FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC **EQUIPMENT Mobile Cellular Phone**

BRAND NAME : Motorola MODEL NAME : XT2221-2 FCC ID : IHDT56AE2

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Tony Zhang

Reviewed by: Tony Zhang / Supervisor

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Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager

Report No.: FA1D1023-01

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA1D1023-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Feb. 25, 2022

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone**, **XT2221-2**, are as follows.

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	·	Highest	: 1g SAR Summa	ry				
Equipment Class		Head Body-worn Hotspot (Separation (Separation (Separation 5mm) 5mm)						
				1g SAR (W/kg)		1g SAR (W/kg)		
	GSM	GSM850	0.28	0.93	0.93			
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.06	1.41	1.41			
		Band II	0.25	1.30	1.30			
	WCDMA	Band IV	0.25	1.27	1.43			
		Band V	0.20	0.98	0.98			
Licensed		Band 2	0.24	1.38	1.38	1.50		
Licensed		Band 7	0.35	1.30	1.30	1.59		
		Band 12	0.23	0.67	0.67			
	LTE	Band 13	0.37	1.01	1.01			
		Band 26/5	0.30	1.09	1.09			
		Band 66/4	0.21	1.41	1.43			
		Band 41/38	0.21	1.42	1.42			
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.24	1.19	1.19	1.59		
NII	VVLAIN	5GHz WLAN	1.22	1.19	1.19	1.46		
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.38	0.20	0.20	1.58		

	Highest 10g SAR Summary										
Equipment Class		uency and	Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)							
	GSM	GSM1900	1.66								
	WCDMA	Band II	3.27								
		Band IV	3.57								
Licensed		Band 2	3.16	3.93							
	LTE	Band 7	3.22								
	LIC	Band 66/4	3.45								
		Band 41/38	1.76								
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.24	3.57							
NII	WLAIN	5GHz WLAN	2.36	3.93							
	Date of Testing	g:	2022/1/28 ~ 2022/2/17								

Remark

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

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This device supports LTE B4 / B5 / B38 and LTE B66 / B26 / B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4 / B5 / B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66 / B26 / B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66 / B26 / B41.



The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory											
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc.	Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)									
Test Site Location			elopment Zone								
T4 04- N-	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.								
Test Site No.	SAR02-KS SAR06-KS	314309									

Applicant Applicant								
Company Name	Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC							
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA							

Manufacturer									
Company Name	Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC								
Address 222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA									

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

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4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2221-2
FCC ID	IHDT56AE2
IMEI Code	SIM1: 351376650008435 SIM2: 351376650007443
	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 2855 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	S1SR32.16
GSM / (E)GPRS Dua Transfer mode	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

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Remark

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
 operation.
- 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
- 4. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 33.
- 5. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to

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perform all tests.

For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.

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- The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 2: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 3: P-sensor on for Body Worn; DSI 7: hotspot on; DSI 6: P-sensor on for handheld; DSI 4: receiver off/P-sensor off).
- For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- There are four headsets, only supplier different, so only chose one headset to perform SAR testing.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	25 D05 v02	2r05			
FCC ID	IHDT56AE2								
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz								
LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7:5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7:5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13:5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 26:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38:5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41:5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz									
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM	1 / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data	1							
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat 6								
CA Support	Support Downli	nk only							
	Modulation	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	QPSK 16 QAM	> 5 ≤ 5	> 4 ≤ 4	> 8 ≤ 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18	≤ 1 ≤ 1	
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	
	64 QAM 256 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12 ≥ 1	> 16	> 18	≤ 3 ≤ 5	
LTE A-MPR	In the base st disable A-MPR frames (Maxim	during SA um TTI)	AR testing	and the	LTE SAR	tests was	transmitti	ng on all TTI	
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR a measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration included in the SAR report.								
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Ves when operating in Provinity sensors/receiver/hotsnot detect mechanism, head/hot								
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and referred to sect		possible c	ombinati	ons and th	ie detail po	wer verifica	ation please	
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	This device sup	ports maxi	mum of 2 o	carriers i	n the down	ılink.			

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	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band																
								LTE Ba									
	Bandwidth	idth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz			z Baı	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidtl	h 10	MHz	Bandwi	dth 15 M	lHz	Bandw	idth	20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Fre (MH		h. #	Freq. (MHz		ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. ⁄IHz)	Ch. #	Fre (MH		Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	185		3615	1851.		325	1852.5	18650		855	18675	185		18700		1860
M	18900	188		3900	1880		900	1880	18900		880	18900	188		18900		1880
Н	19193	190	9.3	9185	1908.	5 19°	175	1907.5	19150	19	905	19125	1902	2.5	19100)	1900
								LTE Ba									
	Bandwidth			andwidt	h 3 MH	_	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidtl			Bandwi	dth 15 M		Bandw	idth	20 MHz
	Ch. #	Fre (MH	Hz)	h. #	Freq. (MHz) Cn	ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	(M	req. ∕IHz)	Ch. #	Fre (MH	iz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	171		9965	1711.		975	1712.5	20000		715	20025	171		20050		1720
M	20175	173)175	1732.			1732.5	20175		32.5	20175	1732		20175	_	1732.5
Н	20393	175	4.3 20)385	1753.	5 203	375	1752.5	20350	17	750	20325	174	7.5	20300)	1745
	LTE Band 5 Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz																
	Ch. #		Freq. (N			ı. #		eq. (MHz)	Ch. #			q. (MHz)		Ch. #			. (MHz)
L	20407		824.			415		825.5	20425			826.5	_	0450			329
М	20525		836.			525		836.5	20525			836.5		0525			36.5
Н	20643	3	848.	3	20	335		847.5	20625	<u> </u>		846.5	2	20600 844		344	
								LTE Ba									
			th 5 MHz			Bandwidt						n 15 MHz			dwidth 2	-	
	Ch. #		Freq. (N			ı. #	Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	- ' '			Ch. #			. (MHz)	
L	20775			502.5		20800 21100		2505		20825 2507.5				0850			510
M	21100		253 2567					2535	21100			2535		1100			535
Н	21425	1425 2		.5	21	400		2565	21375)	2562.5		2	1350)	2	:560
	D	J JAL	. 4 4 5 41 1-			D	41- O N	LTE Bar			-141- E N	U I-	1	<u> </u>	J 2 Jul 4	0.14	
	Bandwidt			g. (MHz)		Bandwidt Ch. #		width 3 MHz Freq. (MHz)			dth 5 M			Band Ch. #	dwidth 1		
	Ch. #		699.	,		025		700.5	Ch. #			q. (MHz) 701.5		3060			. (MHz) 704
М	23017		707.)25)95		700.5	23095			701.5 707.5		3095			07.5
Н	23173		715.			165		714.5	23155			713.5		3130			711
11	20170	,	7 10.	<u> </u>	23	100		LTE Bar		,		7 10.0		3130			7 11
	<u> </u>) a is about	141- C NAI	-		LIL Dai	IU 13			Danadood	-141- 40 N				
		Ol		sandwid	th 5 Mi		/8 AL I	_\		01	1 #		dth 10 M		/N AI	1-1	
			nnel #				.(MH	Z)		Cna	annel #			ŀ	Freq.(Mh	1Z)	
L			3205			•	79.5										
М			3230				782			23	3230				782		
Н		23	3255			78	34.5										
								LTE Bar	nd 26								
	Bandw	vidth 1	.4 MHz	В	andwidt	h 3 MHz		Bandwid	th 5 MHz		Band	width 10	MHz	E	Bandwidt	h 15	5 MHz
	Ch. #	Fı	req. (MHz) Cl	า. #	Freq. (M	Hz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MH	lz)	Ch. #	# Fred	q. (MHz)	(Ch. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	26697		814.7	26	705	815.5	5	26715	816.5		2674	0	819	2	6765		821.5
М	26865	,	831.5	26	865	831.5	5	26865	831.5		2686	5 8	31.5	2	6865		831.5
Н	27033	1	848.3	27	025	847.5	5	27015	846.5		2699	0	844	2	6965		841.5

