



Report No.: FA912401

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report

for

Acer Inc.

on the

Notebook Computer

Report Number : FA912401

Trade Name : acer

Model Name : KAV10, Aspire one, AOD150

FCC ID : HLZUNDP-1C

Date of Testing : Feb. 20, 2009

Issued Date of Report : Mar. 07, 2009

- The test results refer exclusively to the tested model/sample only.
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- Report Version: Rev. 01

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1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **Acer Inc. Notebook Computer acer KAV10**, **Aspire one**, **AOD150** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9%):

Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Body	0.04
GSM1900	Body	0.014
WCDMA Band V	Body	0.03
WCDMA Band II	Body	0.013

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

Roy Wu Manager

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2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name : Sporton International Inc.

Address: No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan

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Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

 Test Site :
 SAR01-HY

 Telephone Number :
 886-3-327-3456

 Fax Number :
 886-3-328-4978

2.2 Applicant

Company Name: Acer Inc.

Address: 8F, 88, Sec.1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd. Hsichih Taipei Hsien 221 Taiwan, R.O.C.

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name: 1. Compal Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.

2. Compal Information (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

Compal Information Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.
 Compal Electronics Technology (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.

5. Kunshan Botai Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address: 1. 988 Tong Feng East Rd., Kunshan Economics & Technical Development Zone,

Kunshan, Jiangsu, P.R.China

2. The Third Street, Kunshan Export Processing Zone, Jiangsu, P.R.China

3. No. 58, The 1st Street, Kunshan Export Processing Zone, Jiangsu, P.R.China

4. No. 25, The Third Street, Kunshan Export Processing Zone, Jiangsu, P.R.China

5. 988 Tong Feng East Rd., Kunshan Economic & Technical Development Zone,

Kushan, Jiangsu, P.R.China

2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application: Jan. 24, 2009
Start of test: Feb. 20, 2009
End of test: Feb. 20, 2009

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3. General Information

3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Proc	duct Feature & Specification
DUT Type	Notebook Computer
Trade Name	acer
Model Name	KAV10, Aspire one, AOD150
FCC ID	HLZUNDP-1C
Tx Frequency	GSM850 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz WCDMA Band II : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
Rx Frequency	GSM850 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz GSM1900 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz WCDMA Band V : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz WCDMA Band II : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz
GPRS / EGPRS Multislot class	10
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
Type of Modulation	GSM / GPRS : GMSK EDGE : 8PSK WCDMA : QPSK HSDPA : QPSK / 16QAM
DUT Stage	Production Unit

Remark: The average output power please refer to the Part22H/24E report (report No. FG912401).

Accessories List:

	Acc	essories Specification			
	Brand Name	Delta			
	Model Name	ADP-30JH B			
AC Adapter	Power Rating	I/P:100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1.2A;			
	Power Rauling	O/P: 19Vdc, 1.58A			
	DC Power Cord Type	1.5 meter shielded cable with ferrite core			
	Brand Name	Simplo			
Battery	Model Name	UM08A71			
Ballery	Power Rating	11.1Vdc, 2200mAh, 23Wh			
	Туре	Li-ion			
WWAN Module	Brand Name	Qualcomm			
WWWAIN WIOGUIE	Model Name	Gobi 1000			

Remark: The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

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3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Notebook Computer is in accordance with the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Device. May 2006
- KDB 447498 D01 v03r03
- KDB 941225 D01 v02
- KDB 941225 D03 v01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20-24
Humidity	<60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator R&S CMU200. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For SAR testing, DUT is in GPRS or WCDMA link mode. In GPRS link mode, the DUT was set in GPRS multi-slot class 10 with 2 uplink slots for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to maximum source-based time-averaged output power. The source-based time-averaged output power list is as follow:

TOTIOW.						
Source-Based Time-Averaged Output Power (dBm)						
		GSM 850			GSM 1900	
Mode Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
GPRS 8	23.64	23.63	23.68	20.72	20.75	20.66
GPRS 10	26.61	26.58	26.62	23.67	23.70	23.62
EGPRS 8	18.25	18.33	18.21	17.69	17.81	17.80
EGPRS 10	21.22	21.13	21.14	20.63	20.74	20.75

The crest factor is 4 for GPRS multi-slot class 10 and 1 for WCDMA link mode.

Measurements were performed on the lowest, middle, and highest channel for each testing position. However, measurements were performed only on the middle channel if the SAR is below 3 dB of limit.

