MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC ID	:	I88NBG7510
Applicant	:	Zyxel Communications Corporation
Application Type	:	Certification
Product	:	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router
Model No.	:	NBG7510
Brand Name	:	ZYXEL
FCC Classification	:	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (NII)
FCC Rule Part(s)	:	Part15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)
Received Date	:	January 11, 2022
Test Date	:	March 2, 2022 ~ March 17, 2022

Tested By : Fran Chen
(Fran Chen)

Reviewed By : Paddy Chen
(Paddy Chen)

Approved By : Chenz Ker
(Chenz Ker)

Testing Laboratory
3261

The test results relate only to the samples tested.
This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 789033 D02v02r01. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.
The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2201TW0103-U2	1.0	Original Report	2022-04-12	Valid

CONTENTS

Description Page

General Information

Applicant	Zyxel Communications Corporation
Applicant Address	No.2 Industry East RD. IX, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 30075, Taiwan, R.O.C
Manufacturer	Zyxel Communications Corporation
Manufacturer Address	No.2 Industry East RD. IX, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu 30075, Taiwan, R.O.C
Test Site	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
MRT FCC Registration No.	291082
FCC Rule Part(s)	Part 15.407
Test Device Serial No.	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

1. MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.
2. MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
3. MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC (Designation Number: TW3261), Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.

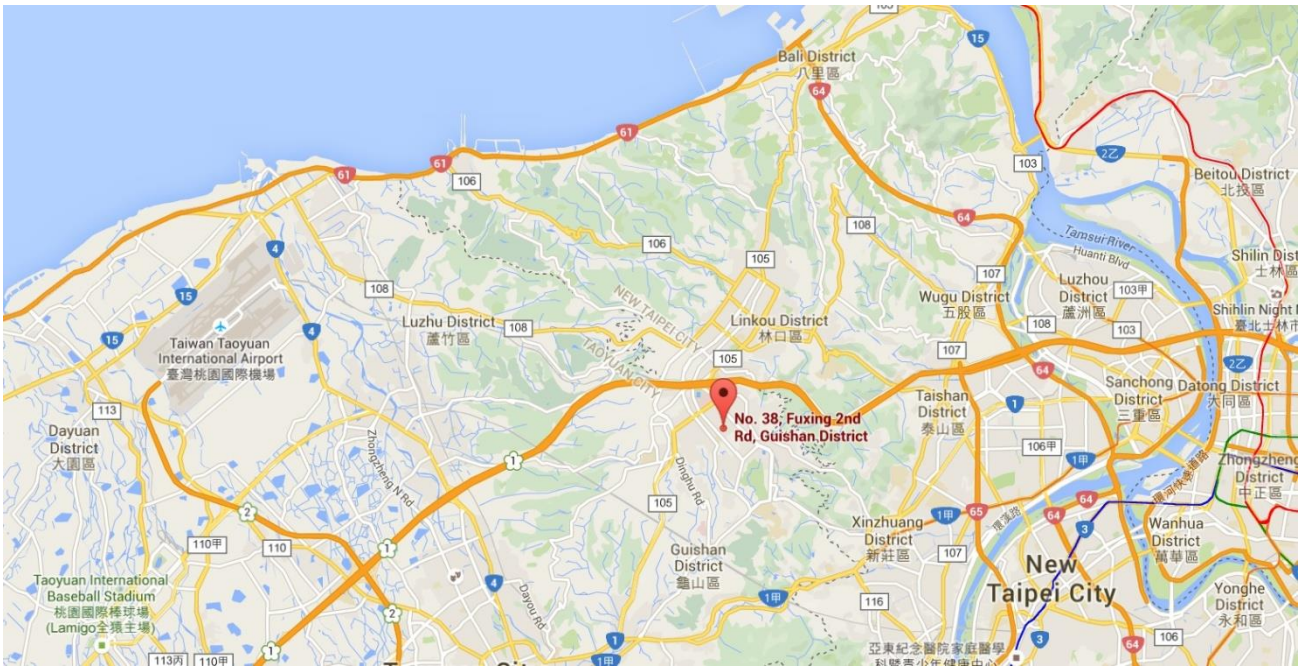
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada and Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name:	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router
Model No.:	NBG7510
Brand Name:	ZYXEL
Wi-Fi Specification:	802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax (2TX / 2RX)
EUT Identification No.:	20211210Sample#17 (Conducted) 20211210Sample#16 (Radiated)
Adapter	Brand: MNC MODEL: MAUS-1201001202 INPUT: 100 - 240V ~ 50/60Hz 0.35A. OUTPUT: DC 12V 1.0A Cable Out: Non-shielding, 1.5m

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

Frequency Range:	For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20/ax-HE20: 5180~5240MHz, 5745~5825MHz For 802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40/ax-HE40: 5190~5230MHz, 5755~5795MHz For 802.11ac-VHT80/ax-HE80: 5210MHz, 5775MHz
Type of Modulation:	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM 802.11ax: OFDMA
Data Rate:	802.11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54Mbps 802.11n: up to 300Mbps 802.11ac: up to 867Mbps 802.11ax: up to 1201Mbps

Note: For other features of this EUT, test report will be issued separately.

2.3. Working Frequencies for this report

802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT20/ax-HE20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	40	5200 MHz	44	5220 MHz
48	5240 MHz	149	5745 MHz	153	5765 MHz
157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825 MHz

802.11n-HT40/ac-VHT40/ax-HE40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz	151	5755 MHz
159	5795 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

802.11ac-VHT80/ax-HE80

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210 MHz	155	5775 MHz	N/A	N/A

2.4. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (MHz)	T_X Paths	Max Antenna Gain (dBi)	Beamforming Directional Gain (dBi)	CDD Directional Gain (dBi)	
					For Power	For PSD
Dipole Antenna	2412 ~ 2462	2	5.47	8.48	5.47	8.48
	5150 ~ 5850	2	5.45	8.46	5.45	8.46

Note:

1. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.

   If all antennas have the same gain, G_{ANT}, Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

   - For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,

   Array Gain = 10 log (N_{ANT}/ N_{SS}) dB;

   - For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

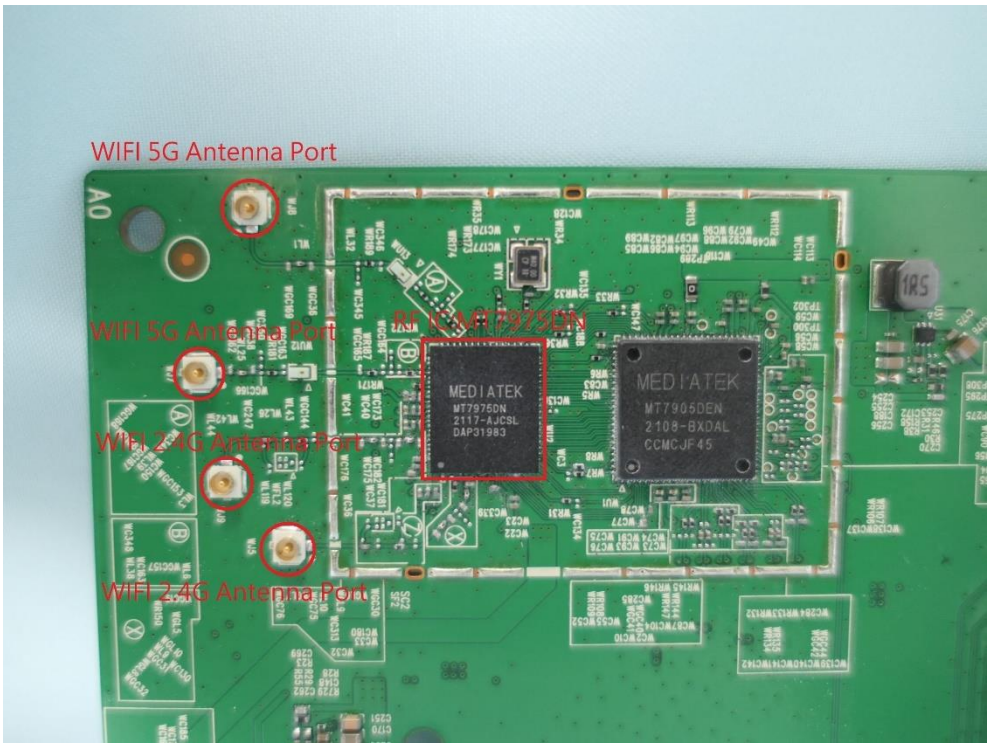
   Array Gain = 0 dB for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$;

2. The EUT also supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11ac/ax, not include 802.11a/b/g/n. BF Directional gain = G_{ANT} + 10 log (N_{ANT}). For beamforming operation, manufacturer automatically backs power down based on a 10log(N) factor based on CDD power.

3. All messages of antenna were declared by manufacturer.

2.5. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port				
Software Control Port	2.4G Port		5G Port	
	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 1



2.6. Test Mode

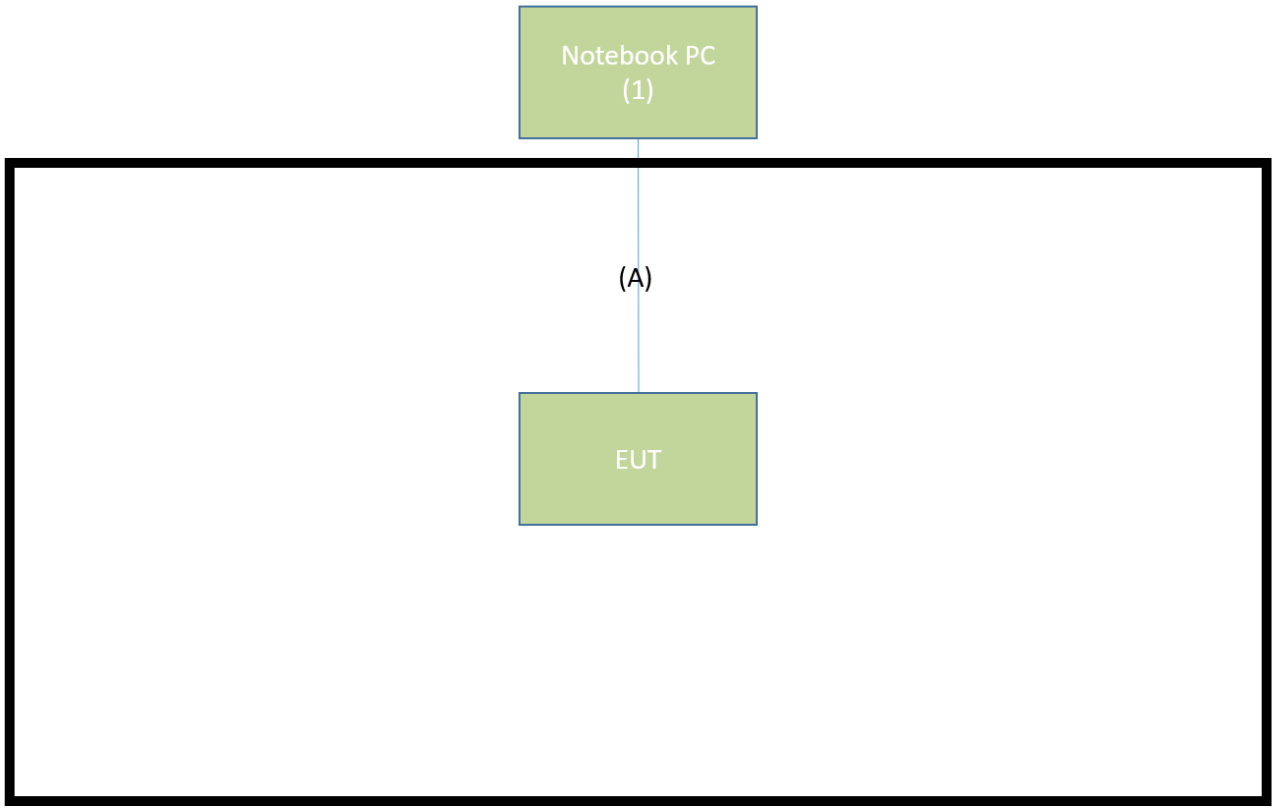
Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11a (6Mbps) (CDD mode)
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT20 (MCS0) (CDD mode)
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT40 (MCS0) (CDD mode)
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT80 (MCS0) (CDD mode)
	Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ax-HE20 (MCS0) (CDD mode)
	Mode 6: Transmit by 802.11ax-HE40 (MCS0) (CDD mode)
	Mode 7: Transmit by 802.11ax-HE80 (MCS0) (CDD mode)

Note: Due to the same modulation between 802.11n and 802.11ac, so 802.11n-HT20 and HT40 are covered by 802.11ac-VHT20 and VHT40 in this report, meanwhile, power level for 802.11n-HT20 and HT40 will not be greater than 802.11ac-VHT20 and VHT40.

