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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep21

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD1880V3 - SN:	1038	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in air	r
Calibration date:	September 27, 20	021	
This calibration certificate docume	ents the traceability to natio	onal standards, which realize the physical uni	ts of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncer		robability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	
The measurements and the uncer	ted in the closed laborator	<i>i</i> .	
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct	ted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-22
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter NRP	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-22 Apr-22
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22
The measurements and the uncer All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ted in the closed laborator E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k)	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)	C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22 Apr-22

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-23
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Calibrated by:			Signature
Calibrated by:			
Calibrated by: Approved by:			
	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Signature A.W. AMAG

Issued: September 27, 2021

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2019 (ANSI-C63.19-2011) American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole . positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any nonparallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	86.3 V/m = 38.72 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	84.7 V/m = 38.56 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
1730 MHz	22.1 dB	55.9 Ω + 5.9 jΩ	
1880 MHz	22.1 dB	58.1 Ω + 2.7 jΩ	
1900 MHz	22.1 dB	58.5 Ω - 0.6 jΩ	
1950 MHz	26.6 dB	50.3 Ω - 4.7 jΩ	
2000 MHz	20.5 dB	43.5 Ω + 6.0 jΩ	

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

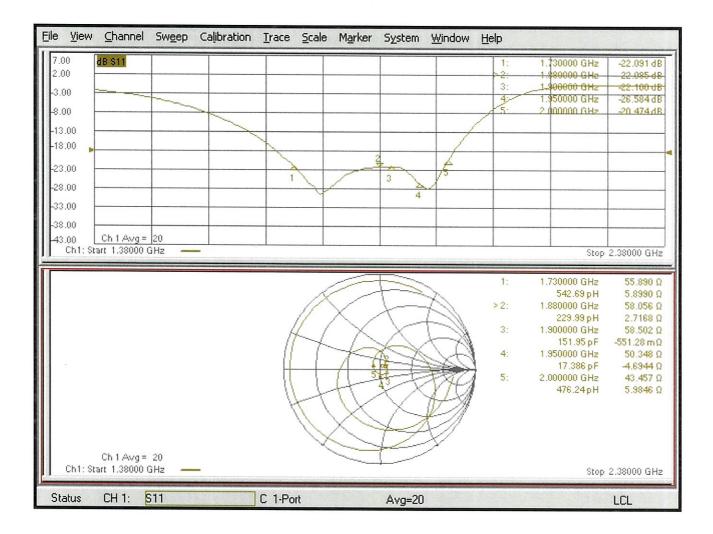
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

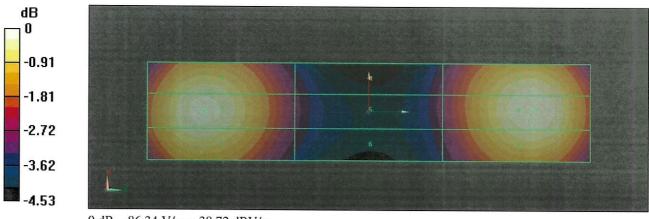
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 28.12.2020
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 23.12.2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.72 dBV/m **Emission category: M2** 

MIF scaled E-field

Sector and the sector of the s		
Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.39 dBV/m	38.56 dBV/m	38.37 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
35.91 dBV/m	35.93 dBV/m	35.8 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.61 dBV/m	38.72 dBV/m	38.45 dBV/m

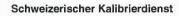


0 dB = 86.34 V/m = 38.72 dBV/m

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## Certificate No: CD2600V3-1010 Mar19

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE CD2600V3 - SN: 1010 Object QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air March 14, 2019 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
Name	Function	Signature
Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	UED
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	lekt
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US41080477 Name Claudio Leubler	SN: 104778       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)         SN: 103244       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)         SN: 103245       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)         SN: 103245       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)         SN: 5058 (20k)       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)         SN: 5047.2 / 06327       04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)         SN: 4013       03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)         SN: 781       09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)         ID #       Check Date (in house)         SN: GB42420191       09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US38485102       05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US37295597       09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: 832283/011       27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)         SN: US41080477       31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)         Name       Function         Claudio Leubler       Laboratory Technician

