



# FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC  
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone  
BRAND NAME : Motorola  
MODEL NAME : XT2231-1, XT2231-5  
FCC ID : IHDT56AC2  
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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## Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA1N1011-05	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Feb. 17, 2022



### 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2231-1, XT2231-5**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.53	1.21	1.21	1.58
		GSM1900	0.35	1.41	1.41	
	WCDMA	Band V	0.41	1.17	1.17	
		Band IV	0.25	1.36	1.36	
		Band II	0.43	<b>1.44</b>	<b>1.44</b>	
	LTE	Band 13	0.27	1.00	1.00	
		Band 26/Band 5	0.45	1.18	1.18	
		Band 66/ Band 4	0.24	1.33	1.30	
		Band 2	0.37	1.42	1.42	
		Band 7	0.18	1.33	1.33	
		Band 38	<0.10	1.42	1.42	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.73	0.98	0.98	1.33
NII		5GHz WLAN	<b>1.05</b>	1.18	1.19	1.33
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	<0.10	0.28	0.28	1.58

Highest 10g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
License	GSM	GSM850	2.93	3.32
		GSM1900	3.11	
	WCDMA	Band V	2.78	
		Band IV	<b>3.32</b>	
		Band II	3.21	
	LTE	Band 26/Band 5	2.42	
		Band 66/ Band 4	3.10	
		Band 2	3.12	
		Band 7	2.77	
		Band 38	2.55	
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	3.17	3.32
Date of Testing:			2022/1/3 ~ 2022/1/20	

**Remark:** This device supports both LTE B4/5 and B66/26. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4/5 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66/26, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66/26.

**Declaration of Conformity:**

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

**Comments and Explanations:**

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Shenzhen) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

Table with Testing Laboratory details including Test Firm, Test Site Location, and Test Site No. with sub-columns for Sporton Site No., FCC Designation No., and FCC Test Firm Registration No.

Table with Applicant details including Company Name and Address.

Table with Manufacturer details including Company Name and Address.

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- List of standards including FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, IEEE 1528-2013, and various FCC KDB SAR measurement and reporting standards.



## 4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

### 4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2231-1, XT2231-5
FCC ID	IHDT56AC2
IMEI Code	Sample 1: IMEI 1: 359986690062754 IMEI 2: 359986690069353 Sample 2: IMEI 1: 359986690064362 IMEI 2: 359986690070963 Sample 3: IMEI 1: 359986690079261 IMEI 2: 359986690082166 Sample 4: IMEI 1: 359986690066235 IMEI 2: 359986690072837
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA/HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	STA32.48
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
<b>Remark:</b> 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. 2. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.	



3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
5. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
6. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E for WLAN power. For WWAN power please refer to original project.
7. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
8. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
9. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
10. There are four samples. The difference between them could be referred to the XT2231-1, XT2231-5\_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the difference, we choose sample 1 for full testing and sample 2/3/4 for worst case verification.
11. The device has three headsets. For three headsets only suppliers are different. So we chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing only.
12. This device has two batteries. For battery 1 was in sample 1/2, and battery 2 was in sample 3/4. They were all evaluated for SAR testing conservatively.
13. This is a variant report for XT2231-1, XT2231-5. The change note could be referred to the XT2231-1, XT2231-5\_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the change, WLAN2.4 GHz and WLAN5.2/5.3/5.5/5.8 GHz full SAR testing and performed new measured power. And the other Bands were verified worse cases from original test report (Sporton Report Number FA1N1011).



**4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations**

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56AC2																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R11, Cat4																																																														
CA Support	Not Supported																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p><b>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N<sub>RB</sub>)</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N <sub>RB</sub> )						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in Proximity sensors/receiver/hotspot detect mechanism, head/body-worn/hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some WWAN bands applied to satisfy SAR compliance, the detail please referred to original project.																																																														



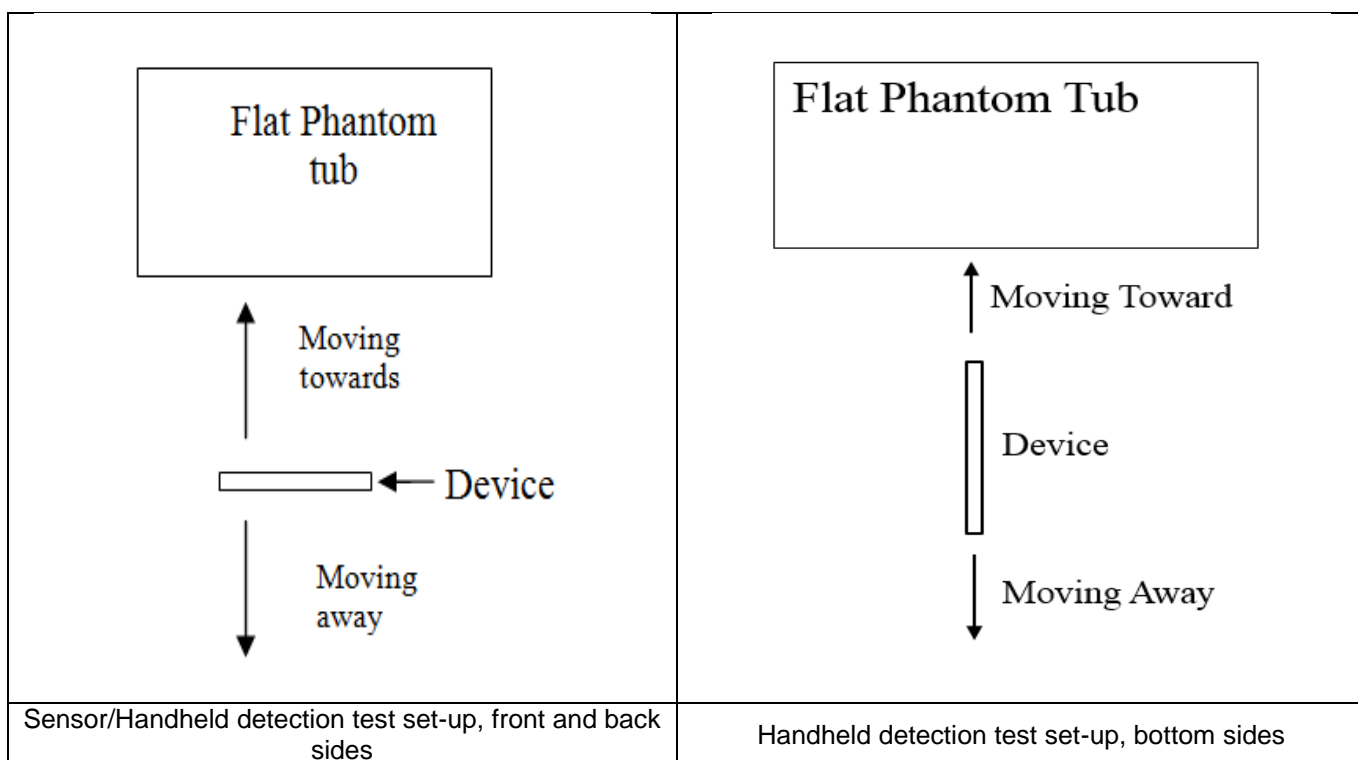
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20450	829	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20600	844	20600	844
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20850	2510	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21350	2560	21350	2560
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782		23230		782	
M	23230		782		23255		784.5		23255		784.5	
H	23255		784.5		23255		784.5		23255		784.5	

LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5	26765	821.5
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5	26965	841.5
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580	37850	2580	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610	38150	2610	38150	2610
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

## 5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

### <Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
3. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
4. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back /bottom side of the device. When front/back /bottom side of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
5. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:





**<P-Sensor>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	15	15	19	19

**<Handheld for ANT1>**

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	5	5	8	8	14	14

## **6. RF Exposure Limits**

### **6.1 Uncontrolled Environment**

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **6.2 Controlled Environment**

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

**Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

## **7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)**

### **7.1 Introduction**

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **7.2 SAR Definition**

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

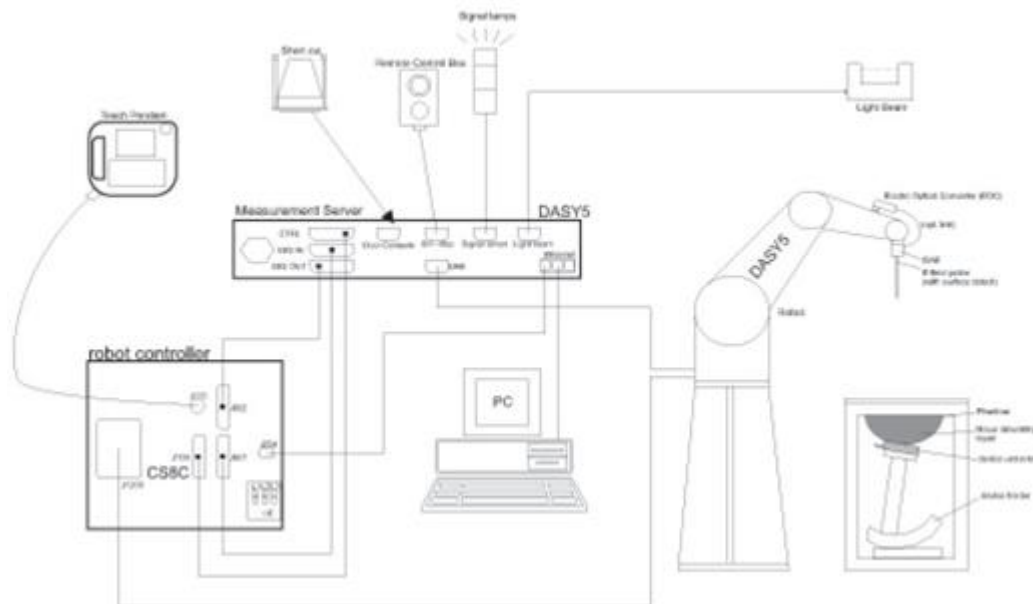
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

**8.1 E-Field Probe**

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

**<EX3DV4 Probe>**

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
<b>Directivity</b>	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

**8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



**Photo of DAE**

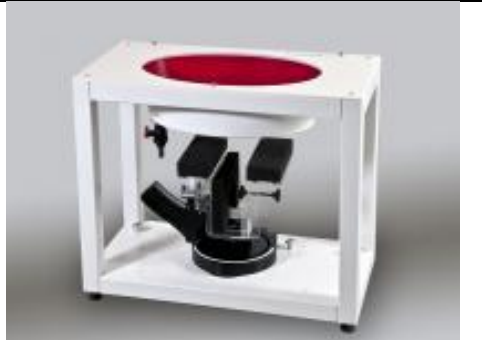
**8.3 Phantom**

**<SAM Twin Phantom>**

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

**<ELI Phantom>**

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



### 8.4 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

#### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

## 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

**9.2 Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

**9.3 Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

### 9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm	
<p>Note: <math>\delta</math> is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is <math>\leq 1.4</math> W/kg, <math>\leq 8</math> mm, <math>\leq 7</math> mm and <math>\leq 5</math> mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</p>				

### 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



### 10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	Mar. 27, 2019	Mar. 24, 2022
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	May 07, 2020	May 06, 2023
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 27, 2019	Mar. 25, 2022
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 26, 2019	Mar. 24, 2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Sep. 02, 2020	Sep. 01, 2023
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 26, 2020	Nov. 25, 2023
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	Sep. 24, 2019	Sep. 22, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	Aug. 25, 2021	Aug. 24, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3975	Jun. 07, 2021	Jun. 06, 2022
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	1671	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6262314715	Jun. 29, 2021	Jun. 28, 2022
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 25, 2021	Oct. 24, 2022
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1138	Jun. 09, 2021	Jun. 08, 2022
Agilent	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	Jan. 07, 2021	Jan. 06, 2022
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 28, 2021	Dec. 27, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Sep. 29, 2021	Sep. 28, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Sep. 29, 2021	Sep. 28, 2022
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101254	Apr. 09, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP8S	109228	Apr. 09, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
TES	Hygrometer	1310	200505600	Jul. 17, 2021	Jul. 16, 2022
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030904	Jul. 17, 2021	Jul. 16, 2022
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	Note 1	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
ET Industries	Dual Directional Coupler	C-058-10	N/A	Note 1	
Weinschel	Attenuator 1	3M-10	N/A	Note 1	
Weinschel	Attenuator 2	3M-20	N/A	Note 1	

**Note:**

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

## 11. System Verification

### 11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

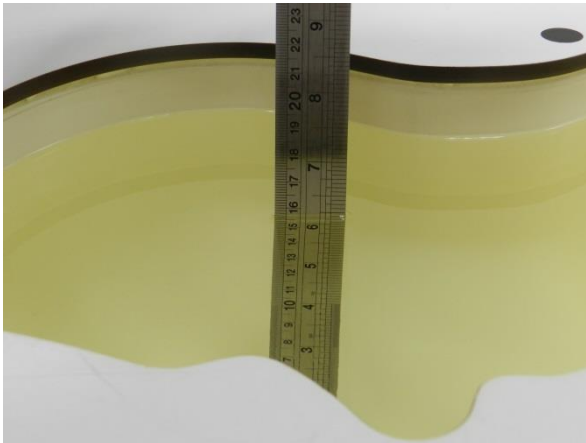


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

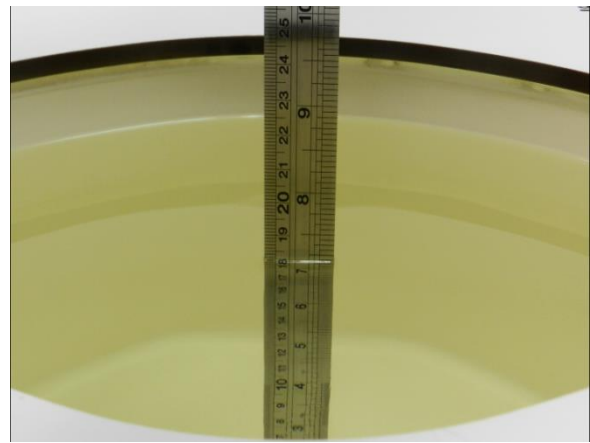


Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



### 11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

#### Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ ) (%)	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.887	40.873	0.89	41.90	-0.34	-2.45	±5	2022/1/20
835	Head	22.7	0.902	40.749	0.90	41.50	0.22	-1.81	±5	2022/1/20
1750	Head	22.4	1.395	40.742	1.37	40.10	1.82	1.60	±5	2022/1/20
1900	Head	22.5	1.447	40.017	1.40	40.00	3.36	0.04	±5	2022/1/20
2450	Head	22.2	1.823	37.953	1.80	39.20	1.28	-3.18	±5	2022/1/7
2600	Head	22.5	2.039	37.491	1.96	39.00	4.03	-3.87	±5	2022/1/20
5250	Head	22.5	4.748	36.881	4.71	35.95	0.81	2.59	±5	2022/1/3
5250	Head	22.8	4.757	36.931	4.71	35.95	1.00	2.73	±5	2022/1/8
5600	Head	22.6	5.189	36.130	5.07	35.50	2.35	1.77	±5	2022/1/4
5600	Head	22.6	5.048	36.534	5.07	35.50	-0.43	2.91	±5	2022/1/9
5750	Head	22.7	5.364	35.845	5.22	35.35	2.76	1.40	±5	2022/1/8
5750	Head	22.7	4.989	35.458	5.22	35.35	-4.43	0.31	±5	2022/1/11

### 11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/1/20	750	Head	250	1087	3975	1210	2.16	8.36	8.64	3.35
2022/1/20	835	Head	250	4d258	3975	1210	2.45	9.44	9.8	3.81
2022/1/20	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1210	9.05	36.40	36.2	-0.55
2022/1/20	1900	Head	250	5d170	3975	1210	10.00	39.00	40	2.56
2022/1/7	2450	Head	250	924	3975	1210	13.50	51.40	54	5.06
2022/1/20	2600	Head	250	1061	3975	1210	14.00	56.60	56	-1.06
2022/1/3	5250	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	7.80	80.50	78	-3.11
2022/1/8	5250	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	8.49	80.50	84.9	5.47
2022/1/4	5600	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	7.81	83.40	78.1	-6.35
2022/1/9	5600	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	8.09	83.40	80.9	-3.00
2022/1/8	5750	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	7.72	80.00	77.2	-3.50
2022/1/11	5750	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	7.85	80.00	78.5	-1.88

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/1/20	750	Head	250	1087	3975	1210	1.43	5.65	5.72	1.24
2022/1/20	835	Head	250	4d258	3975	1210	1.61	6.13	6.44	5.06
2022/1/20	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1210	4.86	19.20	19.44	1.25
2022/1/20	1900	Head	250	5d170	3975	1210	5.16	20.30	20.64	1.67
2022/1/7	2450	Head	250	924	3975	1210	6.09	24.00	24.36	1.50
2022/1/20	2600	Head	250	1061	3975	1210	6.03	25.10	24.12	-3.90
2022/1/3	5250	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.18	23.10	21.8	-5.63
2022/1/8	5250	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.36	23.10	23.6	2.16
2022/1/4	5600	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.24	23.80	22.4	-5.88
2022/1/9	5600	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.20	23.80	22	-7.56
2022/1/8	5750	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.11	22.80	21.1	-7.46
2022/1/11	5750	Head	100	1113	3975	1210	2.21	22.80	22.1	-3.07