2.7. Configuration of Test System

The devicewas tested per the guidance ANSI C63.10: 2013was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

Connection Diagram



Cable Type		Cable Description
A	LAN Cable	Non shielded, > 1.5m

2.8. Test System Details

The types for all equipments, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

Product		Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	Notebook PC	Lenovo	T440	N/A	Non-Shielded, 0.8m

2.9. Description of Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was “MT7915 QA”, the version is ver0.0.2.17.

Note: Final power setting please refer to operational description.

2.10. Applied Standards

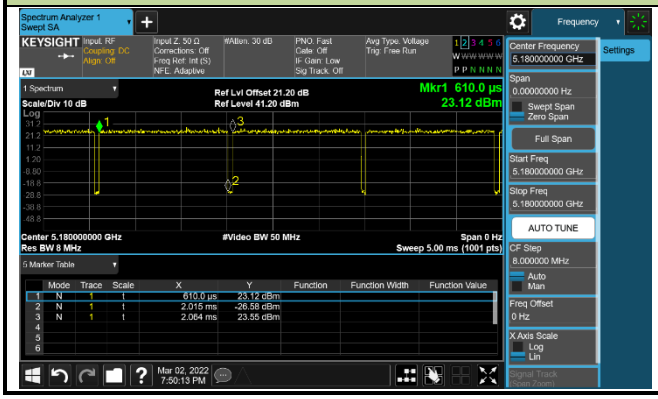
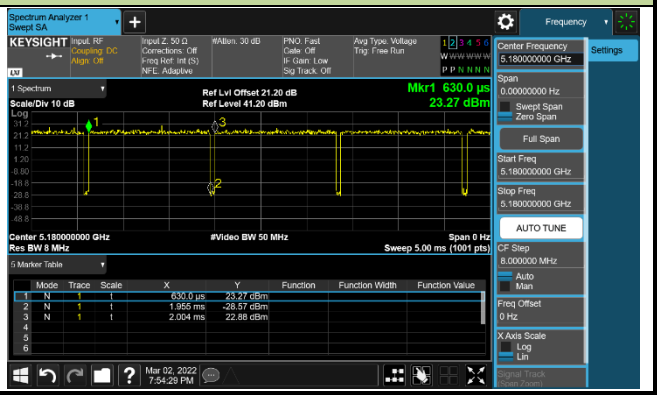
According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

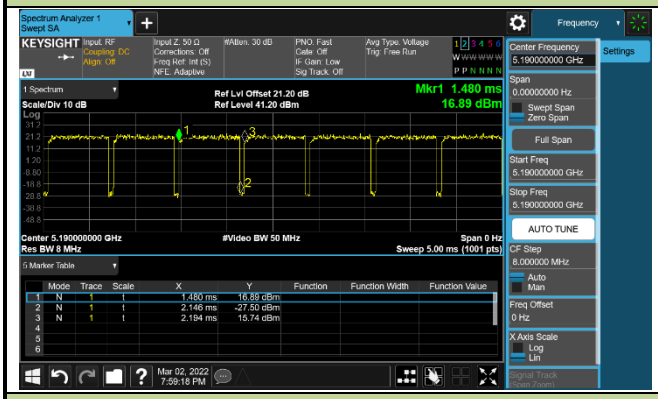
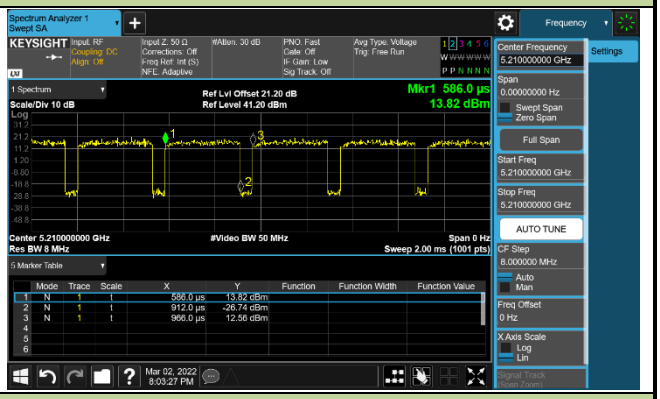
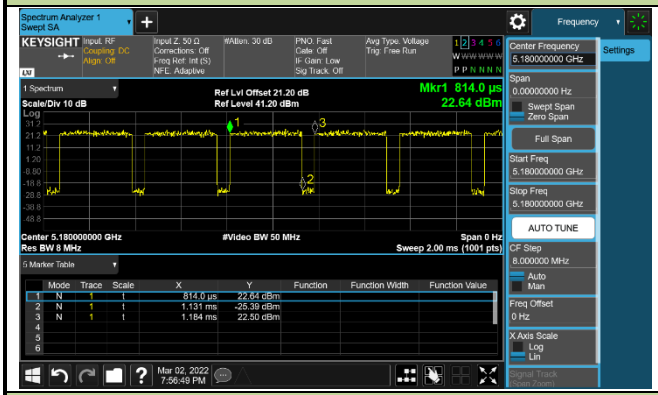
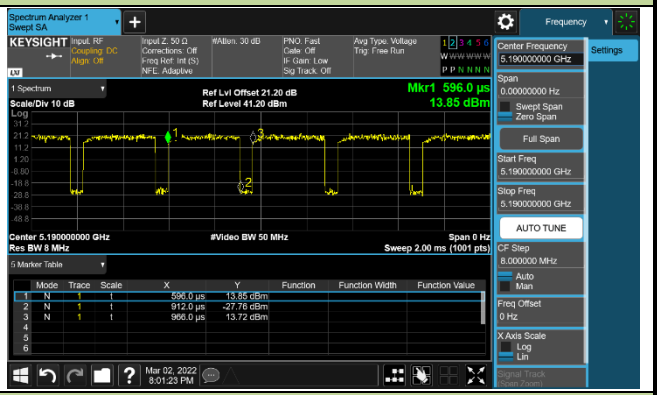
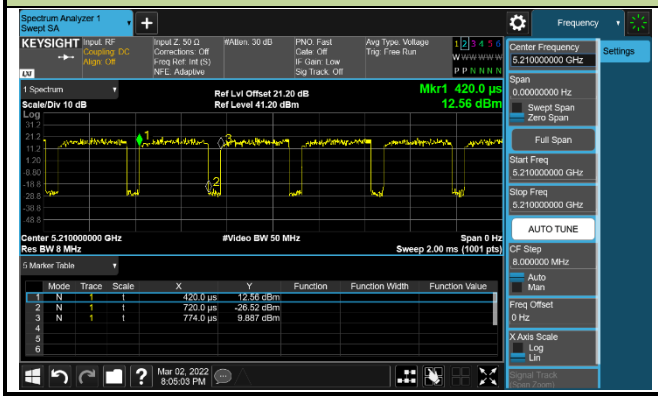
- FCC Part 15.407
- KDB 789033 D02v02r01,
- KDB 662911 D01v02r01
- ANSI C63.10-2013

2.11. Duty Cycle

5GHz (NII) operation is possible in 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11a	96.63%
802.11ac-VHT20	96.43%
802.11ac-VHT40	93.28%
802.11ac-VHT80	85.79%
802.11ax-HE20	85.68%
802.11ax-HE40	85.41%
802.11ax-HE80	84.75%

Duty Cycle	
802.11a	802.11ac-VHT20
	

802.11ac-VHT40	802.11ac-VHT80
	
Duty Cycle	
802.11ax-HE20	802.11ax-HE40
	
802.11ax-HE80	
	

2.12. Test Configuration

The devicewas tested per the guidance of KDB 789033 D02v02r01.ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testingand AC line conducted testing.

2.13. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.14. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphletsupplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the deviceis so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label andlabel location.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard ofProcedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 789033 D02v02r01 were used in themeasurement.

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.
The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.
Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.
An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remotecontrolled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.
For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated tomaximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.
Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by theresponsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antennathat uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with theprovisions of this section.”

- The antenna of the device is **permanently attached.**
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2022/3/23
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00020	1 year	2022/4/28
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00045	1 year	2022/5/25

Radiated Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2022/10/4
Acitve Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2022/5/6
Broadband Hornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2022/4/21
BreitbandHornantenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2022/4/28
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2022/4/21
Broadband Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2022/4/26
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	MRTTWA00007	1 year	2022/3/23
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2022/3/24
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2022/10/18
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTTWA00074	1 year	2022/7/19
Antenna Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00010	1 year	2022/6/15
Temperature/Humidity Meter	TFA	35.1078.10.IT	MRTTWA00032	1 year	2022/6/6

Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
X-Series USB Peak and Average Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00014	1 year	2022/4/21
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2022/10/18
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTTWA00074	1 year	2022/7/19
Attenuator	WTI	218FS-20	MRTTWE00026	1 year	2022/5/29
Attenuator	WTI	218FS-10	MRTTWE00027	1 year	2022/6/16
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	TEN BILLION	TTH-B3UP	MRTTWA00036	1 year	2022/6/14
DIVA PLUS Funk-Wetterstation	TFA	35.1083	MRTTWA00050	1 year	2022/6/3

Software	**Version**	**Function**
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 150kHz~30MHz: ± 2.53dB
Radiated Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: ± 4.25dB 1GHz ~ 40GHz: ± 4.45dB
Conducted Power (Carrier Power / Power Density)
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ± 0.84dB
Conducted Spurious Emission
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):± 2.65 dB
Occupied Bandwidth
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ± 3.3%
Temp. / Humidity
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±0.82°C/ ±3%
Frequency Error
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)): ±78.4Hz

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	N/A	Conducted	Pass	Section7.2
15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	≥ 500kHz		Pass	Section 7.3
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (3)(i)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Refer to section 7.4		Pass	Section 7.4
15.407(h)(1)	Transmit Power Control	≤ 24 dBm		N/A	Section 7.5
15.407(a)(1)(ii), (3)(i), (12)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Refer to section 7.6		Pass	Section 7.6
15.407(b)(1), (4)(i)	Undesirable Emissions	Refer to Section 7.7	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.7 & 7.8
15.205, 15.209 15.407(b)(8), (9), (10)	General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands andRadiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restrictedbands must meet theradiated limits detailed in15.209		Pass	
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.9

Notes:

1) Determining compliance is based on the test results met the regulation limits or requirements declared by clients, and the test results don't take into account the value of measurement uncertainty.
2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part ofthe system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
3) For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst-case emissions.
4) EUT supports one configuration only in 802.11ax full RU mode, i.e. 242 tone in 11ax-HE20, 484 tone in 11ax-HE40, 996 tone in 11ax-HE80.

