FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone

BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2335-2

FCC ID : IHDT56AJ7

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Si Zhang

ilac-MRA



Report No.: FA292106-01

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 1 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	7
4.1 General Information	7
4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	
4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	. 12
5. Smart Transmit feature for RF Exposure compliance	
6. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test	
7. RF Exposure Limits	
7.1 Oncontrolled Environment	
8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	10
8.1 Introduction	
8.2 SAR Definition	
9. System Description and Setup	
9.1 E-Field Probe	
9.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
9.3 Phantom	
9.4 Device Holder	
10. Measurement Procedures	
10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
10.2 Power Reference Measurement	. 25
10.3 Area Scan.	
10.4 Zoom Scan	. 26
10.5 Volume Scan Procedures	
10.6 Power Drift Monitoring	. 26
11. Test Equipment List	
12. System Verification	
12.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	
12.2 Tissue Verification	. 28
12.3 System Performance Check Results	
13. RF Exposure Positions	. 32
13.1 Ear and handset reference point	
13.2 Definition of the cheek position	
13.3 Definition of the tilt position	
13.4 Body Worn Accessory	
13.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure	. 36
13.6 Wireless Router	. 36
14. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	. 37
15. Antenna Location	
16.1 Head SAR	
16.2 Hotspot SAR	
16.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
16.4 Product specific 10g SAR	
16.5 Repeated SAR Measurement	
16.6 TDD LTE Linearity Data Analysis	75
17. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	. 76
17.1 5G NR + LTE + WLAN + BT Sim-Tx analysis	
17.2 Head Exposure Conditions	
17.3 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	
17.4 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	
17.5 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions	
17.6 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis	
18. Uncertainty Assessment	
19. References	. 91
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	
Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table	

Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA292106-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Nov. 23, 2022

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 3 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone**, **XT2335-2**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary											
Equipment Class		quency and	Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission					
				1g SAR (W/kg)		1g SAR (W/kg)					
	GSM	GSM850	0.42	1.24	1.24						
	GSW	GSM1900	0.14	1.23	1.25						
	WCDMA	WCDMA II	0.19	1.24	1.26						
	WCDMA	WCDMA V	0.39	1.26	1.26						
	LTE	LTE Band 2	0.22	1.25	1.24						
Licensed		LTE Band 7	1.23	1.24	1.24	1.59					
Licenseu		LTE Band 26/5	0.64	1.24	1.24	1.59					
		LTE Band 41/38	1.24	0.97	1.26						
		LTE Band 42	1.27	0.99	1.24						
		FR1 n5	0.49	1.14	1.14						
	5G NR	FR1 n7	0.54	1.26	1.26						
		FR1 n77/n78	1.04	0.99	1.24						
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.37	0.58	1.16	1.57					
NII	WLAIN	5GHz WLAN	1.19	0.52	1.19	1.59					
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.13	0.12	0.12	1.59					

		Highest 1	0g SAR Summary			
Equipment Class		Frequency Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) Band (Separation 0mm)				
	GSM	GSM850	1.75			
	GSIVI	GSM1900	2.74			
	WCDMA	WCDMA II	2.76			
	WCDIVIA	WCDMA V	2.72			
		LTE Band 2	2.76			
Licensed		LTE Band 7	2.74	3.97		
	LTE	LTE Band 26/5	2.74			
		LTE Band 41/38	2.74			
		LTE Band 42	2.75			
	FO ND	FR1 n7	2.72			
	5G NR	FR1 n77/n78	2.76			
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.21	3.97		
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.67	3.55		
	Date of Testin	g:	2022/10/7 ~ 2022/11/12			

Remark:

- This device supports LTE B5 / B38 and B26 / B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26 / B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26 / B41.
- This device supports 5GNR n78 and n77. Since the supported frequency span for 5GNR n78 falls completely within the supports frequency span for n77, both 5GNR bands have the same target power, and both 5GNR bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for n77.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 4 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version.: 200414



Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 5 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory									
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc.	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)							
Test Site Location	Jiangsu Province 215300 TEL: +86-512-57900158	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958							
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.						
	SAR07-KS	SAR07-KS CN1257							

Applicant					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

Manufacturer					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 6 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2335-2
FCC ID	IHDT56AJ7
MEI Code	Sample 1: IMEI 1 : 351401230012994 IMEI 2 : 351401230013000 Sample 2: IMEI 1: 354237210013736 IMEI 2: 354237210013744
	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 3550 MHz GO NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz SG NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 3500 MHz SG NR n7: 3700 MHz ~ 2570 MHz SG NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	NFC: 13.56 MHz GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	TTP33.24
GSM / (E)GPRS	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously
Fransfer mode	but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Report No.: FA292106-01