The SAR to peak location separation ratio of WWAN and WLAN is as below:

Summation SAR = 0.080

Peak Location Spacing = 1.5 cm

SAR to (Peak Location Spacing) Ratio = 0.080 / 1.5 = 0.053

According KDB 447498, the simultaneous transmission SAR (volume scan) was not required, because the summation of WWAN and WLAN SAR (0.080 W/kg) is less than 1.6W/kg and SPLSR (0.053) is less than 0.3. Please refer to the appendix D for more detailed description.

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4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

 ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, $\,\delta\, {\rm T}$ is the temperature rise and $\,\delta\, {\rm t}$ the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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5. SAR Measurement Setup

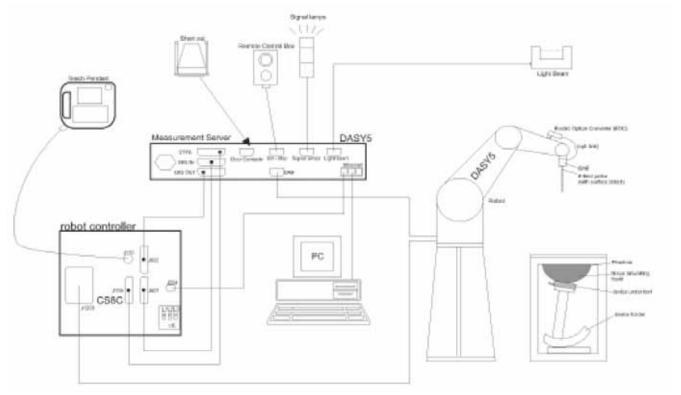


Fig. 5.1 DASY5 System

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- > The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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5.1 DASY5 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular co	
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detection	•
	Built-in shielding against static charge	es
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	o organic solvents)
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation	
	around probe axis)	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW
	± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation	
	perpendicular to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5µW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity:	
	±0.2dB	
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and	
	clear liquids on reflecting surface	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm	
	Tip length: 16mm	
	Body diameter: 12mm	
	Tip diameter: 6.8mm	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole	
	centers: 2.7mm	
		Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot
Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz	1 - 19 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	Compliance tests for mobile phones	and Wireless LAN
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary	

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5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

conversion factor (Convr.) of the pro-	de are lested. The car	ibration data are as b	elow.	
ET3DV6 sn1788 (Cal: Sep. 23, 200	08)			
Item	X axis	Y axis	Z axis	
Sensitivity (μV)	1.73	1.59	1.72	
Diode Compression Point (mV)	95	98 91		
	Frequency (MHz)	X,Y,Z	'axis	
Conversion Factor	800~1000	6.55	/ 6.34	
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	5.59	/ 4.87	
	1850~2050	5.13	4.73	
	2350~2550	4.68	/ 3.98	
	Frequency (MHz)	Alpha	Depth	
Boundary Effect	800~1000	0.44 / 0.50	2.65 / 2.48	
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	0.68 / 0.63	1.98 / 2.33	
	1850~2050	0.75 / 0.74	1.75 / 1.99	
	2350~2550	0.80 / 0.94	1.45 / 1.75	

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

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5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

5.3 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- > High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- > Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with 400 MHz CPU 128 MB chipdisk and 128 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- *Water-sugar based liquid
- *Glycol based liquids

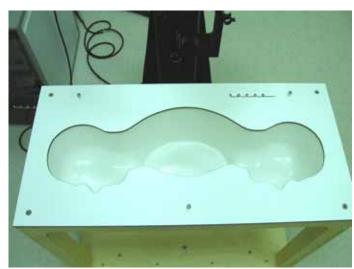


Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

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5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.5 Device Holder

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5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , $a_{.0}$ $a_{.1}$, $a_{.2}$
--------------------	---------------	--

- Conversion factor ConvF_i - Diode compression point dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf - Conductivity σ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with \

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$

 $\mbox{H-field probes}: \quad \mbox{H_i = $\sqrt{V_i} \, \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f}{f} }$

with

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1787	Aug. 26, 2008	Aug. 25, 2009
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 23, 2008	Sep. 22, 2009
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	EX3DV3	3514	Jan. 21, 2009	Jan. 20, 2010
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	190	Jul. 16, 2007	Jul. 15, 2009
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 10, 2007	Jul. 09, 2009
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 28, 2008	Mar. 27, 2010
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1010	Sep. 17, 2008	Sep. 16, 2010
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1006	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 12, 2007	Jul. 11, 2009
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1014	Sep. 19, 2007	Sep. 18, 2009
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Jan. 24, 2008	Jan. 23, 2010
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Sep. 22, 2008	Sep. 21, 2009
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	Apr. 02, 2008	Apr. 01, 2009
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Dec. 15, 2008	Dec. 14, 2009
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