7.2. 26dB & 99% Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1.Test Limit

N/A

7.2.2.Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01- Section II)C)1) (26dB Bandwidth)

KDB 789033 D02v02r01- Section II)D) (99% Bandwidth)

7.2.3.Test Setting

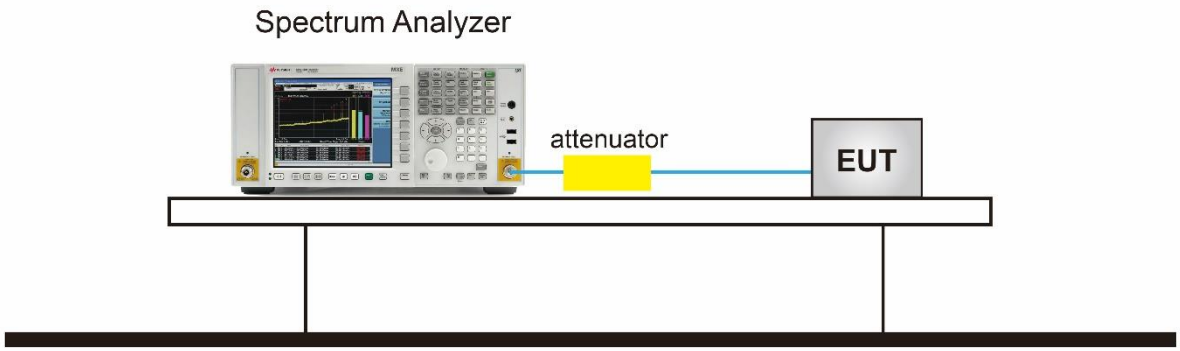
26dB Bandwidth

1. The analyzers' automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 26dB bandwidth
2. RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
3. VBW > RBW
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

99% Bandwidth

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
3. VBW ≥ 3 × RBW
4. Span = 1.5 times to 5 times the OBW
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Allow the trace to stabilize
8. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument.

7.2.4.Test Setup

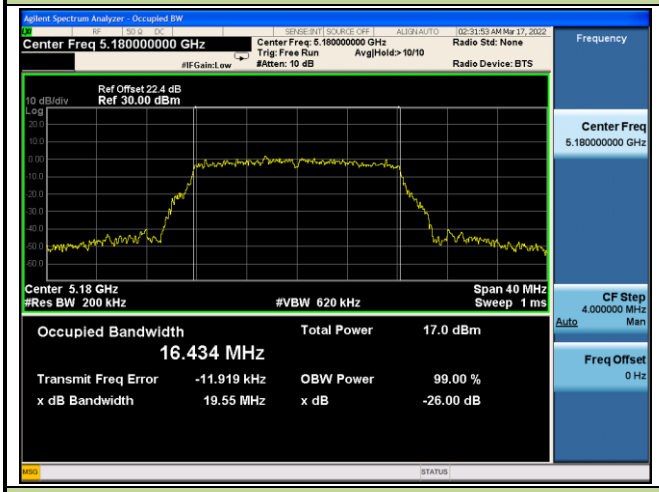
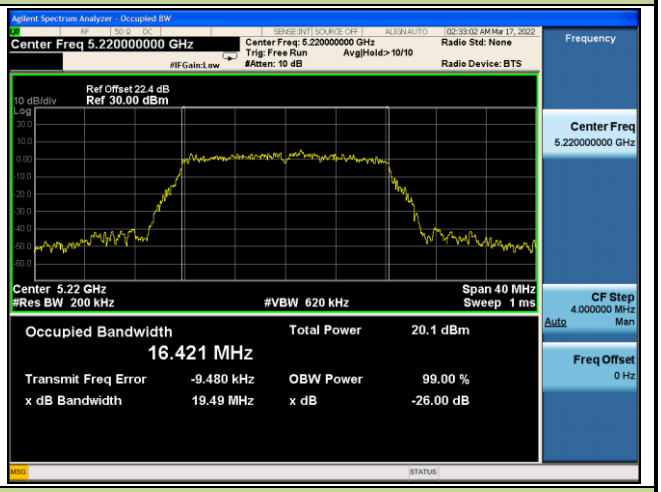
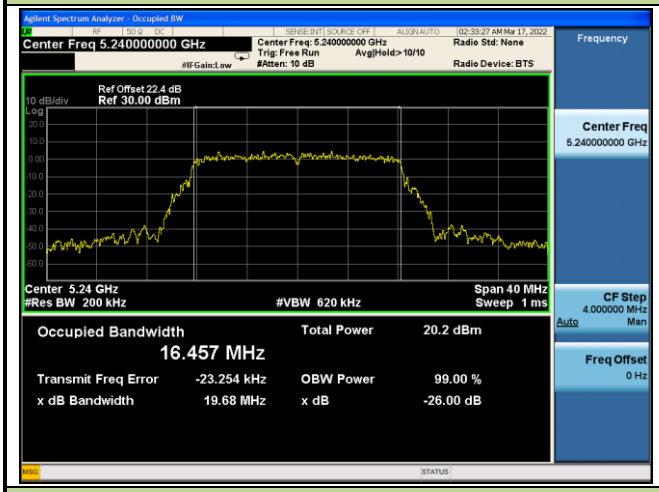
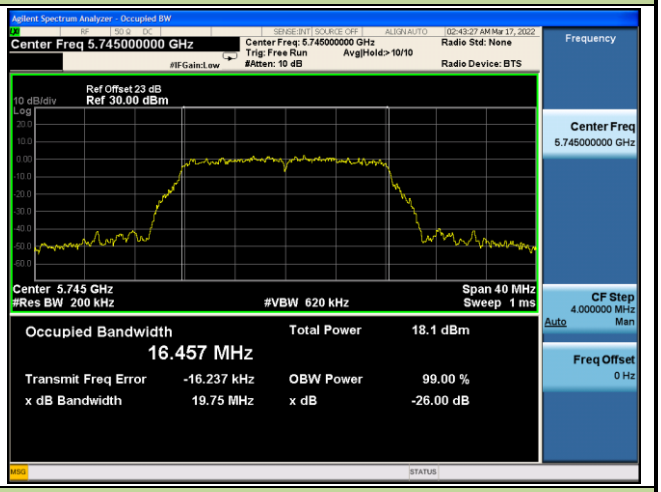
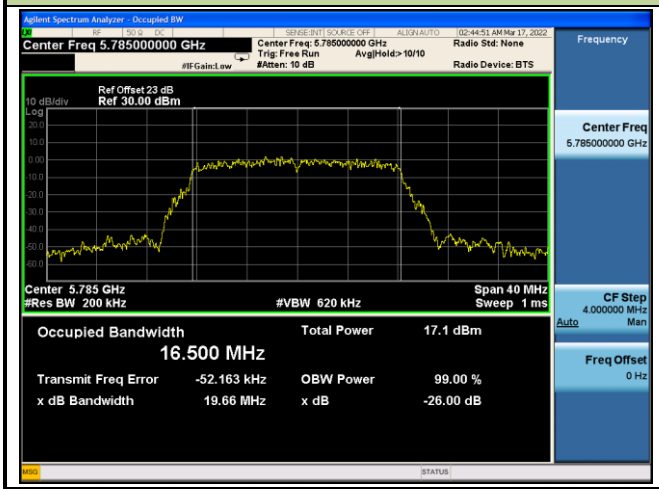


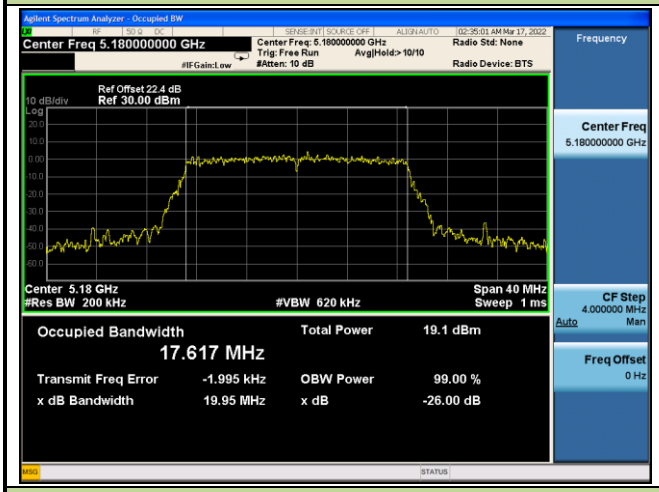
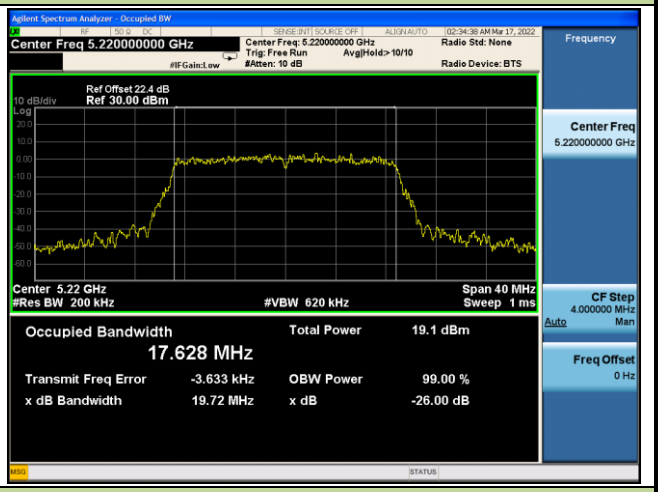
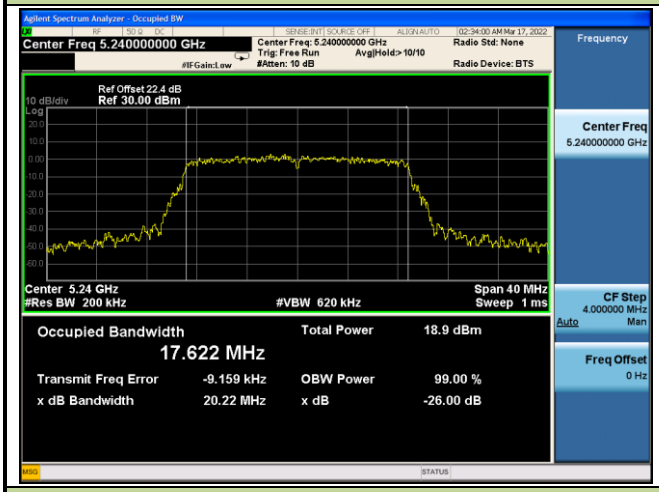
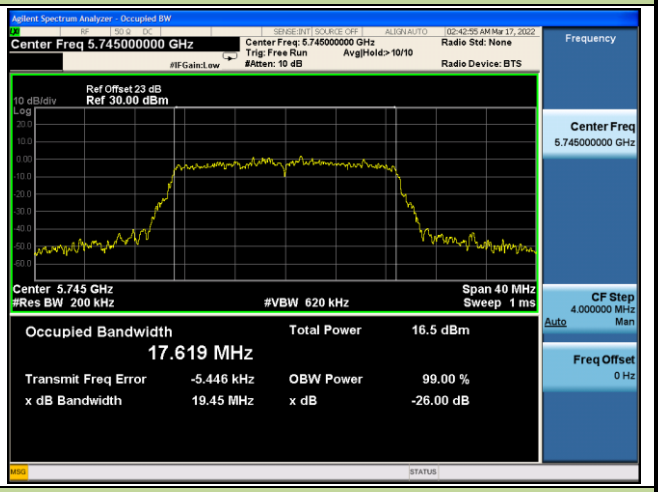
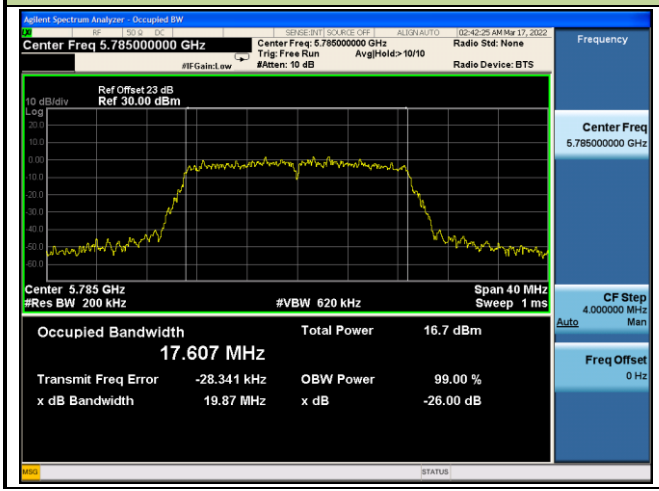
7.2.5.Test Result

