

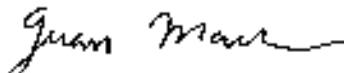
***Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report  
In Accordance With Industry Canada  
Radio Standards Specification 133 &  
FCC Part 24 Subpart E  
on the  
PCS Amplifier  
Model: DPA4040G***

APPLICANT: REMEC  
350 West Java Drive  
Sunnyvale, CA 94089

TEST SITE: Elliott Laboratories, Inc.  
684 W. Maude Ave  
Sunnyvale, CA 94086

REPORT DATE: February 03, 2003

FINAL TEST DATE: January 30, 2003

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:   
\_\_\_\_\_  
Sr. EMC Engineer

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## **FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION**

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part 2, Subpart J, Section 2.1033(C) & to Industry Canada RSP-100.

**2.1033(c)(1) Applicant:** REMEC  
350 West Java Drive  
Sunnyvale, CA 94089

**2.1033(c)(2) & RSP-100 (4) FCC ID: I20DPA4040G**

**2.1033(c)(3) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Instructions/Installation Manual**

Please refer to Exhibit 7: User Manual, Theory of Operation

**2.1033(c)(4) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(iii)) Type of emissions**

248KGXW

**2.1033(c)(5) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Frequency Range**

Forward: 1930.3 – 1989.8 MHz

**2.1033(c)(6) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Range of Operation Power**

Forward: 89.1 Watts (49.5dBm)

**2.1033(c)(7) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Maximum FCC & IC Allowed Power Level**

24.232(a) & RSS-133 (6.2): In no case may the peak output power of a base station transmitter exceed 100 watts.

24.235(b) & RSS-133 (6.2): Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts E.I.R.P. peak power and the equipment must employ means to limit the power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

**2.1033(c)(8) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Applied voltage and currents into the final transistor elements**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(9) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Tune-up Procedure**

There are no user tunable components in the design so no Tune-up procedure is required.

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP 100 (7.2(a)) Schematic Diagram of the Transmitter**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Frequency Stabilization**

Not applicable EUT is an amplifier

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Suppression of Spurious radiation**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Modulation**

For more information please refer to Exhibit 7: Theory of Operation

**2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Power**

Refer to Exhibit 6. The schematic diagram

**2.1033(c)(11) & RSP-100 (7.2(g)) Photographs or Drawing of the Equipment Identification Plate or Label**

Refer to Exhibit 4

**2.1033(c)(12) & RSP-100 (7.2(c)) Photographs of equipment**

Refer to Exhibit 5

**2.1033(c)(13) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Equipment Employing Digital Modulation**

The PCS amplifier does not produce the GSM internally. The PCS amplifier will only provide amplification for the transmission of the GSM modulation.

**2.1033(c)(14) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(ii)) Data taken per Section 2.1046 to 2.1057 and RSS-133 issue 2, Rev. 1.**

Refer to Exhibit 2

## **SCOPE**

FCC Part 24 Subpart E & IC RSS-133 testing was performed for the equipment mentioned in this report. The equipment was tested in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 2.1046 to 2.1057 of the FCC Rules & in IC RCC-133. TIA-603 was also used as a test procedure guideline to perform some of the required tests.

The intentional radiator above was tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant FCC & RSS performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

## **OBJECTIVE**

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the FCC Rules part 24 Subpart E & IC RSS-133. Certification of these devices is required as a prerequisite to marketing as defined in Section 2.1033 & RSP-100.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and submits the test data and technical information to FCC & Industry Canada. FCC & Industry Canada issues a grant of equipment authorization and a certification number upon successful completion of their review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product that may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

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## **EMISSION TEST RESULTS**

### **Section 2.1046: RF Power Output** **RSS-133 (6.2): RF Power Output**

The RF Power Output was tested to Section 24.213(a) & (b) and RSS-133 (6.2)

The following modulations were tested: GSM

Procedure used: **B**

Result: Maximum Forward Power is 49.5dBm

Refer to Setup Photo# 1 in Exhibit 3 and the test data in Exhibit 2: Test Measurement Data for full details.

### **SECTION 2.1047: MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **Section 2.1047 (d) Other types of equipment.**

Other types of modulations were tested to Section 24.238 (b).

The following modulations were tested: GSM

Procedure used: **H & C**

Result: 248 kHz for the output.

Refer to Setup Photo# 1 in Exhibit 3 and the test data in Exhibit 2: Test Measurement Data for full details.

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**SECTION 2.1049: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH**  
**RSS-133 (5.6): Definition of Bandwidth**

The Occupied Bandwidth was tested to Section 24.238 (b) and RSS-133 (5.6).

The following modulations were tested: GSM

Procedure used: **D & C**

Result: 248 kHz Wide

Refer to Setup Photo# 1 in Exhibit 3 and the test data in Exhibit 2: Test Measurement Data for full details.

**SECTION 2.1051: SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL.**  
**RSS-133 (6.3): Unwanted Emission**

The Spurious Emission at the Antenna terminal was tested to Section 24.232(a)(b) & (c) and RSS-133 (6.3)

The following modulations were tested: GSM

Procedure used: **I & J**

Result: The worst-case measured Bandedge value is -13.19 dBm. The worst-case measured value for the Out-of-Band is **-1.94dBm**.