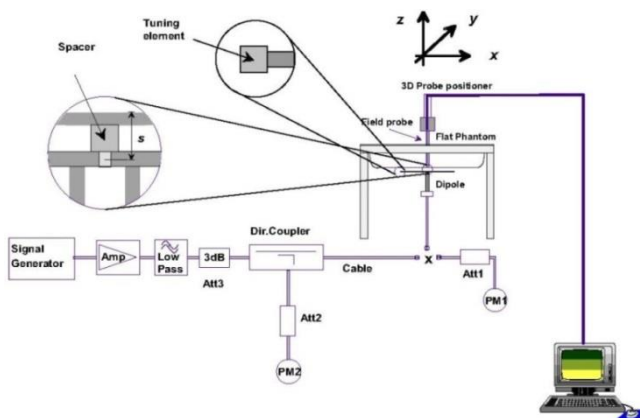


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo



## 12. RF Exposure Positions

### 12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

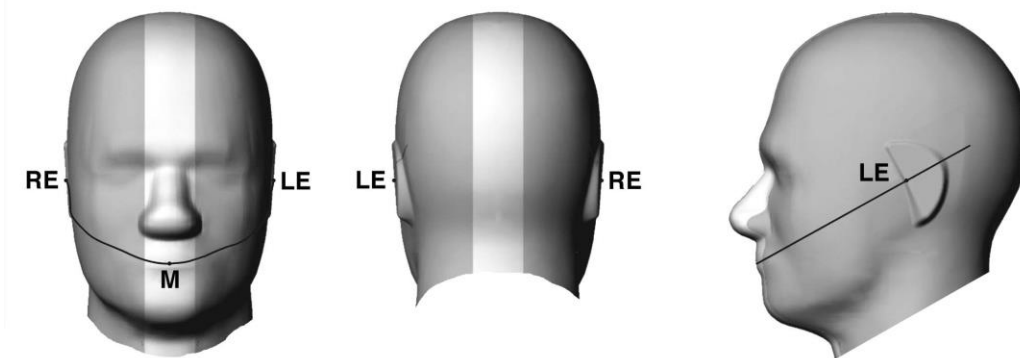


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

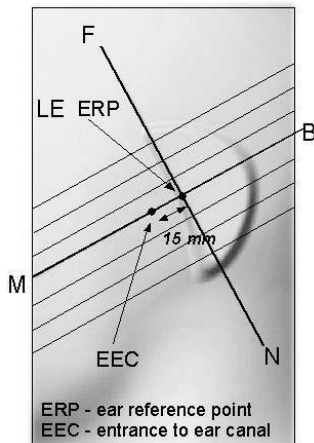


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

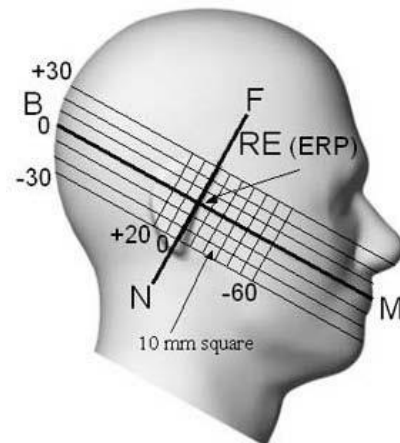


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

### 12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

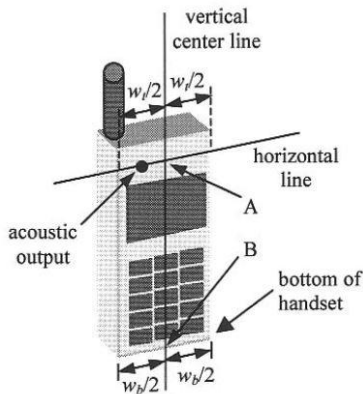


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

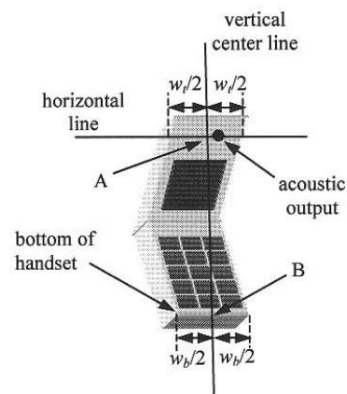


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

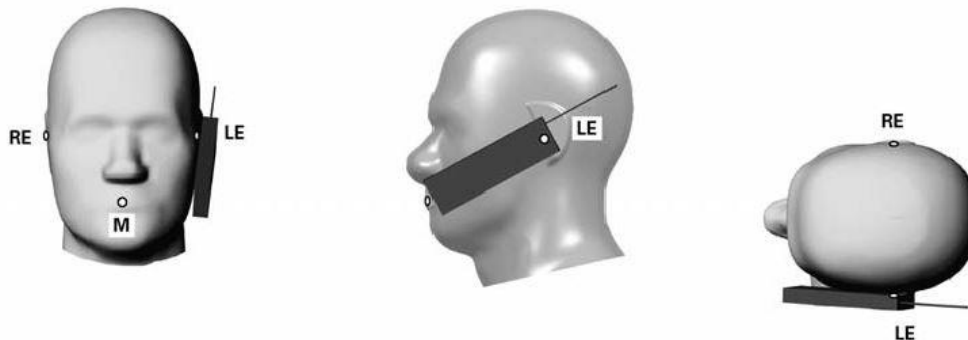


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

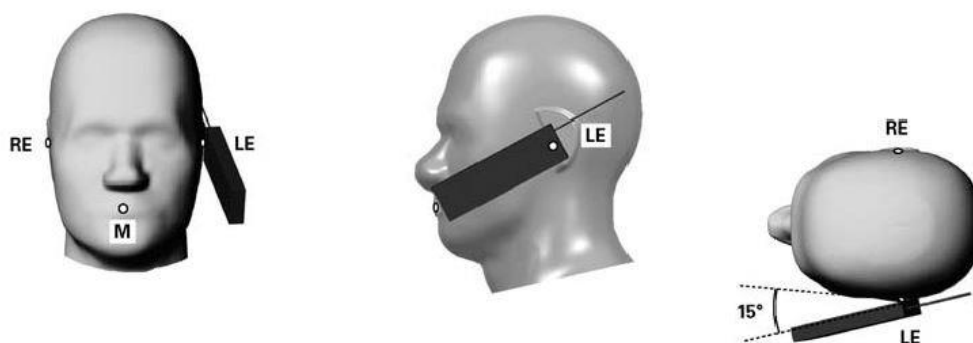


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

### 12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

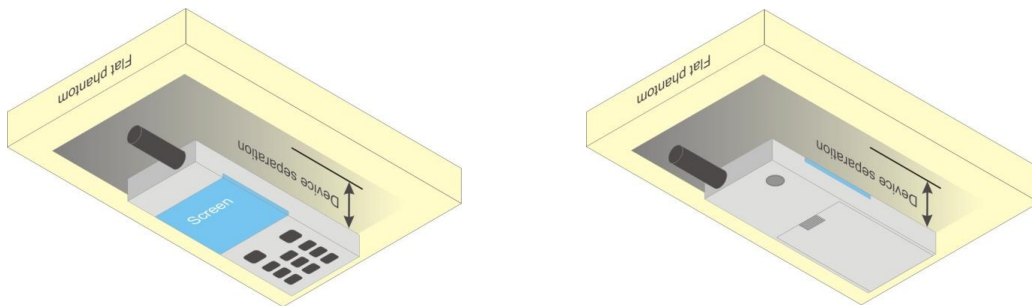


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position



## **12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure**

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq 25$  mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

## **12.6 Wireless Router**

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9$  cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



### 13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

#### <WLAN Conducted Power>

**General Note:**

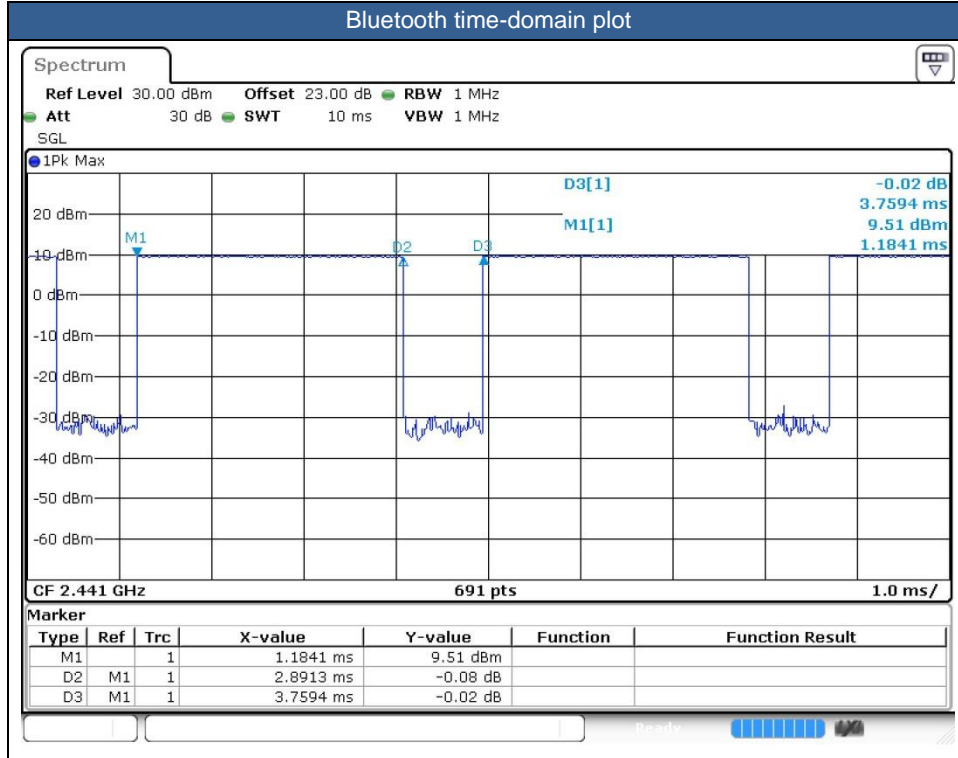
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.91 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



## 14. SAR Test Results

### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\*Tune-up Scaling Factor
  - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
  - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix  $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$  is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)\* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or  $2.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or  $1.5$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or  $1.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$ W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E for WLAN power. For WWAN power please refer to original project.
5. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
6. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
7. There are four samples. The difference between them could be referred to the XT2231-1, XT2231-5\_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the difference, we choose sample 1 for full testing and sample 2/3/4 for worst case verification.
8. The device has three headsets. For three headsets only suppliers are different. So we chose headset 1 to perform full SAR testing only.
9. This device has two batteries. For battery 1 was in sample 1/2, and battery 2 was in sample 3/4. They were all evaluated for SAR testing conservatively.
10. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension  $> 15.0$  cm or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 16.0$  cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2$  W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the  $1.2$  W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
  - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than  $1.2$ W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/IV/V, LTE Band2/4/5/7/26/66/38, WLAN 2.4GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
  - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
  - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
11. For distance SAR and non-distance SAR in body-worn, always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.





**WLAN Note:**

- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- When the reported SAR of the test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**14.1 Head SAR**

**<GSM SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	251	848.8	1	30.96	32.00	1.271	0.12	0.415	<b>0.527</b>
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	251	848.8	2	30.96	32.00	1.271	0.01	0.366	0.465
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	251	848.8	3	30.96	32.00	1.271	0.09	0.401	0.510
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	251	848.8	4	30.96	32.00	1.271	-0.03	0.397	0.504
02	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	661	1880	1	27.94	29.50	1.432	0.02	0.246	<b>0.352</b>

**<WCDMA SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	4182	836.4	1	22.82	24.00	1.312	-0.11	0.315	<b>0.413</b>
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	1413	1732.6	1	23.02	24.00	1.253	-0.05	0.201	<b>0.252</b>
05	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	9400	1880	1	22.80	24.00	1.318	0.03	0.323	<b>0.426</b>

**<FDD LTE SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	23230	782	1	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.13	0.221	<b>0.272</b>
07	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.04	0.359	<b>0.452</b>
08	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	132322	1745	1	23.33	24.00	1.167	0.13	0.201	<b>0.235</b>
09	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	18900	1880	1	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.11	0.286	<b>0.367</b>
10	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	21100	2535	1	22.69	24.00	1.352	-0.1	0.133	<b>0.180</b>

**<TDD LTE SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	38000	2595	1	23.26	24.00	1.186	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.054	<b>0.064</b>



<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.05	0.296	0.350
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	-0.03	0.338	0.400
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.15	0.600	0.710
12	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.05	0.619	<b>0.732</b>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	6	2437	2	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.07	0.471	0.557
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	6	2437	3	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.13	0.368	0.435
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	6	2437	4	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.08	0.445	0.526

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.08	0.285	0.409
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	-0.05	0.340	0.488
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.04	0.458	0.657
13	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	-0.12	0.707	<b>1.014</b>
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.02	0.278	0.363
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.06	0.349	0.455
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.02	0.468	0.611
14	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.03	0.806	<b>1.052</b>
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	2	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	-0.12	0.627	0.818
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	3	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.08	0.588	0.767
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	122	5610	4	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.11	0.438	0.571
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	138	5690	1	11.37	12.00	1.156	87.77	1.139	0.02	0.530	0.698
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	10.70	11.50	1.202	87.77	1.139	0.07	0.267	0.366
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	10.70	11.50	1.202	87.77	1.139	-0.03	0.320	0.438
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	10.70	11.50	1.202	87.77	1.139	0.09	0.360	0.493
15	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	10.70	11.50	1.202	87.77	1.139	0.02	0.758	<b>1.038</b>

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.02	0.013	0.024
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.04	0.010	0.018
16	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.16	0.022	<b>0.040</b>
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.06	0.019	0.035



14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
17	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	1	28.95	30.00	1.274	0.02	0.952	1.212
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	2	28.95	30.00	1.274	0.01	0.928	1.182
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	3	28.95	30.00	1.274	-0.05	0.944	1.202
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	Reduced	251	848.8	4	28.95	30.00	1.274	-0.08	0.901	1.147
18	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	23.85	25.50	1.462	-0.15	0.963	1.408

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
19	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	4233	846.6	1	22.00	23.00	1.259	-0.08	0.929	1.170
20	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.13	1.090	1.363
21	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	17.20	18.50	1.349	-0.11	1.070	1.443
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	2	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.07	0.993	1.340
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	3	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.02	0.890	1.201
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	Reduced	9538	1907.6	4	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.06	0.911	1.229

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
22	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	5mm	Full	23230	782	1	23.10	24.00	1.230	-0.04	0.816	1.004
23	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	Reduced	26865	831.5	1	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.11	0.960	1.178
24	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	15.61	16.50	1.227	-0.04	1.080	1.326
25	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	18900	1880	1	17.10	18.50	1.380	-0.08	1.030	1.422
26	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	5mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	12.60	14.00	1.380	0.08	0.966	1.333

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
27	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.12	1.090	1.416
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	2	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.11	1.010	1.312
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	3	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.02	1.000	1.299
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	Reduced	38000	2595	4	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.03	1.040	1.351



<WLAN2.4 SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	-0.06	0.209	0.247
28	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.02	0.831	0.983
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.09	0.511	0.605
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	6	2437	1	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.08	0.304	0.360
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	11	2462	1	16.10	17.00	1.230	99.27	1.007	0.02	0.542	0.671

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	9.70	11.00	1.349	87.77	1.139	0.13	0.234	0.360
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	9.70	11.00	1.349	87.77	1.139	-0.02	0.584	0.897
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	9.70	11.00	1.349	87.77	1.139	0.05	0.147	0.226
29	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	42	5210	1	9.70	11.00	1.349	87.77	1.139	0.01	0.762	1.171
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	-0.06	0.204	0.299
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.04	0.557	0.817
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.05	0.112	0.164
30	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	1	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.02	0.805	1.181
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	2	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.08	0.620	0.910
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	3	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.13	0.560	0.822
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top Side	5mm	Reduced	155	5775	4	9.90	11.00	1.288	87.77	1.139	0.04	0.465	0.682

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Front	5mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.06	0.053	0.097
31	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.01	0.151	0.277
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.01	0.003	0.006
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.02	0.052	0.095



14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
32	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	1	28.95	30.00	1.274	0.02	0.952	1.212
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	2	28.95	30.00	1.274	0.01	0.928	1.182
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	3	28.95	30.00	1.274	-0.05	0.944	1.202
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	251	848.8	4	28.95	30.00	1.274	-0.08	0.901	1.147
33	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	23.85	25.50	1.462	-0.15	0.963	1.408

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
34	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	4233	846.6	1	22.00	23.00	1.259	-0.08	0.929	1.170
35	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	16.53	17.50	1.250	0.13	1.090	1.363
36	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	1	17.20	18.50	1.349	-0.11	1.070	1.443
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	2	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.07	0.993	1.340
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	3	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.02	0.890	1.201
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	4	17.20	18.50	1.349	0.06	0.911	1.229

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
37	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	5mm	-	Full	23230	782	1	23.10	24.00	1.230	-0.04	0.816	1.004
38	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26865	831.5	1	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.11	0.960	1.178
39	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	132072	1720	1	16.58	17.50	1.236	-0.05	1.050	1.298
40	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	18900	1880	1	17.10	18.50	1.380	-0.08	1.030	1.422
41	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	21350	2560	1	13.73	15.00	1.340	0.02	0.992	1.329

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
42	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	1	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.12	1.090	1.416
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	2	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.11	1.010	1.312
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	3	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.02	1.000	1.299
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	4	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.03	1.040	1.351

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	-0.06	0.209	0.247
43	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.02	0.831	0.983
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	11	2462	16.10	17.00	1.230	99.27	1.007	0.02	0.542	0.671



<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.08	0.312	0.447
44	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	1	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.04	0.827	1.186
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	2	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.09	0.329	0.472
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	3	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	-0.04	0.222	0.318
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	4	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	-0.12	0.248	0.356
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	14mm	-	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.07	0.321	0.373
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	18mm	-	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.503	0.585
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.13	0.303	0.395
45	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	1	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.03	0.869	1.134
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	138	5690	1	11.37	12.00	1.156	87.77	1.139	0.03	0.854	1.125
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	14mm	-	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	-0.04	0.278	0.323
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	18mm	-	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	0.03	0.488	0.567
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.50	12.50	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.09	0.308	0.442
46	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	1	11.50	12.50	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.11	0.825	1.183
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	14mm	-	Full	149	5745	1	16.81	17.50	1.171	96.97	1.031	-0.05	0.275	0.332
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	18mm	-	Full	149	5745	1	16.81	17.50	1.171	96.97	1.031	0.03	0.484	0.584

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Front	5mm	-	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.06	0.053	0.097
47	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	78	2480	1	10.50	12.00	1.413	76.91	1.300	0.01	0.151	0.277