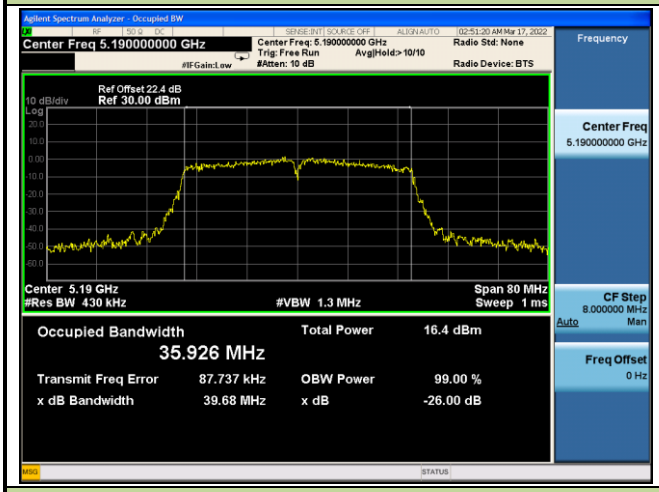
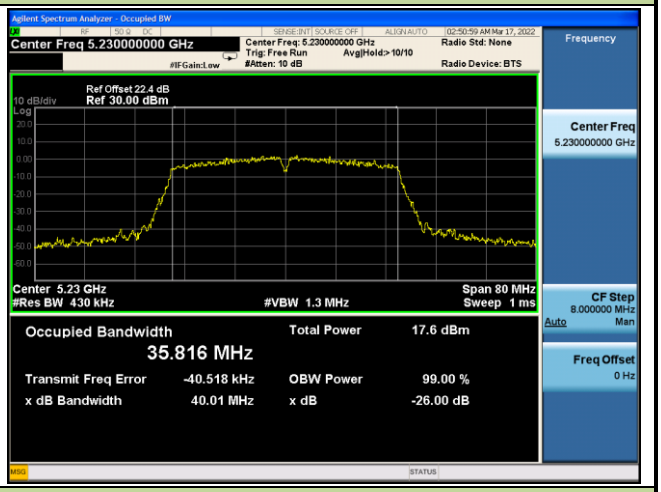
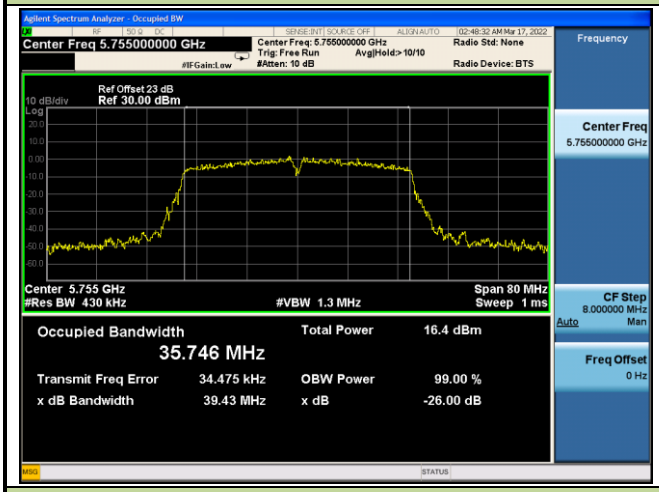
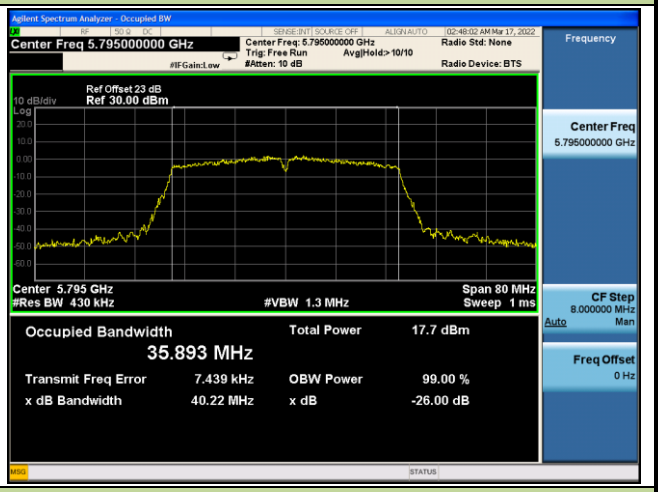
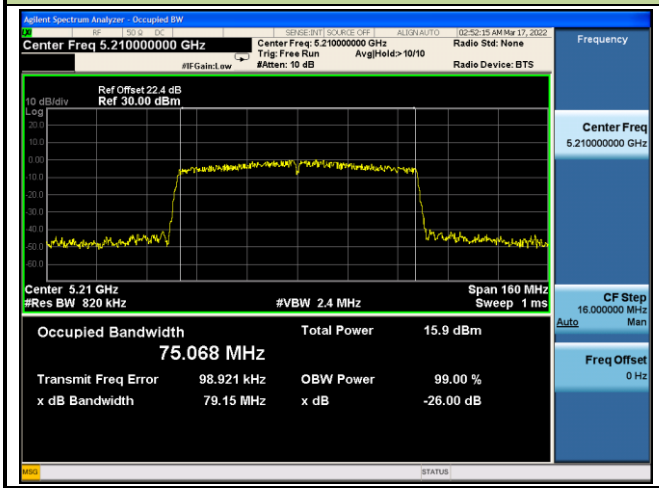
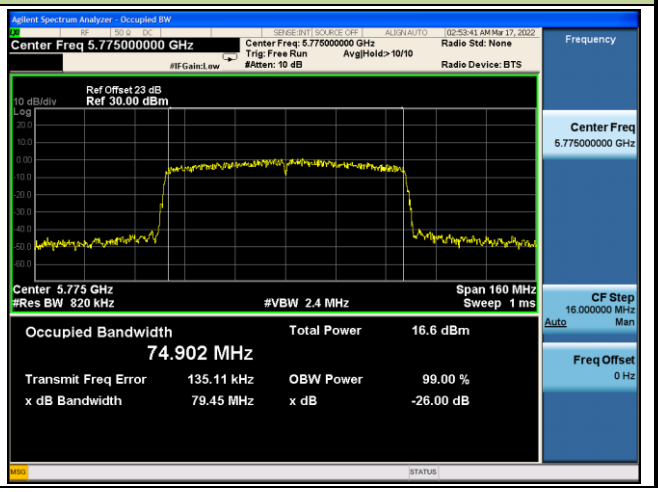
Product	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router	Test Engineer	Eric Lin
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/17