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						LTE Ban	id 38								
	В	Bandwidth 5	MHz	Bar	ndwidth 1	10 MHz	Ва	ndwidtl	h 15 N	lHz	z Bandw		MHz		
	Ch	.# F	req. (MHz) Ch. #	≠ F	req. (MHz)	Ch. # Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)				
L	377	775	2572.5	3780	0	2575 37825		25	577.5	37850		2580			
М	380	000	2595	3800	0	2595	3800	00	2	:595	38000		2595		
Н	382	225	2617.5	3820	0	2615	3817	75	26	312.5	38150		2610		
	LTE Band 41														
	В	Bandwidth 5	MHz	Bar	Bandwidth 10 MHz			ndwidtl	h 15 N	lHz	Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch	.# F	req. (MHz) Ch. #	ŧ F	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Ch. # Freq. (Mi		. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)		
L	396	675	2498.5	3970	0	2501	3972	25	25	503.5	39750		2506		
LM	401	148	2545.8	4016	0	2547	4017	73	25	548.3	40185		2549.5		
М	406	620	2593	4062	0	2593	4062	20	2	593	40620		2593		
НМ	410	093	2640.3	4108	0	2639	4106	41068 2637.8		41068		37.8	41055		2636.5
Н	415	565	2687.5	4154	0	2685	4151	41515 2682.5		41490		2680			
						LTE Ban	id 66								
	Bandwid	ith 1.4 MHz	Bandw	idth 3 MHz	Bandv	vidth 5 MHz	Bandwi	dth 10	MHz	Bandwi	dth 15 MHz	Bandwi	dth 20 MH		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz) Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. ((MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq.(MH		
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	17	15	132047	1717.5	132072	1720		
М	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	174	45	132322	1745	132322	1745		
Н	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622 17		75	132597	1772.5	132572	1770		

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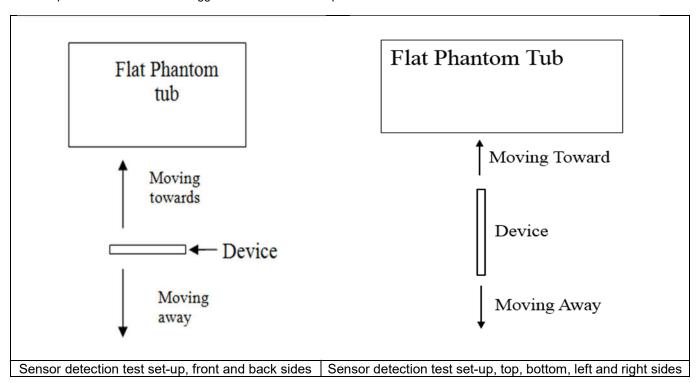
5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (1750MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.

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- 2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
- 3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



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<P-Sensor>

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Position	Fro	ont	Back				
POSITION	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away			
Minimum	16	20	20	22			

< Handheld for ANT0>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Front		ont	Back		Right Side		Bottom Side	
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	11	14	20	28	9	11	19	21

< Handheld for ANT5>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Front		Back		Left Side		Bottom Side	
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	7	10	11	15	6	7	11	14

< Handheld for ANT8>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Front		Back		Right Side		Top Side	
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	6	7	10	14	9	11	10	12

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

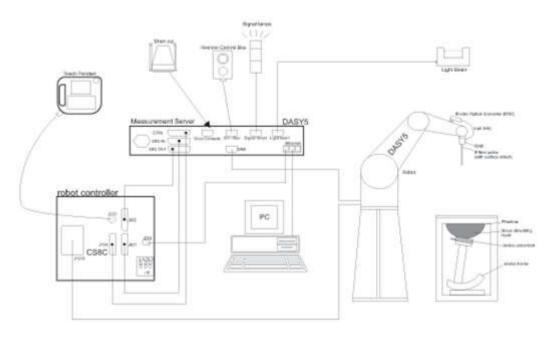
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win10 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)				
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz				
rrequericy	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)				
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)				
Directivity	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)				
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g				
Dyliailic Kange	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)				
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)				
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)				
Dillielisions	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:				
	1 mm				



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8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

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8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

- O7 divi 1 William I Harricolli		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	, in .
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

·EEI I Halltolli		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held **Transmitters**

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

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9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	can x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Typo/Madal	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/24
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/26
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/25
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2021/9/21	2022/9/20
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2021/3/17	2022/3/16
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7627	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2021/4/29	2022/4/28
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2022	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2024	NCR	NCR
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	

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Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.