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6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY5, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

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The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- \blacktriangleright Water: deionized water (pure H20), resistivity 16MΩ- as basis for the liquid
- > Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- ➤ Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- ➤ **Cellulose**: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- ➤ DGMBE: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)
				For Head				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
	_	_		For Body		_		
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

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Table 6.2 gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε _r)	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3

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Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 6.3 shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Band	Position	Temperature ()	Frequency (MHz)			Measurement date					
GSM850	Body		824.2	0.966	53.5						
		21.2	836.4	0.979	53.4	Feb. 20, 2009					
			848.8	0.992	53.2						
GSM1900	Body		1850.2	1.48	51.8						
		21.1	1880.0	1.51	51.7	Feb. 20, 2009					
			1909.8	1.55	51.6						
WCDMA Band V	Body	Body	i Body I				826.4	0.968	53.5		
				21.2	836.4	0.979	53.4	Feb. 20, 2009			
						846.6	0.990	53.3			
WCDMA Band II	Body	" Body	Rody			DA4A		1852.4	1.48	51.8	
				3ody 21.1	1880.0	1.51	51.7	Feb. 20, 2009			
			1907.6	1.54	51.6						

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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7. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

⁽a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY5 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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⁽b) κ is the coverage factor

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	8
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	8
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	8
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	8
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	8
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty				_	±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 %		K=2				
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)					±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY5

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8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY5 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY5 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

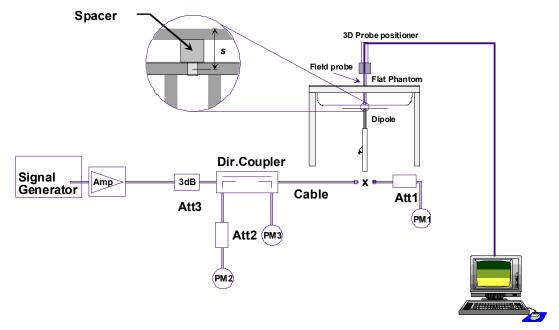


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- Signal Generator 1.
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. **Directional Coupler**
- 4. **Power Meter**
- 835 MHz or 1900 MHz Dipole 5.

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

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8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Position	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement date
835MHz	Body	SAR (1g)	9.52	10.3	8.2 %	Feb. 20, 2009
		SAR (10g)	6.37	6.89	8.2 %	Feb. 20, 2009
1900MHz	Body	SAR (1g)	40.1	40.3	0.5 %	Feb. 20, 2009
		SAR (10g)	21.3	20.9	-1.9 %	Feb. 20, 2009

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

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9. <u>Description for DUT Testing Position</u>

This DUT was tested in one position only, which was bottom of the DUT and the gap between notebook and flat phantom was 0cm. Please refer to Appendix F for the test setup photos.

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Linking DUT with base station emulator CMU200
- Setting CMU200 to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY5 software
- > Taking data for the lowest, middle and highest channels

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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10.2 Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY5, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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11. SAR Test Results

11.1 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Position	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS10)	189	836.4	GMSK	0.04	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS10)	128	824.2	GMSK	0.038	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM850 (GPRS10)	251	848.8	GMSK	0.034	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS10)	661	1880.0	GMSK	0.012	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS10)	512	1850.2	GMSK	0.012	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	GSM1900 (GPRS10)	810	1909.8	GMSK	0.014	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4182	836.4	QPSK	0.027	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (HSDPA)	4182	836.4	QPSK	0.025	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4132	826.4	QPSK	0.023	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band V (RMC 12.2K)	4233	846.6	QPSK	0.03	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (RMC 12.2K)	9400	1880.0	QPSK	0.00741	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (HSDPA)	9400	1880.0	QPSK	0.00791	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (HSDPA)	9262	1852.4	QPSK	0.013	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 0cm Gap	WCDMA Band II (HSDPA)	9538	1907.6	QPSK	0.00864	1.6	Pass

Test Engineer: A-Rod Chen, Robert Liu, and Jason Wang

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12. References

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Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Report No.: FA912401

System Check_Body_835MHz_090220

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.978 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.0; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