Page: 7 of 91

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

- This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 5. This device has NFC operations, the NFC antenna is integrated into the device for this model, therefore, all SAR test were performed with the device which already incorporates the NFC antenna. A diagram showing the location of the antenna can be found in the operational description. According to FCC KDB publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are consider to be operating simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmission during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

Report No. : FA292106-01

- For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
- There are two samples. The different between them refer to the XT2335-2 Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibit separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2 to verify the worst case of sample 1.
- 8. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the Qualcomm smart transmit will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at
- For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head and Handheld. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
- 10. For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 11. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- 12. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 13. 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
- 14. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.
- 15. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
- 16. 5GNR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
- 17. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
- 18. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
- 19. The device has two batteries. For battery 1/2 only suppliers are different, so we only choose battery 1 to perform full SAR testing.
- There are two headsets, only supplier different, so we chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing only.
- 21. This device supports 5GNR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.

<5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
NSA	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
NOA	n77	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
SA	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Page: 8 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 9412	25 D05 v02	2r05		
FCC ID	IHDT56AJ7							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat18							
CA Support	Supported, Uplink and Downlink							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3 Modulation QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM 64 QAM 64 QAM 256 QAM	Cha 1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5 ≤ 5 > 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4 ≤ 4 > 4	idth / Tra 5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	nsmission 10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12 > 12 ≥ 12 ≥ 12 ≥ 12	bandwidth 15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 ≤ 16 > 16 > 16	(NRB) 20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	MPR (dB) ≤ 1 ≤ 1 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 3 ≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base st disable A-MPR frames (Maximi	during SA um TTI)	AR testing	and the	LTE SAR	tests was	transmitti	ng on all TTI
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly co measurement; not included in	therefore, s the SAR re	pectrum pl port.	ots for e	ach RB all	ocation and	l offset cor	figuration are
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when oper -worn /hotspot/ocompliance, the	extremity w	ill trigger re	educed p	ower for s			
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and referred to sect	ion 14.	•					
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	component car evaluated per F	This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for intra-band with two omponent carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducted powers were valuated per FCC Guidance. This device supports maximum of 4 carriers in the downlink and 2 carriers in the uplink.						

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 9 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band																
	LTE Band 2																
	Bandwidth	1.4	MHz E	Bandwid ⁻	th 3 MH	z Bar	ndwic	dth 5 MHz	Bandwidth	10 I	MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 M	Hz	Band	width 20	MHz
	Ch. #		eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Freq (MHz		ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		eq. Hz)	Ch. #	Fred (MH		Ch.		req. /IHz)
L	18607	185	50.7	18615	1851.	.5 186	325	1852.5	18650	18	355	18675	1857	7.5	1870	00 18	860
М	18900	18	80	18900	1880	189	900	1880	18900	18	380	18900	188	0	1890	00 18	088
Н	19193	190	9.3	19185	1908.	.5 19°	175	1907.5	19150	19	905	19125	1902	2.5	1910	00 1	900
								LTE Ba	nd 5								
	Band	dwidtl	h 1.4 M⊦	łz		Bandwid	th 3 I	MHz	Bar	ndwid	lth 5 MH	Z		Band	lwidth	10 MHz	
	Ch. #		Freq.	(MHz)	CI	h. #	Fr	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq.	(MHz)	C	Ch. #		Freq. (N	ИHz)
L	20407		824	4.7	20	415		825.5	20425		82	26.5	20450			829	
М	20525		836	6.5	20)525 836.5		836.5	20525		836.5		20525			836.5	
Н	20643		848	8.3	20	0635		847.5	20625	0625		846.5		20600		844	
								LTE Ba	nd 7								
	Ban	idwid	th 5 MHz	Z		Bandwidt	h 10	MHz	Bandwidth 15 MHz					Band	lwidth	20 MHz	
	Ch. #		Freq.	(MHz)	CI	h. #	Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Freq.		eq. (MHz)		Ch. #		Freq. (N	ИHz)
L	20775		250	2.5	20	800		2505	20825		25	07.5	20850			2510)
М	21100		25	35	21	100		2535	21100		2	535	21100			2535	5
Н	21425		256	7.5	21	400		2565	21375 2562.5		62.5	2	1350		2560)	
								LTE Baı	nd 26								
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bai			andwid	th 3 MHz		Bandwic	lth 5 MHz		Bandw	idth 10 M	Hz	Ва	andwid	th 15 M	Hz	
	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	С	h. #	Freq. (M	Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MH	z)	Ch. #	Freq.	(MHz)	С	h. #	Freq. ((MHz)
L	26697		814.7	26	705	815.5	5	26715	816.5		26740	8	19	26765		821	1.5
М	26865		831.5	26	865	831.5	5	26865	831.5		26865	83	1.5	26	3865	831	1.5
Н	27033		848.3	27	'025	847.5	5	27015	846.5		26990	84	14	26965		841	1.5