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Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

11.2 Tissue Verification

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Though British Turumital Shock Resource										
Frequency (MHz)	Head	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.915	41.912	0.89	41.90	2.81	0.03	±5	2022/1/28
835	Head	22.8	0.931	41.361	0.90	41.50	3.44	-0.33	±5	2022/1/28
1750	Head	22.7	1.410	40.673	1.37	40.10	2.92	1.43	±5	2022/1/30
1900	Head	22.9	1.432	39.777	1.40	40.00	2.29	-0.56	±5	2022/1/30
2600	Head	22.6	1.975	40.599	1.96	39.00	0.77	4.10	±5	2022/2/1
750	Head	22.7	0.897	41.310	0.89	41.90	0.79	-1.41	±5	2022/2/1
835	Head	22.8	0.926	41.062	0.90	41.50	2.89	-1.06	±5	2022/2/3
1750	Head	22.7	1.351	40.007	1.37	40.10	-1.39	-0.23	±5	2022/2/5
1900	Head	22.9	1.424	39.355	1.40	40.00	1.71	-1.61	±5	2022/2/7
2600	Head	22.6	1.923	38.241	1.96	39.00	-1.89	-1.95	±5	2022/2/9
2450	Head	22.6	1.720	38.350	1.80	39.20	-4.44	-2.17	±5	2022/2/11
5250	Head	22.9	4.594	36.221	4.71	35.90	-2.46	0.89	±5	2022/2/13
5600	Head	22.9	4.972	35.716	5.07	35.50	-1.93	0.61	±5	2022/2/15
5750	Head	22.9	5.145	35.525	5.22	35.40	-1.44	0.35	±5	2022/2/17

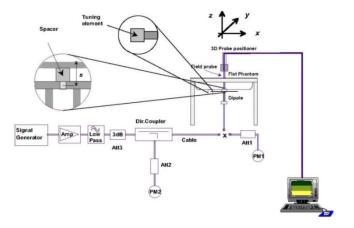
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11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Head	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/1/28	750	Head	50	1087	7627	1279	0.431	8.36	8.62	3.11	0.286	5.65	5.72	1.24
2022/1/28	835	Head	50	4d258	7627	1279	0.506	9.44	10.12	7.20	0.325	6.13	6.5	6.04
2022/1/30	1750	Head	50	1090	7627	1279	1.920	36.40	38.4	5.49	1.020	19.20	20.4	6.25
2022/1/30	1900	Head	50	5d170	7627	1279	2.030	39.00	40.6	4.10	1.050	20.30	21	3.45
2022/2/1	2600	Head	50	1061	7627	1279	2.620	56.60	52.4	-7.42	1.190	25.10	23.8	-5.18
2022/2/1	750	Head	50	1087	7627	1279	0.424	8.36	8.48	1.44	0.281	5.65	5.62	-0.53
2022/2/3	835	Head	50	4d258	7627	1279	0.503	9.44	10.06	6.57	0.307	6.13	6.14	0.16
2022/2/5	1750	Head	50	1090	7627	1279	1.830	36.40	36.6	0.55	0.979	19.20	19.58	1.98
2022/2/7	1900	Head	50	5d170	7627	1279	2.010	39.00	40.2	3.08	1.040	20.30	20.8	2.46
2022/2/9	2600	Head	50	1061	7627	1279	2.670	56.60	53.4	-5.65	1.220	25.10	24.4	-2.79
2022/2/11	2450	Head	50	908	3935	690	2.520	52.80	50.4	-4.55	1.190	24.20	23.8	-1.65
2022/2/13	5250	Head	50	1113	3935	690	3.790	80.50	75.8	-5.84	1.110	23.10	22.2	-3.90
2022/2/15	5600	Head	50	1113	3935	690	3.910	83.40	78.2	-6.24	1.110	23.80	22.2	-6.72
2022/2/17	5750	Head	50	1113	3935	690	3.780	80.00	75.6	-5.50	1.090	22.80	21.8	-4.39





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Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

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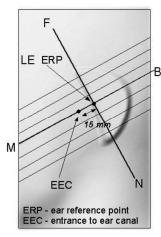
12. RF Exposure Positions

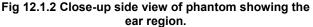
12.1 Ear and handset reference point

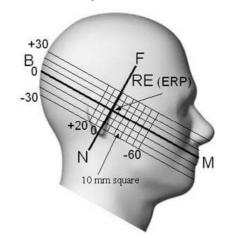
Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom







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Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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12.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

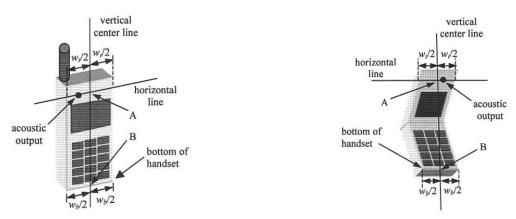


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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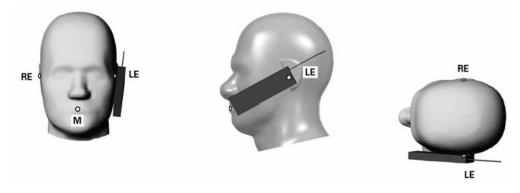


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

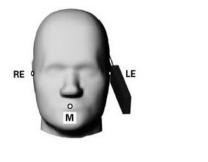
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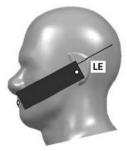
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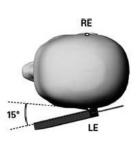
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12.3 Definition of the tilt position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

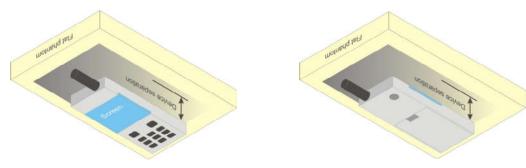


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

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12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
 procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
 secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
 mode

< WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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Report No. : FA1D1023-01 Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	β _d (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQ1} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{bs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle_{ACK} and \triangle_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

CM = 1 for β_d/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that Note 3: support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_0 = 11/15 and β_d

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
 vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β _d (SF)	β⊲/β⊲	Внs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-		5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{COI} = 30/15 with β_{hx} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{COI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{te}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the $\beta \omega/\beta d$ ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:

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For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

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DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
- c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
- Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nomina	l Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TT	I Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	tion Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	railable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	- 1
Modulat	ion		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed constellation version 0 shall be	smit with ident le. sion is limited t The redundar	ical o 1, i.e.,

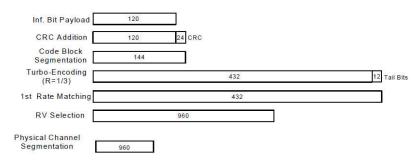


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

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HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
 vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
 vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	βd	β _{HS} (Note1)	βec	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)		E-TFCI (Note 5)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

- Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{ls} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
- Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
- DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default. Note 3:
- β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 4:
- All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-Note 5: DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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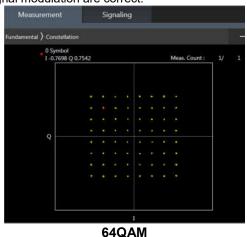
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSDPA / HSDPA

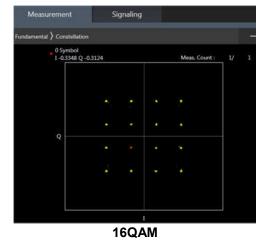
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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE B4 / B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B66 / B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





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<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS

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c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

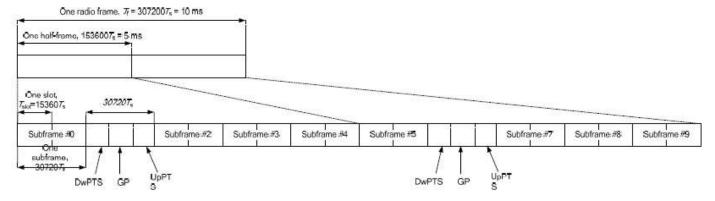


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4	2-2: U	plink-d	lownlink	confid	jurations.
I UDIC T		Pillin-	ACWITTING	COILLE	jui utions.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	al cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Exte	Extended cyclic prefix in downlink						
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	UpPTS						
20055A		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
0	6592 · T _s	555 55	4353	7680 · T _s							
1	19760 · T _s			20480 · T _s	2102 T	25.60 T					
2	21952 · T _s	2192 ⋅ <i>T</i> _s	2560 · T _s	23040 · T _s	2192 · T _s	2560 · T _s					
3	24144 · T _s		5.00	25600 · T _s	ĺ						
4	26336·T _s		9	7680 · T _s		9					
5	6592 · T _s			20480 · T _s	4294 T	5120 T					
6	19760 · T _s			23040 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s					
7	21952 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s	12800 · T _s							
8	24144 · T _s		8	0.53	Б						
9	13168 · T _s			(=8	=	=					

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Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)										
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix in configuration uplink uplink										
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%							
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%							

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Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)										
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in configuration uplink Extended cyclic prefix in uplink										
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%							
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%							

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.



<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.

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- In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only
 the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination,
 and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
- 3. All permutations exist. No restrictions on Pcell & Scell combinations.

2CC Dow	nlink Carrier Aggregation
Number	Combination
1	CA_2C
2	CA_2A-4A
3	CA_2A-5A
4	CA_2A-7A
5	CA_4A-5A
6	CA_4A-7A
7	CA_5A-7A
8	CA_5A-41A
9	CA_5A-66A
10	CA_7B
11	CA_7C
12	CA_7A-7A
13	CA_7A-26A
14	CA_26A-41A
15	CA_38C
16	CA_41C
17	CA_66B
18	CA_66C
19	CA_66A-66A

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.

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- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink two carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\left[\frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 \left| BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)} \right|}{0.6} \right] 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$



<WLAN Conducted Power>

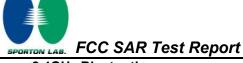
General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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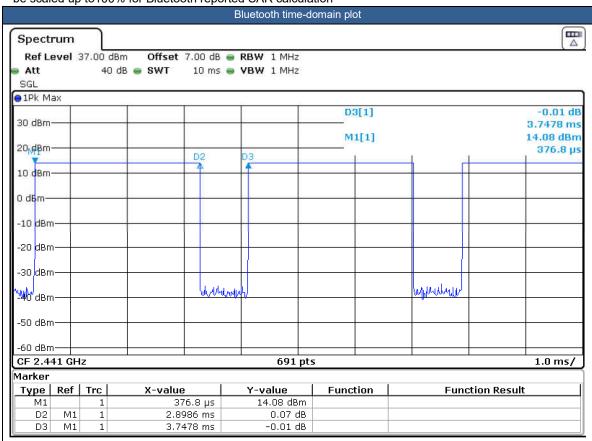


<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle are 77.34 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

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14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

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15. SAR Test Results

The detailed test results can refer to Appendix B.

The Plots of High SAR Measurement can refer to Appendix B-1.

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - \cdot ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 2: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 3: P-sensor on for Body Worn; DSI 7: hotspot on; DSI 6: P-sensor on for handheld; DSI 4: receiver off/P-sensor off).
- 5. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 6. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM1900, WCDMA Band II/ IV, LTE Band 2/4/7/66/38/41, WLAN2.4 GHz /5GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
- 7. There are four headsets, only supplier different, so only chose one headset to perform SAR testing.
- 8. For distance SAR and non-distance SAR, always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.

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GSM Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

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2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA/HSPA+.

LTE Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B4 / B5 / B38 SAR test was covered by B66 / B26 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band



WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 6. Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same, so Bluetooth hotspot Exposure Condition chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN, and other RF Exposure Conditions perform full SAR testing.

Repeated SAR Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

		Portable Handset							
No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR				
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
2.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				

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General Note:

- 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 5. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
- 6. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
- 7. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 8. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
- 9. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 10. For Back/Back with headset, always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.
- 11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR and SPLSR≤ 0.10 for 10g SAR , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 16.5.