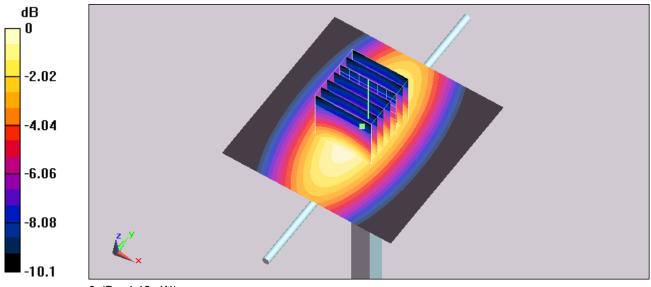
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.689 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



0 dB = 1.12 mW/g

FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

System Check_Body_1900MHz_090220

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

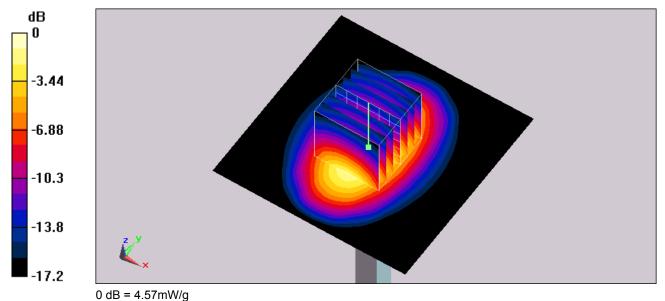
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.63 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.57 mW/g



0 ub - 4.5/11100/g

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Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body GSM850 Ch189 Bottom with 0cm Gap GPRS10

DUT: 912401

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.979$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

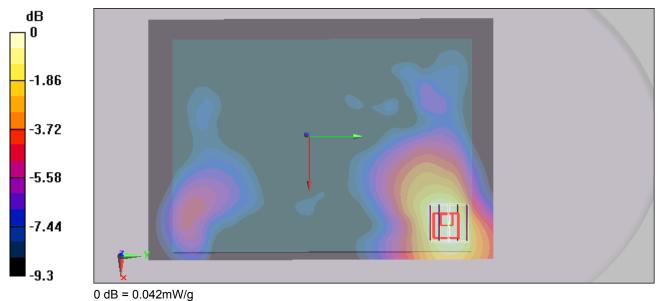
Ch189/Area Scan (141x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.056 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g



FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body_GSM1900 Ch810_Bottom with 0cm Gap_GPRS10

DUT: 912401

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; ε_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.3; Liquid Temperature: 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch810/Area Scan (151x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.013 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.023 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00933 mW/g

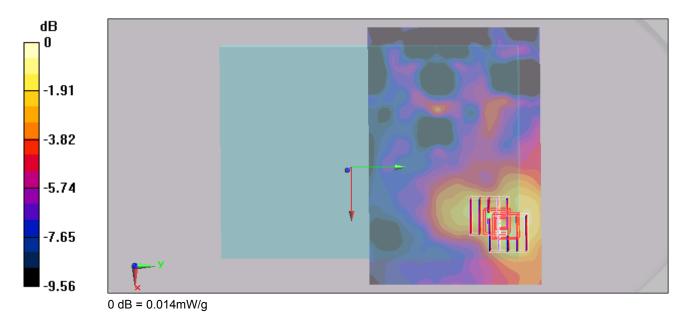
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.018 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00831 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Report No.: FA912401

Body_WCDMA850 Ch4233_Bottom with 0cm Gap_RMC12.2K

DUT: 912401

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch4233/Area Scan (141x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

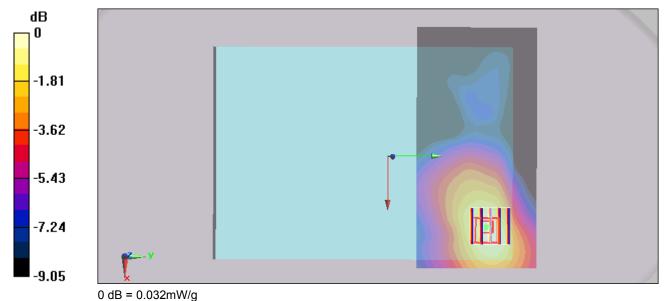
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.031 mW/g

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.111 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.041 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g



0 ub - 0.032111VV/g

FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body_WCDMA1900 Ch9262_Bottom with 0cm Gap_RMC12.2K+HSDPA

DUT: 912401

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.48 mho/m; ε_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.4; Liquid Temperature: 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch9262/Area Scan (151x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.399 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.026 W/kg