**Note: An external filter will be placed at the output of the amplifier to attenuate the second harmonic. Specifications on what the attenuation of the filter must be will be provided.**

Refer to Setup Photo# 1 in Exhibit 3 and the test data in Exhibit 2: Test Measurement Data for full details.

**SECTION 2.1053: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION.**  
**RSS-133 (6.3): FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION.**

The Field Strength was tested to Section FCC 24.238(a) and RSS-133 (6.3)

Procedure used: **N**

Result: - 4.4dBm @ 5799 MHz

Refer to Setup Photo# 2 in Exhibit 3 and the test data in Exhibit 2: Test Measurement Data for full details.

**SECTION 2.1055: FREQUENCY STABILITY**  
**RSS-133 (7): FREQUENCY STABILITY**

Not applicable EUT is an amplifier



## **TEST SITE**

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken on January 30, 2003 at the Elliott Laboratories Open Area Test Site # 3 located at 684 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, California. Pursuant to Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

### **CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

Conducted emissions testing are performed in conformance with Section 2 of FCC Rules. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to a spectrum analyzer through an attenuator to prevent overloading the analyzer.

### **RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS**

Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR 16-1 defined elliptical area.

## **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

### **RECEIVER SYSTEM**

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers are capable of measuring over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the particular detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. If average measurements above 1000MHz are performed, the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz is used.

### **INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER**

A personal computer is utilized to record the receiver measurements of the field strength at the antenna, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. The receiver is programmed with appropriate factors to convert the received voltage into field strength at the antenna. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate.

The test receiver also provides a visual display of the signal being measured.

### **PEAK POWER METER**

A peak power meter and thermister mount may be used for output power measurements from transmitters as they provide a broadband indication of the power output.

### **FILTERS/ATTENUATORS**

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or EUT and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transmitters and transient events.

## **ANTENNAS**

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the 30 to 1000 MHz range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors programmed into the test receivers

## **ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE**

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

The requirements of ANSI C63.4 were used for configuration of the equipment turntable. It specifies that the test height above ground for table-mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

## **INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION**

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An appendix of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

## TEST PROCEDURES

**General:** For Transmitters with detachable antenna, direct measurements for output power, modulation characterization, occupied bandwidth, and frequency stability are performed with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter, modulation analyzer, or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the transmitter fundamental will not overload the front end of the measurement instrument.

**Procedure B – Power Measurement (Conducted Method):** The following procedure was used for transmitters that do use external antennas.

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel.
- 2) Either a power meter or a spectrum analyzer was used to measure the power output.
- 3) If a spectrum analyzer was used a resolution and video bandwidth 1MHz was used to measure the power output. Corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of analyzer. In addition, For CDMA or TDMA modulations set spectrum analyzer resolution to 1MHz and video to 30 kHz. Use video averaging with a 100-sample rate.
- 4) If a power meter was used, corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of the sensor head. Also set the power sensor correction by setting up the frequency range that will be measured.
- 5) Repeat this for the high channel and all modulations that will be used and all output ports used for transmission

**Procedure C – Amplifier Bandwidth (Conducted Method):** If the EUT is an amplification device the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel. Set the Resolution and Video Bandwidth to 10 kHz, with no averaging. These settings were used to show the true representation of the signal bandwidth.
- 2) Made a plot of the EUT output port and label it “Output”
- 3) With the same setting on the spectrum analyzer connect the cable that was connected to the input port of the amplifier to the analyzer. Made a plot and label it “Input”
- 4) Repeat this for the high channel and all modulations that will be used and all output ports used for transmission

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**Procedure D - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Method):** Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, occupied bandwidth was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The bandwidth was measured using following methods:

- 1) The built-in 99% function of the spectrum analyzer was used.
- 2) If the built-in 99% is not available then the following method is used:

26-dB was subtracted to the maximum peak of the emission. Then the display line function was used, in conjunction with the marker delta function, to measure the emissions bandwidth.

- 3) For the above two methods a resolution and video bandwidth of 10 kHz was used to measure the emission's bandwidth.

**Procedure H - Other Types of Equipment:** Either digital or data modulated signals were simulated, by software or external sources, to performed the required tests. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate digital modulation.

**Procedure I – Bandedge:** Where Bandedge measurements are specified the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal as close as possible to the edge of the frequency band/block per 24.232(a)(b) & (c). Power is set to maximum
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -13 dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 30 kHz. Which is the minimum 1 % of the emission bandwidth. Per FCC, if a resolution, less then the calculate 1% is used, for the Bandedge measurement, and then the following formula is to be used to correct the measured value ( $10 \cdot \log(1\% \text{ RB} / \text{RB used})$ ).
- 4) Set the marker function to the FCC specified frequency band/block.
- 5) Set the spectrum analyzer span to show any emission within 2 MHz above or below the frequency band/block. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -13dBm limit.
- 6) Steps 1 to 3 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission.

