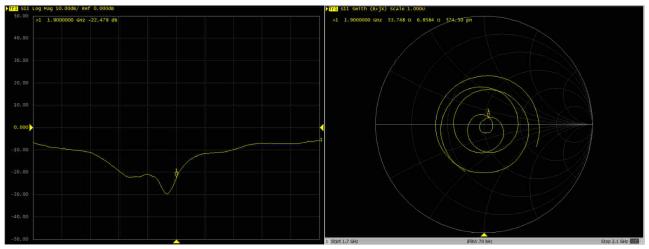


#### Dipole Verification Data> D1900V2, serial no. 5d182

#### 1900MHz – Head----2022.12.19



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Certificate No: D2300V2-1055\_Sep20

CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATI		
Object	D2300V2 - SN:1	055	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Source	s between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	September 15, 2	020	
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	D#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7405	29-Jun-20 (No. EX3-7405_Jun20)	Jun-21
AE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20
econdary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
ower meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
F generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
etwork Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Neber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	M. Meber
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: September 17, 20

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna . connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the . nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2300 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.5	1.67 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.8 ± 6 %	1.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	47.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.75 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.2 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

1.168 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still No processing forces and the standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

Manufacture d h	
Manufactured by	SPEAG
	SFEAG

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 15.09.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 2300 MHz; Type: D2300V2; Serial: D2300V2 - SN:1055

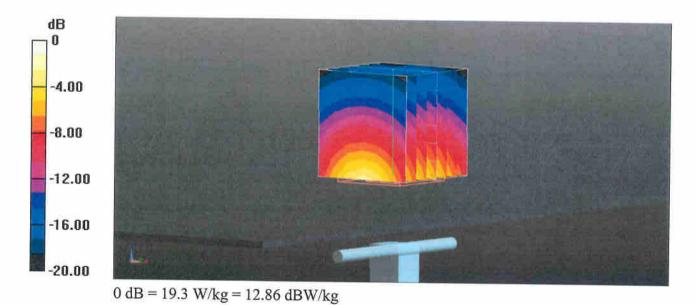
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2300 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2300 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.68$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

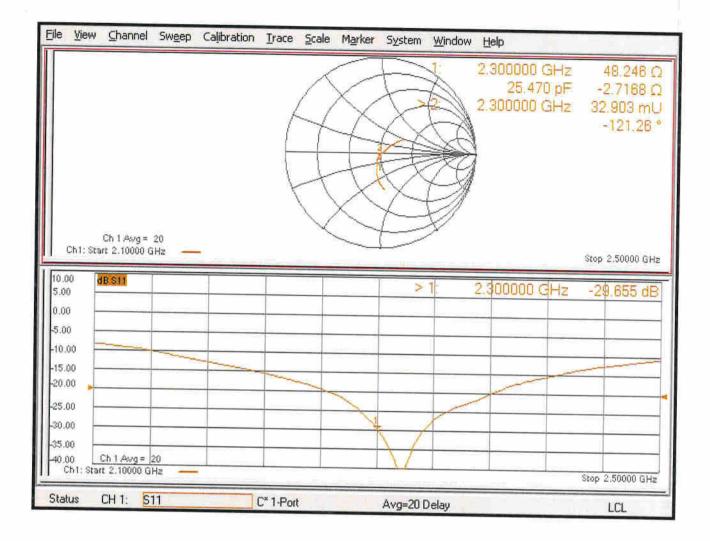
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7405; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03) @ 2300 MHz; Calibrated: 29.06.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1003
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.2 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





# D2300V2, Serial No. 1055 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

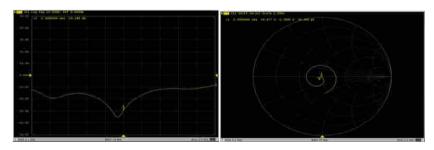
D2300V2 – serial no. 1055						
	2300 Head					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.9.15	-29.66		48.25		-2.72	
2021.9.14	-29.19	0.02	48.88	-0.63	-1.28	-1.44
2022.9.14	-28.02	-5.53	46.91	1.34	-2.95	0.23

#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

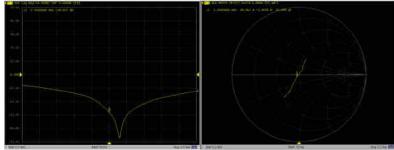
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