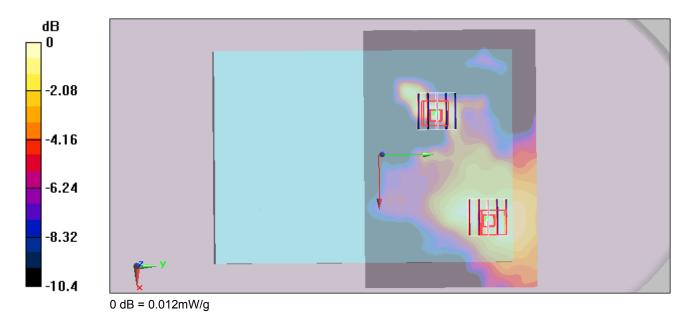
SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00646 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.399 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.017 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00743 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body_GSM850 Ch189_Bottom with 0cm Gap_GPRS10_2D

DUT: 912401

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.979 mho/m; ε_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

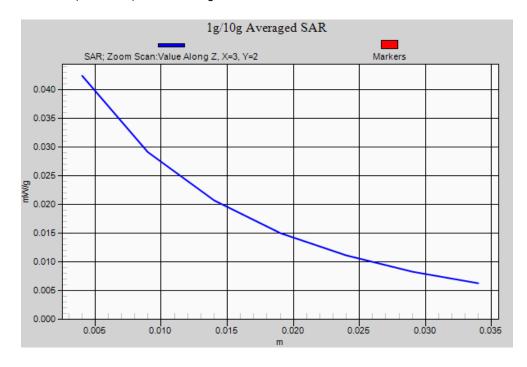
Ch189/Area Scan (141x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.044 mW/g

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.056 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g



FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body_GSM1900 Ch810_Bottom with 0cm Gap_GPRS10_2D

DUT: 912401

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch810/Area Scan (151x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.013 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.023 W/kg

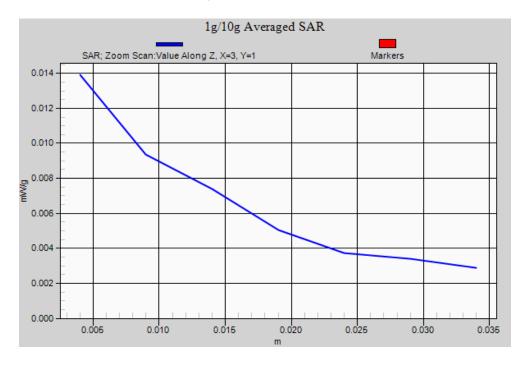
SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00933 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.018 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00831 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g



FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Report No.: FA912401

Body_WCDMA850 Ch4233_Bottom with 0cm Gap_RMC12.2K_2D

DUT: 912401

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 53.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.34, 6.34, 6.34); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

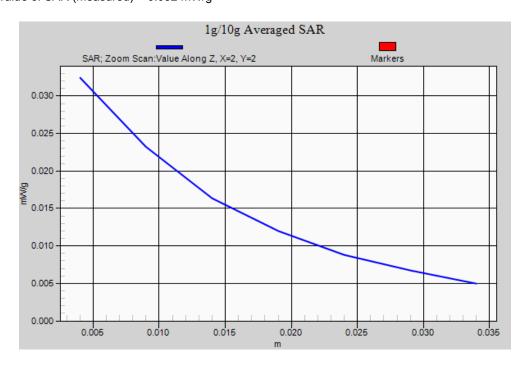
Ch4233/Area Scan (141x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.031 mW/g

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.111 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.041 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Mar. 07, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID : HLZUNDP-1C

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/20

Body_WCDMA1900 Ch9262_Bottom with 0cm Gap_RMC12.2K+HSDPA_2D

DUT: 912401

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.48 mho/m; ε_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912401

Ambient Temperature: 22.4 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.1

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Ch9262/Area Scan (151x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.399 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.026 W/kg

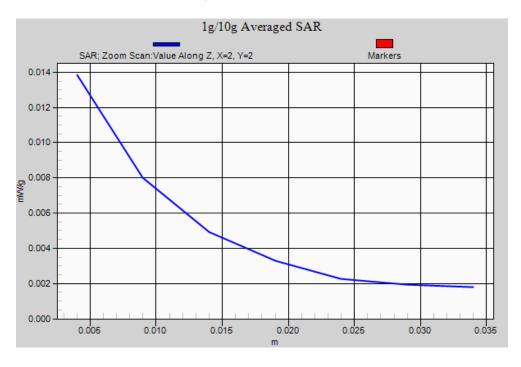
SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00646 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.399 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.017 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.011 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00743 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g



FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C



Appendix C - Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: HLZUNDP-1C Report Issued Date: Mar. 07, 2009

Report No.: FA912401