# Nucomm - FCC Certification Report

# Newscaster VT2 Dual Band (2/7 GHz)

# Digital/Analog ENG/OB Van Transmitter

FCC ID: I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5

Product Model Number: 2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

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101 Bilby Road Hackettstown, NJ 07840

Specifications are subject to change in order to allow for the introduction of design improvements

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**Table 1: Revision History** 

Date	Revision	Changed by	Reason for Change
6/10/06	1.0	George Williamson	Initial version.
11/4/06	1.1	John Odell	Updated to include new data and reference data taken by Retlif for Conducted and Radiated emissions.
3/18/07	1.2	George Williamson	Update FCC label and file references.
3/26/07	1.3	George Williamson	Corrected table 2 nominal and minimal power levels. Corrected figure numbers (7 vs. 8).

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# Nucomm - FCC Certification Report

# ~*NCVT2*~

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

### 1 Applicants full name and address (1)

Full name and mailing address of the manufacturer of the device and the applicant for certification:

Name of Manufacturer/Applicant: Nucomm, Inc.

Address of Manufacturer/Applicant: 101 Bilby Road

Hackettstown, NJ 07840

#### 2 FCC Identifier (2)

Equipment Identification: FCC ID: I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5

#### 3 Installation and operating instructions to be furnished by the user (3)

A copy of the Installation and operating instruction are provided under separate cover with the title of: "Newscaster VT2 ENG/OB Microwave Transmitter"

#### 4 Emission (4), Frequency range (5), & Range of operating power (6)

Values or specific operating power levels, and description of any means provided for variation of operating power.

For the 1990 to 2550 MHz band, the range of operating power is between 1.5 to 12 Watts, with two selectable power output levels called "Low" and "High" and two operational modes called "Digital" and "Analog." For the 6425-7125 MHz band, the range of operating power is between 0.5 to 5 Watts, again with two selectable power output levels called "Low" and "High" and two operational modes called "Digital" and "Analog." The following table (Table 2) outlines the respective power levels.

**Table 2: Analog and Digital Power Levels** 

Mode	Nominal Power	Minimum Power (Watts)		
	(Watts)			

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2 GHz Analog High Power	12.0	10.0
2 GHz Analog Low Power	3.0	2.0
2 GHz Digital High Power	5.0	4.0
2 GHz Digital Low Power	1.25	1.0
7 GHz Analog High Power	5.0	4.0
7 GHz Analog Low Power	1.25	1.0
7 GHz Digital High Power	1.5	1.0
7 GHz Digital Low Power	0.4	.3

#### 5 Maximum power rating as defined in the applicable part(s) of the rules (7)

The maximum power rating of 12 Watts is requested for service in Part 74, Subpart F, Television Auxiliary Broadcast Stations, Section 74.636 under the heading Power Limitations.

#### 6 DC Voltages & Currents (8)

The maximum DC voltage and DC currents into the last two stages of the driver and final amplifier for the maximum output are outlined in the Table 3: Maximum DC voltage and currents and Table 4: Maximum DC voltage and currents for both the Digital and Analog modes of operation the bias conditions on the amplifier are identical therefore only "High" and "Low" power conditions are shown.

#### 1990 MHz to 2550 MHz

**Table 3: Maximum DC voltage and currents** 

Mode	Driver Stages	Final Stage	
High Power	+11V @ 0.72A	+11V @ 4.4A	
Low Power	+11V @ 0.72A	+11V @ 4.4A	

#### 6425 MHz to 7125 MHz

Table 4: Maximum DC voltage and currents

Mode	<b>Driver Stages</b>	Final Stage	
High Power	+11V @ 0.75A	+11V @ 2.5A	
Low Power	+11V @ 0.75A	+11V @ 2.5A	

#### 7 Tune-up procedure over the power range, or at specific operating power levels (9)

The 2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K requires no tune-up over its operating range.

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#### 8 Equipment Identification (11)

The following photograph figure (Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate) shows the FCC label which identifies the FCC ID, Manufactures name, part number, unit serial number and week of manufacture.



Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate

### 9 Photographs (8X10 inch) of the equipment (12).

Supply photographs of the equipment of sufficient clarity to reveal equipment construction and layout, including meters, if any, and labels for controls and meters and sufficient views of the internal construction to define component placement and chassis assembly. Photographs of the equipment, assemblies and sub-assemblies are delivered in separate files for product, internal, external, classified, and control drawer images. Refer to addendum 1 (Radio and test Equipment Photographs) which is contained in a separate file associated with this report (I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5\_Report\_Addendum\_1.doc).

