

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2239-9, XT2239-17
FCC ID : IHDT56AG4
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Si Zhang



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People's Republic of China



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA252413	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Jul. 15, 2022



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Phone, XT2239-9, XT2239-17**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.37	1.00	1.00	1.53
		GSM1900	0.20	1.35	1.23	
	WCDMA	Band II	0.38	1.32	1.25	
		Band IV	0.14	1.22	1.02	
		Band V	0.43	1.03	1.03	
	LTE	Band 2	0.21	1.43	1.16	
		Band 7	<0.10	1.33	1.20	
		Band 13	0.13	0.33	0.33	
		Band 26/Band 5	0.29	1.00	1.00	
		Band 38	<0.10	1.15	1.00	
		Band 66/Band 4	<0.10	1.29	1.12	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.09	0.81	0.81	1.52
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.18	1.19	1.19	1.53
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.13	<0.10	<0.10	1.52

Highest 10g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
License	GSM	GSM1900	2.12	2.86
		WCDMA	Band II	
	Band IV		1.64	
	LTE		Band 2	
		Band 7	1.14	
		Band 38	0.87	
		Band 66/Band 4	2.42	
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.60	2.86

Date of Testing: 2022/6/22 ~ 2022/7/1

Remark: This device supports both LTE B4/B5 and B66/B26. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4/B5 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66/B26, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66/B26.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR07-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2239-9, XT2239-17
FCC ID	IHDT56AG4
IMEI Code	Sample 1: 354540700005835 Sample 2: IMEI 1: 350161630009278 IMEI 2: 350161630048276
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA/HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	SOV 32.51
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. The device implements the power management and receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and receiver detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E. 	



6. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The difference that is only SIM Slots, all the other are same. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that single SIM was the worst, so we chose single SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
7. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active).
8. There are four samples. The difference between them could be referred to the XT2239-9, XT2239-17_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the difference, we choose sample 1 for full testing and sample 2 for worst case verification. For sample 3/4, the differences do not affect the test, so sample 3/4 are not tested.
9. The device has two headsets. Only suppliers are different. So we chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing only.
10. The device has two batteries. For battery 1/2 only suppliers are different, so we only choose battery 1 to perform full SAR testing.
11. The different model name is for different market purpose.



4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56AG4																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R11, Cat5																																																														
CA Support	Not Supported																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in receiver/hotspot detect mechanism, head/ body-worn/hotspot/ extremity will trigger reduced power for some WWAN bands applied to satisfy SAR compliance, the detail please referred to section 12.																																																														



Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844	20600	844
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20850	2510	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21350	2560	21350	2560
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782		23230		782	
M	23230		782		23230		782		23230		782	
H	23255		784.5		23230		782		23230		782	
LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26740	819	26765	821.5
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26990	844	26965	841.5
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580	37850	2580	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610	38150	2610	38150	2610
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

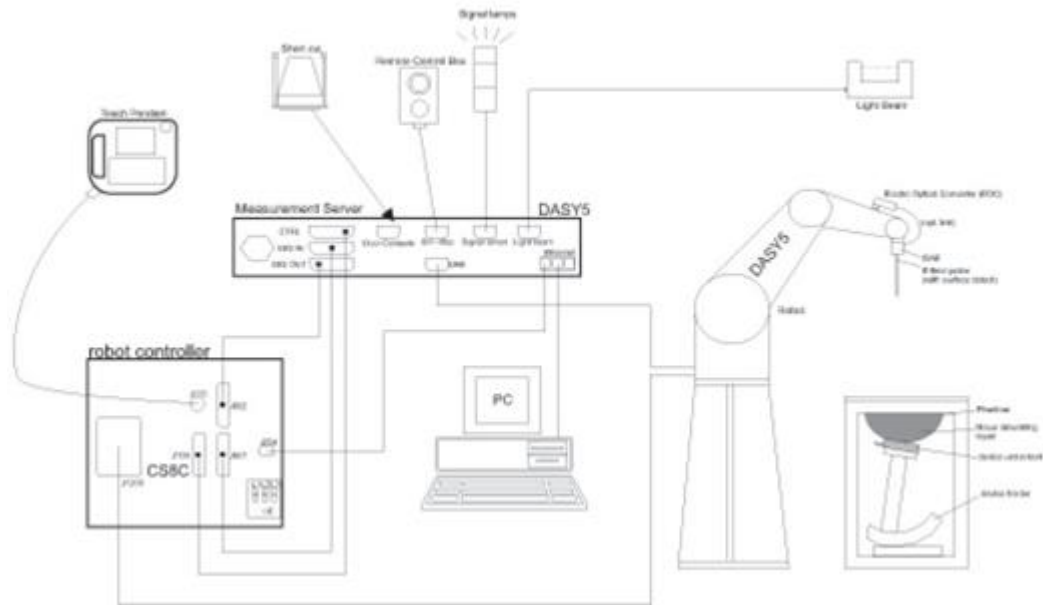
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

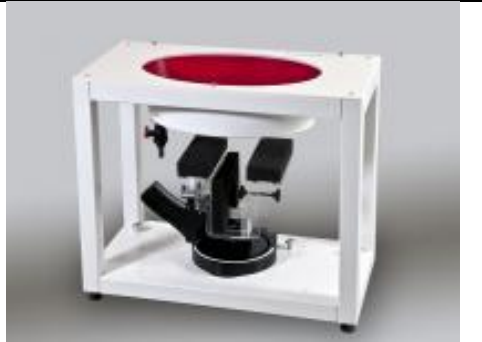
7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</p>				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2022/2/24	2023/2/23
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	2021/12/17	2022/12/16
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2022/2/24	2023/2/23
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	2021/12/20	2022/12/19
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	2020/9/2	2023/9/1
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/22
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2021/9/21	2022/9/20
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2022/3/4	2023/3/3
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2024	NCR	NCR
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306173	2021/7/15	2022/7/14
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100641	2022/1/5	2023/1/4
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/10/14	2022/10/13
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/10/23	2022/10/22
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

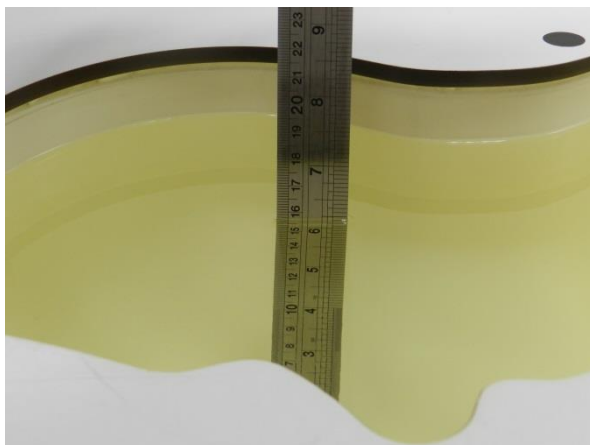


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Head	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.9	0.910	40.810	0.89	41.90	2.25	-2.60	±5	2022/6/22
835	Head	22.7	0.933	41.829	0.93	41.83	0.32	0.00	±5	2022/6/23
1750	Head	22.9	1.351	40.380	1.37	40.10	-1.39	0.70	±5	2022/6/23
1900	Head	22.8	1.459	40.000	1.40	40.00	4.21	0.00	±5	2022/6/24
2450	Head	22.8	1.856	39.104	1.80	39.20	3.11	-0.24	±5	2022/6/24
2600	Head	22.7	1.981	39.069	1.96	39.00	1.07	0.18	±5	2022/6/25
5250	Head	22.8	4.695	36.420	4.71	35.90	-0.32	1.45	±5	2022/6/26
5600	Head	22.7	5.038	35.810	5.07	35.50	-0.63	0.87	±5	2022/6/26
5750	Head	22.9	5.280	35.498	5.22	35.40	1.15	0.28	±5	2022/6/27
750	Head	22.8	0.907	42.764	0.89	41.90	1.91	2.06	±5	2022/6/27
835	Head	22.6	0.935	42.541	0.90	41.50	3.89	2.51	±5	2022/6/28
1750	Head	22.7	1.360	40.939	1.37	40.10	-0.73	2.09	±5	2022/6/28
1900	Head	22.8	1.454	40.686	1.40	40.00	3.86	1.72	±5	2022/6/29
2450	Head	22.9	1.766	39.369	1.80	39.20	-1.89	0.43	±5	2022/6/29
2600	Head	22.6	1.879	39.167	1.96	39.00	-4.13	0.43	±5	2022/6/30
5250	Head	22.8	4.641	36.197	4.71	35.90	-1.46	0.83	±5	2022/6/30
5600	Head	22.7	4.985	35.584	5.07	35.50	-1.68	0.24	±5	2022/7/1
5750	Head	22.9	5.219	35.277	5.22	35.40	-0.02	-0.35	±5	2022/7/1



10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Head, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 1g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). Rows include dates from 2022/6/22 to 2022/7/1.

<10g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Head, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 10g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). Rows include dates from 2022/6/22 to 2022/7/1.

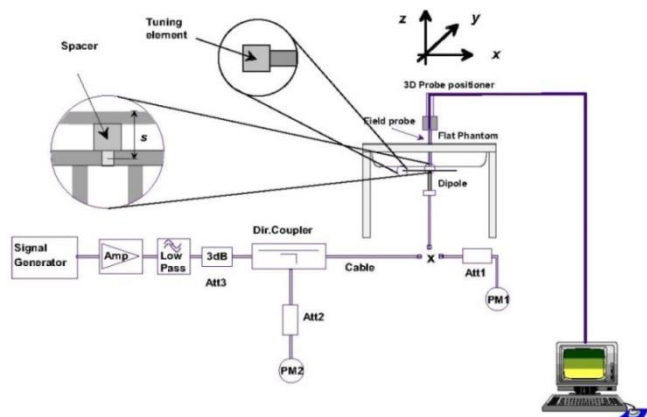


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

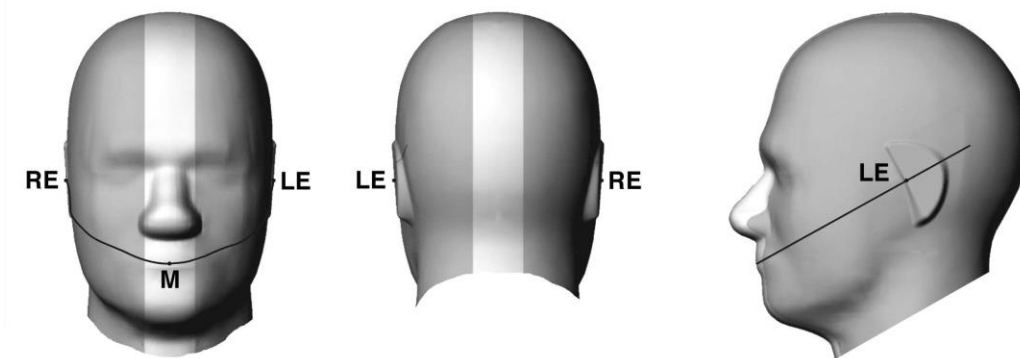


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

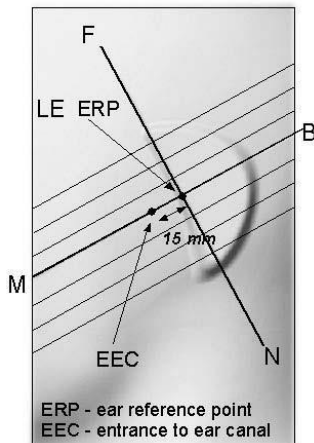


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

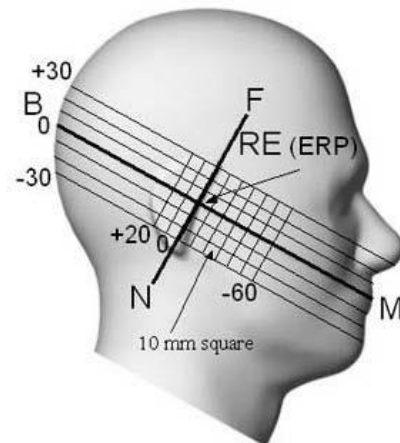


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

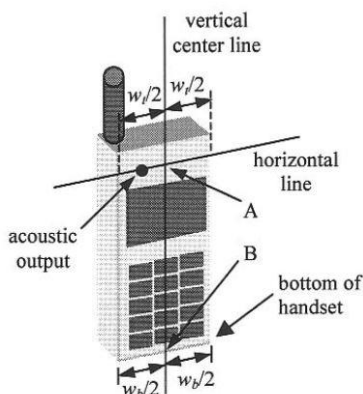


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

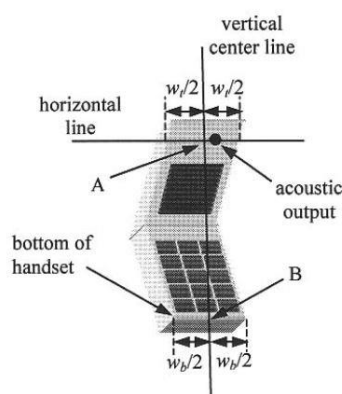


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

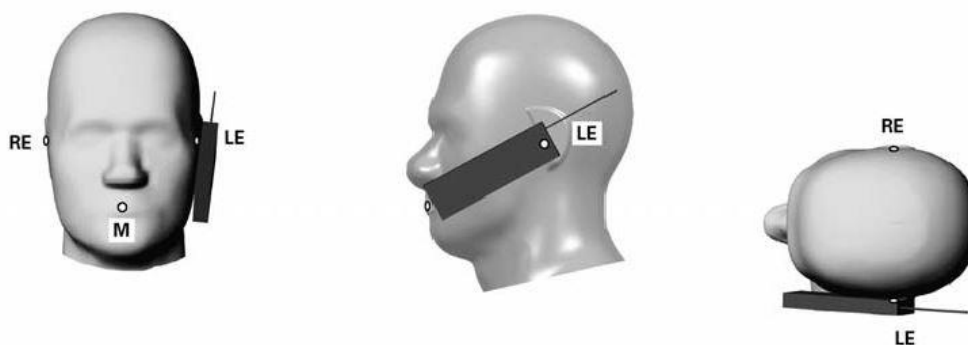


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

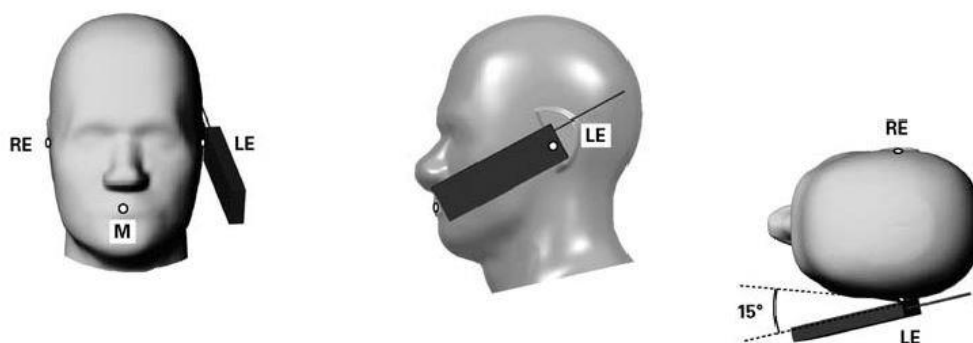


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

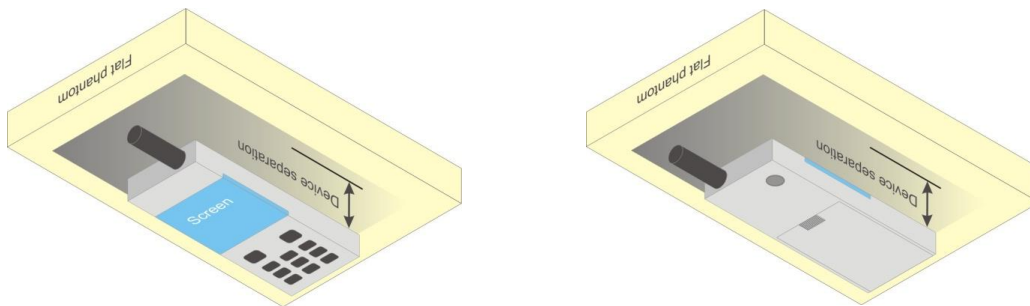


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position



11.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_o/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_o/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