# Dipole Verification Data> D2300V2, serial no. 1055

#### 2300MHz - Head - 2021.9.14



2300MHz – Head – 2022.9.14



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#### Sporton Client

Certificate No:	D2450V2-1	1040 I	May20
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# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

	D045010 01140	10		
Object	D2450V2 - SN:1040			
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 0.7-3 GHz	
Calibration date:	May 06, 2020			
775.1			the of managements (CI)	
		onal standards, which realize the physical up		
The measurements and the uncerta	armes with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages a	id are part of the certificate.	
All calibrations have been conducted	ed in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°	C and humidity < 70%.	
			s	
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	E critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21	
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19)	Dec-20	
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Dec-20	
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20	
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20	
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20	
The result is independent of the result of t	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20	
RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20	
Network Analyzer Aglient LoosoA	311. 0341000477	or-war-r-+ (in house check Occ-rs)	In nouse check. Out-20	
	Name	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	A. Kitun	
			J. Kufun	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	flag	
			6 11 4 12 20220	
This calibration contificate abolt act	he reproduced execution	full without written approved of the laborator	Issued: May 6, 2020	
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	y.	

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

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# Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole . positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. . No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.6 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω + 4.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.3 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

EAG
SP

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 06.05.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:1040

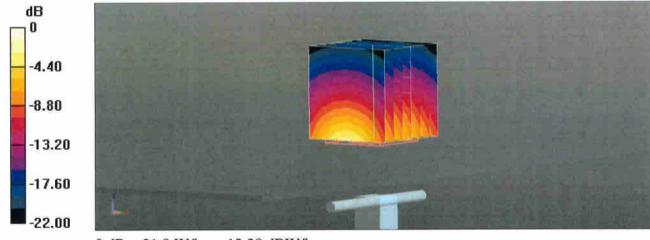
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.86 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

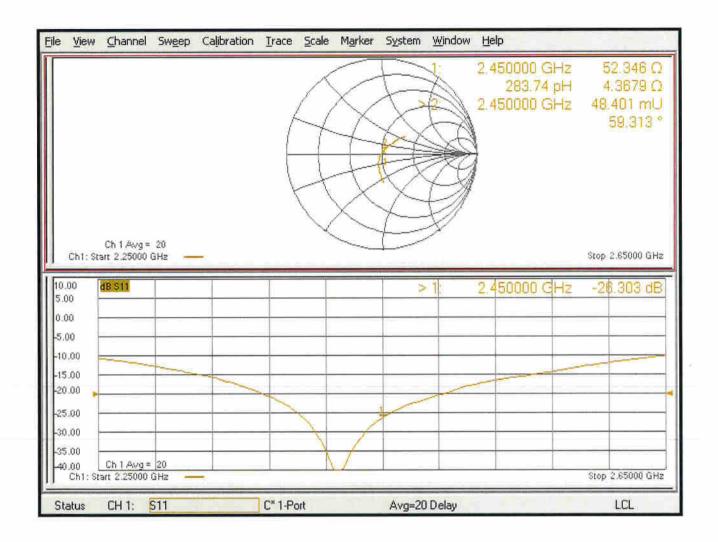
#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 116.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.3% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



0 dB = 21.8 W/kg = 13.38 dBW/kg

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# Appendix: Transfer Calibration at Four Validation Locations on SAM Head<sup>1</sup>

#### Evaluation Condition

Filantom For usage with control v2 the	Phantom	SAM Head Phantom	For usage with cSAR3DV2-R/L
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## SAR result with SAM Head (Top $\cong$ C0)

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.2 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	

## SAR result with SAM Head (Mouth $\cong$ F90)

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.3 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	

#### SAR result with SAM Head (Neck $\cong$ H0)

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.1 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	

## SAR result with SAM Head (Ear $\cong$ D90)

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	34.0 W/kg ± 17.5 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	17.4 W/kg ± 16.9 % (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Additional assessments outside the current scope of SCS 0108



# D2450V2, Serial No. 1040 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

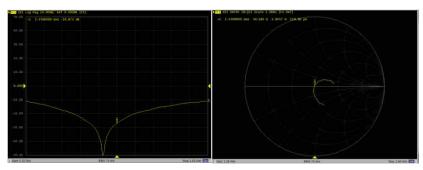
D2450V2 – serial no. 1040						
2450 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.5.6	-26.303		52.346		4.3679	
2021.5.5	-26.875	2.17	50.180	2.17	1.8457	2.52
2022.5.5	-25.544	-2.89	49.537	2.81	2.1823	2.19