14.4 Product Specific SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
48	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	1	29.85	31.00	1.303	0.01	2.250	2.932
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	2	29.85	31.00	1.303	0.03	2.100	2.737
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	3	29.85	31.00	1.303	-0.06	2.090	2.724
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	4	29.85	31.00	1.303	0.07	2.010	2.619
49	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	512	1850.2	1	26.92	28.50	1.439	0.1	2.160	3.108

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
50	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	Full	4132	826.4	1	22.72	24.00	1.343	0.13	2.070	2.780
51	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	1	19.28	20.50	1.324	-0.07	2.510	3.324
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	2	19.28	20.50	1.324	0.01	2.210	2.927
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	3	19.28	20.50	1.324	-0.06	2.320	3.072
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	4	19.28	20.50	1.324	0.02	2.330	3.086
52	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	9400	1880	1	19.57	21.00	1.390	0.02	2.310	3.211

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
53	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	Back	0mm	Full	26865	831.5	1	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.03	1.920	2.417
54	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	132072	1720	1	18.68	20.00	1.355	0.15	2.290	3.103
55	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	1	19.71	21.00	1.346	-0.07	2.320	3.122
56	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	21350	2560	1	16.68	18.00	1.355	-0.09	2.040	2.765

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
57	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	1	19.64	20.50	1.219	62.9	1.006	0.09	2.080	2.551



<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Sample	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	48	5240	1	16.25	17.50	1.334	96.97	1.031	0.04	1.110	1.526
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	48	5240	1	16.25	17.50	1.334	96.97	1.031	0.08	1.290	1.774
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	48	5240	1	16.25	17.50	1.334	96.97	1.031	0.05	2.140	2.942
58	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	44	5220	1	16.16	17.50	1.361	96.97	1.031	0.17	2.220	3.116
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	40	5200	1	15.89	17.50	1.449	96.97	1.031	0.1	2.080	3.107
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.05	1.100	1.278
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.11	2.110	2.452
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	52	5260	1	17.38	18.00	1.153	96.97	1.031	0.16	2.140	2.545
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.580	0.674
59	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	1	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.16	2.730	3.173
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	2	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.1	2.320	2.696
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	3	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.07	1.650	1.918
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	4	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.05	1.990	2.313
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	52	5260	1	17.38	18.00	1.153	96.97	1.031	-0.12	2.510	2.985
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	0.05	0.782	0.908
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	0.13	1.050	1.219
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	0.02	0.471	0.547
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	100	5500	1	16.98	17.50	1.126	96.97	1.031	0.07	2.190	2.543
60	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	124	5620	1	16.98	17.50	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.06	2.560	2.975
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	Full	149	5745	1	16.81	17.50	1.171	96.97	1.031	0.05	0.978	1.181
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0mm	Full	149	5745	1	16.81	17.50	1.171	96.97	1.031	0.04	1.010	1.220
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	149	5745	1	16.81	17.50	1.171	96.97	1.031	0.03	2.300	2.777
61	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	157	5785	1	16.57	17.50	1.238	96.97	1.031	0.05	2.330	2.973





14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

<1g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Headset	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	16.53	17.50	1.250	-	-	0.13	1.090	1	1.363
2nd	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	1312	1712.4	16.53	17.50	1.250	-	-	0.08	1.030	1.058	1.288
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.20	18.50	1.349	-	-	-0.11	1.070	1	1.443
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.20	18.50	1.349	-	-	0.07	1.010	1.059	1.362
1st	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26865	831.5	22.11	23.00	1.227	-	-	0.11	0.960	1	1.178
2nd	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	37	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	26865	831.5	22.11	23.00	1.227	-	-	0.02	0.946	1.015	1.161
1st	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.12	1.090	1	1.416
2nd	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	38000	2595	15.89	17.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	-0.09	1.020	1.069	1.325
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.02	0.831	1	0.983
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	-	Full	6	2437	16.80	17.50	1.175	99.27	1.007	0.05	0.820	1.013	0.970
1st	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.04	0.827	1	1.186
2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	58	5290	11.00	12.00	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.05	0.819	1.010	1.174
1st	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.03	0.869	1	1.134
2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	122	5610	11.41	12.00	1.146	87.77	1.139	0.08	0.857	1.014	1.118
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	11.50	12.50	1.259	87.77	1.139	0.11	0.825	1	1.183
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	5mm	-	Reduced	155	5775	11.50	12.50	1.259	87.77	1.139	-0.05	0.816	1.011	1.170

<10g>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	29.85	31.00	1.303	-	-	0.01	2.250	1	2.932
2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	0mm	Reduced	128	824.2	29.85	31.00	1.303	-	-	0.09	2.210	1.018	2.880
1st	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	19.28	20.50	1.324	-	-	-0.07	2.510	1	3.324
2nd	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	1312	1712.4	19.28	20.50	1.324	-	-	0.07	2.470	1.016	3.271
1st	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.71	21.00	1.346	-	-	-0.07	2.320	1	3.122
2nd	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Bottom Side	0mm	Reduced	18700	1860	19.71	21.00	1.346	-	-	0.03	2.290	1.013	3.082
1st	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	19.64	20.50	1.219	62.9	1.006	0.09	2.080	1	2.551
2nd	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	-	Back	0mm	Reduced	38000	2595	19.64	20.50	1.219	62.9	1.006	0.01	2.010	1.035	2.465
1st	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.16	2.730	1	3.173
2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	56	5280	17.48	18.00	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.06	2.710	1.007	3.149
1st	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	124	5620	16.98	17.50	1.127	96.97	1.031	-0.06	2.560	1	2.975
2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	124	5620	16.98	17.50	1.127	96.97	1.031	0.02	2.490	1.028	2.894
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	157	5785	16.57	17.50	1.238	96.97	1.031	0.05	2.330	1	2.973
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	-	-	-	-	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	Full	157	5785	16.57	17.50	1.238	96.97	1.031	0.02	2.280	1.022	2.910

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8W/kg$ .
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 1.2$  and the measured SAR  $< 1.45W/kg$ , only one repeated measurement is required.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

## 15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product specific 10g SAR
1.	WWAN + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WWAN + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

### General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
4. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
5. WIFI 5.3/5.5GHz has no hotspot function.
6. The worst case 5 GHz WLAN SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation.
7. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
8. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously.
9. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
  - ii)  $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$  for 1g SAR and  $SPLSR \leq 0.10$  for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.
  - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 15.5.



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	3	6	9	1+3	1+6	1+9
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 3	5GHz WLAN Ant 3	Bluetooth Ant 3	Summed	Summed	Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.527	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.88	0.94	0.55
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.352	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.70	0.76	0.38
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.413	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.76	0.82	0.44
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.252	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.60	0.66	0.28
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.426	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.78	0.84	0.45
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
LTE	LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.272	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.62	0.68	0.30
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.452	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.80	0.86	0.48
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	LTE Band 66	Right Cheek	0.235	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.59	0.64	0.26
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.367	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.72	0.78	0.39
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.180	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.53	0.59	0.20
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04
	LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.064	0.350	0.409	0.024	0.41	0.47	0.09
		Right Tilted		0.400	0.488	0.018	0.40	0.49	0.02
		Left Cheek		0.710	0.657	0.040	0.71	0.66	0.04
		Left Tilted		0.732	1.052	0.035	0.73	1.05	0.04



15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	3	6	9	1+3	1+6	1+9	Case No	
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 3	5GHz WLAN Ant 3	Bluetooth Ant 3	Summed	Summed	Summed		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.212	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.20</b>	<b>2.11</b>	1.49	#1/23
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	GSM1900	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.408	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.39</b>	<b>2.31</b>	<b>1.69</b>	#2/24/43
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.170	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.15</b>	<b>2.07</b>	1.45	#3/25
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	WCDMA IV	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.363	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.35</b>	<b>2.26</b>	<b>1.64</b>	#4/26/44
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	WCDMA II	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.443	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.43</b>	<b>2.34</b>	<b>1.72</b>	#5/27/45
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
LTE	LTE Band 13	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.004	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>1.99</b>	<b>1.90</b>	1.28	#6/28
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 26	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.178	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.16</b>	<b>2.08</b>	1.46	#7/29
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 66	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.298	0.983	0.897	0.277	<b>2.28</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>1.58</b>	#8/30
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side	1.326				<b>1.33</b>	<b>1.33</b>	1.33	
LTE Band	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10		



	2	Back	1.422	0.983	0.897	0.277	2.41	2.32	1.70	#9/31/46
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 7	Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.329	0.983	0.897	0.277	2.31	2.23	1.61	#10/32/47
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
	LTE Band 38	Bottom side	1.333				1.33	1.33	1.33	
		Front		0.247	0.360	0.097	0.25	0.36	0.10	
		Back	1.416	0.983	0.897	0.277	2.40	2.31	1.69	#11/33/48
		Left side					0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Right side		0.605	0.226	0.006	0.61	0.23	0.01	
		Top side		0.360	1.181	0.095	0.36	1.18	0.10	
		Bottom side				0.00	0.00	0.00		



15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	3	6	9	1+3	1+6	1+9	Case No	
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 3	5GHz WLAN Ant 3	Bluetooth Ant 3	Summed	Summed	Summed		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.212	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.20	2.40	1.49	#1/12
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	GSM1900	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.408	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.39	2.59	1.69	#2/13/43
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.170	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.15	2.36	1.45	#3/14
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	WCDMA IV	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.363	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.35	2.55	1.64	#4/15/44
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	WCDMA II	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.443	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.43	2.63	1.72	#5/16/45
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
LTE	LTE Band 13	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.004	0.983	1.186	0.277	1.99	2.19	1.28	#6/17
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 26	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.178	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.16	2.36	1.46	#7/18
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 66	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.298	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.28	2.48	1.58	#8/19
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 2	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.422	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.41	2.61	1.70	#9/20/46
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 7	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.329	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.31	2.52	1.61	#10/21/47
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	
	LTE Band 38	Front		0.247	0.447	0.097	0.25	0.45	0.10	
		Back	1.416	0.983	1.186	0.277	2.40	2.60	1.69	#11/22/48
		Back with Headset					0.00	0.00	0.00	



15.4 Product Specific Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	5	1+5	Case No
			WWAN	5GHz WLAN Ant 3	Summed	
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back	2.932	2.545	5.48	#34
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side			0.00	
	GSM1900	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back		2.545	2.55	
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side	3.108		3.11	
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back	2.780	2.545	5.33	#35
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side			0.00	
	WCDMA IV	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back		2.545	2.55	
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side	3.324		3.32	
	WCDMA II	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back		2.545	2.55	
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side	3.211		3.21	
LTE	LTE Band 26	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back	2.417	2.545	4.96	#36
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side			0.00	
	LTE Band 66	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back		2.545	2.55	
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side	3.103		3.10	
	LTE Band 2	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back		2.545	2.55	
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side	3.122		3.12	
	LTE Band 7	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back	2.765	2.545	5.31	#37



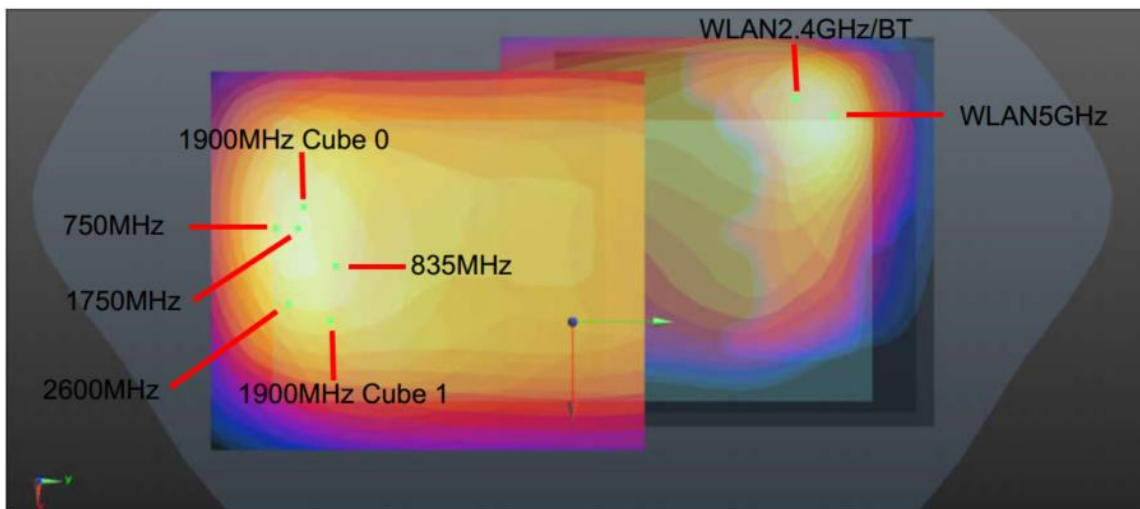
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side			0.00	
	LTE Band 38	Front		1.526	1.53	
		Back	2.551	2.545	<b>5.10</b>	<b>#38</b>
		Left side			0.00	
		Right side		0.674	0.67	
		Top side		3.173	3.17	
		Bottom side			0.00	



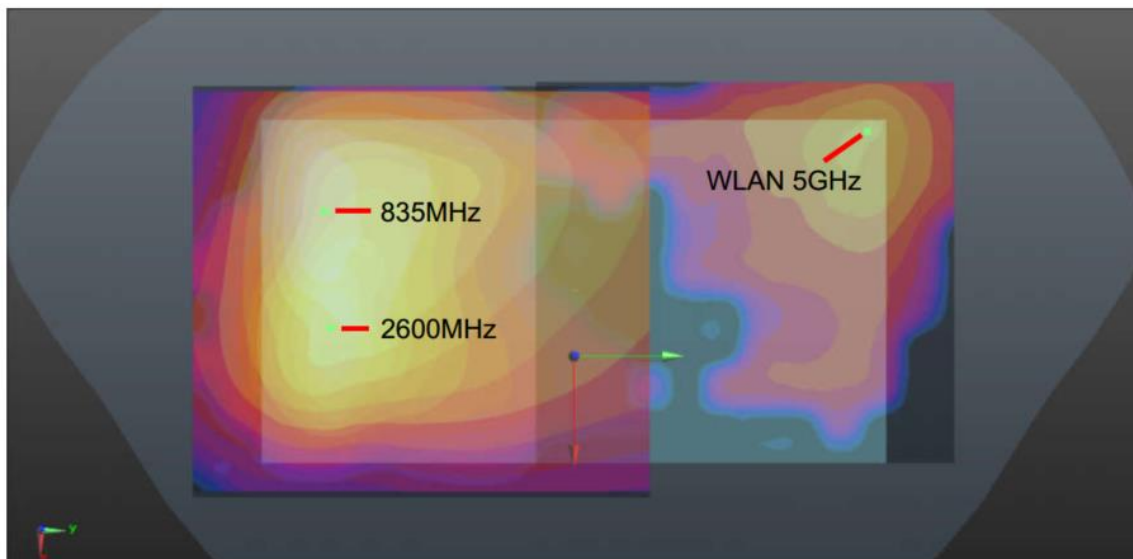
**15.5 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis**

**General Note:**

1. When standalone SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair, the peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates in the area scans or extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scans, as appropriate.
2.  $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ . If  $SPLSR \leq 0.04$  for 1g SAR and  $SPLSR \leq 0.10$  for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



**WWAN+WLAN2.4GHz/Bluetooth/WLAN5GHz \_Back 5mm**



**WWAN+ WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz \_Back 0mm**



For Hotspot:

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 1	GSM850	Back	1.212	5	-0.0155	-0.0655	-0.207	148.1	2.20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 2	GSM1900	Back	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	149.4	2.39	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 3	WCDMA V	Back	1.17	5	-0.0245	-0.075	-0.207	155.3	2.15	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 4	WCDMA IV	Back	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	156.0	2.35	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 5	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207	154.0	2.43	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207	153.5	2.43	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 6	LTE B13	Back	1.004	5	-0.026	-0.082	-0.207	161.9	1.99	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 7	LTE B26	Back	1.178	5	-0.023	-0.0765	-0.207	157.1	2.16	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 8	LTE B66	Back	1.298	5	-0.035	-0.0795	-0.207	158.1	2.28	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 9	LTE B2	Back	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	158.6	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 10	LTE B7	Back	1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207	163.6	2.31	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 11	LTE B38	Back	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	170.9	2.40	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 23	GSM850	Back	1.212	5	-0.0155	-0.0655	-0.207	143.0	2.11	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 24	GSM1900	Back	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	143.6	2.31	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 25	WCDMA V	Back	1.17	5	-0.0245	-0.075	-0.207	149.8	2.07	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 26	WCDMA IV	Back	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	150.4	2.26	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 27	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207	148.2	2.34	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207	147.8	2.34	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 28	LTE B13	Back	1.004	5	-0.026	-0.082	-0.207	156.3	1.90	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 29	LTE B26	Back	1.178	5	-0.023	-0.0765	-0.207	151.6	2.08	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 30	LTE B66	Back	1.298	5	-0.035	-0.0795	-0.207	152.2	2.20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 31	LTE B2	Back	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	152.9	2.32	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 32	LTE B7	Back	1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207	158.7	2.23	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 33	LTE B38	Back	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	165.9	2.31	0.02	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		0.897	5	-0.058	0.071	-0.207				
Case 43	GSM1900	Back	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	136.0	1.69	0.02	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 44	WCDMA IV	Back	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	142.3	1.64	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 45	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207	140.6	1.72	0.02	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207	140.2	1.72	0.02	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 46	LTE B2	Back	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	145.2	1.70	0.02	Not required



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				X	Y	Z					
Case 47	Bluetooth	Back	0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207	149.2	1.61	0.01	Not required
	LTE B7		1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207				
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 48	LTE B38	Back	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	156.5	1.69	0.01	Not required
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				