**Procedure J – Antenna Conducted Emissions:** For spurious emission measurements at the antenna terminal the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal as close as possible to the edge of the frequency band/block per 24.232(a)(b) & (c). Power is set to maximum
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to  $-13$ -dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 1 MHz.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 30 MHz and the stop frequency set to 20 GHz. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the  $-13$ dBm limit.
- 5) Steps 1 to 3 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission.

**Procedure N - Field Strength Measurement:** The EUT was set on the turntable and the search antenna position 3 meters away. The output antenna terminal was terminated with a 50-ohm terminator. The EUT was set at the middle of the frequency band and set at maximum output power.

For the first scan, a pre-liminary measurement is performed. A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. One or more of these is with the antenna polarized vertically while the one or more of these are with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through  $360^\circ$ , the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit.

For the final measurement, Substitution method is performed on spurious emissions not being 20-dB below the calculated radiated limit. Substitution method is performed by replacing the EUT with a horn antenna, which factors can be reference to a half-wave dipole, and with a signal generator. The signal generator power level was adjusted until a similar level, which was measured on the first scan, is achieved on the spectrum analyzer. The level on the signal generator is than added to the antenna factor, in dBi, which will give the corrected value.

**SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS****RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS**

The limits for radiated emissions are based on the power of the transmitter at the operating frequency. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one milliwatt (dBm) or one microvolt/meter (dBuV/m.). The field strength of the emissions from the EUT is measured on a test site with a receiver.

Below is a formula example used to calculate the attenuation requirement, relative to the transmitters power output, in dBuV/m. For this example an operating power range of 3 watts is used. The radiated emissions limit for spurious signals outside of the assigned frequency block is 43+10Log<sub>10</sub> (mean output power in watts) dB below the measured amplitude at the operating power.

**CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER**

$$E(\text{V/m}) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * P * G}}{d}$$

E= Field Strength in V/m

P= Power in Watts (for this example we use 3 watts)

G= Gain of antenna in numeric gain (Assume 1.64 for ERP)

d= distance in meters

$$E(\text{V/m}) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * 3 \text{ watts} * 1.64 \text{ dB}}}{3 \text{ meters}}$$

$$20 * \log (4.049 \text{ V/m} * 1,000,000) = 132.14 \text{ dBuV/m @ 3 meters}$$

FCC Rules request an attenuation of 43 + 10 log (3) or 47.8 dB for all emissions outside the assigned block, the limit for spurious and harmonic emissions is:

$$132.1 \text{ dBuV/m} - 47.8 \text{ dB} = 84.3 \text{ dBuV/m @ 3 meter.}$$

**Note: Substitution Method is performed for spurious emission not being 20-dB below the calculated field strength.**

***EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data***



**Radiated Emissions, 30 - 6500 MHz, 29-Jan-03****Engineer: mfaustino**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Electro Metrics	Conical log spiral antenna	LCA-25	1291	12	3/25/02	3/25/03
Elliott Laboratories	Biconical Antenna, 30-300 MHz	DM-105-T1	382	12	9/5/02	9/5/03
EMCO	Horn antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz (SA40 system antenna)	3115	1142	12	4/20/02	4/20/03
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier 0.5-26.5GHz	83017A	1257	12	10/7/02	10/7/03
Hewlett Packard	RF Preamplifier, 100 kHz - 1.3 GHz	8447D	999	12	4/24/02	4/24/03

**Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1000 MHz, 30-Jan-03****Engineer: egarcia**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	Biconical Antenna, 30-300 MHz	3110B	1320	12	6/3/02	6/3/03
EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna, 0.2-2 GHz	3148	1347	12	10/30/02	10/30/03
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 20-1300MHz	ESVP	273	12	2/6/02	2/6/03

**Radiated Emissions, 1 - 20 GHz, 31-Jan-03****Engineer: jmartinez**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model #</u>	<u>Assett #</u>	<u>Cal interval</u>	<u>Last Calibrated</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	Horn Antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz	3115	487	12	4/22/02	4/22/03
EMCO	Horn Antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz	3115	786	12	3/2/02	3/2/03
Hewlett Packard	High Pass filter, 3.5GHz	P/N 84300-80038	1157	12	3/1/02	3/1/03
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	785	12	1/23/02	1/31/03
Hewlett Packard	Spectrum Analyzer, 9KHz - 22GHz	8593EM	1319	12	11/19/02	11/19/03

## ***EXHIBIT 2: Test Measurement Data***

The following data includes conducted and radiated emission measurements of the REMEC, Model No: DPA4040G.

T50039 15 Pages



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Contact: Gary Glaze	
Emissions Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -
Immunity Spec: -	Environment: -

# EMC Test Data

For The

**REMEC**

Model

**DPA4040G**



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Emissions Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -
Immunity Spec: -	Environment: -

### EUT INFORMATION

#### General Description

The EUT is a PCS amplifier which is designed for base station environments for low signal coverage areas. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a table top during operation. The EUT was, therefore, treated as table-top equipment during testing to simulate the end user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 28Vdc, 20 amps.