				LTE Bar	nd 38						
	Bandwid	lth 5 MHz	Bandwid	th 10 MHz	Bandwid	th 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580			
М	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595			
Н	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610			
LTE Band 41											
	Bandwid	lth 5 MHz	Bandwid	th 10 MHz	Bandwidt	th 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506			
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5			
М	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593			
НМ	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5			
Н	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680			
				LTE Bar	nd 42						
	Bandwid	lth 5 MHz	Bandwid	th 10 MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460			
М	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500			
Н	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540			

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 10 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

<For LTE Overlap Bands Description>

1) LTE Bands BW

Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE Band 38			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 41			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

2) LTE Bands tune up:

Band	'	Head DSI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Head DSI 2		Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	Extremely DSI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off DSI4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 5	Ant 0	24	24	23.4	23.4	23.5	24	24
LTE Band 26	Ant 0	24	24	23.4	23.4	23.5	24	24
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	20.3	18.8	18.9	17.4	22.5	24	24
LTE Band 41 PC3	Ant 1	20.3	18.8	18.9	17.4	22.5	24	24
LTE Band 41 PC2	Ant 1	21.9	20.4	20.5	19	24.1	27	27

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 11 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

5G NR Information								
	5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz							
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G	5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz							
NR transmission band	5G NR n77: 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz							
	5G NR n78: 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	The detail please refers to section 4.1 5GNR FR1 bands table.							
SCS	FDD: SCS15KHz, TDD: SCS30KHz							
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM							
•	CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM							
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR	Voc							
Testing?	165							
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7							
LTE Anchor Bands for n77	LTE B41							
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B5/7/38/41							

	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each 5G NR band														
	NR Band 5														
	Bandwidth 5MHz Bandwidth 10MHz Bandwidth 15MHz Bandwidth 20MHz														
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)							
L	165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834							
M	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5							
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839							

	NR Band 7														
	Band		Band		Band		Bandwidth		Bandwidth		Bandwidth		Bandwidth		
	5M	Hz 10MHz		1Hz	15MHz		20N	1Hz	25N	ИHz	30N	1Hz	40N	1Hz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	
N	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	
H	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	

	NR Band 77																	
	20MHz 30MHz 40MH			Bandwidth Bandwidth 40MHz 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandv 100M				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
N	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
H	664666	3970.02	664332	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02	663332	3950.01	663000	3945	662666	3940.02	662332	3935.01	662000	3930

	NR Band 78																	
		lwidth		width	Band			Bandwidth Bandwi			idth Bandwidth		Bandwidth		Bandwidth		Bandwidth	
	201	20MHz 30MHz 40MHz		1Hz	50MHz		601	ИHz	70MHz		108	ИHz	901	ЛHz	100MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
M	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
Н	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02	651334	3770.01	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650334	3755.01		

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 12 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version.: 200414

<For NR Overlap Bands Description>

1) NR Bands BW

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
NSA	N77	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
NOA	N78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

2) NR Bands Tune up:

Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Head DSI 2 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	DSI 3 Sensor on	Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	Extremely DSI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off DSI4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 2	17.8	16.8	17.4	16.4	20.10	23	24
5G NR n78	Ant 2	17.8	16.8	17.4	16.4	20.10	23	24
5G NR n77 PC2	Ant 2	17.8	16.8	17.4	16.4	20.10	23	27
5G NR n78 PC2	Ant 2	17.8	16.8	17.4	16.4	20.10	23	27

Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Head DSI 2 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	DSI 3 Sensor on	Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	Extremely DSI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off DSI4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 3	21.5	21.5	14	13	17	17	21.5
5G NR n78	Ant 3	21.5	21.5	14	13	17	17	21.5
5G NR n77 PC2	Ant 3	24.5	24.5	14	13	17	17	24.5
5G NR n78 PC2	Ant 3	22.5	22.5	14	13	17	17	22.5

Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Head DSI 2		Hotspot	DSI 6 Handheld Tune-up	Sensor Off DSI4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
5G NR n78	Ant 5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
5G NR n77 PC2	Ant 5	22.5	22.5	22.3	22.3	22.5	22.5	22.5
5G NR n78 PC2	Ant 5	21	21	21	21	21	21	21

Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Receiver on Tune-up Limit	Head DSI 2 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	DSI 3 Sensor on	Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous Tune-up Limit	Extremely DSI 6 Handheld Tune-up Limit	Sensor Off DSI4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 7	21	21	18.9	17.9	21	21	21
5G NR n78	Ant 7	21	21	18.9	17.9	21	21	21
5G NR n77 PC2	Ant 7	24	24	18.9	17.9	21.5	21.5	24
5G NR n78 PC2	Ant 7	24	24	18.9	17.9	21.5	21.5	24

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 13 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

5. Smart Transmit feature for RF Exposure compliance

The RF exposure limit is defined based on time-averaged RF exposure. The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency \leq 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.