#### 10 Digital modulation techniques (13)

A detailed description of the modulation system to be used, including the response characteristics (frequency, phase and amplitude) of any filters provided, and a description of the modulating wave train, shall be submitted for the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated.

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The transmitter supports 2 forms of digital modulation VSB and COFDM (Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing). The VSB mode supports 2VSB, 4VSB, 8VSB, 8VSB with Trellis and 16VSB. These modes conform to the ATSC document A\53. The COFDM modulation conforms to DVB-T EN 300 744.

11 Data required by §§2.1046 through 2.1057, inclusive, measured in accordance with the procedures set out in §2.1041 (14).

The following table (Table 5: Test Equipment Used) identifies the equipment used to perform testing including the manufacturer, model number, serial number, calibration dates, frequency and thermo ranges. Images of the test equipment and set up are located in Addendum 1 section 1.2 (FCC Test Equipment Images).

**Table 5: Test Equipment Used** 

Manufacturer	Model #	Serial #	Calibration	Ranges				
1. Output Power Tests								
Hp/Agilent	437B	31254U11528	10-19-05 due 10-19-06	Power Meter				
Hp/Agilent	8481A	2349A43226	12/12/05 due 12/12/06	Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 Ghz				
Aeroflex Wienschel	46-30-34	BT6325	1/11/06 due 1/11/07	DC-18 Ghz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator				
2. Occupied Bandwidth	Tests							
Agilent	E4407B	MY45102094	May 05 due May 06	Spectrum Analyzer 9Khz to 26.5 Ghz				
Hp/Agilent	8481A	2349A43226	12/12/05 due 12/12/06	Microwave Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 GHz				
Aeroflex Wienschel	46-30-34	BT6325	1/11/06 due 1/11/07	DC-18 GHz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator				
Narda	4226-20		N/A	20 dB Directional Coupler .5-18 GHz				
3. Frequency Stability T	ests							
Hewlett Packard	5342A	2542A 10570	10/24/05 due 10/24/06	Microwave Frequency Counter ,10 Hz to 18 Ghz				
Tenney	BTL	23867-08.	N/A	Temperature Chamber				
Fluke	54 II	90510039	3/29/05 due 3/29/06	Thermometer -200 C ° to 1372 C °				
4. Video and Audio Mod	lulation Tests	3						
Tektronics	TG700	B011060	8/10/05 due 8/10/06	TV Signal Generator Platform, DC-10 MHz				
Tektronics	VM700A	B021027	2/15/06 due 2/14/07	Video Measurement Set, DC-10 MHz				
Audio Precision	ATS-2	11277	12/19/05 due 12/20/06	Audio Test Set System DC-100Khz				
Hewlett Packard	8496B	3308A71159	N/A	Attenuator/110 dB DC-18 GHz				
Hewlett Packard	8494B	2812A19146	N/A	Attenuator/11 dB DC-18 GHz				

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### 11.1 RF Power Output ( 2.1046)

The transmitter was terminated through a 50 Ohm 30-dB pad. The data was measured on a 436A Hewlett-Packard power meter as shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: RF Power Output test set up

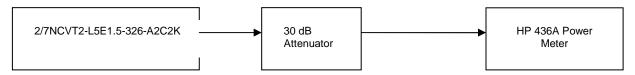


Table 6: Power Output: 1990-2500 MHz (current freqs)

		Analog Mode (Watts)		C	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High	Low	High	Low
1	1999.0	12.30	2.95	4.90	1.20
4	2050.5	12.59	3.02	5.01	1.23
7	2101.5	12.88	3.09	5.13	1.26
9	2475.5	11.48	2.75	4.47	1.12
10	2492.5	10.96	2.69	4.37	1.10

Table 7: Power Output: 2031.5-2500 MHz (BAS relo freqs)

		Analog Mode (Watts)		Digital Mode (Watts)	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High Low		High	Low
1	2031.5	12.59	3.09	5.01	1.26
3	2055.5	12.88	3.09	5.13	1.26
5	2079.5	12.88	3.16	5.13	1.29
7	2103.5	12.88	3.16	5.25	1.32
10	2492.5	11.22	2.69	4.57	1.12

