

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola
MODEL NAME : XT2201-1
FCC ID : IHDT56AB1
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Tony Zhang

Reviewed by: Tony Zhang / Supervisor

Kat Yin

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, XT2201-1**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	1.24	0.93	1.17	1.58
		GSM1900	<0.10	0.92	1.25	
	WCDMA	Band II	<0.10	0.92	1.24	
		Band IV	0.10	0.94	1.24	
		Band V	1.16	0.94	1.25	
	LTE	Band 7	1.25	0.94	1.25	
		Band 12/ 17	1.00	0.84	1.19	
		Band 13	0.83	0.89	1.15	
		Band 25/ 2	1.25	0.94	1.26	
		Band 26/ 5	1.25	0.94	1.17	
		Band 66/ 4	1.25	0.94	1.23	
		Band 38	1.19	0.95	1.28	
		Band 41	1.26	0.94	1.25	
		Band 42 Part27Q	0.86	0.98	1.26	
		Band 48 / 42/ 43	0.71	0.90	1.24	
	5G NR	n5	0.17	0.94	0.99	
		n7	1.26	0.93	1.24	
		n38	1.23	0.93	1.25	
		n66	1.26	0.94	1.24	
		n77	1.24	0.94	1.25	
n78		1.23	0.92	1.25		
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.15	0.53	1.13	1.56
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.19	0.28	1.20	1.58
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.27	0.32	0.32	1.58
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	1.75			3.86
		GSM1900	3.11			
	WCDMA	Band II	3.13			
		Band IV	3.13			
		Band V	1.94			
	LTE	Band 7	3.11			
		Band 25/ 2	3.14			
		Band 66/ Band 4	3.12			
		Band 38	3.13			
		Band 41	3.13			
		Band 42	3.13			
		Band 48 / 43	3.23			
		5G NR	n7	3.11		
	n38		3.12			
	n66		3.11			
n77	3.08					



		n78	3.12	
DTS		2.4GHz WLAN	2.13	3.86
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	3.04	3.86
Date of Testing:			2021/10/27 ~ 2022/1/25	

Remark:

1. This device supports LTE B2 / B4 / B5 / B17 and B25 / B66 / B26 / B12. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B2 / B4 / B5 / B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B25 / B66 / B26 / B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B25 / B66 / B26 / B12.
2. LTE B42(3550 MHz ~ 3600MHz) / B43 SAR test was covered by LTE B48, due to the output power level and have duplicate frequency range.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.		
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR06-KS	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2201-1
FCC ID	IHDT56AB1
IMEI Code	SIM1: 355871980014455 SIM2: 355871980014463
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550MHz, 3550 MHz ~ 3600MHz LTE Band 43: 3600 MHz ~ 3700MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-5: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz WLAN 6E U-NII-8: 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz WPC: 110KHz ~ 148 KHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac/ax VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160



	WLAN 6GHz 802.11a WLAN 6GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE WPC: ASK NFC: ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	SSH32.79
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
3. This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). WIFI 6E has no hotspot function.
4. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.
5. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
6. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
7. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
8. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the Qualcomm smart transmit will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
9. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head and Handheld. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
10. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
11. This device implements antenna tuning techniques for several WWAN (cellular) operating modes and frequencies for the purpose of improving antenna efficiency over a broad range of frequencies. Specifically, these techniques are employed in the WCDMA, LTE and 5G NR modes. In this report SAR was measured according to the normally required SAR configurations with the tuner active and worst tune state (auto tune) was used for SAR testing. The detail descriptions of the antenna tuner and supplemental data for additional information can be referred to section 18 and appendix F.
12. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 38 with class 2 level, HPUE power have been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same , so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
13. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
14. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
15. 5G NR n78 HUPE with higher power, 5G NR n78 HUPE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
16. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
17. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
18. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
19. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
20. This device supports 5G NR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.
21. SAR Power density test report for WIFI 6E U-NII-5/6/7/8 will be separately submitted. About co-located SAR with WWAN/Bluetooth, always chose higher SAR of WLAN5G U-NII-1/2A/2C/3 and U-NII-5/6/7/8.
22. RF exposure report for WPC (Wireless power charging) will be separately submitted.



23. This device supports DBS function, DBS means dual-band simultaneous, it integrates two complete path units, including two complete baseband processing and two RF front ends. Since it has two independent path units, it means that DBS can support both 2.4GHz and 5GHz/6GHz frequency bands at the same time. For DBS has independent reduced power level which can refer to power table at appendix E and please refer to section 17 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis, we have evaluated for simultaneous transmission.

<5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
NSA	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n38	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n77	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
SA	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n38	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100



4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																															
FCC ID	IHDT56AB1																																																														
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone																																																														
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550MHz, 3550 MHz ~ 3600MHz LTE Band 43: 3600 MHz ~ 3700MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz																																																														
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 25: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 43: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 48: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																														
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM /256QAM																																																														
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																														
LTE Release Version	R16, Cat18																																																														
CA Support	Supported, Uplink and Downlink																																																														
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<p>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>64 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>256 QAM</td> <td colspan="6" style="text-align: center;">≥ 1</td> <td>≤ 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																								
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																														
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																														
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, head/body-worn/ hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some LTE bands, the detail please referred to section 14.																																																														
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification please referred to section 14.																																																														
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for intra-band and inter-band with two component carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducted powers were evaluated per FCC Guidance. 2. This device supports maximum of 5 carriers in the downlink and 2 carriers in the uplink.																																																														



Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560				
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704				
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711				
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz							
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782					
M	23230		782									
H	23255		784.5									
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz							
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)	
L	23755		706.5		23780		709					
M	23790		710		23790		710					
H	23825		713.5		23800		711					
LTE Band 25												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26047	1850.7	26055	1851.5	26065	1852.5	26090	1855	26115	1857.5	26140	1860
M	26340	1880	26340	1880	26340	1880	26340	1880	26340	1880	26340	1880
H	26683	1914.3	26675	1913.5	26665	1912.5	26640	1910	26615	1907.5	26590	1905
LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5		
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5		



LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580				
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595				
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610				
LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506				
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5				
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593				
HM	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5				
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680				
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

LTE Band 42										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	43115	3552.5	43140	3555	43165	3557.5	43190	3560		
M	43340	3575	43340	3575	43340	3575	43340	3575		
H	43565	3597.5	43540	3595	43515	3592.5	43490	3590		
LTE Band 43										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	43615	3602.5	43640	3605	43665	3607.5	43690	3610		
M	44090	3650	44090	3650	44090	3650	44090	3650		
H	44565	3697.5	44540	3695	44515	3692.5	44490	3690		
LTE Band 48										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	55265	3552.5	55290	3555	55315	3557.5	55340	3560		
LM	55810	3607	55815	3607.5	55820	3608	55830	3609		
MH	56170	3643	56165	3642.5	56160	3642	56150	3641		
H	56715	3697.5	56690	3695	56665	3692.5	56640	3690		

3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz

LTE Band 42										
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz			
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460		
M	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500		
H	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540		



4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

5G NR Information	
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G NR transmission band	5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n77 : 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78 : 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	5G NR n5: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz 5G NR n7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 25MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n38: 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n66: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n77: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 70MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz 5G NR n78: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 70MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz
SCS	FDD: SCS15KHz, TDD: SCS30KHz
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7/66
LTE Anchor Bands for n7	LTE B2/5/66
LTE Anchor Bands for n66	LTE B2/5/7
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B2/4/5/7/38/41/66

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each 5G NR band								
NR Band 5								
	Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834
M	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5
H	169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839

NR Band 7														
	Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 25MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520
M	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535
H	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550

NR Band 38										
	Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	515004	2575.02	515502	2577.51	516000	2580	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02
M	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595
H	522996	2614.98	522498	2612.49	522000	2610	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98

NR Band 66												
	Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	342500	1712.5	343000	1715	343500	1717.5	344000	1720	345000	1725	346000	1730
M	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745
H	355500	1777.5	355000	1775	354500	1772.5	354000	1770	353000	1765	352000	1760



NR Band 77																		
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz		
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
M	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
H	664668	3970.02	664334	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02	663334	3950.01	663000	3945	662668	3940.02	662334	3935.01	662000	3930

NR Band 78																		
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz		
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
M	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
H	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02	651334	3770.01	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650334	3755.01		

For <3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz >

NR Band 77																		
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz		
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	630668	3460.02	631000	3465	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632334	3485.01	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01
H	636000	3540	635666	3534.99	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634332	3514.98	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		

NR Band 78																		
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz		
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	630668	3460.02	631000	3465	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632334	3485.01	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01
H	636000	3540	635666	3534.99	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634332	3514.98	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		

5. Smart Transmit feature for RF Exposure compliance

The RF exposure limit is defined based on time-averaged RF exposure. The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.

This report describes the procedures for the SAR char generation, and the parameters obtained from SAR characterization (referred to as SAR char, respectively) will be used as input for Smart Transmit. SAR char will be entered via the Embedded File System (EFS) to enable the Smart Transmit Feature.

<Terminologies in this report>

P_{limit}	The time-averaged RF power which corresponds to SAR_design_target.
P_{max}	Maximum target power level
SAR_design_target:	The design target for SAR compliance. It should be less than regulatory SAR limit to account for all device design related uncertainty.
SAR char	P _{limit} for all the technologies/bands for all applicable DSI

<SAR Characterization>

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for Smart Transmit to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz.

<SAR design target and uncertainty>

	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Total uncertainty	1.5

To account for total uncertainty, SAR_design_target should be determined as:

$$SAR_design_target < SAR_{regulatory_limit} \times 10^{\frac{-total\ uncertainty}{10}}$$



The Smart Transmit algorithm maintains the time-averaged transmit power, in turn, time-averaged RF exposure of SAR_design_target, below the predefined time-averaged power limit, for each characterized technology and band.

