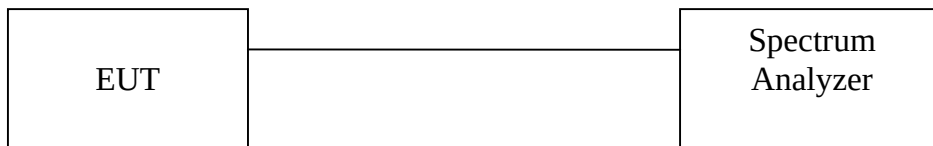


5.6 Number of Hopping Frequency Used

5.6.1 Test Procedure

1. Connect EUT antenna terminal to the spectrum analyzer with a low loss cable.
Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer
RBW: 300KHz
VBW: 1MHz
2. Set the spectrum analyzer on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

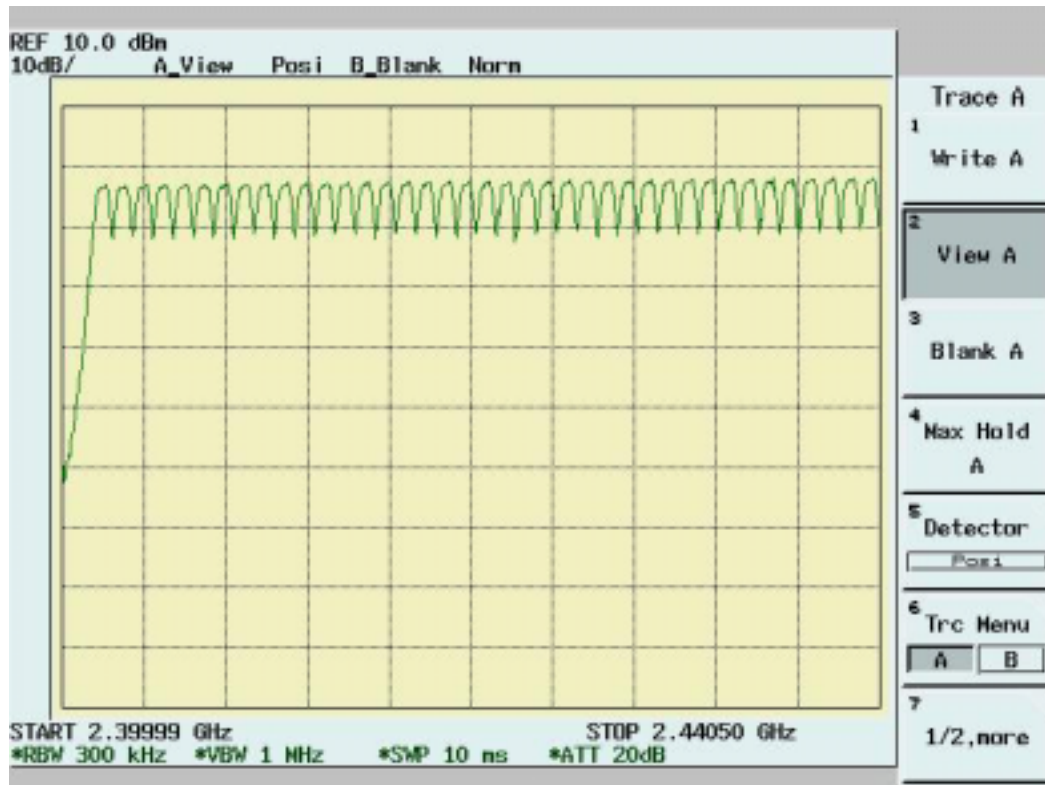
5.6.2 Test Setup



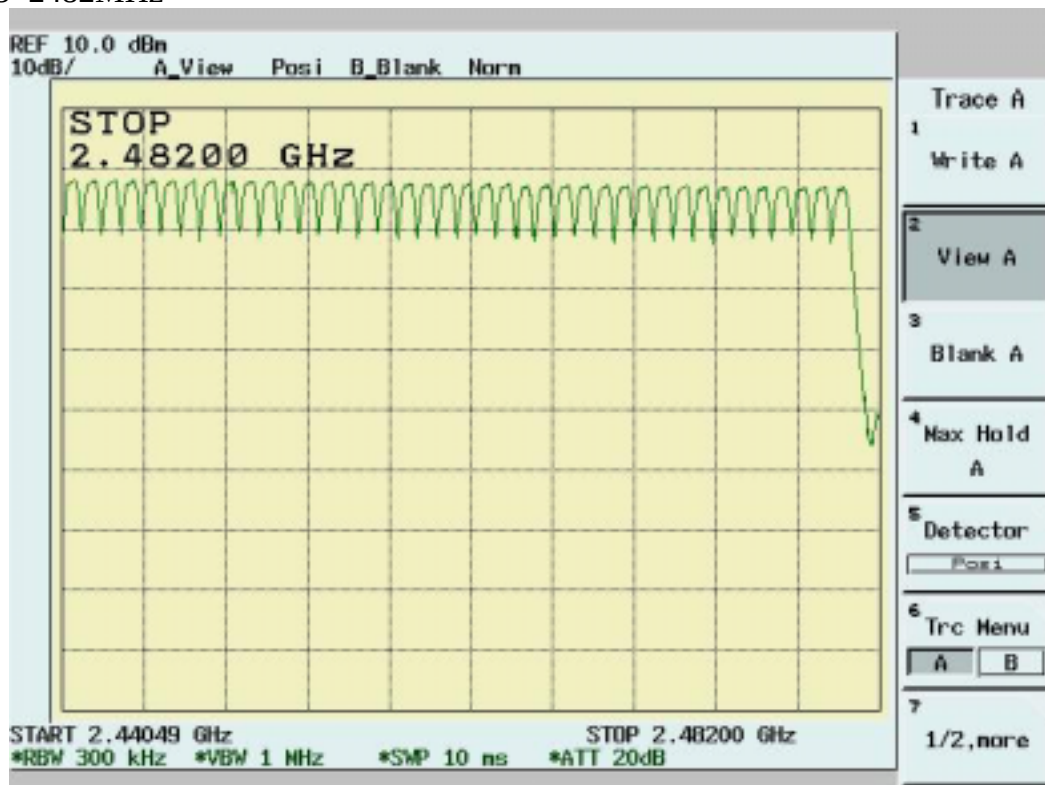
5.6.3 Test Data

Number of Hopping Frequency Used		
Test result	Limit (KHz)	Pass/Fail
79	>75	Pass

2400~2405MHz



2405~2482MHz

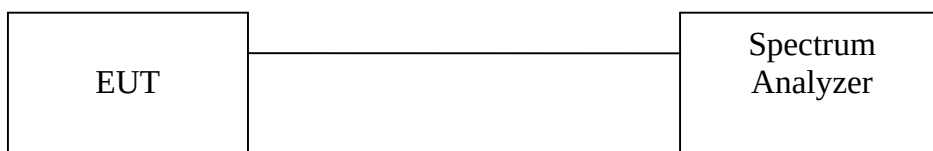


5.7 Dwell Time

5.7.1 Test Procedure

1. Connect EUT antenna terminal to the spectrum analyzer with a low loss cable.
Equipment mode: Spectrum analyzer
RBW: 1MHz
VBW: 1MHz
SPAN: Zero Span
2. Adjust the center frequency of spectrum analyzer on any frequency be measured.
3. Measure the Dwell Time by spectrum analyzer Marker function.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

5.7.2 Test Setup



5.7.3 Test Data

Dwell Time

Temperature (°C):25

Test Engineer:Jerry
Chiou

Humidity (%):55

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (μs)	Test Result (ms)	Limit (ms)		Pass/Fail
DH1	2402	420	268.80	<	400	Pass
DH3	2402	1672	356.69	<	400	Pass
DH5	2402	2920	373.76	<	400	Pass

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (μs)	Test Result (ms)	Limit (ms)		Pass/Fail
DH1	2441	420	268.80	<	400	Pass
DH3	2441	1672	356.69	<	400	Pass
DH5	2441	2920	373.76	<	400	Pass

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Reading (μs)	Test Result (ms)	Limit (ms)		Pass/Fail
DH1	2480	420	268.80	<	400	Pass
DH3	2480	1672	356.69	<	400	Pass
DH5	2480	2912	372.74	<	400	Pass

Note:

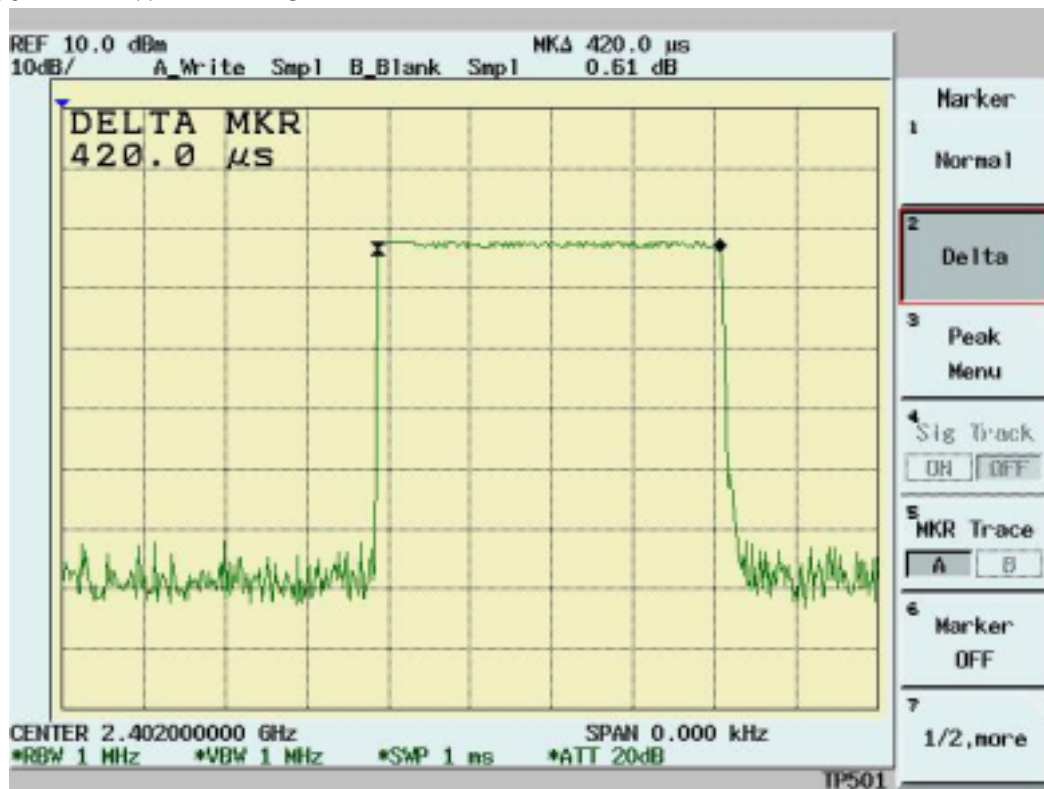
A period time=79x0.4(s)=31.6(s)

CH00 DH1 time slot= $420 (\mu s) * (1600 / (1 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 268.80 (ms)
 DH3 time slot= $1672 (\mu s) * (1600 / (3 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 356.69 (ms)
 DH5 time slot= $2920 (\mu s) * (1600 / (5 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 373.76 (ms)

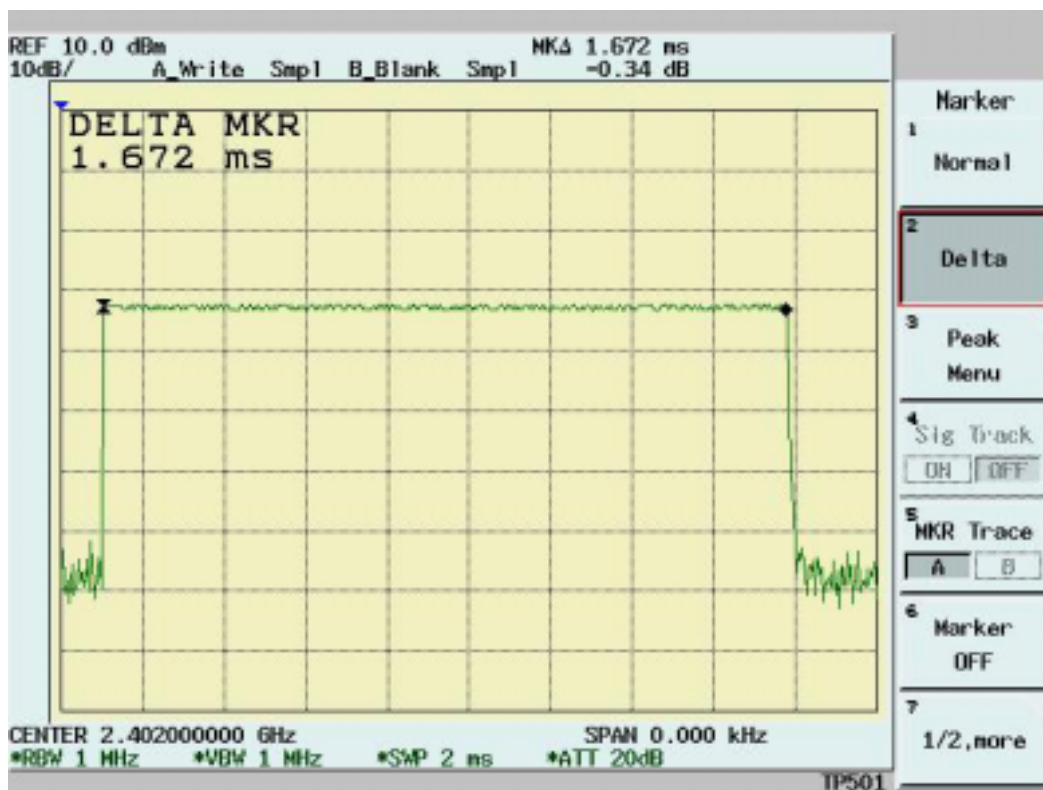
CH39 DH1 time slot= $420 (\mu s) * (1600 / (1 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 268.80 (ms)
 DH3 time slot= $1672 (\mu s) * (1600 / (3 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 356.69 (ms)
 DH5 time slot= $2920 (\mu s) * (1600 / (5 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 373.76 (ms)