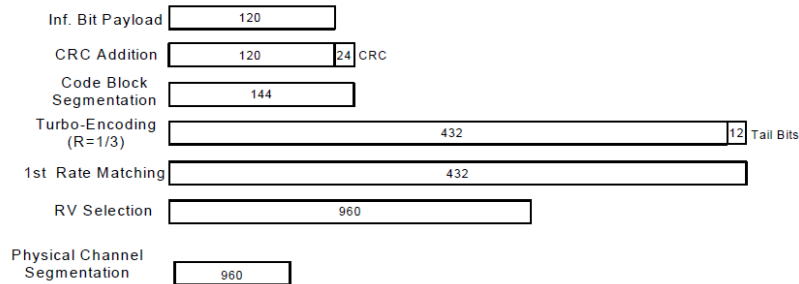


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E
 - iii. Set Channel Parmes
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
 - vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
 - vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
 - viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
 - ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
 - x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
 - xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
 - xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
 - xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
 - xiv. Set Serving Grant
 - xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 30/15 β_{ed2} : 30/15	β_{ed3} : 24/15 β_{ed4} : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{fs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

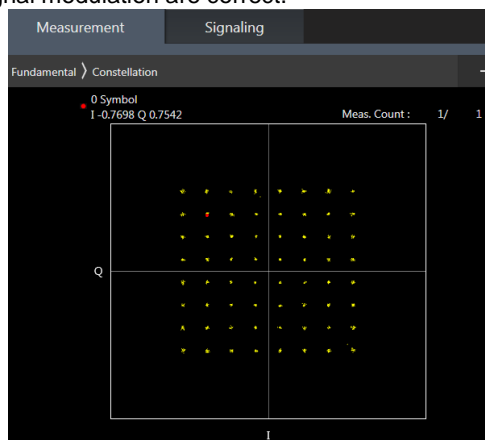
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ , and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

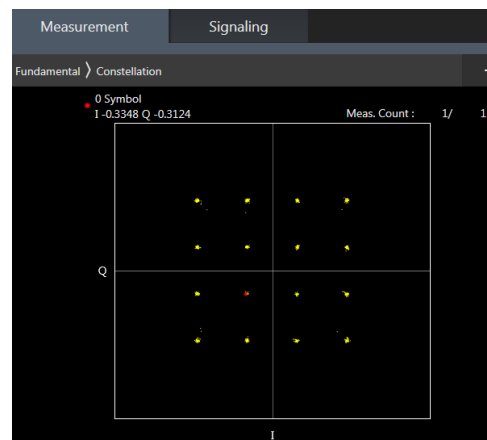
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4/B5/B26/B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B4/B5 SAR test was covered by B66/B26; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

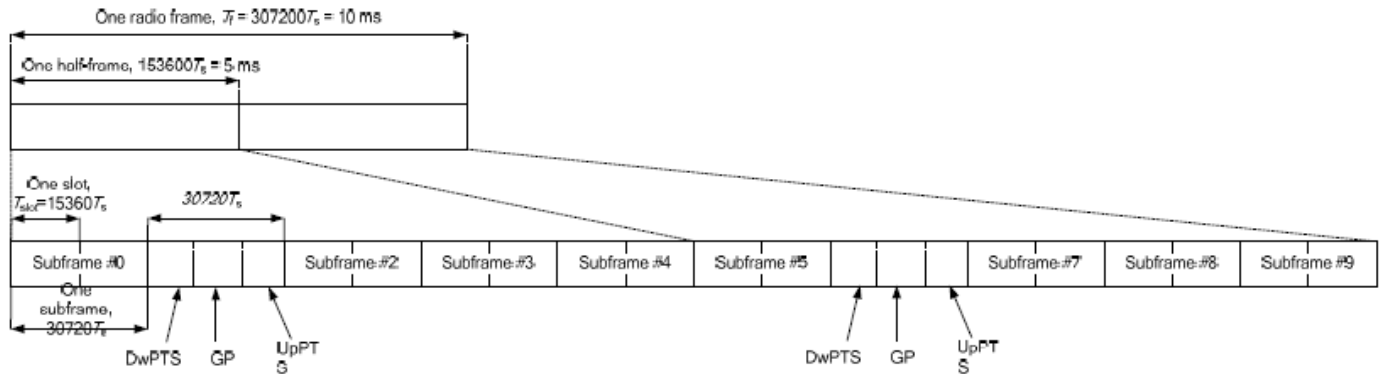


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink				Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS		
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts	7680 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts	
1	19760 · Ts			20480 · Ts			
2	21952 · Ts			23040 · Ts			
3	24144 · Ts			25600 · Ts			
4	26336 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts	7680 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts	
5	6592 · Ts			20480 · Ts			
6	19760 · Ts			23040 · Ts			
7	21952 · Ts			12800 · Ts			
8	24144 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-	
9	13168 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-	

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

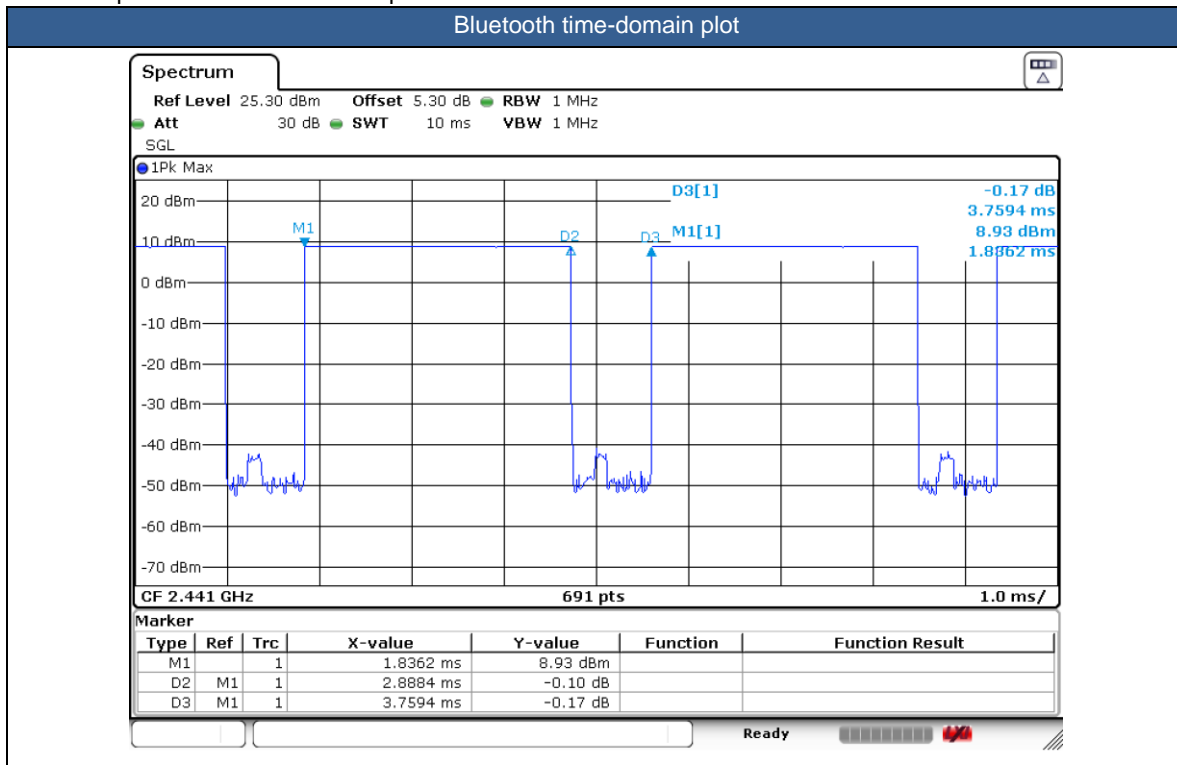
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.83% as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





13. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The device implements the power management and receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
5. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
6. There are four samples. The difference between them could be referred to the XT2239-9, XT2239-17_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the difference, we choose sample 1 for full testing and sample 2 for worst case verification. For sample 3/4, the differences do not affect the test, so sample 3/4 are not tested.
7. The device has two headsets. Only suppliers are different, so we chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing only.
8. The device has two batteries. For battery 1/2 only suppliers are different, so we only choose battery 1 to perform full SAR testing.
9. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM1900, WCDMA Band II/IV, LTE Band 2/4/7/38/66, WLAN 5.2GHz/5.8GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.

**GSM Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. T
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is \leq ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is \leq ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is $>$ 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is \leq 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is \leq 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4/B5/B26/B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B4/B5 SAR test was covered by B66/B26; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band



WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. Based on WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.



14.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
750MHz																				
01	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.100	0.129
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.079	0.102
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.066	0.085
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.042	0.054
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.02	0.082	0.106
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.04	0.065	0.084
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.06	0.052	0.067
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.040	0.052
835MHz																				
02	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.07	0.292	0.368
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.02	0.162	0.204
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.03	0.290	0.366
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.01	0.170	0.215
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.06	0.382	0.428
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.01	0.204	0.228
03	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	-0.07	0.387	0.433
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.03	0.222	0.249
04	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.07	0.214	0.289
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.02	0.172	0.230
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.03	0.123	0.166
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.09	0.098	0.131
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.08	0.212	0.286
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.05	0.176	0.235
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.04	0.123	0.166
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.06	0.100	0.134
1750MHz																				
05	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	1413	1732.6	1	23.75	24.00	1.059	-	-	0.01	0.136	0.144
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	1413	1732.6	1	23.75	24.00	1.059	-	-	0.03	0.058	0.061
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	1413	1732.6	1	23.75	24.00	1.059	-	-	0.06	0.117	0.124
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	1413	1732.6	1	23.75	24.00	1.059	-	-	0.04	0.077	0.082
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	22.81	24.00	1.315	-	-	0.03	0.033	0.043
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	21.82	23.00	1.312	-	-	0.01	0.026	0.034
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	22.81	24.00	1.315	-	-	0.02	0.015	0.020
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	21.82	23.00	1.312	-	-	0.01	0.012	0.016
06	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	22.81	24.00	1.315	-	-	0.03	0.041	0.054
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	21.82	23.00	1.312	-	-	-0.02	0.033	0.043
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	22.81	24.00	1.315	-	-	0.01	0.016	0.021
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	132322	1745	1	21.82	23.00	1.312	-	-	0.03	0.010	0.013
1900MHz																				
07	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	661	1880	1	26.73	28.00	1.340	-	-	0.05	0.152	0.204
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	661	1880	1	26.73	28.00	1.340	-	-	0.06	0.113	0.151
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	661	1880	1	26.73	28.00	1.340	-	-	0.02	0.148	0.198
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	661	1880	1	26.73	28.00	1.340	-	-	0.04	0.139	0.186
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	9400	1880	1	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	0.02	0.309	0.375
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	9400	1880	1	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	0.01	0.230	0.279
08	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	9400	1880	1	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	-0.07	0.315	0.382
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	9400	1880	1	23.16	24.00	1.213	-	-	0.03	0.289	0.351
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	22.54	24.00	1.400	-	-	0.03	0.149	0.209
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	21.54	23.00	1.400	-	-	0.02	0.117	0.164



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	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	22.54	24.00	1.400	-	-	0.01	0.114	0.160
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	21.54	23.00	1.400	-	-	0.02	0.089	0.125
09	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	22.54	24.00	1.400	-	-	0.09	0.152	0.213
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	21.54	23.00	1.400	-	-	-0.03	0.127	0.178
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	22.54	24.00	1.400	-	-	-0.1	0.143	0.200
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	18900	1880	1	21.54	23.00	1.400	-	-	0.02	0.115	0.161
2600MHz																				
10	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	22.87	24.00	1.297	-	-	0.01	0.024	0.031
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	21.87	23.00	1.297	-	-	0.02	0.018	0.023
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	22.87	24.00	1.297	-	-	0.01	0.020	0.026
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	21.87	23.00	1.297	-	-	0.02	0.015	0.019
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	22.87	24.00	1.297	-	-	0.09	0.017	0.022
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	21.87	23.00	1.297	-	-	-0.03	0.011	0.014
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	22.87	24.00	1.297	-	-	0.03	0.011	0.014
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	21100	2535	1	21.87	23.00	1.297	-	-	0.01	0.008	0.010
11	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.026	0.028
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	22.62	23.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.024	0.026
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.020	0.022
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	22.62	23.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.014	0.015
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.010	0.011
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	22.62	23.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.008	0.009
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	23.71	24.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.008	0.009
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	38000	2595	1	22.62	23.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.004	0.004

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
WIFI/BT																
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.02	0.209	0.296
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.237	0.336
12	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.770	1.090
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	11	2462	2	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.08	0.583	0.825
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	1	2412	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	99.31	1.007	-0.03	0.581	0.857
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	-0.02	0.737	1.044
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full Power	1	2412	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.548	0.809
13	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full Power	0	2402	1	10.42	12.00	1.439	76.83	1.302	-0.03	0.068	0.128
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	16.68	18.50	1.521	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.393	0.638
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	16.68	18.50	1.521	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.507	0.823
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	62	5310	1	14.36	16.00	1.459	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.286	0.445
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	16.68	18.50	1.521	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.458	0.743
14	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	16.68	18.50	1.521	93.73	1.067	0.15	0.723	1.173
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	62	5310	1	14.36	16.00	1.459	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.404	0.629
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.466	0.671
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.545	0.784
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.641	0.923
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	134	5670	1	16.30	18.00	1.479	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.601	0.949
15	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.07	0.819	1.179
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	134	5670	1	16.30	18.00	1.479	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.730	1.152
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	151	5755	1	16.48	18.00	1.419	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.475	0.719
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	151	5755	1	16.48	18.00	1.419	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.639	0.968
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	159	5795	1	16.25	18.00	1.496	93.73	1.067	0.05	0.570	0.910
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	151	5755	1	16.48	18.00	1.419	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.674	1.021
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	159	5795	1	16.25	18.00	1.496	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.686	1.095
16	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	151	5755	1	16.48	18.00	1.419	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.772	1.169
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	159	5795	1	16.25	18.00	1.496	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.725	1.157



14.2 Hotspot SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
750MHz																				
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.123	0.159
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.095	0.123
17	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	-0.02	0.258	0.334
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	2	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.245	0.317
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.202	0.261
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.05	0.068	0.088
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.09	0.054	0.070
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.08	0.130	0.168
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.04	0.102	0.132
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.04	0.251	0.325
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.196	0.254
835MHz																				
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.03	0.398	0.502
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.02	0.712	0.898
18	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Full Power	128	824.2	1	28.42	29.50	1.282	-	-	-0.09	0.782	1.003
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Full Power	251	848.8	1	28.47	29.50	1.268	-	-	0.06	0.683	0.866
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.04	0.310	0.391
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.09	0.356	0.449
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.07	0.214	0.270
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.02	0.532	0.596
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.01	0.895	1.002
19	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4132	826.4	1	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	-0.05	0.904	1.028
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4132	826.4	2	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.03	0.711	0.809
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4233	846.6	1	23.36	24.00	1.159	-	-	0.09	0.872	1.010
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.08	0.346	0.387
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.04	0.433	0.485
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.04	0.364	0.407
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.02	0.419	0.565
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Front	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.01	0.345	0.461
20	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	-0.03	0.738	0.996
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.06	0.596	0.797
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Back	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.61	23.00	1.377	-	-	0.01	0.545	0.751
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.07	0.278	0.375
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.06	0.224	0.299
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.08	0.339	0.457
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.06	0.270	0.361
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.01	0.351	0.473
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.03	0.281	0.376
1750MHz																				
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	17.70	18.00	1.072	-	-	0.08	0.229	0.245
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	17.70	18.00	1.072	-	-	0.01	0.557	0.597
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	17.70	18.00	1.072	-	-	0.01	0.051	0.055
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	17.70	18.00	1.072	-	-	0.02	0.055	0.059
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	17.70	18.00	1.072	-	-	0.03	0.990	1.061
21	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	17.56	18.00	1.107	-	-	0.09	1.100	1.217
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1513	1752.6	1	17.63	18.00	1.089	-	-	0.07	1.040	1.132
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	-0.03	0.248	0.318
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	-	-	0.06	0.196	0.255
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.01	0.530	0.680



