

# FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC  
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone  
BRAND NAME : Motorola  
MODEL NAME : XT2223-1  
FCC ID : IHDT56AE3  
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Si Zhang

**Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)**  
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People's Republic of China



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### 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2223-1**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.45	1.35	1.35	1.59
		GSM1900	<0.10	<b>1.38</b>	<b>1.38</b>	
	WCDMA	Band II	0.10	1.05	1.26	
		Band IV	0.19	1.09	1.14	
		Band V	0.45	1.18	1.18	
	LTE	Band 2	0.12	1.09	1.09	
		Band 4	0.31	1.12	1.16	
		Band 7	0.59	1.31	1.31	
		Band 12/17	0.16	0.51	0.51	
		Band 13	0.22	0.41	0.41	
		Band 26/ 5	0.30	1.13	1.13	
		Band 41/38	0.51	1.26	1.26	
		Band 42	1.10	1.12	1.12	
	5G NR	n5	0.23	0.82	0.82	
		n7	0.41	1.03	1.16	
		n77	0.55	0.46	0.46	
n78		1.08	1.12	1.12		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.16	1.19	1.19	1.59
NII		5GHz WLAN	<b>1.18</b>	0.22	1.18	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.13	0.21	0.19	1.59
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	1.55			3.84
		GSM1900	<b>3.44</b>			
	WCDMA	Band II	2.70			
		Band IV	3.19			
		Band V	2.34			
	LTE	Band 2	3.09			
		Band 4	3.23			
		Band 7	1.75			
		Band 41/38	1.66			
		Band 42	0.93			
	5G NR	n7	1.46			
n77		1.37				
n78		2.59				
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.12			3.84
Date of Testing:			2022/3/24~ 2022/4/8			
<b>Remark:</b>						
1. This device supports LTE B5 / B17 / B38 and B26 / B12 / B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B5 / B17 / B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B26 / B12 / B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B26 / B12 / B41.						



**Declaration of Conformity:**

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

**Comments and Explanations:**

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



### 2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR03-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

### 3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01



## 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

### 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2223-1
FCC ID	IHDT56AE3
IMEI Code	IMEI 1 :359131420065211 IMEI 2 :359131420065229
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	S1SS32.38
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
<b>Remark:</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.</li> <li>This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.</li> </ol>	



3. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
4. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
5. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose single dual SIM mobile to perform all tests.
6. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
7. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level, which are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
8. This product has four kinds of earphone options only different is manufacturer, therefore RF exposure evaluation was selected earphone 1 performed SAR testing.
9. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head and Handheld. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn.
10. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
11. LTE band 38/41 supports HPUE, we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
12. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately, n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
13. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
14. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
15. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
16. 5G NR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5G NR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5G NR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR , the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.
17. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
18. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
19. This device supports 5G NR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.

<5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
NSA	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n77	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
SA	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20,25,30,40
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100





4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56AE3																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3550 MHz ~ 3600 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat18																																																														
CA Support	Supported, Uplink and Downlink																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p><b>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N<sub>RB</sub>)</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in Proximity sensors/receiver/hotspot detect mechanism, head/body -worn /hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some bands applied to satisfy SAR compliance, the detail please referred to section 13.																																																														
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification please referred to section 13.																																																														
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for intra-band with two component carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducted powers were evaluated per FCC Guidance. 2. This device supports maximum of 4 carriers in the downlink and 2 carriers in the uplink.																																																														

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900



LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20850	2510	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21350	2560	21350	2560
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704	23060	704	23060	704
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711	23130	711	23130	711
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782		23230		782	
M	23230		782		23230		782		23230		782	
H	23255		784.5		23230		782		23230		782	
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23755		706.5		23780		709		23780		709	
M	23790		710		23790		710		23790		710	
H	23825		713.5		23800		711		23800		711	
LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26740	819	26765	821.5
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26990	844	26965	841.5
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580	37850	2580	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610	38150	2610	38150	2610
LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506	39750	2506	39750	2506
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5	40185	2549.5	40185	2549.5
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593
HM	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5	41055	2636.5	41055	2636.5
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680	41490	2680	41490	2680
LTE Band 42												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460	42190	3460	42190	3460
M	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500
H	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540	42990	3540	42990	3540



4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

5G NR Information	
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G NR transmission band	5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	5G NR n5: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz 5G NR n7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 25MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n77: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 70MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz 5G NR n78: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 70MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz
SCS	FDD: SCS15KHz, TDD: SCS30KHz
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7
LTE Anchor Bands for n77	LTE B41
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B5/7/38/41

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each 5G NR band								
NR Band 5								
	Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834
M	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5
H	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839

NR Band 7														
	Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 25MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520
M	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535
H	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550

NR Band 77																		
	Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
M	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
H	664666	3970.02	664332	3965.01	664000	3960	663666	3954.99	663332	3950.01	663000	3945	662666	3940.02	662332	3935.01	662000	3930

NR Band 78																		
	Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
M	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
H	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02	651334	3770.01	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650332	3755.01		

For <3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz >

NR Band 77																		
	Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	630668	3460.02	631000	3465	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632334	3485.01	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01
H	636000	3540	635666	3534.99	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634332	3514.98	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		

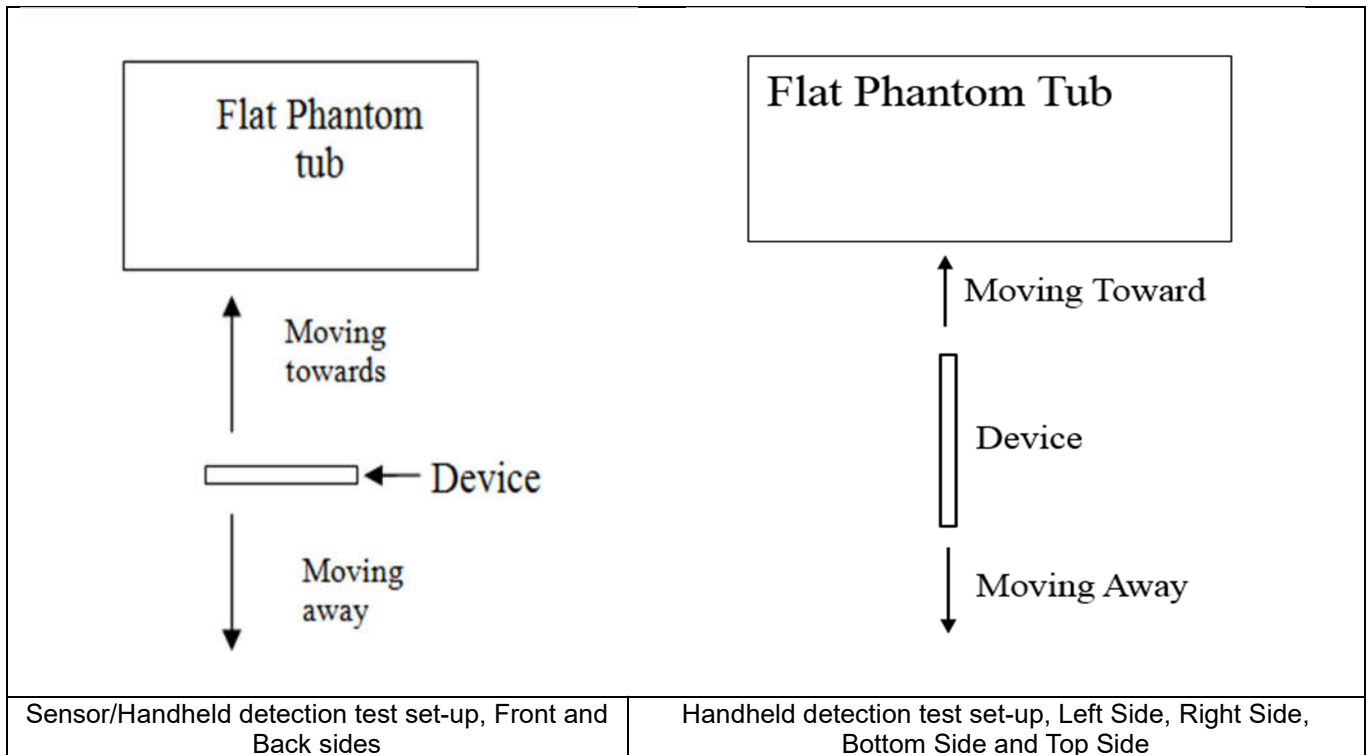
NR Band 78																		
	Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	630668	3460.02	631000	3465	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632334	3485.01	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01

636000	3540	635666	3534.99	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634332	3514.98	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		
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## 5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