CH78 DH1 time slot= $420 (\mu s) * (1600 / (1 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 268.80 (ms)
 DH3 time slot= $1672 (\mu s) * (1600 / (3 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 356.69 (ms)
 DH5 time slot= $2912 (\mu s) * (1600 / (5 * 79)) * 31.6 =$ 372.74 (ms)

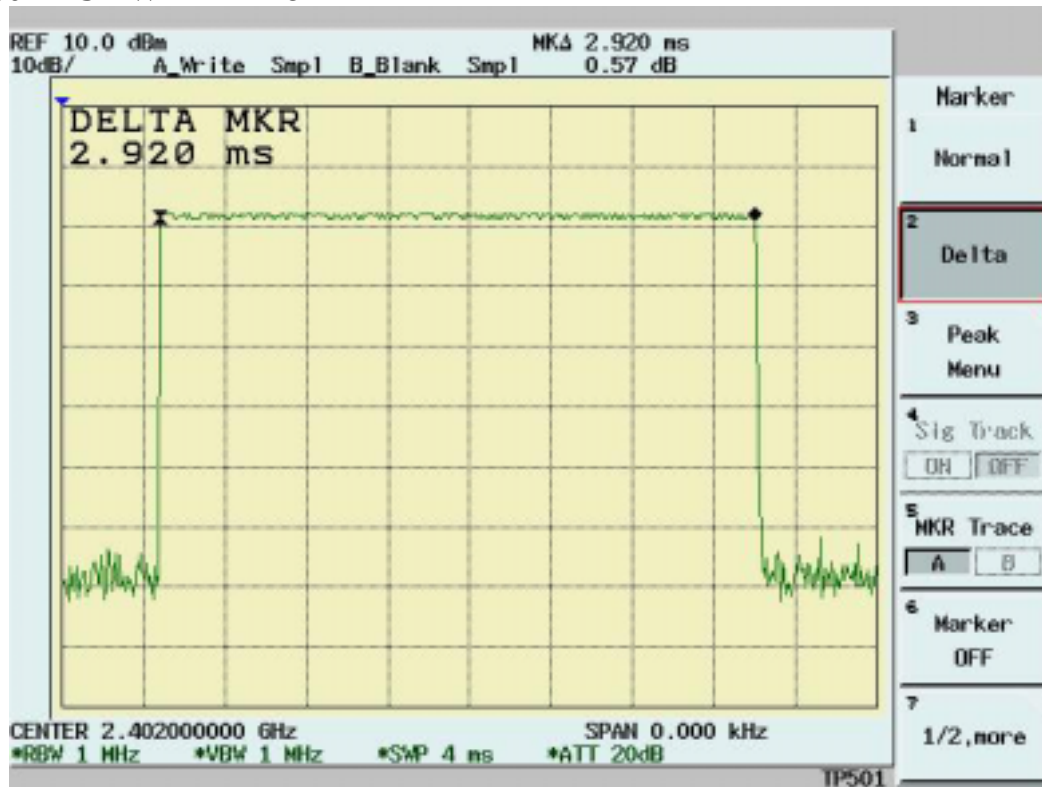
CH00 DH1 DWELL Time



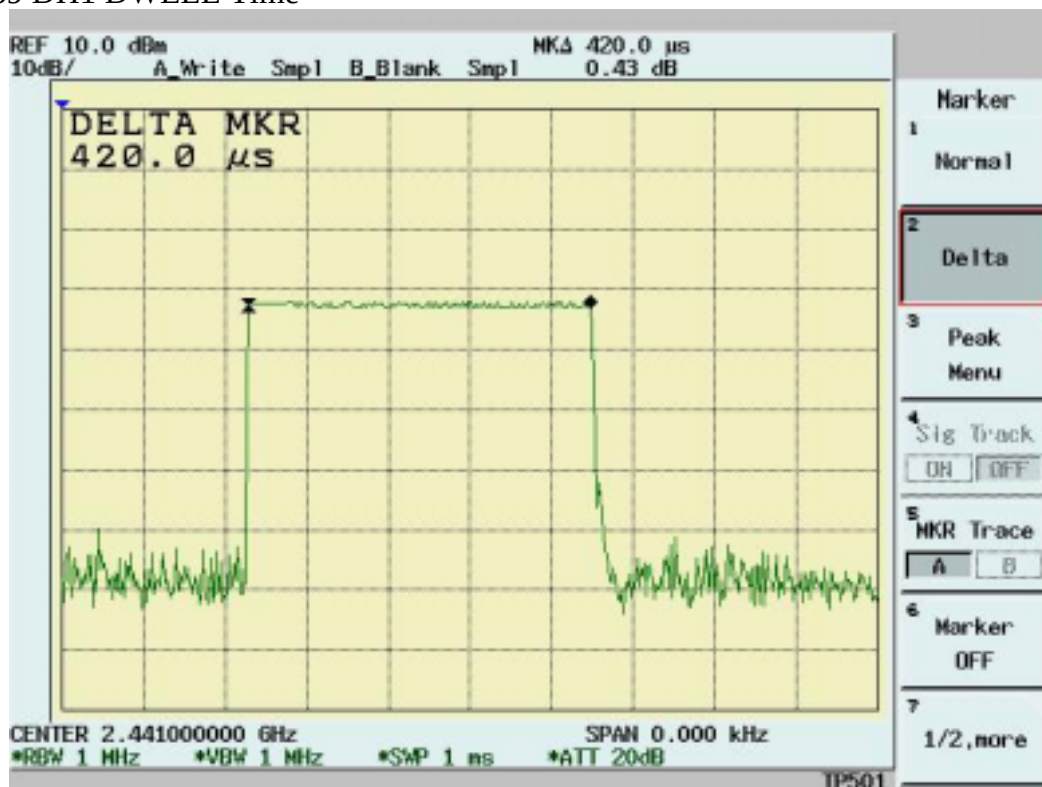
CH00 DH3 DWELL Time



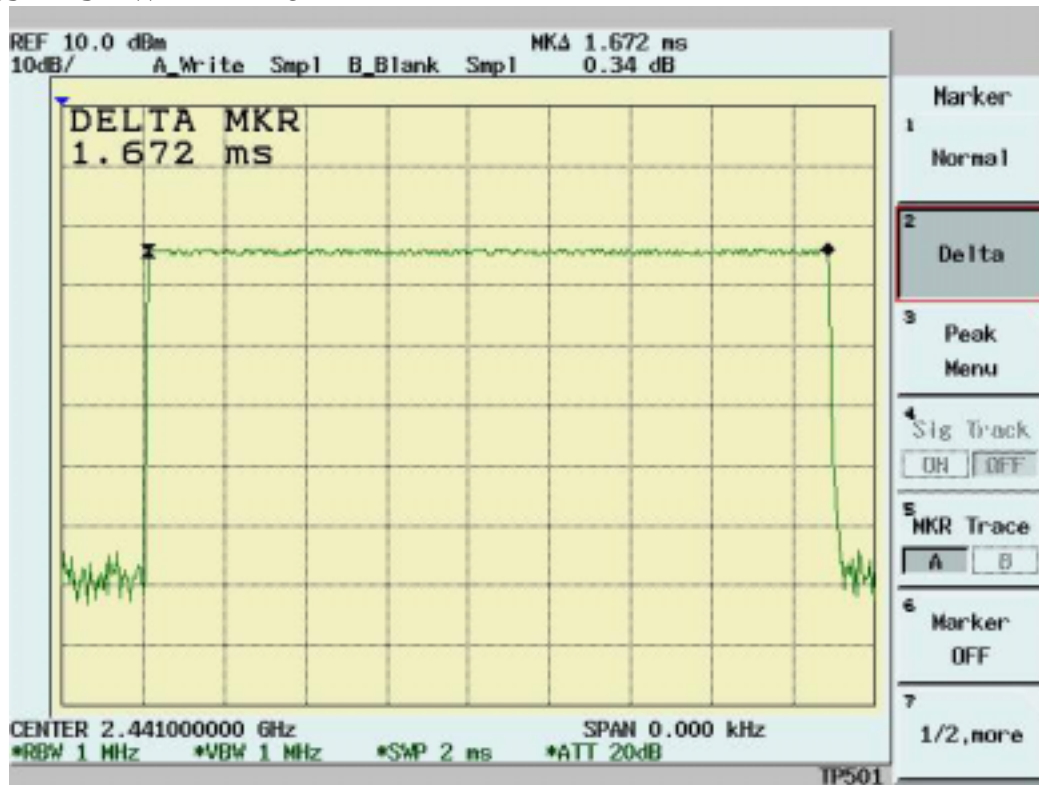
CH00 DH5 DWELL Time



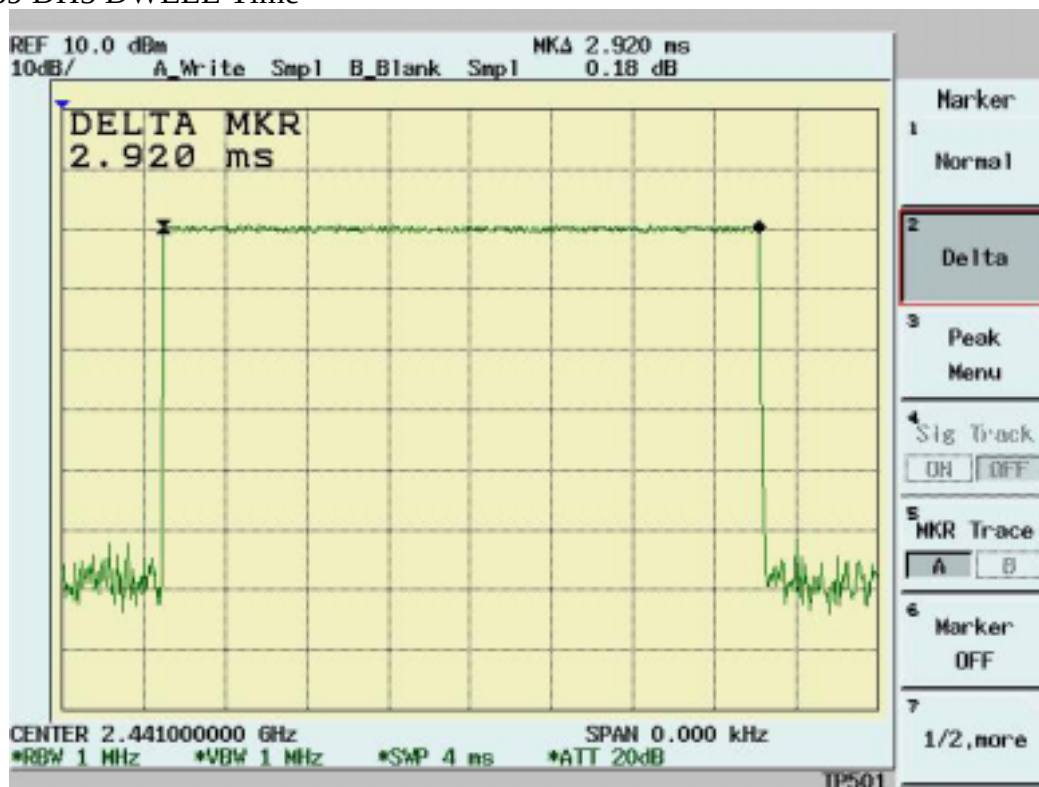
CH39 DH1 DWELL Time



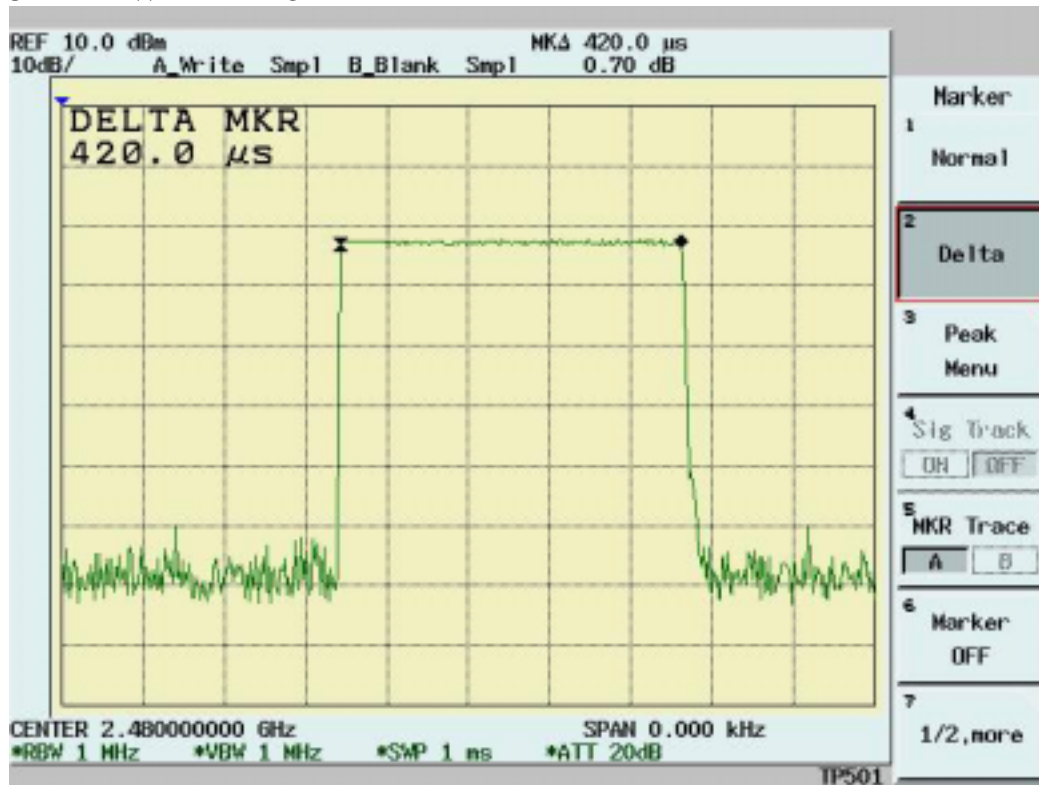
CH39 DH3 DWELL Time



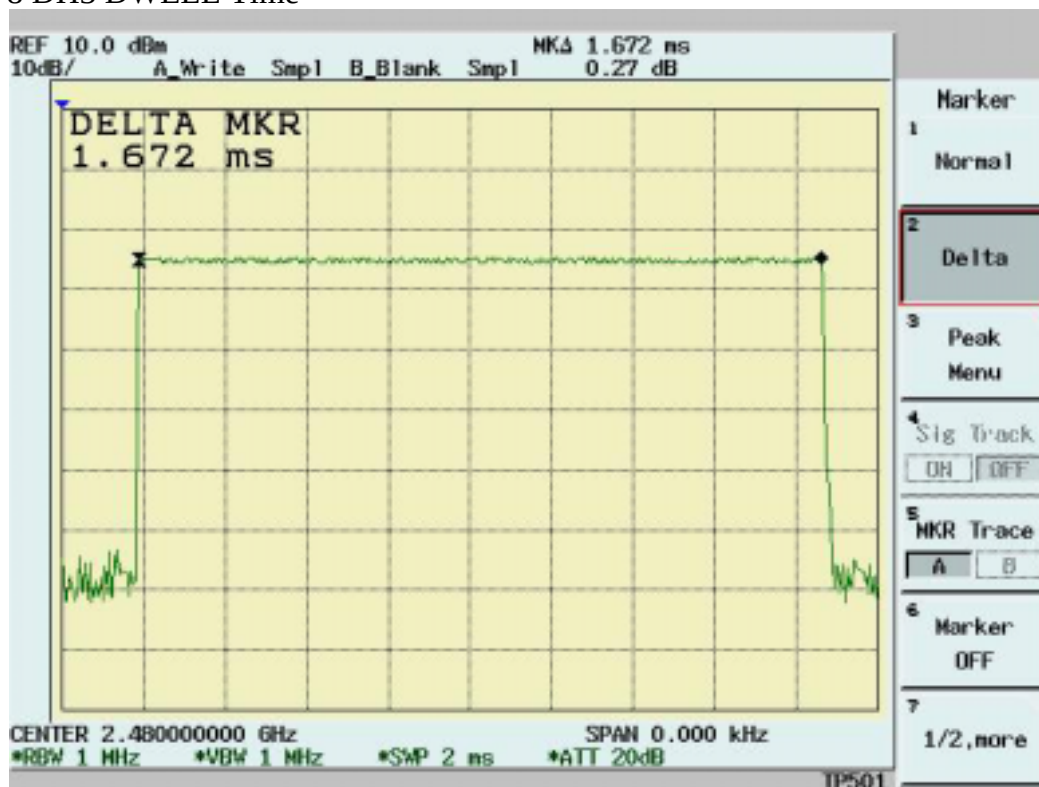
CH39 DH5 DWELL Time



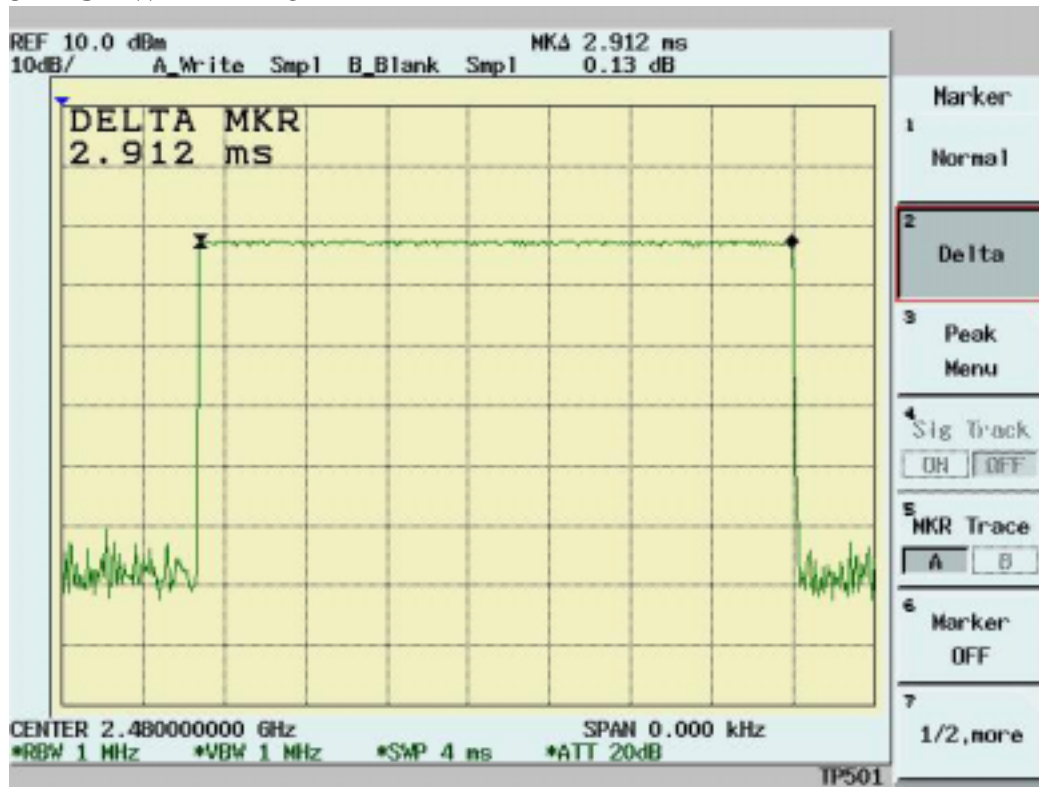
CH78 DH1 DWELL Time



CH78 DH3 DWELL Time



CH78 DH5 DWELL Time



6. Appendix

6.1 Appendix A: Measurement Procedure for Power line Conducted Emissions