This report describes the procedures for the SAR char generation, and the parameters obtained from SAR characterization (referred to as SAR char, respectively) will be used as input for Smart Transmit. SAR char will be entered via the Embedded File System (EFS) to enable the Smart Transmit Feature.

<Terminologies in this report>

P _{limit}	The time-averaged RF power which corresponds to SAR_design_target.
P _{max}	Maximum target power level
SAR_design_target:	The design target for SAR compliance. It should be less than regulatory SAR limit to account for all device design related uncertainty.
SAR char	P _{limit} for all the technologies/bands for all applicable DSI

<SAR Characterization>

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for Smart Transmit to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz.

<SAR design target and uncertainty>

Item	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Total uncertainty	1.5

To account for total uncertainty, SAR_design_target should be determined as:

$$SAR_design_target < SAR_{regulatory_limit} \times 10 \frac{-total\ uncertainty}{10}$$

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7



FCC SAR Test Report

The Smart Transmit algorithm maintains the time-averaged transmit power, in turn, time-averaged RF exposure of SAR design target, below the predefined time-averaged power limit, for each characterized technology and band.

Report No.: FA292106-01

Page: 15 of 91

Smart Transmit allows the device to transmit at higher power instantaneously, as high as Pmax, when needed, but enforces power limiting to maintain time-averaged transmit power to Plimit. Below table shows Plimit EFS settings and maximum tune up output power Pmax configured for this EUT for various transmit conditions (Device State Index DSI).

<Plimit for supported technologies and bands (Plimit in EFS file)>

<u>-1 111111</u>	tioi sup				ius (Filmit III	<u> </u>	<u>r</u>	
Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Standalone	Head DSI 2 Simultaneous	DSI 3	Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous	Extremity DSI6	Sensor Off DSI4	Pmax
GSM850	Ant 0	29.7	29.7	23.2	23.2	26.9	25.0	25.0
GSM1900	Ant 0	32.0	32.0	18.6	16.5	20.7	22.5	22.5
WCDMA II	Ant 0	31.1	31.1	17.2	15.4	20.6	23.0	23.0
WCDMA V	Ant 0	28.1	28.1	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 2	Ant 0	30.5	30.5	17.0	15.0	20.3	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 5	Ant 0	28.8	28.8	22.4	22.4	22.5	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 5	Ant 1	24.9	23.9	26.2	25.1	22.0	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 5	26.1	26.1	18.0	18.0	19.4	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 1	17.3	16.3	18.3	14.1	21.7	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 26	Ant 0	28.8	28.8	22.4	22.4	22.5	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	17.3	15.8	15.9	14.4	19.5	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 1	17.3	15.8	15.9	14.4	19.5	22.4	21.0
LTE Band 41 HPUE	Ant 1	17.3	15.8	15.9	14.4	19.5	22.4	22.4
LTE Band 42	Ant 2	15.2	14.2	16.6	15.3	19.0	21.0	21.0
5G NR n5	Ant 0	31.5	31.5	23.4	23.4	23.0	23.0	23.0
5G NR n5	Ant 1	27.0	26.0	28.0	27.8	23.0	23.0	23.0
5G NR n7	Ant 5	26.6	26.6	18.8	18.8	19.5	23.0	23.0
5G NR n77	Ant 2	16.8	15.8	16.4	15.4	19.1	22.0	23.0
5G NR n77 HPUE	Ant 2	16.8	15.8	16.4	15.4	19.1	22.0	26.0
5G NR n77	Ant 3	30.9	29.9	13.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	20.5
5G NR n77 HPUE	Ant 3	30.9	29.9	13.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	23.5
5G NR n77	Ant 5	27.6	27.6	21.3	21.3	23.9	21.5	18.5
5G NR n77 HPUE	Ant 5	27.6	27.6	21.3	21.3	23.9	21.5	21.5
5G NR n77	Ant 7	31.3	30.3	17.9	16.9	20.5	20.5	20.0
5G NR n77 HPUE	Ant 7	31.3	30.3	17.9	16.9	20.5	20.5	23.0
5G NR n78	Ant 2	16.8	15.8	16.4	15.4	19.1	22.0	23.0
5G NR n78 HPUE	Ant 2	16.8	15.8	16.4	15.4	19.1	22.0	26.0
5G NR n78	Ant 3	30.9	29.9	13.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	20.5
5G NR n78 HPUE	Ant 3	30.9	29.9	13.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	21.5
5G NR n78	Ant 5	27.6	27.6	21.3	21.3	23.9	21.5	18.5
5G NR n78 HPUE	Ant 5	27.6	27.6	21.3	21.3	23.9	21.5	20.0
5G NR n78	Ant 7	31.3	30.3	17.9	16.9	20.5	20.5	20.0
5G NR n78 HPUE	Ant 7	31.3	30.3	17.9	16.9	20.5	20.5	23.0