**For Body-worn:**

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				X	Y	Z					
Case 1	GSM850	Back	1.212	5	-0.0155	-0.0655	-0.207	148.1	2.20	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 2	GSM1900	Back	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	149.4	2.39	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 3	WCDMA V	Back	1.17	5	-0.0245	-0.075	-0.207	155.3	2.15	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 4	WCDMA IV	Back	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	156.0	2.35	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 5	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207	154.0	2.43	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
	WCDMA II	Back	1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207	153.5	2.43	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 6	LTE B13	Back	1.004	5	-0.026	-0.082	-0.207	161.9	1.99	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 7	LTE B26	Back	1.178	5	-0.023	-0.0765	-0.207	157.1	2.16	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 8	LTE B66	Back	1.298	5	-0.035	-0.0795	-0.207	158.1	2.28	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 9	LTE B2	Back	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	158.6	2.41	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 10	LTE B7	Back	1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207	163.6	2.31	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 11											



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B38	Back	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	170.9	2.40	0.02	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.983	5	-0.0544	0.0774	-0.207				
Case 12	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	GSM850	1.212	5	-0.0155	-0.0655	-0.207	147.1	2.40	0.03	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 13	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	GSM1900	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	148.7	2.59	0.03	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 14	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	WCDMA V	1.17	5	-0.0245	-0.075	-0.207	154.5	2.36	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 15	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	WCDMA IV	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	155.2	2.55	0.03	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 16	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	WCDMA II	1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207	153.2	2.63	0.03	Not required	
	WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207					
WCDMA II	1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207	152.8	2.63	0.03	Not required		
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 17	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B13	1.004	5	-0.026	-0.082	-0.207	161.1	2.19	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 18	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B26	1.178	5	-0.023	-0.0765	-0.207	156.2	2.36	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 19	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B66	1.298	5	-0.035	-0.0795	-0.207	157.4	2.48	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 20	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B2	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	157.9	2.61	0.03	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 21	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B7	1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207	162.5	2.52	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 22	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B38	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	169.8	2.60	0.02	Not required	
WLAN5GHz	1.186	5	-0.052	0.077	-0.207						
Case 43	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	GSM1900	1.408	5	-0.0335	-0.0705	-0.207	136.0	1.69	0.02	Not required	
Bluetooth	0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207						
Case 44	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
WCDMA IV	1.363	5	-0.026	-0.076	-0.207	142.3	1.64	0.01	Not required		



Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 45	Bluetooth	Back	0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207	140.6	1.72	0.02	Not required
	WCDMA II		1.443	5	-0.0325	-0.075	-0.207				
	Bluetooth	Back	0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207	140.2	1.72	0.02	Not required
	WCDMA II		1.443	5	-0.032	-0.0745	-0.207				
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 46	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B2	1.422	5	-0.031	-0.0795	-0.207	145.2	1.70	0.02	Not required	
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 47	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B7	1.329	5	-0.005	-0.0786	-0.207	149.2	1.61	0.01	Not required	
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				
Case 48	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B38	1.416	5	-0.0038	-0.0858	-0.207	156.5	1.69	0.01	Not required	
	Bluetooth		0.277	5	-0.0455	0.065	-0.207				

For Product Specific 10g:

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
Case 34	GSM850	Back	2.932	0	-0.0435	-0.0765	-0.207	153.4	5.48	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.545	0	-0.06	0.076	-0.207				
Case 35	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	WCDMA V		2.78	0	-0.0275	-0.0765	-0.207	155.9	5.33	0.08	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.545	0	-0.06	0.076	-0.207				
Case 36	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B26		2.417	0	-0.0275	-0.0805	-0.207	159.8	4.96	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.545	0	-0.06	0.076	-0.207				
Case 37	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B7		2.765	0	-0.0076	-0.0798	-0.207	164.4	5.31	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.545	0	-0.06	0.076	-0.207				
Case 38	Band	Back	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (mm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
			X	Y	Z						
	LTE B38		2.551	0	-0.0074	-0.0774	-0.207	162.2	5.10	0.07	Not required
	WLAN5GHz		2.545	0	-0.06	0.076	-0.207				

Test Engineer : Kevin Xu, David Dai, Bin He



## **16. Uncertainty Assessment**

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k = 2$ . If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

## **17. References**

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers”, Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015
- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015
- [13] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

-----THE END-----





## **Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check**

The plots are shown as follows.

## System Check\_Head\_750MHz

**DUT: D750V3-SN:1087**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.887 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.873$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature :  $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $2.88 \text{ W/kg}$

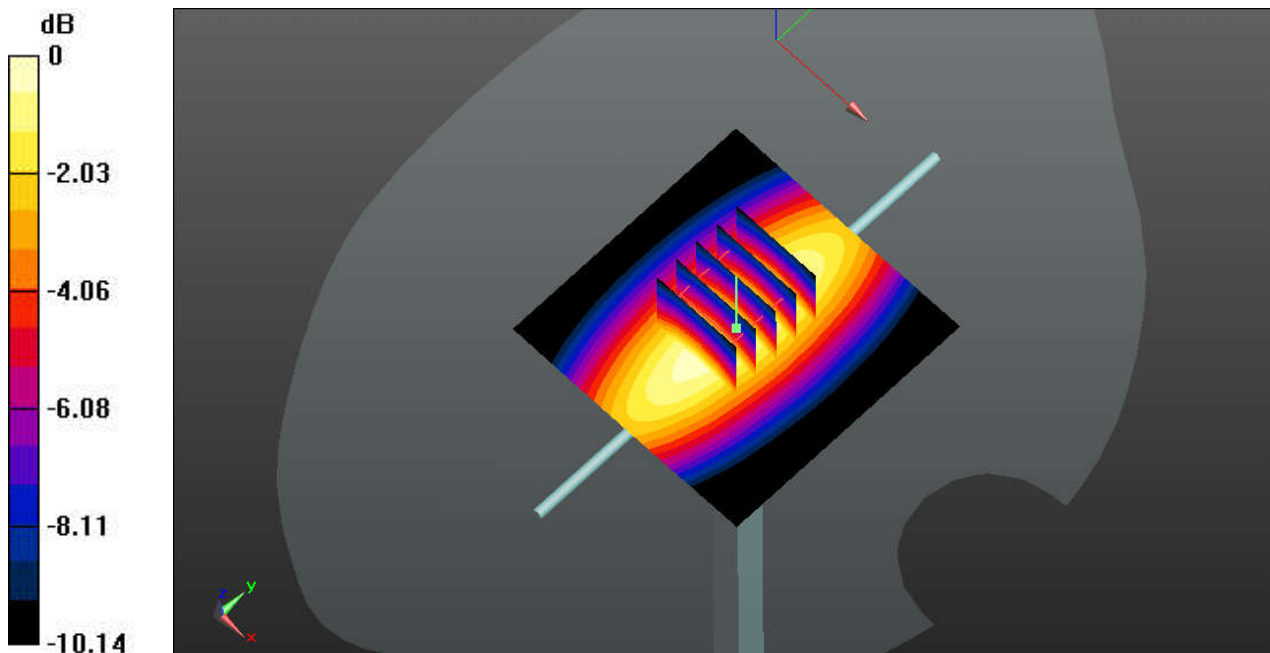
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $58.83 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.05 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.30 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $2.16 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.43 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $2.90 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $2.90 \text{ W/kg}$

## System Check\_Head\_835MHz

**DUT: D835V2-SN:4d258**

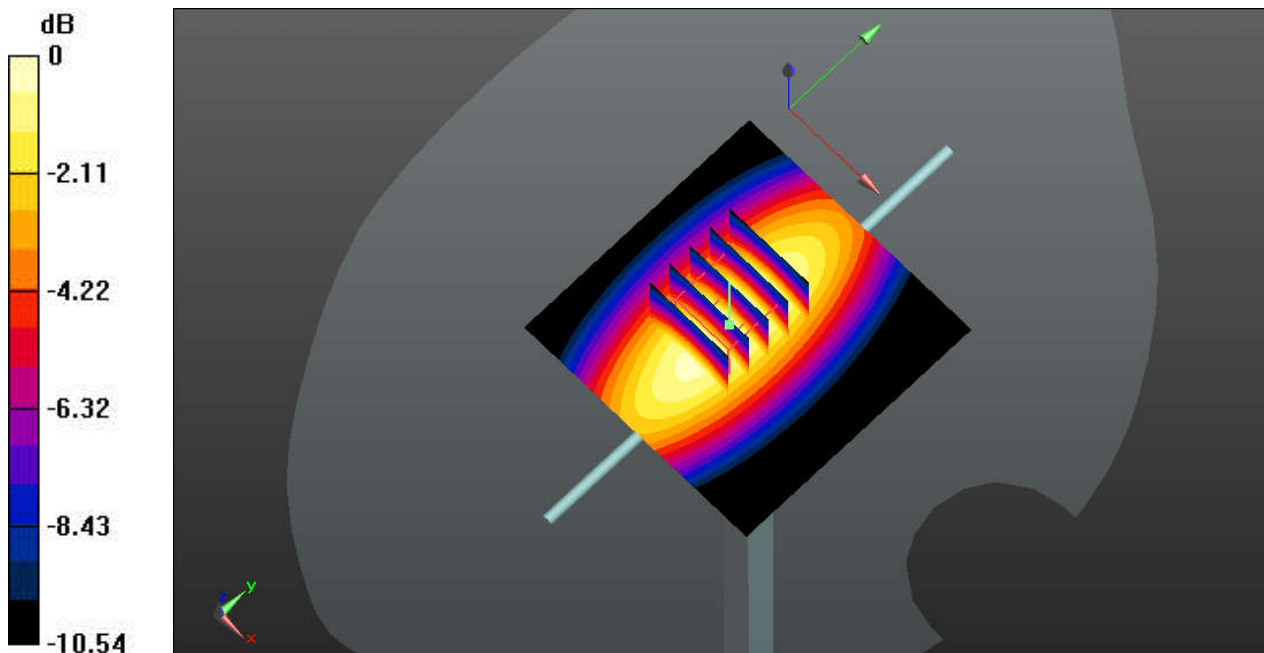
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.902 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.749$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Ambient Temperature :  $23.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $3.02 \text{ W/kg}$

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value =  $58.44 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.10 \text{ dB}$   
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $3.57 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $2.45 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $1.61 \text{ W/kg}$**   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $3.08 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $3.08 \text{ W/kg}$

## System Check\_Head\_1750MHz

**DUT: D1750V2-SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_1750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.395$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.742$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.3 W/kg

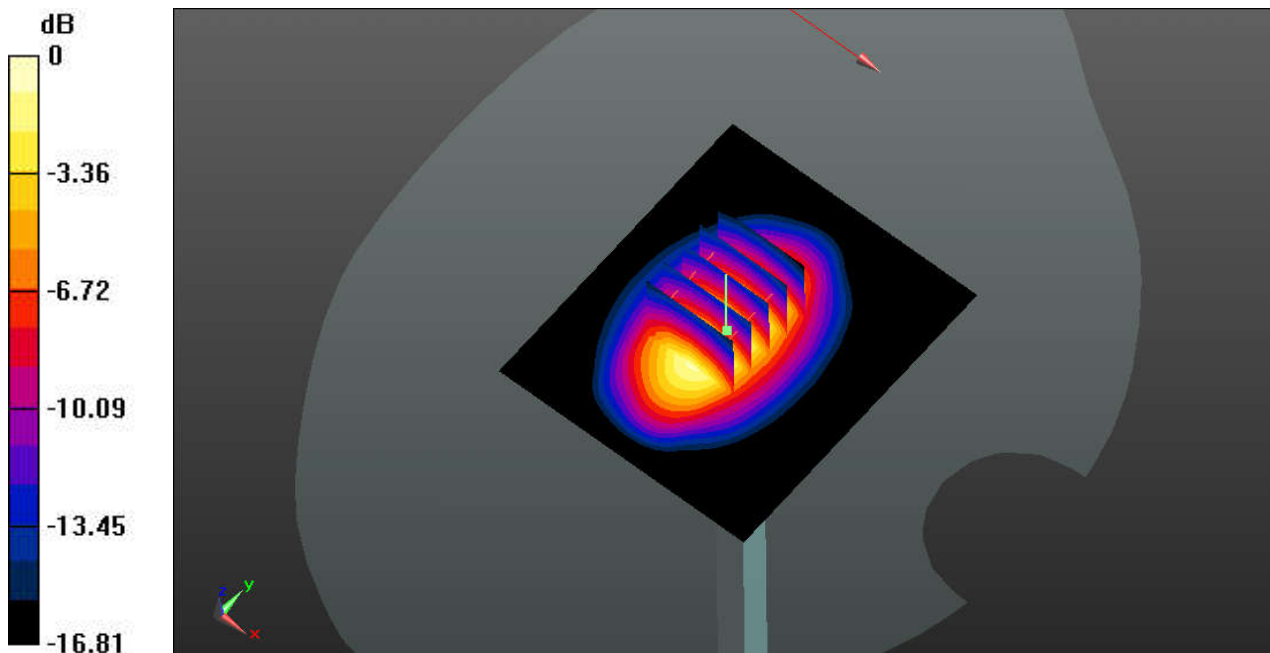
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_1900MHz

**DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170**

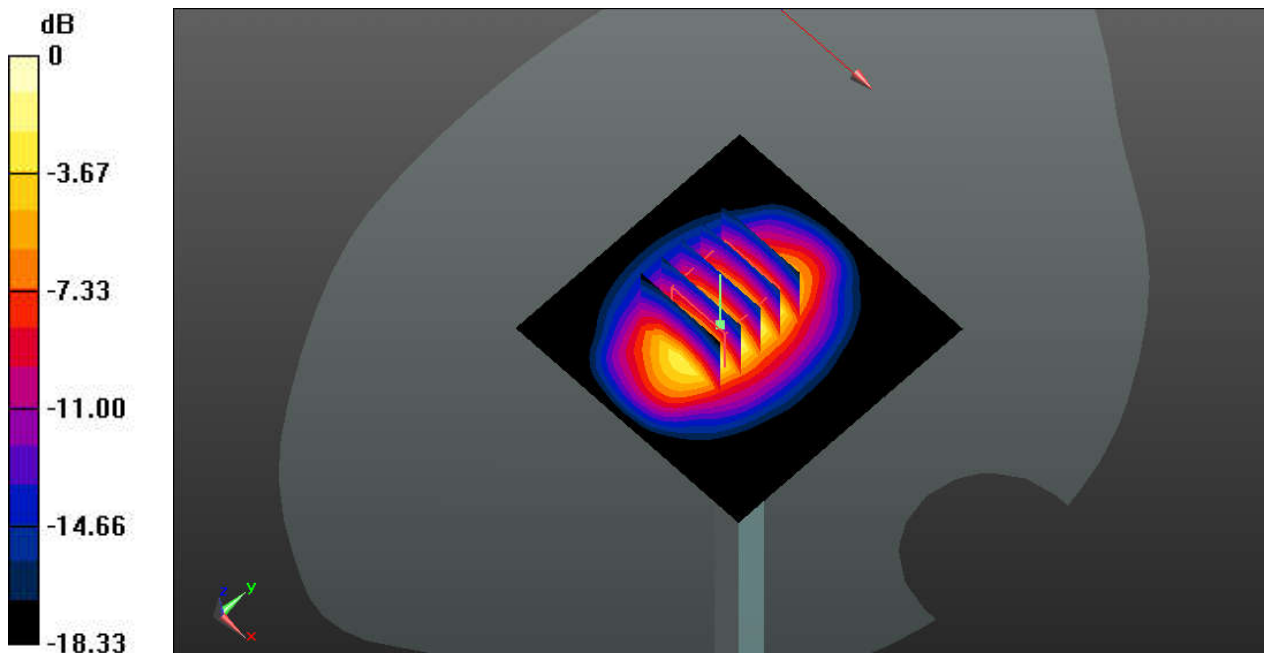
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.447$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.017$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 96.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

**DUT: D2450V2-SN:924**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450\_220107 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.823$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.953$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

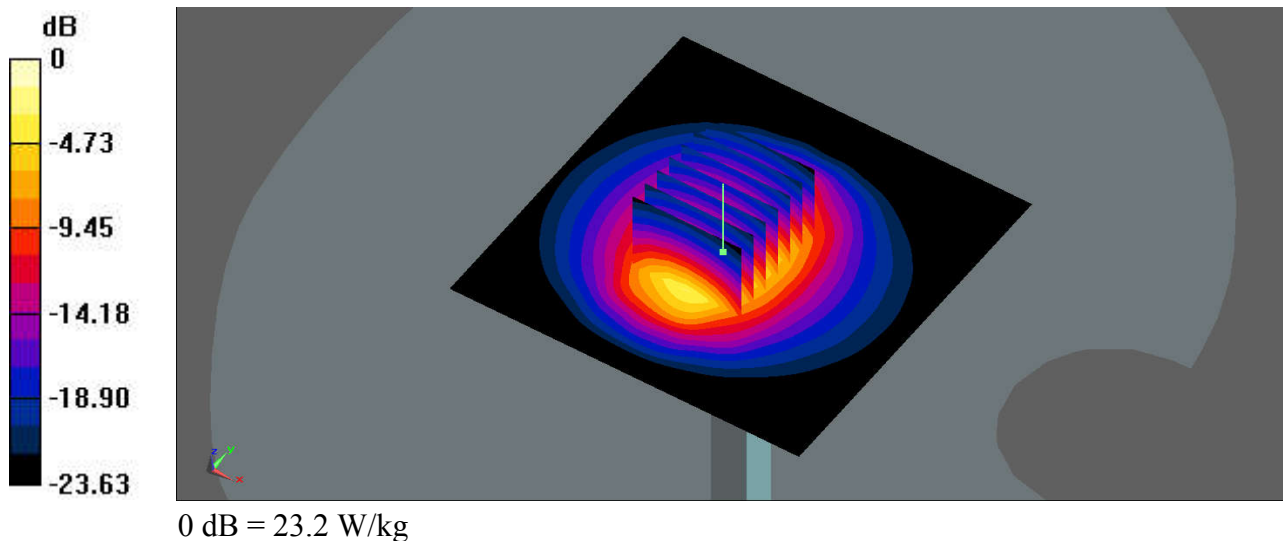
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.9 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
 Reference Value = 113.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.2 W/kg