Smart Transmit allows the device to transmit at higher power instantaneously, as high as Pmax, when needed, but enforces power limiting to maintain time-averaged transmit power to Plimit. Below table shows Plimit EFS settings and maximum tune up output power Pmax configured for this EUT for various transmit conditions (Device State Index DSI).

<P_{limit} for supported technologies and bands (P_{limit} in EFS file)>

Band	Antenna	Head DSI 2 Standalone	Head DSI 2 Simultaneous	Body Worn DSI 3 Standalone	Body Worn & Hotspot DSI 3 Simultaneous	Extremity DSI6 Standalone	Extremity DSI6 Simultaneous	Sensor Off DSI4	Pmax*
GSM850(3 Tx slots)	Ant 0	30.5	29	23.7	22.5	26.8	25.3	24.2	24.2
GSM850(3 Tx slots)	Ant 1	22.5	20.5	25.3	22.6	26.8	25.3	24.2	24.2
GSM1900(3 Tx slots)	Ant 0	35.1	33.8	17.7	13.5	20.7	19.7	21.2	21.2
WCDMA II	Ant 0	35.6	34.1	18.6	15	20.2	18.7	24.0	24.0
WCDMA IV	Ant 0	34.9	33.6	18.2	15.1	20.8	19.8	24.0	24.0
WCDMA V	Ant 0	31.3	30	23.5	22.5	26	24.5	24.0	24.0
WCDMA V	Ant 1	23.5	22.5	24.3	22.3	28.7	27.2	24.0	24.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 0	33	31.7	18.7	14.2	23.4	21.9	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 1	17.4	16.4	18.7	15.7	19.7	18.2	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 12/17	Ant 0	30.8	29.5	23.2	22.5	23	23	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 12/17	Ant 1	24	22.5	26.7	24.1	23	23	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 13	Ant 0	30.8	29.5	23.3	23.2	23	23	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 13	Ant 1	23.2	22.7	25.4	23.2	22	22	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 25/2	Ant 0	34.6	33.3	18.4	14.8	22.5	21	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 25/2	Ant 1	17.1	16.1	19.6	16.7	22.5	21	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 26/5	Ant 0	29.3	28	22.5	22	25.5	24	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 26/5	Ant 1	22.4	22.1	24.4	22.5	23	23	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 66/4	Ant 0	36	34.7	18.4	15.3	20.3	19.3	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 66/4	Ant 1	16.7	15.2	17.1	14.8	20.4	18.9	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 0	32.7	31.4	19.3	14.3	22.1	20.5	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 1	17.1	16.1	18.6	14.5	19.8	18.3	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 38	Ant 0	36.6	35.3	19.6	14.8	24.3	22.8	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	16.5	15.5	19	14.9	20.3	18.8	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 38 HPUE	Ant 0	36.6	35.3	19.6	14.8	24.3	22.8	22.4	22.4
LTE Band 38 HPUE	Ant 1	16.5	15.5	19	14.9	20.3	18.8	21.9	21.9
LTE Band 42	Ant 2	21.6	20.3	12.9	11.9	17.8	16.3	20.0	20.0
LTE Band 48/43	Ant 2	23.5	22.2	14.2	13.3	18.1	16.6	21.0	21.0
FR1 n5	Ant 0	31.6	29.7	24	22.3	23	23	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7	Ant 0	35.3	34.1	19.4	14.5	23	21.5	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7	Ant 1	18.3	17.3	19.3	15.3	19.7	18.7	23.0	23.0
FR1 n66	Ant 1	16.4	15.4	17.1	14.5	20	19	23.0	23.0
FR1 n38	Ant 1	17.8	16.8	19.1	14.6	20.1	18.6	23.0	23.0
FR1 n77	Ant 2	20.7	19.4	13.4	11.9	18	16.7	23.0	23.0
FR1 n78	Ant 2	21	19.7	12.9	12.2	18	16.7	23.0	23.0
FR1 n78 HPUE	Ant 2	21	19.7	12.9	12.2	18	16.7	26.0	26.0
FR1 N78	Ant 3	36.3	35	26.2	24.9	23	23	23.0	23.0
FR1 N78	Ant 7	27.9	26.6	17.8	15.2	21.5	20.5	23.0	23.0
FR1 N78 HPUE	Ant 7	27.9	26.6	17.8	15.2	21.5	20.5	26.0	26.0
FR1 N78	Ant 8	35.3	35.9	19.6	18.5	21.9	20.9	21.9	21.9

Note: 1) *P_{max} is used for RF tune up procedure. The maximum allowed output power is equal to Pmax + 1.0 dB uncertainty.

2) All P_{limit} power levels entered in the Table correspond to average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (for e.g., GSM & LTE TDD).

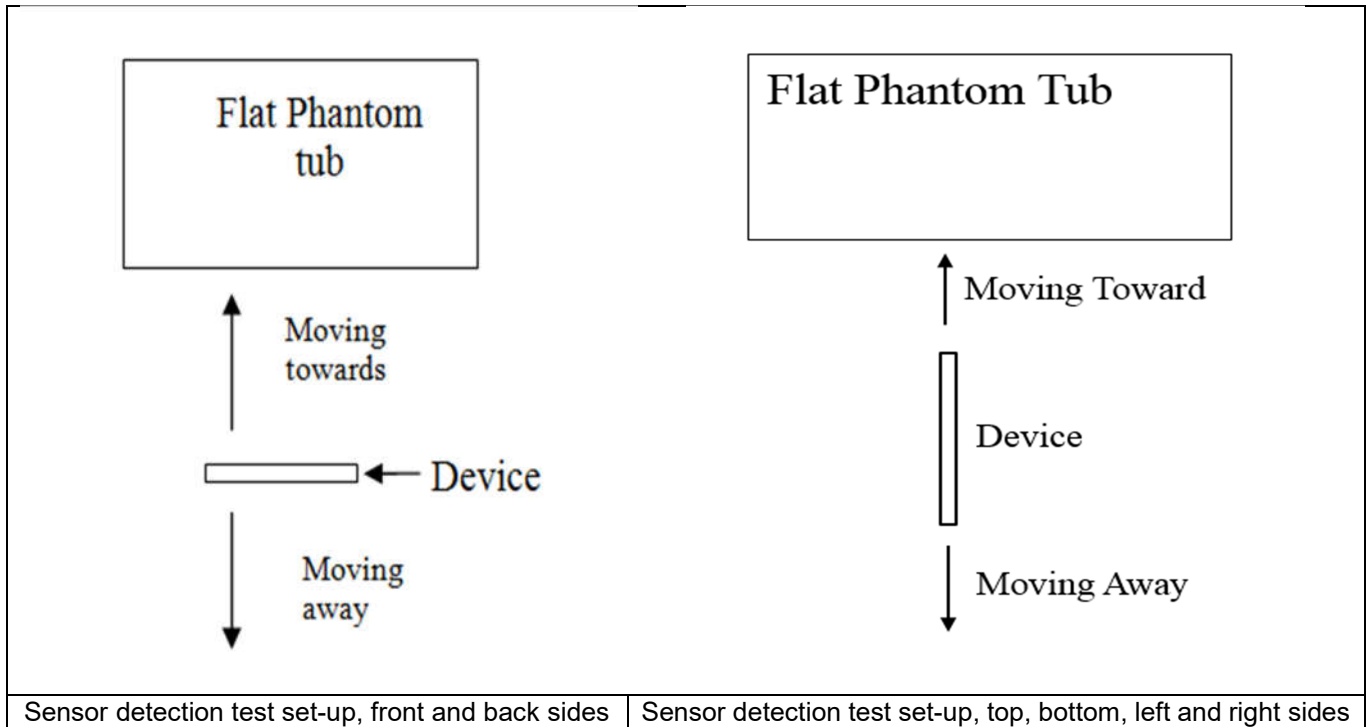
3) The max allowed output power is the P_{limit} + 1.0 dB device uncertainty, and if P_{limit} is higher than Pmax, the device output power will be Pmax instead.

4) 5G NR n78 ant 3, ant 7 and ant 8 support SRS (Sounding Reference Signal) functionality.

6. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



<P-Sensor>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)				
Position	Front		Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	19	21	22	23

<Handheld for ANT0>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	10	13	13	15	15	17

<Handheld for ANT1>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Right Side		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	10	12	13	15	7	8	14	15

<Handheld for ANT2/7>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Left Side		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	8	9	18	21	20	23	4	5

<Handheld for ANT5>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)		
Position	Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	8	9

<Handheld for ANT6>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)		
Position	Back	
	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	5	7

7. RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

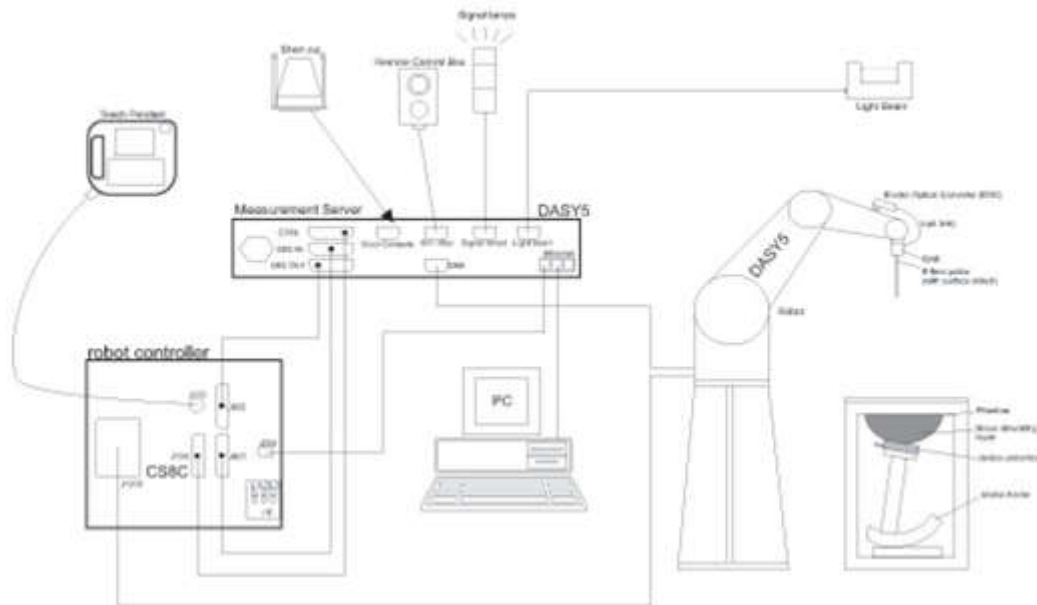
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

9. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:




- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win10 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

9.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

9.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.