Note:

- 1) *P_{max} is used for RF tune up procedure. The maximum allowed output power is equal to Pmax + 1.0 dB device uncertainty.
- 2) All Plimit power levels entered in the Table correspond to average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (for e.g., GSM & LTE TDD& NR TDD).
- 3) The max allowed output power is the Plimit + 1.0 dB device uncertainty, and if Plimit is higher than Pmax, the device output power will be Pmax instead.
- 4) For LTE Band 7 at Ant1 test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
- 5) LTE Band 7 at Ant 1 was limited to EN-DC combination only.
- 6) 5G NR n77/n78 ant 3, ant 5 and ant 7 support SRS (Sounding Reference Signal) functionality.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

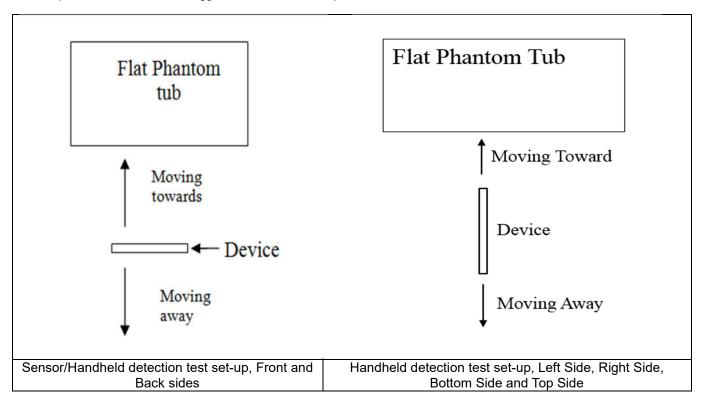
TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

6. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

- Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
- 2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
- 3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 16 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

<P-Sensor>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)							
Position	Fro	ont	Back				
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away			
Minimum	16	17	18	18			

< Handheld for ANT0>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Fro	ont	Ва	ck	Right	Side	Bottor	n Side
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	15	19	20	26	12	16	18	26

< Handheld for ANT1>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Fro	ont	Ва	ick	Left	Side	Тор	Side
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	11	7	14	16	7	11	11	16

< Handheld for ANT2>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)							
Position	Ba	ıck	Top Side				
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away			
Minimum	6	10	8	10			

< Handheld for ANT5>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Fro	ont	Ва	ick	Left :	Side	Bottor	n Side
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	10	6	16	11	6	7	12	9

<h style="background-color: blue;"><Handheld for ANT8></h

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Front		Back		Right Side		Top Side	
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	8	6	14	10	8	7	16	11

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 17 of 91 Issued Date : Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

7. RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA292106-01

Page: 18 of 91

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7 Form version. : 200414

8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA292106-01

Page: 19 of 91

8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

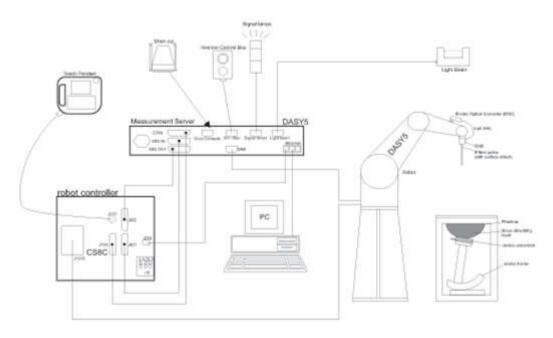
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

9. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win10 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 20 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

9.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



Report No.: FA292106-01

9.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 21 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version.: 200414

9.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

- Torum Twint Thantoni		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	, No.
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 22 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version.: 200414

9.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Mounting Device for Hand-Held **Transmitters**

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 23 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency

Report No.: FA292106-01

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan (b)
- Zoom scan (c)
- Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

10.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA292106-01

10.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz			
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°			
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$			
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.				

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Page: 25 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

10.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z$	z _{Zoom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

10.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 26 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

11. Test Equipment List

Manufacturan	Name of Favrious and	Turn o /Bill o shot	Carriel Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2022/8/19	2023/8/18
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	2021/12/20	2022/12/19
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1040	2020/5/6	2023/5/4
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/25
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2020/5/14	2023/5/12
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1341	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1305	2022/4/27	2023/4/26
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1649	2022/3/30	2023/3/29
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2022/3/4	2023/3/3
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7706	2022/1/20	2023/1/19
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2024	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2074	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104587	2022/5/24	2023/5/23
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100641	2022/1/5	2023/1/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/10/14	2022/10/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2022/10/12	2023/10/11
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	200505600	2022/7/12	2023/7/11
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1

Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 27 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

12. System Verification

12.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.