#### Equipment Under Test

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
REMEC	DPA4040G	PCS Amplifier	N/A	TBD

#### Other EUT Details

#### EUT Enclosure

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of fabricated sheet steel. It measures approximately 7 cm wide by 12 cm deep by 3 cm high.

#### Modification History

Mod. #	Test	Date	Modification
1	-	-	None

Modifications applied are assumed to be used on subsequent tests unless otherwise stated as a further modification.



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Emissions Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -
Immunity Spec: -	Environment: -

### Test Configuration #1

#### Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Hewlett Packard	438A	Power Meter	3513U04847	-
Instek	-	DC Supply	9566367	-
Agilent	E4432B	Signal Generator	U537231536	-
Hewlett Packard	E4432A	Signal Generator	U537231102	-
Generic	-	Driver Amp	5	-
Generic	-	Driver Amp	1	-
Centaur	SA-9-115	Fan Blower	-	-

#### Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
none				

#### EUT Interface Cabling and Ports

Port	Connected To	Cable(s)		
		Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
EUT DC input	DC Supply (x2)	2 wire	Unshielded	5
EUT RF Input	Signal Generator (x2)	Coaxial	Shielded	2
EUT RF Output	power meter	Multewire	Shielded	1

#### EUT Operation During Emissions

EUT was set to operate at maximum power at the low and high channel.



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Section 2.1046: RF Power

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 1/30/03  
Test Engineer: jmartinez  
Test Location: SVOATS #3

Config. Used: 1  
Config Change: None  
EUT Voltage: 28Vdc

#### General Test Configuration

The EUT was located on the turntable for radiated field strength measurements and the local support equipment was located underneath the table.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 19°C  
Rel. Humidity: 55%

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Measurement
1	Radiated Output Power	24.232(b)	Pass	49.5 dBm

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Run #1: Conducted Output Power

#### Output power measured with a HP438A Power Meter and 8481A Sensor Head:

Freq (MHz)	Measured Value (dBm)	Correction factor (dB)	Power Output (dBm)	Comments
1930.00	-0.30	49.8	49.50	Power Meter
1970.00	-0.30	49.8	49.50	Power Meter

Attenuator value enter into power meter.



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Section 2.1049: Occupied Bandwidth

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 1/30/03  
 Test Engineer: jmartinez  
 Test Location: SVOATS #3

Config. Used: 1  
 Config Change: None  
 EUT Voltage: 28Vdc

#### General Test Configuration

When performing conducted measurements from the EUT's antenna port, the antenna port of the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter via a suitable attenuator to prevent overloading the measurement system. All measurements are corrected. Modulation must not exceed manufactures stated bandwidth.

For this specific test the occupied bandwidth was measured to provide the correct Resolution bandwidth that will be used for the bandedge measurements. This requirement is specified in 24.238(b).

Because the EUT is an amplifier, input and output plots were made to show that the bandwidth was not altered. By altered we refer to the bandwidth increasing in width.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 19°C  
 Rel. Humidity: 55%

#### Summary of Results

Plot #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Comment
3	Occupied Bandwidth	24.238(b)	Pass	

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.





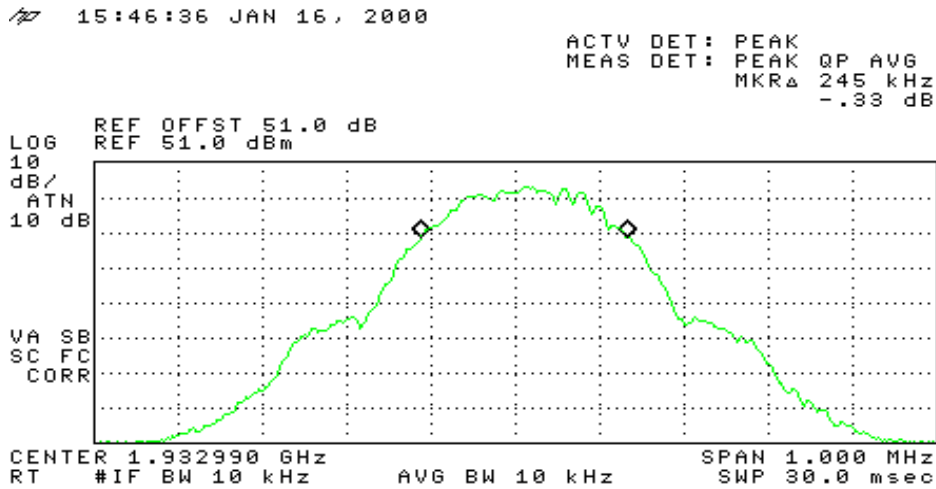
# EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

