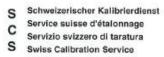
Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland







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Client

Auden

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2450V2-735_Jun10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 735

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

June 17, 2010

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) | Oct-10 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) | Oct-10 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) | Mar-11 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) | Mar-11 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) | Apr-11 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) | Jun-11 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-10 |
| | Name | Function | Sighature |
| Calibrated by: | Claudio Leubler | Laboratory Technician | Uph |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | 22110 |

Issued: June 21, 2010

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Certificate No: D2450V2-735_Jun10



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-735_Jun10

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.2 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.9 ± 6 % | 1.78 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.0 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 52.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 52.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.10 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 24.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1,95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.7 ± 6 % | 1.96 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | since. | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.4 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 53.6 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 53.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.28 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 25.1 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 25.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.8 Ω + 3.4 $j\Omega$ | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 26.1 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $50.5 \Omega + 3.7 j\Omega$ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 28.5 dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.154 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Manufactured on | May 07, 2003 | |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 16.06.2010 10:56:25

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probc: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF (4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

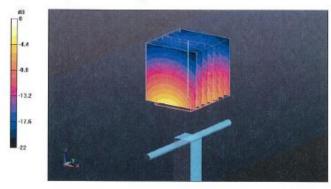
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg

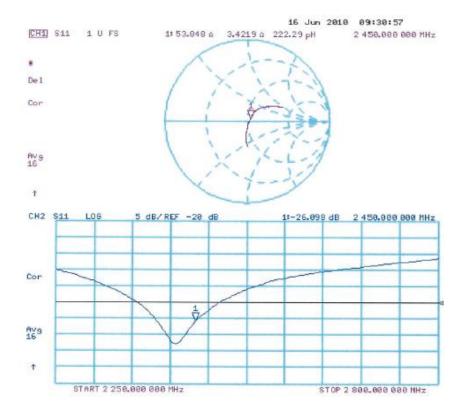
SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 mW/g



0 dB = 16.6 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.06.2010 11:28:23

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:735

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Body/d=10mm, Pin250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

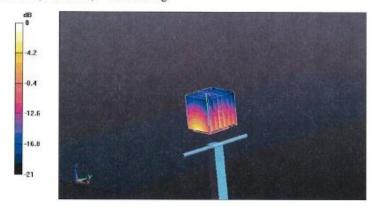
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

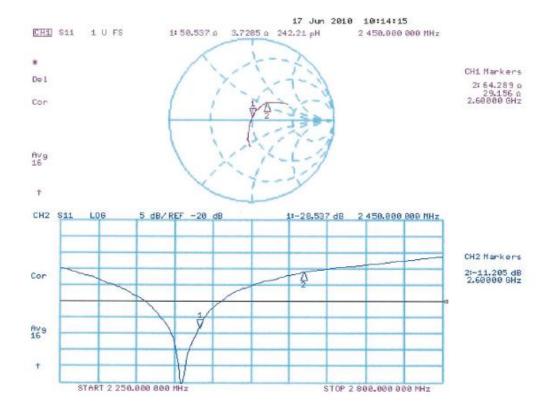
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 mW/g



0 dB = 16.7 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Certificate of DASY

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Oct10 **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 778 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) October 22, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) | Sep-11 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Calibrator Box V1.1 | SE UMS 006 AB 1004 | 07-Jun-10 (in house check) | In house check: Jun-11 |

Namo Function Signature Calibrated by: Eric Hainfeld Technician

Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director Melund

Issued: October 22, 2010

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Certificate No: DAE4-778 Oct10 Page 1 of 5



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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| High Range | 404.679 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 403.480 ± 0.1% (k=2) | 405.025 ± 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.98633 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.96375 ± 0.7% (k=2) | 3.99940 ± 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 64.5°±1° |
|---|----------|
|---|----------|



Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Reading (µV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200004.4 | 1.89 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20001.11 | 1.41 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -19998.36 | 1.54 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 199996.1 | 3.42 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 19999.75 | 0.35 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y - Input | -19999.92 | -0.12 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200002.7 | 1.29 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 19996.85 | -2.55 | -0.01 |
| Channel Z - Input | -20004.31 | -4.61 | 0.02 |

| Low Range | Reading (μV) | Difference (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000.0 | 0.09 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 200.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| Channel X - Input | -198.62 | 1.48 | -0.74 |
| Channel Y + Input | 1999.6 | -0.58 | -0.03 |
| Channel Y + Input | 199.13 | -0.57 | -0.29 |
| Channel Y - Input | -200.71 | -0.61 | 0.31 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000.1 | -0.01 | -0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 198.96 | -1.14 | -0.57 |
| Channel Z - Input | -200.98 | -0.98 | 0.49 |

Common mode sensitivity DASY measurement parameters: A

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | -5.28 | -6.07 |
| | - 200 | 6.79 | 6.12 |
| Channel Y | 200 | -1.80 | -1.60 |
| | - 200 | 0.97 | 0.35 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -9.76 | -9.86 |
| | - 200 | 7.56 | 7.61 |

Channel separation
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (µV) | Channel Y (µV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 1.86 | -0.66 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 2.28 | | 2.89 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 1.68 | -0.15 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16056 | 16950 |
| Channel Y | 16153 | 13741 |
| Channel Z | 16441 | 16086 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (µV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | 0.32 | -2.35 | 2.08 | 0.55 |
| Channel Y | -1.83 | -2.96 | -0.72 | 0.47 |
| Channel Z | -1.93 | -3.00 | -0.90 | 0.45 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

| | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 200 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 200 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) | |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 | |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 | |

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |

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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ET3DV6 - SN:1787 Object QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes May 18, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) Apr-11 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) Mar-11 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) Mar-11 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013 Dec09) Dec-10 DAE4 SN: 660 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Apr-11 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct10 Name Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Approved by: Technical Manager Issued: May 22, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

Page 1 of 11

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- EC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 18, 2010

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1787

Manufactured: May 28, 2003 Last calibrated: May 26, 2009 Recalibrated: May 18, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May10

ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 18, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A | 1.60 | 1.79 | 2.10 | ± 10.1% |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 92.4 | 95.5 | 91.0 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A dB | B dBuV | С | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|----------|---------------------------|-----|------|---------|-----------|-------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 CW | 0.00 | X | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | ± 1.5% | |
| | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | | |
| | | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 300.0 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1787 May10

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.