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Bluetooth Ant 8	Summed	Summed	Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.259	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.69	0.89	0.42
GSM850 Ant 0	Right Tilted	0.188	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.58	1.09	0.34
GSIVIOSO ATILU	Left Cheek	0.278	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.52	1.38	0.66
	Left Tilted	0.173	0.840	1.217	0.337	1.01	1.39	0.51
	Right Cheek	0.064	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.50	0.69	0.22
00144000 4 = 4 0	Right Tilted	0.041	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.43	0.94	0.20
GSM1900 Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.050	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.29	1.15	0.43
	Left Tilted	0.048	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.89	1.27	0.39
	Right Cheek	0.250	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.68	0.88	0.41
)	Right Tilted	0.159	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.55	1.06	0.31
WCDMA II Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.207	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.45	1.31	0.59
	Left Tilted	0.197	0.840	1.217	0.337	1.04	1.41	0.53
	Right Cheek	0.252	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.69	0.88	0.41
	Right Tilted	0.109	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.50	1.01	0.26
WCDMA IV Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.206	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.45	1.31	0.59
	Left Tilted	0.152	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.99	1.37	0.49
	Right Cheek	0.190	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.62	0.82	0.35
WODAA V.A	Right Tilted	0.104	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.50	1.01	0.26
WCDMA V Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.197	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.44	1.30	0.58
	Left Tilted	0.113	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.95	1.33	0.45
	Right Cheek	0.242	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.68	0.87	0.40
	Right Tilted	0.158	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.55	1.06	0.31
LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.199	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.44	1.30	0.58
	Left Tilted	0.174	0.840	1.217	0.337	1.01	1.39	0.51
	Right Cheek	0.311	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.74	0.94	0.47
LTE Daniel Z Arres	Right Tilted	0.239	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.63	1.14	0.39
LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Left Cheek	0.353	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.59	1.46	0.74
	Left Tilted	0.139	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.98	1.36	0.48
	Right Cheek	0.234	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.67	0.86	0.39
LTE Daniel 10 A 10	Right Tilted	0.163	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.55	1.06	0.32
LTE Band 12 Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.227	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.47	1.33	0.61
	Left Tilted	0.142	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.98	1.36	0.48
	Right Cheek	0.372	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.81	1.00	0.53
LTE D. 140 h in	Right Tilted	0.285	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.68	1.19	0.44
LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Left Cheek	0.352	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.59	1.46	0.74
	Left Tilted	0.244	0.840	1.217	0.337	1.08	1.46	0.58

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	Right Cheek	0.222	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.66	0.85	0.38		
LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Right Tilted	0.198	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.59	1.10	0.35		
LTE Ballu 20 Alit 0	Left Cheek	0.295	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.54	1.40	0.68		
	Left Tilted	0.181	0.840	1.217	0.337	1.02	1.40	0.52		
	Right Cheek	0.209	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.64	0.84	0.37		
LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Right Tilted	0.082	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.47	0.98	0.24		
LTE Ballu 00 Allt 0	Left Cheek	0.157	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.40	1.26	0.54		
	Left Tilted	0.105	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.95	1.32	0.44		
	Right Cheek	0.154	0.433	0.628	0.158	0.59	0.78	0.31		
LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Right Tilted	0.122	0.391	0.901	0.154	0.51	1.02	0.28		
LIL Band 41 Ant 5	Left Cheek	0.214	1.241	1.104	0.384	1.46	1.32	0.60		
	Left Tilted	0.061	0.840	1.217	0.337	0.90	1.28	0.40		

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16.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Bluetooth Ant 8	Summed	Summed	Summed	Case No
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850 Ant 0	Front	0.429	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.27	0.82	0.63	
GOMOSO ATT O	Back	0.933	33 1.188 1.192 0.202 <mark>2.12 2</mark>		2.13	1.14	1&2		
GSM1900 Ant 0	Front	1.004	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.84	1.40	1.21	3
GSW1900 Ant 0	Back	1.410	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.60	1.61	4&5&6
MCDMA II Ant O	Front	0.803	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.64	1.19	1.01	7
WCDMA II Ant 0	Back	1.299	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.49	2.49	1.50	8&9
WCDMA IV Ant 0	Front	0.596	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.44	0.99	0.80	
WCDIMA IV ANI U	Back	1.268	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.46	2.46	1.47	10&11
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Front	0.384	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.22	0.78	0.59	
WCDMA V Ant 0	Back	0.984	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.17	2.18	1.19	12&13
LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Front	0.805	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.65	1.20	1.01	14
LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Back	1.377	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.57	2.57	1.58	15&16
LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Front	1.066	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.91	1.46	1.27	17
LIE BANG / ANGS	Back	1.295	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.48	2.49	1.50	18&19
LTE Band 12 Ant 0	Front	0.299	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.14	0.69	0.50	
LIE Band 12 Ant 0	Back	0.669	1.188	1.192	0.202	1.86	1.86	0.87	20&21
LTE Daniel 40 Amt O	Front	0.556	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.40	0.95	0.76	
LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Back	1.005	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.19	2.20	1.21	22&23
LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Front	0.530	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.37	0.92	0.73	
LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Back	1.089	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.28	2.28	1.29	24&25
LTE Daniel CC Arrivo	Front	0.721	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.56	1.11	0.92	
LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Back	1.407	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.60	1.61	26&27&28
LTE David 44 Aut 5	Front	1.006	0.840	0.391	0.202	1.85	1.40	1.21	29
LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Back	1.416	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.61	1.62	30&31&32

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16.3 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	1+2	1+3	1+4	
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Bluetooth Ant 8	Summed	Summed	Summed	Case No
	FUSILIUIT	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
	Front	0.429	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.27	0.82	0.63	
	Back	0.933	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.12	2.13	1.14	1&2
0014050 4 4 0	Left side	0.261			0.202	0.26	0.26	0.46	
GSM850 Ant 0	Right side	0.342	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.99	0.85	0.54	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.368				0.37	0.37	0.37	
	Front	1.004	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.84	1.40	1.21	3
	Back	1.410	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.60	1.61	4&5&6
GSM1900 Ant 0	Left side	0.071			0.202	0.07	0.07	0.27	
GSW1900 Ant 0	Right side	0.089	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.73	0.60	0.29	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	1.270				1.27	1.27	1.27	
	Front	0.803	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.64	1.20	1.01	7 7
	Back	1.299	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.49	2.49	1.50	8&9
WCDMA II Ant 0	Left side	0.096			0.202	0.10	0.10	0.30	
WCDIVIA II ANI 0	Right side	0.139	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.78	0.65	0.34	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	1.294				1.29	1.29	1.29	
	Front	0.596	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.44	0.99	0.80	
	Back	1.268	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.46	2.46	1.47	10&11
WCDMA IV Ant 0	Left side	0.044			0.202	0.04	0.04	0.25	
WCDIVIA IV AIII 0	Right side	0.132	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.78	0.64	0.33	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	1.426				1.43	1.43	1.43	
	Front	0.384	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.22	0.78	0.59	
	Back	0.984	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.17	2.18	1.19	12&13
WCDMA V Ant 0	Left side	0.226			0.202	0.23	0.23	0.43	
WODINA V AIII 0	Right side	0.298	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.94	0.81	0.50	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.272				0.27	0.27	0.27	
	Front	0.805	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.65	1.20	1.01	14
	Back	1.377	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.57	2.57	1.58	15&16
LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Left side	0.069			0.202	0.07	0.07	0.27	
LTE DAIIU Z AIII U	Right side	0.112	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.76	0.62	0.31	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	1.319				1.32	1.32	1.32	
LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Front	1.066	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.91	1.46	1.27	17

