Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 778

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

June 04, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Eupotion

Signature

Dominique Steffen

Laboratory Technician

VIRT Day

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: June 4, 2020

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Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1

1LSB =

6.1μV, 61nV, full range = -

-100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	404.708 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.507 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.049 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98649 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96481 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99982 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	269.0 ° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DAST system	209.0 ± 1

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199990.73	-3.01	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.22	0.77	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19999.86	1.96	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199990.32	-3.10	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20003.06	1.73	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.53	0.40	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199990.91	-2.56	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.02	-3.26	-0.02
Channel Z	- Input	-20004.29	-2.17	0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.43	-0.16	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.34	0.30	0.15
Channel X	- Input	-198.59	0.28	-0.14
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.75	-0.86	-0.04
Channel Y	+ Input	200.07	-0.81	-0.40
Channel Y	- Input	-200.72	-1.86	0.93
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.38	-0.13	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.40	-0.48	-0.24
Channel Z	- Input	-200.03	-1.04	0.52

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-3.32	-5.01
	- 200	5.95	5.04
Channel Y	200	-1.12	-1.70
	- 200	-0.59	-0.70
Channel Z	200	-9.61	-9.74
	- 200	8.77	8.92

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.17	-1.58
Channel Y	200	8.88	-	0.88
Channel Z	200	4.61	5.78	-

Page 4 of 5 Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16057	16937
Channel Y	16193	17802
Channel Z	16440	15965

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.44	-0.79	1.23	0.38
Channel Y	-0.31	-1.43	1.10	0.55
Channel Z	-0.21	-1.08	0.93	0.47

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Jun20

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: DAE3-495_Jul20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AD - SN: 495 Object

QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

July 21, 2020 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Adrian Gehring

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: July 21, 2020

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Certificate No: DAE3-495_Jul20

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Swiss Calibration Service

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
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 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-495_Jul20 Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{High Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{6.1}\mu\mbox{V} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-100...+300 mV} \\ \mbox{Low Range:} & \mbox{1LSB} = & \mbox{61nV} \,, & \mbox{full range} = & \mbox{-1......+3mV} \end{array}$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.364 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.348 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.733 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95262 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99078 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96555 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used	in DASY system	307.0 ° ± 1 °

Certificate No: DAE3-495_Jul20

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199992.29	-0.65	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20004.65	3.15	0.02
Channel X	- Input	-20000.24	1.47	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199989.77	-3.38	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.99	-0.44	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.37	1.37	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199994.32	0.95	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.19	2.81	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-19997.26	4.58	-0.02

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X +	Input	2000.20	-0.53	-0.03
Channel X +	Input	201.04	-0.09	-0.04
Channel X -	Input	-198.67	0.06	-0.03
Channel Y +	Input	2000.94	0.25	0.01
Channel Y +	Input	201.89	0.92	0.46
Channel Y -	Input	-199.68	-0.80	0.40
Channel Z +	Input	1999.89	-0.83	-0.04
Channel Z +	Input	198.93	-2.12	-1.06
Channel Z -	Input	-199.77	-0.91	0.46

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	4.13	2.65
	- 200	-1.85	-3.74
Channel Y	200	0.78	0.57
	- 200	-1.77	-2.19
Channel Z	200	2.53	2.66
	- 200	-4.31	-4.76

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-0.28	-1.53
Channel Y	200	7.68	-	0.09
Channel Z	200	5.22	6.28	-

Certificate No: DAE3-495_Jul20

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15810	16735
Channel Y	15762	17107
Channel Z	15908	17506

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.59	-0.31	2.01	0.48
Channel Y	-0.17	-1.80	1.25	0.55
Channel Z	-0.38	-2.26	1.47	0.65

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

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Client

Sporton

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Certificate No: DAE4-854_May20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 854

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: May 26, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Dominique Steffen Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Sven Kühn Deputy Manager

Issued: May 26, 2020

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Certificate No: DAE4-854_May20

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossarv

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

 DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-854_May20

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1\mu V$,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	404.902 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.679 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.773 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97207 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.94819 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99503 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	325.0 ° ± 1 °

Certificate No: DAE4-854_May20

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.13	2.57	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000.49	-1.29	-0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19998.95	2.31	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199993.48	0.79	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.49	-2.26	-0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.37	0.92	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199993.40	0.68	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.76	-2.86	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.56	-0.21	0.00

