

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

where: S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

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|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Maximum peak output power at device output terminal: | 49.16 dBm |
| Cable and Jumper loss: | 0.0 dB |
| Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: | 49.16 dBm |
| | 82413.8115 mW |
| Single Antenna gain (typical): | 0 dBi |
| Number of Antennae: | 1 |
| Total Antenna gain (typical): | 0 dBi |
| | 1 (numeric) |
| Prediction distance: | 40 cm |
| Prediction frequency: | 34700 MHz |
| MPE limit for Occupational exposure at prediction frequency: | 5 mW/cm ² |
| Power density at prediction frequency: | 4.098927 mW/cm² |
| Margin of Compliance: | 0.86299851 dB |

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