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	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	-	-	0.06	0.415	0.540
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.01	0.054	0.069
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	-	-	0.02	0.042	0.055
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	-0.03	0.043	0.055
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	-	-	0.06	0.032	0.042
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.04	0.958	1.228
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	17.84	19.00	1.306	-	-	0.03	0.858	1.121
22	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	1	17.89	19.00	1.291	-	-	0.06	1.000	1.291
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	2	17.89	19.00	1.291	-	-	0.01	0.868	1.121
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.86	19.00	1.300	-	-	0.01	0.821	1.067
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	17.73	19.00	1.340	-	-	0.06	0.848	1.136
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132572	1770	1	17.69	19.00	1.352	-	-	0.08	0.882	1.193
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	17.81	19.00	1.315	-	-	0.06	0.821	1.080
1900MHz																				
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	23.98	25.00	1.265	-	-	-0.02	0.438	0.554
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	23.98	25.00	1.265	-	-	0.01	0.729	0.922
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	23.75	25.00	1.334	-	-	-0.01	0.771	1.028
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	1	23.86	25.00	1.300	-	-	0.02	0.777	1.010
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	23.98	25.00	1.265	-	-	0.02	0.246	0.311
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	23.98	25.00	1.265	-	-	0.03	0.080	0.101
23	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	23.98	25.00	1.265	-	-	0.08	1.070	1.353
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	23.75	25.00	1.334	-	-	0.06	1.000	1.334
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	1	23.86	25.00	1.300	-	-	0.08	0.939	1.221
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	16.05	17.00	1.245	-	-	0.03	0.465	0.579
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	16.05	17.00	1.245	-	-	-0.08	0.634	0.789
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	16.05	17.00	1.245	-	-	0.04	0.206	0.256
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	16.05	17.00	1.245	-	-	0.03	0.068	0.085
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	16.05	17.00	1.245	-	-	0.03	0.954	1.187
24	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	15.83	17.00	1.309	-	-	0.01	1.010	1.322
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	15.92	17.00	1.282	-	-	0.01	0.932	1.195
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.44	19.50	1.276	-	-	0.08	0.590	0.753
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.06	0.562	0.724
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.38	19.50	1.294	-	-	0.04	0.555	0.718
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.36	19.50	1.300	-	-	0.01	0.425	0.553
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.01	0.425	0.548
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.44	19.50	1.276	-	-	0.02	0.864	1.103
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.03	0.815	1.050
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.38	19.50	1.294	-	-	-0.09	0.892	1.154
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.36	19.50	1.300	-	-	0.06	0.685	0.891
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.21	19.50	1.346	-	-	0.07	0.636	0.856
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.29	19.50	1.321	-	-	0.06	0.696	0.920
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.08	0.653	0.841
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.44	19.50	1.276	-	-	0.06	0.244	0.311
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.36	19.50	1.300	-	-	0.04	0.194	0.252
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.44	19.50	1.276	-	-	0.01	0.083	0.106
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.36	19.50	1.300	-	-	0.02	0.067	0.087
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.44	19.50	1.276	-	-	0.08	1.090	1.391
25	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.01	1.110	1.430
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	2	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.02	0.932	1.201
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.38	19.50	1.294	-	-	0.01	1.040	1.346
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.36	19.50	1.300	-	-	0.02	0.861	1.119
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.21	19.50	1.346	-	-	0.01	0.875	1.178
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	18.29	19.50	1.321	-	-	0.03	0.818	1.081
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.08	0.864	1.113
2600MHz																				
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.92	14.00	1.282	-	-	0.03	0.358	0.459

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

TEL : 86-512-57900158 / FAX : 86-512-57900958

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	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.87	14.00	1.297	-	-	0.03	0.290	0.376
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.92	14.00	1.282	-	-	0.09	0.721	0.925
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	1	12.82	14.00	1.312	-	-	0.08	0.687	0.901
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	12.79	14.00	1.321	-	-	0.08	0.647	0.855
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.87	14.00	1.297	-	-	0.06	0.575	0.746
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.82	14.00	1.312	-	-	0.02	0.554	0.727
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.92	14.00	1.282	-	-	-0.03	0.024	0.031
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.87	14.00	1.297	-	-	0.06	0.019	0.025
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.92	14.00	1.282	-	-	0.02	0.020	0.026
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.87	14.00	1.297	-	-	0.01	0.016	0.021
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.92	14.00	1.282	-	-	0.06	0.993	1.273
26	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	1	12.82	14.00	1.312	-	-	0.05	1.010	1.325
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	20850	2510	2	12.82	14.00	1.312	-	-	0.02	0.949	1.245
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	12.79	14.00	1.321	-	-	0.08	0.953	1.259
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.87	14.00	1.297	-	-	0.06	0.882	1.144
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	12.82	14.00	1.312	-	-	0.02	0.809	1.062
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.70	16.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.372	0.401
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.62	16.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.296	0.325
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.70	16.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.798	0.860
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	37850	2580	1	15.63	16.00	1.089	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.911	0.998
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	38150	2610	1	15.58	16.00	1.102	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.706	0.782
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.62	16.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.732	0.804
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.60	16.00	1.096	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.728	0.803
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.70	16.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.028	0.030
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.62	16.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.022	0.024
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.70	16.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.021	0.023
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.62	16.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.016	0.018
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.70	16.00	1.072	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.928	1.000
27	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	37850	2580	1	15.63	16.00	1.089	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.050	1.150
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	38150	2610	1	15.58	16.00	1.102	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.940	1.042
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.62	16.00	1.091	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.839	0.921
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	37850	2580	1	15.47	16.00	1.130	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.828	0.941
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	38150	2610	1	15.41	16.00	1.146	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.862	0.993
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.60	16.00	1.096	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.858	0.946

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
WIFI/BT																
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.324	0.459
28	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.02	0.572	0.810
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	2	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.567	0.803
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	1	2412	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	99.31	1.007	-0.05	0.426	0.629
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	-0.02	0.015	0.021
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.413	0.585
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.01	0.456	0.646
29	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	0	2402	1	10.42	12.00	1.439	76.83	1.302	0.05	0.048	0.090
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.155	0.256
30	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.702	1.157
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	2	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.09	0.634	1.045
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	38	5190	1	10.13	12.00	1.538	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.340	0.558
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	-0.03	0.026	0.043
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.193	0.318
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	-0.06	0.589	0.971
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	38	5190	1	10.13	12.00	1.538	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.409	0.671
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.01	0.200	0.309

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31	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.01	0.773	1.193
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	2	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.09	0.740	1.142
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.03	0.022	0.034
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.06	0.145	0.224
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	-0.05	0.526	0.812



14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
750MHz																					
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.123	0.159
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.095	0.123
32	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	23230	782	1	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	-0.02	0.258	0.334
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	23230	782	2	22.88	24.00	1.294	-	-	0.01	0.250	0.324
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	23230	782	1	21.88	23.00	1.294	-	-	0.03	0.202	0.261
835MHz																					
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.03	0.398	0.502
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	189	836.4	1	28.49	29.50	1.262	-	-	0.02	0.712	0.898
33	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	128	824.2	1	28.42	29.50	1.282	-	-	-0.09	0.782	1.003
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	251	848.8	1	28.47	29.50	1.268	-	-	0.06	0.683	0.866
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.02	0.532	0.596
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	4182	836.4	1	23.51	24.00	1.119	-	-	0.01	0.895	1.002
34	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	4132	826.4	1	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	-0.05	0.904	1.028
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	4132	826.4	2	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.01	0.793	0.902
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	4233	846.6	1	23.36	24.00	1.159	-	-	0.09	0.872	1.010
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	0.02	0.419	0.565
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.01	0.345	0.461
35	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	22.70	24.00	1.349	-	-	-0.03	0.738	0.996
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.74	23.00	1.337	-	-	0.06	0.596	0.797
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	26865	831.5	1	21.61	23.00	1.377	-	-	0.02	0.578	0.796
1750MHz																					
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	18.68	19.00	1.076	-	-	0.08	0.297	0.320
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	18.68	19.00	1.076	-	-	0.01	0.821	0.884
36	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	18.48	19.00	1.127	-	-	-0.03	0.908	1.023
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	2	18.48	19.00	1.127	-	-	0.02	0.876	0.987
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1513	1752.6	1	18.52	19.00	1.117	-	-	0.02	0.808	0.902
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.66	21.50	1.213	-	-	-0.03	0.348	0.422
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.64	21.50	1.219	-	-	0.06	0.275	0.335
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.66	21.50	1.213	-	-	0.01	0.843	1.023
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132072	1720	1	20.40	21.50	1.288	-	-	0.02	0.803	1.034
37	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132572	1770	1	20.36	21.50	1.300	-	-	-0.03	0.862	1.121
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.64	21.50	1.219	-	-	0.06	0.772	0.941
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132072	1720	1	20.47	21.50	1.268	-	-	0.06	0.761	0.965
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132572	1770	1	20.51	21.50	1.256	-	-	0.06	0.791	0.994
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.62	21.50	1.225	-	-	0.04	0.713	0.873
1900MHz																					
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	661	1880	1	25.35	26.50	1.303	-	-	-0.02	0.524	0.683
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	661	1880	1	25.35	26.50	1.303	-	-	0.01	0.872	1.136
38	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	25.26	26.50	1.330	-	-	-0.01	0.922	1.227
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	810	1909.8	1	25.43	26.50	1.279	-	-	0.02	0.890	1.139
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Headset	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	25.26	26.50	1.330	-	-	0.02	0.903	1.201
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.03	0.740	0.915
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.02	0.655	0.840
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	17.98	19.00	1.265	-	-	0.01	0.677	0.856
39	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	-0.08	1.010	1.248
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9400	1880	2	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.01	0.967	1.195
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.08	0.945	1.212
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	17.98	19.00	1.265	-	-	0.06	0.966	1.222
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Headset	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.03	0.986	1.219



	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.32	20.50	1.312	-	-	0.08	0.550	0.722
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.30	20.50	1.318	-	-	0.01	0.496	0.654
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.32	20.50	1.312	-	-	0.02	0.806	1.058
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	1	19.09	20.50	1.384	-	-	0.03	0.760	1.052
40	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	1	19.06	20.50	1.393	-	-	-0.09	0.832	1.159
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.30	20.50	1.318	-	-	0.06	0.739	0.974
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18700	1860	1	19.20	20.50	1.349	-	-	0.07	0.793	1.070
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	19100	1900	1	19.29	20.50	1.321	-	-	0.06	0.749	0.990
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.26	20.50	1.330	-	-	0.08	0.709	0.943
2600MHz																					
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.03	0.468	0.597
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.91	15.00	1.285	-	-	0.03	0.479	0.616
41	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.09	0.941	1.201
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	2	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.01	0.908	1.159
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	20850	2510	1	13.86	15.00	1.300	-	-	0.08	0.897	1.166
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21350	2560	1	13.78	15.00	1.324	-	-	0.08	0.844	1.118
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Headset	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.02	0.923	1.178
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.91	15.00	1.285	-	-	0.06	0.851	1.094
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	20850	2510	1	13.70	15.00	1.349	-	-	0.04	0.816	1.101
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21350	2560	1	13.84	15.00	1.306	-	-	0.01	0.877	1.146
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.89	15.00	1.291	-	-	0.02	0.823	1.063
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.75	17.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.373	0.397
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.72	17.00	1.067	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.297	0.319
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.75	17.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.800	0.852
42	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	37850	2580	1	16.65	17.00	1.084	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.913	0.996
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38150	2610	1	16.67	17.00	1.079	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.808	0.877
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.72	17.00	1.067	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.633	0.679
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.71	17.00	1.069	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.630	0.678

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
WIFI/BT																	
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.324	0.459
43	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	11	2462	1	18.02	19.50	1.406	99.31	1.007	0.02	0.572	0.810
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	1	2412	1	17.84	19.50	1.466	99.31	1.007	-0.05	0.426	0.629
44	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full Power	0	2402	1	10.42	12.00	1.439	76.83	1.302	0.05	0.048	0.090
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	-0.03	0.155	0.262
45	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.702	1.184
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	54	5270	2	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.06	0.675	1.139
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	62	5310	1	13.85	15.50	1.462	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.626	0.977
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	-0.06	0.236	0.370
46	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.706	1.107
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	110	5550	2	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	0.06	0.666	1.044
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	134	5670	1	15.24	17.00	1.500	93.73	1.067	-0.05	0.632	1.011
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.01	0.200	0.309
47	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.01	0.773	1.193
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	2	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.09	0.740	1.142



14.4 Product Specific SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1750MHz																				
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	18.68	19.00	1.076	-	-	0.06	0.852	0.917
48	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1413	1732.6	1	18.68	19.00	1.076	-	-	0.01	1.520	1.636
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.66	21.50	1.213	-	-	0.04	1.200	1.456
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.64	21.50	1.219	-	-	-0.03	1.040	1.268
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.66	21.50	1.213	-	-	0.08	1.840	2.233
49	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	20.40	21.50	1.288	-	-	0.05	1.880	2.422
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	2	20.40	21.50	1.288	-	-	0.01	1.680	2.164
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	1	20.36	21.50	1.300	-	-	0.01	1.840	2.392
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.64	21.50	1.219	-	-	0.03	1.760	2.145
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	20.47	21.50	1.268	-	-	0.09	1.700	2.155
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132572	1770	1	20.51	21.50	1.256	-	-	0.01	1.710	2.148
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132322	1745	1	20.62	21.50	1.225	-	-	0.02	1.740	2.131
1900MHz																				
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	25.35	26.50	1.303	-	-	0.06	1.120	1.460
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	661	1880	1	25.35	26.50	1.303	-	-	0.02	1.560	2.033
50	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	25.26	26.50	1.330	-	-	-0.04	1.590	2.115
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	810	1909.8	1	25.43	26.50	1.279	-	-	0.01	1.510	1.932
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.08	0.856	1.058
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.01	1.490	1.842
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	18.08	19.00	1.236	-	-	0.01	1.780	2.200
51	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	1	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.09	1.800	2.308
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9262	1852.4	2	17.92	19.00	1.282	-	-	0.02	1.650	2.116
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	17.98	19.00	1.265	-	-	0.01	1.660	2.099
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.32	20.50	1.312	-	-	0.06	0.852	1.118
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.30	20.50	1.318	-	-	0.02	0.675	0.890
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.32	20.50	1.312	-	-	0.01	1.340	1.758
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.30	20.50	1.318	-	-	0.06	1.260	1.661
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.32	20.50	1.312	-	-	0.02	1.540	2.021
52	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	19.09	20.50	1.384	-	-	0.09	1.500	2.075
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	19100	1900	1	19.06	20.50	1.393	-	-	0.02	1.420	1.978
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.30	20.50	1.318	-	-	0.01	1.130	1.490
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	19.26	20.50	1.330	-	-	0.06	1.120	1.490
2600MHz																				
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	-0.03	0.447	0.571
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.91	15.00	1.285	-	-	0.01	0.355	0.456
53	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.01	0.890	1.136
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	2	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.02	0.876	1.118
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.91	15.00	1.285	-	-	0.06	0.670	0.861
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.94	15.00	1.276	-	-	0.06	0.454	0.580
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	21100	2535	1	13.91	15.00	1.285	-	-	0.02	0.360	0.463
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.75	17.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.354	0.377
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.72	17.00	1.067	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.278	0.298
54	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.75	17.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.819	0.873
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.72	17.00	1.067	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.725	0.778
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.75	17.00	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.470	0.501
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	16.72	17.00	1.067	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.371	0.398



Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
WiFi/BT																
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.01	0.460	0.758
55	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	46	5230	1	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	-0.01	0.828	1.365
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	46	5230	2	14.11	16.00	1.545	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.807	1.331
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	-0.03	0.266	0.449
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.602	1.016
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.031	0.052
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.262	0.442
56	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	1	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.759	1.281
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	54	5270	2	14.01	16.00	1.581	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.671	1.132
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	-0.06	0.454	0.712
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	-0.05	0.646	1.013
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Side	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	-0.03	0.014	0.022
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Side	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	-0.04	0.123	0.193
57	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	0.09	1.020	1.599
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	2	15.33	17.00	1.469	93.73	1.067	0.02	0.893	1.400
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	-0.01	0.549	0.847
58	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.01	0.715	1.104
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	2	14.71	16.00	1.346	87.16	1.147	0.02	0.676	1.044



14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.07	0.819	1	1.179
2nd	WLAN5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	110	5550	1	16.70	18.00	1.349	93.73	1.067	0.03	0.802	1.021	1.154
1st	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4132	826.4	1	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	-0.05	0.904	1	1.028
2nd	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Full Power	4132	826.4	1	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.01	0.895	1.010	1.018
1st	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	17.56	18.00	1.107	-	-	0.09	1.100	1	1.217
2nd	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	17.56	18.00	1.107	-	-	0.10	1.080	1.019	1.195
1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.01	1.110	1	1.430
2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	18.40	19.50	1.288	-	-	0.03	1.050	1.057	1.353
1st	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	37850	2580	1	15.63	16.00	1.089	62.9	1.006	0.01	1.050	1	1.150
2nd	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	37850	2580	1	15.63	16.00	1.089	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.986	1.065	1.080

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. WIFI 5.3/5.5GHz has no hotspot function.
6. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
7. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
8. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
9. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR and $SPLSR \leq 0.10$ for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 15.5.