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	Back	1.295	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.48	2.49	1.50	18&19
	Left side	0.372			0.202	0.37	0.37	0.57	
	Right side		0.645	0.509	0.202	0.65	0.51	0.20	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.748				0.75	0.75	0.75	
	Front	0.299	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.14	0.69	0.50	
	Back	0.669	1.188	1.192	0.202	1.86	1.86	0.87	20&21
LTE Danid 40 Amt 0	Left side	0.354			0.202	0.35	0.35	0.56	
LTE Band 12 Ant 0	Right side	0.536	0.645	0.509	0.202	1.18	1.05	0.74	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.387				0.39	0.39	0.39	
	Front	0.556	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.40	0.95	0.76	
	Back	1.005	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.19	2.20	1.21	22&23
	Left side	0.476			0.202	0.48	0.48	0.68	
LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Right side	0.691	0.645	0.509	0.202	1.34	1.20	0.89	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.651				0.65	0.65	0.65	
	Front	0.530	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.37	0.93	0.73	
	Back	1.089	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.28	2.28	1.29	24&25
	Left side	0.321			0.202	0.32	0.32	0.52	
LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Right side	0.454	0.645	0.509	0.202	1.10	0.96	0.66	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	0.481				0.48	0.48	0.48	
	Front	0.721	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.56	1.12	0.92	
	Back	1.407	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.60	1.61	26&27&28
	Left side	0.058			0.202	0.06	0.06	0.26	
LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Right side	0.143	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.79	0.65	0.35	
	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	Bottom side	1.433				1.43	1.43	1.43	
	Front	1.006	0.840	0.395	0.202	1.85	1.40	1.21	29
ŀ	Back	1.416	1.188	1.192	0.202	2.60	2.61	1.62	30&31&32
ŀ	Left side	0.542			0.202	0.54	0.54	0.74	
LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Right side	7.2	0.645	0.509	0.202	0.65	0.51	0.20	
-	Top side		0.669	0.910	0.202	0.67	0.91	0.20	
	100 0100		0.000	0.010	0.202	5.57	5.51	5.20	L

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Bottom side

0.822

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0.82

0.82

0.82

16.4 Product specific 10g SAR Exposure Conditions

Remark:1. For Bluetooth Product specific 10g stand-alone SAR is not required for a transmitter or antenna, due to 1g hotspot SAR is <1.2W/kg.

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		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Summed	Summed	Case No
		10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	
	Front	, 3,	, J	0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back		1.242	2.174	1.24	2.17	
0014050 4 4 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
GSM850 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	
	Front			0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back	1.658	1.242	2.174	2.90	3.83	
00144000 4 = 4 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
GSM1900 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	1.238			1.24	1.24	
	Front	2.346		0.657	2.35	3.00	
	Back	3.231	1.242	2.174	4.47	5.41	33&34
VAVCEDAMA II A met O	Left side				0.00	0.00	
WCDMA II Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	3.265			3.27	3.27	
	Front	2.209		0.657	2.21	2.87	
	Back	3.552	1.242	2.174	4.79	5.73	35&36
\\(CD\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Left side				0.00	0.00	
WCDMA IV Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	3.572			3.57	3.57	
	Front			0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back		1.242	2.174	1.24	2.17	
WCDMA V Ant 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
VVCDIVIA V ANI U	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	
	Front	2.141		0.657	2.14	2.80	
	Back	3.162	1.242	2.174	4.40	5.34	37&38
LTE Bond 0 Ant 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	2.941			2.94	2.94	

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	Front	2.718		0.657	2.72	3.38	
	Back	3.224	1.242	2.174	4.47	5.40	39&40
LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE BAIRG / ARR 5	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	1.326			1.33	1.33	
	Front			0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back		1.242	2.174	1.24	2.17	
LTE Danid 40 Ant 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 12 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	
	Front			0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back		1.242	2.174	1.24	2.17	
LTE Danid 42 Ant 0	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	
	Front			0.657	0.00	0.66	
	Back		1.242	2.174	1.24	2.17	
LTE Dand OC Ant O	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	
	Front	1.846		0.657	1.85	2.50	
	Back	3.423	1.242	2.174	4.67	5.60	41&42
LTE Bond CO Aut O	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
	Bottom side	3.448			3.45	3.45	
	Front	1.263		0.657	1.26	1.92	
	Back	1.755	1.242	2.174	3.00	3.93	
LTE David (1.4.)	Left side				0.00	0.00	
LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Right side			0.243	0.00	0.24	
	Top side			2.355	0.00	2.36	
<u> </u>	Bottom side				0.00	0.00	

Test Engineer: Bruce Li, Martin Li, Ricky Gu

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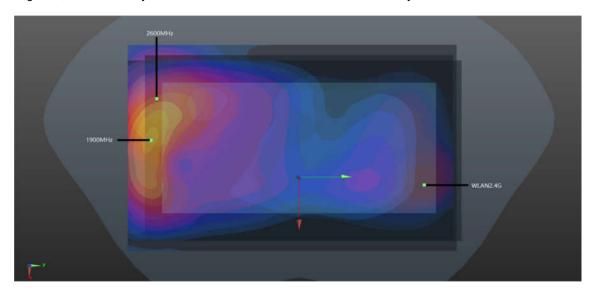
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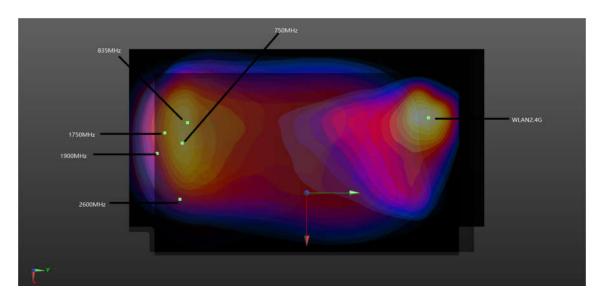
16.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

- 1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
- 2. SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR and SPLSR ≤ 0.10 for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