### <Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5825MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



**<P-Sensor>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	11	14	18	22

**<Handheld for ANT0>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Left Side		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	5	4	14	17	6	9	9	15

**<Handheld for ANT1>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Right Side		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	9	13	15	18	4	8	12	18

**<Handheld for ANT4>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Left Side		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	4	8	9	13	4	7	9	14

**<Handheld for ANT5>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	2	3	8	9	9	11

**<Handheld for ANT6>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Right Side		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	10	8	15	18	5	8	11	16

## **6. RF Exposure Limits**

### **6.1 Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **6.2 Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## **7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

### **7.1 Introduction**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **7.2 SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

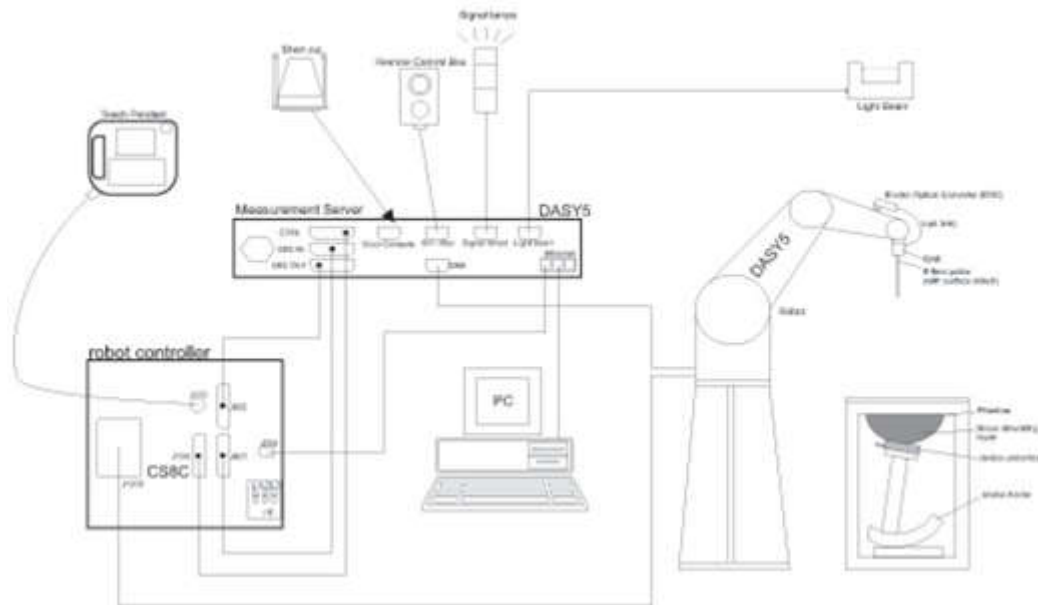
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## **8. System Description and Setup**

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win10 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



**8.1 E-Field Probe**

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

**<EX3DV4 Probe>**

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

**8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Photo of DAE**


**8.3 Phantom**

**<SAM Twin Phantom>**

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

**<ELI Phantom>**

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

## 8.4 Device Holder

### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

## 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

### 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### 9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

### 9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm	
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



### 10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2022/2/24	2023/2/23
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2022/2/24	2023/2/23
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	2020/9/2	2023/9/1
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/25
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2020/5/14	2023/5/13
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/22
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1691	2021/10/4	2022/10/3
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7592	2021/6/24	2022/6/23
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1697	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/10/14	2022/10/13
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	

**Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

## 11. System Verification

### 11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

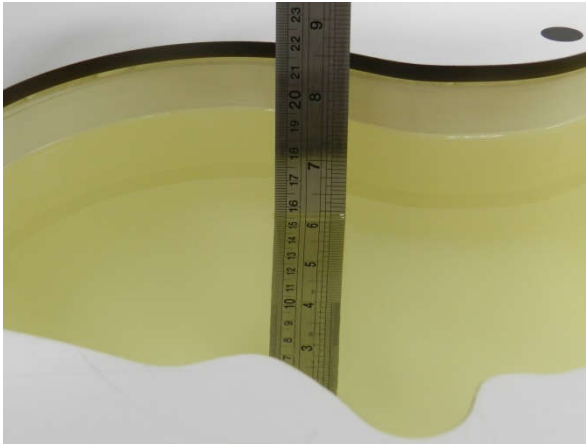


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR





**11.2 Tissue Verification**

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

**Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG**

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

**<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>**

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.900	41.184	0.89	41.90	1.12	-1.71	±5	2022/3/28
835	Head	22.6	0.930	40.910	0.90	41.50	3.33	-1.42	±5	2022/3/28
1750	Head	22.7	1.395	40.500	1.37	40.10	1.82	1.00	±5	2022/3/29
1900	Head	22.7	1.428	38.830	1.40	40.00	2.00	-2.93	±5	2022/3/24
2450	Head	22.6	1.820	39.224	1.80	39.20	1.11	0.06	±5	2022/3/30
2600	Head	22.6	1.927	39.034	1.96	39.00	-1.68	0.09	±5	2022/3/30
3500	Head	22.6	2.807	38.989	2.91	37.90	-3.54	2.87	±5	2022/3/31
3700	Head	22.6	2.993	38.672	3.12	37.70	-4.07	2.58	±5	2022/3/31
3900	Head	22.7	3.192	38.388	3.32	37.50	-3.86	2.37	±5	2022/4/1
5250	Head	22.7	4.727	35.953	4.71	35.90	0.36	0.15	±5	2022/4/1
5600	Head	22.6	5.151	35.310	5.07	35.50	1.60	-0.54	±5	2022/4/2
5750	Head	22.6	5.322	35.039	5.22	35.40	1.95	-1.02	±5	2022/4/2
750	Head	22.5	0.899	41.179	0.89	41.90	1.01	-1.72	±5	2022/4/3
835	Head	22.5	0.929	40.932	0.90	41.50	3.22	-1.37	±5	2022/4/3
1750	Head	22.5	1.410	40.671	1.37	40.10	2.92	1.42	±5	2022/4/4
1900	Head	22.5	1.458	39.790	1.40	40.00	4.14	-0.53	±5	2022/3/24
2450	Head	22.6	1.805	38.548	1.80	39.20	0.28	-1.66	±5	2022/4/5
2600	Head	22.6	1.923	38.241	1.96	39.00	-1.89	-1.95	±5	2022/4/5
3500	Head	22.6	2.849	38.607	2.91	37.90	-2.10	1.87	±5	2022/4/6
3700	Head	22.6	3.044	38.164	3.12	37.70	-2.44	1.23	±5	2022/4/6
3900	Head	22.9	3.247	37.755	3.32	37.50	-2.20	0.68	±5	2022/4/7
5250	Head	22.9	4.553	36.114	4.71	35.90	-3.33	0.60	±5	2022/4/7
5600	Head	22.8	4.924	35.585	5.07	35.50	-2.88	0.24	±5	2022/4/8
5750	Head	22.8	5.100	35.396	5.22	35.40	-2.30	-0.01	±5	2022/4/8



11.3 System Performance Check Results

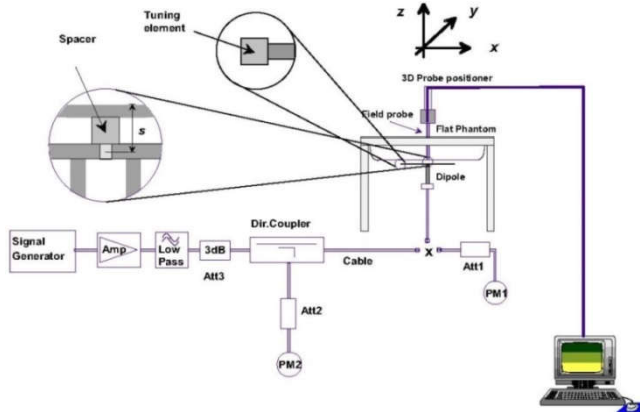
Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Tissue Type, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 1g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). It contains 30 rows of test data.