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.368	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.66	1.09	0.50
		Right Tilted	0.204	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.54	1.17	0.33
		Left Cheek	0.366	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.46	1.46	0.49
		Left Tilted	0.215	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.26	1.39	0.34
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.204	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.50	0.92	0.33
		Right Tilted	0.151	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.49	1.12	0.28
		Left Cheek	0.198	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.29	1.29	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.186	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.23	1.37	0.31
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.375	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.67	1.09	0.50
		Right Tilted	0.279	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.62	1.25	0.41
		Left Cheek	0.382	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.47	1.48	0.51
		Left Tilted	0.351	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.40	1.53	0.48
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.144	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.44	0.86	0.27
		Right Tilted	0.061	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.40	1.03	0.19
		Left Cheek	0.124	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.21	1.22	0.25
		Left Tilted	0.082	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.13	1.26	0.21
	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.428	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.72	1.15	0.56
		Right Tilted	0.228	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.56	1.20	0.36
		Left Cheek	0.433	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.52	1.53	0.56
		Left Tilted	0.249	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.29	1.43	0.38
LTE	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.209	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.51	0.93	0.34
		Right Tilted	0.160	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.50	1.13	0.29
		Left Cheek	0.213	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.30	1.31	0.34
		Left Tilted	0.200	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.24	1.38	0.33
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.031	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.33	0.75	0.16
		Right Tilted	0.026	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.36	0.99	0.15
		Left Cheek	0.022	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.11	1.12	0.15
		Left Tilted	0.014	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.06	1.19	0.14
	LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.129	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.43	0.85	0.26
		Right Tilted	0.085	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.42	1.05	0.21
		Left Cheek	0.106	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.20	1.20	0.23
		Left Tilted	0.067	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.11	1.25	0.20
	LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.289	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.59	1.01	0.42
		Right Tilted	0.166	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.50	1.13	0.29
		Left Cheek	0.286	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.38	1.38	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.166	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.21	1.35	0.29
	LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.028	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.32	0.75	0.16
		Right Tilted	0.022	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.36	0.99	0.15
		Left Cheek	0.011	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.10	1.11	0.14
		Left Tilted	0.009	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.05	1.19	0.14
	LTE Band 66	Right Cheek	0.043	0.296	0.719	0.128	0.34	0.76	0.17
		Right Tilted	0.020	0.336	0.968	0.128	0.36	0.99	0.15
		Left Cheek	0.054	1.090	1.095	0.128	1.14	1.15	0.18
		Left Tilted	0.021	1.044	1.179	0.128	1.07	1.20	0.15



15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	Case No	
		WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.502	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.96	0.81	0.59	
		Back	1.003	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.20	1.09	1/2
		Left side	0.391	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.41	0.43	0.48	
		Right side	0.449	0.585	0.224	0.090	1.03	0.67	0.54	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	0.270			0.090	0.27	0.27	0.36	
	GSM1900	Front	0.554	0.459	0.309	0.090	1.01	0.86	0.64	
		Back	1.028	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.84	2.22	1.12	3/4
		Left side	0.311	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.33	0.35	0.40	
		Right side	0.101	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.69	0.33	0.19	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	1.353			0.090	1.35	1.35	1.44	
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.579	0.459	0.309	0.090	1.04	0.89	0.67	
		Back	0.789	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.60	1.98	0.88	5/6
		Left side	0.256	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.28	0.29	0.35	
		Right side	0.085	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.67	0.31	0.18	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	1.322			0.090	1.32	1.32	1.41	
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.245	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.70	0.55	0.34	
		Back	0.597	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.41	1.79	0.69	7
		Left side	0.055	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.08	0.09	0.15	
		Right side	0.059	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.64	0.28	0.15	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	1.217			0.090	1.22	1.22	1.31	
	WCDMA V	Front	0.596	0.459	0.309	0.090	1.06	0.91	0.69	
		Back	1.028	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.84	2.22	1.12	8/9
		Left side	0.387	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.41	0.42	0.48	
		Right side	0.485	0.585	0.224	0.090	1.07	0.71	0.58	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	0.407			0.090	0.41	0.41	0.50	
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.753	0.459	0.309	0.090	1.21	1.06	0.84	
		Back	1.154	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.96	2.35	1.24	10/11
		Left side	0.311	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.33	0.35	0.40	
		Right side	0.106	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.69	0.33	0.20	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	1.430			0.090	1.43	1.43	1.52	
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.459	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.92	0.77	0.55	
		Back	0.925	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.74	2.12	1.02	12/13
		Left side	0.031	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.05	0.07	0.12	
		Right side	0.026	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.61	0.25	0.12	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side				0.090	0.00	0.00	0.09	
	LTE Band 13	Front	0.159	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.62	0.47	0.25	
		Back	0.334	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.14	1.53	0.42	
		Left side	0.088	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.11	0.12	0.18	
		Right side	0.168	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.75	0.39	0.26	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	0.325			0.090	0.33	0.33	0.42	
LTE Band	Front	0.565	0.459	0.309	0.090	1.02	0.87	0.66		



	26	Back	0.996	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.19	1.09	14/15
		Left side	0.375	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.40	0.41	0.47	
		Right side	0.457	0.585	0.224	0.090	1.04	0.68	0.55	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
		Bottom side	0.473			0.090	0.47	0.47	0.56	
	LTE Band 38	Front	0.401	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.86	0.71	0.49	
		Back	0.998	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.19	1.09	16/17
		Left side	0.030	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.05	0.06	0.12	
		Right side	0.023	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.61	0.25	0.11	
		Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09	
	LTE Band 66	Bottom side	1.150			0.090	1.15	1.15	1.24	
		Front	0.318	0.459	0.309	0.090	0.78	0.63	0.41	
		Back	0.680	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.49	1.87	0.77	18
		Left side	0.069	0.021	0.034	0.090	0.09	0.10	0.16	
		Right side	0.055	0.585	0.224	0.090	0.64	0.28	0.15	
	Top side		0.646	0.812	0.090	0.65	0.81	0.09		
	Bottom side	1.291			0.090	1.29	1.29	1.38		



15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	Case No
			WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN2.4GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	WLAN5GHz 1g SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.502	0.459	0.370	0.090	0.96	0.87	0.59	
		Back	1.003	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.20	1.09	1/2
	GSM1900	Front	0.683	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.14	1.05	0.77	
		Back	1.227	0.810	1.193	0.090	2.04	2.42	1.32	3/4
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	0.915	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.37	1.29	1.01	
		Back	1.248	0.810	1.193	0.090	2.06	2.44	1.34	5/6
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.320	0.459	0.370	0.090	0.78	0.69	0.41	
		Back	1.023	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.83	2.22	1.11	7/8
	WCDMA V	Front	0.596	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.06	0.97	0.69	
		Back	1.028	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.84	2.22	1.12	9/10
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	0.722	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.18	1.09	0.81	
		Back	1.159	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.97	2.35	1.25	11/12
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.616	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.08	0.99	0.71	
		Back	1.201	0.810	1.193	0.090	2.01	2.39	1.29	13/14
	LTE Band 13	Front	0.159	0.459	0.370	0.090	0.62	0.53	0.25	
		Back	0.334	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.14	1.53	0.42	
	LTE Band 26	Front	0.565	0.459	0.370	0.090	1.02	0.94	0.66	
		Back	0.996	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.19	1.09	15/16
	LTE Band 38	Front	0.397	0.459	0.370	0.090	0.86	0.77	0.49	
		Back	0.996	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.81	2.19	1.09	17/18
	LTE Band 66	Front	0.422	0.459	0.370	0.090	0.88	0.79	0.51	
		Back	1.121	0.810	1.193	0.090	1.93	2.31	1.21	19/20



15.4 Product Specific Exposure Conditions

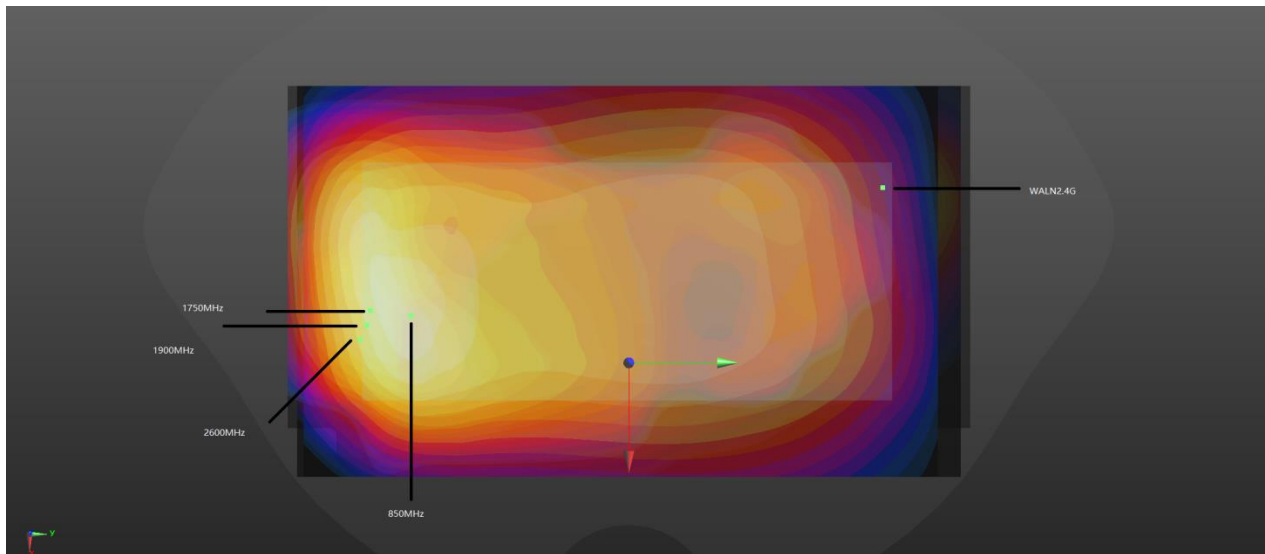
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2
			WWAN	WLAN5GHz	Summed
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM1900	Front		0.712	0.71
		Back	1.460	1.016	2.48
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	2.115		2.12
WCDMA	WCDMA II	Front	1.058	0.712	1.77
		Back	1.842	1.016	2.86
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	2.308		2.31
	WCDMA IV	Front		0.712	0.71
		Back	0.917	1.016	1.93
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	1.636		1.64
LTE	LTE Band 2	Front	1.118	0.712	1.83
		Back	1.758	1.016	2.77
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	2.075		2.08
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.571	0.712	1.28
		Back	1.136	1.016	2.15
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	0.580		0.58
	LTE Band 38	Front	0.377	0.712	1.09
		Back	0.873	1.016	1.89
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	0.501		0.50
	LTE Band 66	Front		0.712	0.71
		Back	1.456	1.016	2.47
		Left side		0.052	0.05
		Right side		0.442	0.44
		Top side		1.599	1.60
		Bottom side	2.422		2.42

Note: 1. For Bluetooth Product specific 10g stand-alone SAR is not required for a transmitter or antenna, due to 1g hotspot SAR is <1.2W/kg.

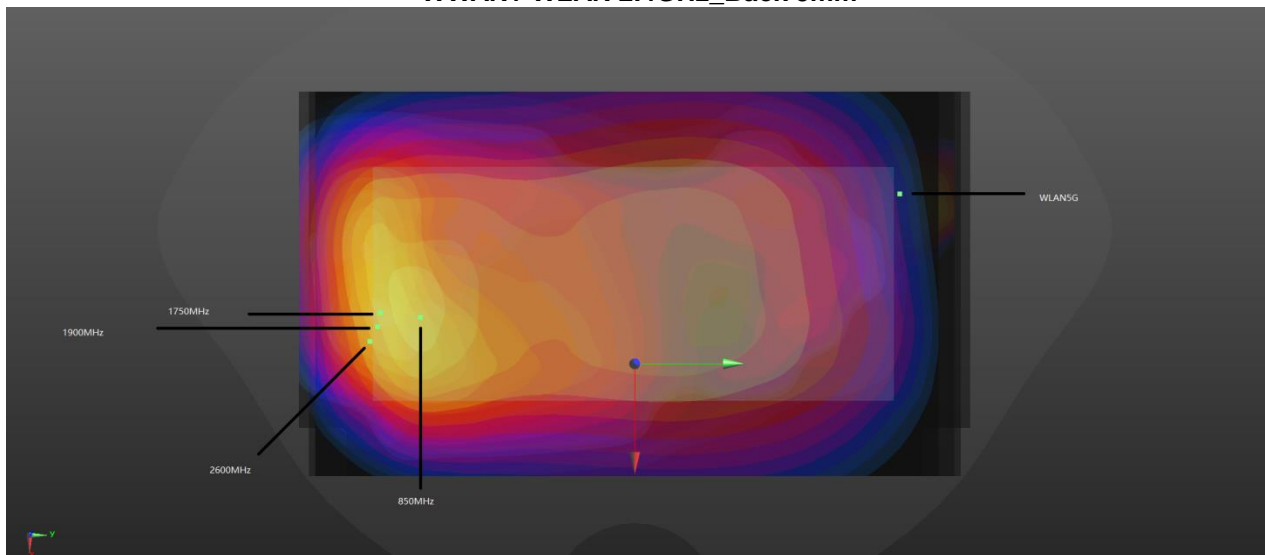
15.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2. $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$ for 1g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



WWAN+ WLAN 2.4GHz_Back 5mm



WWAN+ WLAN 5GHz_Back 5mm



For Hotspot:

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 1	GSM850	Back	1.003	5	7.3	-71.8	-0.92	157.5	1.81	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 2	GSM850	Back	1.003	5	7.3	-71.8	-0.92	158.0	2.20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 3	GSM1900	Back	1.028	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76	168.5	1.84	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 4	GSM1900	Back	1.028	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76	169.0	2.22	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 5	WCDMA II	Back	0.789	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76	168.5	1.60	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 6	WCDMA II	Back	0.789	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76	169.0	1.98	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 7	WCDMA IV	Back	0.597	5	-7.2	-83.8	-0.9	167.3	1.79	0.01	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 8	WCDMA V	Back	1.028	5	1.8	-72.1	-0.94	156.7	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 9	WCDMA V	Back	1.028	5	1.8	-72.1	-0.94	157.2	2.22	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 10	LTE Band 2	Back	1.154	5	16.7	-77.3	-0.79	165.1	1.96	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 11	LTE Band 2	Back	1.154	5	16.7	-77.3	-0.79	165.6	2.35	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 12	LTE Band 7	Back	0.925	5	16	-80.8	-0.84	168.3	1.74	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 13	LTE Band 7	Back	0.925	5	16	-80.8	-0.84	168.8	2.12	0.02	Not required