The measurements are performed in a 3.5m x 3.4m x 2.5m shielded room, which referred as Conduction 01 test site, or a 3m x 3m x 2.3m test site, which referred as Conduction 02 test site. The EUT was placed on non-conduction 1.0m x 1.5m table, which is 0.8 meters above an earth-grounded.

Power to the EUT was provided through the LISN which has the Impedance (50ohm/50uH) vs. Frequency Characteristic in accordance with the required standard. Power to the LISNs were filtered to eliminate ambient signal interference and these filters were bonded to the ground plane. Peripheral equipment required to provide a functional system (support equipment) for EUT testing was powered from the second LISN through a ganged, metal power outlet box which is bonded to the ground plane at the LISN.

If the EUT is supplied with a flexible power cord, the power cord length in excess of the distance separating the EUT from the LISN shall be folded back and forth at the center of the lead so as to form a bundle not exceeding 40cm in length. If the EUT is provided with a permanently coiled power cord, bundling of the cord is not required. If the EUT is supplied without a power cord, the EUT shall be connected to the LISN by a power cord of the type specified by the manufacturer which shall not be longer than 1 meter. The excess power cord shall be bundled as described above. If a non-flexible power cord is provided with the EUT, it shall be cut to the length necessary to attach the EUT to the LISN and shall not be bundled.

The interconnecting cables were arranged and moved to get the maximum emission. Both the line of power cord, hot and neutral, were measured.