The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE


9.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

9.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

10.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

10.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

10.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

10.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



11. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/24
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/23
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/25
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2020/5/14	2023/5/13
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHZV2	1113	2019/9/24	2022/9/22
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2021/3/17	2022/3/16
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1650	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	2021/6/18	2022/6/17
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7630	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2021/4/29	2022/4/28
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7684	2021/10/4	2022/10/3
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-1697	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2022	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2020/12/2	2021/12/1
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101632	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/10/14	2022/10/13
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2021/1/7	2022/1/6
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332102	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

12. System Verification

12.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

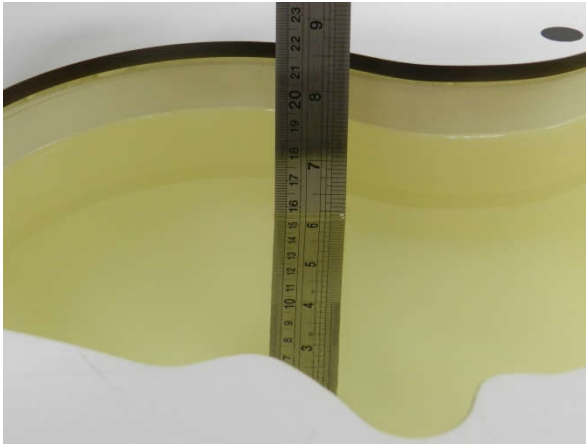


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



12.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.916	43.396	0.89	41.90	2.92	3.57	±5	2021/10/27
835	Head	22.8	0.933	41.176	0.90	41.50	3.67	-0.78	±5	2021/10/28
1750	Head	22.7	1.394	40.500	1.37	40.10	1.75	1.00	±5	2021/10/29
1900	Head	22.9	1.458	39.790	1.40	40.00	4.14	-0.53	±5	2021/10/30
2450	Head	22.7	1.805	38.565	1.80	39.20	0.28	-1.62	±5	2021/10/31
2600	Head	22.6	1.923	38.258	1.96	39.00	-1.89	-1.90	±5	2021/11/1
3500	Head	22.7	2.787	39.107	2.91	37.90	-4.23	3.18	±5	2021/11/3
3700	Head	22.7	3.023	38.717	3.12	37.70	-3.11	2.70	±5	2021/11/4
3900	Head	22.9	3.177	38.251	3.32	37.50	-4.31	2.00	±5	2021/11/6
5250	Head	22.9	4.589	36.226	4.71	35.90	-2.57	0.91	±5	2021/11/7
5600	Head	22.9	4.968	35.681	5.07	35.50	-2.01	0.51	±5	2021/11/8
5750	Head	22.9	5.138	35.510	5.22	35.40	-1.57	0.31	±5	2021/11/9
750	Head	22.7	0.898	42.323	0.89	41.90	0.90	1.01	±5	2021/11/10
835	Head	22.8	0.928	42.060	0.90	41.50	3.11	1.35	±5	2021/11/11
1750	Head	22.7	1.380	39.991	1.37	40.10	0.73	-0.27	±5	2021/11/12
1900	Head	22.9	1.453	39.680	1.40	40.00	3.79	-0.80	±5	2021/11/13
2450	Head	22.7	1.873	40.808	1.80	39.20	4.06	4.10	±5	2021/11/14
2600	Head	22.6	1.980	40.596	1.96	39.00	1.02	4.09	±5	2021/11/15
3500	Head	22.7	2.798	38.957	2.91	37.90	-3.85	2.79	±5	2021/11/17
3700	Head	22.7	2.981	38.650	3.12	37.70	-4.46	2.52	±5	2021/11/18
3900	Head	22.9	3.181	38.361	3.32	37.50	-4.19	2.30	±5	2021/11/20
5250	Head	22.7	4.587	36.212	4.71	35.90	-2.61	0.87	±5	2021/11/21
5600	Head	22.7	4.964	35.707	5.07	35.50	-2.09	0.58	±5	2021/11/22
5750	Head	22.7	5.137	35.516	5.22	35.40	-1.59	0.33	±5	2021/11/23
1750	Head	22.9	1.344	38.993	1.37	40.10	-1.90	-2.76	±5	2021/12/15
3500	Head	22.7	2.826	39.043	2.91	37.90	-2.89	3.02	±5	2021/12/17
3700	Head	22.7	3.015	38.714	3.12	37.70	-3.37	2.69	±5	2021/12/17
3900	Head	22.7	3.219	38.416	3.32	37.50	-3.04	2.44	±5	2021/12/17
5250	Head	22.8	4.588	36.225	4.71	35.90	-2.59	0.91	±5	2021/12/20
5750	Head	22.8	5.137	35.509	5.22	35.40	-1.59	0.31	±5	2021/12/20
835	Head	22.7	0.936	42.529	0.90	41.50	4.00	2.48	±5	2022/1/22



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1900	Head	22.7	1.427	38.737	1.40	40.00	1.93	-3.16	±5	2022/1/22
2450	Head	22.6	1.810	38.624	1.80	39.20	0.56	-1.47	±5	2022/1/23
2600	Head	22.6	1.927	38.324	1.96	39.00	-1.68	-1.73	±5	2022/1/23
3500	Head	22.7	2.787	39.101	2.91	37.90	-4.23	3.17	±5	2022/1/24
3700	Head	22.7	3.043	38.218	3.12	37.70	-2.47	1.37	±5	2022/1/24
3900	Head	22.7	3.246	37.814	3.32	37.50	-2.23	0.84	±5	2022/1/24
5250	Head	22.9	4.601	36.253	4.71	35.90	-2.31	0.98	±5	2022/1/25
5600	Head	22.9	4.978	35.704	5.07	35.50	-1.81	0.57	±5	2022/1/25



12.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Table with 11 columns: Date, Frequency (MHz), Tissue Type, Input Power (mW), Dipole S/N, Probe S/N, DAE S/N, Measured 1g SAR (W/kg), Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg), Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg), Deviation (%). Rows contain test data from 2021/10/27 to 2022/1/25.



<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/10/27	750	Head	50	1087	7630	690	0.275	5.65	5.5	-2.65
2021/10/28	835	Head	50	4d258	7630	690	0.328	6.13	6.56	7.01
2021/10/29	1750	Head	50	1090	7630	690	0.994	19.20	19.88	3.54
2021/10/30	1900	Head	50	5d170	7630	690	1.040	20.30	20.8	2.46
2021/10/31	2450	Head	50	908	7630	690	1.130	24.20	22.6	-6.61
2021/11/1	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	690	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2021/11/3	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	690	1.230	25.40	24.6	-3.15
2021/11/4	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	690	1.270	24.40	25.4	4.10
2021/11/6	3900	Head	50	1048	3935	1650	1.180	23.70	23.6	-0.42
2021/11/7	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.150	23.10	23	-0.43
2021/11/8	5600	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.250	23.80	25	5.04
2021/11/9	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.050	22.80	21	-7.89
2021/11/10	750	Head	50	1087	7630	690	0.268	5.65	5.36	-5.13
2021/11/11	835	Head	50	4d258	7630	690	0.326	6.13	6.52	6.36
2021/11/12	1750	Head	50	1090	7630	690	0.984	19.20	19.68	2.50
2021/11/13	1900	Head	50	5d170	7630	690	1.050	20.30	21	3.45
2021/11/14	2450	Head	50	908	7630	690	1.140	24.20	22.8	-5.79
2021/11/15	2600	Head	50	1061	7630	690	1.200	25.10	24	-4.38
2021/11/17	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	690	1.230	25.40	24.6	-3.15
2021/11/18	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	690	1.270	24.40	25.4	4.10
2021/11/20	3900	Head	50	1048	3935	1650	1.180	23.70	23.6	-0.42
2021/11/21	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.130	23.10	22.6	-2.16
2021/11/22	5600	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.180	23.80	23.6	-0.84
2021/11/23	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.090	22.80	21.8	-4.39
2021/12/15	1750	Head	50	1090	7630	690	0.958	19.20	19.16	-0.21
2021/12/17	3500	Head	50	1037	7630	690	1.270	25.40	25.4	0.00
2021/12/17	3700	Head	50	1008	7630	690	1.170	24.40	23.4	-4.10
2021/12/17	3900	Head	50	1048	3935	1650	1.170	23.70	23.4	-1.27
2021/12/20	5250	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.120	23.10	22.4	-3.03
2021/12/20	5750	Head	50	1113	7630	690	1.050	22.80	21	-7.89
2022/1/22	835	Head	50	4d258	7684	1303	0.283	6.13	5.66	-7.67
2022/1/22	1900	Head	50	5d170	7684	1303	1.070	20.30	21.4	5.42
2022/1/23	2450	Head	50	908	7684	1303	1.190	24.20	23.8	-1.65
2022/1/23	2600	Head	50	1061	7684	1303	1.170	25.10	23.4	-6.77
2022/1/24	3500	Head	50	1037	7684	1303	1.250	25.40	25	-1.57
2022/1/24	3700	Head	50	1008	7684	1303	1.180	24.40	23.6	-3.28
2022/1/24	3900	Head	50	1113	7684	1303	1.150	24.40	23	-5.74
2022/1/25	5250	Head	50	1113	7684	1303	1.160	23.80	23.2	-2.52
2022/1/25	5600	Head	50	1113	7684	1303	1.190	23.80	23.8	0.00