#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

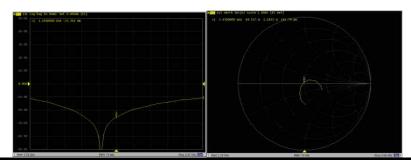
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

### Dipole Verification Data> D2450V2, serial no. 1040

#### 2450MHz - Head - 2021.5.5



#### 2450MHz – Head – 2022.5.5



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Certificate No: D2600V2-1061\_Nov20

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2600V2 - SN:10	061	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	dure for SAR Validation Sources	between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	November 26, 20	20	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages ar ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310962 / 06327 SN: 7405 SN: 601	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100) 01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106) 31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104) 29-Jun-20 (No. EX3-7405_Jun20) 02-Nov-20 (No. DAE4-601_Nov20)	Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Apr-21 Jun-21 Nov-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477 Name	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20) Function	In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-22 In house check: Oct-21 Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	YE
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Alles
This calibration continents shall not	his removed and except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: November 26, 2020

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

# Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.6 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	Store	

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.37 W/kg	

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.6 Ω - 2.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.149 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by SPEAG
-----------------------

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.11.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1061

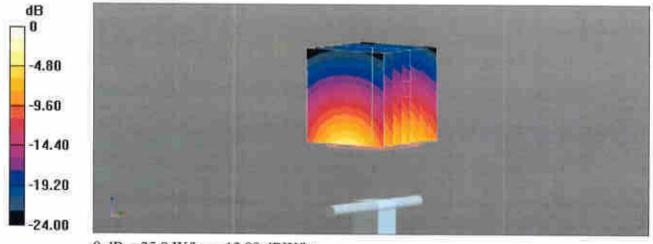
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.03$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7405; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 29.06.2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.11.2020
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

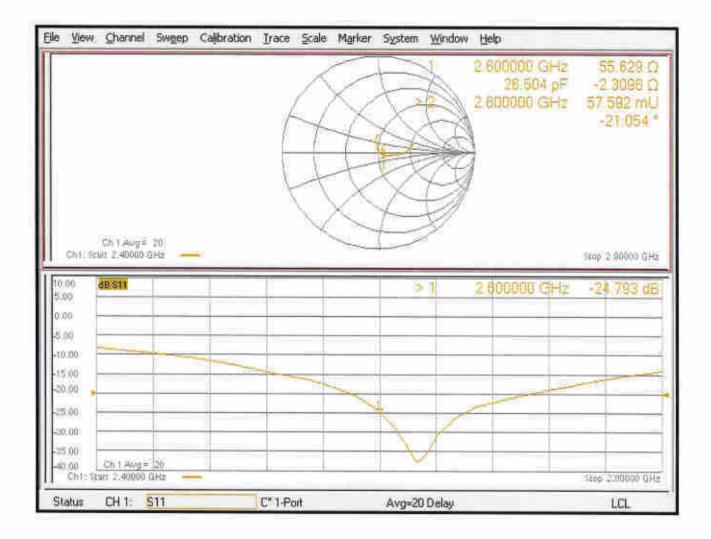
# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 119.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.37 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 47% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.0 W/kg



0 dB = 25.0 W/kg = 13.98 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





# D2600V2, Serial No. 1061 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

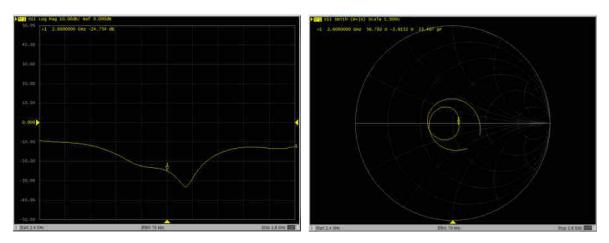
D2600V2 – serial no. 1061						
2600 Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2020.11.26	-24.79		55.63		-2.31	
2021.11.25	-24.75	0.00	56.70	-1.07	-2.62	0.31
2022.11.25	-23.54	5.31	56.98	-1.35	-1.80	-0.51

#### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

#### Dipole Verification Data> D2600V2, serial no. 1061

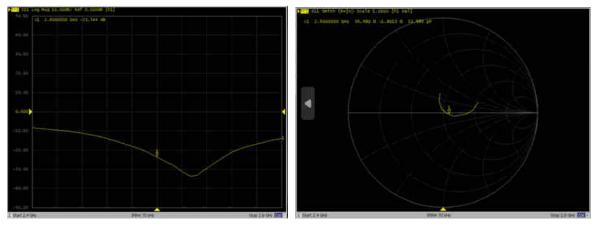
#### 2600MHz - Head-2021.11.25





#### Dipole Verification Data> D2600V2, serial no. 1061

2600MHz – Head-2022.11.25



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#### Client Sporton

Certificate No:	D5GHZV2-	1113_Sep22
		100

S

С

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	1113	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v6 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Source	s between 3-10 GHz
Calibration date:	September 23, 2	022	
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525)	Apr-23
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03528)	Apr-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	08-Mar-22 (No. EX3-3503_Mar22)	Mar-23
DAE4	SN: 601	31-Aug-22 (No. DAE4-601_Aug22)	Aug-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
ower sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41093315	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	0 0 100
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	Sel My
This calibration certificate shall not t	be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory.	Issued: September 26, 2022

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

# Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY System Handbook

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.60 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		(111)

# SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

# Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	5.11 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
4	Horman Log to TV	00.0 W/kg 1 10.0 /0 (k=
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	

	- 31300 TMT 5774	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 6.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2 Ω - 2.4 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB		

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1 Ω - 1.1 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 27.8 dB		

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.194 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 23.09.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.6 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.95 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.11 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 34.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

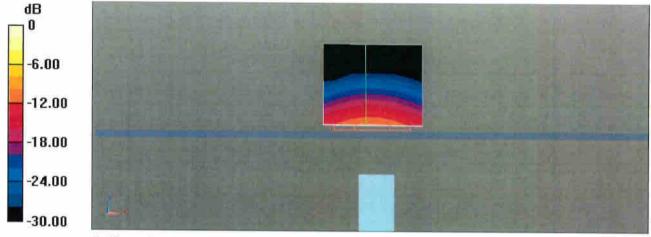
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 08.03.2022
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 31.08.2022
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.30 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

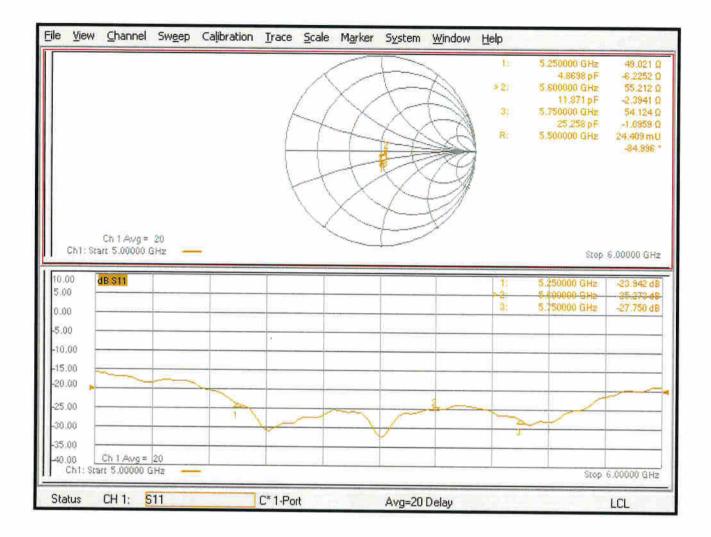
# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 72.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.87 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



	den Certificate N	o: Z22-60138		
Dbject	DAE4 - SN: 1305	112231-57		
alibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-002-01	Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics		
alibration date:	April 27, 2022			
neasurements(SI). The i	ate documents the traceability to national standards, which measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probab e certificate.			
neasurements(SI). The r ages and are part of the Il calibrations have be umidity<70%.	measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probab e certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environm	pility are given on the fol		
neasurements(SI). The r ages and are part of the all calibrations have be umidity<70%.	measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probab e certificate.	pility are given on the fol		
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neasurements(SI). The r ages and are part of the unidity<70%. alibration Equipment us	measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probab e certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environm sed (M&TE critical for calibration)	nent temperature(22±3)°		
neasurements(SI). The r ages and are part of the II calibrations have be umidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us	measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probable certificate. een conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environm sed (M&TE critical for calibration) ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	bility are given on the fol ment temperature(22±3)° Scheduled Calibration		

Issued: May 03, 2022

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 Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.





Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

Calibration Factors	х	Y	z
High Range	$403.836 \pm 0.15\%$ (k=2)	$404.000 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$404.320 \pm 0.15\% \; (\text{k=2})$
Low Range	$3.98123 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	$3.99042 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	3.99606 ± 0.7% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	97°±1°	
	-	

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Client Sporton Certificate No: EX3-7630\_Mar22

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7630
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	March 4, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	Apr-22
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+-le
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	5.6
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in ful	I without written approval of the laborate	Issued: March 7, 2022 ory.

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#### Glossary: tissue simulating liquid TSL NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z DCP diode compression point CF crest factor (1/duty cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters Polarization $\phi$ o rotation around probe axis Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center). i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices -Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip
   (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.62	0.61	0.57	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	109.0	108.6	109.7	

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	167.0	± 3.0 %	±4.7 %
	1.5	Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	Dictore a	154.1		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.6		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.00	62.00	7.00	10.00	60.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	<ul> <li>Manufactor Science (Acception, ed.)</li> </ul>	Y	1.85	62.30	7.49		60.0		
		Z	1.63	61.04	6.43		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	22.00	74.00	9.00	6.99	80.0	± 2.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.85	60.00	5.36		80.0		
		Z	0.85	60.00	4.86		80.0		
10354- Pul AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.12	139.14	0.26	3.98	95.0	± 2.8 %	± 9.6 %
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y	70.00	78.00	9.00		95.0		
		Z	0.46	60.00	3.73		95.0	1	
10355- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	5.02	159.78	17.30	2.22	120.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.13	139.18	1.90		120.0		- 08070070 - 1550
		Z	11.13	91.07	0.84		120.0	1	
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.52	64.90	13.64	1.00	150.0	± 3.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	0.53	63.96	12.28		150.0		
		Z	0.68	66.53	13.85		150.0	1	
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.36	67.34	14.54	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	±9.6%
AAA		Y	1.32	66.07	13.92	0262260	150.0	1	-3-35.851 1/23
		Z	1.47	67.29	14.75		150.0	1	
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.69	64.89	16.35	3.01	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	1.84	66.00	16.48		150.0		
		Z	1.83	66.06	16.60		150.0	1	
10399- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.78	66.69	15.33	0.00	150.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.79	66.34	15.06	0.902.9203	150.0	100043320 - SAR	-2-20000 - 5050
		Z	2.91	66.86	15.40		150.0	1	
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	3.82	66.84	15.62	0.00	150.0	± 3.5 %	±9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.93	66.67	15.54	0.23822389	150.0	- 1 - 250 200 W /AGA	
		Z	3.91	66.35	15.47		150.0	1	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

#### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
х	8.2	58.14	32.65	2.18	0.00	4.90	0.41	0.00	1.00
Y	9.7	69.01	32.52	5.36	0.00	4.96	0.78	0.00	1.00
Z	10.3	72.83	32.35	4.72	0.00	4.90	0.65	0.00	1.00

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-75
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.46	0.95	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.05	10.05	10.05	0.45	0.91	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.97	8.97	8.97	0.29	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.29	0.86	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.31	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.27	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	7.33	7.33	7.33	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.15	5.15	5.15	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<b>Calibration Paramete</b>	Determined	in Head	I Tissue	<b>Simulating Media</b>	
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<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

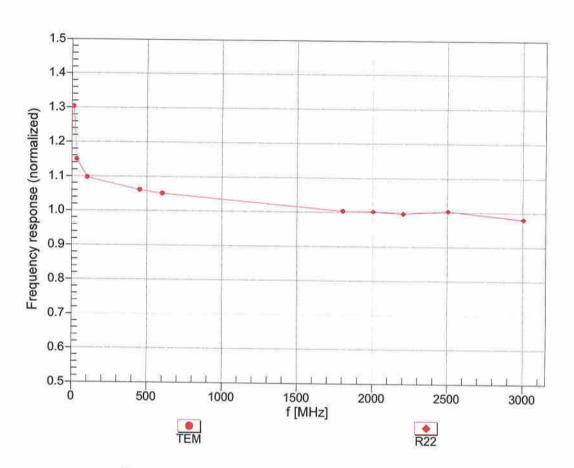
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.65	5.65	5.65	0.20	2.50	± 18.6 %