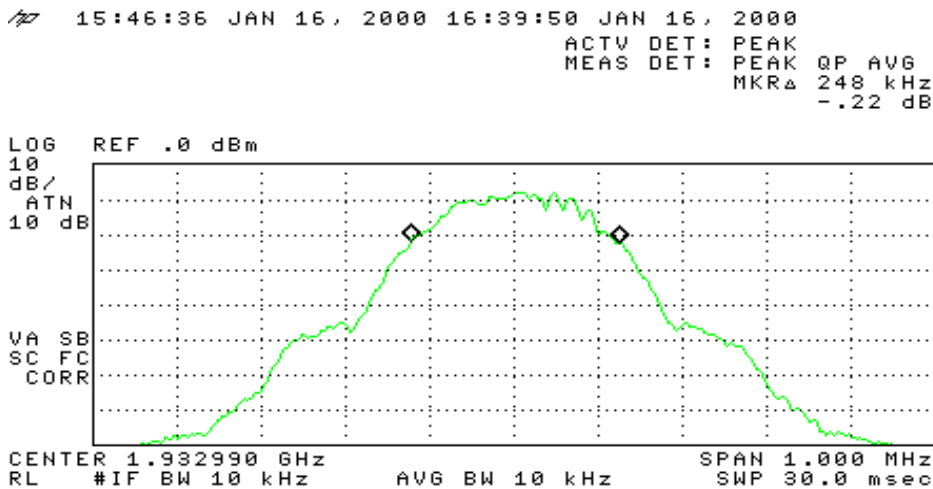
## Run #1: Occupied Bandwidth (Base forward); Low Block A

Measured Value	Specified Bandwidth	Resolution	Comments
(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
245.0	300	10	

### Output Plot



### Input Plot





# EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

## Run #2: Occupied Bandwidth (Base forward); High Block C

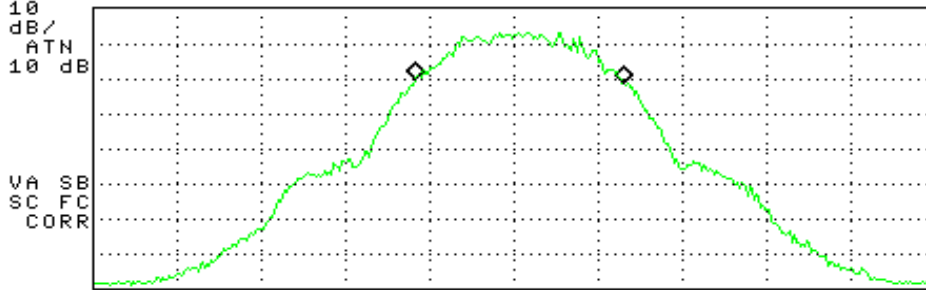
Measured Value	Specified Bandwidth	Resolution	Comments
(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
248	300	10	

### Output Plot

16:29:15 JAN 16, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK  
 MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG  
 MKRΔ 248 kHz  
 -1.48 dB

LOG REF OFFST 49.8 dB  
 10 REF 49.8 dBm  
 dB/  
 ATN  
 10 dB



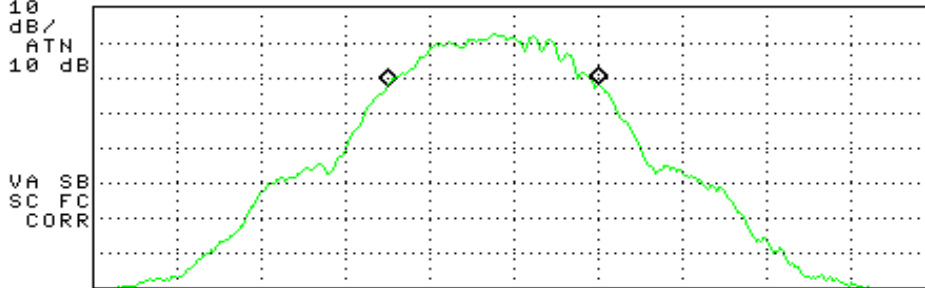
CENTER 1.989593 GHz SPAN 1.000 MHz  
 RL #IF BW 10 kHz #AVG BW 1 MHz SWP 30.0 msec

### Input Plot

16:33:06 JAN 16, 2000 16:37:56 JAN 16, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK  
 MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG  
 MKRΔ 250 kHz  
 .31 dB

LOG REF .0 dBm  
 10  
 dB/  
 ATN  
 10 dB



CENTER 1.989625 GHz SPAN 1.000 MHz  
 RL #IF BW 10 kHz #AVG BW 10 kHz SWP 30.0 msec



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Section 2.1051: Spurious emission at the Antenna Terminal

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 1/30/03  
Test Engineer: jmartinez  
Test Location: SVOATS #3

Config. Used: 1  
Config Change: None  
EUT Voltage: 28Vdc

#### General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the table for testing. The EUT was connected directly to Test Receiver. An attenuator was used between the EUT and Test Receiver.