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.29	0.12	0.01
Channel X + Input	201.78	0.21	0.10
Channel X - Input	-198.04	0.29	-0.15
Channel Y + Input	2001.22	0.20	0.01
Channel Y + Input	201.23	-0.23	-0.12
Channel Y - Input	-198.91	-0.49	0.25
Channel Z + Input	2001.14	0.16	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200.64	-0.72	-0.36
Channel Z - Input	-199.54	-1.00	0.51

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-12.20	-13.58
	- 200	14.65	13.01
Channel Y	200	-7.85	-8.28
	- 200	7.33	7.21
Channel Z	200	16.85	16.68
	- 200	-19.88	-19.26

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.88	-3.29
Channel Y	200	7.95	-	3.37
Channel Z	200	9.73	5.70	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16117	14859
Channel Y	15964	16277
Channel Z	15850	15306

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.75	-0.29	1.77	0.34
Channel Y	0.27	-0.62	2.21	0.42
Channel Z	-0.21	-0.99	0.48	0.30

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC) +7.9	
Supply (+ Vcc)		
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-1424_Jan20

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Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1424

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: January 24, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
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Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Name Function Calibrated by:

Adrian Gehring Laboratory Technician

Sven Kühn Approved by: Deputy Manager

Issued: January 24, 2020

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

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 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB =

6.1µV,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB =

61nV,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	403.154 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.632 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.207 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96939 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99672 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.98379 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	358.0 ° ± 1 °
---	---------------

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199991.78	-2.60	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.26	0.43	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19999.39	2.05	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199992.50	-2.06	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.82	0.00	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.88	-1.46	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199994.03	-0.25	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000.92	-0.79	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20003.25	-1.72	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.27	0.14	0.01
Channel X + Input	201.50	-0.01	-0.00
Channel X - Input	-197.98	0.37	-0.18
Channel Y + Input	2001.11	-0.09	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	200.95	-0.69	-0.34
Channel Y - Input	-198.79	-0.52	0.26
Channel Z + Input	2001.32	0.19	0.01
Channel Z + Input	200.32	-1.11	-0.55
Channel Z - Input	-199.90	-1.46	0.74

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.25	-2.37
	- 200	2.47	1.18
Channel Y	200	-13.29	-13.42
	- 200	12.27	12.19
Channel Z	200	-9.08	-9.03
	- 200	7.21	6.68

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec.

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	4	3.50	-3.56
Channel Y	200	8.47	-	3.59
Channel Z	200	9.31	6.86	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15957	15898
Channel Y	15884	16568
Channel Z	15879	14410

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.91	-0.44	1.60	0.34
Channel Y	0.05	-0.80	0.98	0.40
Channel Z	-0.65	-1.82	0.20	0.32

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14	
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9	

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: ES3-3169_May20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3169

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

May 27, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21	
DAE4	SN: 660	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-660_Dec19)	Dec-20	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-19 (No. ES3-3013_Dec19)	Dec-20	
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20	
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	In house check: Oct-20	

Name Function Signature

Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician Seff Type

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: June 1, 2020

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Certificate No: ES3-3169_May20

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal

A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

 b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ES3-3169_May20 Page 2 of 9

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3169

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X Sensor Y		Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.15	1.15	1.14	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ^B	103.0	99.4	95.9		

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	202.7	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
-		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		197.1		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		200.3		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Expression of the page 5.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3- SN:3169 May 27, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3169

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-26.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

May 27, 2020

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3169

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.57	6.57	6.57	0.79	1.17	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.31	6.31	6.31	0.80	1.14	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.71	1.22	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.52	1.41	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.47	1.47	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.51	1.45	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.75	1.25	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.65	1.40	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.80	1.28	± 12.0 %