Report No.: FA292106-01

Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

12.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity			
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)			
	For Head										
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 28 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414



<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

			ii ai ii e tei C							
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.934	41.163	0.90	41.50	3.78	-0.81	±5	2022/10/7
1900	Head	22.7	1.422	38.963	1.40	40.00	1.57	-2.59	±5	2022/10/9
2450	Head	22.9	1.809	38.523	1.80	39.20	0.50	-1.73	±5	2022/10/11
2600	Head	22.8	1.926	38.230	1.96	39.00	-1.73	-1.97	±5	2022/10/13
3500	Head	22.6	2.834	39.051	2.91	37.90	-2.61	3.04	±5	2022/10/15
3700	Head	22.9	3.024	38.72	3.12	37.70	-3.08	2.71	±5	2022/10/18
3900	Head	22.7	3.228	38.420	3.32	37.50	-2.77	2.45	±5	2022/11/9
5250	Head	22.7	4.566	35.977	4.71	35.90	-3.06	0.21	±5	2022/10/19
5600	Head	22.9	4.965	35.441	5.07	35.50	-2.07	-0.17	±5	2022/10/21
5750	Head	22.8	5.130	35.252	5.22	35.40	-1.72	-0.42	±5	2022/10/23
835	Head	22.8	0.929	40.902	0.90	41.50	3.22	-1.44	±5	2022/10/22
1900	Head	22.6	1.459	40.000	1.40	40.00	4.21	0.00	±5	2022/10/24
2450	Head	22.9	1.872	40.807	1.80	39.20	4.00	4.10	±5	2022/10/26
2600	Head	22.7	1.980	40.595	1.96	39.00	1.02	4.09	±5	2022/10/28
3500	Head	22.9	2.835	39.048	2.91	37.90	-2.58	3.03	±5	2022/10/30
3700	Head	22.6	2.993	38.301	3.12	37.70	-4.07	1.59	±5	2022/11/2
3900	Head	22.9	3.229	38.414	3.32	37.50	-2.74	2.44	±5	2022/11/10
5250	Head	22.8	4.575	36.286	4.71	35.90	-2.87	1.08	±5	2022/11/3
5600	Head	22.6	4.952	35.732	5.07	35.50	-2.33	0.65	±5	2022/11/5
5750	Head	22.9	5.134	35.562	5.22	35.40	-1.65	0.46	±5	2022/11/6
2600	Head	22.6	2.026	40.214	1.96	39.00	3.37	3.11	±5	2022/11/12

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 29 of 91 Issued Date : Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

12.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/10/7	835	Head	50	4d091	7630	1305	0.496	9.45	9.92	4.97
2022/10/9	1900	Head	50	5d182	7630	1305	2.010	39.60	40.2	1.52
2022/10/11	2450	Head	50	1040	7630	1305	2.550	51.80	51	-1.54
2022/10/13	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	2.650	56.60	53	-6.36
2022/10/15	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	1305	3.260	68.00	65.2	-4.12
2022/10/18	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	1305	3.290	67.60	65.8	-2.66
2022/11/9	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1649	3.510	70.20	70.2	0.00
2022/10/19	5250	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.880	80.70	77.6	-3.84
2022/10/21	5600	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.910	84.50	78.2	-7.46
2022/10/23	5750	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.950	80.60	79	-1.99
2022/10/22	835	Head	50	4d091	7630	1305	0.484	9.45	9.68	2.43
2022/10/24	1900	Head	50	5d182	7630	1305	2.080	39.60	41.6	5.05
2022/10/26	2450	Head	50	1040	7630	1305	2.590	51.80	51.8	0.00
2022/10/28	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	2.630	56.60	52.6	-7.07
2022/10/30	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	1305	3.210	68.00	64.2	-5.59
2022/11/2	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	1305	3.240	67.60	64.8	-4.14
2022/11/10	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1649	3.350	70.20	67	-4.56
2022/11/3	5250	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.910	80.70	78.2	-3.10
2022/11/5	5600	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.900	84.50	78	-7.69
2022/11/6	5750	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	3.850	80.60	77	-4.47
2022/11/12	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	2.640	56.60	52.8	-6.71