**<10g SAR>**

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/3/28	750	Head	50	1087	7592	1691	0.296	5.65	5.92	4.78
2022/3/28	835	Head	50	4d258	7592	1691	0.317	6.13	6.34	3.43
2022/3/29	1750	Head	50	1090	7592	1691	0.959	19.50	19.18	-1.64
2022/3/24	1900	Head	50	5d170	7592	1691	1.000	20.30	20	-1.48
2022/3/30	2450	Head	50	924	7592	1691	1.130	24.00	22.6	-5.83
2022/3/30	2600	Head	50	1061	7592	1691	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2022/3/31	3500	Head	50	1037	7592	1691	1.220	25.40	24.4	-3.94
2022/3/31	3700	Head	50	1008	7592	1691	1.150	24.40	23	-5.74
2022/4/1	3900	Head	50	1048	7592	1691	1.130	24.40	22.6	-7.38
2022/4/1	5250	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.090	23.10	21.8	-5.63
2022/4/2	5600	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.100	23.80	22	-7.56
2022/4/2	5750	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.050	22.80	21	-7.89
2022/4/3	750	Head	50	1087	7592	1691	0.276	5.65	5.52	-2.30
2022/4/3	835	Head	50	4d258	7592	1691	0.322	6.13	6.44	5.06
2022/4/4	1750	Head	50	1090	7592	1691	0.992	19.50	19.84	1.74
2022/3/24	1900	Head	50	5d170	7592	1691	1.060	20.30	21.2	4.43
2022/4/5	2450	Head	50	924	7592	1691	1.140	24.00	22.8	-5.00
2022/4/5	2600	Head	50	1061	7592	1691	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2022/4/6	3500	Head	50	1037	7592	1691	1.190	25.40	23.8	-6.30
2022/4/6	3700	Head	50	1008	7592	1691	1.190	24.40	23.8	-2.46
2022/4/7	3900	Head	50	1048	7592	1691	1.130	24.40	22.6	-7.38
2022/4/7	5250	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.090	23.10	21.8	-5.63
2022/4/8	5600	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.150	23.80	23	-3.36
2022/4/8	5750	Head	50	1113	7592	1691	1.120	22.80	22.4	-1.75



**Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup**

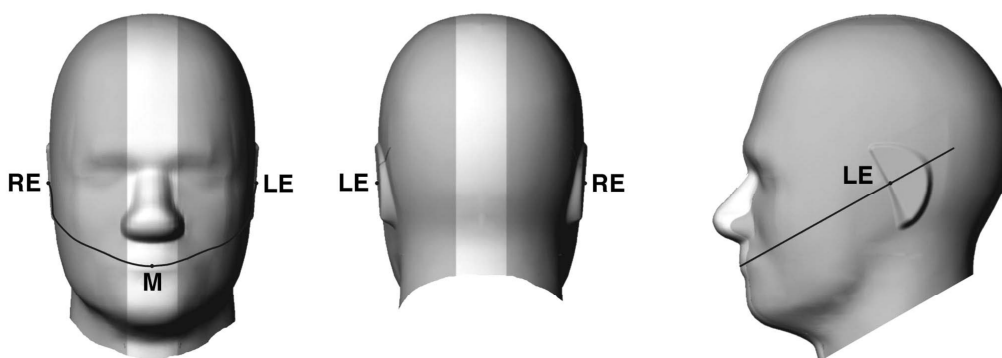


**Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo**

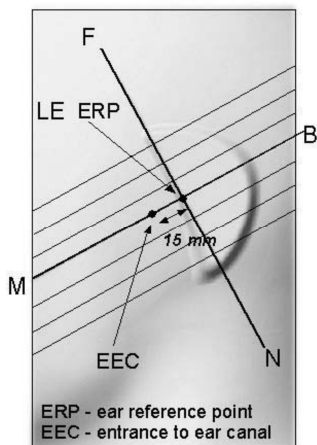
## **12. RF Exposure Positions**

### **12.1 Ear and handset reference point**

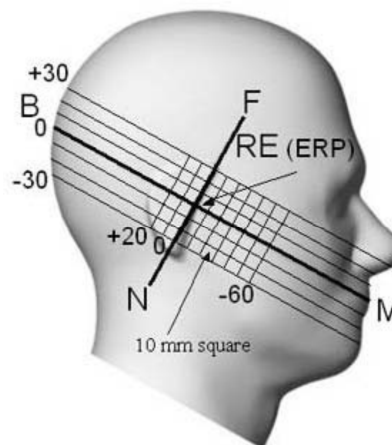
Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



**Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom**



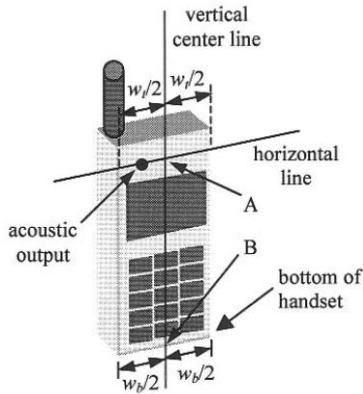
**Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.**



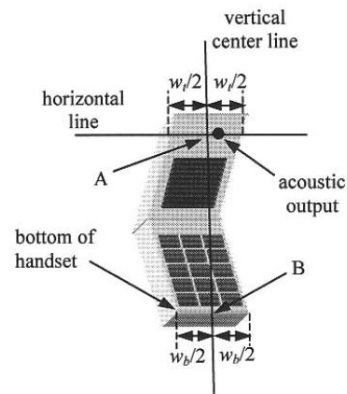
**Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations**

**12.2 Definition of the cheek position**

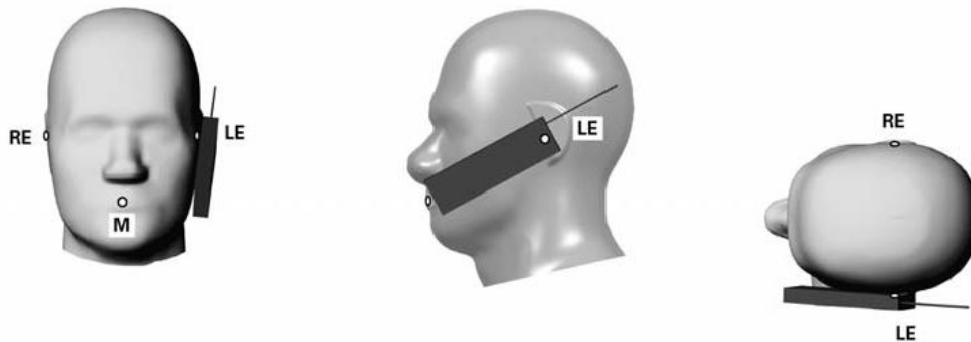
1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.



**Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”**



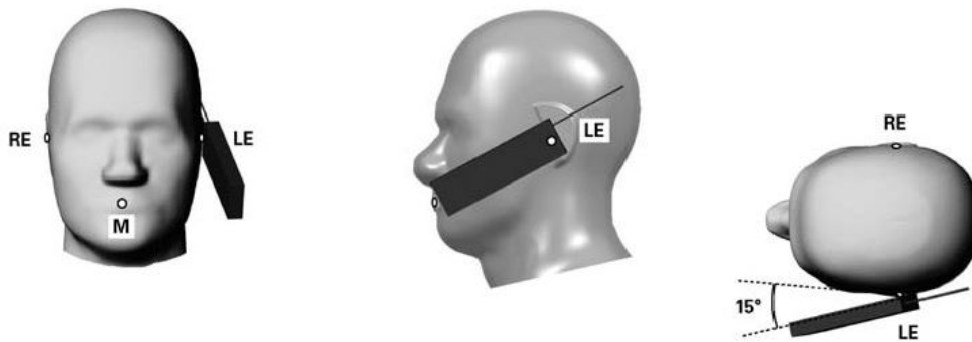
**Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”**



**Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.**

**12.3 Definition of the tilt position**

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



**Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.**

## 12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

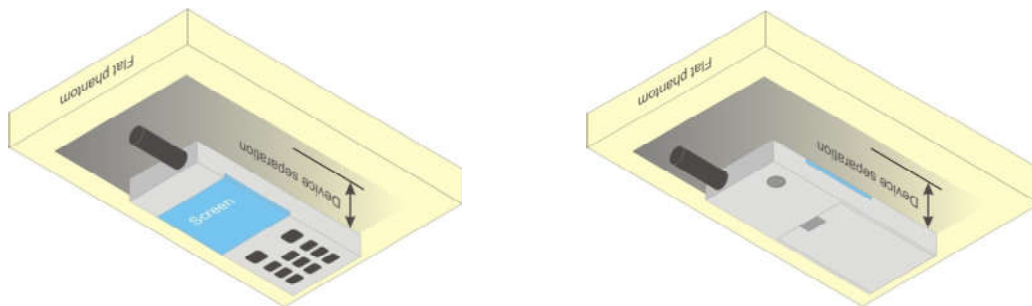


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position



## **12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure**

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq 25$  mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

## **12.6 Wireless Router**

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9$  cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



### **13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)**

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

#### **<GSM Conducted Power>**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### **<WCDMA Conducted Power>**

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

#### **HSDPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each
  - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA,  $\Delta_{ACK}$  and  $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ , and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$  with  $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 3: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Setup Configuration