## System Check\_Head\_2600MHz

### DUT: D2600V2-1061

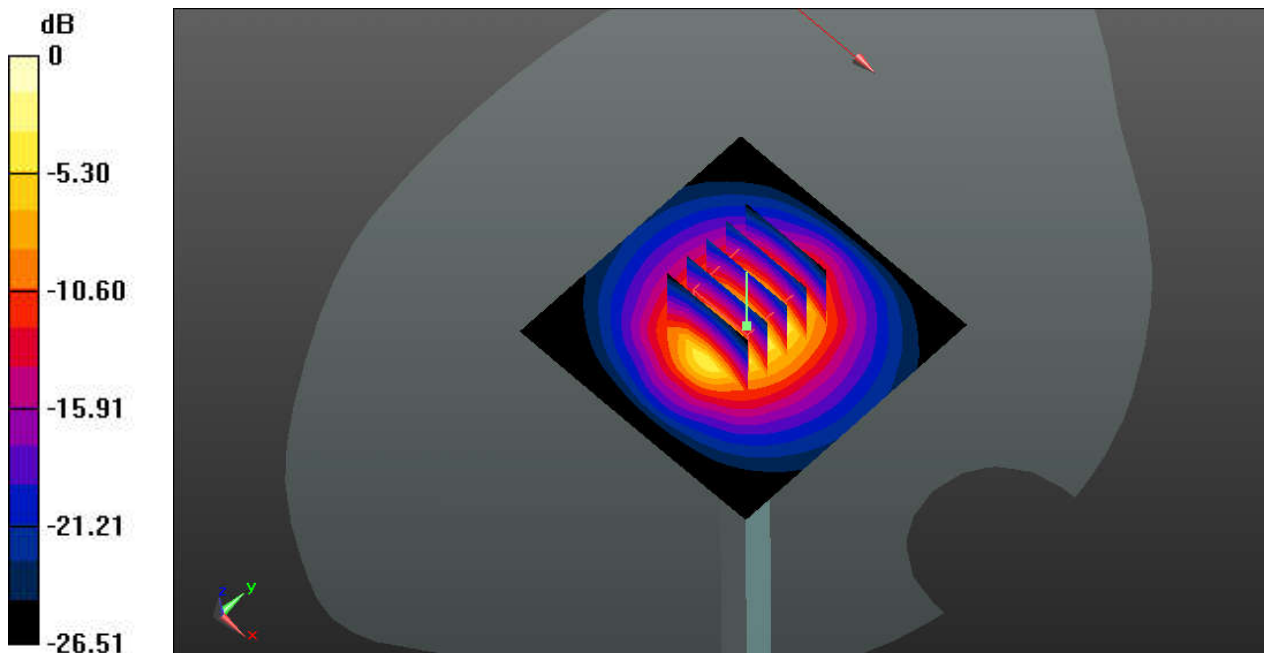
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_2600\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.039$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.491$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.2 W/kg

**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 115.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.3 W/kg



## System Check\_Head\_5250MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5250\_220103 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.748$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.881$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

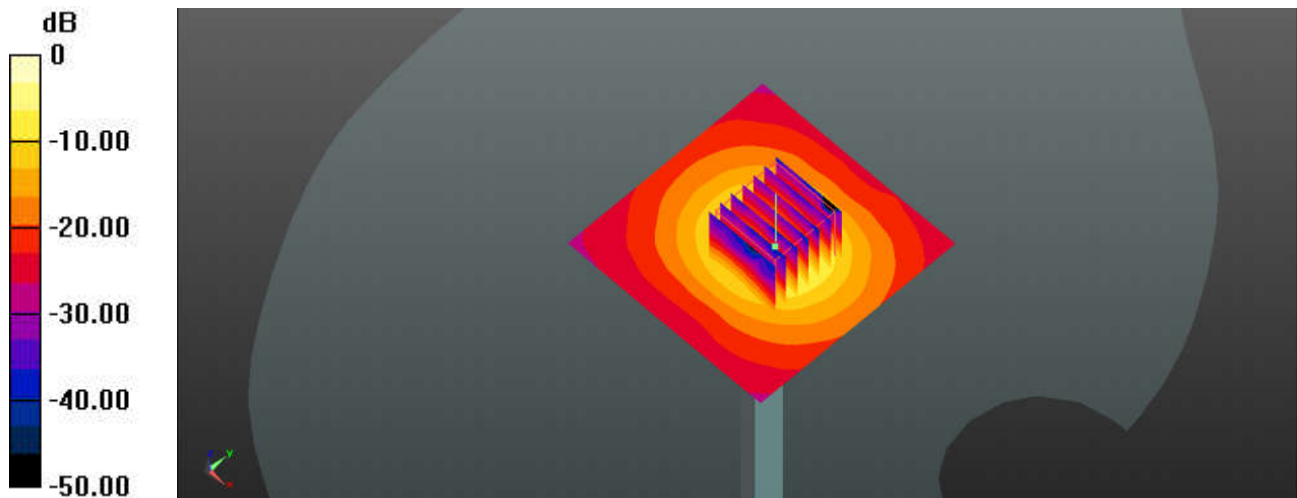
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(5.31, 5.31, 5.31); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 51.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg



## System Check\_Head\_5250MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5250\_220108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.757$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.931$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

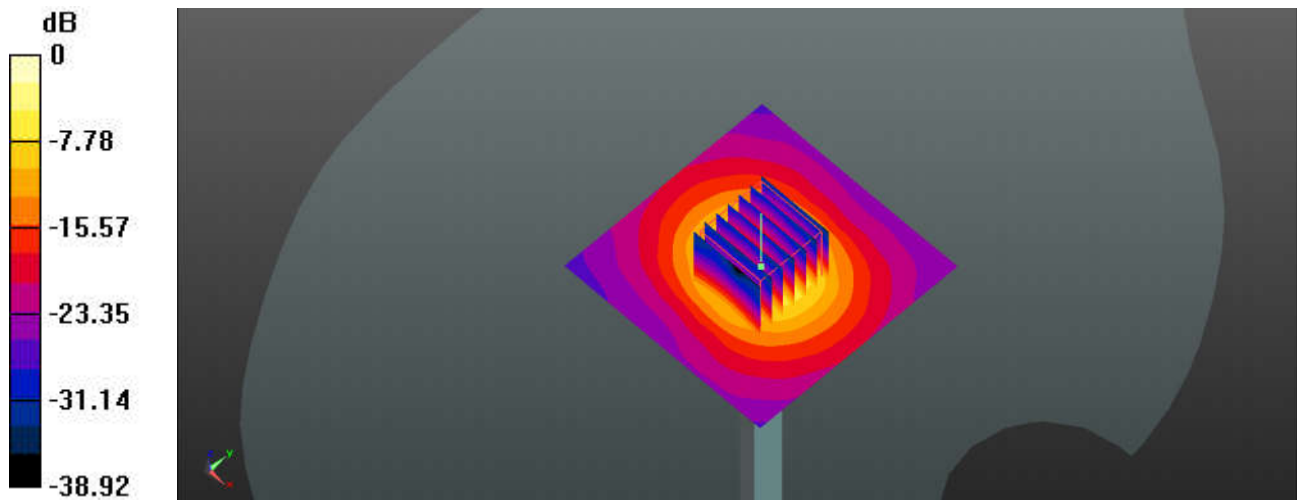
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(5.31, 5.31, 5.31); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.5 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 59.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_5600MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5600\_220104 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.189$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.13$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

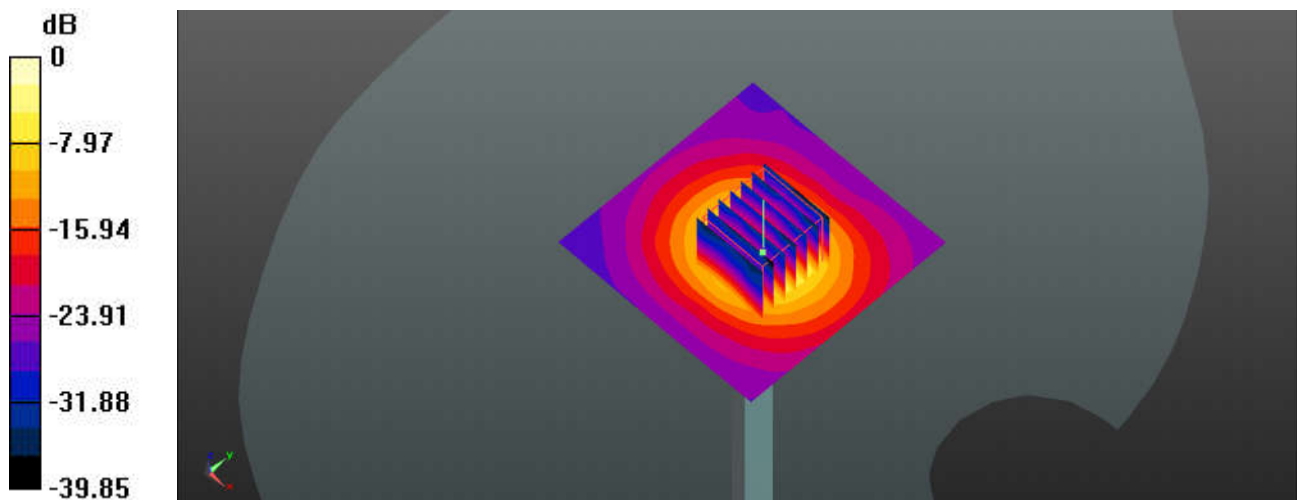
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 60.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_5600MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5600\_220109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.048$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.534$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

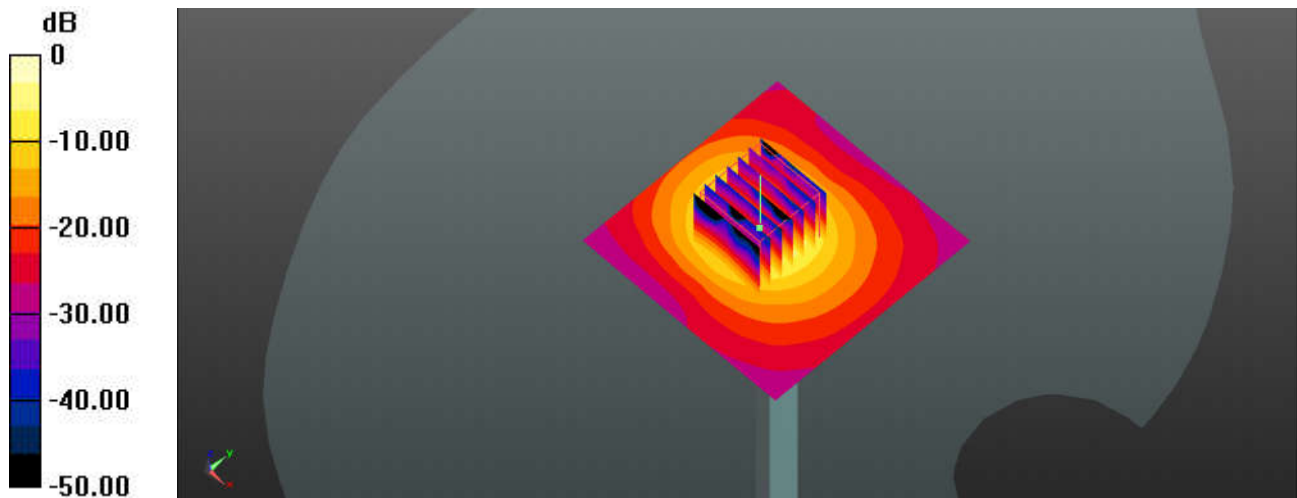
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.3 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 45.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.7 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_5750MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5750\_220108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.364$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.845$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

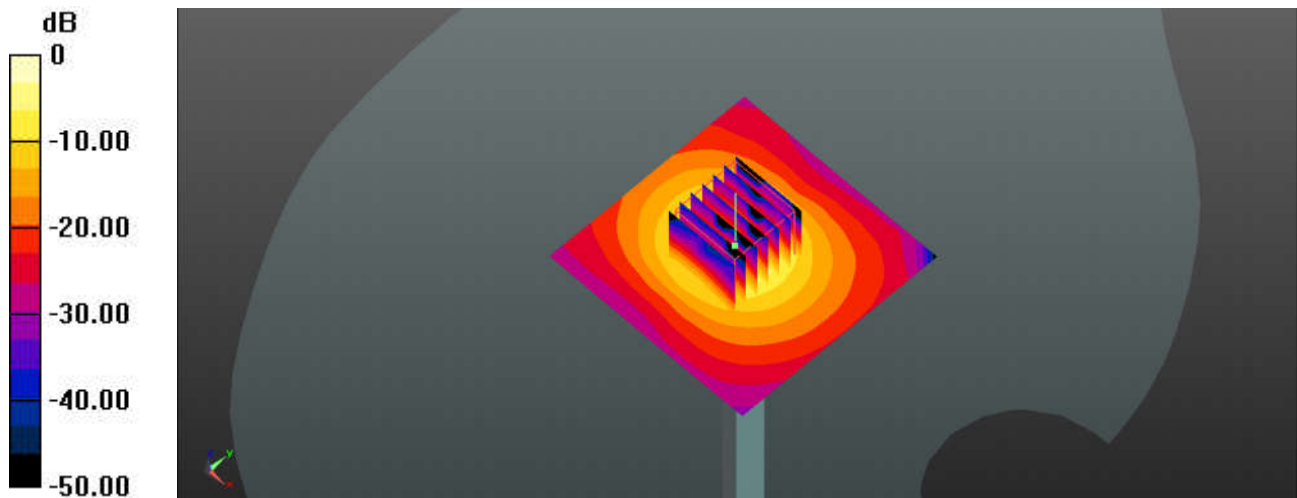
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 46.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.0 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg

## System Check\_Head\_5750MHz

**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_5750\_220111 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.989$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.458$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

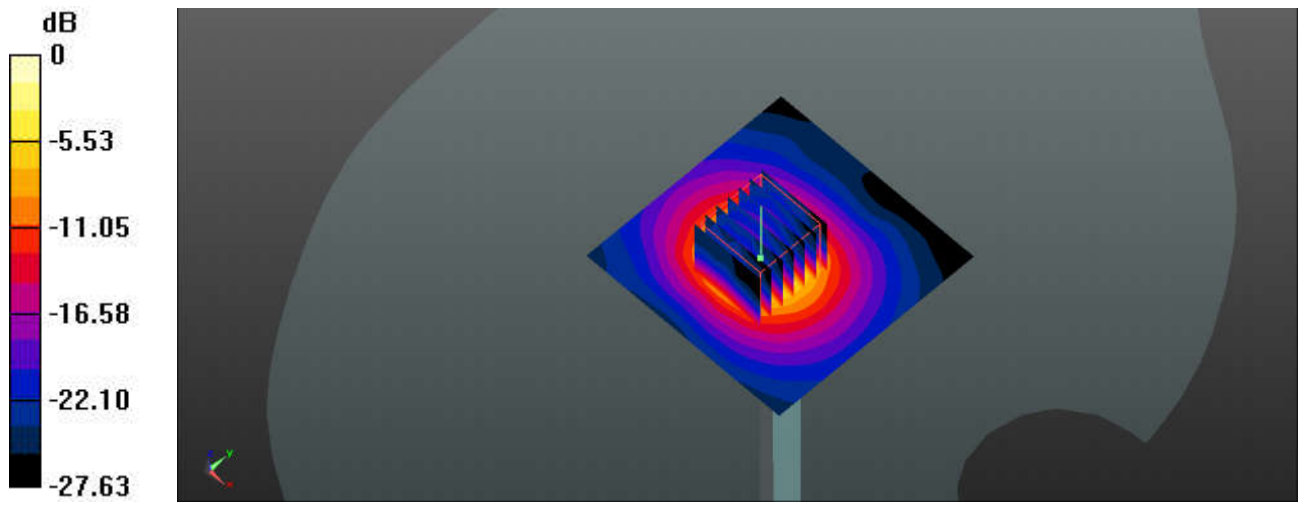
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.9 W/kg

**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
 Reference Value = 48.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB  
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg**  
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.9 W/kg



**Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement**

The plots are shown as follows.

