tested other channels.
- 10. Although the distance 1gSAR is greater than 0.8 W/kg at body-worn exposure conditions, the distance SAR verified the worst of the non-distance SAR and less than non-distance SAR, so there is no need to be tested other channels.
- 11. According to Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, when the reported 1gSAR for UL CA configuration is <1.2 W/kg, UL CA 1gSAR is not required for all required test channels (PCC based).
- 12. As long as either sensor was triggered, conducted power of MIMO mode for ant4 and ant5 could be reduced
- 13. The EUT has two work states, flip open and flip close, SAR testing have been evaluated two states. For head mode, only flip open mode is performed SAR testing. When it is in flip close configuration since the diagonal dimension is < 160 mm, 10-g extremity SAR tests are not required. When it is in flip open configuration since the diagonal dimension is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. Therefore, 10-g extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Additional SAR tests for 10-g extremity SAR were evaluated per KDB 616217 Section 6.
- 14. LTE B2/4/7/38/41/66 at ant0/1/2/3 and 5GNR n2/7/66/38/41 at ant0/1/2/3 support different PAs for some antennas. For LTE B2/38/41 at ant0/1/2/3, LTE B4/66 at ant2/3, LTE B7 at ant0, 5GNR n2/7/66/38/41 at ant3, the maximum power of Main PA is higher than and very close to the other PA, for RF exposure, after verification all PAs in a same position, so choose the worst-case main PA to perform full SAR tested to ensure the RF exposure is compliance and other PA verify the worst case. For LTE B4/66 at ant0/1, LTE B7 at ant1/2/3, 5GNR n2/7/66/38/41 at ant0/1/2, the maximum power of Main PA is less than and very close to the other PA, for RF exposure, after verification all PAs in a same position, so choose the worst-case other PA to perform full SAR tested to ensure the RF exposure is compliance and by the worst case.

GSM Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA , and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA .



LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE B2 / B4 /B5 / B17 / B38 / B42/ B48 SAR test was covered by B25 / B66 / B26 / B12 / B41 / B48; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

5G NR Note:

- 1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
 - b. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - c. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
 - d. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
 - f. For 5G FR1 n5 /n7/n12/n25/n26/n66/n71/n41 /n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



WLAN/Bluetooth Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 6. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.
- 7. For determination of the scaling factor for report SAR of MIMO mode, if the hot spots are separated the scaling factors are individually determined from each transmit chain. Further simplification chose the worse SAR value and the worst scaling factor from each transmit chain perform reported SAR calculation conservatively. If the hot spots are not spatially separated, the scaling factor is determined from the worst number of each transmit chain.

DSI status description:

The device has the following DSI state which used at different exposure condition.

This WWAN bands enabled with Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which located at chapter 5. The default power is Pmax power, When Plimit power higher than Pmax power, the output power will be limited at Pmax, and so the SAR will use Pmax power to do the testing.

Exposure Condition	DSI	EUT Flip State	Trigger conditions
Head SAR-Standalone	DSI 2	Flip Open	Earpiece On
Head SAR-Simultaneous	DSI 2	Flip Open	Earpiece On
Hotspot Mode SAR	DSI 9	Flip Open	Hotspot On
Hotspot Mode SAR	DSI 10	Flip Close	Hotspot On
Body worn Mode SAR-Standalone	DSI 3	Flip Open	Sensor On
Body worn Mode SAR- Simultaneous	DSI 3	Flip Open	Sensor On
Body worn Mode SAR-Standalone	DSI 5	Flip Close	Sensor On
Body worn Mode SAR-Simultaneous	DSI 5	Flip Close	Sensor On
Extremity (Handheld) SAR-Standalone	DSI 6	Flip Open	Sensor On
Extremity (Handheld) SAR-Simultaneous	DSI 6	Flip Open	Sensor On
Sensor off SAR	DSI 4	Flip Open/Flip Close	Sensor Off