**HSUPA Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
  - v. Set UE Target Power
  - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
  - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.11.1.3:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (Note 4) (Note 5)	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 47/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ . For sub-test 5,  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

**Setup Configuration**

**DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:**

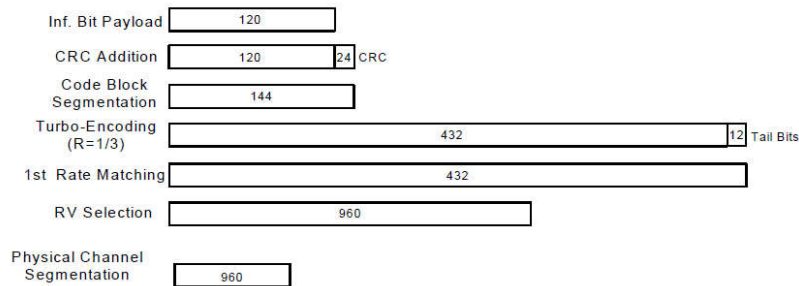
- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
  - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
  - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
  - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
  - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
  - v. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
    - a). Subtest 1:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
    - b). Subtest 2:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
    - c). Subtest 3:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
    - d). Subtest 4:  $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
  - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
  - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
  - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
  - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

**C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12**

**Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		



**Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK) Setup Configuration**

**HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:**

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting \* :
  - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
  - ii. Set the Gain Factors ( $\beta_c$  and  $\beta_d$ ) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E
  - iii. Set Channel Parmns
  - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
  - v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
  - vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
  - vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
  - viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
  - ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
  - x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
  - xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
  - xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
  - xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
  - xiv. Set Serving Grant
  - xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

**Table C.11.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 30/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 30/15	$\beta_{ed3}$ : 24/15 $\beta_{ed4}$ : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{fs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.

Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

**Setup Configuration**

**<WCDMA Conducted Power>**

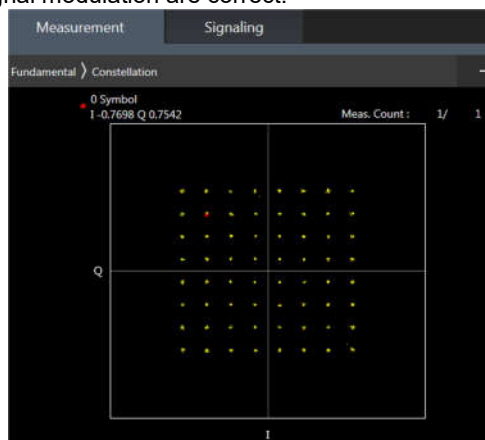
**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than  $1/4$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

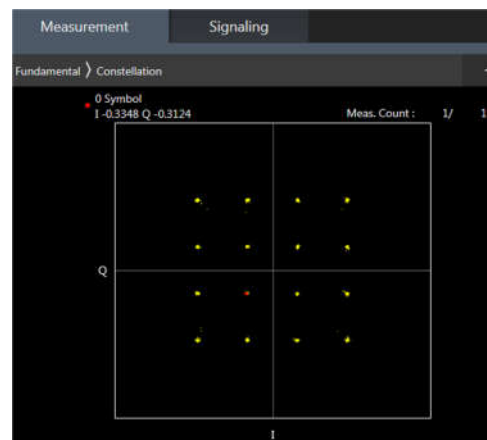
**<LTE Conducted Power>**

**General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B5 / B17 / B38 SAR test was covered by B26 / B12 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is  $\leq$  the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



**64QAM**



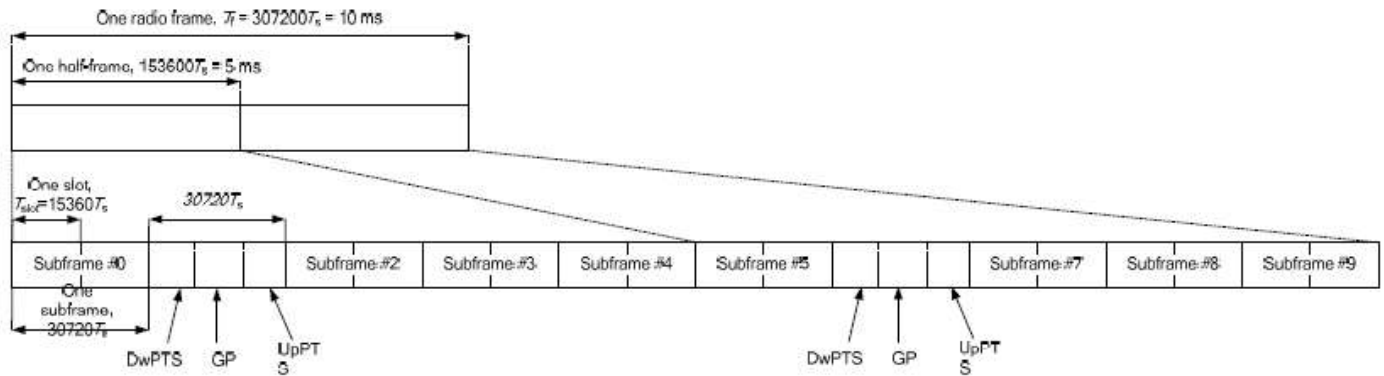
**16QAM**

**<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>**

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.



**Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).**

**Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.**

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

**Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).**

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	6592 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts	7680 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts
1	19760 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
2	21952 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
3	24144 · Ts			25600 · Ts		
4	26336 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts	7680 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts
5	6592 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
6	19760 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
7	21952 · Ts			12800 · Ts		
8	24144 · Ts			-		
9	13168 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T <sub>s</sub> ): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:  $(2+0.167)/5 = 43.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:  $(2+0.143)/5 = 42.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix  $43.3\%/42.9\% = 1.009$  is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

For class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:  $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:  $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix  $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$  is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration
LTE Band 41	> 23	1,2,3,4,5
	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6





**<LTE Carrier Aggregation>**

**General Note:**

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.

2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation				3CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation				4CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			
Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_5A-7A	7A		1	CA_41D	41D	4CC-3	1	CA_41C-41C	41C	
2	CA_7B	7B		2	CA_41A-41C	41A, 41C	4CC-4	2	CA_41E	41E	
3	CA_7C	7C		3	CA_41A-41A-41A	41A		3	CA_41A-41D	41A, 41D	
4	CA_7A-7A	7A		4	CA_41C-42A	41C, 42A		4	CA_41A-41A-41C	41A, 41C	
5	CA_38C	38C		5	CA_41A-42C	41A, 42C		5	CA_41C-42C	41C, 42C	
6	CA_41C	41C	4CC-1	6	CA_42D	42D					
7	CA_41A-41A	41A	4CC-3								
8	CA_41A-42A	41A, 42A									
9	CA_42C	42C	4CC-5								

**LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)**

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink four carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

**LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)**

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Bands 7/38/41/42 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

4X4 MIMO	Band
	LTE Band 7/38/41/42

**LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)**

2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation		
Number	Combination	Ant No.
1	CA_7C	ANT0
2	CA_41C	ANT0
3	CA_42C	ANT5

**<Intra-band>**

**General Note:**

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/41/42 with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA whit other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

### **5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)**

#### **General Note:**

1. 5G NR n5 / n77 / n78 is NSA mode.
2. 5G NR n7 / n78 is SA mode.
3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
  - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-s QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-s QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.
  - b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
  - c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
  - d. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
  - e. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
  - f. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
  - g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
4. 5G NR n78 HPUE with higher power, n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
5. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
6. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
7. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
8. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
9. 5G NR NSA EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5G NR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5G NR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR , the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.
10. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
11. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.