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### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch		
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm		
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm		
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz		
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB		

## Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power 84.9 V/m = 38.58 dE		
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power 84.0 V/m = 38.49 c		
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
2450 MHz	24.0 dB	45.3 Ω - 3.7 jΩ	
2550 MHz	30.7 dB	52.4 Ω + 1.8 jΩ	
2600 MHz	26.5 dB	54.8 Ω <b>-</b> 1.1 jΩ	
2650 MHz	25.2 dB	52.5 Ω <b>-</b> 5.0 jΩ	
2750 MHz	19.9 dB	46.3 Ω - 9.0 jΩ	

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

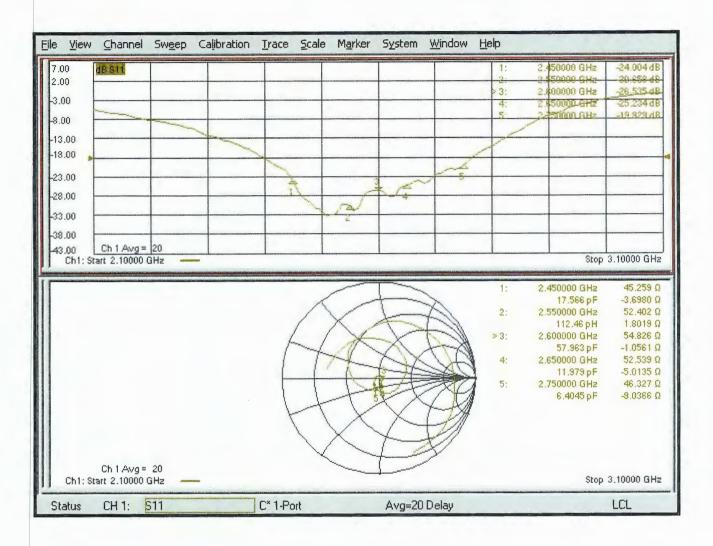
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



## **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 14.03.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1010

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

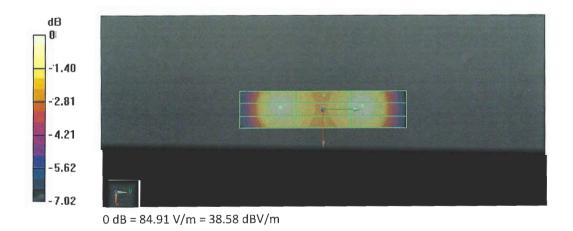
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipóle E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.58 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.15 dBV/m	38.49 dBV/m	38.45 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 M2	(Grid 6 M2
37.72 dBV/m	38.04 dBV/m	38.01 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 MZ	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.23 dBV/m	38.58 dBV/m	38.54 dBV/m





## CD2600V3, serial no. 1010 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

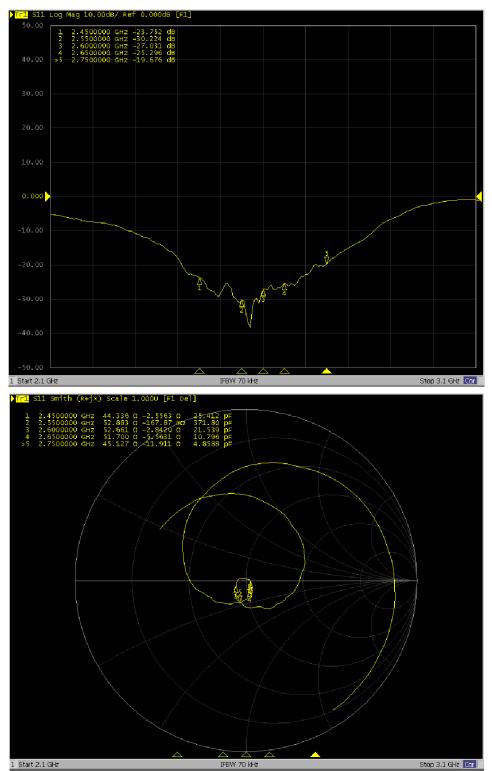
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>2600</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1010</b>						
		2600MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
03.14.2019 (Cal. Report)	-26.535		54.826		-1.0561	
03.13.2020 (extended)	-27.031	1.87	52.661	2.165	-2.842	1.7859
03.12.2021 (extended)	-24.409	-8.01	58.52	-3.694	1.6222	-2.6783