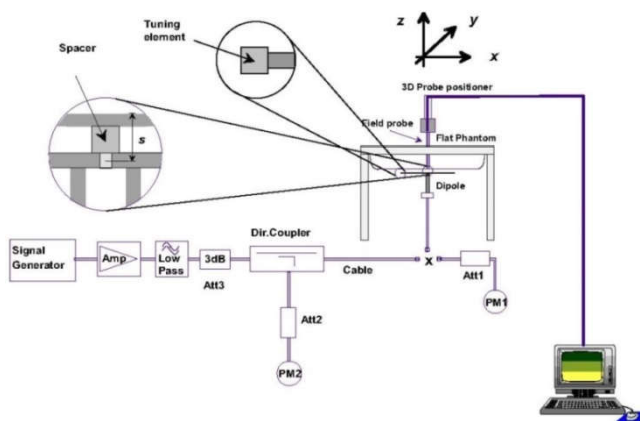


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

13. RF Exposure Positions

13.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

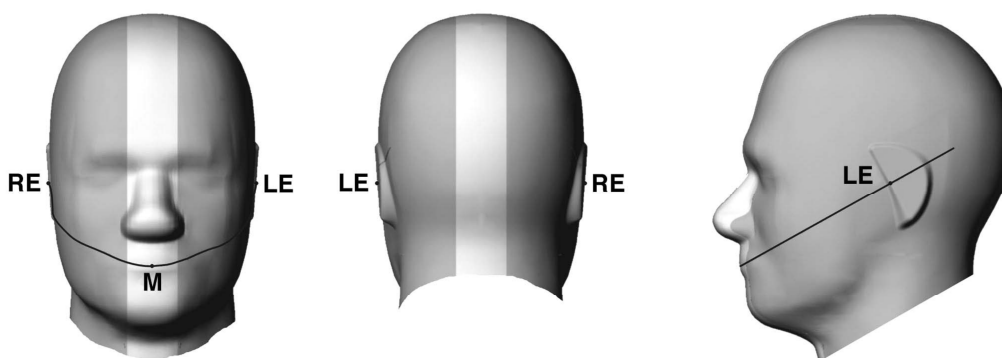


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

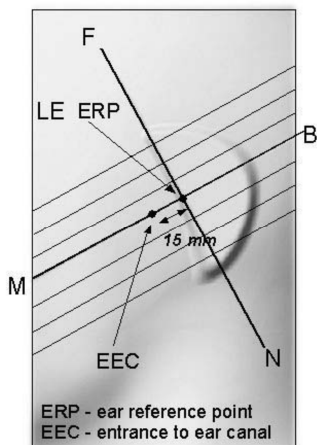


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

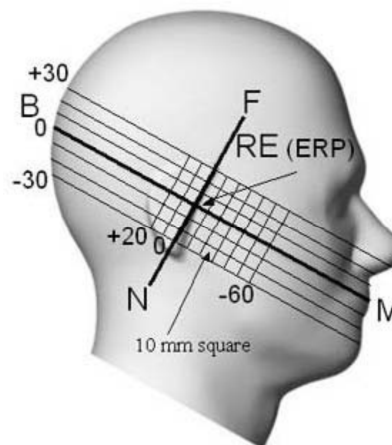


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

13.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

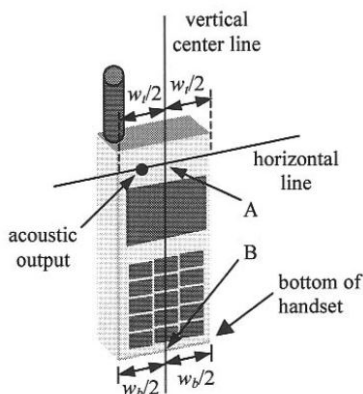


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

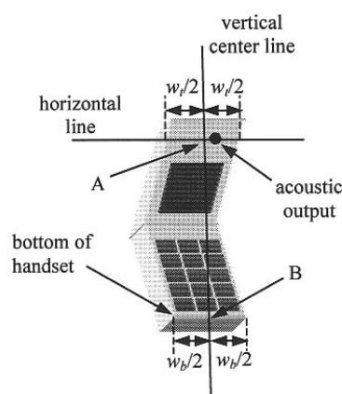


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

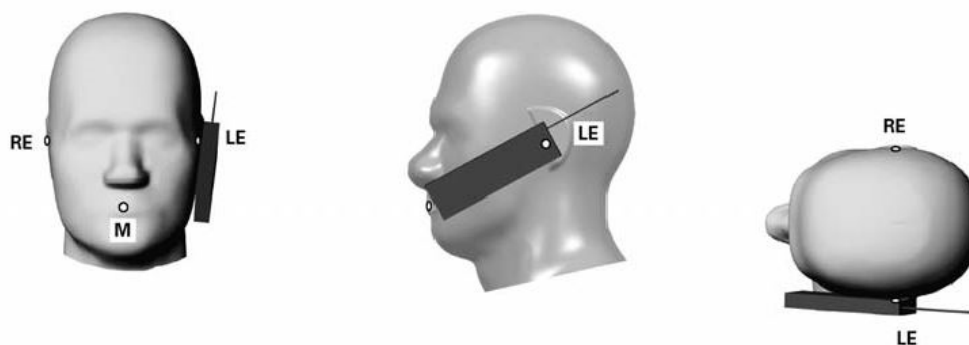


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

13.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

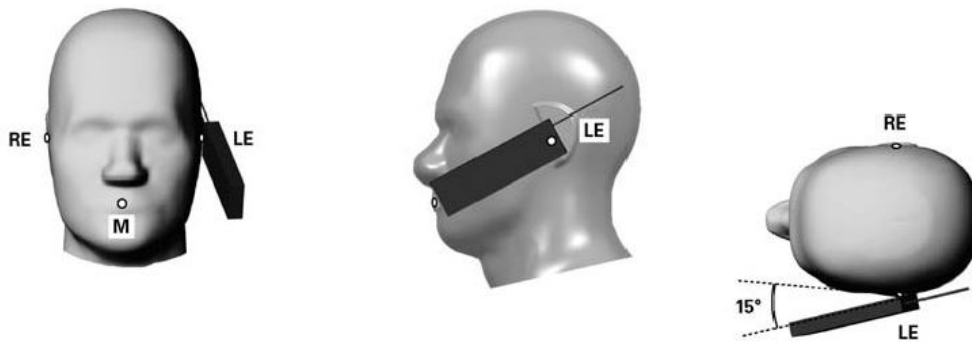


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

13.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

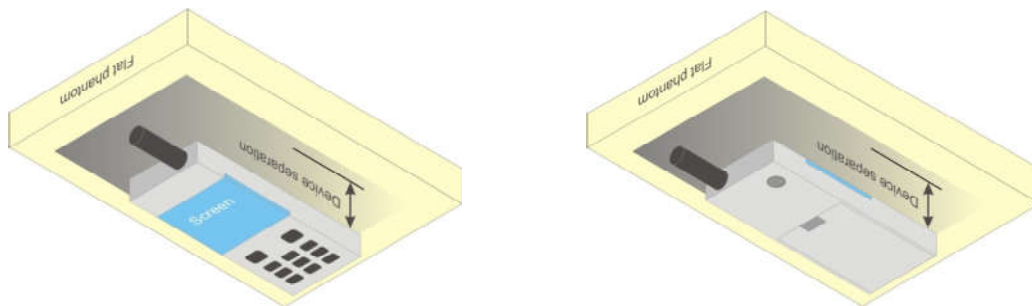


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

13.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

13.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

14. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 at ANT0, and GPRS 4Tx slots for GSM850 at ANT1 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF0) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

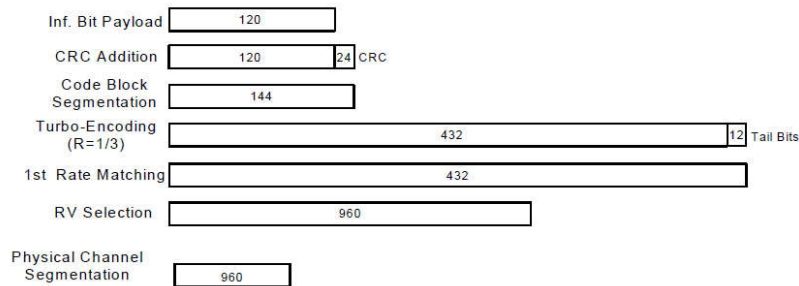


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

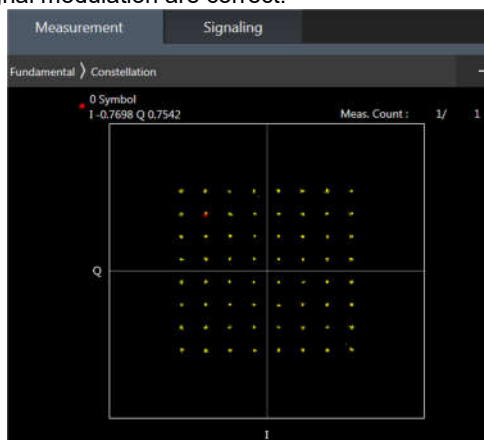
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B4 / B5 / B17 / B38 SAR test was covered by B66 / B26 / B12 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