<3GPP 38.101 MPR for EN-DC>

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	$\leq 3.5^1$	$\leq 1.2^1$	$\leq 0.2^1$
		$\leq 0.5^2$	$\leq 0.5^2$	0 <sup>2</sup>
	QPSK		$\leq 1$	0
	16 QAM		$\leq 2$	$\leq 1$
	64 QAM		$\leq 2.5$	
CP-OFDM	256 QAM		$\leq 4.5$	
	QPSK	$\leq 3$		$\leq 1.5$
	16 QAM	$\leq 3$		$\leq 2$
	64 QAM		$\leq 3.5$	
	256 QAM		$\leq 6.5$	

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	$\leq 3.5$	$\leq 0.5$	0
	QPSK	$\leq 3.5$	$\leq 1$	0
	16 QAM	$\leq 3.5$	$\leq 2$	$\leq 1$
	64 QAM	$\leq 3.5$		$\leq 2.5$
	256 QAM		$\leq 4.5$	
CP-OFDM	QPSK	$\leq 3.5$	$\leq 3$	$\leq 1.5$
	16 QAM	$\leq 3.5$	$\leq 3$	$\leq 2$
	64 QAM		$\leq 3.5$	
	256 QAM		$\leq 6.5$	

EN-DC	4G UL	5G-NR UL
DC_7A_n5A	Ant0	Ant 1
DC_7A_n78A	Ant 4	Ant 5
DC_41A_n77A	Ant 4	Ant 5
DC_38A_n78A	Ant 4	Ant 5
DC_41A_n78A	Ant 4	Ant 5
DC_5A_n78A	Ant 1	Ant 5

### <WLAN Conducted Power>

#### General Note:

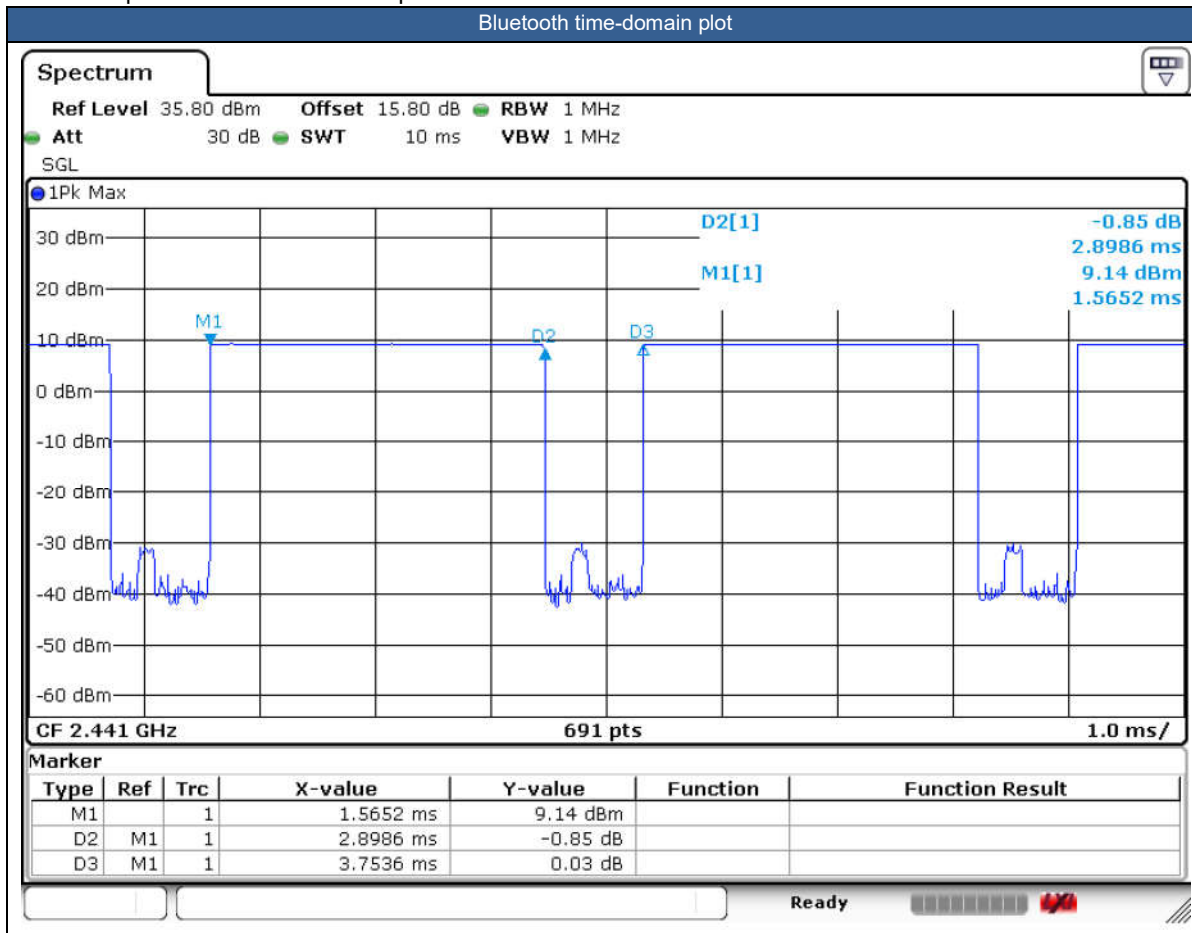
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle are 77.22% as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





## **14. Antenna Location**

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

## 15. SAR Test Results

### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
  - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
  - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
  - f. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 2, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose single dual SIM mobile to perform all tests.
5. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
6. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level, which are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
7. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
8. This product has four kinds of earphone options only different is manufacturer, therefore RF exposure evaluation was selected earphone 1 performed SAR testing.
9. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
10. LTE band 38/41 supports HPUE, we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
11. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately, n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
12. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
13. For LTE B7/B38/B41 Ant 4 test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
14. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.





15. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
16. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
17. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
18. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
19. 5G NR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5G NR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5G NR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.
20. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
  - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/26/38/41/42, 5G NR n7/n77/n78, WLAN5.8GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
  - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
  - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
21. For distance SAR and non-distance SAR, always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.

**GSM Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

**WCDMA Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

**LTE Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth



is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B5 / B17 / B38 SAR test was covered by LTE B26 / B12 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is  $\leq$  the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
  - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

**5G NR Note:**

1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
  - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
  - b. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
  - c. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
  - d. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
  - e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
  - f. For 5G FR1 n5 /n7/n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

**WLAN/Bluetooth Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.



15.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>750MHz</b>																	
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.03	0.110	0.135
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.01	0.098	0.119
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.05	0.076	0.093
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.05	0.061	0.074
01	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.01	0.127	<b>0.156</b>
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.08	0.098	0.119
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.03	0.064	0.078
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.04	0.003	0.004
02	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.17	0.164	<b>0.215</b>
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.06	0.090	0.118
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.01	0.073	0.096
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.03	0.046	0.060
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.04	0.121	0.158
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	-0.08	0.072	0.094
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.05	0.067	0.088
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.06	0.046	0.060

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>835MHz</b>																		
03	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	251	848.8	30.89	32.00	1.291	0.01	0.350	<b>0.452</b>
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	251	848.8	30.89	32.00	1.291	0.03	0.203	0.262
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	251	848.8	30.89	32.00	1.291	0.04	0.311	0.402
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	251	848.8	30.89	32.00	1.291	-0.09	0.187	0.241
04	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	4182	836.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.04	0.375	<b>0.450</b>
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	4182	836.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.03	0.183	0.220
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	4182	836.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.04	0.326	0.391
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	4182	836.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.08	0.173	0.208
05	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.17	0.227	<b>0.297</b>
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.03	0.138	0.180
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.04	0.114	0.149
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.08	0.071	0.093
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.05	0.196	0.256
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.06	0.122	0.159
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.05	0.108	0.141
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.04	0.068	0.089
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.06	0.173	0.215
06	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.02	0.185	<b>0.234</b>
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.05	0.098	0.122
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.06	0.095	0.120
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.05	0.152	0.189
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.01	0.095	0.120
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	-0.03	0.085	0.106
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.07	0.176	0.223



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>1750MHz</b>																		
07	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1413	1732.6	22.90	24.00	1.288	0.09	0.145	<b>0.187</b>
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1413	1732.6	22.90	24.00	1.288	0.06	0.063	0.081
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1413	1732.6	22.90	24.00	1.288	-0.03	0.113	0.146
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1413	1732.6	22.90	24.00	1.288	0.04	0.080	0.103
08	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.15	0.225	<b>0.308</b>
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	21.65	23.00	1.365	0.06	0.127	0.173
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	-0.04	0.095	0.130
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	21.65	23.00	1.365	0.03	0.057	0.078
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.01	0.181	0.248
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	21.65	23.00	1.365	0.05	0.110	0.150
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.09	0.123	0.169
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20175	1732.5	21.65	23.00	1.365	-0.03	0.072	0.098

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>1900MHz</b>																		
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	512	1850.2	27.89	29.00	1.291	0.08	0.023	0.030
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	512	1850.2	27.89	29.00	1.291	0.04	0.021	0.027
09	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	512	1850.2	27.89	29.00	1.291	0.03	0.070	<b>0.091</b>
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	512	1850.2	27.89	29.00	1.291	0.06	0.052	0.067
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	9400	1880	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.04	0.049	0.060
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	9400	1880	23.11	24.00	1.227	0.03	0.030	0.037
10	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	9400	1880	23.11	24.00	1.227	-0.04	0.081	<b>0.100</b>
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	9400	1880	23.11	24.00	1.227	0.03	0.075	0.092
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	22.79	24.00	1.321	0.06	0.042	0.055
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.04	0.030	0.039
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	22.79	24.00	1.321	0.02	0.036	0.048
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.09	0.024	0.031
11	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	22.79	24.00	1.321	0.03	0.087	<b>0.115</b>
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.04	0.056	0.073
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	22.79	24.00	1.321	0.03	0.043	0.057
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	18900	1880	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.02	0.035	0.046