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 14	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	155.6	1.81	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 26		0.996	5	6.2	-70.1	-0.94				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 15	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	156.1	2.19	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 26		0.996	5	6.2	-70.1	-0.94				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 16	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95	167.8	1.81	0.01	Not required
	LTE Band 38		0.998	5	13.8	-80.8	-0.86				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 17	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	168.3	2.19	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 38		0.998	5	13.8	-80.8	-0.86				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 18	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	166.0	1.87	0.02	Not required
	LTE Band 66		0.68	5	-8.6	-82.7	-0.94				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				

For Body Worn:

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 1	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95	157.5	1.81	0.02	Not required
	GSM850		1.003	5	7.3	-71.8	-0.92				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 2	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	158.0	2.20	0.02	Not required
	GSM850		1.003	5	7.3	-71.8	-0.92				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 3	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95	168.5	2.04	0.02	Not required
	GSM1900		1.227	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 4	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	169.0	2.42	0.02	Not required
	GSM1900		1.227	5	16.7	-80.8	-0.76				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 5	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95	164.6	2.06	0.02	Not required
	WCDMA II		1.248	5	16.5	-76.8	-0.82				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 6	WLAN5GHz	Back	1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99	165.1	2.44	0.02	Not required
	WCDMA II		1.248	5	16.5	-76.8	-0.82				
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 7	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95	167.0	1.83	0.01	Not required
	WCDMA IV		1.023	5	-7.2	-83.8	-0.9				
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 8	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	X	Y	Z	3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA IV	Back	1.023	5	-7.2	-83.8	-0.9	167.3	2.22	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 9	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA V	Back	1.028	5	1.8	-72.1	-0.94	156.7	1.84	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 10	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA V	Back	1.028	5	1.8	-72.1	-0.94	157.2	2.22	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 11	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.159	5	16.7	-77.3	-0.79	165.1	1.97	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 12	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 2	Back	1.159	5	16.7	-77.3	-0.79	165.6	2.35	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 13	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.201	5	16	-80.8	-0.84	168.3	2.01	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 14	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 7	Back	1.201	5	16	-80.8	-0.84	168.8	2.39	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 15	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 26	Back	0.996	5	6.2	-70.1	-0.94	155.6	1.81	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 16	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 26	Back	0.996	5	6.2	-70.1	-0.94	156.1	2.19	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 17	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 38	Back	0.996	5	13.8	-80.8	-0.86	167.8	1.81	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 18	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 38	Back	0.996	5	13.8	-80.8	-0.86	168.3	2.19	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				
Case 19	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 66	Back	1.121	5	-8.6	-82.7	-0.94	165.7	1.93	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.81	5	-26.8	82	-0.95				
Case 20	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band 66	Back	1.121	5	-8.6	-82.7	-0.94	166.0	2.31	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		1.193	5	-28	82.2	-0.99				

Test Engineer : Martin Li, Varus Wang, Light Wang, Ricky Gu



16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz

DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

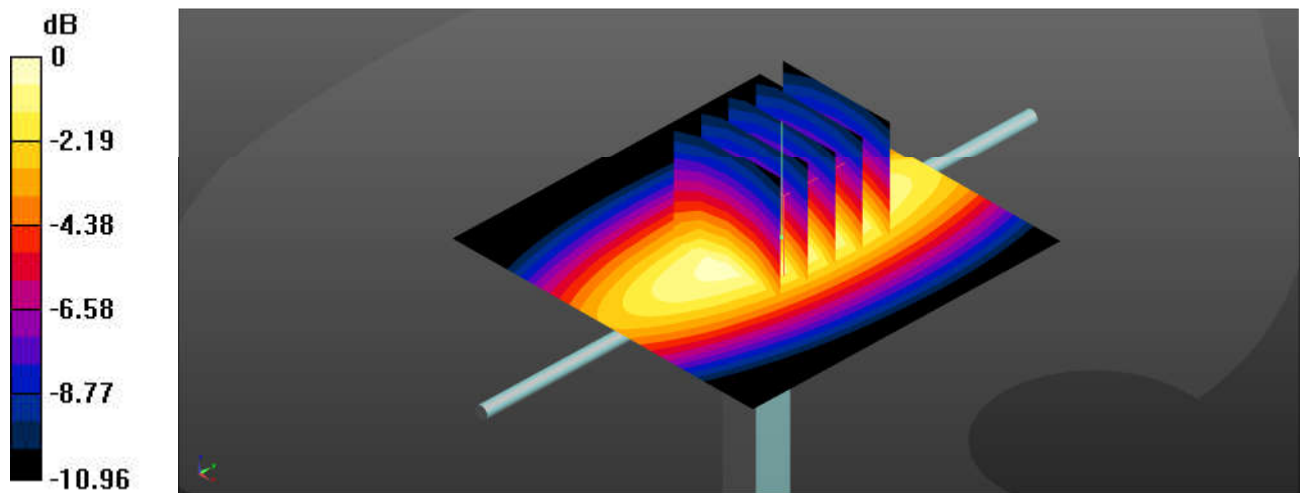
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.35, 10.35, 10.35); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.552 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 25.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg



0 dB = 0.561 W/kg = -2.51 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.829$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

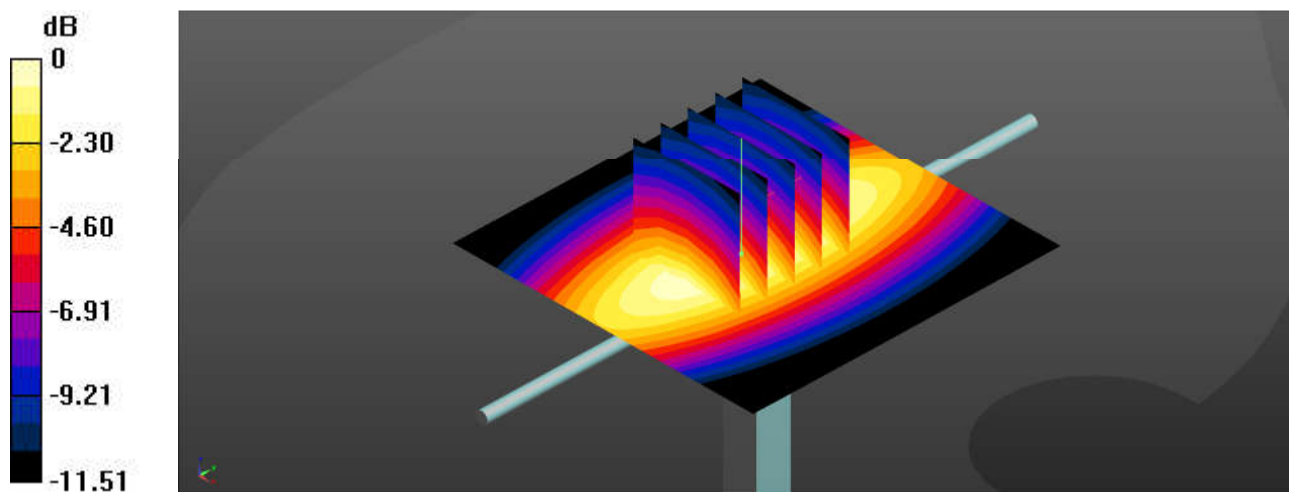
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.709 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 30.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.799 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.502 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 W/kg



0 dB = 0.693 W/kg = -1.59 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

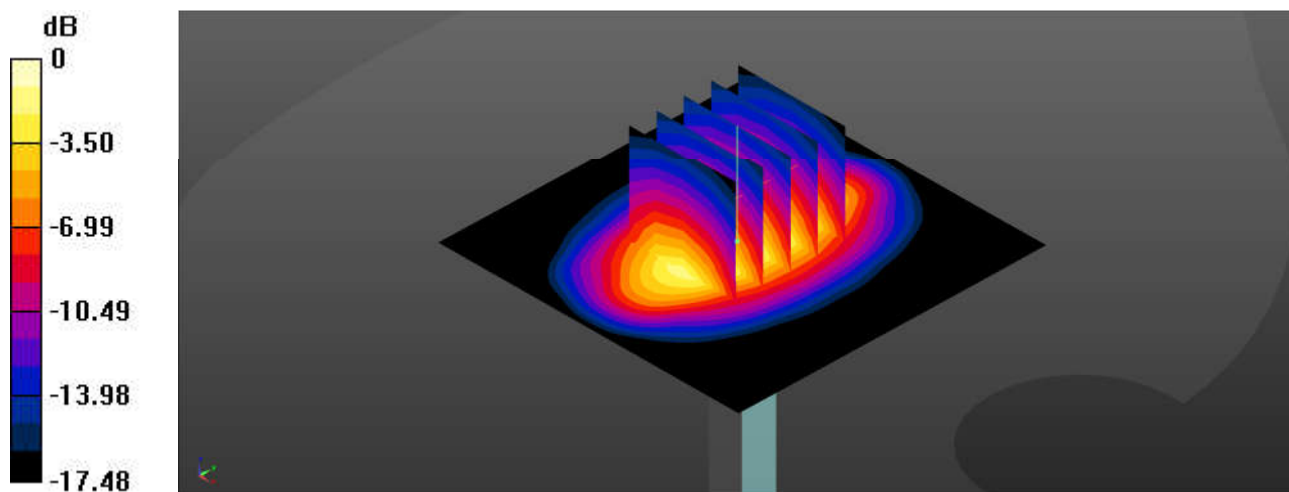
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.97, 8.97, 8.97); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.89 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 47.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.972 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.91 W/kg



0 dB = 2.91 W/kg = 4.64 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

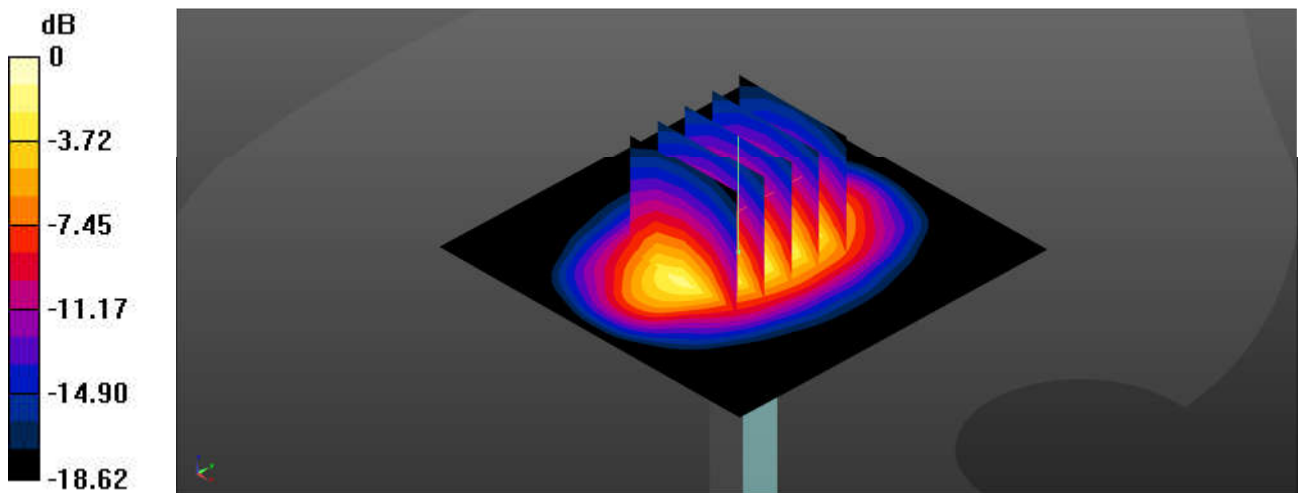
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.37 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.13 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.39 W/kg



0 dB = 3.39 W/kg = 5.30 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.856$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.104$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

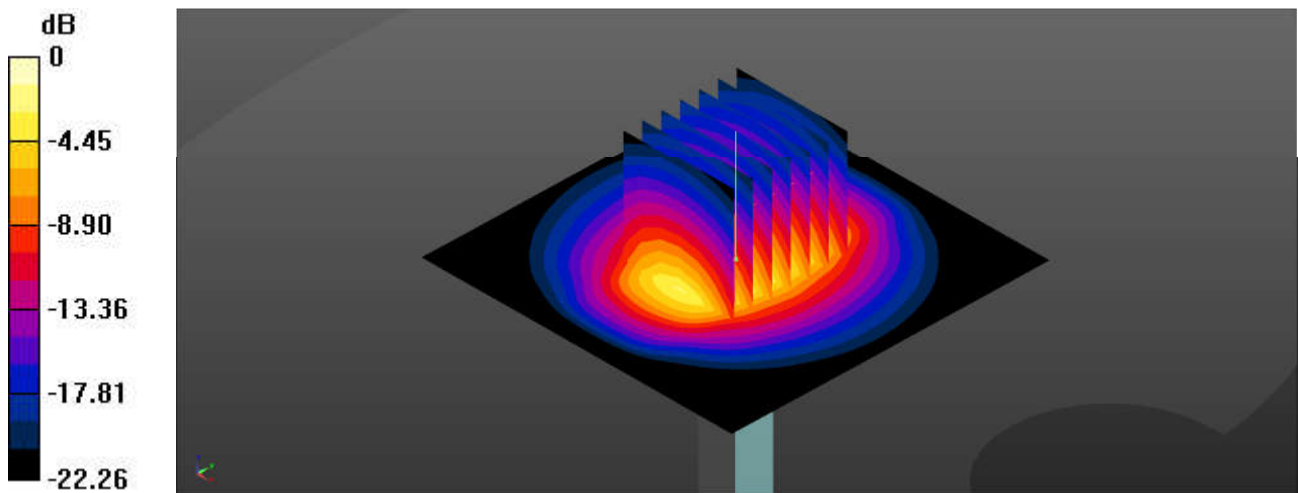
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.59 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 50.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.67 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.22 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.51 W/kg



0 dB = 4.51 W/kg = 6.54 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.981$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.069$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

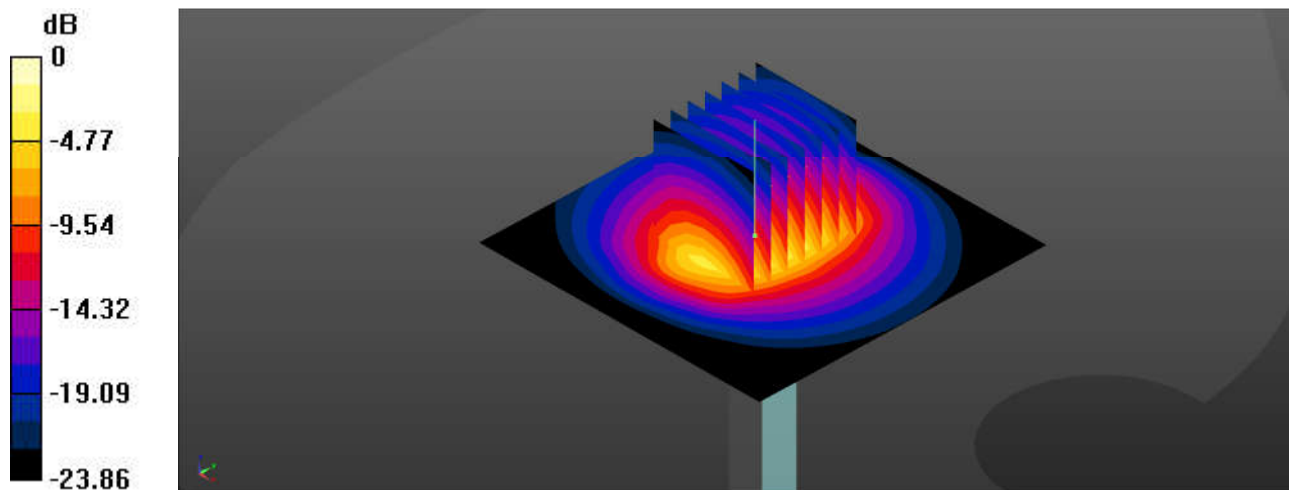
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.51 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 46.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.78 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.55 W/kg