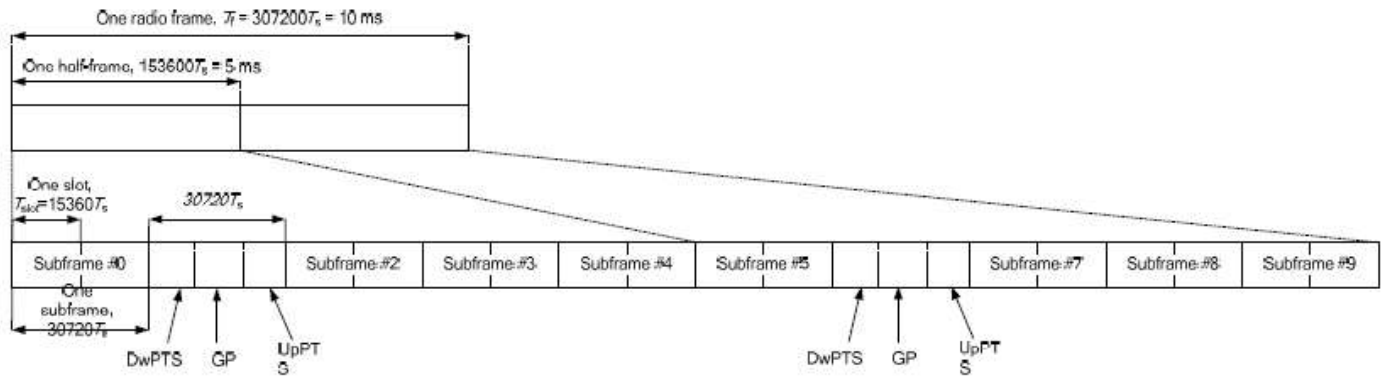


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	6592 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts	7680 · Ts	2192 · Ts	2560 · Ts
1	19760 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
2	21952 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
3	24144 · Ts			25600 · Ts		
4	26336 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts	7680 · Ts	4384 · Ts	5120 · Ts
5	6592 · Ts			20480 · Ts		
6	19760 · Ts			23040 · Ts		
7	21952 · Ts			12800 · Ts		
8	24144 · Ts			-		
9	13168 · Ts	-	-	-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For LTE Band 38/41 Power class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(2+0.167)/5 = 43.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(2+0.143)/5 = 42.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $43.3\%/42.9\% = 1.009$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

For LTE Band 38/41 Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration
LTE Band 38/41	> 23	1,2,3,4,5
	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6



<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.

2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			3CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			4CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation			5CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation		
Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_2A-4A	3CC #1	1	CA_2A-4A-5A		1	CA_5A-7C-66A	5CC #1	1	CA_5A-7C-66A-66A	
2	CA_2A-5A	3CC #1	2	CA_2A-4A-7A		2	CA_5A-7A-66A-66A				
3	CA_2A-7A	3CC #2	3	CA_2A-4A-12A		3	CA_7C-66A-66A				
4	CA_2A-12A	3CC #3	4	CA_2A-5A-7A		4	CA_41C-42C				
5	CA_2A-17A		5	CA_2A-5A-66A							
6	CA_2A-66A	3CC #5	6	CA_2A-7C							
7	CA_4A-5A	3CC #1	7	CA_2A-7A-7A							
8	CA_4A-7A	3CC #2	8	CA_2A-12A-66A							
9	CA_4A-12A	3CC #3	9	CA_4A-7C							
10	CA_4A-17A		10	CA_5A-7C	5CC #1						
11	CA_5A-7A	3CC #4	11	CA_5A-7A-66A	4CC #2						
12	CA_5A-41A		12	CA_5A-66A-66A	4CC #2						
13	CA_5A-66A	3CC #5	13	CA_7C-66A	4CC #3						
14	CA_7B		14	CA_7A-66A-66A	4CC #2						
15	CA_7C	3CC #6	15	CA_26A-41C							
16	CA_7A-7A	3CC #7	16	CA_41C-42A							
17	CA_7A_26A		17	CA_41A-42C							
18	CA_7A_42A		18	CA_42D							
19	CA_7A_66A	4CC #2									
20	CA_12A-25A										
21	CA_12A-66A	3CC #8									
22	CA_26A-41A										
23	CA_38C										
24	CA_41C	3CC #15									
25	CA_41A-41A										
26	CA_41A-42A										
27	CA_42C	3CC #17									
28	CA_42A-42A										
29	CA_66B										
30	CA_66C										
31	CA_66A-66A	4CC #2									

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink five carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Bands 4/7/38/41/42/66 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

4X4 MIMO	Band
	LTE Band 4/7/38/41/42/66

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation		
Number	Combination	Ant No.
1	7C	ANT0/1

<Intra-band>

General Note:

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7 with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA with other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

<Inter-band uplink carrier aggregation consideration>

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation	
Combination	Band&Ant No.	Band&Ant No.
4A-5A	LTE B4:ANT0/1	LTE B5: ANT1/0
4A-7A	LTE B4: ANT0/1	LTE B7: ANT1/0
5A-7A	LTE B7: ANT0/1	LTE B5: ANT1/0

General Note:

- 1. The single carrier of inter band CA uplink power level is the same as Non-CA standalone LTE power level.
- 2. The product implements Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with FCC RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.
- 3. For LTE inter band CA mode, Qualcomm Smart Transmit algorithm in WWAN adds directly the time-averaged RF exposure between two LTE bands. Smart Transmit algorithm controls the total RF exposure base on LTE inter CA bands to not exceed FCC limit. In Part 1 Report, simultaneous transmission compliance was evaluated with other Radios (WLAN or BT) using standalone LTE SAR mode.

5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

1. 5G NR n5 / n7 / n38 / n66 / n77 / n78 is NSA mode.
2. 5G NR n7 / n38 / n78 is SA mode.
3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.
 - b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
 - c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
 - d. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - e. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
 - f. PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
4. Due to test setup limitations, SAR testing for NR was performed using Factory Test Mode software to establish the connection and perform SAR with 100% transmission.
5. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
6. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
7. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
8. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
9. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.

<3GPP 38.101 MPR for EN-DC>

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	$\leq 3.5^1$	$\leq 1.2^1$	$\leq 0.2^1$
		$\leq 0.5^2$	$\leq 0.5^2$	0 ²
	QPSK	≤ 1		0
	16 QAM	≤ 2		≤ 1
	64 QAM		≤ 2.5	
CP-OFDM	256 QAM		≤ 4.5	
	QPSK	≤ 3		≤ 1.5
	16 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 2
	64 QAM		≤ 3.5	
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5	

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 1	0
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤ 1
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5		≤ 2.5
	256 QAM		≤ 4.5	
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 2
	64 QAM		≤ 3.5	
	256 QAM		≤ 6.5	

FR 1	ENDC	4G UL	5G-NR UL
n5	DC_66A-n5A	Ant 1	Ant 0
	DC_7A-n5A	Ant 1	Ant 0
n7	DC_2A-n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1
	DC_5A-n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1
	DC_66A-n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1
n66	DC_2A-n66A	Ant 0	Ant 1
	DC_5A-n66A	Ant 0	Ant 1
	DC_7A-n66A	Ant 0	Ant 1
n77	DC_41A-n77A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
n78	DC_2A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_4A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_5A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_7A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_38A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_41A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2
	DC_66A-n78A	Ant 0/Ant 1	Ant 2

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

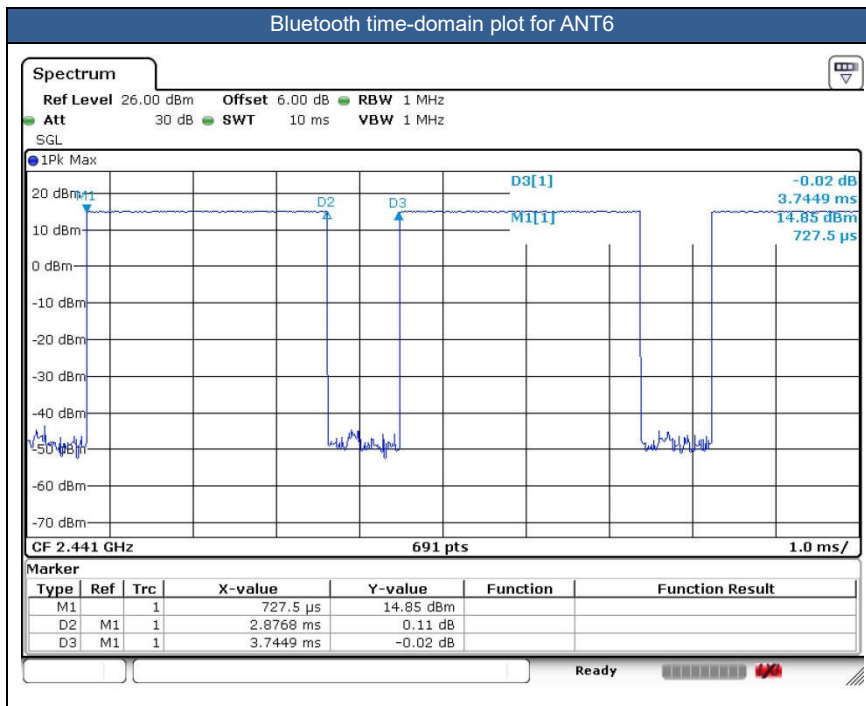
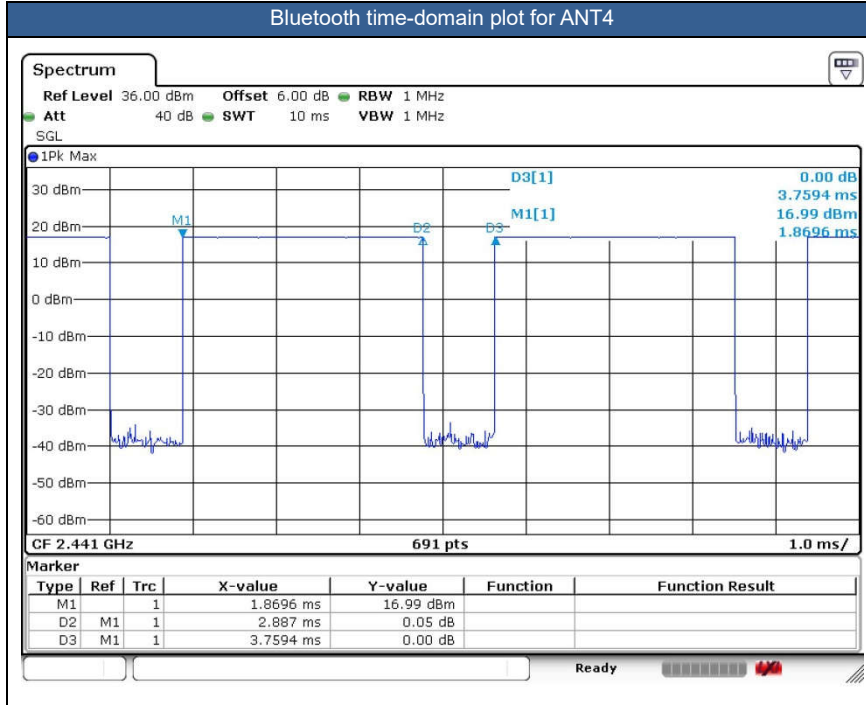
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. 802.11ax supports full tone size and partial tone size, after verification for the partial tone size mode power level will not higher than full tone size power level, so chose full tone power to be measured in this report.
6. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.