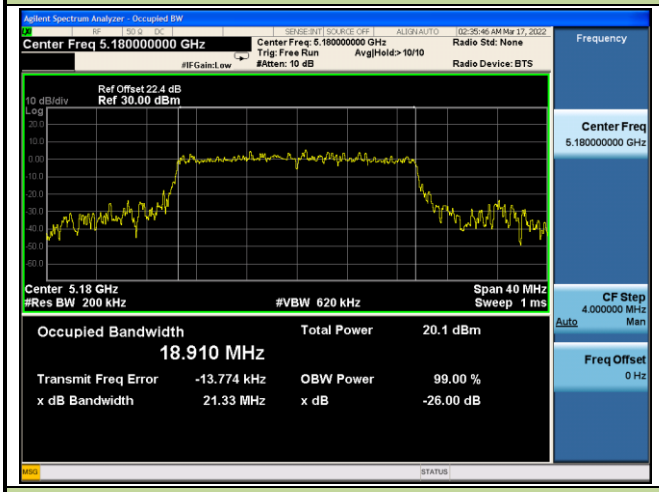
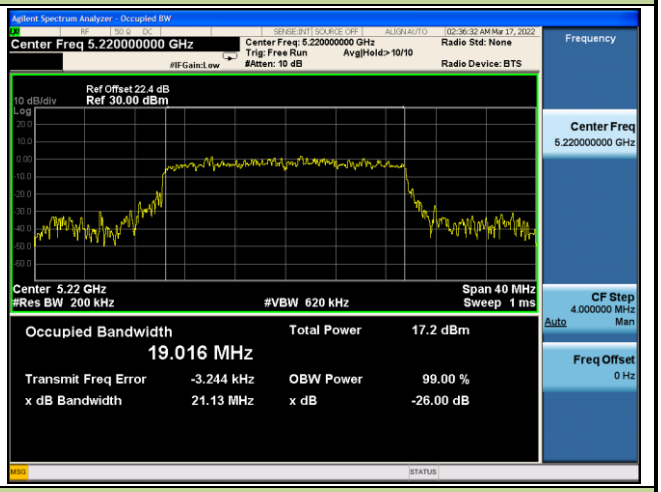
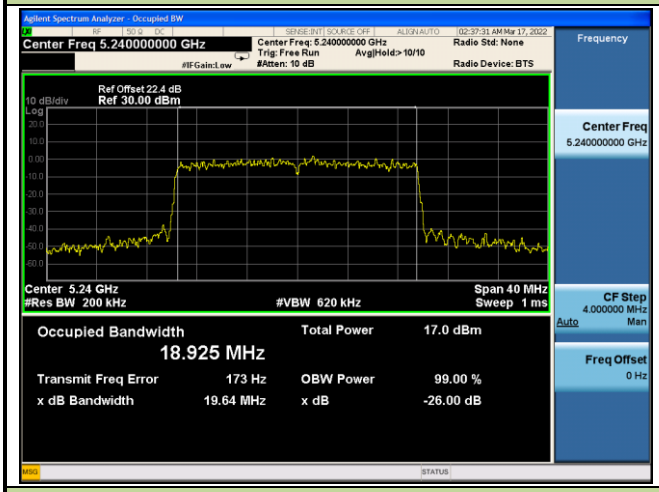
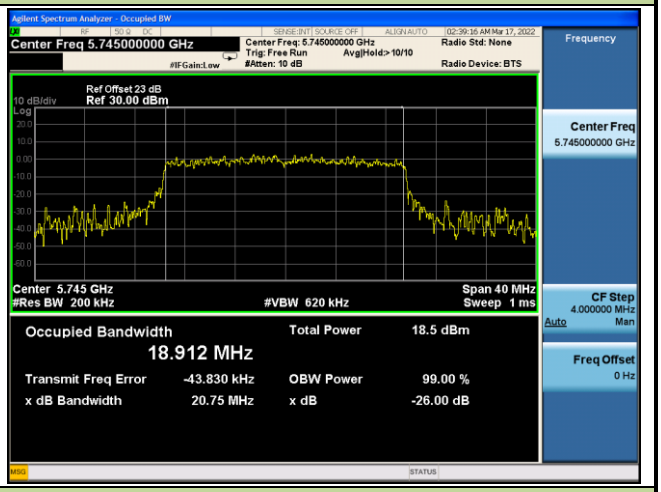
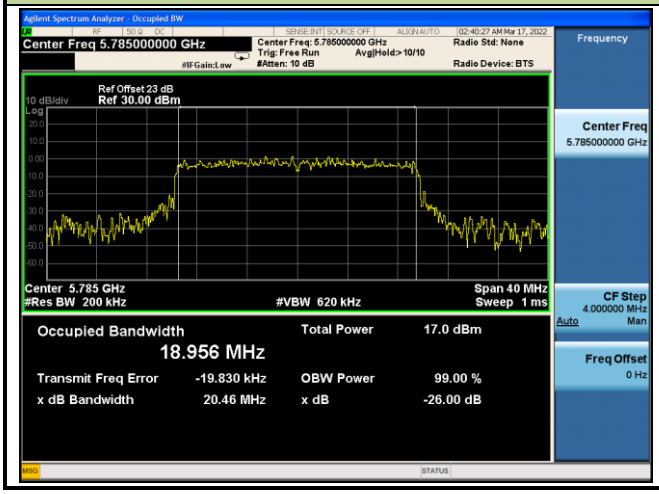
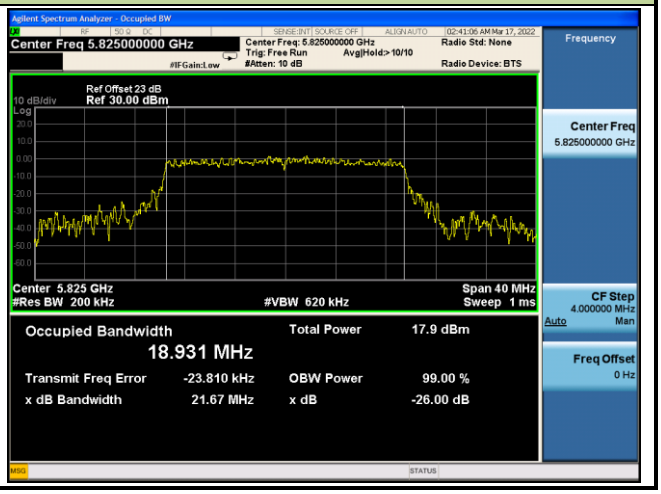
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 0					
802.11a	6Mbps	36	5180	19.550	16.434
802.11a	6Mbps	44	5220	19.490	16.421
802.11a	6Mbps	48	5240	19.680	16.457
802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745	19.750	16.457
802.11a	6Mbps	157	5785	19.660	16.500
802.11a	6Mbps	165	5825	19.370	16.409
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	19.950	17.617
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	44	5220	19.720	17.628
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	20.220	17.622
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	19.450	17.619
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	19.870	17.607
802.11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	19.750	17.645
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	39.680	35.926
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	40.010	35.816
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	39.430	35.746
802.11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	40.220	35.893
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	79.150	75.068
802.11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	79.450	74.902
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	36	5180	21.330	18.910
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	44	5220	21.130	19.016
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	48	5240	19.640	18.925
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	149	5745	20.750	18.912
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	157	5785	20.460	18.956
802.11ax-HE20	MCS0	165	5825	21.670	18.931
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	38	5190	39.980	37.492
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	46	5230	39.220	37.600
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	151	5755	39.510	37.569
802.11ax-HE40	MCS0	159	5795	39.200	37.562

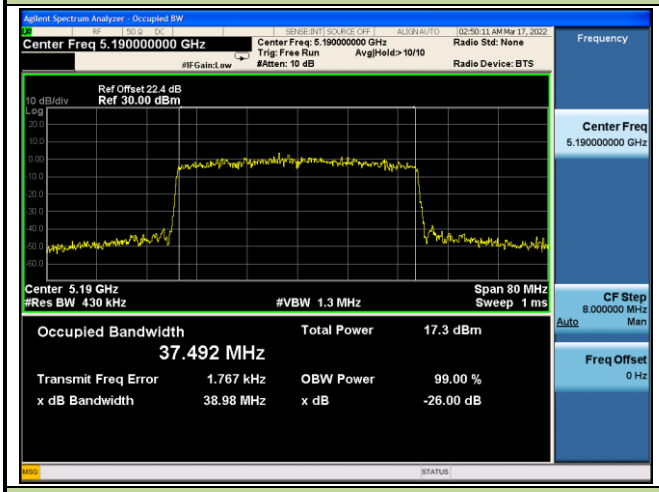
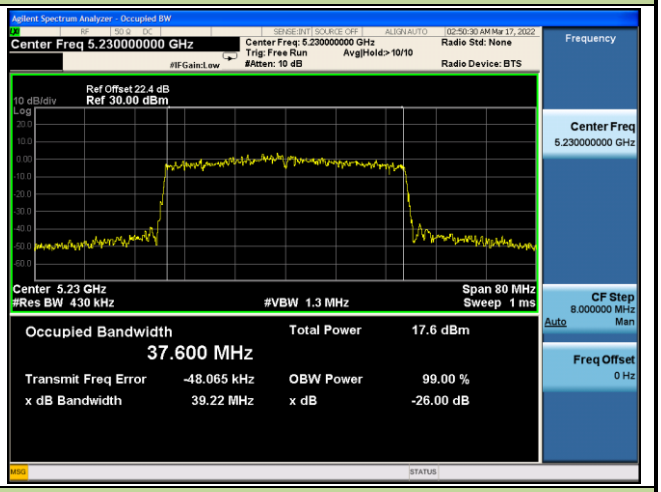
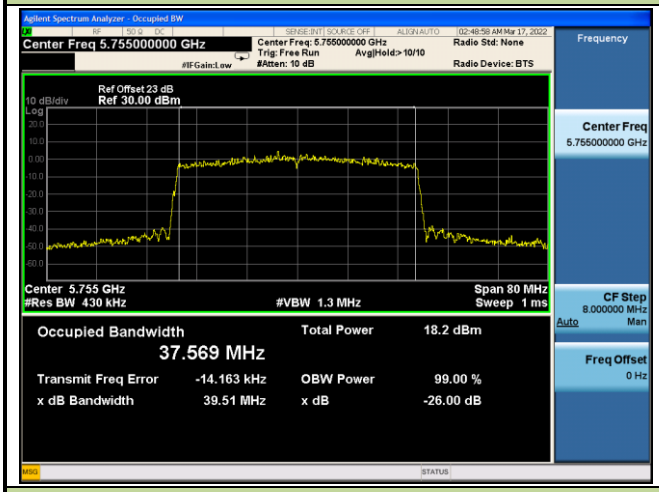
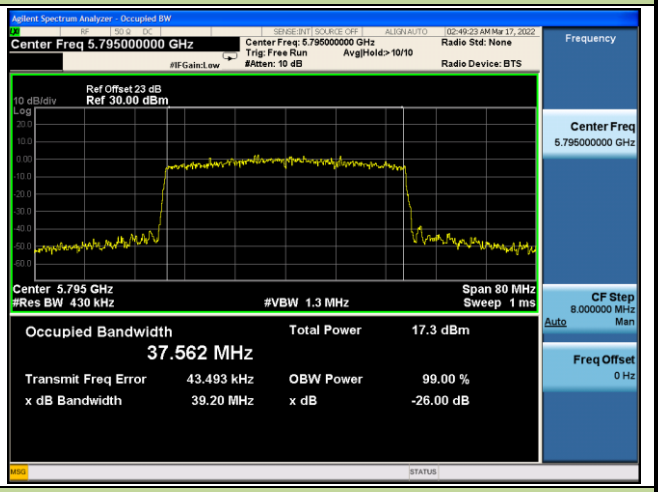
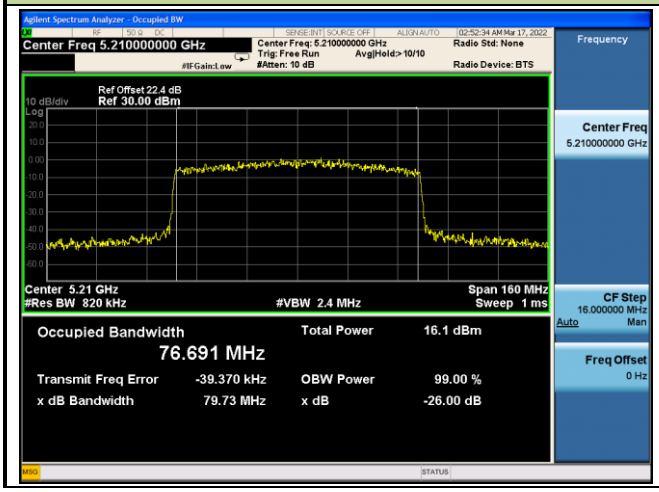
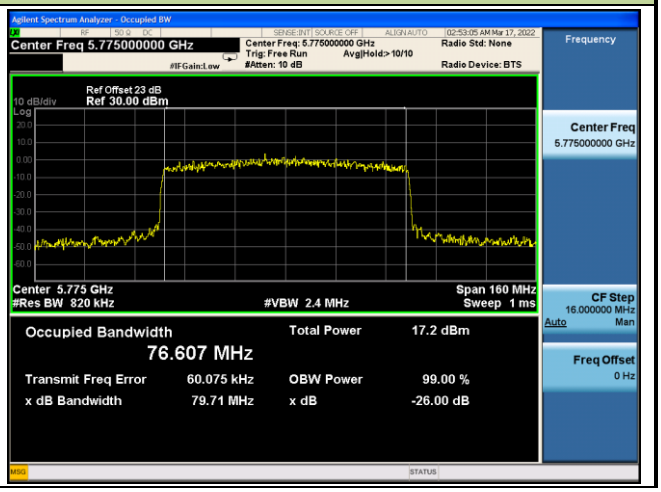
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Ant 0					
802.11ax-HE80	MCS0	42	5210	79.730	76.691
802.11ax-HE80	MCS0	155	5775	79.710	76.607