0 dB = 4.55 W/kg = 6.58 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.695$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

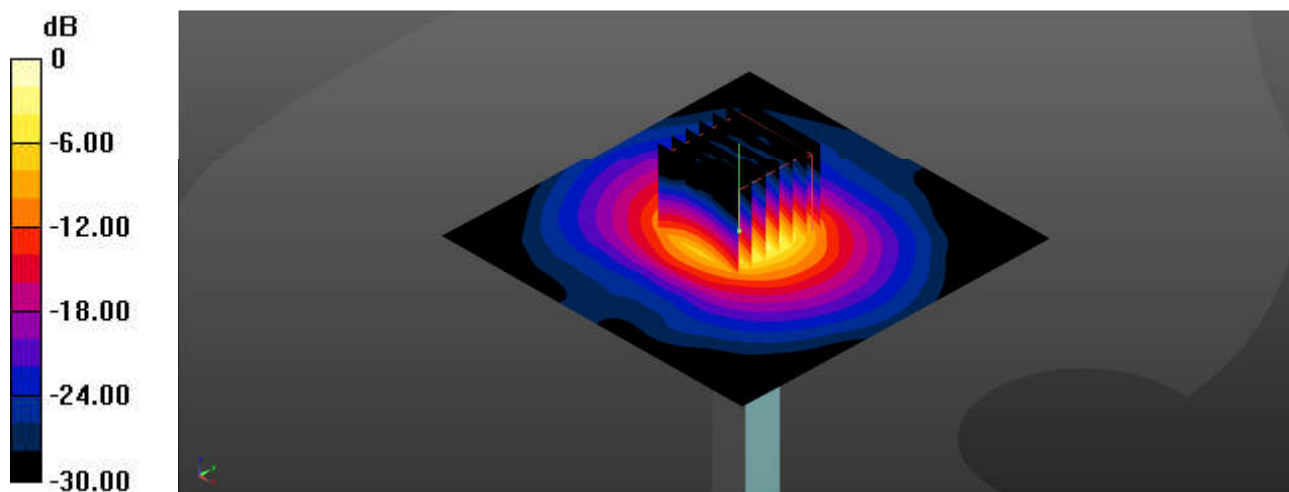
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.32 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 45.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.86 W/kg



0 dB = 8.86 W/kg = 9.47 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.038$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.81$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

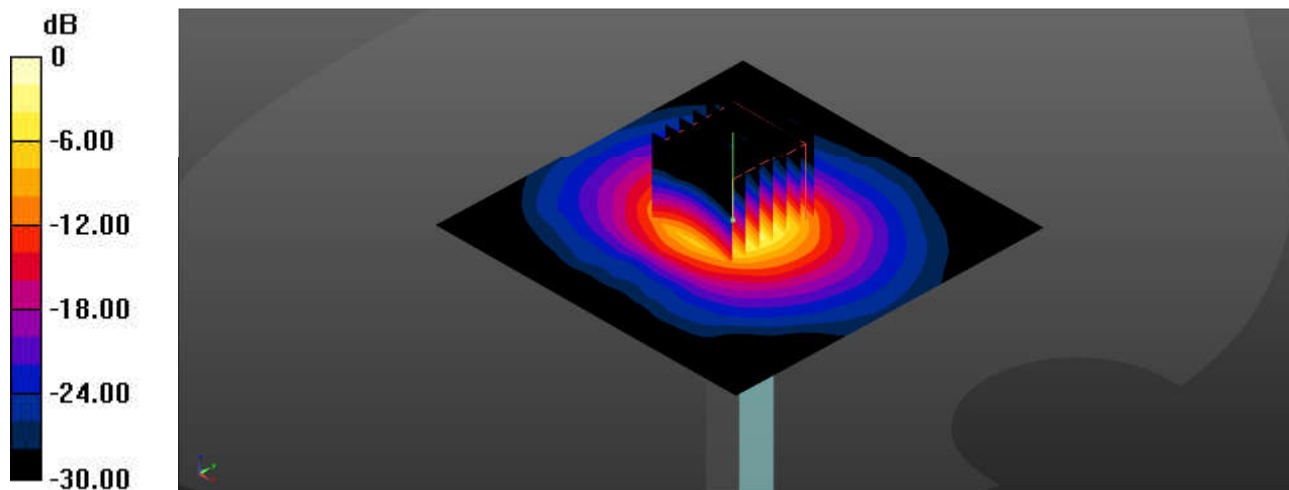
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.67 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 47.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.13 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



0 dB = 10.2 W/kg = 10.09 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.28$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.498$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

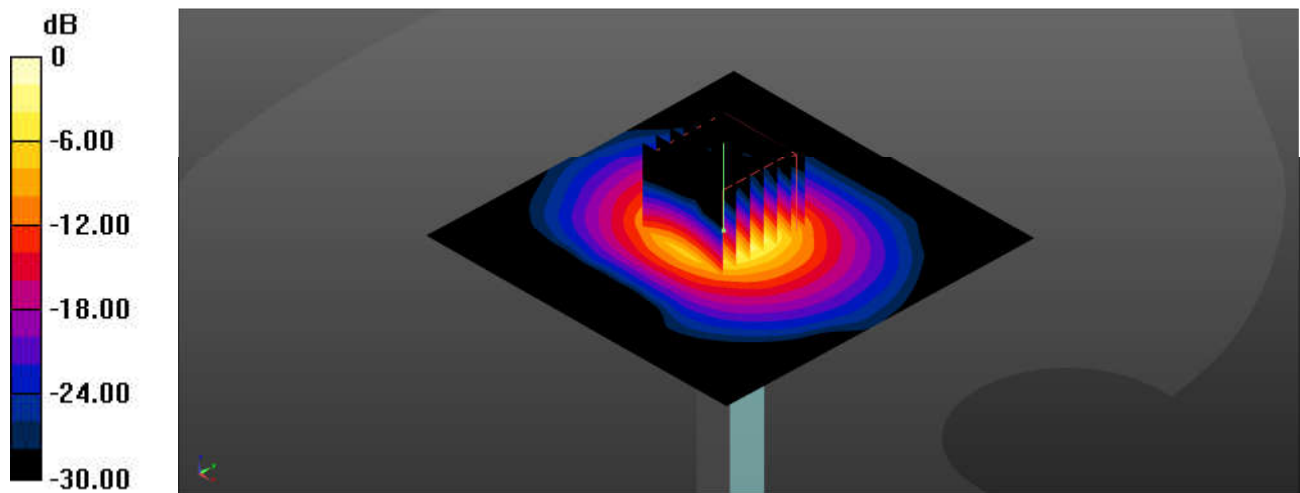
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.77 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 48.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.40 W/kg



0 dB = 9.40 W/kg = 9.73 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_750MHz

DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.907 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.764$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

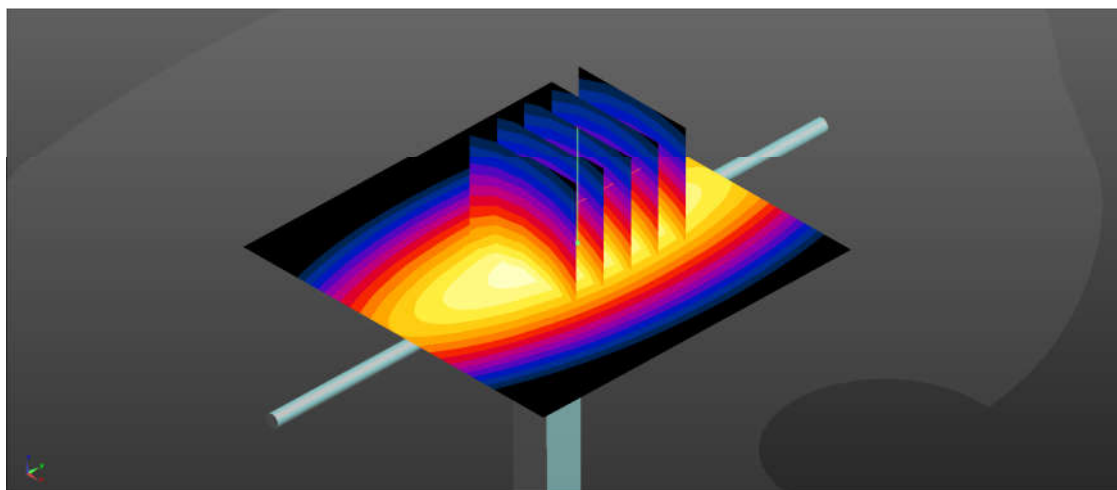
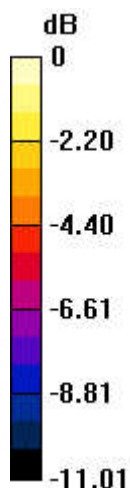
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.35, 10.35, 10.35); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 25.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.633 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg



0 dB = 0.561 W/kg = -2.51 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.935 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.541$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

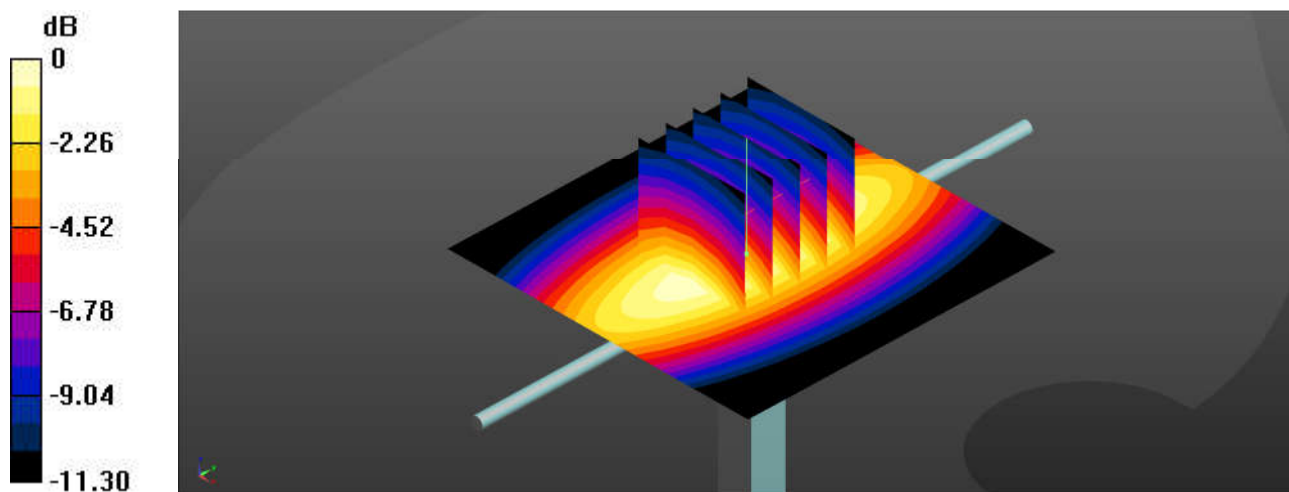
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.683 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 28.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.498 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.683 W/kg



0 dB = 0.683 W/kg = -1.66 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.939$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

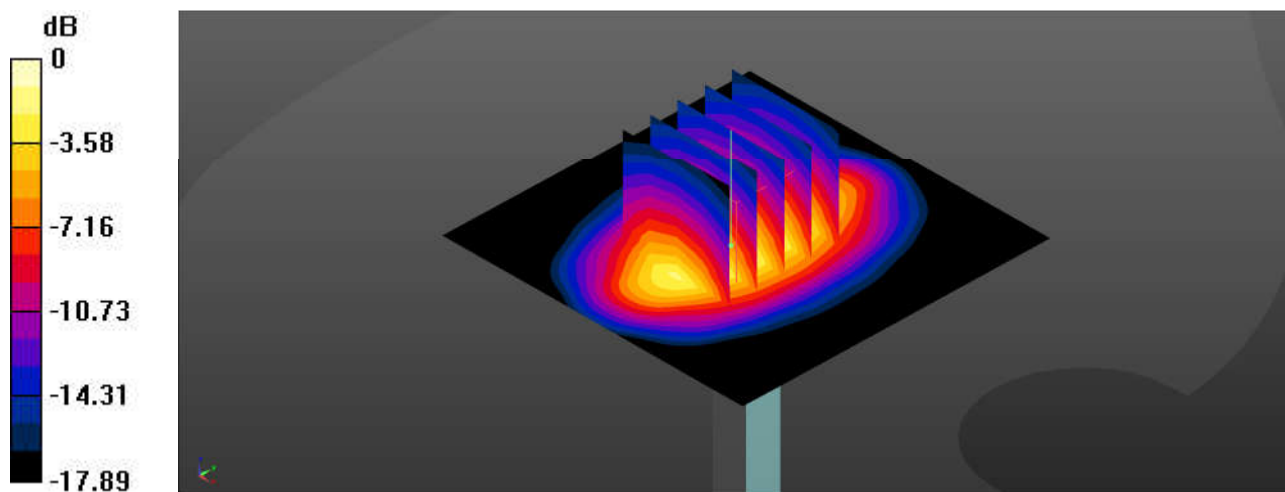
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.97, 8.97, 8.97); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.93 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 47.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.975 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg



0 dB = 2.90 W/kg = 4.62 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.454$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.686$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

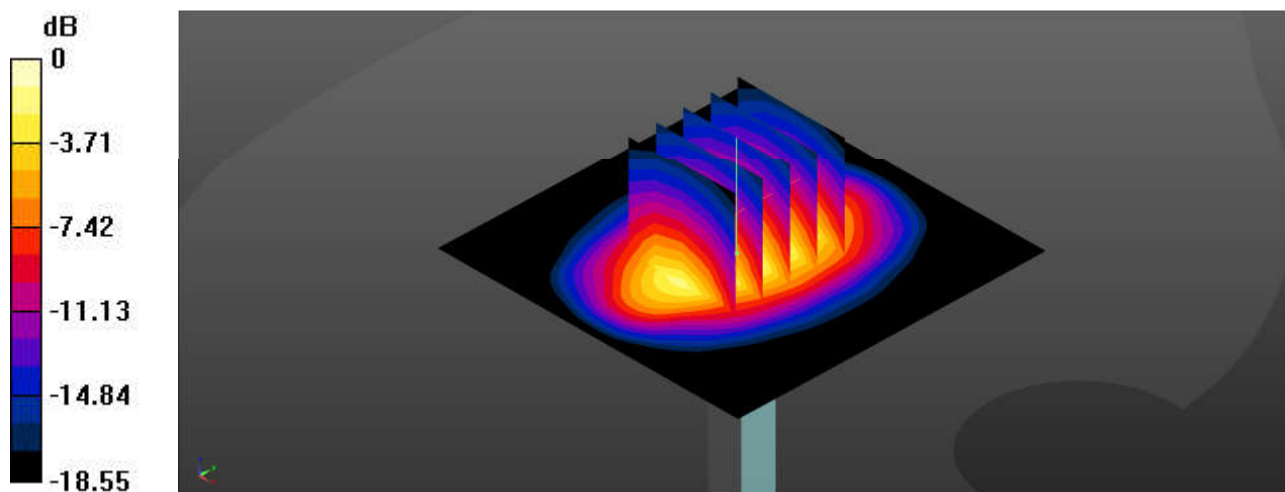
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.37 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.07 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.38 W/kg



0 dB = 3.38 W/kg = 5.29 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:924

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.766$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.369$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