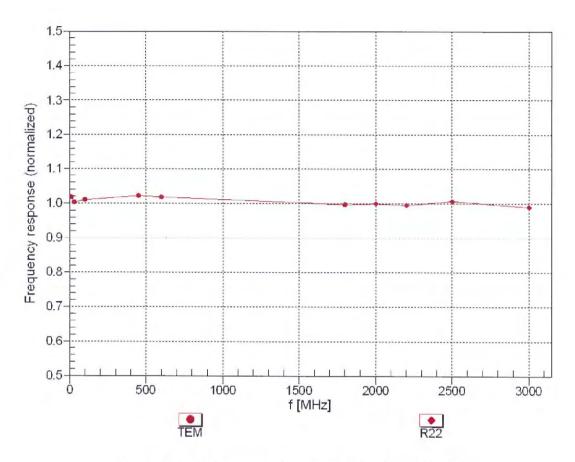
 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConyE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

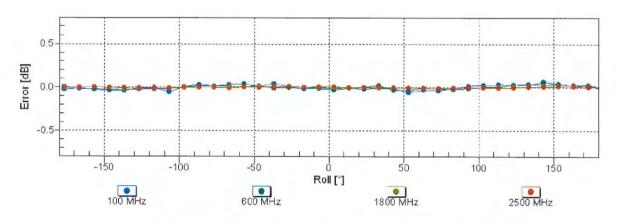
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

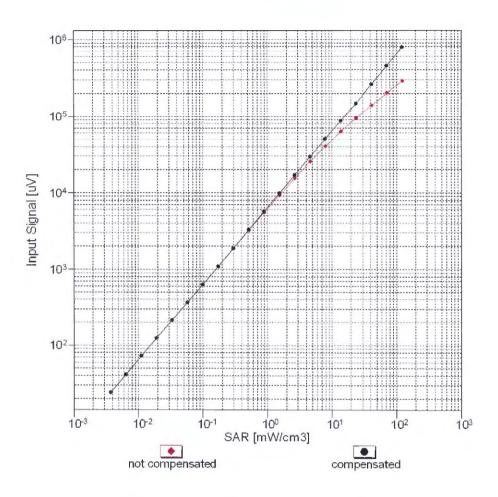
ES3DV3- SN:3169 May 27, 2020

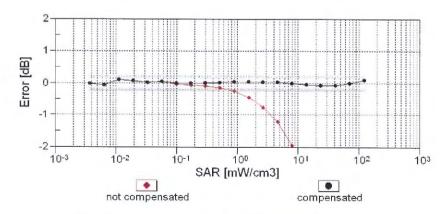
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

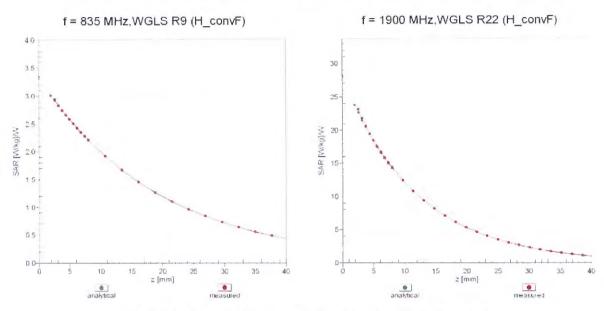
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



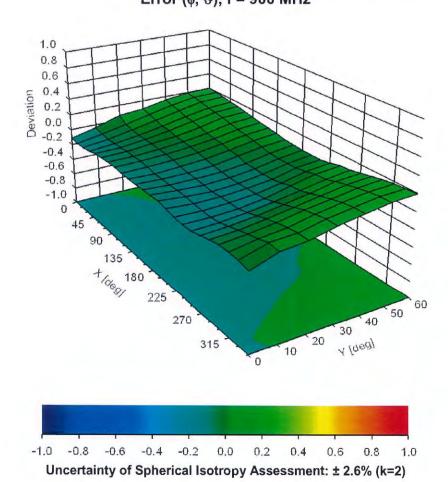


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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Client

Sporton

Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3925

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 20, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by:

Michael Weber

Name

Function

Laboratory Technician

Signatur

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: September 24, 2019

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Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

- b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19 Page 2 of 9

EX3DV4 – SN:3925 September 20, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.57	0.51	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	98.9	101.9	100.9	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	155.2	±3.8 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.3		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		159.5		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19 Page 3 of 9

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3925 September 20, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-23.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19 Page 4 of 9

EX3DV4- SN:3925 September 20, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3925