802.11a 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 36 (5180MHz)	Channel 44 (5220MHz)
	
Channel 48 (5240MHz)	Channel 149 (5745MHz)
	
Channel 157 (5785MHz)	Channel 165 (5825MHz)
	

802.11ac-VHT20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 36 (5180MHz)	Channel 44 (5220MHz)
	
Channel 48 (5240MHz)	Channel 149 (5745MHz)
	
Channel 157 (5785MHz)	Channel 165 (5825MHz)
	

802.11ac-VHT40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 38 (5190MHz)	Channel 46 (5230MHz)
	
Channel 151 (5755MHz)	Channel 159 (5795MHz)
	
802.11ac-VHT80 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 42 (5210MHz)	Channel 155 (5775MHz)
	

802.11ax-HE20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 36 (5180MHz)	Channel 44 (5220MHz)
	
Channel 48 (5240MHz)	Channel 149 (5745MHz)
	
Channel 157 (5785MHz)	Channel 165 (5825MHz)
	

802.11ax-HE40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 38 (5190MHz)	Channel 46 (5230MHz)
	
Channel 151 (5755MHz)	Channel 159 (5795MHz)
	
802.11ax-HE80 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth	
Channel 42 (5210MHz)	Channel 155 (5775MHz)
	

7.3. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.3.1.Test Limit

The minimum 6dBbandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

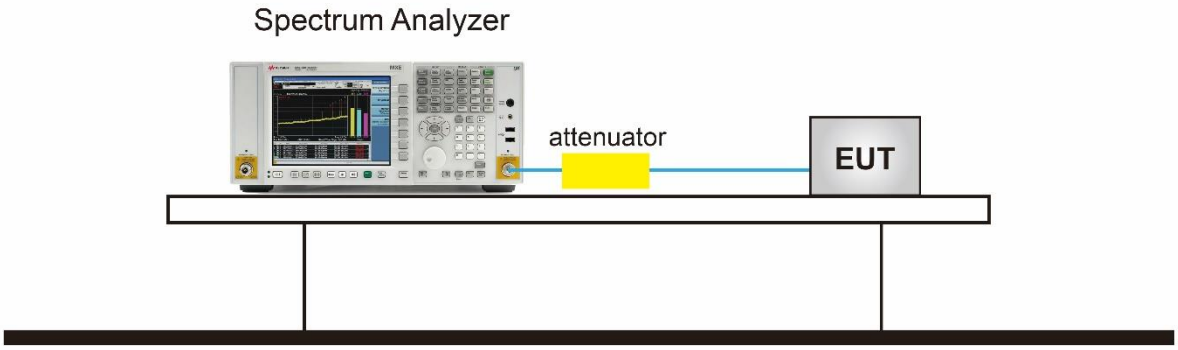
7.3.2.Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01- Section II)C)2)

7.3.3.Test Setting

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. RBW = 100 kHz.
3. VBW 3 × RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
8. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

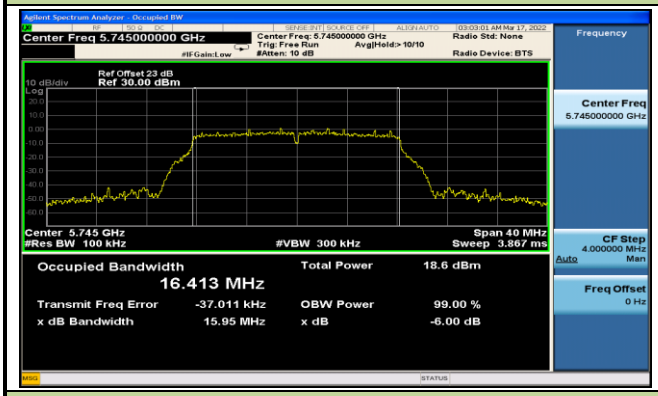
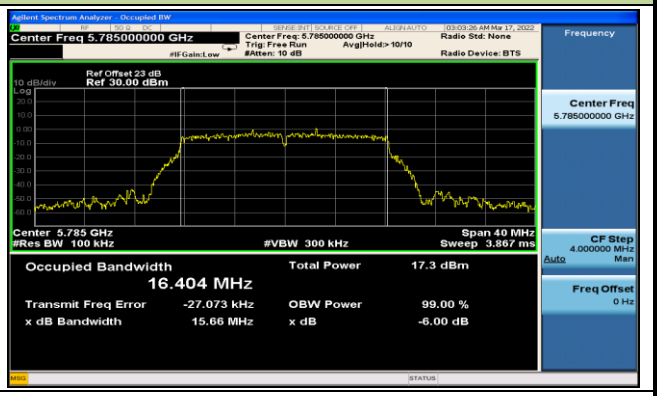
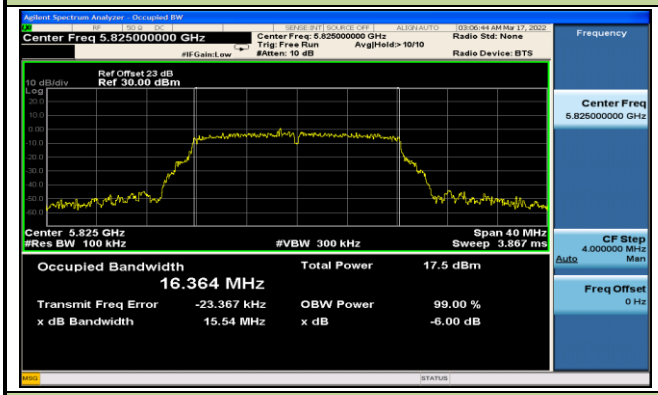
7.3.4.Test Setup

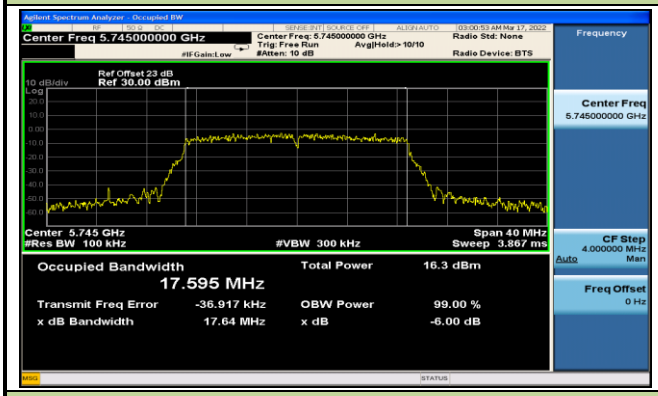
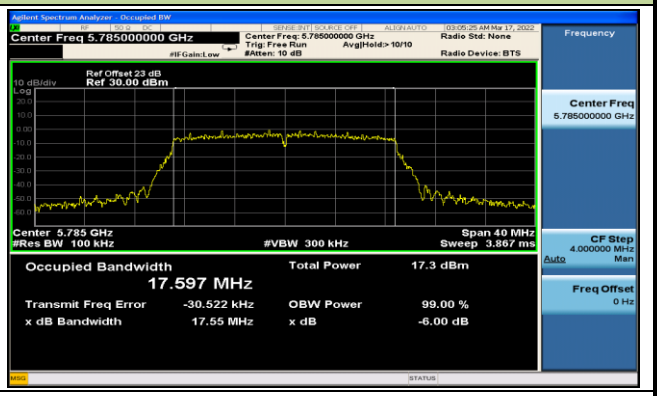
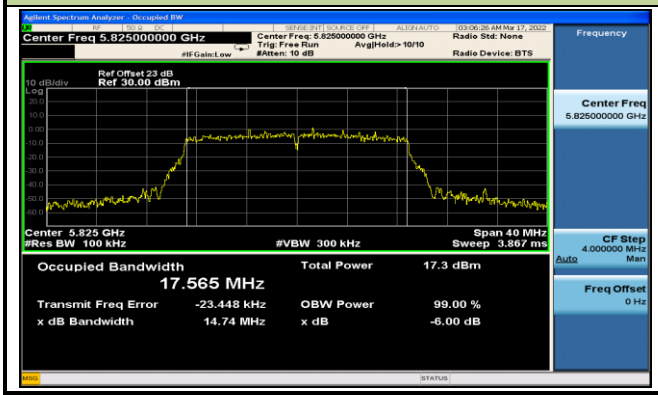


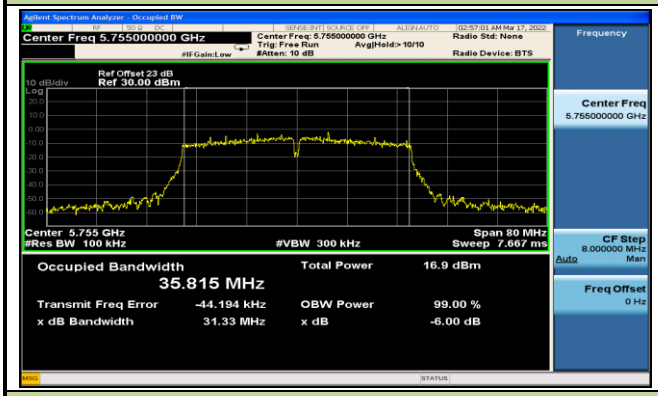
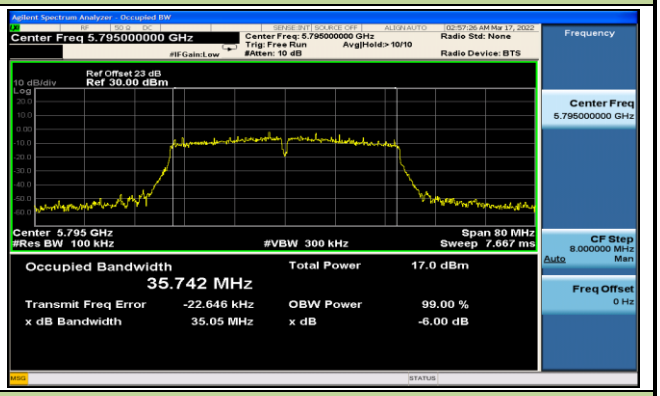
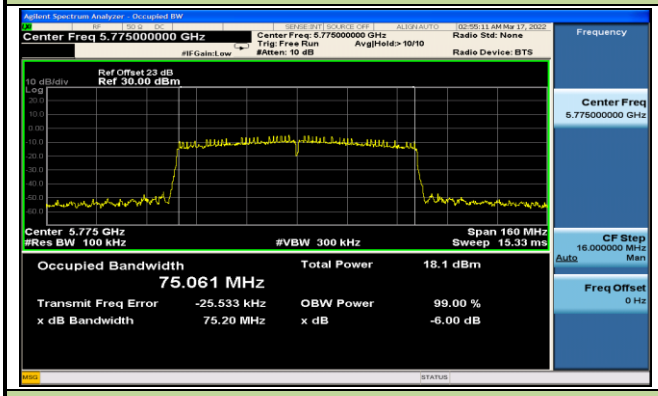
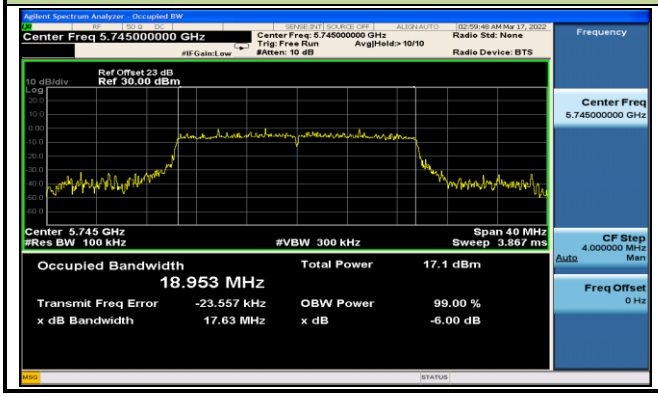
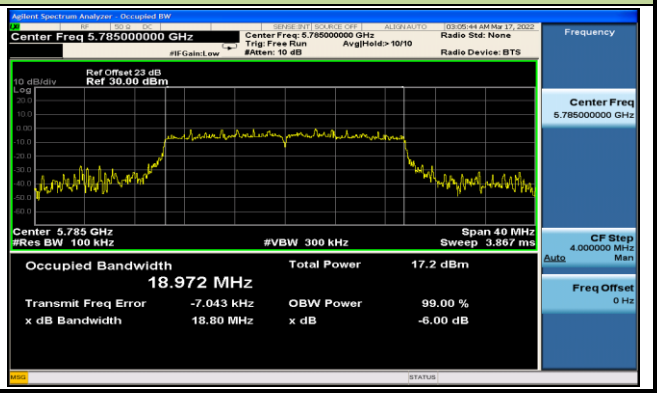
7.3.5.TestResult