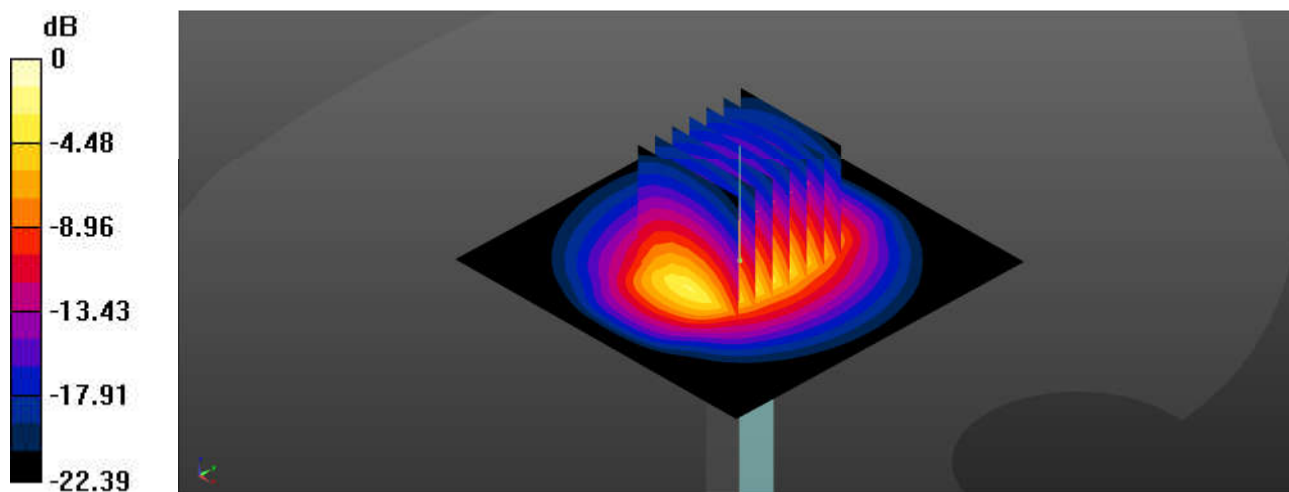
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.28 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 50.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.41 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.30 W/kg



0 dB = 4.30 W/kg = 6.33 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.879$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.167$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

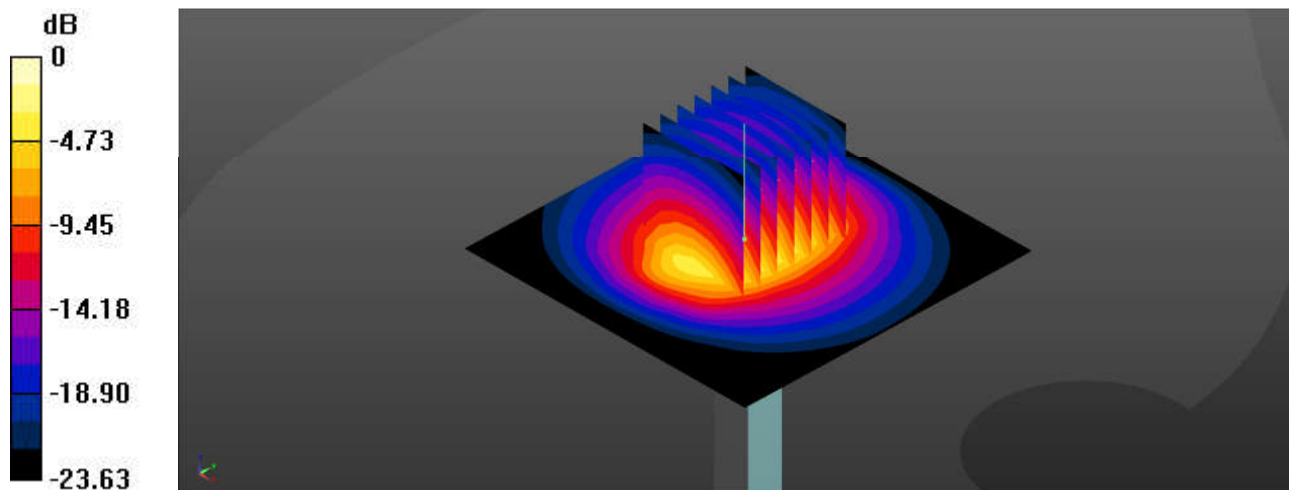
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.32 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 46.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.25 W/kg



0 dB = 4.25 W/kg = 6.28 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.641$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.197$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

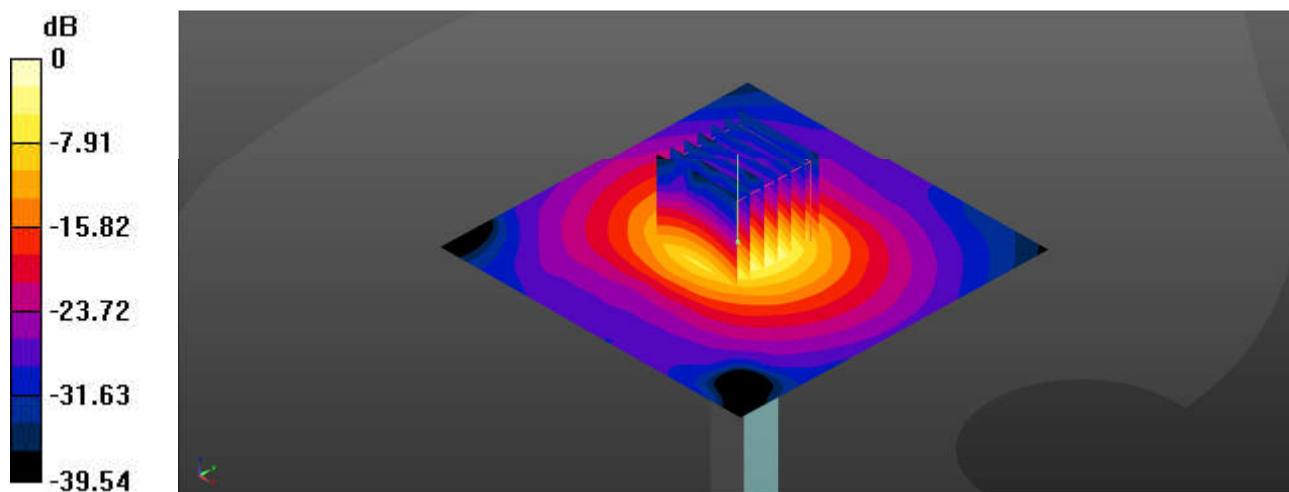
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.23 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 45.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.81 W/kg



0 dB = 8.81 W/kg = 9.45 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.985$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

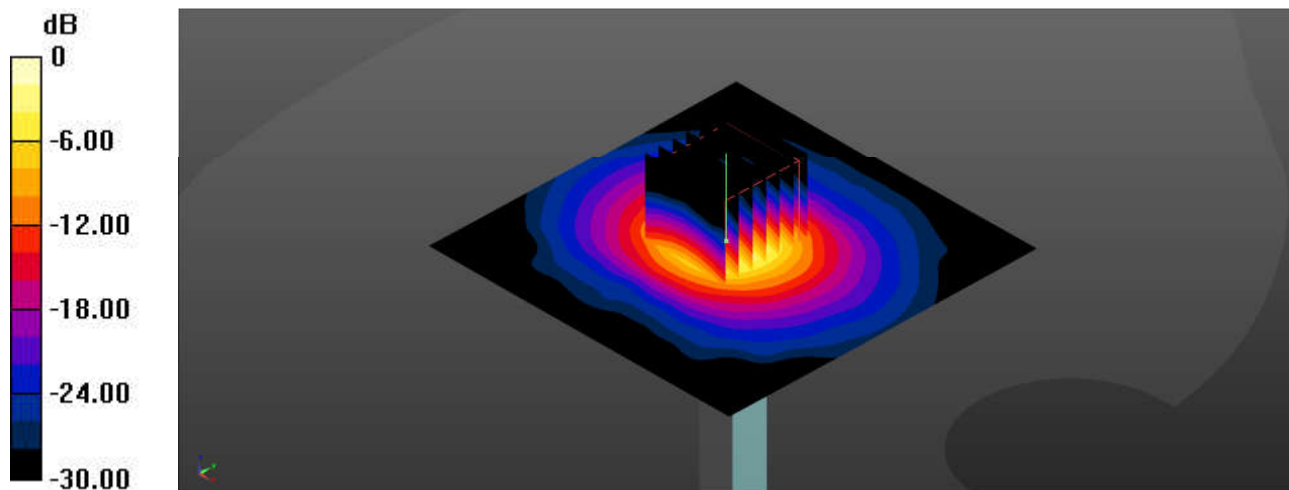
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.48 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 47.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.11 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.1 W/kg



0 dB = 10.1 W/kg = 10.04 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.219$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.277$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.77 W/kg

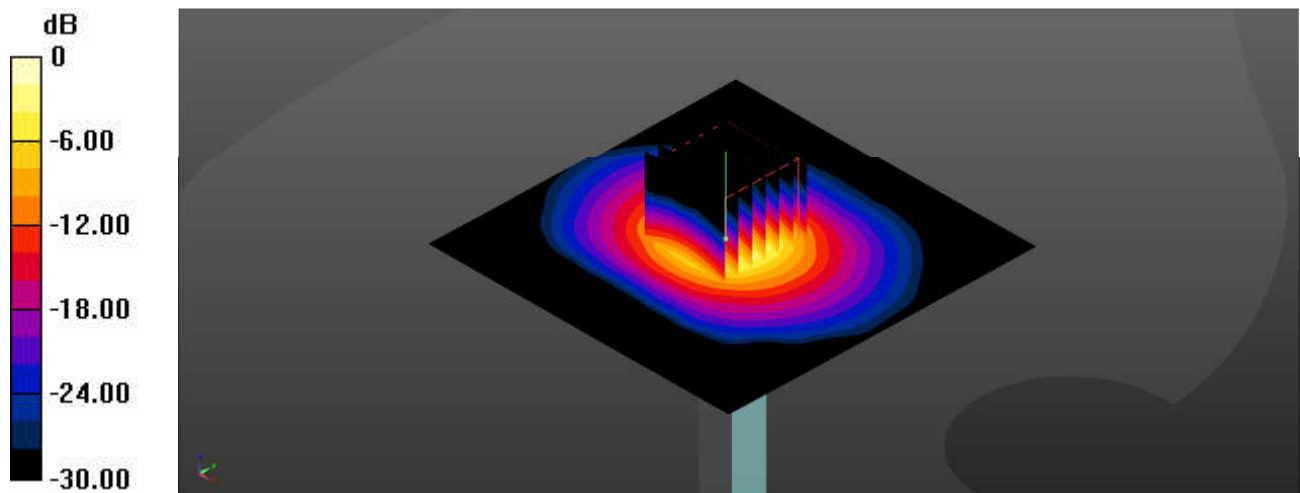
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 44.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.37 W/kg



0 dB = 9.37 W/kg = 9.72 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch23230

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.741$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.35, 10.35, 10.35); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 W/kg

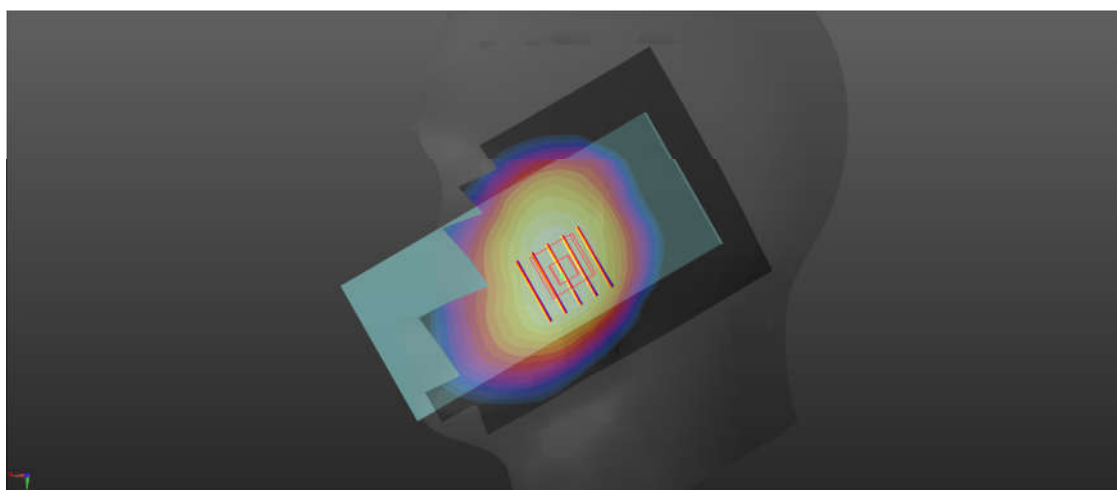
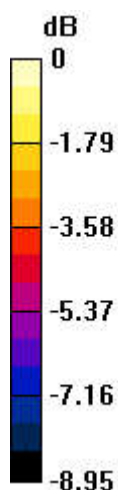
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.646 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.100 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg



0 dB = 0.117 W/kg = -9.32 dBW/kg

02_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.944$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.238$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.349 W/kg

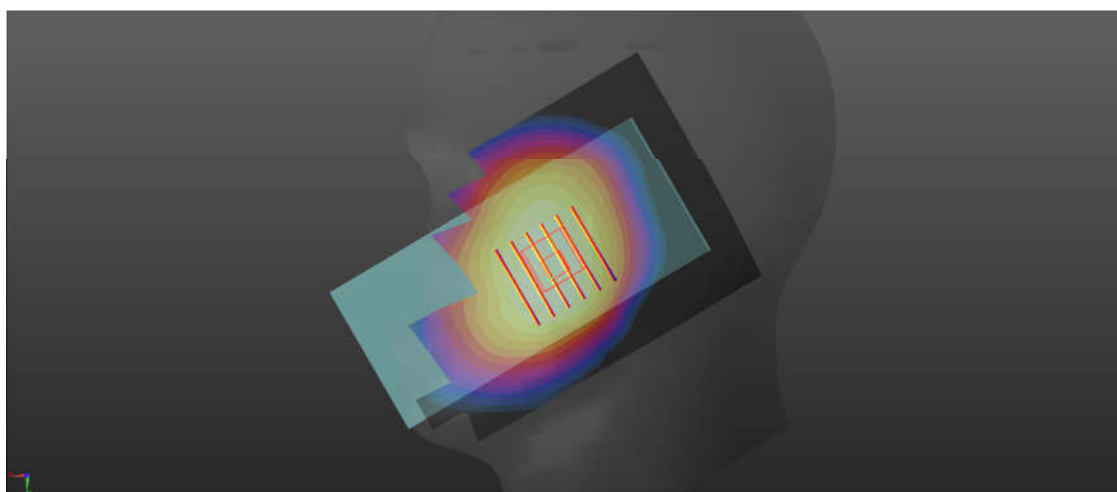
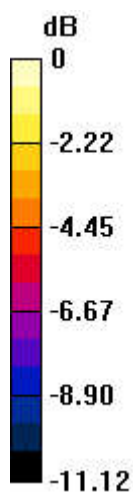
Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.592 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



0 dB = 0.342 W/kg = -4.66 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.944$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.238$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 W/kg

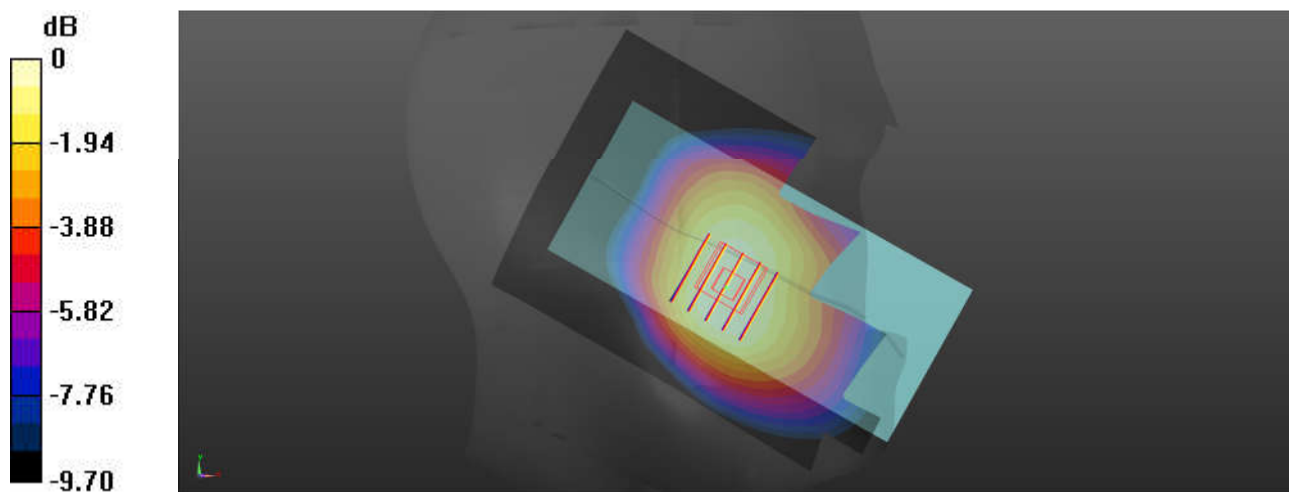
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.150 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.387 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 W/kg