Table 8 Power Output: 6425-7125Mhz (BAS relo freqs)

		Analog Mode (Watts)		Digital Mode (Watts)	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High	Low	High	Low
1	6887.5	5.62	1.32	1.41	0.46

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			Analog Mode (Watts)		l Mode atts)
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High	High Low		Low
4	6962.5	5.50	1.32	1.38	0.45
7	7037.5	5.50	1.32	1.38	0.45
10	7112.5	5.50	1.29	1.38	0.44
14	6512.5	6.31	1.51	1.66	0.51

#### 11.2 Modulation Characteristics (2.1047)

#### 11.2.1 Video Modulation:

Standard test signals were fed into the video input of 2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K Transmitter from the Tektronix 1410 NTSC signal generator. The output of the transmitter was attenuated and then connected to a receiver. The video output of the receiver was connected to a Tektronix VM 700A Video Measurement Test Set. A block diagram of the test setup is shown below (Figure 3: Video and Audio Modulation test setup).

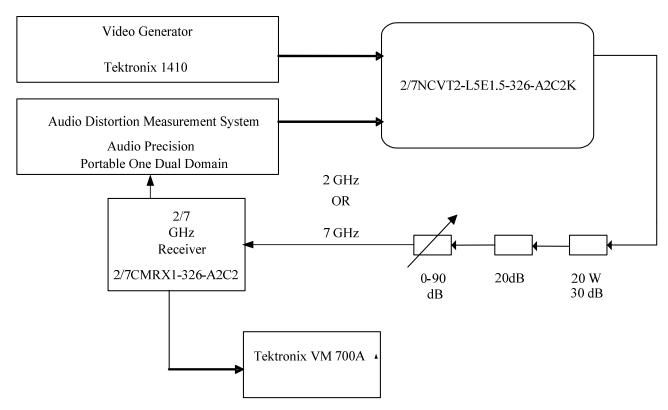


Figure 3: Video and Audio Modulation test setup

Results:

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Since the modulation circuitry is common for all channels and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. The Linearity waveform, as listed in the tables below, demonstrates a substantially linear transfer function through the transmitter and the receiver.

Table 9: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No. Demod Waveform	Fig. No. Diff. Gain	Diff. Gain	Fig. No. Diff. Phase	Diff. Phase (Deg)
2	2101.5	1	2	2.58%	3	3.16

Table 10: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No. Demod Waveform	Fig. No. Diff. Gain	Diff. Gain	Fig. No. Diff. Phase	Diff. Phase (Deg)
2	2031.5	4	5	1.66%	6	3.31

Table 11: 25 MHz channel spacing with +/-4 MHz FM deviation (7 GHz BAND)

Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No. Demod Waveform	Fig. No. Diff. Gain	Diff. Gain	Fig. No. Diff. Phase	Diff. Phase (Deg)
7	7112.5	7	8	0.86%	9	1.53

#### 11.2.2 Video Frequency Response

The frequency is represented by the demodulated multi-burst waveform, as listed and tabulated in the tables below. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each band and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. Measurements were made to a tolerance of  $\pm 1/4$  IRE ( $\pm 0.025$  dB).

Table 12: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

			Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units					
Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No.	0.5	1.25	2	3	3.58	4.1
2	2101.5	10,11	99.98	99.95	99.93	100.04	100.02	99.97

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Table 13: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

		Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units						
Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No.	0.5	1.25	2	3	3.58	4.1
2	2031.5	12,13	99.98	99.96	100.02	99.98	99.79	99.93

Table 14: 25 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation( 7GHz BAND)

			Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units					
Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No.	0.5	1.25	2	3	3.58	4.1
7	7112.5	14,15	99.96	99.89	99.80	99.94	99.94	100.15

The video pre-emphasis circuit is designed in accordance with CCIR recommendation 405-1 (New Delhi, 1970) and has the insertion loss characteristic shown in Figure 7: Video response.

#### 11.2.3 Audio Modulation

The audio frequency response of the 2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K was measured with the setup shown in Figure 3: Video and Audio Modulation test setup. The Audio pre-emphasis curcuit has the insertion loss characteristics as shown in Figure 6: Audio response.