<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle are 76.79 % for ANT4, and 76.82 % for ANT6 as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





15. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

16. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
 - f. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 2, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. There are two different types of EUT. They are single SIM card mobile and dual SIM card mobile. The others are the same including circuit design, PCB board, structure and all components. It is special to declare. After pre-scan two types of EUT, we found test result of the sample that dual SIM was the worst, so we chose dual SIM card mobile to perform all tests.
5. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
6. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the Qualcomm smart transmit will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
7. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head and Handheld. For WLAN when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
8. For some WWAN bands, sensor on reduced power level is higher than hotspot reduced power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
9. This device implements antenna tuning techniques for several WWAN (cellular) operating modes and frequencies for the purpose of improving antenna efficiency over a broad range of frequencies. Specifically, these techniques are employed in the WCDMA, LTE and 5GNR modes. In this report SAR was measured according to the normally required SAR configurations with the tuner active and worst tune state (auto tune) was used for SAR testing. The detail descriptions of the antenna tuner and supplemental data for additional information can be referred to section 18 and appendix F.
10. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 38 with class 2 level, HPUE power have been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same , so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
11. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.



12. 5G NR n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
13. 5G NR n78 HUPE with higher power, 5G NR n78 HUPE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
14. NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
15. 5G NR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5G NR SA mode, so 5G NR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
16. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
17. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
18. This device supports 5G NR FR1 bands, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.
19. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/7/25/66/38/41/42/43/48, 5G NR n7/n66/n38/n77/n78, WLAN2.4GHz/5.2GHz/5.3GHz/5.5GHz/5.8GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.
 - b. WLAN 5.3/5.5/6GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
20. Smart Folio and stylus mode spot check each antenna the worst case to ensure the RF exposure is compliance at different exposure conditions.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 at ANT0, and GPRS 4Tx slots for GSM850 at ANT1 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is \leq ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is \leq ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B4 / B5 / B17 / B38 SAR test was covered by LTE B66 / B26 / B12 / B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

5G NR Note:

1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
 - b. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - c. QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
 - d. $\pi/2$ BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, $\pi/2$ BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
 - f. For 5G FR1 n5/n7/n38/n66/n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



WLAN/Bluetooth Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. 802.11ax supports full tone size and partial tone size, after verification for the partial tone size mode power level will not higher than full tone size power level, so chose full tone power to be measured in this report.
7. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in MIMO antenna mode only and it has no SISO antenna mode.

SRS (Sounding Reference Signal) description:

If one or more receive antennas are used as SRS as dedicated antennas, i.e., the antenna(s) is used for receive and Sound Reference Signal transmission (SRS) only (not traffic transmission), then the SAR measurement at P_{limit} for SAR as dedicated antenna(s) can be performed using FTM mode with CW modulation (as SRS could operate at very low duty cycle in online mode). Reported SAR for SRS dedicated antenna can be calculated by scaling the measured SAR at P_{limit} to a Tx power corresponding to worst-case SRS duty cycle * P_{max}, then reported SAR for SRS = measured SAR @ P_{limit} * 10^[(P_{max_dBm} + 10*log₁₀(duty_cycle) - P_{limit_dBm})/10]. The worst-case SRS duty cycle is 10% (Declared by Manufacturer).

DSI status description:

The device has the following DSI state which used at different exposure condition.

This WWAN bands enabled with Qualcomm Smart Transmit feature which located at chapter 5. The default power is P_{max} power, When P_{limit} power higher than P_{max} power, the output power will be limited at P_{max}, and so the SAR will use P_{max} power to do the testing.

Exposure Condition	DSI
Head SAR-Standalone	DSI 2
Head SAR-Simultaneous	DSI 2
Body worn Mode SAR-Standalone	DSI 3
Body worn Mode SAR- Simultaneous	DSI 3
Hotspot Mode SAR	DSI 3
Extremity(Handheld) SAR-Standalone	DSI 6
Extremity(Handheld) SAR- Simultaneous	DSI 6
Sensor off SAR	DSI 4



16.1 Head SAR

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
750MHz																	
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.02	0.162	0.207
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.16	0.132	0.169
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.06	0.078	0.100
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.04	0.064	0.082
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.13	0.098	0.125
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.15	0.077	0.099
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.07	0.107	0.137
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.06	0.082	0.105
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.01	0.444	0.603
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.06	0.350	0.478
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.07	0.382	0.519
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.16	0.305	0.416
01	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.13	0.734	0.997
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.1	0.576	0.786
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.05	0.576	0.790
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.06	0.604	0.820
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.65	24.00	1.365	0.05	0.483	0.659
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23095	707.5	22.63	24.00	1.371	0.06	0.471	0.646
	LTE Band 12(17)	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	23095	707.5	22.67	23.50	1.211	0.13	0.734	0.889
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.03	0.174	0.208
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.15	0.144	0.184
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	23.22	24.00	1.197	-0.18	0.100	0.120
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.04	0.083	0.106
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	23.22	24.00	1.197	-0.13	0.149	0.178
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	22.93	24.00	1.279	-0.05	0.116	0.148
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.09	0.095	0.114
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	23230	782	22.93	24.00	1.279	0.08	0.077	0.099
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.48	23.00	1.127	0.18	0.462	0.521
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.19	23.00	1.205	-0.03	0.412	0.496
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.48	23.00	1.127	0.02	0.474	0.534
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.03	0.414	0.499
02	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.09	0.737	0.831
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.07	0.659	0.794
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.11	23.00	1.227	-0.17	0.652	0.800
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.14	0.697	0.786
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	23230	782	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.02	0.657	0.792



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
835MHz																			
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	189	836.4	28.28	29.50	1.324	0.13	0.222	0.294	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	189	836.4	28.28	29.50	1.324	-0.08	0.146	0.193	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	189	836.4	28.28	29.50	1.324	0.01	0.127	0.168	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	189	836.4	28.28	29.50	1.324	0.04	0.113	0.150	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	189	836.4	25.29	26.50	1.321	0.12	0.599	0.791	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	189	836.4	25.29	26.50	1.321	-0.1	0.551	0.728	
03	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	189	836.4	25.29	26.50	1.321	-0.01	0.940	1.242	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	128	824.2	25.11	26.50	1.377	0.12	0.689	0.949	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	251	848.8	25.19	26.50	1.352	-0.07	0.898	1.214	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	189	836.4	25.29	26.50	1.321	-0.13	0.934	1.234	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	128	824.2	25.11	26.50	1.377	-0.09	0.641	0.883	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	251	848.8	25.19	26.50	1.352	0.03	0.826	1.117	
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	189	836.4	23.39	24.50	1.291	-0.19	0.752	0.971	
Smart Folio and stylus mode																			
	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	189	836.4	28.28	29.50	1.324	0.01	0.201	0.266	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.99	25.00	1.262	0.07	0.183	0.231	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.99	25.00	1.262	0.03	0.112	0.141	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.99	25.00	1.262	0.19	0.120	0.151	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.99	25.00	1.262	-0.11	0.091	0.115	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.79	24.50	1.178	0.02	0.683	0.804	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4132	826.4	23.67	24.50	1.211	-0.07	0.683	0.827	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4233	846.6	23.74	24.50	1.191	0.01	0.651	0.775	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.79	24.50	1.178	-0.14	0.660	0.777	
04	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.79	24.50	1.178	0.05	0.983	1.158	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4132	826.4	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.15	0.944	1.143	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4233	846.6	23.74	24.50	1.191	0.07	0.891	1.061	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4182	836.4	23.79	24.50	1.178	0.07	0.891	1.049	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4132	826.4	23.67	24.50	1.211	0.09	0.922	1.116	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	4233	846.6	23.74	24.50	1.191	0.04	0.883	1.052	
	WCDMA V	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	4182	836.4	22.90	23.50	1.148	0.19	0.741	0.851	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.03	0.213	0.293	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.57	24.00	1.390	-0.03	0.172	0.239	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.1	0.098	0.135	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.57	24.00	1.390	0.15	0.078	0.108	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.07	0.147	0.202	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.57	24.00	1.390	-0.12	0.125	0.174	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.08	0.110	0.151	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.57	24.00	1.390	0.08	0.094	0.131	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.40	23.40	1.259	-0.04	0.728	0.916	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.38	23.40	1.265	0.07	0.557	0.704	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.33	23.40	1.279	0.05	0.558	0.714	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.40	23.40	1.259	0.04	0.666	0.838	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.38	23.40	1.265	0.02	0.513	0.649	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.33	23.40	1.279	0.08	0.517	0.661	
05	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.40	23.40	1.259	-0.15	0.994	1.251	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.38	23.40	1.265	0.07	0.818	1.035	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.33	23.40	1.279	0.14	0.825	1.055	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.40	23.40	1.259	0.11	0.985	1.240	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	36	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.38	23.40	1.265	-0.17	0.742	0.938	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	75	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26865	831.5	22.33	23.40	1.279	0.14	0.742	0.949	
	LTE Band 26(5)	15M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	26865	831.5	22.21	23.10	1.227	-0.04	0.738	0.906	
06	FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.48	24.00	1.127	0.05	0.152	0.171	