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/10/7	835	Head	50	4d091	7630	1305	0.328	6.22	6.56	5.47
2022/10/9	1900	Head	50	5d182	7630	1305	1.050	20.20	21	3.96
2022/10/11	2450	Head	50	1040	7630	1305	1.260	24.00	25.2	5.00
2022/10/13	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	1.160	25.10	23.2	-7.57
2022/10/15	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	1305	1.250	25.40	25	-1.57
2022/10/18	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	1305	1.180	24.40	23.6	-3.28
2022/11/9	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1649	1.250	24.40	25	2.46
2022/10/19	5250	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.230	23.10	24.6	6.49
2022/10/21	5600	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.270	24.00	25.4	5.83
2022/10/23	5750	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.220	22.70	24.4	7.49
2022/10/22	835	Head	50	4d091	7630	1305	0.320	6.22	6.4	2.89
2022/10/24	1900	Head	50	5d182	7630	1305	1.090	20.20	21.8	7.92
2022/10/26	2450	Head	50	1040	7630	1305	1.220	24.00	24.4	1.67
2022/10/28	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	1.200	25.10	24	-4.38
2022/10/30	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	1305	1.170	25.40	23.4	-7.87
2022/11/2	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	1305	1.240	24.40	24.8	1.64
2022/11/10	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1649	1.230	24.40	24.6	0.82
2022/11/3	5250	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.110	23.10	22.2	-3.90
2022/11/5	5600	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.180	24.00	23.6	-1.67
2022/11/6	5750	Head	50	1341	7630	1305	1.150	22.70	23	1.32
2022/11/12	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	1305	1.200	25.10	24	-4.38

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 30 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414



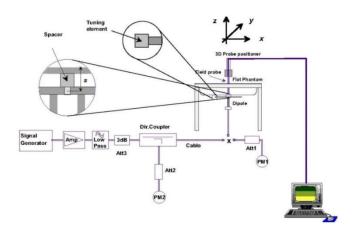






Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 31 of 91 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version.: 200414



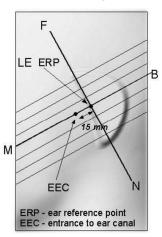
13. RF Exposure Positions

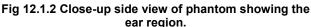
13.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom





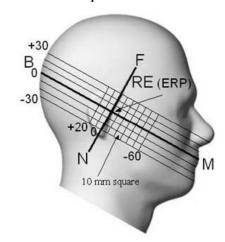


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 32 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

13.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

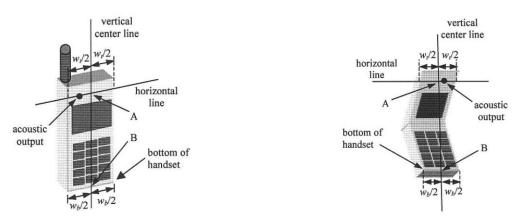


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

Report No.: FA292106-01



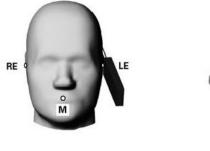
Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Page: 33 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

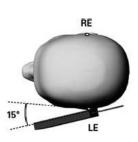
FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

13.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







Report No.: FA292106-01

Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 34 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

13.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

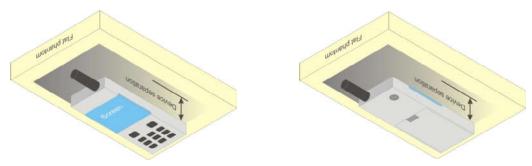


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 35 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version: 200414

13.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

Report No.: FA292106-01

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

13.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Page: 36 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

14. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

Report No.: FA292106-01

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
 procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
 secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
 mode.

< WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page: 37 of 91

 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022

 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7
 Form version.: 200414



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Report No.: FA292106-01

Sub-test	βc	βd	β _d (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{Iss} = 30/15 * β _c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β hs = 30/15 * β c, and \triangle CQI = 24/15

with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c . CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-

DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d

= 15/15.

Note 3:

Setup Configuration

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page: 38 of 91

 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022

 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7
 Form version: 200414

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA292106-01

- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
 vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β _d (SF)	β⊲/β⊲	Внs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-		5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hx} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_d/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 4:
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA292106-01

- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
- c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TT	Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	ion Bit Payload (N _{INF})	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	- 1
Modulat	ion		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed. constellation version 0 shall be	smit with ident le. sion is limited t The redundar	ical o 1, i.e.,

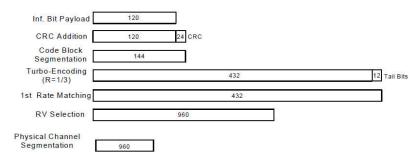


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

Report No.: FA292106-01

- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Chxi. Set HS-SCCH Configs Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	βec	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	(dB) (Note 2)	(dB) (Note 2)	Index (Note 4)	(Note 5)	(boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1 Note 2 Note 3 Note 4 Note 5	CM = DPD βed C All th	= 3.5 a CH is an no ie sub CH ca	and the Mi not config t be set di tests requategory 7.	PR is bas jured, the rectly; it is uire the U E-DCH T	with $\beta_{ls} = 30/15$ ed on the relative refore the β_c is so set by Absolute E to transmit 2S TI is set to 2ms allocated. The U	e CM difference set to 1 and β _d = e Grant Value. F2+2SF4 16QA TTI and E-DCH	0 by defau M EDCH a table inde	and they a	apply for t	nese E-Do	