#### Results:

The results are presented in the following table (Table 15: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation). These results were measured and found to be identical for all channels. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each channel and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below.

#### Audio Frequency Response:

Table 15: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
50	.15	0.154
100	.15	0.144%
400	.17	0138%
1000	.12	0.128%
5000	.08	0.152%
10000	-0.31	0.264%
12000	-0.38	0.219%
15000	-0.58	0.277%

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Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
20000	-7.35	03.01%
30000	-60	X

Table 16: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
50	-1.82	0.154
100	-1.83	0.144%
400	-1.94	0.138%
1000	-2.06	0.128%
5000	-2.06	0.152%
10000	-2.06	0.264%
12000	-2.06	0.219%
15000	-2.06	0.277%
20000	-8.75	03.01%
30000	-60	Х

Table 17: 25 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation( 7GHz BAND)

Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
50	0.26	0.16
100	0.27	0.14%
400	0.25	0.14%
1000	0.21	0.12%
5000	0.16	0.11%
10000	-0.14	0.22%
12000	-0.19	0.32%
15000	-5.84	0.40%
20000	-5.22	0.20%
30000	-60	X

See separate e-file named I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5\_Modulation\_Characterics.pdf.

## 11.3 Occupied bandwidth (2.1049)

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The Occupied Bandwidth is defined in Section 2.1049 as the frequency bandwidth, where the mean power radiated below its lower and above its upper frequency limits are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean radiated power. In other words, the Occupied Bandwidth contains 99% of the total mean radiated power.

Color bar signals along with two sub-carriers of 4.83 MHz and 6.2 MHz were used as baseband input. For both analog and digital mode, 2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K was set in the normal operational mode with maximum output power.

The spectrum analyzer parameters for the measurement of Digital Signal Bandwidth were as follows:

Resolution BW 3KHz
Video BW 3KHz
Span 30MHz
Sweep 4.295sec

In the case of Analog Signals, the spectrum changes substantially during the vertical interval and line by line through the picture. The display on the analyzer is the vector sum of these components that fall within the band pass of the analyzer as it sweeps across the band. The accuracy of bandwidth measurement improves if the spectrum analyzer bandwidth is effectively narrow and effectively averaged. Also, several analyzer sweeps should be averaged to allow many TV fields to pass by for effective averaging of the changing sideband components. Taking these points into consideration, the spectrum analyzer was set to a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and swept slowly at the rate of 1 second across a 50 MHz span centered on the channel. The analyzer video bandwidth was set to 100 kHz and 20 averages were taken to effectively average the display. The vertical scale was set to a logarithmic factor of 10 dB per division thus providing a power scale.

The Occupied Bandwidth measurement was done using an Agilent E4407B Spectrum analyzer, which has standard built-in bandwidth calculator. The test set up is shown in Figure 4.

2/7NCVT2-L5E1.5-326-A2C2K 30 dB Attenuator Spectrum Analyzer

Figure 4: Occupied Bandwidth test set up

The table below shows the bandwidth occupied by Analog and Digital Signal for the current 17 MHz channel spacing (Table 18) and the new 12 MHz channel spacing BAS relo frequencies (Table 19).

Table 18: Occupied Bandwidth Figure Reference (17 MHz spacing)

Occupied Bandwidth MHz				Frequency GHz
Figure No.	Digital (COFDM)	Figure No.	Analog (FM)	
1	7.559	5	12.914	1.999
2	7.553	6	13.452	2050.5
3	7.551	7	13.212	2084.5
4	7.555	8	13.479	2492.5

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See separate e-file named I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5 \_Occbw\_17Mhz\_channels.pdf.

Table 19: Occupied Bandwidth figure reference (12 MHz spacing)

Occupied Bandwidth MHz				Frequency GHz
Figure No.	Digital (COFDM)	Figure No.	Analog (FM)	
1	7.559	5	10.313	2031.5
2	7.549	6	10.315	2043.5
3	7.552	7	10.158	2091.5
4	7.555	8	10.334	2103.5

See separate e-file named I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5\_Occbw\_BAS\_relo\_freq.pdf.