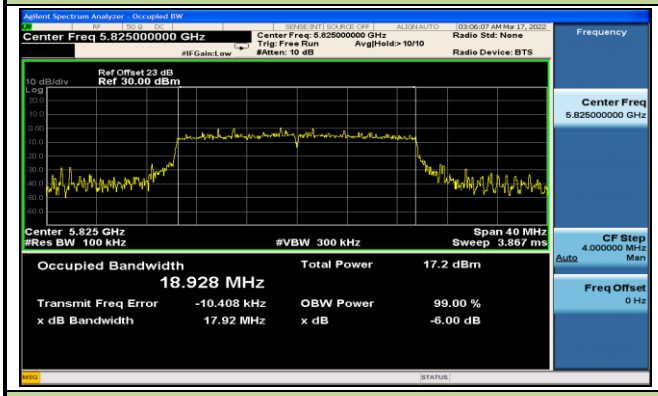
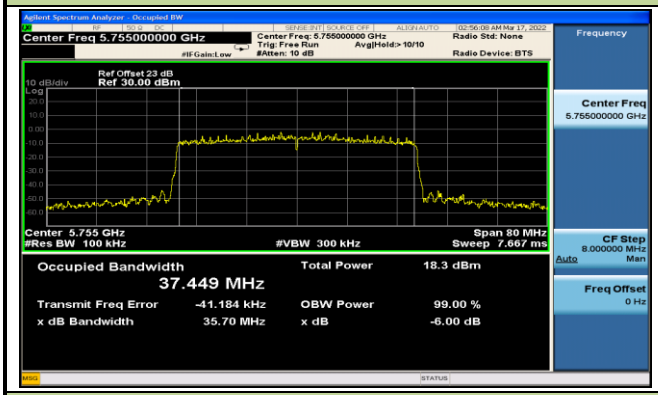
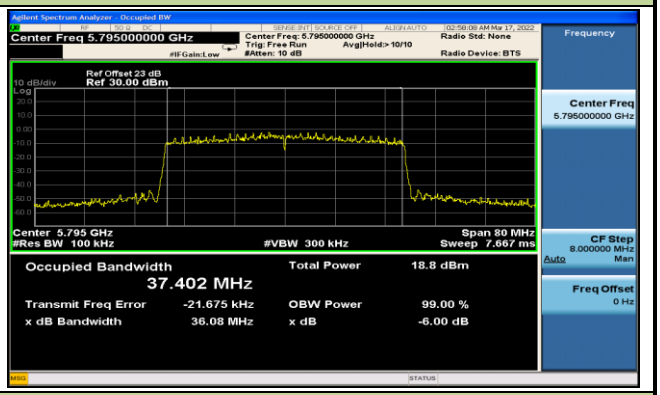
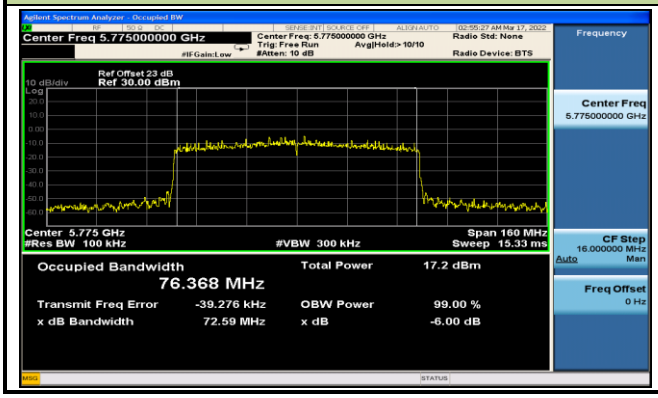
Product	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router	Test Engineer	Eric Lin
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/17

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Ant 0						
802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745	15.950	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	6Mbps	157	5785	15.660	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	6Mbps	165	5825	15.540	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	NSS2MCS0	149	5745	17.640	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	NSS2MCS0	157	5785	17.550	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT20	NSS2MCS0	165	5825	14.740	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT40	NSS2MCS0	151	5755	31.330	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT40	NSS2MCS0	159	5795	35.050	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT80	NSS2MCS0	155	5775	75.200	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	NSS2MCS0	149	5745	17.630	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	NSS2MCS0	157	5785	18.800	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE20	NSS2MCS0	165	5825	17.920	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE40	NSS2MCS0	151	5755	35.700	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE40	NSS2MCS0	159	5795	36.080	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ax-HE80	NSS2MCS0	155	5775	72.590	≥ 0.5	Pass

802.11a 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 149 (5745MHz)	Channel 157 (5785MHz)
	
Channel 165 (5825MHz)	
	

802.11ac-VHT20 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 149 (5745MHz)	Channel 157 (5785MHz)
	
Channel 165 (5825MHz)	
	

802.11ac-VHT40 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 151 (5755MHz)	Channel 159 (5795MHz)
	
802.11ac-VHT80 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 155 (5775MHz)	
	
802.11ax-HE20 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 149 (5745MHz)	Channel 157 (5785MHz)
	

Channel 165 (5825MHz)	
	
802.11ax-HE40 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 151 (5755MHz)	Channel 159 (5795MHz)
	
802.11ax-HE80 6dB Bandwidth	
Channel 155 (5775MHz)	
	

7.4. Output Power Measurement

7.4.1.Test Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conductedoutput power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximumantenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximumconducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of theantenna exceeds 6dBi.

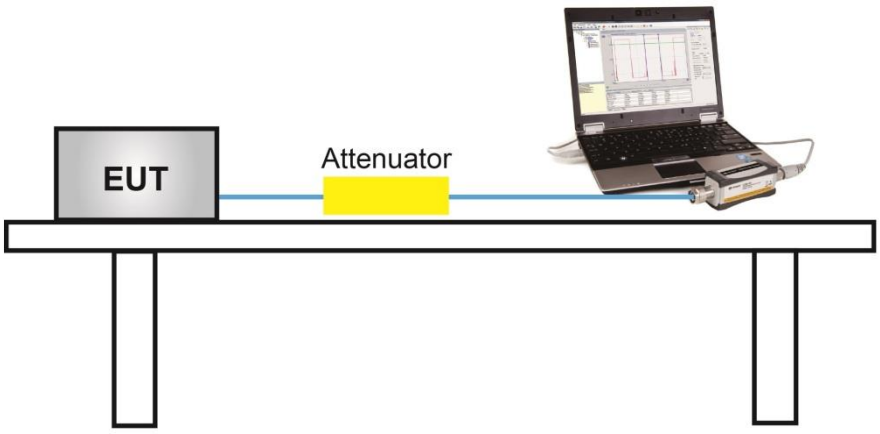
7.4.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033D02v02r01- Section II)E)3)b) Method PM-G

7.4.3.Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter.

7.4.4.Test Setup



7.4.5.Test Result

Product	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router	Test Engineer	Eric Lin
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/16
Test Mode	CDD Mode		

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
11a	6Mbps	36	5180	16.94	17.78	20.39	≤ 30.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	44	5220	20.96	21.17	24.08	≤ 30.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	48	5240	20.99	20.76	23.89	≤ 30.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	149	5745	18.95	18.61	21.79	≤ 30.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	157	5785	19.59	19.13	22.38	≤ 30.00	Pass
11a	6Mbps	165	5825	20.12	19.65	22.90	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	16.51	17.17	19.86	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	40	5220	21.40	21.32	24.37	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	21.46	21.44	24.46	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	19.50	19.34	22.43	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	19.79	19.33	22.58	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	20.49	20.11	23.31	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	15.61	15.90	18.77	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	22.14	22.04	25.10	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	19.49	19.61	22.56	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	20.60	20.25	23.44	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	9.62	10.05	12.85	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	16.00	15.80	18.91	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	36	5180	16.94	17.82	20.41	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	40	5220	20.43	20.80	23.63	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	48	5240	21.07	20.86	23.98	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	149	5745	18.39	17.91	21.17	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	157	5785	18.74	18.40	21.58	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	165	5825	19.96	19.58	22.78	≤ 30.00	Pass

Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	Result
11ax-HE40	MCS0	38	5190	16.09	16.48	19.30	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	46	5230	21.89	21.90	24.91	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	151	5755	20.21	20.02	23.13	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	159	5795	20.07	20.05	23.07	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE80	MCS0	42	5210	8.68	9.40	12.07	≤ 30.00	Pass
11ax-HE80	MCS0	155	5775	17.64	17.50	20.58	≤ 30.00	Pass

Note 1: The Total Average Power (dBm) = $10*\log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power }/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power }/10)}\}$.

Note 2: For 5150 - 5250MHz and 5725 - 5850MHz Bands: Average Power Limit (dBm) = 30 dBm.

7.5. Transmit Power Control

7.5.1.Test Limit

The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm.

