According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $\left[\sqrt{f(GHz)}\right] \le 3.0$ 

The tune-up power is 0 dBm +/- 0dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is

0 dBm (1 mW) @ 0.667 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

( 1.0mW / 5mm ) \* ( 0.0067GHz ^0.5 )= 0.016

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ] = 0.016< 3.0

Therefore, SAR are not required