**Ambient Conditions:** Temperature: 19°C  
Rel. Humidity: 55%

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Level
1	Low Bandedge	24.238(a)	Pass	-13.36 dBm
2	Out-Of-Band	24.238(a)	Pass	-10.94 dBm
3	High Bandedge	24.238(a)	Pass	-13.19 dBm
4	Out-Of-Band	24.238(a)	Pass	-1.94 dBm

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

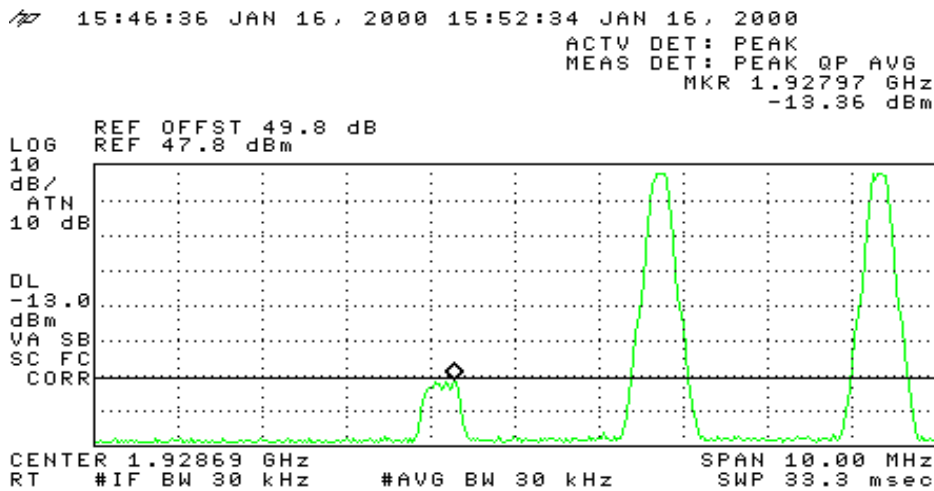
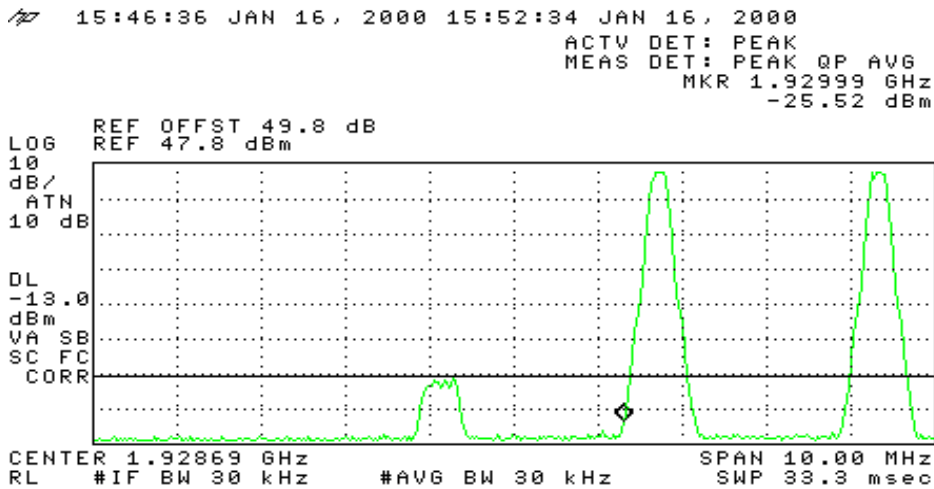
No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.



# EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

## Run #1: Low Channel: 1930 MHz (Bandedge)

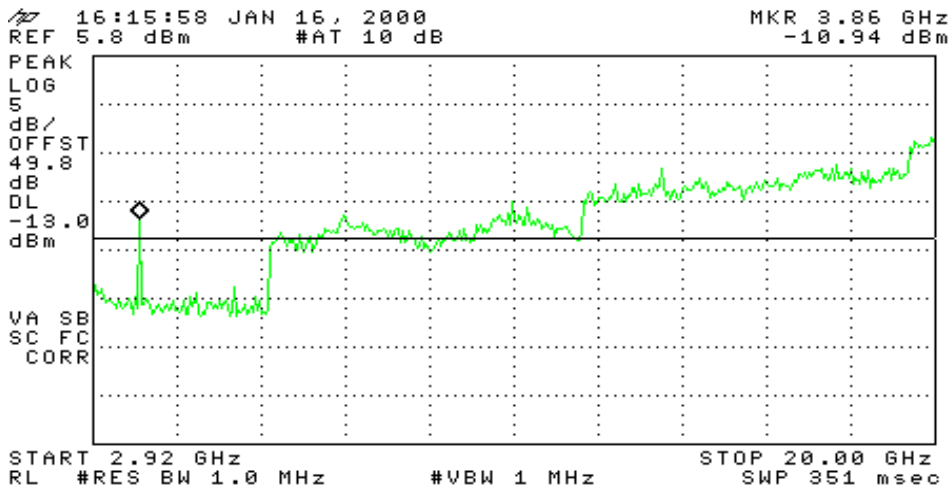
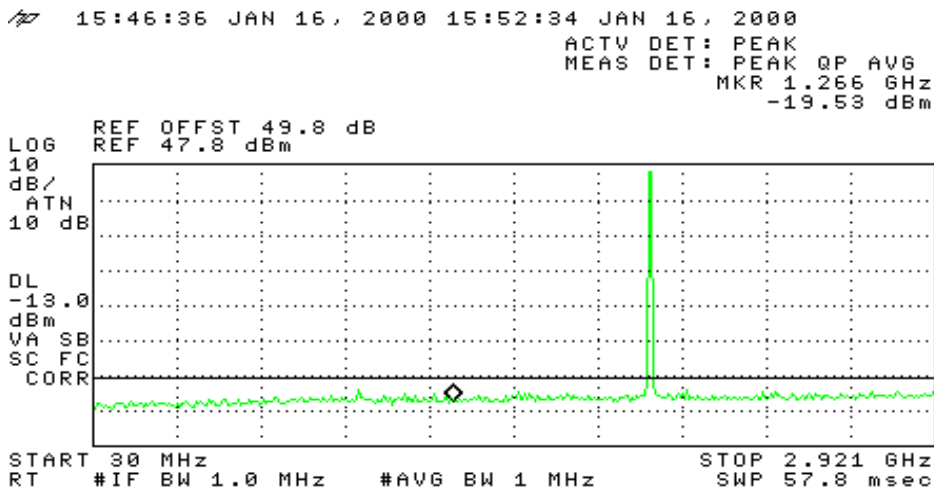




# EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

## Run #2: Low Channel: 1930 MHz (Out of Band)



Note 1: An external filter will be placed at the output of the amplifier to attenuate the second harmonic. Specifications on what the attenuation of the filter must be will be provided.



# EMC Test Data

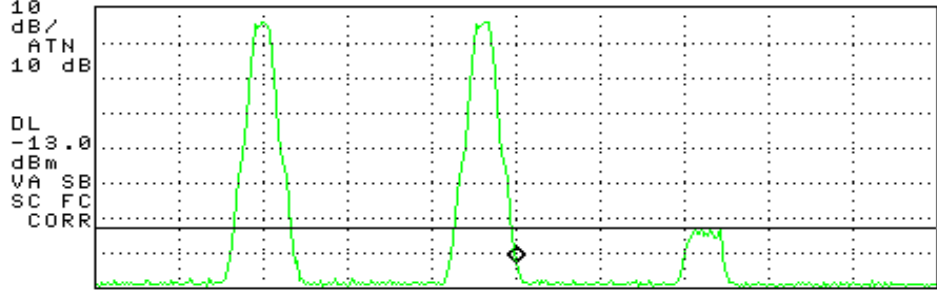
Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

## Run #3: High Channel: 1990 MHz (Bandedge)

16:33:06 JAN 16, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK  
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG  
MKR 1.99000 GHz  
-23.21 dBm

LOG REF OFFST 49.8 dB  
10 REF 49.8 dBm

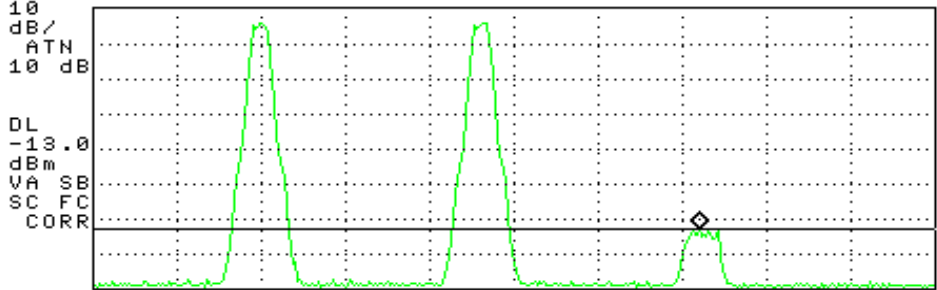


CENTER 1.99000 GHz SPAN 10.00 MHz  
RL #IF BW 30 kHz #AVG BW 30 kHz SWP 33.3 msec

16:34:16 JAN 16, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK  
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG  
MKR 1.99220 GHz  
-13.19 dBm

LOG REF OFFST 49.8 dB  
10 REF 49.8 dBm



CENTER 1.99000 GHz SPAN 10.00 MHz  
RT #IF BW 30 kHz #AVG BW 30 kHz SWP 33.3 msec



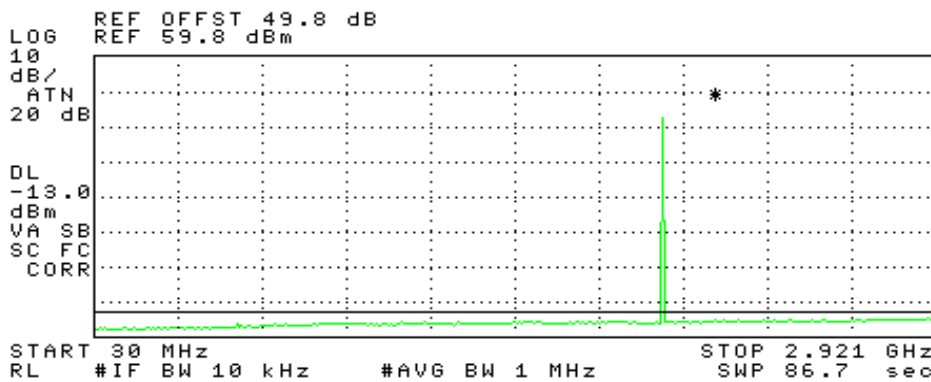
# EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