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6	55.5	0.75	19.80	19.80	19.80	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.33	10.33	10.33	0.47	0.83	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.12	10.12	10.12	0.42	0.85	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.84	9.84	9.84	0.39	0.95	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.70	8.70	8.70	0.26	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.38	0.85	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.31	0.85	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.27	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.31	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.35	1.30	± 14.0 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.35	1.30	± 14.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.49	5.49	5.49	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.89	4.89	4.89	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3925_Sep19 Page 5 of 9

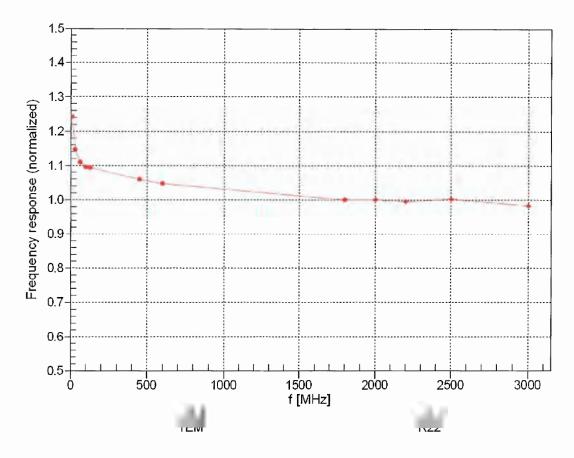
⁶ MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

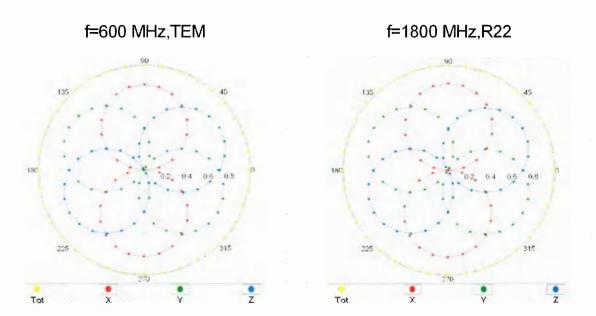
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

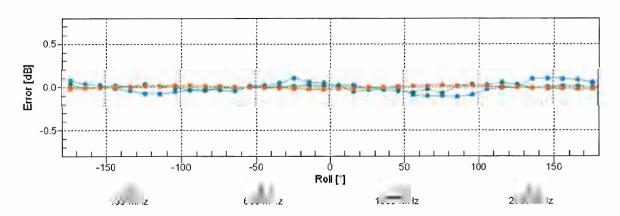


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3925 September 20, 2019

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

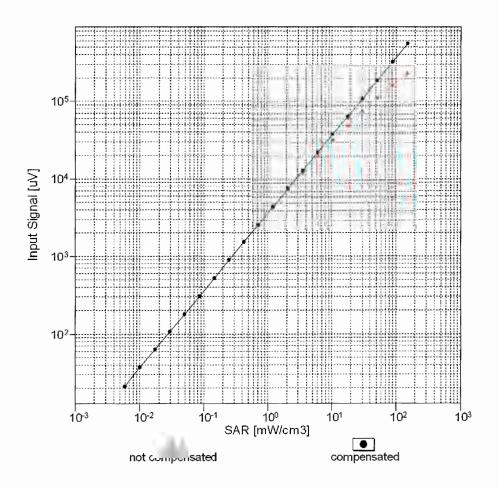


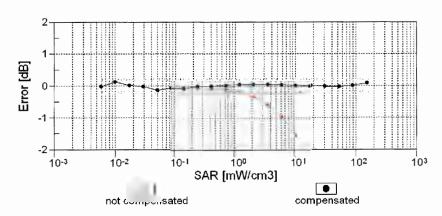


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3925 September 20, 2019

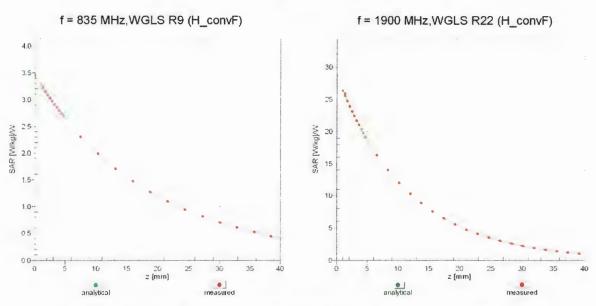
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