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

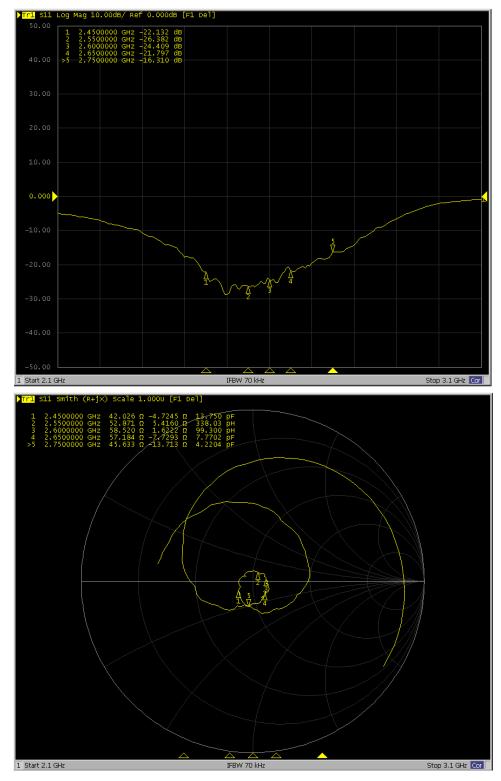


<Dipole Verification Data> - CD2600 V3, serial no. 1010 (Data of Measurement : 03.13.2020) 2600 MHz - Head





<Dipole Verification Data> - CD2600 V3, serial no. 1010 (Data of Measurement : 3.12.2021) 2600 MHz - Head







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## Client Sporton

Certificate No: CD3500V3-1009\_Feb19

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD3500V3 - SN: 1009

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

Calibration date:

February 18, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Set Man
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	stelles
			- /

Issued: February 18, 2019

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	3500 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 3500 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.2 V/m = 38.61 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	84.1 V/m = 38.49 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
3300 MHz	17.9 dB	64.5 Ω + 1.4 jΩ
3400 MHz	22.1 dB	55.9 Ω - 5.8 jΩ
3500 MHz	24.7 dB	52.0 Ω - 5.6 jΩ
3600 MHz	23.2 dB	48.3 Ω - 6.6 jΩ
3700 MHz	22.1 dB	42.9 Ω - 2.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

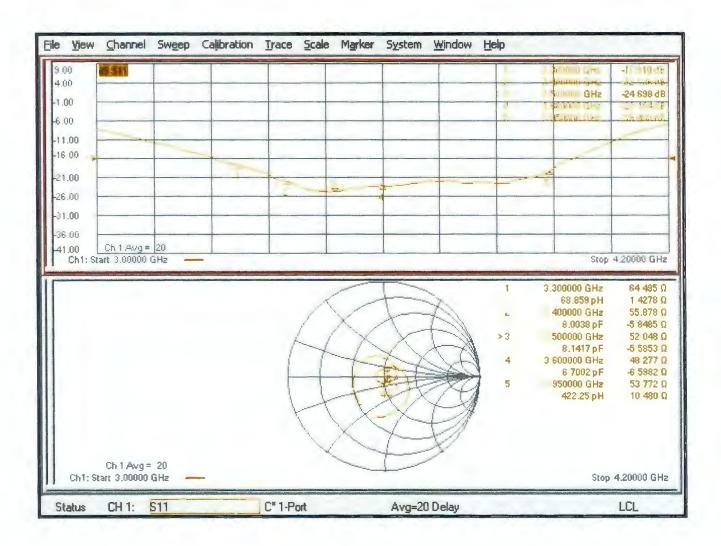
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



## DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 18.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: CD3500V3; Serial: CD3500V3 - SN: 1009

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 3500 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

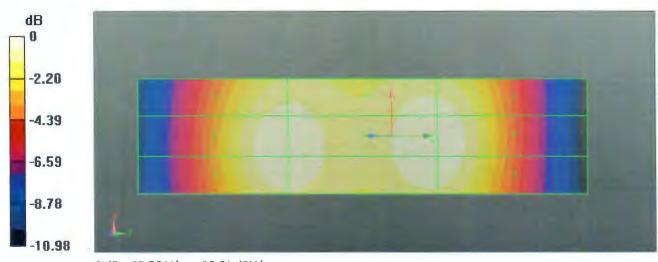
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 3500 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 3500MHz/E-Scan - 3500MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 33.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.61 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.14 dBV/m		Grid 3 M2 38.48 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 38.34 dBV/m		
	Grid 8 M2 38.59 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.53 dBV/m



0 dB = 85.20 V/m = 38.61 dBV/m



## C3500V3, serial no. 1009 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 450824, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

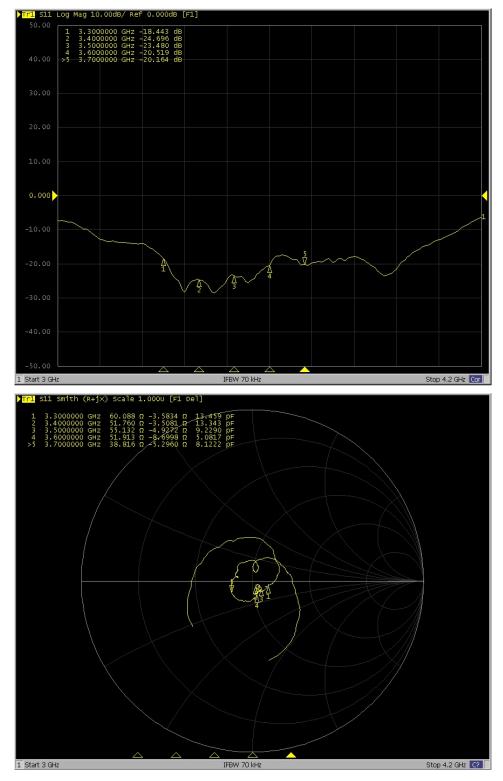
## <Justification of the extended calibration>

CD <b>3500</b> V3 – serial no. <b>1009</b>						
		3500MHZ				
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
02.18.2019 (Cal. Report)	-24.698		52.048		-5.5853	
02.17.2020 (extended)	-23.48	-4.932	55.132	-3.084	-4.9272	-0.6581
02.16.2021 (extended)	-21.497	-12.961	55.952	-3.904	-6.2839	0.6986

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

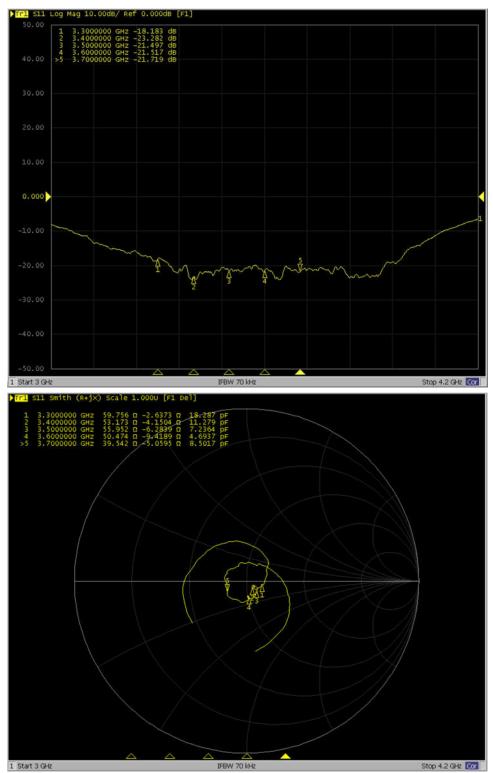


<Dipole Verification Data> - CD3500 V3, serial no. 1009 (Data of Measurement : 02.17.2020) 3500 MHz - Head