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>2600MHz</b>																				
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	23.15	24.00	1.216	-	-	0.06	0.336	0.409
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	22.24	23.00	1.191	-	-	-0.02	0.199	0.237
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	23.15	24.00	1.216	-	-	0.04	0.315	0.383
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	22.24	23.00	1.191	-	-	0.06	0.198	0.236
12	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	23.15	24.00	1.216	-	-	0.01	0.485	0.590
	LTE Band 7C_CA	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.01	0.457	0.578
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	22.24	23.00	1.191	-	-	0.02	0.303	0.361
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	23.15	24.00	1.216	-	-	0.09	0.162	0.197
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	21100	2535	22.24	23.00	1.191	-	-	0.03	0.103	0.123
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.63	16.50	1.222	-	-	0.19	0.366	0.447
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.47	16.50	1.268	-	-	-0.12	0.292	0.370
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.63	16.50	1.222	-	-	0.07	0.407	0.497
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.47	16.50	1.268	-	-	0.05	0.329	0.417
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.63	16.50	1.222	-	-	-0.13	0.173	0.211
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.47	16.50	1.268	-	-	0.16	0.137	0.174
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.63	16.50	1.222	-	-	-0.14	0.118	0.144
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	21100	2535	15.47	16.50	1.268	-	-	0.07	0.100	0.127
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	23.25	24.00	1.189	-	-	0.03	0.196	0.233
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.02	0.190	0.240
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	23.25	24.00	1.189	-	-	0.06	0.179	0.213
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	-0.03	0.181	0.229
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	23.25	24.00	1.189	-	-	0.04	0.312	0.371
13	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.15	0.325	0.411
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	23.25	24.00	1.189	-	-	0.02	0.093	0.111
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	507000	2535	22.98	24.00	1.265	-	-	0.06	0.100	0.126
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.157	0.178
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	22.51	23.00	1.119	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.179	0.202
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.166	0.188
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	22.51	23.00	1.119	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.175	0.197
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.188	0.213
	LTE Band 41C_CA	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620+40818	2593+2612.8	23.24	24.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.154	0.185
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	22.51	23.00	1.119	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.162	0.182
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.090	0.102
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	22.51	23.00	1.119	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.093	0.105
	LTE Band 41 HPUE	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	40620	2593	25.95	27.00	1.274	42.9	1.009	0.04	0.245	0.315
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.51	16.50	1.256	-	-	0.08	0.225	0.283
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.43	16.50	1.279	-	-	0.06	0.173	0.221
14	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.51	16.50	1.256	-	-	-0.01	0.404	0.507
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.43	16.50	1.279	-	-	0.03	0.355	0.454
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.51	16.50	1.256	-	-	-0.05	0.104	0.131
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.43	16.50	1.279	-	-	0.12	0.082	0.105
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.51	16.50	1.256	-	-	0.07	0.116	0.146
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	Receiver on	40620	2593	15.43	16.50	1.279	-	-	0.02	0.095	0.122



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>3500MHz~3900 MHz</b>																				
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.86	21.00	1.300	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.572	0.748
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.84	21.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.557	0.732
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.86	21.00	1.300	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.563	0.736
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.84	21.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.550	0.723
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.86	21.00	1.300	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.738	0.965
15	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42190	3460	19.78	21.00	1.324	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.829	1.104
	LTE Band 42C_CA	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42190+42388	3460+3479.8	19.51	21.00	1.409	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.764	1.083
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42990	3540	19.81	21.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.11	0.660	0.873
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.84	21.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.602	0.791
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.81	21.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.595	0.787
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.86	21.00	1.300	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.726	0.950
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42190	3460	19.78	21.00	1.324	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.799	1.064
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42990	3540	19.81	21.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.672	0.889
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.84	21.00	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.607	0.798
	LTE Band 42	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	42590	3500	19.81	21.00	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.451	0.597
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.35	17.00	1.161	-	-	0.02	0.321	0.373
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.19	17.00	1.205	-	-	0.02	0.290	0.349
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.35	17.00	1.161	-	-	0.05	0.300	0.348
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.19	17.00	1.205	-	-	0.05	0.285	0.343
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.35	17.00	1.161	-	-	-0.16	0.430	0.499
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.19	17.00	1.205	-	-	-0.16	0.411	0.495
16	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.35	17.00	1.161	-	-	0.09	0.470	0.546
	FR1 n77 Part270-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	656000	3840	16.19	17.00	1.205	-	-	0.09	0.432	0.521
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.57	17.00	1.104	-	-	0.09	0.222	0.245
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.40	17.00	1.148	-	-	0.09	0.210	0.241
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.57	17.00	1.104	-	-	0.01	0.257	0.284
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.40	17.00	1.148	-	-	0.01	0.237	0.272
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.57	17.00	1.104	-	-	0.05	0.297	0.328
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.40	17.00	1.148	-	-	0.05	0.259	0.297
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.57	17.00	1.104	-	-	-0.08	0.310	0.342
	FR1 n77 Part27Q-ENDC	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	16.40	17.00	1.148	-	-	-0.08	0.301	0.346
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	-0.11	0.366	0.403
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	0.02	0.433	0.477
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	-0.11	0.472	0.520
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	-0.07	0.542	0.597
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	-0.08	0.707	0.779
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	0.01	0.750	0.826
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.02	19.50	1.117	-	-	0.07	0.763	0.852
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	0.14	0.907	0.999
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.08	19.50	1.102	-	-	-0.01	0.925	1.019
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	650000	3750	19.02	19.50	1.117	-	-	-0.12	0.878	0.981
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.18	19.50	1.076	-	-	0.06	0.360	0.388
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.15	19.50	1.084	-	-	0.06	0.327	0.354
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.18	19.50	1.076	-	-	0.07	0.380	0.409
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.15	19.50	1.084	-	-	-0.04	0.354	0.384
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.18	19.50	1.076	-	-	0.05	0.465	0.501
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.15	19.50	1.084	-	-	0.04	0.408	0.442
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.18	19.50	1.076	-	-	0.18	0.488	0.525
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	19.15	19.50	1.084	-	-	0.08	0.430	0.466
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	137	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.92	23.00	1.282	-	-	0.19	0.062	0.080
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.86	23.00	1.300	-	-	0.09	0.108	0.140
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	137	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.92	23.00	1.282	-	-	0.18	0.091	0.117
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.86	23.00	1.300	-	-	-0.16	0.091	0.118
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	137	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.92	23.00	1.282	-	-	0.02	0.114	0.146