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FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.14	0.129	0.149
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.48	24.00	1.127	-0.07	0.055	0.062
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.12	0.039	0.045
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.48	24.00	1.127	0.09	0.108	0.122
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.02	0.095	0.110
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.48	24.00	1.127	0.08	0.049	0.055
FR1 n5	20M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	167300	836.5	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.11	0.031	0.036

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1750MHz																		
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	1413	1732.6	24.23	25.00	1.194	-0.07	0.066	0.079
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	1413	1732.6	24.23	25.00	1.194	0.07	0.061	0.073
07	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	1413	1732.6	24.23	25.00	1.194	0.11	0.084	0.100
	WCDMA IV	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	1413	1732.6	24.23	25.00	1.194	0.13	0.067	0.080
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.15	0.041	0.050
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	22.05	23.00	1.245	-0.19	0.030	0.037
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	23.15	24.00	1.216	-0.05	0.043	0.052
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	22.05	23.00	1.245	0.09	0.036	0.045
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	23.15	24.00	1.216	-0.11	0.051	0.062
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	22.05	23.00	1.245	0.02	0.032	0.040
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.06	0.037	0.045
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	132322	1745	22.05	23.00	1.245	0.03	0.035	0.044
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.74	17.70	1.247	0.13	0.464	0.579
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.71	17.70	1.256	0.02	0.385	0.484
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.74	17.70	1.247	-0.03	0.566	0.706
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.71	17.70	1.256	0.02	0.458	0.575
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.74	17.70	1.247	0.05	0.914	1.140
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132072	1720	16.68	17.70	1.265	0.07	0.784	0.992
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132572	1770	16.69	17.70	1.262	0.04	0.979	1.235
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.71	17.70	1.256	-0.03	0.747	0.938
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132072	1720	16.57	17.70	1.297	-0.04	0.631	0.819
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132572	1770	16.51	17.70	1.315	0.16	0.810	1.065
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.69	17.70	1.262	0.01	0.808	1.020
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.74	17.70	1.247	0.06	0.875	1.091
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132072	1720	16.68	17.70	1.265	0.12	0.770	0.974
08	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132572	1770	16.69	17.70	1.262	0.03	0.989	1.248
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.71	17.70	1.256	-0.05	0.731	0.918
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132072	1720	16.57	17.70	1.297	0.05	0.621	0.806
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132572	1770	16.51	17.70	1.315	-0.02	0.794	1.044
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	132322	1745	16.69	17.70	1.262	-0.02	0.792	0.999
	LTE Band 66(4)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	132572	1770	15.21	16.20	1.256	-0.06	0.735	0.923
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.21	17.40	1.315	0.06	0.458	0.602
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.12	17.40	1.343	0.02	0.476	0.639
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.21	17.40	1.315	0.17	0.554	0.729
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.12	17.40	1.343	0.02	0.568	0.763
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.21	17.40	1.315	0.18	0.860	1.131
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.12	17.40	1.343	0.01	0.888	1.192
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.13	17.40	1.340	0.06	0.894	1.198
09	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.21	17.40	1.315	0.03	0.956	1.257
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.12	17.40	1.343	0.02	0.932	1.251
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	349000	1745	16.13	17.40	1.340	0.03	0.906	1.214
	FR1 n66	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	349000	1745	15.29	16.40	1.291	0.03	0.749	0.967



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	
1900MHz																			
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	661	1880	25.35	26.50	1.303	0.07	0.034	0.044	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	661	1880	25.35	26.50	1.303	0.08	0.031	0.040	
10	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	661	1880	25.35	26.50	1.303	0.08	0.039	0.051	
	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	661	1880	25.35	26.50	1.303	0.03	0.031	0.040	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	9400	1880	24.24	25.00	1.191	-0.15	0.055	0.066	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	9400	1880	24.24	25.00	1.191	0.09	0.037	0.044	
11	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	9400	1880	24.24	25.00	1.191	-0.06	0.073	0.087	
	WCDMA II	-	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	9400	1880	24.24	25.00	1.191	-0.03	0.053	0.063	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.05	0.054	0.070	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.86	24.00	1.300	0.08	0.039	0.051	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.08	0.046	0.059	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.86	24.00	1.300	0.03	0.032	0.042	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	-0.08	0.066	0.085	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.86	24.00	1.300	0.03	0.059	0.077	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.89	24.00	1.291	0.15	0.021	0.027	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	26340	1880	22.86	24.00	1.300	0.03	0.011	0.014	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.18	18.10	1.236	0.08	0.381	0.471	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.11	18.10	1.256	0.04	0.315	0.396	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.18	18.10	1.236	-0.07	0.452	0.559	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.11	18.10	1.256	-0.16	0.374	0.470	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.18	18.10	1.236	0.04	0.809	1.000	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26140	1860	17.13	18.10	1.250	0.07	0.985	1.232	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26590	1905	17.11	18.10	1.256	0.04	0.745	0.936	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.11	18.10	1.256	0.07	0.630	0.791	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.09	18.10	1.262	-0.13	0.643	0.811	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.18	18.10	1.236	0.17	0.848	1.048	
12	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26140	1860	17.13	18.10	1.250	0.08	0.997	1.247	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26590	1905	17.11	18.10	1.256	0.12	0.706	0.887	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.11	18.10	1.256	-0.13	0.672	0.844	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26140	1860	17.02	18.10	1.282	-0.12	0.794	1.018	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26590	1905	17.09	18.10	1.262	0.08	0.577	0.728	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	26340	1880	17.09	18.10	1.262	0.07	0.667	0.842	
	LTE Band 25(2)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	26140	1860	16.24	17.10	1.219	0.18	0.737	0.898	



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
2600MHz																				
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	0.15	0.111	0.126
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100+21298	2535+2554.8	23.32	24.00	1.169	-	-	0.03	0.089	0.104
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	-0.16	0.087	0.099
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	0.08	0.038	0.043
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.03	0.032	0.036
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-0.18	0.050	0.057
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.03	0.075	0.085
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-0.05	0.069	0.078
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	21100	2535	23.44	24.00	1.138	-	-	0.17	0.069	0.078
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.67	18.40	1.183	-	-	-0.08	0.608	0.719
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.59	18.40	1.205	-	-	0.06	0.501	0.604
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.67	18.40	1.183	-	-	0.04	0.651	0.770
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.59	18.40	1.205	-	-	0.08	0.524	0.631
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.67	18.40	1.183	-	-	0.09	0.896	1.060
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	20850	2510	17.45	18.40	1.245	-	-	0.04	0.939	1.169
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21350	2560	17.53	18.40	1.222	-	-	0.04	0.945	1.155
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.59	18.40	1.205	-	-	0.13	0.749	0.903
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	20850	2510	17.46	18.40	1.242	-	-	-0.05	0.801	0.995
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21350	2560	17.43	18.40	1.250	-	-	0.08	0.778	0.973
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.57	18.40	1.211	-	-	-0.07	0.746	0.903
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.67	18.40	1.183	-	-	0.06	0.988	1.169
13	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	20850	2510	17.45	18.40	1.245	-	-	0.15	1.000	1.245
	LTE Band 7C	20M	QPSK	1	99	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	20850+21048	2510+2529.8	17.31	18.40	1.285	-	-	0.03	0.781	1.004
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21350	2560	17.53	18.40	1.222	-	-	-0.09	0.974	1.190
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.59	18.40	1.205	-	-	0.12	0.801	0.965
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	20850	2510	17.46	18.40	1.242	-	-	-0.09	0.867	1.077
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21350	2560	17.43	18.40	1.250	-	-	0.18	0.876	1.095
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	21100	2535	17.57	18.40	1.211	-	-	0.07	0.804	0.973
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	20850	2510	16.41	17.40	1.256	-	-	0.02	0.730	0.917
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.021	0.075	0.085
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.43	24.00	1.140	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.074	0.085
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.037	0.042
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.43	24.00	1.140	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.034	0.039
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.044	0.050
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.43	24.00	1.140	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.042	0.048
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.49	24.00	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.039	0.044
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	23.43	24.00	1.140	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.043	0.049
	LTE Band 38_HPUE	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	38000	2595	26.41	27.00	1.146	42.9	1.009	-0.08	0.094	0.109
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.87	19.50	1.156	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.397	0.462
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.80	19.50	1.175	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.405	0.479
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.87	19.50	1.156	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.473	0.550
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.80	19.50	1.175	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.489	0.578
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.87	19.50	1.156	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.565	0.657
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	37850	2580	18.74	19.50	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.503	0.603
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38150	2610	18.75	19.50	1.189	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.603	0.721
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.80	19.50	1.175	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.573	0.677
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	37850	2580	18.59	19.50	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.516	0.640
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38150	2610	18.49	19.50	1.262	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.622	0.790
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.71	19.50	1.199	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.592	0.714
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.87	19.50	1.156	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.723	0.841
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	37850	2580	18.74	19.50	1.191	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.655	0.785