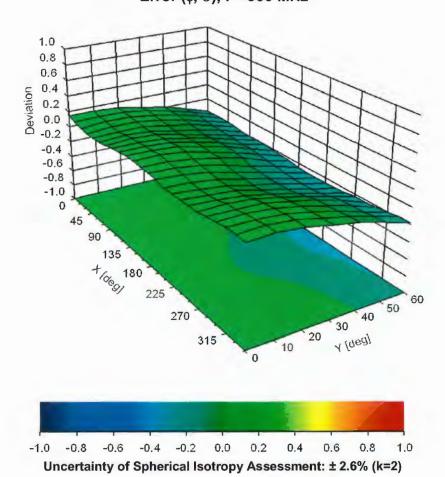


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton

Certificate No: EX3-3931_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 26, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by:

Name Michael Weber Function Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: October 1, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A. B. C. D crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013 IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-
- b) held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx*, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,v,z; DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3931_Sep19 Page 2 of 22 EX3DV4 - SN:3931 September 26, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.50	0.57	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	102.1	103.6	101.5	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	137.4	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.3		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		137.4		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	15.00	87.34	19.77	10.00	60.0	± 2.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	15.00	88.92	21.71		60.0	1	
		Z	15.00	88.27	21.00		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	15.00	89.04	19.16	6.99	80.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	15.00	89.64	20.91		0.08		
		Z	15.00	88.37	19.64		80.0		
10354-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	92.42	19.01	3.98	95.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	1	Υ	15.00	92.36	20.80		95.0		
		Z	15.00	88.86	18.16		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	15.00	87.46	14.88	2.22	120.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	15.00	97.28	21.80		120.0		
		Z	15.00	87.00	15.66		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.43	60.00	5.51	0.00	150.0	± 3.6 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	1.09	66.72	12.69		150.0		
		Z	0.59	60.62	7.72		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.57	72.49	18.21	0.00	150.0	± 1.3 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	2.62	70.88	17.20		150.0		
		Z	2.18	68.21	15.62		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.83	72.00	20.42	3.01	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.63	73.46	20.08		150.0		
		Z	3.10	70.61	18.84		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.60	68.54	16.82	0.00	150.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	3.60	67.80	16.22		150.0		
		Z	3.50	67.31	15.82		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.81	66.42	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 4.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Υ	4.90	65.76	15.65		150.0		
		Z	4.89	65.90	15.70		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EX3-3931_Sep19 Page 3 of 22

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3931 September 26, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1	C2	α	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
	fF	fF	V-1	ms.V⁻²	ms.V⁻¹	ms	V ⁻²	V ⁻¹	
X	34.0	262.55	38.03	9.56	0.59	5.10	0.00	0.39	1.01
Υ	52.6	386.96	34.79	24.27	0.78	5.10	0.89	0.44	1.01
Z	45.7	349.94	37.08	17.58	0.95	5.10	0.00	0.61	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	41
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

EX3DV4- SN:3931 September 26, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.99	9.99	9.99	0.68	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.58	0.85	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.49	9.49	9.49	0.57	0.91	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.75	8.75	8.75	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.66	8.66	8.66	0.39	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.36	0.86	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.32	0.86	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.43	7.43	7.43	0.43	0.90	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.30	1.35	± 14.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.35	1.35	± 14.0 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.30	1.35	± 14.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.49	4.49	4.49	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

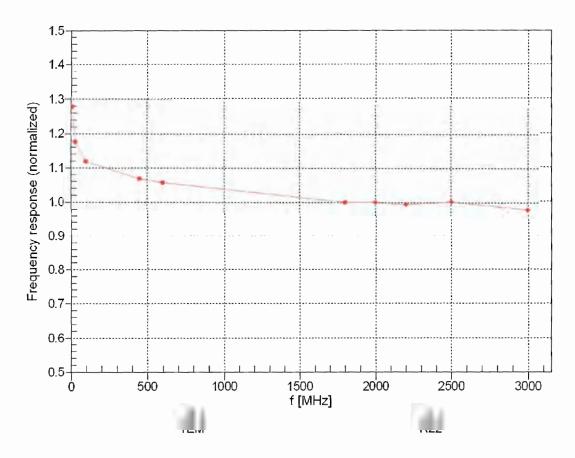
⁶ MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