### 01\_GSM850\_GPRS 2 Tx slots\_Right Cheek\_Ch251

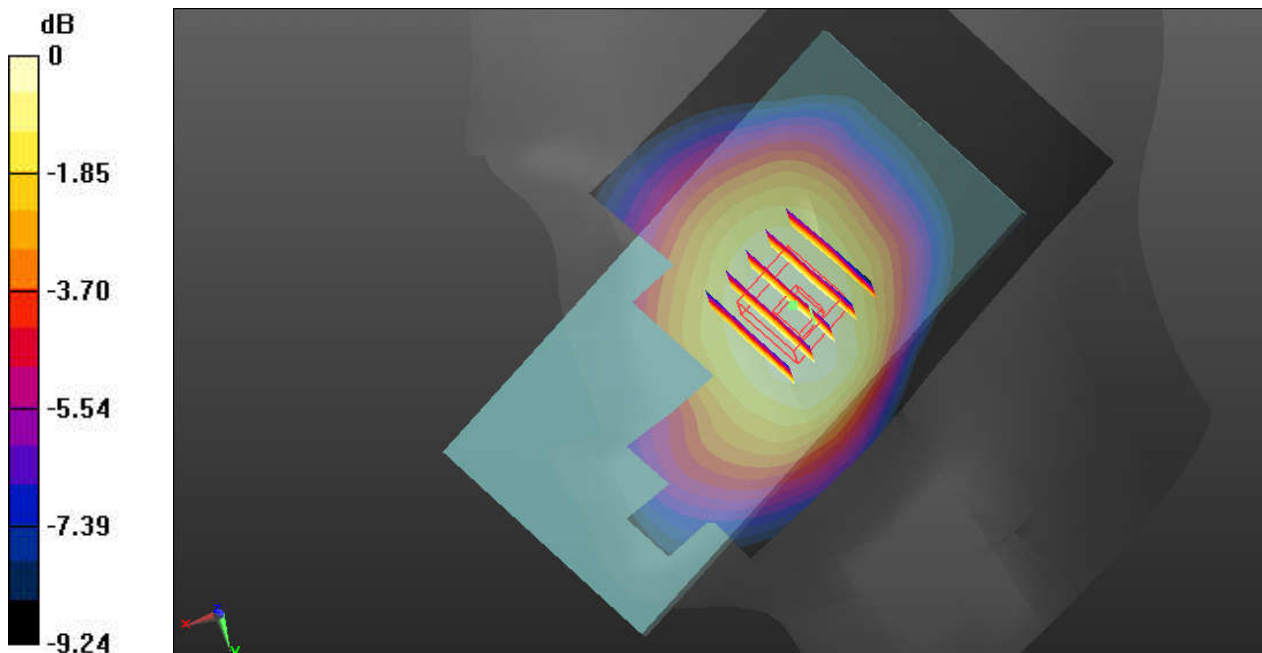
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 849$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.913$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.606$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch251/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 W/kg

**Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 7.762 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 W/kg



0 dB = 0.486 W/kg

## 02\_GSM1900\_GPRS 2 Tx slots\_Right Cheek\_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.427$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.109$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch661/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.336 W/kg

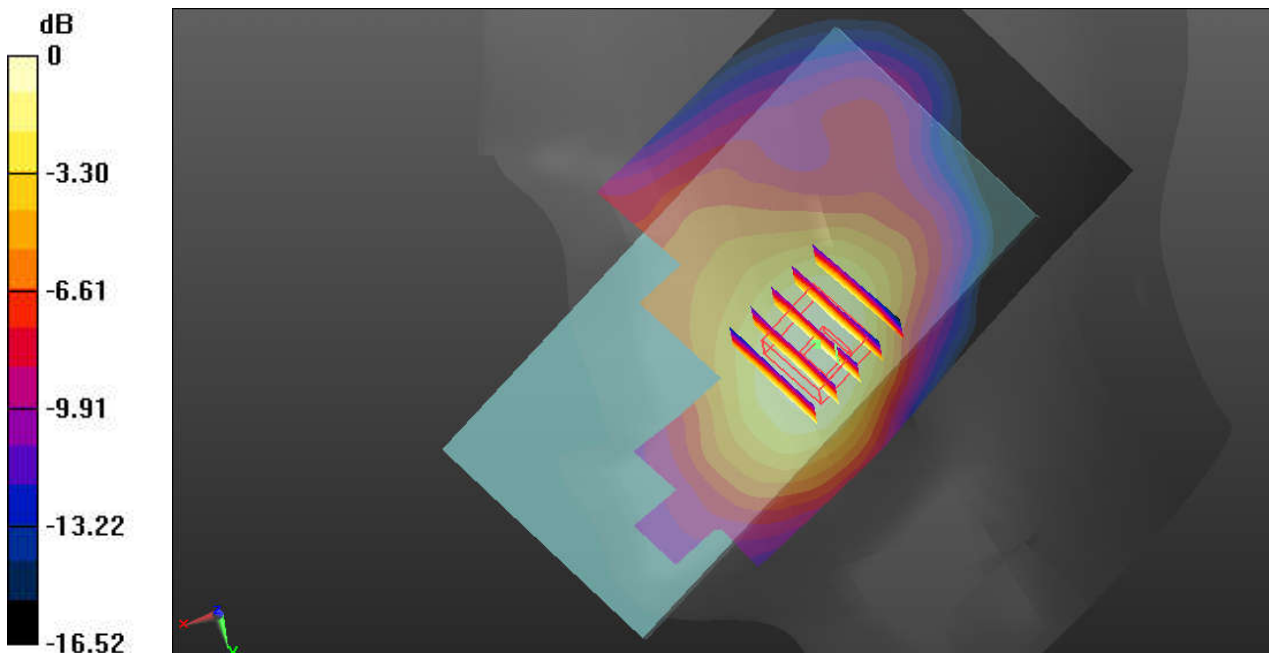
**Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.361 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.391 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg



0 dB = 0.330 W/kg



### 03\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Right Cheek\_Ch4182

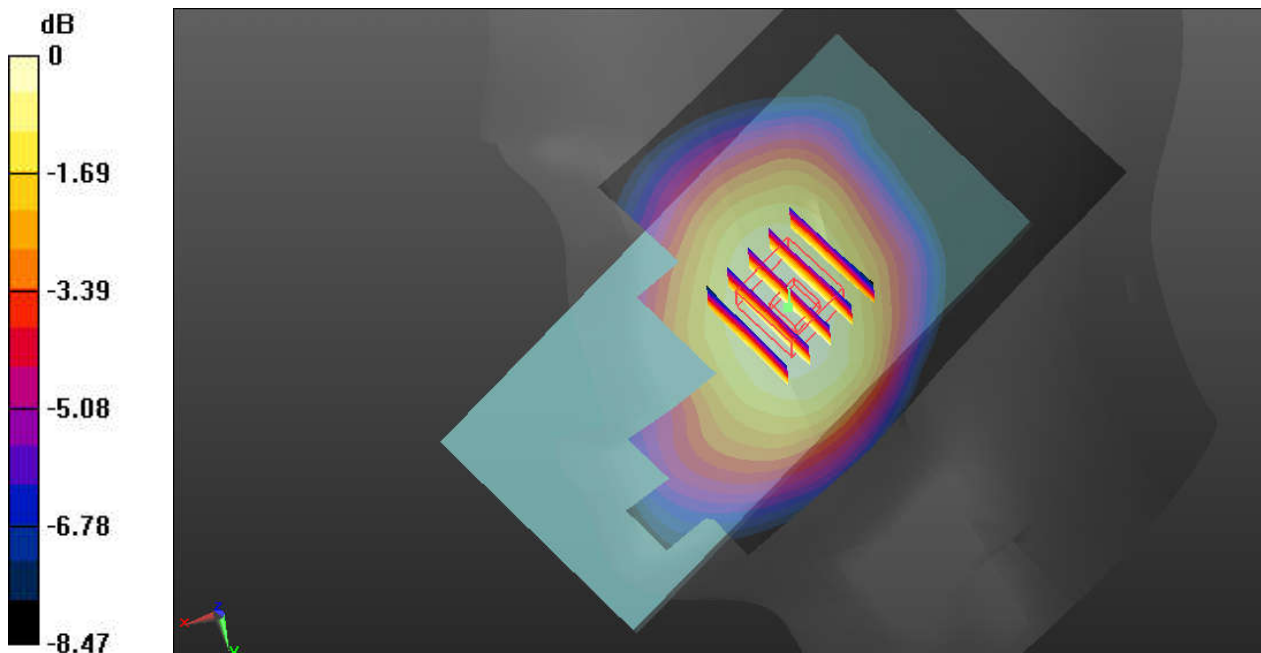
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.903$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.74$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch4182/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.373 W/kg

**Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 6.045 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.395 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.315 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



0 dB = 0.369 W/kg

### 04\_WCDMA IV\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Right Cheek\_Ch1413

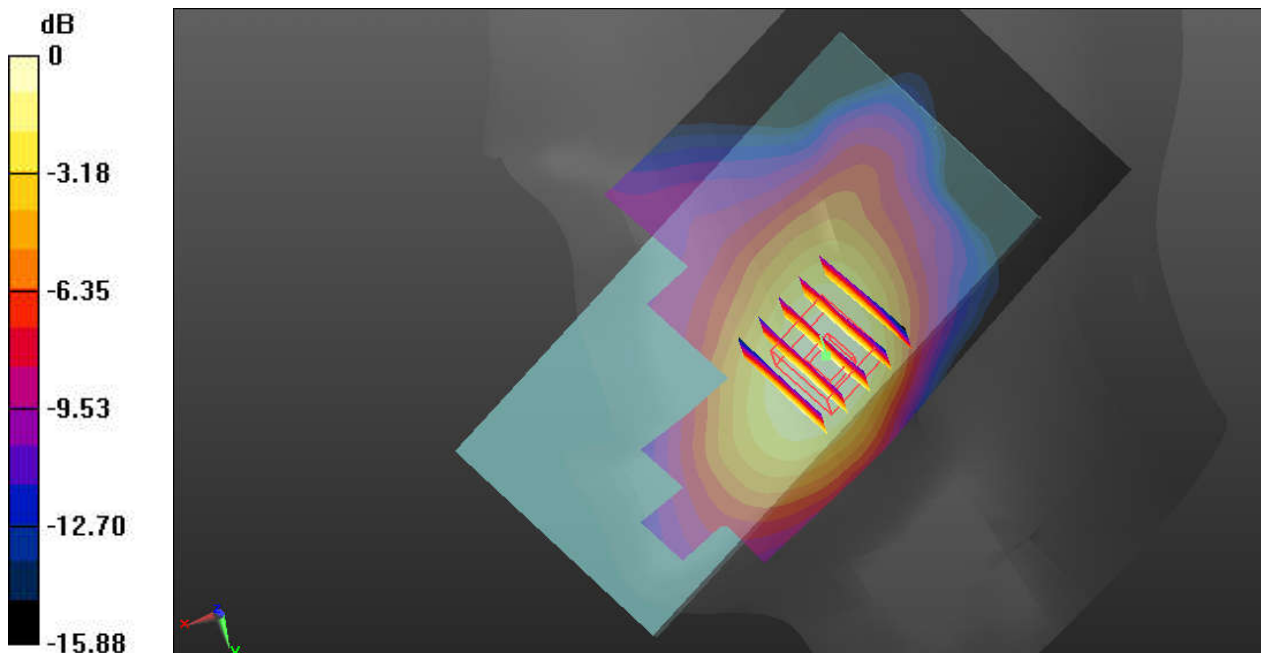
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1733 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.379 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.796$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Ambient Temperature :  $23.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch1413/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.268 \text{ W/kg}$

**Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value =  $2.898 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.05 \text{ dB}$   
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.318 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $0.201 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.131 \text{ W/kg}$**   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.267 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $0.267 \text{ W/kg}$

### 05\_WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Right Cheek\_Ch9400

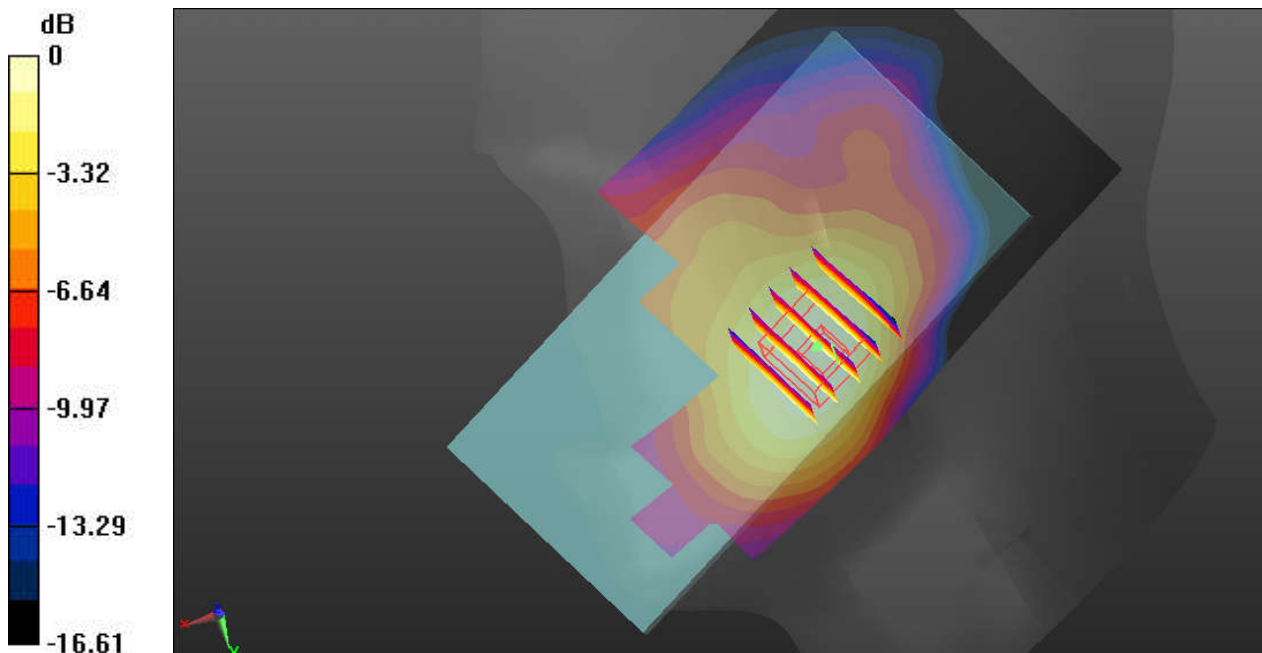
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.427$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.109$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch9400/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.425 W/kg

**Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 5.347 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.503 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.323 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 W/kg



0 dB = 0.422 W/kg

### 06\_LTE Band 13\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_25Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch23230

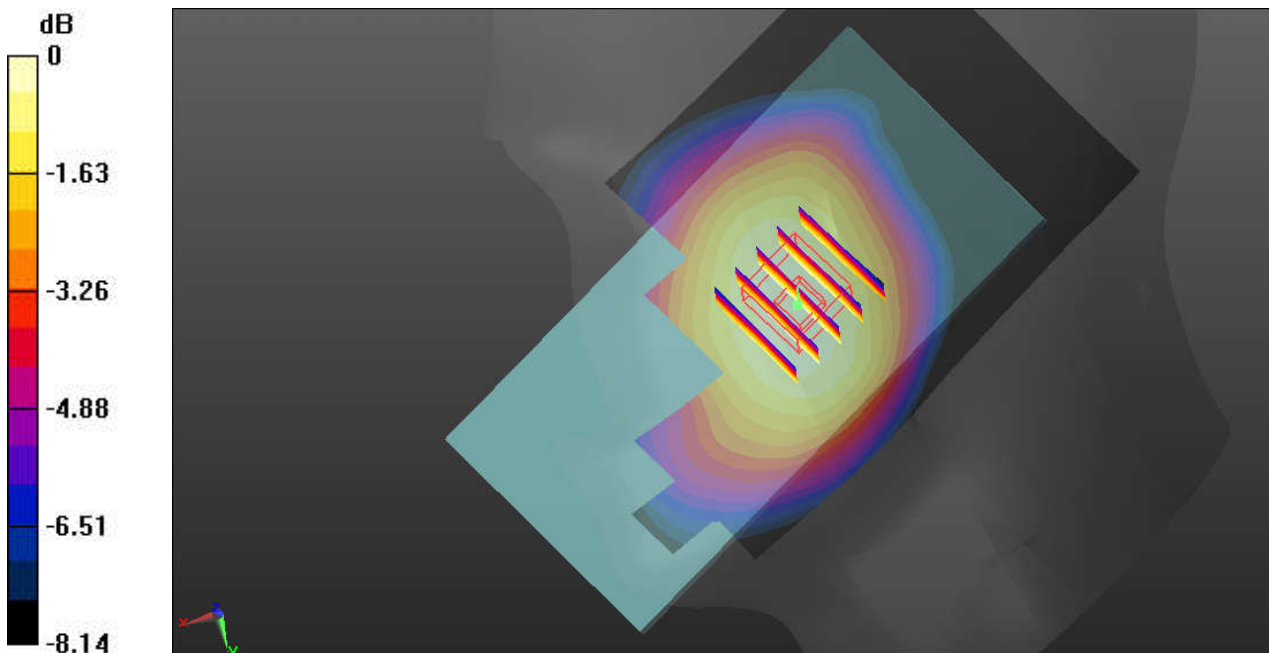
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 782 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.139$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Ambient Temperature :  $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.6 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(10.04, 10.04, 10.04); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch23230/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.260 \text{ W/kg}$

**Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value =  $4.873 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.13 \text{ dB}$   
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.274 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $0.221 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.177 \text{ W/kg}$**   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.259 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $0.259 \text{ W/kg}$

### 07\_LTE Band 26\_15M\_QPSK\_1RB\_37Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch26865

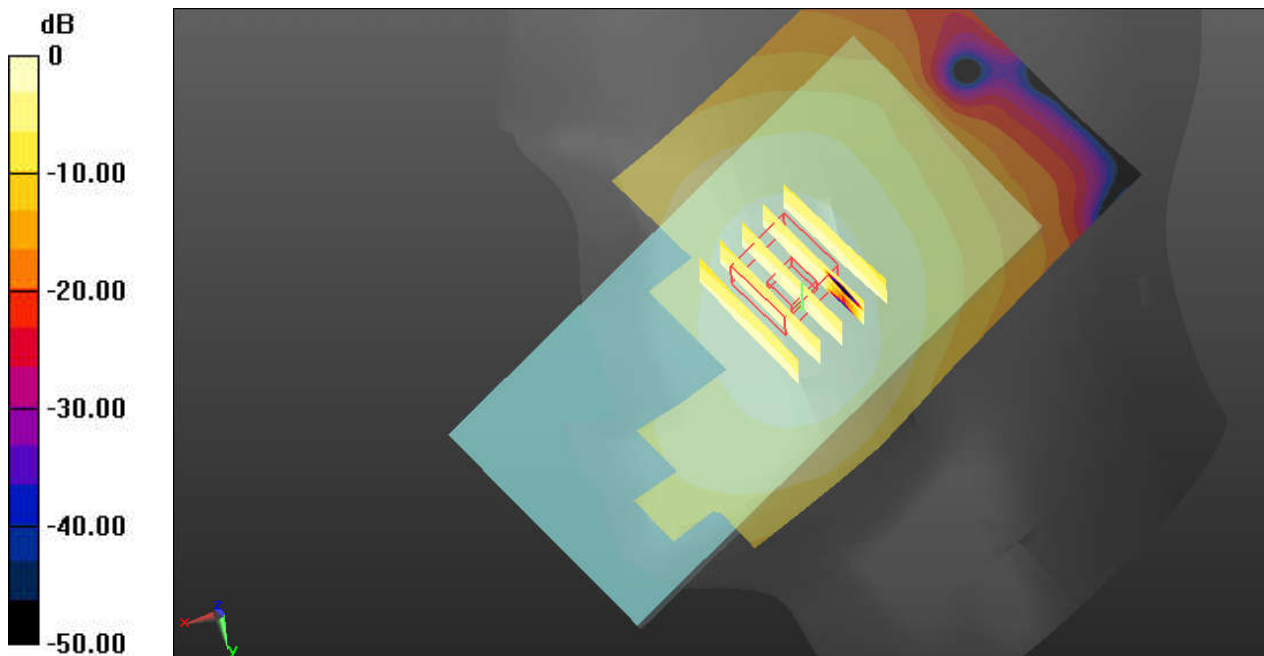
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 831.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 831.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.782$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch26865/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

**Ch26865/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 4.618 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.359 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 W/kg



0 dB = 0.395 W/kg

### 08\_LTE Band 66\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_49Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch132322

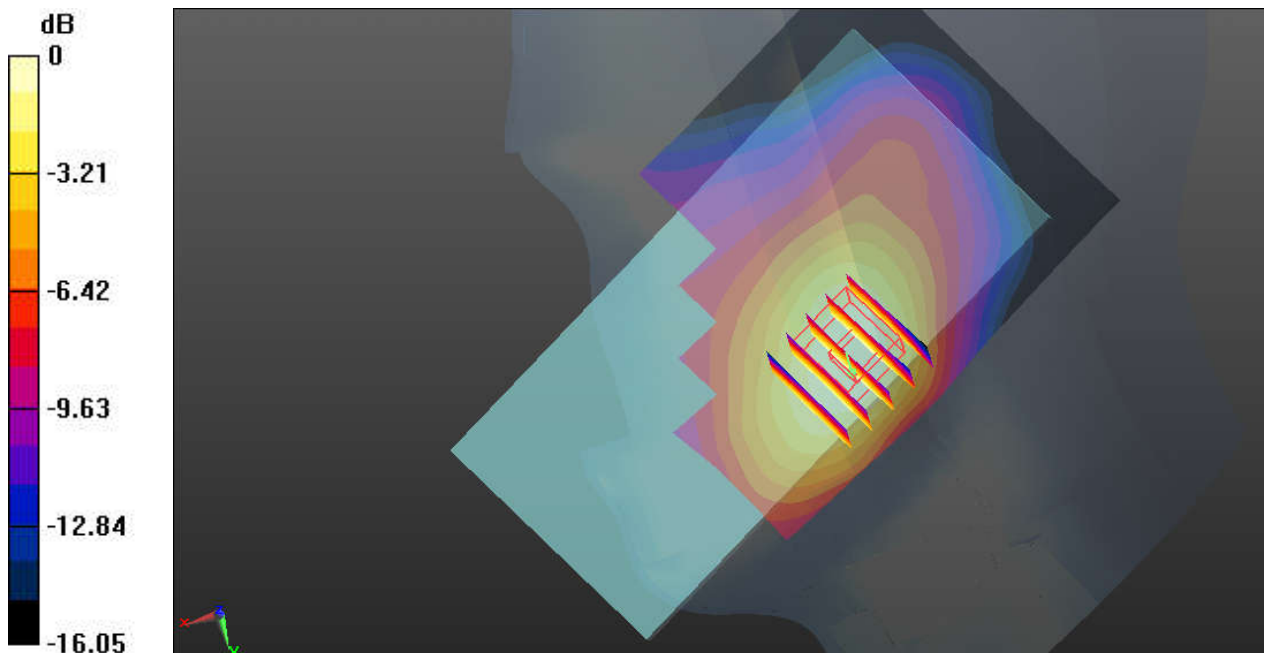
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.391 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.757$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Ambient Temperature :  $23.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch132322/Area Scan (71x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.267 \text{ W/kg}$

**Ch132322/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value =  $4.812 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.13 \text{ dB}$   
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.312 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $0.201 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.133 \text{ W/kg}$**   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.264 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $0.264 \text{ W/kg}$

### 09\_LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_49Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch18900

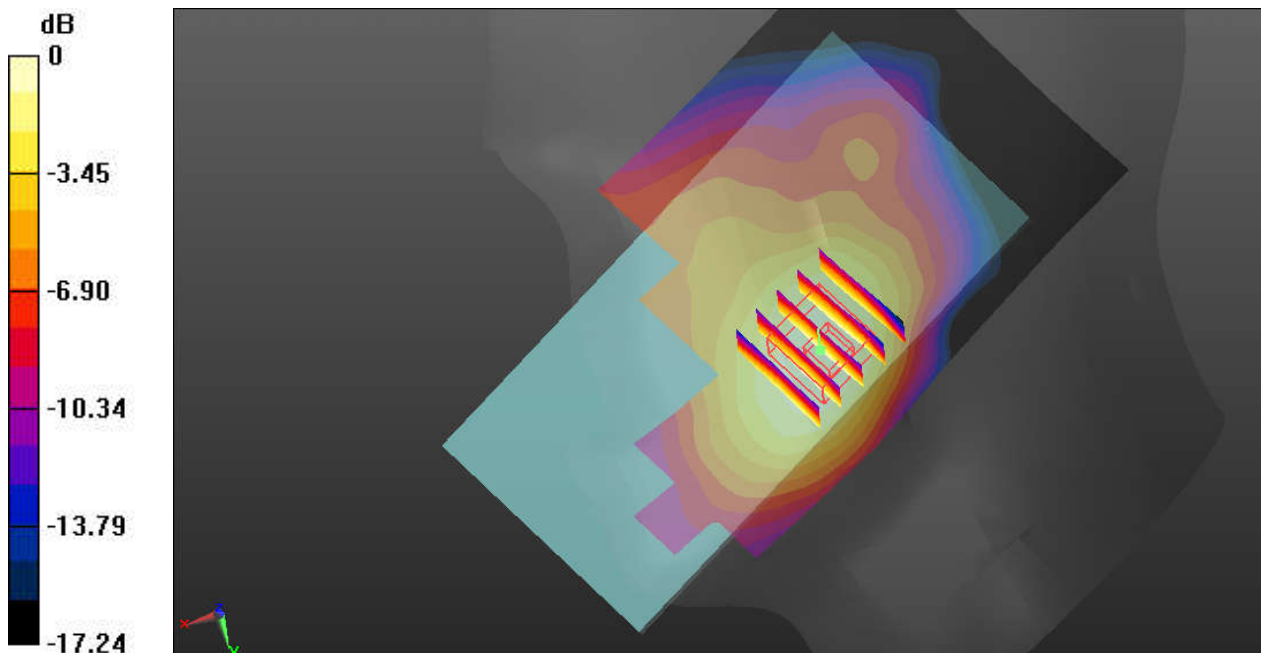
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.522$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.243$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch18900/Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.384 W/kg

**Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 4.857 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 W/kg



0 dB = 0.378 W/kg

### 10\_LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_49Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch21100

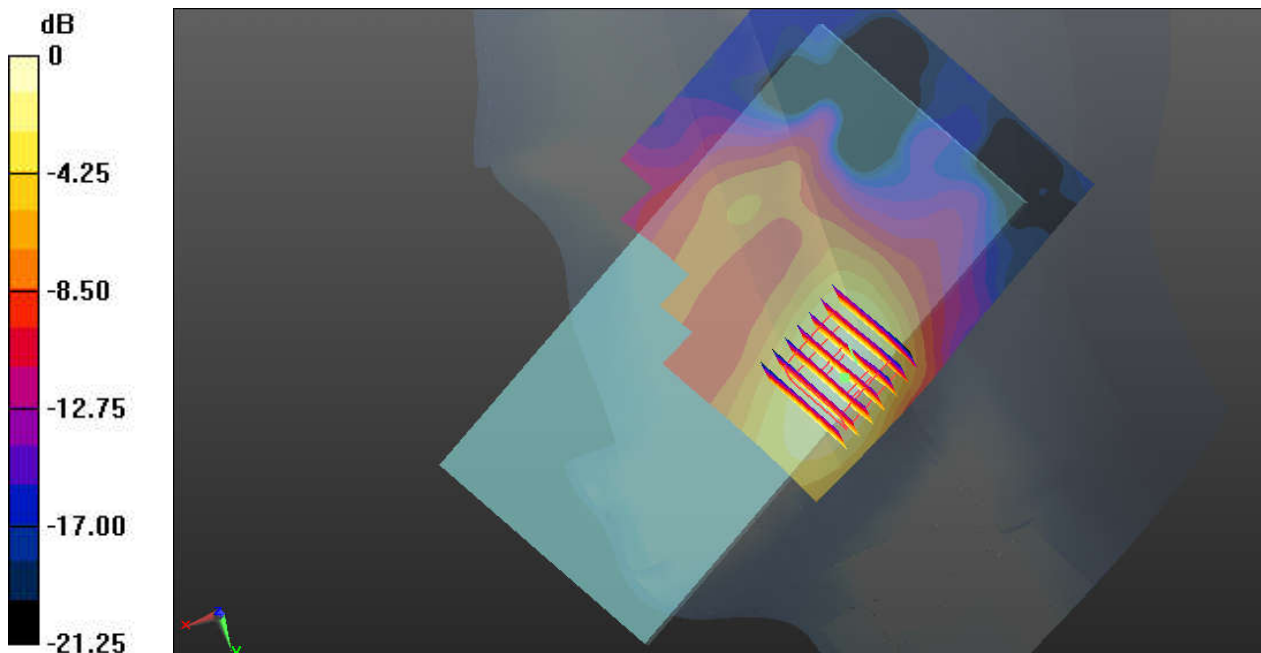
Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_2600\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2535$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.967$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.731$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch21100/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.204 W/kg

**Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 1.472 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.213 W/kg



0 dB = 0.213 W/kg



### 11\_LTE Band 38\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_49Offset\_Right Cheek\_Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59  
Medium: HSL\_2600\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2595$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.048$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.348$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch38000/Area Scan (71x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0795 W/kg

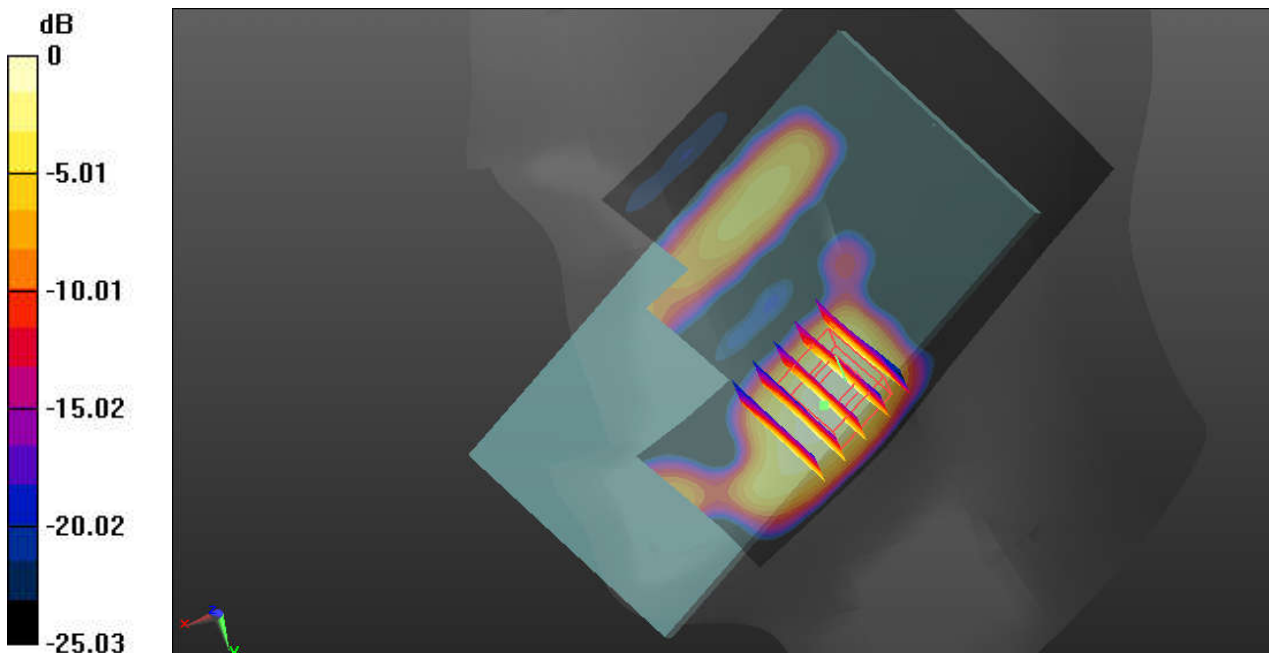
**Ch38000/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5930 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.124 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0916 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0916 W/kg

## 12\_WLAN2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Left Tilted\_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.007

Medium: HSL\_2450\_220107 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.796$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.681$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch6/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

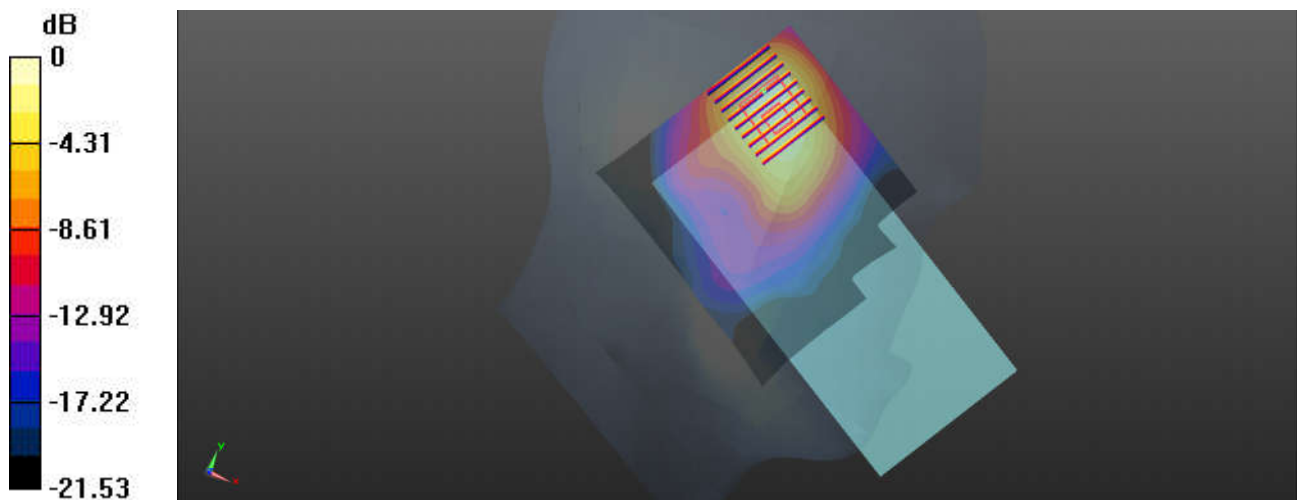
**Ch6/Zoom Scan (8x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.43 W/kg

### 13\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0\_Left Tilted\_Ch58

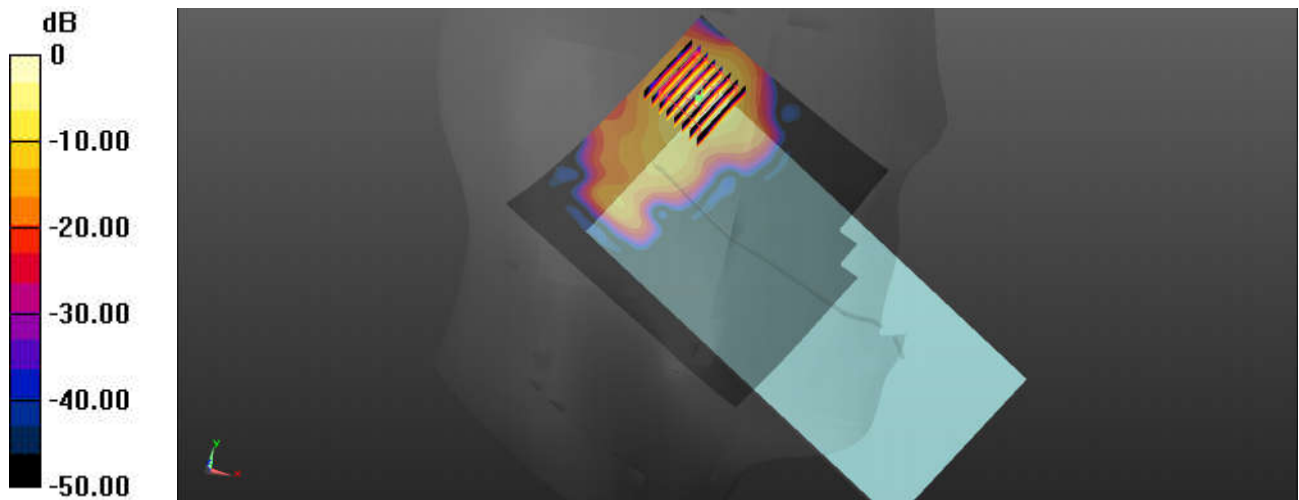
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.139  
Medium: HSL\_5250\_220108 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5290$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.809$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.869$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(5.31, 5.31, 5.31); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch58/Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.91 W/kg

**Ch58/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 7.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.707 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg



0 dB = 2.06 W/kg

## 14\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0\_Left Tilted\_Ch122

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5610 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.139

Medium: HSL\_5600\_220109 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5610$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.06$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.526$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch122/Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.25 W/kg