04_LTE Band 26_15M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch26865

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: $f = 831.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.942$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.253$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 W/kg

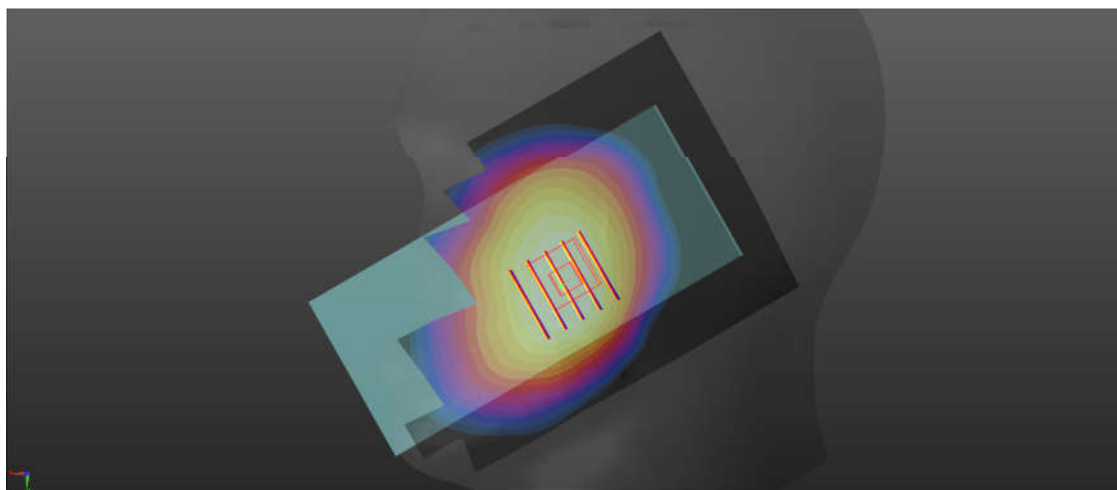
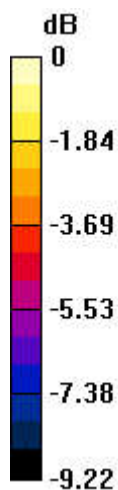
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 W/kg



0 dB = 0.251 W/kg = -6.00 dBW/kg

05_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1733$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.333$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

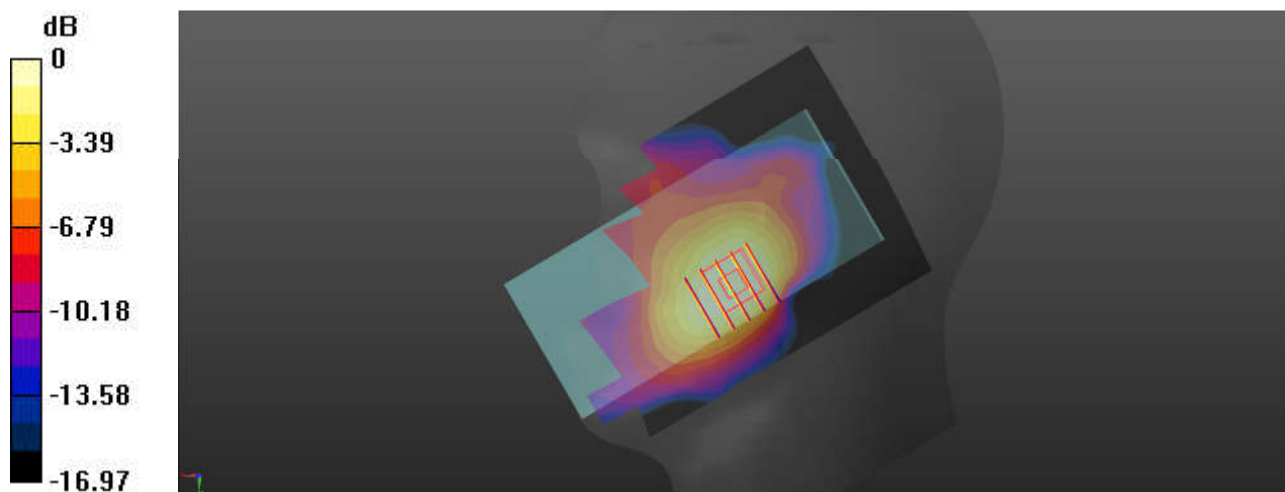
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.97, 8.97, 8.97); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.827 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.212 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.136 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg



0 dB = 0.181 W/kg = -7.42 dBW/kg

06_LTE Band 66_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch132322

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.345$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.397$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.97, 8.97, 8.97); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0980 W/kg

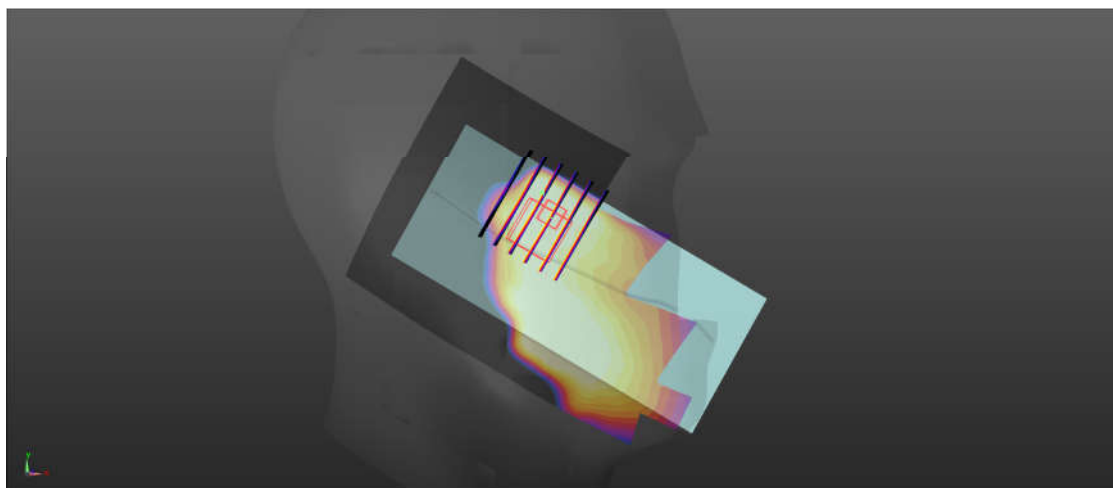
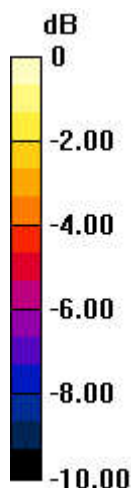
Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0531 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0531 W/kg = -12.75 dBW/kg

07_GSM1900_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch661

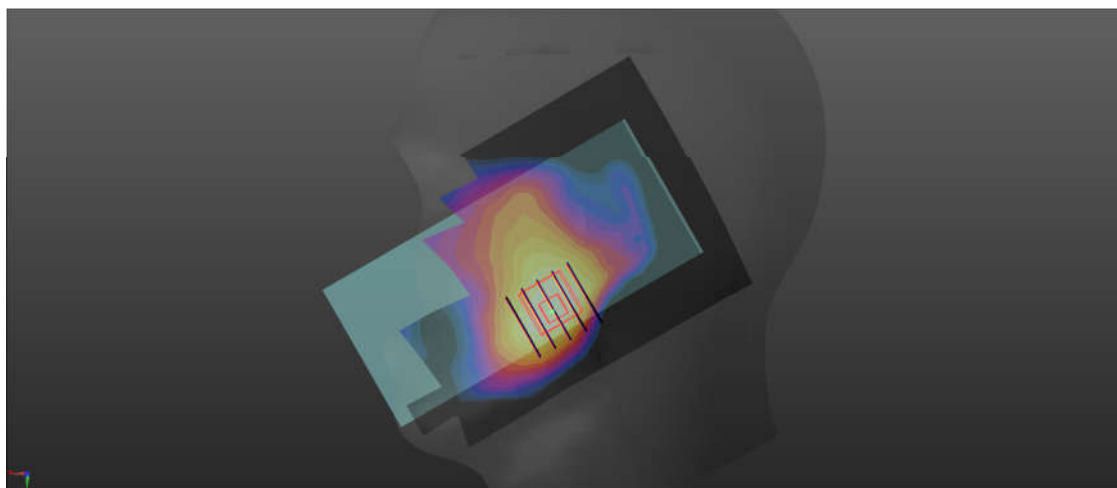
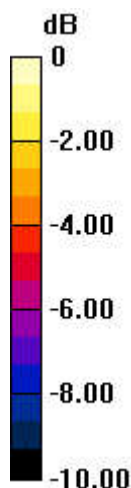
Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.447$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.02$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.215 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.222 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.152 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg



0 dB = 0.200 W/kg = -6.99 dBW/kg

08_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.447$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.02$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

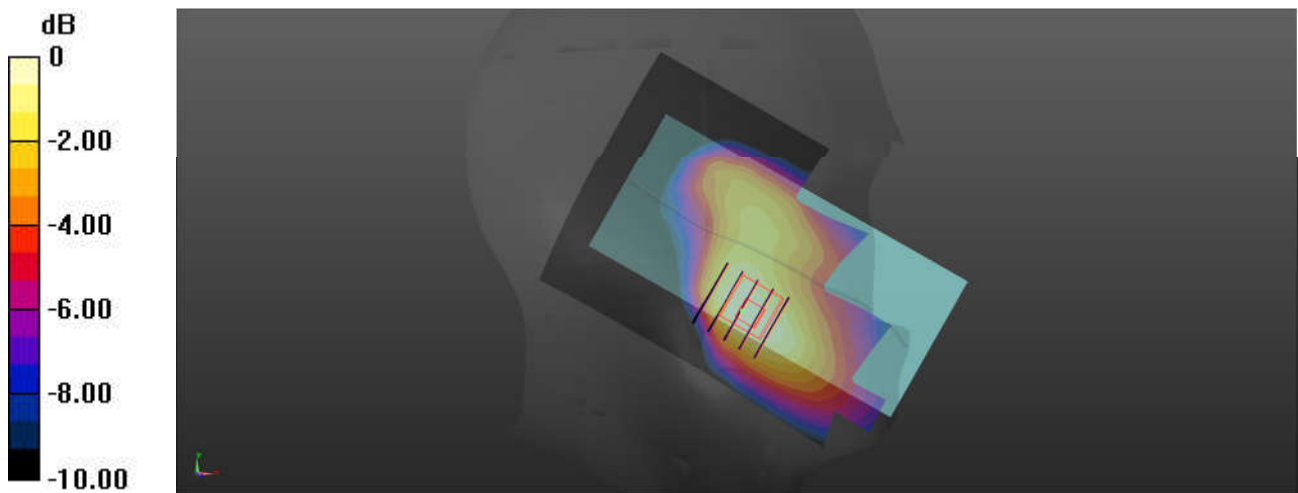
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.686 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.499 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.315 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg



0 dB = 0.427 W/kg = -3.70 dBW/kg

09_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch18900

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.447$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.02$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

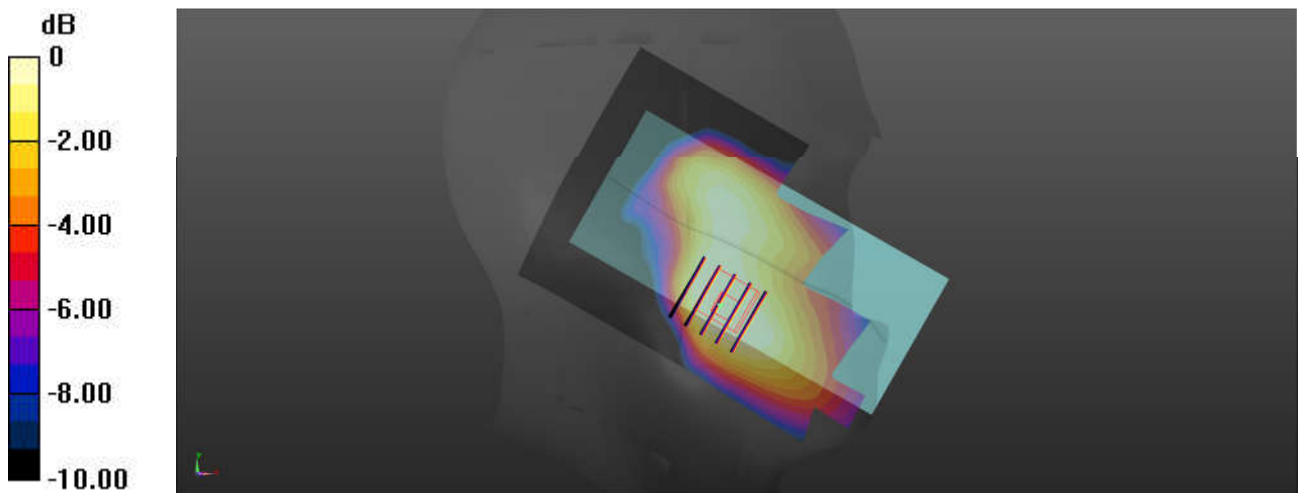
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (81x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.250 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.956 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.152 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 W/kg



0 dB = 0.205 W/kg = -6.88 dBW/kg

10_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.063$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7630; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2022/3/4
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2021/9/21
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2024
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (101x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 W/kg

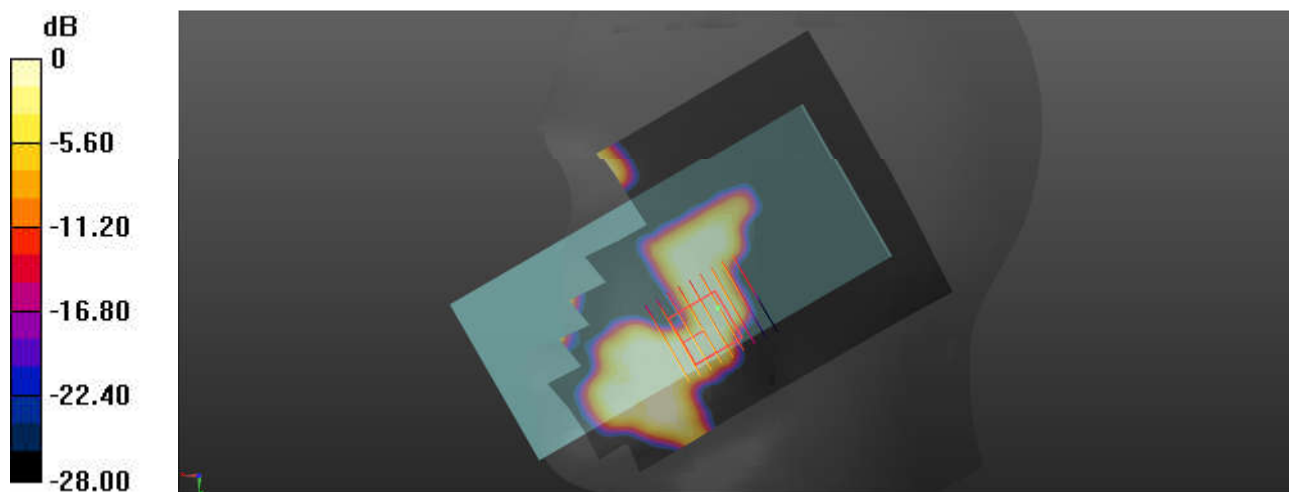
Zoom Scan (8x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0530 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0427 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0427 W/kg = -13.70 dBW/kg