WWAN+2.4GHz For Body-worn & Hotspot Front 5mm



WWAN+2.4GHz For Body-wron & Hotspot Back 5mm

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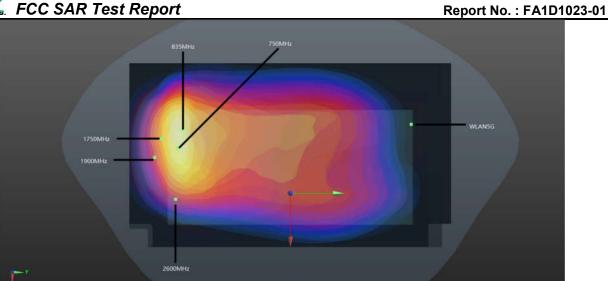
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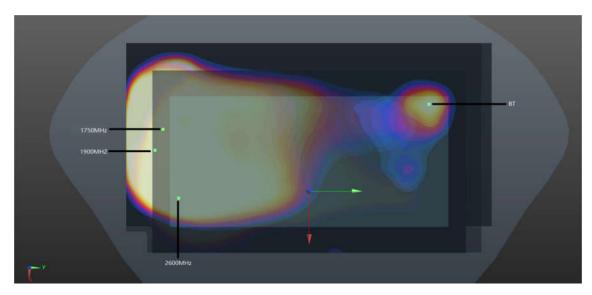
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WWAN+5GHz For Body-worn & Hotspot Back 5mm



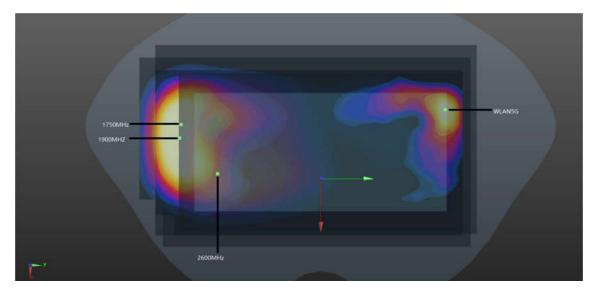
WWAN+BT For Body-worn & Hotspot Back 5mm

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WWAN+2.4GHz For Product specific 10g SAR Back 0mm



WWAN+5GHz For Product specific 10g SAR Back 0mm

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					Body-Wo							
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap		ak locatio	· · ·	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR	
Case 1			(••••	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	rtocarto	57 (
	GSM850 Ant 0	Back	0.933	5mm	-10.3	-72	0.44	145.5	2.12	0.02	Not required	
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47					
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
00	Ballu	rosition	(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
Case 2	GSM850 Ant 0	.	0.933	5mm	-10.3	-72	0.44	450.4	0.40	0.00		
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Back	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	150.4	2.13	0.02	Not required	
			SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR	
Case 3	GSM1900 Ant 0	_	1.004	5mm	-4.4	-88.1	0.73					
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Front	0.840	5mm	16.6	77.2	0.48	166.6	1.84	0.02	Not required	
		D = 241 = 11	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	SAR peak location (mm)		3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
	Band	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Υ	z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR	
Case 4	GSM1900 Ant 0	- Back	1.410	5mm	-1.5	-86.9	0.52	161.6		2.22		
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	161.6	2.60	0.03	Not required	
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case 5			(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR	
Case 5	GSM1900 Ant 0	Back	1.410	5mm	-1.5	-86.9	0.52	166.4	2.60	0.03	Not required	
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	100.4	2.00	0.03	Not required	
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case 6	Dana	1 00111011	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
3435 5	GSM1900 Ant 0	Back	1.410	5mm	-1.5	-86.9	0.52	159.1	1.61	0.01	Not required	
	Bluetooth Ant 8	Buok	0.202	5mm	-33	69	0.45	100.1	1.01	0.01	rtot roquirou	
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case 7			(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR	
	WCDMA II Ant 0	Front	0.803	5mm	-4.5	-88.1	0.75	166.6	1.64	0.01	Not required	
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		0.840	5mm	16.6	77.2	0.48					
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case 8			(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results		
	WCDMA II Ant 0	Back	1.299	5mm	-3.3	-83.8	0.58	158.3	2.49	0.02	Not required	
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Daon	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	. 55.0		0.02		

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	Band	Position	SAR	Gap SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case 9			(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
	WCDMA II Ant 0	- Back	1.299	5mm	-3.3	-83.8	0.58	163.0	2.49	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	103.0	2.49	0.02	Not required
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case	Bana	1 03111011	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
10	WCDMA IV Ant 0	Back	1.268	5mm	-16.5	-79.6	0.38	152.3	2.46	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Buok	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	102.0	2.10	0.03	rtot roquirou
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case			(W/kg)	(mm)	X	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
11	WCDMA IV Ant 0	Back	1.268	5mm	-16.5	-79.6	0.38	157.4	2.46	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8		1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48		2.40		
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Build		(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
12	WCDMA V Ant 0	Back	0.984	5mm	-21	-77.4	0.58	149.8	2.17	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
Case				(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	- OAIT
13	WCDMA V Ant 0	- Back	0.984	5mm	-21	-77.4	0.58	155.0	2.18	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8		1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
Case 14				(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)		
	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Front	0.805	5mm	-1.4	-86.6	0.71	164.8	1.65	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		0.840 5mm 16.6 77.2 0.48								
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap		ak locatio	<u> </u>	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
Case 15				(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	- JAK
13	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Back	1.377	5mm	-13.8	-89.5	0.76	162.5	2.57	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap		ak locatio	<u> </u>	3D distance	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
Case 16				(mm)	X	Y	Z	(mm)			
	LTE Band 2 Ant 0	Back	1.377	5mm	-13.8	-89.5	0.76	167.5	2.57	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8		1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48				

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	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR		Simultaneous
Case				(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
17	LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Front	1.066	5mm	-29.8	-85.2	0.91	- 168.9	1.01	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	FIOIIL	0.840	5mm	16.6	77.2	0.48		1.91		
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case		Fosition		(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
18	LTE Band 7 Ant 5	- Back	1.295	5mm	25	-80.4	0.69	162.3	0.40	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	102.3	2.48	0.02	
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Ballu	Fosition	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
19	LTE Band 7 Ant 5	Back	1.295	5mm	25	-80.4	0.69	166.3	2.40	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	166.3	2.49		
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Dallu	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
20	LTE Band 12 Ant 0	- Back	0.669	5mm	-12	-78.4	0.46	151.6	1.86	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	p SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case				(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
21	LTE Band 12 Ant 0	- Back	0.669	5mm	-12	-78.4	0.46	- 156.6	1.86	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8		1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48				
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case	Bana		(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
22	LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Back	1.005	5mm	-12.5	-79.9	0.47	153.1	2.19	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Buok	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	100.1			
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case	Ballu		(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
23	LTE Band 13 Ant 0	Back	1.005	5mm	-12.5	-79.9	0.47	158.1	2.20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Daon	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	100.1		0.02	710t Toquilou
	Rand	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR ne	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
	Band	Position	_	Oup	or at po		,				
Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Υ	z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
Case 24	Band LTE Band 26 Ant 0	Position Back	_		·			distance	SAR		