<Dipole Verification Data> - CD3500 V3, serial no. 1009 (Data of Measurement : 02.16.2021) 3500 MHz - Head





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Client Sporton

Certificate No: DAE4-1649\_Feb21

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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CALIBRATION (	CERTIFICATE		
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BO - SN: 1649	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procee	dure for the data acquisition elec	ctronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	February 03, 202	1	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical un obability are given on the following pages ar r facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	07-Sep-20 (No:28647)	Sep-21
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001		In house check: Jan-22
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-21 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-22
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	i.V. Bellin
			Issued: February 3, 2021
This calibration certificate shall no	t be reproduced except in fi	ull without written approval of the laboratory	





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## Glossary

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically • by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a • result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of . the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on . the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an . input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter . corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of . zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset . current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, . during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{cccc} High \mbox{ Range:} & 1LSB = & 6.1 \mu V \ , & full \mbox{ range = } -100...+300 \ mV \\ Low \mbox{ Range:} & 1LSB = & 61nV \ , & full \mbox{ range = } -1.....+3mV \\ DASY \mbox{ measurement parameters:} \mbox{ Auto Zero Time: 3 sec;} \mbox{ Measuring time: 3 sec} \end{array}$ 

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	x	Y	Z
High Range	404.611 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.594 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.402 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98581 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97757 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

## **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	98.5 ° ± 1 °
---	--------------

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

## 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200031.53	-1.43	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.23	-0.19	-0.00
Channel X - Input	-20004.73	1.29	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200031.89	-0.83	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20002.89	-2.62	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20007.54	-1.43	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200033.67	0.44	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.43	-3.16	-0.02
Channel Z - Input	-20006.81	-0.96	0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.30	0.62	0.03
Channel X + Input	200.40	-0.36	-0.18
Channel X - Input	-199.04	0.24	-0.12
Channel Y + Input	2001.06	0.07	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.19	-0.84	-0.42
Channel Y - Input	-199.38	-0.49	0.25
Channel Z + Input	2001.07	0.16	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200.26	-0.70	-0.35
Channel Z - Input	-198.99	0.06	-0.03

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	3.22	1.62
	- 200	-1.35	-2.81
Channel Y	200	-6.53	-7.15
	- 200	4.66	4.68
Channel Z	200	-0.10	-0.06
	- 200	-1.42	-1.52

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	3 <b>2</b> 1	0.24	-3.74
Channel Y	200	5.97		2.81
Channel Z	200	9.32	4.37	

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15978	16624
Channel Y	15993	15808
Channel Z	16173	16195

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10  $M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.55	-1.32	0.24	0.33
Channel Y	-0.57	-1.55	0.44	0.40
Channel Z	-0.60	-1.80	0.97	0.47

## 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

# 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

# 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Client Sporton

Certificate No: EF3-4050\_Jan21

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EF3DV3- SN:4050	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air	<u>n</u>
Calibration date:	January 25, 2021	
This calibration certificate doc The measurements and the u	uments the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.	

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 789	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)	Oct-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	der v
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	als
This calibration certificate	shall not be reproduced except in ful	I without written approval of the laborator	Issued: January 26, 2021 y.