## Run #4: High Channel: 1990 MHz (Out of Band)

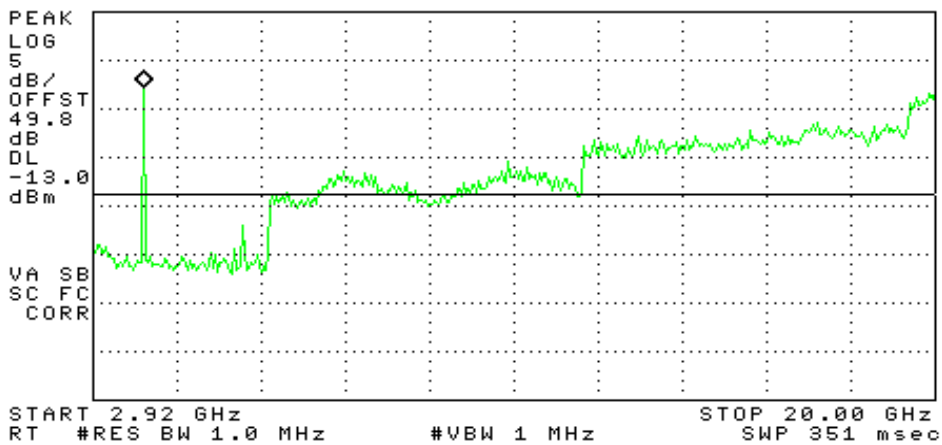
16:27:49 JAN 16, 2000

ACTV DET: PEAK  
MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG



16:15:58 JAN 16, 2000 16:23

MKR 3.95 GHz  
-1.94 dBm



Note 1: An external filter will be placed at the output of the amplifier to attenuate the second harmonic. Specifications on what the attenuation of the filter must be will be provided.



## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Radiated Emissions

#### Test Specifics

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 1/30/03	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: jmartinez	Config Change: None
Test Location: SVOATS #3	EUT Voltage: 28Vdc

#### General Test Configuration

The EUT was located on the turntable for radiated emissions testing.  
 On the OATS, the measurement antenna was located 3m from the EUT for the frequency range 1 - 20 GHz.  
 For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT. For any Spurious emission more than 20-dB substitution was performed. Substitution Method is not required for Spurious emissions 20-dB below the calculated field strength limit.

**Ambient Conditions:**            Temperature: 19°C  
    Rel. Humidity: 55%

#### Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1, 2 & 3	RE, 1000 - 20,000 MHz Maximized Emissions	24.238(a)	Pass	Refer to individual runs

#### Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

#### Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.





## EMC Test Data

Client: REMEC	Job Number: J49951
Model: DPA4040G	T-Log Number: T50039
Contact: Gary Glaze	Proj Eng: Juan Martinez
Spec: FCC part 24 & part 15 Subpart B	Class: -

### Run #1: Radiated Emissions, 1000-20,000 MHz (Low Channel: 1930 MHz)

Combined Mode

EIRP and ERP measurements

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Pol v/h	Substitution <sup>Note 2</sup>						
			Pin (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
3866.000	74.3	v	-32.7	8.0	0.6	-25.3	-13	-12.3	
5799.000	82.4	v	-25.8	9.2	0.8	-17.4	-13	-4.4	
7732.000	66.2	v	-39.0	10.0	0.9	-29.9	-13	-16.9	
3866.000	72.4	h	-35.7	8.0	0.6	-28.3	-13	-15.3	
5799.000	79.1	h	-28.5	9.2	0.8	-20.1	-13	-7.1	
7732.000	68.9	h	-39.1	10.0	0.9	-30.0	-13	-17.0	

Note 1:

### Run #2: Radiated Emissions, 1000-20,000 MHz (High Channel: 1990 MHz)

Combined Mode

EIRP and ERP measurements

Frequency MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Pol v/h	Substitution <sup>Note 2</sup>						
			Pin (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
3980.000	79.1	v	-28.6	8.0	0.6	-21.2	-13	-8.2	
5970.000	77.7	v	-34.6	9.2	0.8	-26.2	-13	-13.2	
7960.000	62.0	v	-41.3	10.0	0.9	-32.2	-13	-19.2	
3980.000	73.0	h	-37.2	8.0	0.6	-29.8	-13	-16.8	
5970.000	78.4	h	-29.8	9.2	0.8	-21.4	-13	-8.4	
7960.000	61.7	h	-32.4	10.0	0.9	-23.3	-13	-10.3	

Note 1:

***EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photos***

***EXHIBIT 4: FCC ID Label and Label Location***

***EXHIBIT 5: Detailed Photographs***

## ***EXHIBIT 6: Schematics***

## ***EXHIBIT 7: Theory of Operation***

***EXHIBIT 8: User Manual***