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 6GHz is ± 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

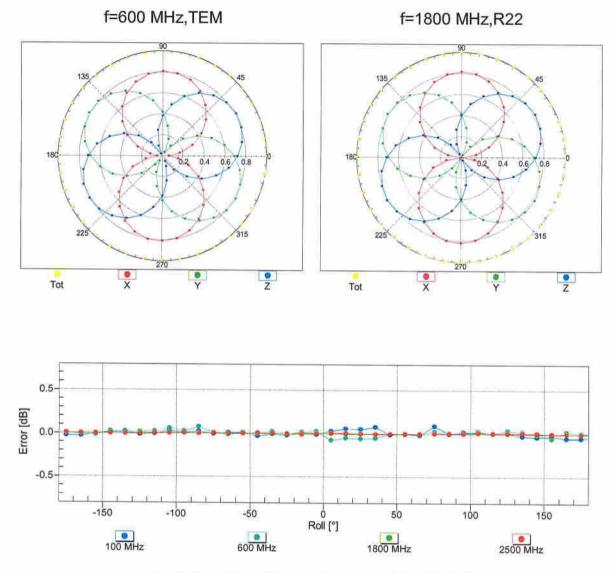
<sup>F</sup> At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

<sup>a</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below  $\pm$  2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below  $\pm$  4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



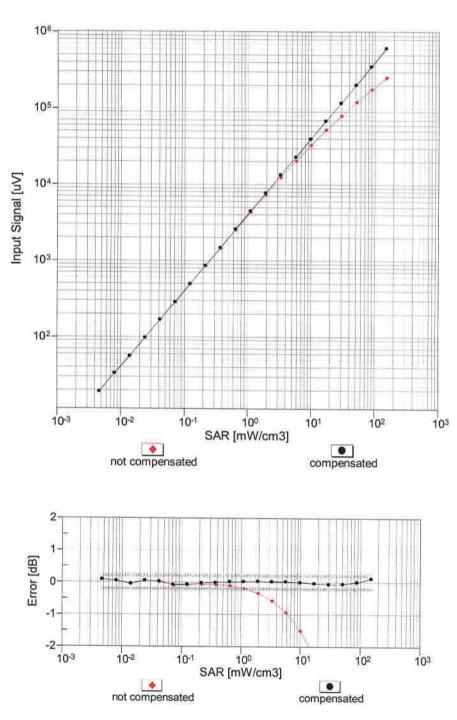
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



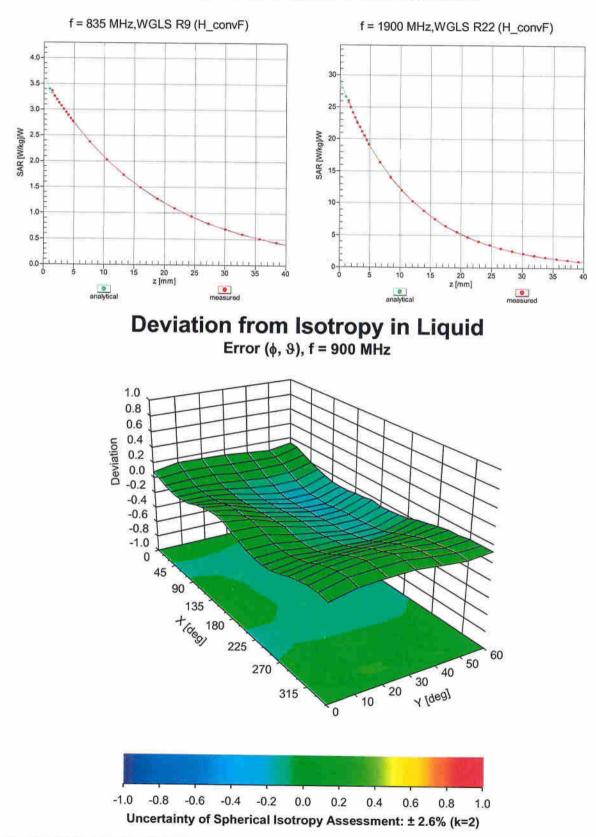
# 

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , feval= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



# **Conversion Factor Assessment**