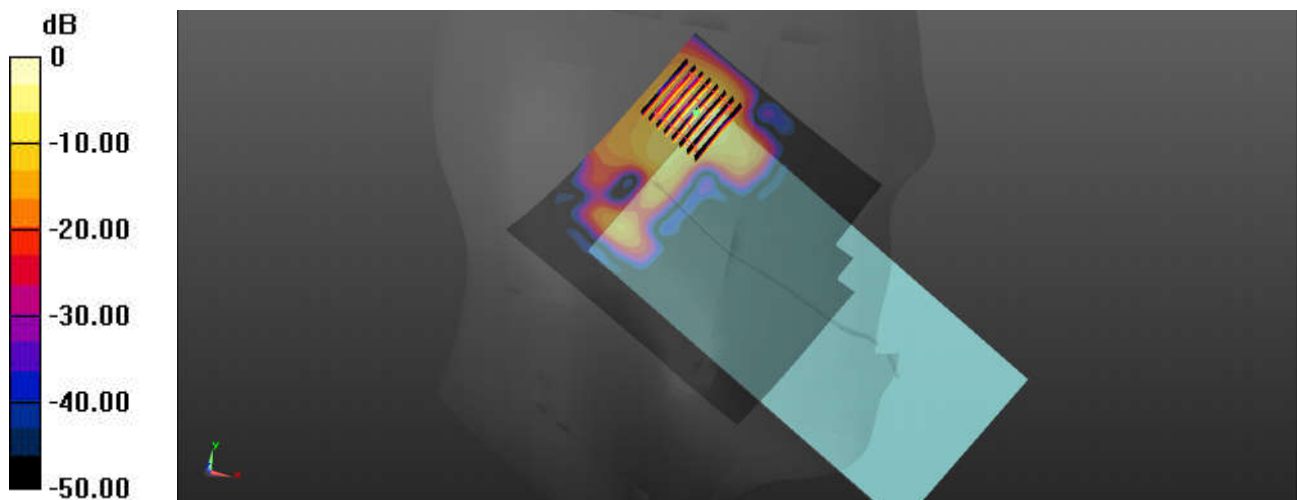
**Ch122/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 6.642 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.12 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.806 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg



0 dB = 2.35 W/kg

## 15\_WLAN5GHz\_802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0\_Left Tilted\_Ch155

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.139

Medium: HSL\_5750\_220111 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.246$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.254$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

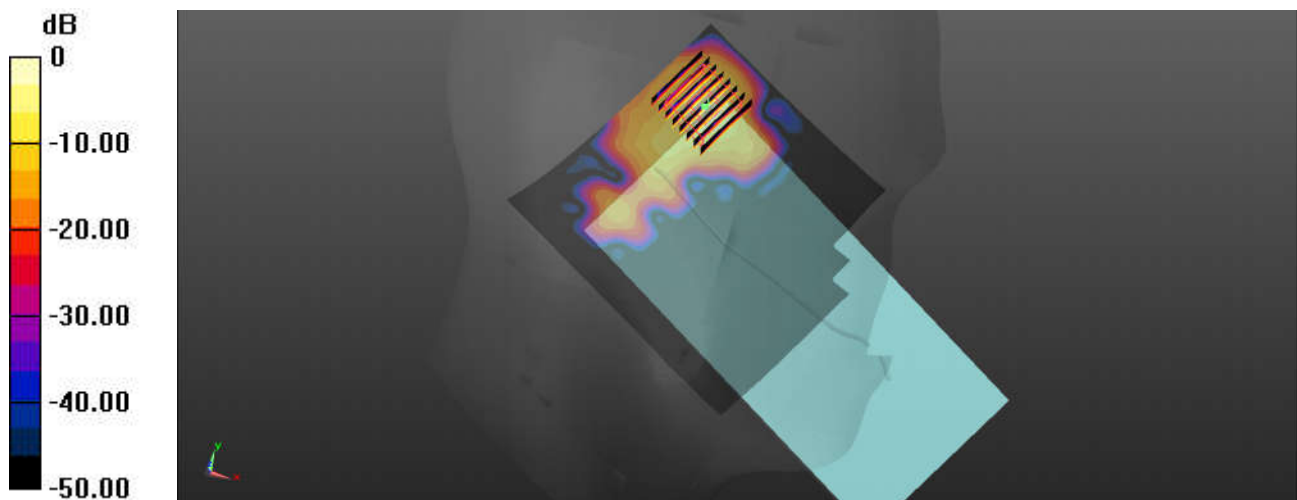
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch155/Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.95 W/kg

**Ch155/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 6.374 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.76 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.758 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.10 W/kg



0 dB = 2.10 W/kg

## 16\_Bluetooth\_DH5 1Mbps\_Left Cheek\_Ch78

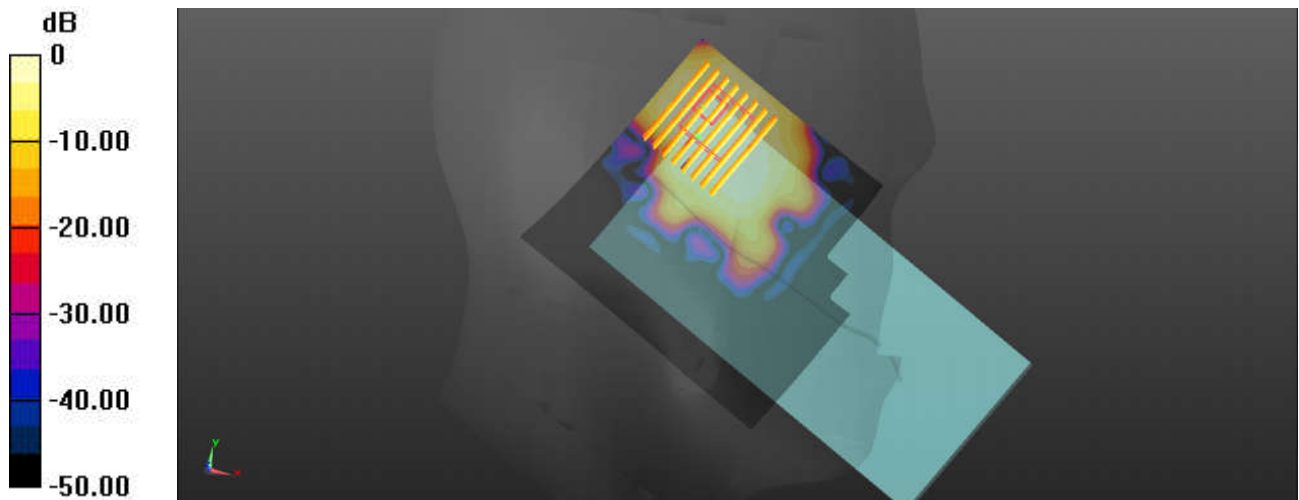
Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3  
Medium: HSL\_2450\_220107 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2480$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.845$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.512$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch78/Area Scan (91x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0372 W/kg

**Ch78/Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm  
Reference Value = 1.329 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0520 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.022 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0393 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0393 W/kg

### 17\_GSM850\_GPRS 2 Tx slots\_Back\_5mm\_Ch251

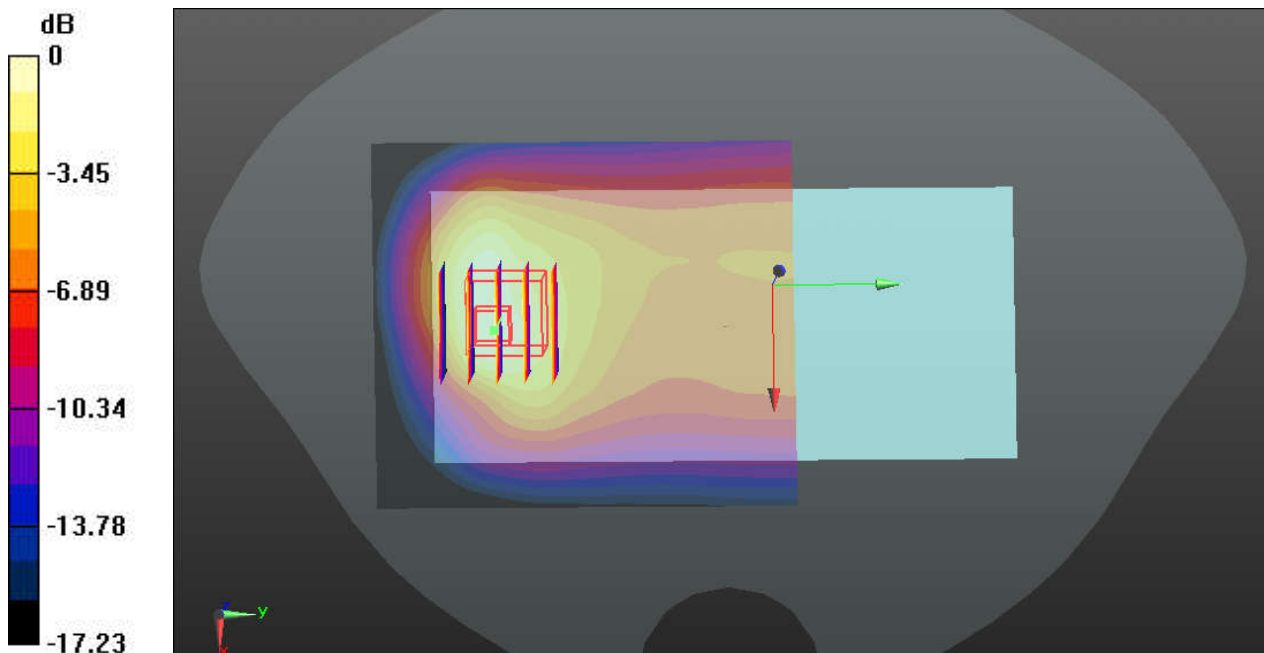
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.913 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.606$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Ambient Temperature :  $23.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; Liquid Temperature :  $22.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch251/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $1.59 \text{ W/kg}$

**Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value =  $33.64 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.02 \text{ dB}$   
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $2.12 \text{ W/kg}$   
**SAR(1 g) =  $0.952 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.544 \text{ W/kg}$**   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $1.50 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $1.50 \text{ W/kg}$

### 18\_GSM1900\_GPRS 2 Tx slots\_Back\_5mm\_Ch512

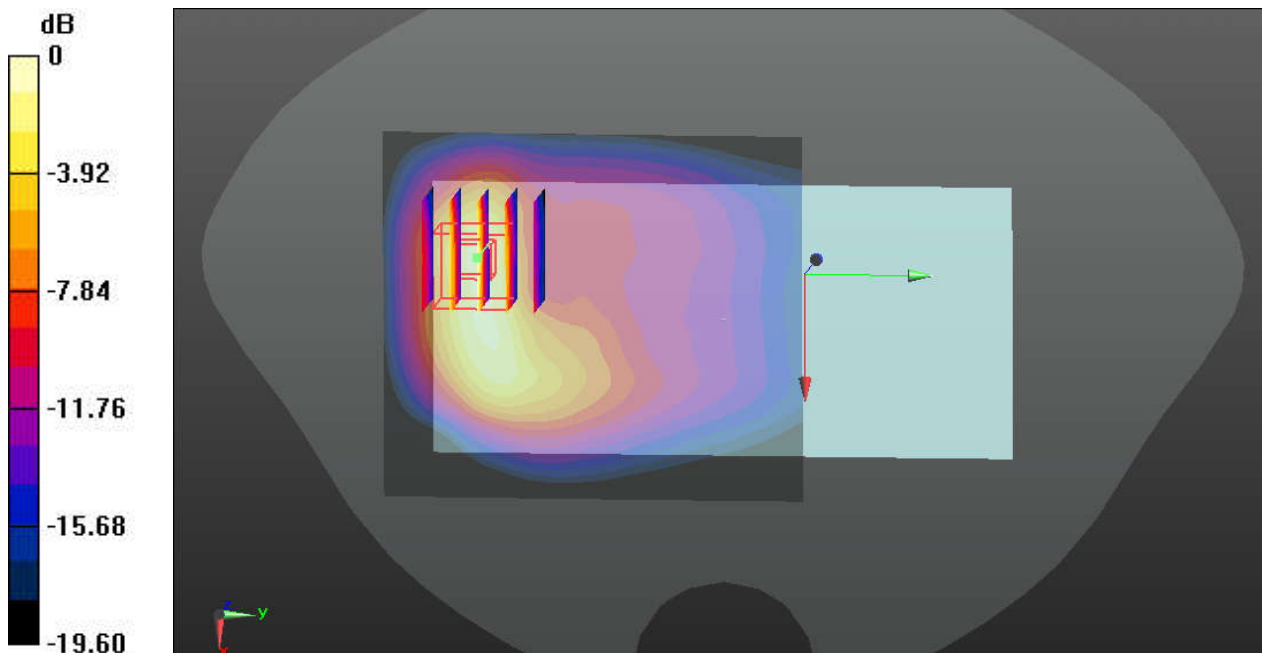
Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15  
Medium: HSL\_1900\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.395$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.241$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch512/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 W/kg

**Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 8.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.963 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.463 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg



0 dB = 1.62 W/kg



### 19\_WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_5mm\_Ch4233

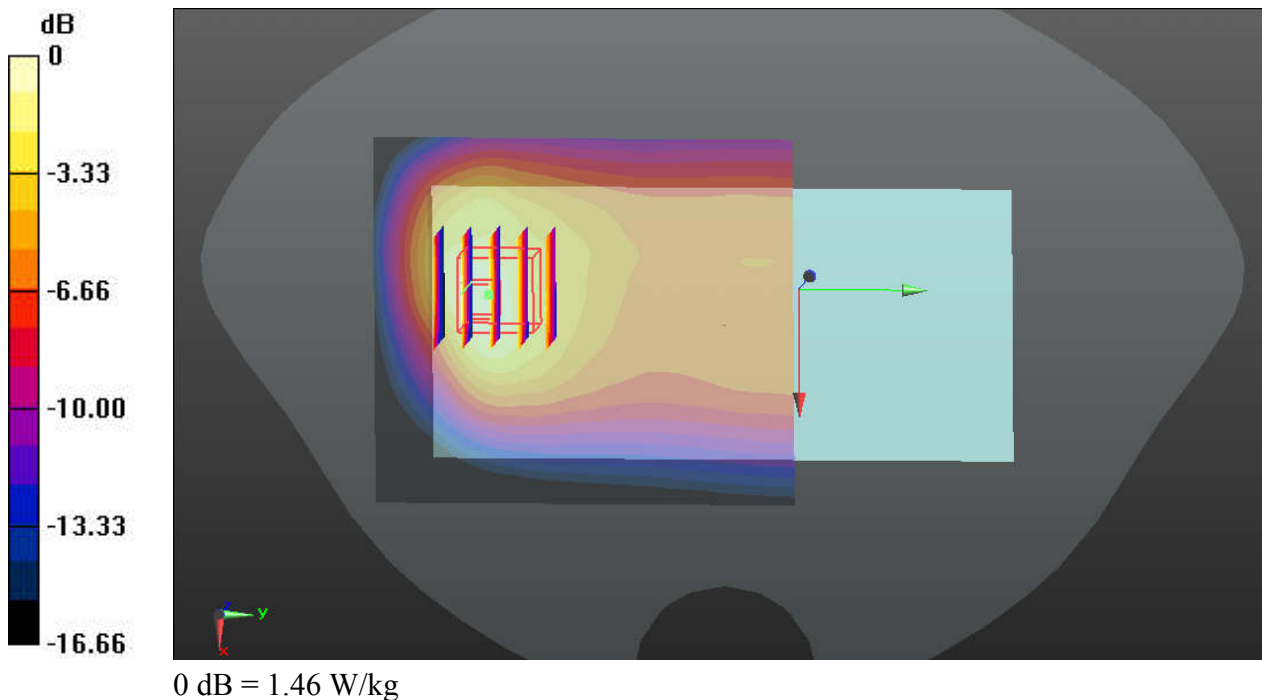
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_835\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 846.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.911$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.638$ ;  
 $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(9.54, 9.54, 9.54); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

**Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 11.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.929 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.527 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



## 20\_WCDMA IV\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_5mm\_Ch1312

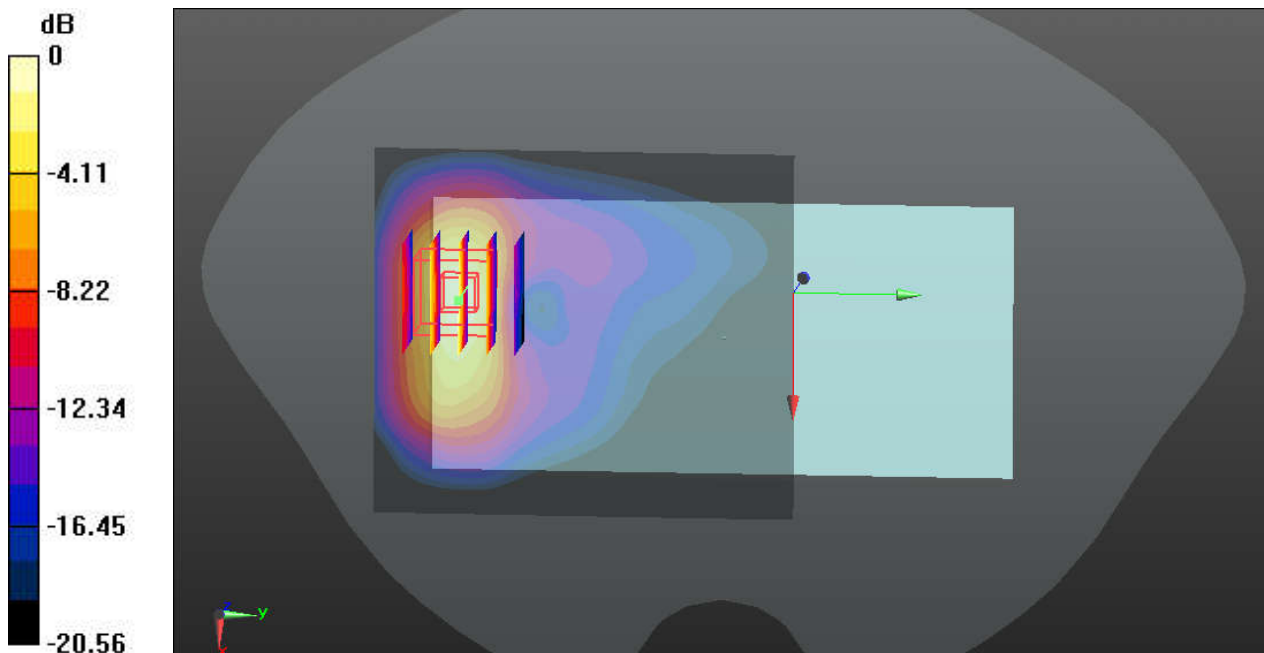
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL\_1750\_220120 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1712.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.355$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.881$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4 °C

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3975; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 2021/6/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2021/8/25
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0(Front); Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (3); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.13 (7474)

**Ch1312/Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.68 W/kg

**Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 3.860 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.30 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.538 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.84 W/kg



0 dB = 1.84 W/kg