Table 20: Occupied Bandwidth figure reference (25 MHz spacing 7GHz Band)

Occupied Bandwidth MHz				Frequency GHz
Figure No.	Digital (COFDM)	Figure No.	Analog (FM)	
1	7.556	6	12.607	6887.5
2	7.554	7	12.805	6962.5
3	7.544	8	13.007	7037.5
4	7.545	9	13.498	7112.5
5	7.547	10	13.027	6512.5

See separate e-file named I4U27VT2-L5-E1P5\_Occbw\_7GHz\_freq.pdf.

11.4 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals (2.1051)

To be provided by Retlif Testing Laboratory.

11.5 Field strength of spurious radiation (2.1053)

To be provided by Retlif Testing Laboratory.

11.6 Frequency stability (2.1055)

The transmitter was installed in a temperature test chamber per Figure 5 below.

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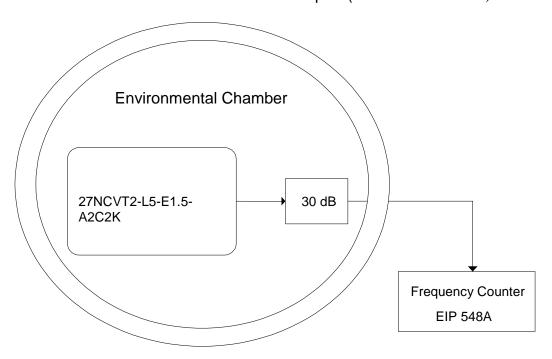


Figure 5: Frequency stability test set-up

The output frequencies were measured at intervals of 10 °C from +60 °C to -30 °C using the HP 5342A Frequency Counter. Table 21: Frequency vs temp: 1990-2055 GHz (current freqs), Table 22: Frequency vs temp 2031.5-2492.5 GHz (BAS freqs) and Table 23: Frequency vs Temp 6512.5-7112.5 GHz (7 GHz freqs) summarize the measured frequency vs. temperature.

Table 21: Frequency vs temp: 1990-2055 GHz (current freqs)

Channel	1	4	7	10
Temp ⁰C		Frequency Hz		
60	1,999,001,053	2,050,501,089	2,101,501,107	2,492,501,283
50	1,999,001,180	2,050,501,200	2,101,501,215	2,492,501,392
40	1,999,001,059	2,050,501,080	2,101,501,105	2,492,501,274
30	1,999,001,045	2,050,501,069	2,101,501,091	2,492,501,259
20	1,999,001,095	2,050,501,120	2,101,501,142	2,492,501,325
10	1,999,001,648	2,050,501,675	2,101,501,965	2,492,501,936
0	1,999,002,358	2,050,502,427	2,101,502,490	2,492,502,937
-10	1,999,002,614	2,050,502,663	2,101,502,698	2,492,503,138
-20	1,999,003,054	2,050,503,092	2,101,503,112	2,492,503,762
-30	1,999,003,354	2,050,503,439	2,101,503,488	2,492,504,149

Max Dev.	3354	3439	3488	4149	
Max Dev. %	0.000167%	0.000167%	0.000166%	0.000167%	

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The maximum observed deviation was 4149 Hz, with carrier on Ch10.

Table 22: Frequency vs temp 2031.5-2492.5 GHz (BAS freqs)

Channel	1	3	5	7	
Temp °C		Frequency Hz			
60	2031,501,054	2055,501,037	2079,501,036	2103,501,031	
50	2031,501,193	2055,501,205	2079,501,224	2103,501,247	
40	2031,501,109	2055,501,110	2079,501,110	2103,501,113	
30	2031,501,053	2055,501,063	2079,501,072	2103,501,081	
20	2031,501,102	2055,501,111	2079,501,120	2103,501,126	
10	2031,501,103	2055,501,735	2079,501,764	2103,501,826	
0	2031,502,190	2055,502,175	2079,502,180	2103,502,185	
-10	2031,502,824	2055,502,864	2079,502,896	2103,502,935	
-20	2031,503,200	2055,493,430	2079,503,464	2103,503,496	
-30	2031,503,396	2055,503,475	2079,503,503	2103,503,526	

Max Dev.	3,396	3,475	3,503	3,526	
% Max Dev.	0.000167%	0.000169%	0.000168%	0.000168%	

The maximum observed deviation was 3,526 Hz, with carrier on Ch 7.