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	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.86	23.00	1.300	-	-	0.12	0.133	0.173
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	137	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.92	23.00	1.282	-	-	0.13	0.050	0.064
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	650000	3750	21.86	23.00	1.300	-	-	-0.17	0.052	0.068
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.66	23.00	1.361	-	-	0.1	0.049	0.067
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.57	23.00	1.390	-	-	-0.16	0.043	0.060
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.66	23.00	1.361	-	-	0.07	0.065	0.088
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.57	23.00	1.390	-	-	0.03	0.059	0.082
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.66	23.00	1.361	-	-	0.11	0.077	0.105
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.57	23.00	1.390	-	-	-0.12	0.071	0.099
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.66	23.00	1.361	-	-	-0.16	0.051	0.069
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	Full Power	633334	3500.01	21.57	23.00	1.390	-	-	0.02	0.048	0.067
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.82	22.50	1.169	-	-	0.11	0.856	1.001
17	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.71	22.50	1.199	-	-	0.19	0.898	1.077
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.68	22.50	1.208	-	-	-0.08	0.775	0.936
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.82	22.50	1.169	-	-	-0.04	0.557	0.651
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.71	22.50	1.199	-	-	0.08	0.539	0.647
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.82	22.50	1.169	-	-	-0.09	0.258	0.302
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.71	22.50	1.199	-	-	0.09	0.237	0.284
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.82	22.50	1.169	-	-	-0.06	0.204	0.239
	FR1 n78 Part270 HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	650000	3750	21.71	22.50	1.199	-	-	0.06	0.234	0.281
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	22.05	22.50	1.109	-	-	0.02	0.544	0.603
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	21.91	22.50	1.146	-	-	-0.07	0.626	0.717
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	22.05	22.50	1.109	-	-	0.14	0.577	0.640
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	21.91	22.50	1.146	-	-	0.02	0.526	0.603
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	22.05	22.50	1.109	-	-	0.03	0.181	0.201
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	21.91	22.50	1.146	-	-	-0.13	0.185	0.212
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	22.05	22.50	1.109	-	-	-0.17	0.180	0.200
	FR1 n78 Part27Q HPUE	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	Receiver on	633334	3500.01	21.91	22.50	1.146	-	-	0.07	0.174	0.199
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.58	25.00	1.102	-	-	0.07	0.464	0.511
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.40	25.00	1.148	-	-	0.05	0.439	0.504
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.58	25.00	1.102	-	-	0.06	0.200	0.220
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.40	25.00	1.148	-	-	0.11	0.237	0.272
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.58	25.00	1.102	-	-	0.14	0.731	0.805
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.40	25.00	1.148	-	-	0.05	0.740	0.850
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.47	25.00	1.130	-	-	0.05	0.711	0.803
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.58	25.00	1.102	-	-	-0.09	0.464	0.511
	FR1 n78 Part270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	650000	3750	24.40	25.00	1.148	-	-	0.01	0.545	0.626
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.65	25.00	1.084	-	-	0.15	0.343	0.372
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.60	25.00	1.096	-	-	0.14	0.237	0.260
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.65	25.00	1.084	-	-	-0.06	0.132	0.143
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.60	25.00	1.096	-	-	-0.06	0.093	0.102
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.65	25.00	1.084	-	-	0.07	0.684	0.741
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.60	25.00	1.096	-	-	0.04	0.545	0.598
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	1	1	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.65	25.00	1.084	-	-	0.05	0.344	0.373
	FR1 n78 Part27Q	100M	BPSK	135	69	DFT-30	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 8	Full Power	633334	3500.01	24.60	25.00	1.096	-	-	-0.19	0.450	0.493

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>WiFi&amp;BT</b>																
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	11	2462	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	0.05	0.243	0.346
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	11	2462	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	-0.11	0.675	0.962
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	11	2462	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	0.04	0.202	0.288
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	11	2462	18.99	20.50	1.416	99.31	1.007	0.02	0.447	0.637
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	6	2437	18.97	20.50	1.422	99.31	1.007	0.03	0.809	1.159
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Simultaneous	6	2437	11.86	13.50	1.459	99.31	1.007	-0.15	0.170	0.250
19	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Full	0	2402	10.49	11.50	1.260	77.22	1.295	-0.07	0.082	0.134



	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	60	5300	18.13	19.50	1.372	98.96	1.011	-0.04	0.287	0.398
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	60	5300	18.13	19.50	1.372	98.96	1.011	-0.14	0.258	0.358
20	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	60	5300	18.13	19.50	1.372	98.96	1.011	0.05	0.369	<b>0.512</b>
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Simultaneous	54	5270	15.89	17.00	1.291	96.32	1.038	0.01	0.201	0.269
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	60	5300	18.13	19.50	1.372	98.96	1.011	0.07	0.336	0.466
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	116	5580	18.21	19.50	1.347	98.96	1.011	0.05	0.382	0.520
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	116	5580	18.21	19.50	1.347	98.96	1.011	0.17	0.397	0.541
21	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	116	5580	18.21	19.50	1.347	98.96	1.011	0.04	0.554	<b>0.755</b>
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Simultaneous	106	5530	13.62	15.00	1.374	92.75	1.078	0.01	0.189	0.280
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	116	5580	18.21	19.50	1.347	98.96	1.011	0.04	0.499	0.680
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	159	5795	16.78	18.00	1.324	96.32	1.038	0.01	0.580	0.797
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	159	5795	16.78	18.00	1.324	96.32	1.038	0.09	0.534	0.734
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	159	5795	16.78	18.00	1.324	96.32	1.038	0.09	0.749	1.030
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	159	5795	16.78	18.00	1.324	96.32	1.038	0.02	0.792	1.089
22	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	151	5755	16.66	18.00	1.361	96.32	1.038	-0.05	0.833	<b>1.177</b>
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Standalone	151	5755	16.66	18.00	1.361	96.32	1.038	0.03	0.781	1.104
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	Simultaneous	155	5775	11.14	12.50	1.368	92.75	1.078	0.01	0.189	0.279





15.2 Hotspot SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>750MHz</b>																	
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	-0.16	0.217	0.266
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.07	0.142	0.173
23	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	-0.15	0.414	<b>0.507</b>
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.08	0.263	0.321
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.02	0.242	0.296
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.05	0.173	0.211
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.06	0.403	0.494
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.13	0.270	0.329
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	23.12	24.00	1.225	-0.18	0.256	0.314
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23095	707.5	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.02	0.172	0.210
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	-0.11	0.149	0.195
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	-0.11	0.112	0.147
24	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.04	0.316	<b>0.414</b>
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.09	0.224	0.293
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.02	0.121	0.158
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.05	0.094	0.123
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	-0.1	0.231	0.302
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.01	0.186	0.244
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.09	0.226	0.296
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	23230	782	21.83	23.00	1.309	0.18	0.184	0.241

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
<b>835MHz</b>																		
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	0.13	0.415	0.581
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	0.1	0.868	1.215
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	128	824.2	29.57	31.00	1.390	0.04	0.741	1.030
25	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	251	848.8	29.49	31.00	1.416	-0.16	0.950	<b>1.345</b>
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	0.03	0.203	0.284
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	0.04	0.366	0.512
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	-0.01	0.655	0.917
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	189	836.4	29.54	31.00	1.400	-0.01	0.655	0.917
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	128	824.2	29.57	31.00	1.390	-0.01	0.639	0.888
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4182	836.4	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.17	0.236	0.286
26	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4182	836.4	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.02	0.975	<b>1.183</b>
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4132	826.4	22.09	23.00	1.233	-0.07	0.848	1.046
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4233	846.6	22.03	23.00	1.250	0.06	0.890	1.113
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4182	836.4	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.13	0.083	0.101
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4182	836.4	22.16	23.00	1.213	0.05	0.191	0.232
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	4182	836.4	22.16	23.00	1.213	-0.07	0.344	0.417
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	22.82	24.00	1.312	0.11	0.477	0.626
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.06	0.432	0.571
27	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	22.82	24.00	1.312	-0.02	0.831	<b>1.090</b>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	-0.02	0.766	1.012
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.77	23.00	1.327	0.03	0.755	1.002
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	22.82	24.00	1.312	-0.11	0.202	0.265
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.03	0.110	0.145
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	22.82	24.00	1.312	0.08	0.427	0.560
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.05	0.237	0.313
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	22.82	24.00	1.312	0.05	0.801	1.051



	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	-0.02	0.815	1.077
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	21.77	23.00	1.327	0.03	0.765	1.015
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.85	21.00	1.303	0.09	0.238	0.310
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.82	21.00	1.312	0.17	0.211	0.277
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.85	21.00	1.303	0.06	0.422	0.550
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.82	21.00	1.312	0.06	0.381	0.500
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.85	21.00	1.303	0.02	0.102	0.133
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.82	21.00	1.312	0.09	0.060	0.079
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.85	21.00	1.303	0.04	0.214	0.279
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.82	21.00	1.312	0.03	0.128	0.168
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.85	21.00	1.303	0.04	0.405	0.528
	LTE Band 5-ENDC	10M	QPSK	25	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	20525	836.5	19.82	21.00	1.312	0.02	0.395	0.518
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.11	0.498	0.650
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.06	0.454	0.593
28	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	-0.02	0.868	1.134
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.02	0.787	1.028
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.03	0.782	1.033
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	-0.11	0.206	0.269
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.03	0.120	0.157
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.08	0.445	0.581
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	0.05	0.258	0.337
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	22.84	24.00	1.306	0.05	0.860	1.123
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.84	23.00	1.306	-0.02	0.844	1.102
	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	26865	831.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.03	0.750	0.991
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.08	0.283	0.351
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	-0.1	0.311	0.393
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.1	0.615	0.764
29	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	-0.09	0.649	0.821
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	100	0	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.02	23.00	1.253	0.05	0.631	0.791
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	-0.16	0.115	0.143
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	-0.08	0.114	0.144
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	-0.03	0.268	0.333
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.11	0.278	0.352
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	23.06	24.00	1.242	0.1	0.421	0.523
	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Full Power	167300	836.5	22.98	24.00	1.265	0.01	0.500	0.632



# FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA230110

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
<b>1750MHz</b>																			
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1413	1732.6	16.79	17.50	1.178	0.08	0.413	0.486	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1413	1732.6	16.79	17.50	1.178	-0.02	0.761	0.896	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1312	1712.4	16.66	17.50	1.213	-0.04	0.694	0.842	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1513	1752.6	16.73	17.50	1.194	-0.17	0.739	0.882	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1413	1732.6	16.79	17.50	1.178	0.05	0.076	0.089	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1413	1732.6	16.79	17.50	1.178	0.03	0.089	0.105	
30	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1413	1732.6	16.79	17.50	1.178	-0.07	0.925	<b>1.089</b>	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1312	1712.4	16.66	17.50	1.213	0.05	0.829	1.006	
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	1513	1752.6	16.73	17.50	1.194	0.08	0.880	1.051	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.03	18.00	1.250	0.12	0.536	0.670	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.00	18.00	1.259	-0.16	0.518	0.652	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.03	18.00	1.250	0.03	0.738	0.923	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.00	18.00	1.259	0.07	0.621	0.782	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	16.97	18.00	1.268	0.11	0.610	0.773	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.03	18.00	1.250	-0.05	0.096	0.120	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.00	18.00	1.259	-0.18	0.057	0.072	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.03	18.00	1.250	0.07	0.107	0.134	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.00	18.00	1.259	0.19	0.066	0.083	
31	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	17.03	18.00	1.250	-0.03	0.894	<b>1.118</b>	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20300	1745	16.88	18.00	1.294	-0.14	0.630	0.815	
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	20175	1732.5	16.97	18.00	1.268	0.06	0.607	0.769	

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
<b>1900MHz</b>																			
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	661	1880	22.32	23.50	1.312	0.02	0.276	0.362	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	661	1880	22.32	23.50	1.312	0.05	0.827	1.085	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	512	1850.2	22.23	23.50	1.340	0.08	0.876	1.174	
32	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	810	1909.8	22.33	23.50	1.309	-0.04	1.05	<b>1.375</b>	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	661	1880	22.32	23.50	1.312	0.02	0.028	0.037	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	661	1880	22.32	23.50	1.312	-0.15	0.075	0.098	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	661	1880	22.32	23.50	1.312	0.09	0.696	0.913	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	512	1850.2	22.23	23.50	1.340	-0.18	0.591	0.792	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	810	1909.8	22.33	23.50	1.309	-0.1	0.659	0.863	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9400	1880	15.27	15.50	1.054	-0.13	0.280	0.295	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9400	1880	15.27	15.50	1.054	-0.18	0.741	0.781	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9400	1880	15.27	15.50	1.054	0.01	0.034	0.036	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9400	1880	15.27	15.50	1.054	0.02	0.081	0.085	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9400	1880	15.27	15.50	1.054	0.08	0.771	0.813	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9262	1852.4	15.08	15.50	1.102	-0.01	0.695	0.766	
33	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	9538	1907.6	15.11	15.50	1.094	-0.05	0.961	<b>1.051</b>	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.92	17.00	1.282	0.03	0.234	0.300	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.89	17.00	1.291	0.11	0.140	0.181	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.92	17.00	1.282	0.15	0.680	0.872	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18700	1860	15.68	17.00	1.355	-0.1	0.719	0.974	
34	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	19100	1900	15.85	17.00	1.303	-0.02	0.837	<b>1.091</b>	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.89	17.00	1.291	0.08	0.611	0.789	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.84	17.00	1.306	0.17	0.604	0.789	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.92	17.00	1.282	0.08	0.025	0.032	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.89	17.00	1.291	-0.07	0.015	0.019	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.92	17.00	1.282	0.02	0.074	0.095	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.89	17.00	1.291	0.04	0.044	0.057	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.92	17.00	1.282	0.09	0.613	0.786	
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 1	Hotspot on	18900	1880	15.89	17.00	1.291	-0.13	0.363	0.469	



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
										2600MHz										
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.45	18.50	1.274	-	-	-0.01	0.537	0.684
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.31	18.50	1.315	-	-	0.05	0.342	0.450
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.45	18.50	1.274	-	-	0.03	0.964	1.228
35	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	20850	2510	17.43	18.50	1.279	-	-	-0.06	1.02	1.305
	LTE Band 7C_CA	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	20850+21048	2510+2529.8	17.38	18.50	1.294	-	-	-0.06	0.923	1.195
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21350	2560	17.40	18.50	1.288	-	-	0.08	0.940	1.211
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.31	18.50	1.315	-	-	0.01	0.811	1.067
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	20850	2510	17.09	18.50	1.384	-	-	0.05	0.791	1.094
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21350	2560	17.25	18.50	1.334	-	-	-0.09	0.754	1.005
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.29	18.50	1.321	-	-	0.06	0.679	0.897
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.45	18.50	1.274	-	-	0.16	0.414	0.527
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.31	18.50	1.315	-	-	0.05	0.260	0.342
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.45	18.50	1.274	-	-	0.06	0.083	0.106
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.31	18.50	1.315	-	-	-0.1	0.050	0.066
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.45	18.50	1.274	-	-	-0.1	0.585	0.745
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	17.31	18.50	1.315	-	-	0.03	0.468	0.616
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.83	15.00	1.309	-	-	0.05	0.265	0.347
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.82	15.00	1.312	-	-	0.03	0.178	0.234
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	20850	2510	13.81	15.00	1.315	-	-	0.09	0.422	0.555
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	20850	2510	13.66	15.00	1.361	-	-	0.08	0.402	0.547
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.83	15.00	1.309	-	-	0.01	0.177	0.232
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.82	15.00	1.312	-	-	0.09	0.161	0.211
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.83	15.00	1.309	-	-	0.06	0.032	0.042
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.82	15.00	1.312	-	-	0.08	0.025	0.033
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.83	15.00	1.309	-	-	0.05	0.255	0.334
	LTE Band 7-ENDC	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.82	15.00	1.312	-	-	-0.05	0.229	0.300
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.13	14.00	1.222	-	-	0.17	0.150	0.183
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	12.97	14.00	1.268	-	-	-0.07	0.130	0.165
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.13	14.00	1.222	-	-	0.02	0.431	0.527
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	12.97	14.00	1.268	-	-	0.06	0.313	0.397
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.13	14.00	1.222	-	-	0.05	0.059	0.072
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	12.97	14.00	1.268	-	-	0.03	0.045	0.057
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.13	14.00	1.222	-	-	0.07	0.012	0.015
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	12.97	14.00	1.268	-	-	0.06	0.009	0.011
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Top Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	13.13	14.00	1.222	-	-	0.18	0.408	0.498
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Top Side	5mm	Ant 4	Hotspot on	21100	2535	12.97	14.00	1.268	-	-	-0.18	0.343	0.435
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.90	19.50	1.148	-	-	0.06	0.490	0.563
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.86	19.50	1.159	-	-	0.03	0.434	0.503
36	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.90	19.50	1.148	-	-	-0.01	0.897	1.030
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.86	19.50	1.159	-	-	0.01	0.809	0.937
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-15	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.81	19.50	1.172	-	-	0.19	0.760	0.891
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.90	19.50	1.148	-	-	-0.04	0.399	0.458
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.86	19.50	1.159	-	-	0.1	0.378	0.438
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-15	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.90	19.50	1.148	-	-	0.03	0.428	0.491
	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Bottom Side	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	507000	2535	18.86	19.50	1.159	-	-	-0.14	0.431	0.499
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	40620	2593	19.29	20.00	1.178	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.403	0.477
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Front	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	40620	2593	19.19	20.00	1.205	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.432	0.524
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	40620	2593	19.29	20.00	1.178	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.809	0.958
37	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	39750	2506	19.23	20.00	1.194	62.9	1.006	0.04	1.05	1.261
	LTE Band 41C_CA	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Back	5mm	Ant 0	Hotspot on	39750+39948	2506+2525.8	19.10	20.00	1.230	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.958	1.186



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA230110

Table with 22 columns: LTE Band, BW, Modulation, RB, RB offset, Mode, Test Position, Gap, Antenna, Power Reduction, Ch., Freq., Average Power, Tune-Up Limit, Tune-up Scaling Factor, Duty Cycle, Duty Cycle Scaling Factor, Power Drift, Measured 1g SAR, Reported 1g SAR. Contains 30 rows of test data for various LTE bands and antenna configurations.

Table with 22 columns: Plot No., Band, BW, Modulation, RB, RB offset, Mode, Test Position, Gap, Antenna, Power Reduction, Ch., Freq., Average Power, Tune-Up Limit, Tune-up Scaling Factor, Duty Cycle, Duty Cycle Scaling Factor, Power Drift, Measured 1g SAR, Reported 1g SAR. Contains 38 rows of test data, including a highlighted row for LTE Band 42 with a reported SAR of 1.120.