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	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case 25				(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 26 Ant 0	- Back	1.089	5mm	-16.5	-70.5	0.37	148.4	2 20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48		2.28		
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case		Position		(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
26	LTE Band 66 Ant 0	- Back	1.407	5mm	-13.7	-82.4	0.46	155.4	2.60	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Dack	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	133.4	2.00		
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Danu	Position	(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Y	z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
27	LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Rack	1.407	5mm	-13.7	-82.4	0.46	160.4	2.60	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Back	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48	100.4	2.00		
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Barra	1 03111011	(W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
28	LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Back	1.407	5mm	-13.7	-82.4	0.46	- 152.6	1.61	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth Ant 8	Buok	0.202	5mm	-33	69	0.45				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case	Julia	1 00111011		(mm)	X	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
29	LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Front	1.006	5mm	-29.8	-74.4	0.63	- 158.5	1.85	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8		0.840	5mm	16.6	77.2	0.48				
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)		3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous	
Case			(W/kg)	(mm)	X	Υ	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)	Results	s SAR
30	LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Back	1.416	5mm	28.8	-74	0.65	157.7	2.60	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 8	Z G G K	1.188	5mm	-30.6	72	-4.47	.0			
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance	Summed SAR	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
Case 31			'' (W/kg)	(mm)	Х	Y	Z	(mm)	(W/kg)		
	LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Back	1.416	5mm	28.8	-74	0.65	161.5	2.61	0.03	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8	Z G G K	1.192	5mm	-27.2	77.4	-4.48			0.03	
	Band	Position	SAR	Gap	SAR pe	ak locatio	on (mm)	3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous
Case			(W/kg)	(mm)	х	Y	z				SAR
32	LTE Band 41 Ant 5	Back	1.416	5mm	28.8	-74	0.65	155.8	1.62	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth Ant 8	Dack		0.45		1.02	0.01	1 - 1 - 1			

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FCC SAR Test Report Report No.: FA1D1023-01 For Product specific 10g SAR SAR peak location (mm) Gap 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous** Band **Position** distance SAR (W/kg) Results SAR (mm) X Y Z (mm) (W/kg) Case 33 WCDMA II Ant 0 3.231 -13.4 -86.9 0.93 0mm4.47 0.06 Not required Back 155.2 WLAN2.4GHzAnt 8 1.242 0mm -36.2 66.6 0.5 SAR peak location (mm) Gap 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous Band Position** distance SAR (W/kg) Results SAR (W/kg) (mm) X Υ Z (mm) Case 34 WCDMA II Ant 0 3.231 0mm -13.4-86.9 0.93 Back 167.2 5.41 0.08 Not required WLAN5GHz Ant 8 2.174 0mm -25.4 79.8 -4.31 Gap SAR peak location (mm) 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR** Simultaneous Band **Position** distance SAR (W/kg) Results SAR (W/kg) (mm) X Υ Z (mm) Case WCDMA IV Ant 0 3.552 0mm -12.7 -86.9 0.97 Back 155.3 4.79 0.07 Not required WLAN2.4GHzAnt 8 1.242 0mm-36.2 66.6 0.5 Gap SAR peak location (mm) 3D **Summed** SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous Position** Band distance SAR (W/kg) Results SAR (mm) X Z (mm) (W/kg) Case 36 WCDMA IV Ant 0 3.552 -12.7 -86.9 0.97 0_{mm} Back 167.3 5.73 0.08 Not required WLAN5GHz Ant 8 2.174 0mm -25.4 79.8 -4.31SAR peak location (mm) Gap 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous Band Position** distance SAR (W/kg) SAR Results Υ (mm) (W/kg) (mm) X Z Case 37 LTE Band 2 Ant 0 3.162 0mm -1.5 -73.5 0.53 Back 4 40 0.06 144 3 Not required WLAN2.4GHzAnt 8 1.242 0mm -36.2 66.6 0.5 Gap SAR peak location (mm) 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous Position** SAR **Band** distance (W/kg) Results SAR (mm) X Y Z (mm) (W/kg) Case LTE Band 2 Ant 0 3.162 0mm -1.5 -73.5 0.53 Back 155.2 5.34 0.08 Not required WI AN5GHz Ant 8 2.174 0mm-25.4 79.8 -4 31 Gap SAR peak location (mm) 3D Summed SAR **SPLSR** Simultaneous **Position** distance SAR **Band** SAR (W/kg) Results (mm) (W/kg) (mm) X Y Z Case 39 LTE Band 7 Ant 5 3.224 20.6 -69.4 0.63 0mm Back 147.4 4.47 0.06 Not required WLAN2.4GHzAnt 8 1.242 0mm -36.2 66.6 0.5 SAR peak location (mm) Gap Summed 3D SAR **SPLSR Simultaneous Band Position** distance **SAR** Results (W/kg) SAR (W/kg) (mm) (mm) X Υ Z Case 40 LTE Band 7 Ant 5 3.224 0mm 20.6 -69.4 0.63

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WLAN5GHz Ant 8

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Back

2.174

0mm

-25.4

79.8

-4.31

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5 40

0.08

Not required

156.2



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Case 41	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D	Summed	SPLSR	Simultaneous
				(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Back	3.423	0mm	-8.8	-84.9	0.96	154.0	4.67	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHzAnt 8		1.242	0mm	-36.2	66.6	0.5				
	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)				Summed SAR	SPLSR	Simultaneous
Case 42	Dallu			(mm)	Х	Υ	Z	distance (mm)	(W/kg)	Results	SAR
	LTE Band 66 Ant 0	Back	3.423	0mm	-8.8	-84.9	0.96	165.6	5.60	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Ant 8		2.174	0mm	-25.4	79.8	-4.31				

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [14] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