Table 23: Frequency vs Temp 6512.5-7112.5 GHz (7 GHz freqs)

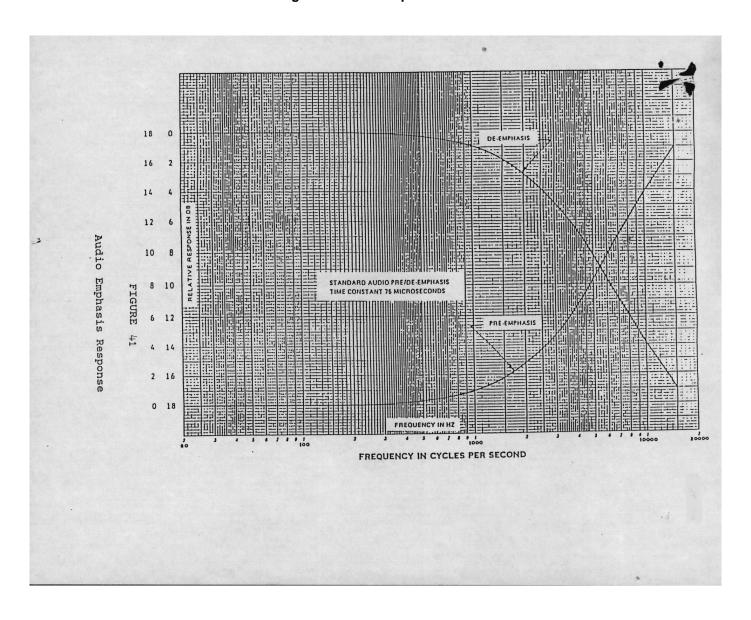
Channel	1	4	7	10	14
Temp °C		Frequency Hz			
60	6887,502,915	6962,502,901	7037,503,017	7112,503,058	6512,502,845
50	6887,503,692	6962,503,729	7037,503,752	7112,503,767	6512,503,430
40	6887,503,157	6962,503,195	7037,503,236	7112,503,276	6512,503,007
30	6887,503,126	6962,503,157	7037,503,208	7112,503,237	6512,502,987
20	6887,503,330	6962,503,383	7037,503,440	7112,503,483	6512,503,229
10	6887,504,850	6962,504,838	7037,504,821	7112,504,812	6512,504,338
0	6887,507,174	6962,507,316	7037,507,488	7112,507,622	6512,507,074
-10	6887,509,066	6962,509,139	7037,509,190	7112,509228	6512,508,281
-20	6887,510,124	6962,510,233	7037,509,406	7112,510,478	6512,509,402
-30	6887,511,293	6962,511,405	7037,511,538	7112,511,650	6512,510,671

Max Dev.	11,293	11,405	11,538	11,650	10,671
% Max Dev.	0.000164%	0.000164%	0.000164%	0.000164%	0.000164%

The maximum observed deviation was 11,650 Hz, with carrier on Ch 10.

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Figure 6: Audio response



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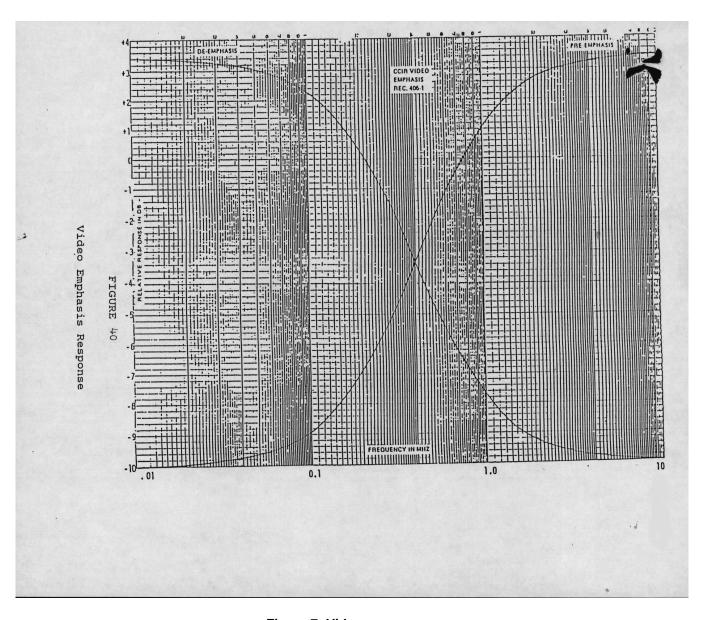


Figure 7: Video response

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