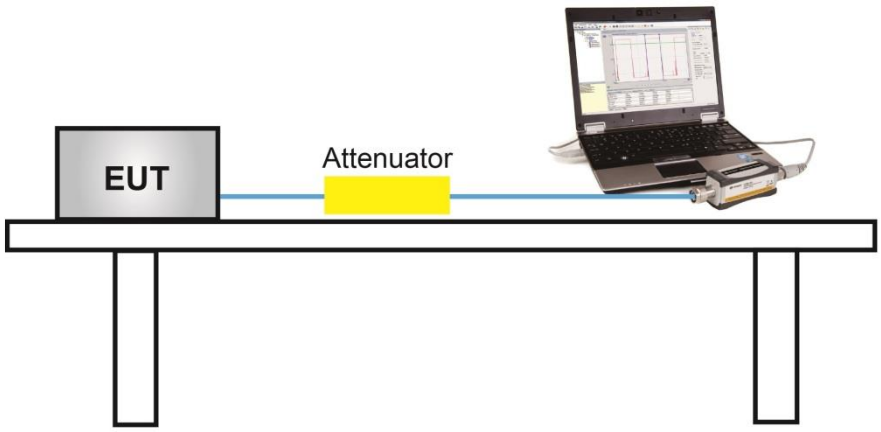
7.5.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v01- Section II)E)3)b) Method PM-G

7.5.3.Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.5.4.Test Setup



7.5.5.Test Result

Device does not support NII-2a/-2c bands, so this item is not applicable.

7.6. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.6.1.Test Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of theantenna exceeds 6dBi.

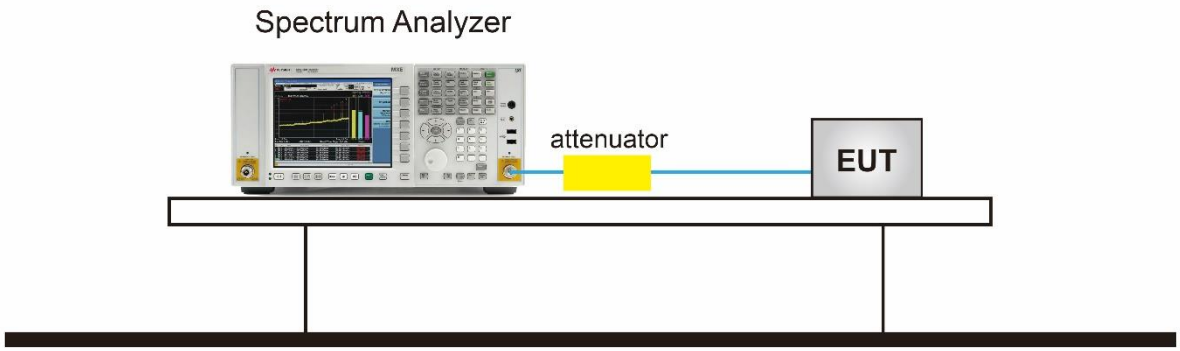
7.6.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01-Section II)F

7.6.3.Test Setting

1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the UNII channel under investigation
2. Span was set to encompass the entire 26dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1MHz, if measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, RBW = 510 kHz
4. VBW = 3MHz
5. Number of sweep points ≥ 2 × (span / RBW)
6. Detector = power averaging (Average)
7. Sweep time = auto
8. Trigger = free run
9. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
10. Add 10*log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10*log(1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.

7.6.4.Test Setup



7.6.5.Test Result

Product	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router	Test Engineer	Eric Lin
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/17
Mode	Power Spectral Density (U-NII- 1) CDD Mode		

Test Mode	Data Rate /MCS	Ch. No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/ MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/MHz)	Result
11a	6Mbps	36	5180	7.013	7.611	96.63%	10.481	≤ 14.52	Pass
11a	6Mbps	44	5220	11.055	10.885	96.63%	14.130	≤ 14.52	Pass
11a	6Mbps	48	5240	10.932	10.939	96.63%	14.095	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	36	5180	5.969	6.521	96.43%	9.422	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	40	5220	10.703	10.579	96.43%	13.810	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	48	5240	10.806	10.987	96.43%	14.066	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	38	5190	3.135	4.414	93.28%	7.134	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	46	5230	10.000	9.851	93.28%	13.239	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	42	5210	-5.292	-5.705	85.79%	-1.818	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	36	5180	6.602	6.539	85.68%	10.252	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	44	5220	10.457	10.476	85.68%	14.148	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	48	5240	10.340	10.576	85.68%	14.141	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	38	5190	3.206	4.002	85.41%	7.317	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	46	5230	9.730	9.490	85.41%	13.307	≤ 14.52	Pass
11ax-HE80	MCS0	42	5210	-5.882	-5.276	85.79%	-1.893	≤ 14.52	Pass

Note 1:When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%,

the total PSD (dBm/MHz) = 10*log {$10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)}$ + $10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}$} (dBm/MHz).

When EUT duty cycle < 98%,

the total PSD (dBm/MHz) = 10*log {$10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)}$ + $10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}$} + 10*log (1/Duty Cycle)(dBm/MHz).

Note 2:

For5150 - 5250MHzBand: PSD Limit (dBm/MHz) = 17 - (8.48 - 6) = 14.52dBm/MHz.

Product	AX1800 Dual-Band WiFi 6 Router	Test Engineer	Eric Lin
Test Site	SR5	Test Date	2022/3/17
Test Item	Power Spectral Density (U-NII-3) CDD Mode		

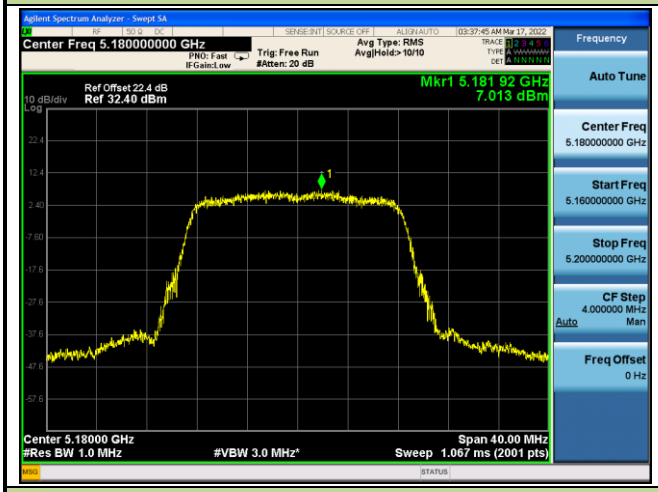
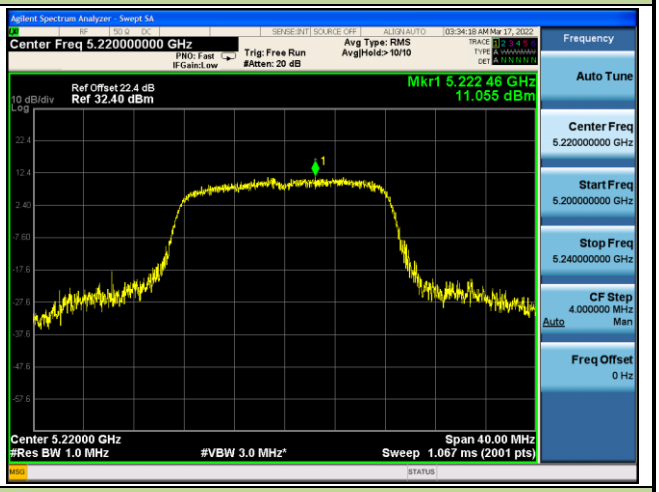
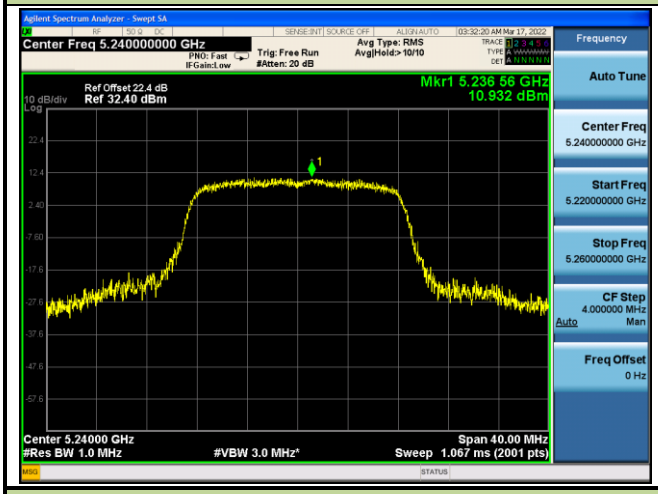
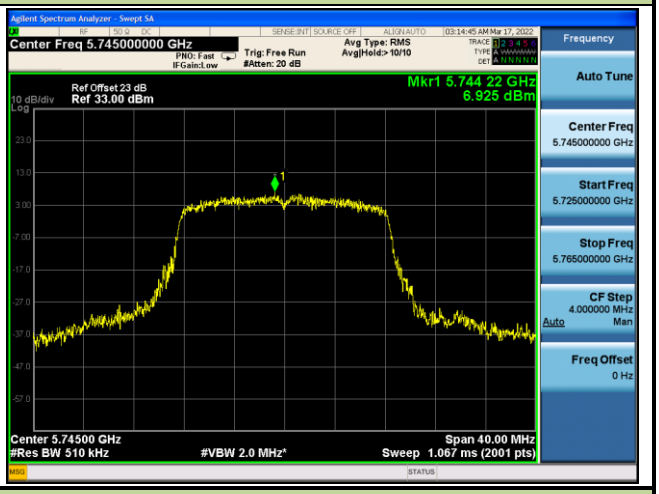
Test Mode	Data Rate/ MCS	Ch. No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm/510KHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm/510KHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD(dBm/ 510kHz)	Limit (dBm/ 500kHz)	Result
11a	6Mbps	149	5745	6.925	6.869	96.63%	10.056	≤ 27.52	Pass
11a	6Mbps	157	5785	6.943	7.662	96.63%	10.477	≤ 27.52	Pass
11a	6Mbps	165	5825	8.539	8.321	96.63%	11.591	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	149	5745	6.611	7.452	96.43%	10.220	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	157	5785	7.875	7.609	96.43%	10.912	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT20	MCS0	165	5825	8.264	8.609	96.43%	11.608	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	151	5755	5.460	6.180	93.28%	9.147	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT40	MCS0	159	5795	5.962	6.260	93.28%	9.426	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ac-VHT80	MCS0	155	5775	-1.866	-1.498	85.79%	1.998	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	149	5745	6.005	6.503	85.68%	9.943	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	157	5785	6.322	7.426	85.68%	10.590	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE20	MCS0	165	5825	8.191	8.222	85.68%	11.888	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	151	5755	5.664	6.693	85.41%	9.904	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE40	MCS0	159	5795	5.359	4.718	85.41%	8.746	≤ 27.52	Pass
11ax-HE80	MCS0	155	5775	0.592	0.730	85.79%	4.337	≤ 27.52	Pass

Note 1: When EUT duty cycle ≥ 98%,

the total PSD (dBm/510kHz) = 10*log {$10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)}$ + $10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}$} (dBm/510kHz).

When EUT duty cycle < 98%, the total PSD (dBm/510kHz) = 10*log {$10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)}$ + $10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}$} (dBm/510kHz) + 10*log (1/Duty Cycle).

Note 2: PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz) = 30 - (8.48 - 6) = 27.52dBm/500kHz.

802.11a Power Spectral Density - Ant 0	
Channel 36 (5180MHz)	Channel 44 (5220MHz)
	
Channel 48 (5240MHz)	Channel 149 (5745MHz)
	
Channel 157 (5785MHz)	Channel 165 (5825MHz)