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and 2. tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) Page: 41 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7 Form version.: 200414

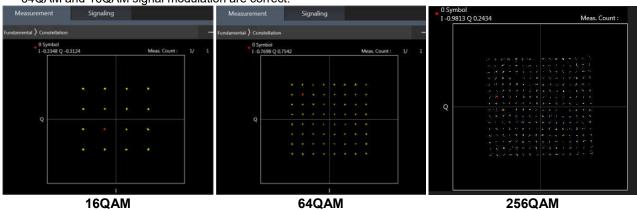
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

Report No.: FA292106-01

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B5 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger
- 10. According to May 2017 TCB workshop, for 16QAM and 64QAM, 256QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 256QAM, 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

Page: 42 of 91 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7 Form version. : 200414

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

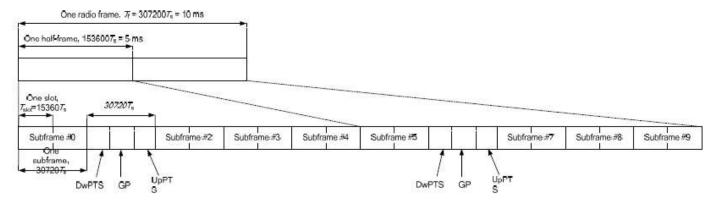


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	Il cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Exte	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink				
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS				
STRACK		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink			
0	6592 · T _s	32 0		7680 · T _s					
1	19760 · T _s		2560 · T _s	20480 · T _s	2192·T _s	2560 · T _s			
2	21952 · T _s	2192 · T _s		23040 · T _s		2300-15			
3	24144 · T _s			25600 · T _s					
4	26336·T _s			7680 · T _s					
5	6592 · T _s			20480 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5400 T			
6	19760 · T _s			23040 · T _s	4384·1 _s	5120 · T _s			
7	21952 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s	12800 · T _s					
8	24144 · T _s			(5)	5	5 B			
9	13168 · T _s			(=3	=	=			

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

Page: 43 of 91
Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022
Form version.: 200414

Report No.: FA292106-01

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)							
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink				
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%				
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%				

Report No.: FA292106-01

Page: 44 of 91

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)							
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink				
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%				
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%				

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For LTE TDD Power class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.167)/5 = 43.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.143)/5 = 42.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

For LTE TDD Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration		
	> 23	1,2,3,4,5		
LTE Band 41	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6		
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6		

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7 Form version. : 200414



<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.

Report No. : FA292106-01

Page: 45 of 91

- In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only 2. the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
- 3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.

2C	2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			3CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			4CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			
Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset		
1	CA_5A-7A		1	CA_41D	4CC#3	1	CA_41C-41C			
2	CA_7B		2	CA_41A-41C	4CC#4	2	CA_41E			
3	CA_7C		3	CA_41A-41A-41A		3	CA_41A-41D			
4	CA_7A-7A		4	CA_41C-42A		4	CA_41A-41A-41C			
5	CA_38C		5	CA_41A-42C		5	CA_41C-42C			
6	CA_41C	3CC#4	6	CA_42D		6				
7	CA_41A-41A	3CC#3	7			7				
8	CA_41A-42A		8			8				
9	CA_42C	3CC#5	9			9				

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958

Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022 Form version. : 200414 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.

Report No.: FA292106-01

- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink four carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\left[\frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 \left| BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)} \right|}{0.6} \right] 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Band 7/38/41/42 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency hand

077.1111.0	Band
4X4 MIMO	LTE Band 7/38/41/42

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation
Combination	Ant No.
CA_7C	ANT5
CA_41C	ANT1
CA_42C	ANT2

Report No.: FA292106-01

<Intra-band>

General Note:

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/41/42 with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA whit other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page: 47 of 91

 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022

 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7
 Form version.: 200414



5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

- 1. 5G NR n5 / n7 / n77 / n78 is NSA mode.
- 2. 5G NR n5 / n7 / n78 is SA mode.
- 3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-s QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-s QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.

Report No.: FA292106-01

- b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
- c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
- d. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
- e. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
- f. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
- g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
- 4. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 5. 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
- 6. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.
- 7. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
- 8. 5GNR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
- 9. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
- 10. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.

 Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
 Page: 48 of 91

 TEL: 86-512-57900158 / FAX: 86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Nov. 23, 2022

 FCC ID: IHDT56AJ7
 Form version.: 200414