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:	
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
En	incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis
Ep	incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). .
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW • signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4050

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	0.60	0.70	1.12	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.7	100.1	94.4	- 1011 70

## Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz - 6 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Unc (k=2) %
30	77.2	77.0	-0.2%	77.0	-0.2%	± 5.1 %
100	77.2	78.0	1.1%	77.9	1.0%	± 5.1 %
450	77.2	78.3	1.4%	78.2	1.2%	± 5.1 %
600	77.0	77.8	1.0%	77.7	0.9%	± 5.1 %
750	77.0	77.7	0.9%	77.5	0.7%	± 5.1 %
1800	143.2	139.8	-2.4%	139.8	-2.4%	± 5.1 %
2000	135.2	132.1	-2.3%	131.9	-2.5%	± 5.1 %
2200	127.8	124.1	-2.9%	125.0	-2.2%	± 5.1 %
2500	125.4	122.8	-2.0%	123.8	-1.3%	± 5.1 %
3000	79.3	76.0	-4.2%	76.9	-3.1%	± 5.1 %
3500	256.3	241.7	-4.9%	239.3	-4.9%	± 5.1 %
3700	250.1	236.8	-4.8%	235.4	-4.9%	± 5.1 %
5200	50.7	51.5	1.5%	51.7	1.8%	+ 5 1 0/
5500	47.0	46.9	-0.1%	48.2	2.5%	± 5.1 %
5800	48.9	48.7	-0.4%	47.1	-3.7%	± 5.1 % ± 5.1 %

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4050

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	149.2	±2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		121.4	//	- 4.7 70
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		120.3		
10352- Pulse AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	3.28	66.97	10.87	10.00	60.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.88	76.75	16.46		60.0		
		Z	4.22	70.52	12.89		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	1.92	65.03	8.92	6.99	80.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	11.85	84.63	17.87		80.0		
		Z	3.10	70.47	11.85	-	80.0		
10354- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.96	63.50	7.29	3.98	95.0	± 0.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	91.86	18.73		95.0		
		Z	15.26	86.51	15.64		95.0		
10355- AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.81	65.63	7.71	2.22	120.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	20.00	96.66	19.82		120.0		
		Z	20.00	92.73	16.99		120.0		
10387- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.98	69.60	17.00	1.00	150.0	± 1.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.99	68.09	16.56		150.0		
		Z	2.02	68.62	16.87		150.0		
10388- AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.55	70.60	17.35	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.72	70.92	17.36		150.0	1.0 %	1 0.0 70
		Z	2.77	71.30	17.66		150.0		
10396- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.19	74.27	20.73	3.01	150.0	± 0.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.99	76.11	21.31		150.0		20.0 /0
		Z	3.49	74.74	20.88		150.0		
10399- AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.57	67.63	16.30	0.00	150.0	± 0.9 %	±9.6 %
		Y	3.72	67.96	16.39		150.0		
		Z	3.76	68.10	16.57		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.83	65.70	15.75	0.00	150.0	± 1.5 %	±9.6 %
AAA			4.89	65.43	15.56		150.0	- 1.0 /0	1 0.0 /0
		Z	4.92	65.49	15.70		150.0		

## Calibration Results for Modulation Response

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4050

## Sensor Frequency Model Parameters

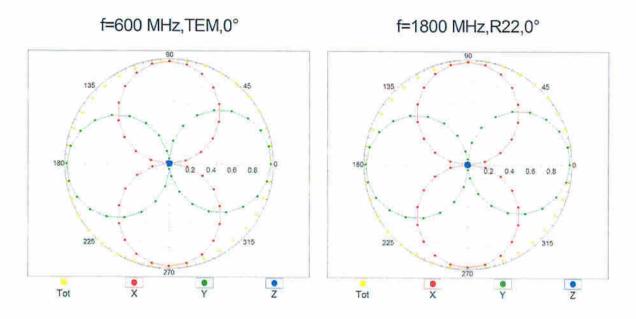
	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	
Frequency Corr. (LF)	-0.01	0.01	5.26	
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82	

### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
X	48.2	312.51	35.77	6.65	0.54	4.91	1.65	0.00	1.00
Y	61.2	395.42	35.51	11.55	0.85	4.98	1.87	0.16	1.00
Z	59.3	391.90	36.96	6.27	0.45	4.96	1.78	0.08	1.00

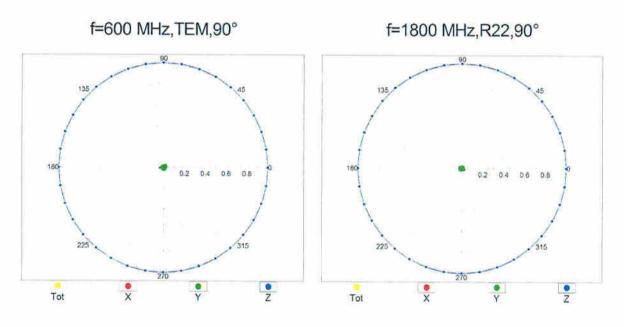
### **Other Probe Parameters**

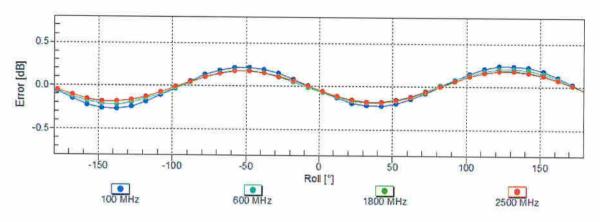
-97.9
enabled
disabled
337 mm
12 mm
25 mm
4 mm
1.5 mm
1.5 mm
1.5 mm



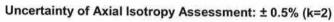
# 

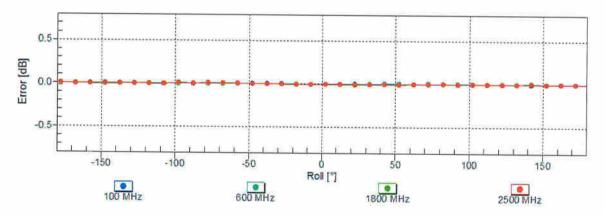
Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta$  = 90°



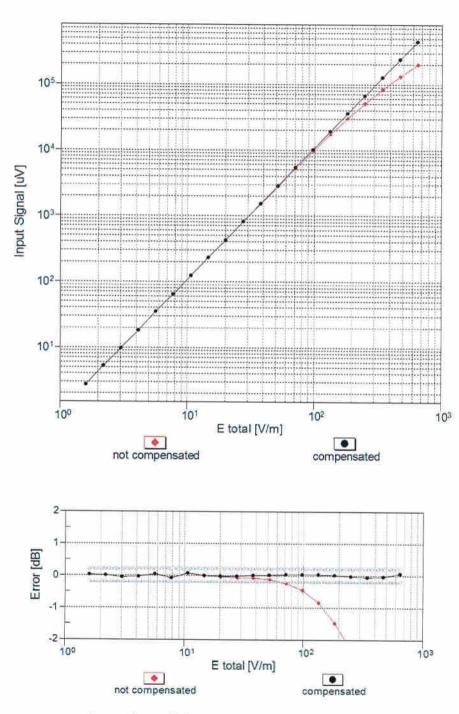


# 



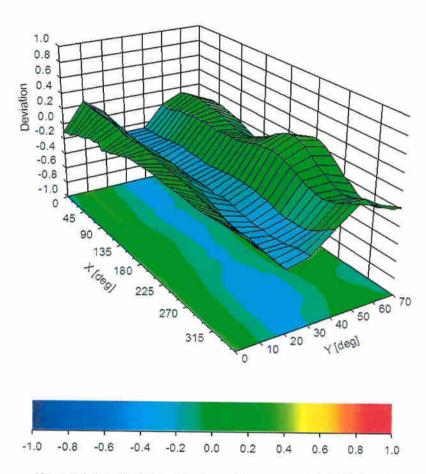






## Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (\oplus, \vartheta), f = 900 MHz