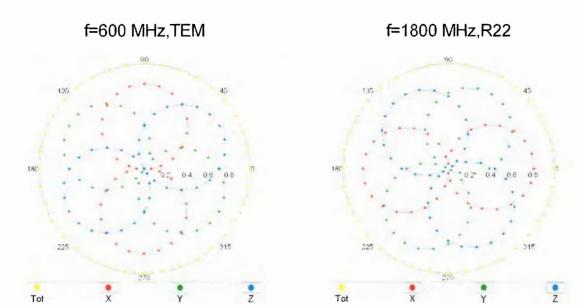
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

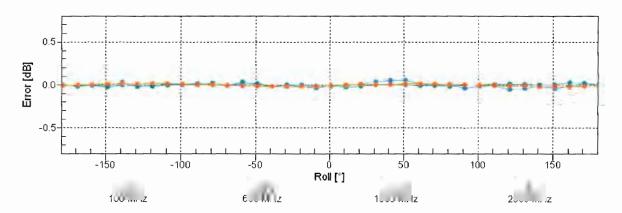


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3931 September 26, 2019

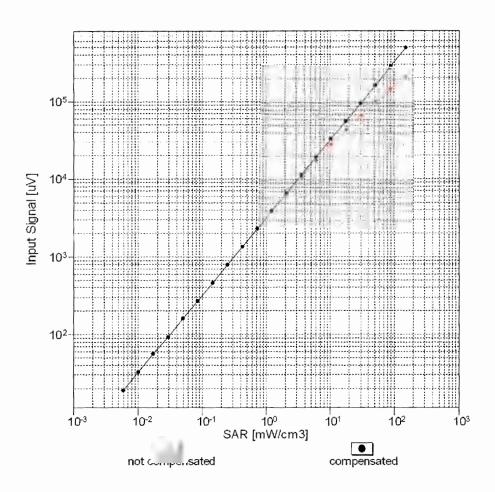
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

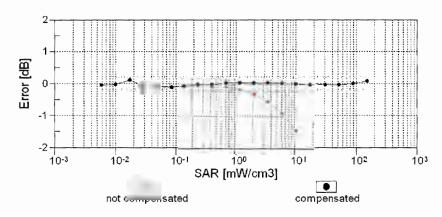




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

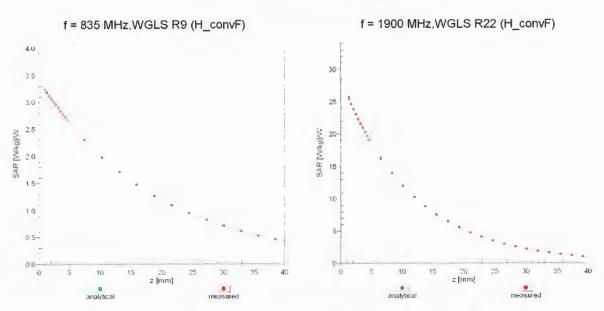
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



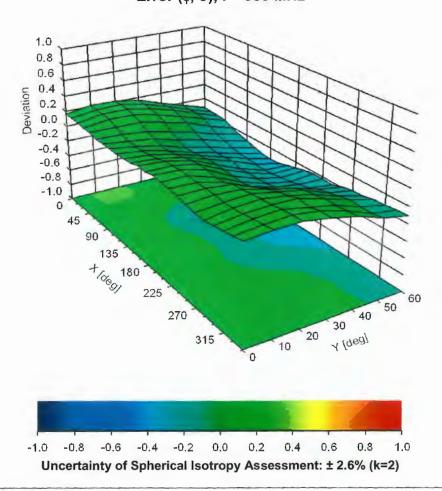


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

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Certificate No: EX3-7515_Oct19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7515

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

October 22, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

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Calibrated by:

Name Michael Weber Function

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: October 22, 2019

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG
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ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

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DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

 Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

• ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.

 Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

 Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

 Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required). EX3DV4 – SN:7515 October 22, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7515

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.42	0.51	0.45	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	94.8	98.3	95.0	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

מוט	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Max	Unc⁵
			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	dev.	(k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	141.0	±2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		158.5		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		145.1		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7515

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-5.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7515_Oct19

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7515

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.88	9.88	9.88	0.48	0.91	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.54	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.45	9.45	9.45	0.38	0.97	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.55	8.55	8.55	0.35	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.18	8.18	8.18	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.73	7.73	7.73	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.32	0.98	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.32	1.02	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.38	5.38	5.38	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

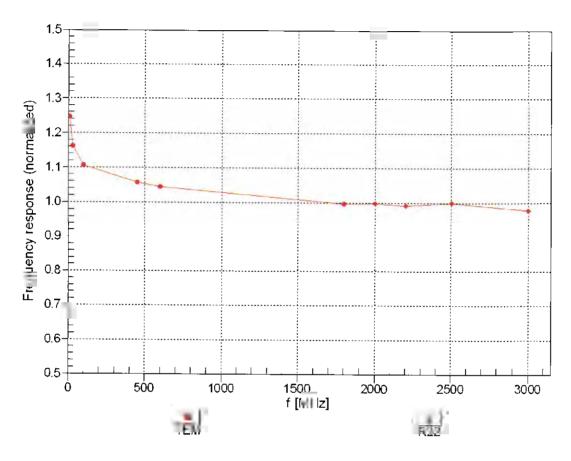
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

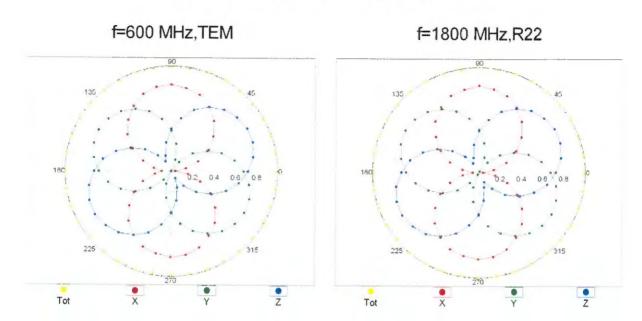
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance targer than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

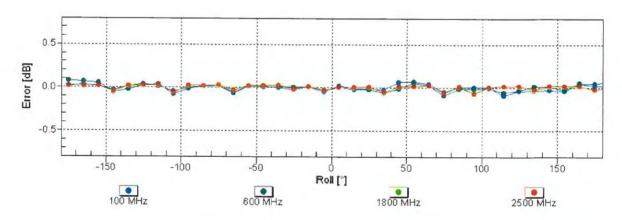
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

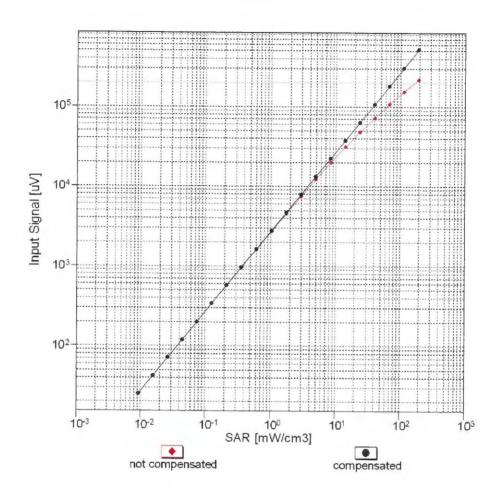
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

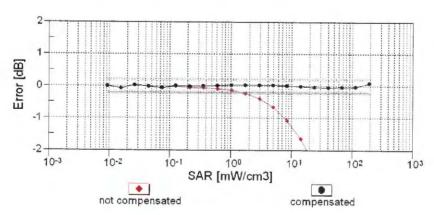




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

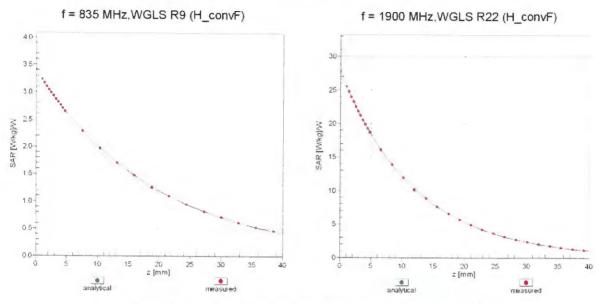
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz