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	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38150	2610	18.75	19.50	1.189	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.791	0.946
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.80	19.50	1.175	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.739	0.873
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	37850	2580	18.59	19.50	1.233	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.666	0.826
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38150	2610	18.49	19.50	1.262	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.867	1.101
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38000	2595	18.71	19.50	1.199	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.772	0.932
14	LTE Band 38_HPUE	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	38150	2610	20.15	21.10	1.245	42.9	1.009	0.09	0.946	1.188
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	38150	2610	17.64	18.50	1.219	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.632	0.775
	LTE Band 38_HPUE	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	38150	2610	19.09	20.10	1.262	42.9	1.009	0.17	0.727	0.926
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.64	24.00	1.086	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.078	0.085
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.35	24.00	1.161	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.062	0.072
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.64	24.00	1.086	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.024	0.026
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.35	24.00	1.161	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.020	0.023
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.64	24.00	1.086	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.059	0.064
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.35	24.00	1.161	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.047	0.055
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.64	24.00	1.086	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.053	0.058
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	40620	2593	23.35	24.00	1.161	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.031	0.036
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.94	20.10	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.472	0.620
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.439	0.590
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.81	20.10	1.346	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.424	0.574
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.82	20.10	1.343	62.9	1.006	0.17	0.498	0.673
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.74	20.10	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.513	0.706
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.91	20.10	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.391	0.517
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.420	0.565
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.94	20.10	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.603	0.792
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.524	0.705
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.81	20.10	1.346	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.517	0.700
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.82	20.10	1.343	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.647	0.874
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.74	20.10	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.558	0.768
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.91	20.10	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.469	0.621
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.71	20.10	1.377	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.391	0.542
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.69	20.10	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.405	0.564
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.63	20.10	1.403	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.513	0.724
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.72	20.10	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.491	0.679
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.495	0.666
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.94	20.10	1.306	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.651	0.855
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.651	0.875
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.81	20.10	1.346	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.603	0.816
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.82	20.10	1.343	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.710	0.959
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.74	20.10	1.368	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.647	0.890
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.91	20.10	1.315	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.532	0.704
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.71	20.10	1.377	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.550	0.762
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.69	20.10	1.384	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.487	0.678
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.63	20.10	1.403	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.591	0.834
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.72	20.10	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.580	0.802
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.588	0.791
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.94	20.10	1.306	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.833	1.095
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.789	1.061
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.81	20.10	1.346	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.766	1.037
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.82	20.10	1.343	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.904	1.221
15	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.74	20.10	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.915	1.259
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.91	20.10	1.315	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.718	0.950
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	39750	2506	18.71	20.10	1.377	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.655	0.907
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40185	2549.5	18.69	20.10	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.640	0.891
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41055	2636.5	18.63	20.10	1.403	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.792	1.118
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.72	20.10	1.374	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.774	1.070
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	40620	2593	18.84	20.10	1.337	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.755	1.015

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

TEL : 86-512-57900158 / FAX : 86-512-57900958

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FCC SAR Test Report

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LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	41490	2680	17.93	19.10	1.309	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.732	0.964	
Smart Folio and stylus mode																				
LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	41490	2680	18.74	20.10	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.754	1.037	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.84	24.00	1.306	-	-	0.08	0.053	0.069	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.71	24.00	1.346	-	-	0.04	0.055	0.074	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.84	24.00	1.306	-	-	0.03	0.046	0.060	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.71	24.00	1.346	-	-	0.02	0.042	0.057	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.84	24.00	1.306	-	-	0.07	0.037	0.048	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.71	24.00	1.346	-	-	0.06	0.043	0.058	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.84	24.00	1.306	-	-	0.02	0.050	0.065	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 2	507000	2535	22.71	24.00	1.346	-	-	0.07	0.051	0.069	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.27	19.30	1.268	-	-	-0.01	0.552	0.700	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.22	19.30	1.282	-	-	0.08	0.530	0.680	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.27	19.30	1.268	-	-	0.04	0.652	0.827	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.22	19.30	1.282	-	-	0.13	0.576	0.739	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.25	19.30	1.274	-	-	-0.03	0.601	0.765	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.27	19.30	1.268	-	-	0.02	0.887	1.124	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.22	19.30	1.282	-	-	0.07	0.798	1.023	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.25	19.30	1.274	-	-	0.04	0.771	0.982	
16	FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.27	19.30	1.268	-	-	-0.02	0.991	1.256
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	108	54	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.22	19.30	1.282	-	-	0.09	0.955	1.225	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	216	0	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	507000	2535	18.25	19.30	1.274	-	-	0.13	0.947	1.206	
FR1 n7	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-15KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	507000	2535	17.23	18.30	1.279	-	-	-0.04	0.738	0.944	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.53	18.80	1.340	-	-	0.06	0.490	0.656	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.46	18.80	1.361	-	-	0.06	0.466	0.634	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.53	18.80	1.340	-	-	-0.06	0.626	0.839	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.46	18.80	1.361	-	-	-0.06	0.588	0.801	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	100	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.44	18.80	1.368	-	-	0.04	0.551	0.754	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.53	18.80	1.340	-	-	0.09	0.703	0.942	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.46	18.80	1.361	-	-	0.14	0.645	0.878	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	100	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.44	18.80	1.368	-	-	-0.09	0.601	0.822	
17	FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.53	18.80	1.340	-	-	0.02	0.920	1.233
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	50	28	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.46	18.80	1.361	-	-	0.07	0.865	1.178	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	100	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2	519000	2595	17.44	18.80	1.368	-	-	0.05	0.811	1.109	
FR1 n38	40M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI 2 Simultaneous	519000	2595	16.73	17.80	1.279	-	-	0.05	0.748	0.957	



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
3500~3900MHz																				
18	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	22.03	23.00	1.250	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.687	0.864
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42190	3460	21.93	23.00	1.279	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.611	0.786
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42990	3540	21.83	23.00	1.309	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.633	0.834
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	21.56	22.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.576	0.641
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42190	3460	21.46	22.00	1.132	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.521	0.594
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42990	3540	21.36	22.00	1.159	62.9	1.006	0.12	0.549	0.640
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	21.39	22.00	1.151	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.539	0.624
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	22.03	23.00	1.250	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.392	0.493
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	21.56	22.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	-0.14	0.311	0.346
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	22.03	23.00	1.250	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.181	0.228
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	21.56	22.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.103	0.115
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	22.03	23.00	1.250	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.151	0.190
	LTE Band 42 Part27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	42590	3500	21.56	22.00	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.092	0.102
19	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	23.04	24.00	1.247	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.567	0.712
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	55340	3560	22.92	24.00	1.282	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.529	0.682
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	55830	3609	22.92	24.00	1.282	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.542	0.699
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56640	3690	22.87	24.00	1.297	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.511	0.667
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	21.91	23.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	0.17	0.469	0.606
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	55340	3560	21.82	23.00	1.312	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.427	0.564
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	55830	3609	21.90	23.00	1.288	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.448	0.581
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56640	3690	21.89	23.00	1.291	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.462	0.600
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	100	0	-	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	21.73	23.00	1.340	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.441	0.594
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	23.04	24.00	1.247	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.343	0.430
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	21.91	23.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.269	0.348
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	23.04	24.00	1.247	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.164	0.206
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	21.91	23.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.114	0.147
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	23.04	24.00	1.247	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.132	0.166
	LTE Band 48(42&43)	20M	QPSK	50	0	-	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	56150	3641	21.91	23.00	1.285	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.088	0.114
20	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.46	21.70	1.330	-	-	0.07	0.929	1.236
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.20	21.70	1.413	-	-	0.02	0.839	1.185
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.11	21.70	1.442	-	-	0.07	0.821	1.184
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.46	21.70	1.330	-	-	-0.05	0.400	0.532
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.20	21.70	1.413	-	-	-0.01	0.398	0.562
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.46	21.70	1.330	-	-	0.08	0.281	0.374
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.20	21.70	1.413	-	-	0.04	0.260	0.367
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.46	21.70	1.330	-	-	0.13	0.167	0.222
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.20	21.70	1.413	-	-	-0.03	0.139	0.196
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2 Simultaneous	656000	3840	19.37	20.40	1.268	-	-	0.02	0.745	0.944
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.12	21.70	1.143	-	-	0.04	0.886	1.013
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.09	21.70	1.151	-	-	-0.02	0.993	1.143
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.11	21.70	1.146	-	-	0.09	0.831	0.952
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.12	21.70	1.143	-	-	0.13	0.644	0.736
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.09	21.70	1.151	-	-	-0.04	0.650	0.748
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.12	21.70	1.143	-	-	0.07	0.273	0.312
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.09	21.70	1.151	-	-	0.04	0.294	0.338
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.12	21.70	1.143	-	-	-0.02	0.247	0.282
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.09	21.70	1.151	-	-	0.09	0.266	0.306
	FR1 n77 Part 27Q	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2 Simultaneous	633334	3500.01	19.85	20.40	1.135	-	-	0.13	0.729	0.827
Smart Folio and stylus mode																				
	FR1 n77 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	656000	3840	20.46	21.70	1.330	-	-	-0.02	0.855	1.138
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.91	22.00	1.285	-	-	-0.04	0.801	1.030



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21	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.89	22.00	1.291	-	-	-0.06	0.956	1.234
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.82	22.00	1.312	-	-	0.06	0.789	1.035
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.91	22.00	1.285	-	-	-0.06	0.435	0.559
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.89	22.00	1.291	-	-	-0.06	0.463	0.598
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.91	22.00	1.285	-	-	0.04	0.273	0.351
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.89	22.00	1.291	-	-	0.09	0.296	0.382
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.91	22.00	1.285	-	-	0.14	0.170	0.218
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	650000	3750	20.89	22.00	1.291	-	-	-0.09	0.179	0.231
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2 Simultaneous	650000	3750	19.69	20.70	1.262	-	-	0.02	0.731	0.922
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.56	22.00	1.107	-	-	0.05	0.803	0.889
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.55	22.00	1.109	-	-	0.05	0.991	1.099
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.44	22.00	1.138	-	-	0.01	0.821	0.934
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.56	22.00	1.107	-	-	0.03	0.617	0.683
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.55	22.00	1.109	-	-	0.01	0.729	0.809
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	270	0	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.44	22.00	1.138	-	-	0.08	0.633	0.720
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.56	22.00	1.107	-	-	0.04	0.307	0.340
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.55	22.00	1.109	-	-	0.02	0.327	0.363
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	1	1	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.56	22.00	1.107	-	-	0.07	0.231	0.256
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2	633334	3500.01	21.55	22.00	1.109	-	-	-0.05	0.280	0.311
	FR1 n78-PC2 Part 270	100M	QPSK	135	69	DFT-SCS-30KHz	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSI 2 Simultaneous	633334	3500.01	20.09	20.70	1.151	-	-	-0.01	0.742	0.854