The highest emissions were analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer in fixed tuned mode to determine the nature of the emissions and to provide information which could be useful in reducing their amplitude.

6.2 Appendix B: Test Procedure for Radiated Emissions

Preliminary Measurements in the Anechoic Chamber

The radiated emissions are initially measured in the anechoic chamber at a measurement distance of 3 meters. Desktop EUT are placed on a wooden stand 0.8 meter in height. The measurement antenna is 3 meters from the EUT. The test setup in anechoic chamber is the same as open site. The turntable rotated 360°C. The antenna height is varied from 1-2.5m. The primary objective of the radiated measurements in the anechoic chamber is to identify the frequency spectrum in the absence of the electromagnetic environment existing on the open test site. The frequencies can then be pre-selected on the open test site to obtain the corresponding amplitude. The initial scan is made with the spectrum analyzer in automatic sweep mode. The spectrum peaks are then measured manually to determine the exact frequencies.

Measurements on the Open Site or 10m EMC Chamber

The radiated emissions test will then be repeated on the open site or 10m EMC chamber to measure the amplitudes accurately and without the multiple reflections existing in the shielded room. The EUT and support equipment are set up on the turntable of one of the 3 or 10 meter open field sites. Desktop EUT are set up on a wooden stand 0.8 meter above the ground.

For the initial measurements, the receiving antenna is varied from 1-4 meter height and is changed in the vertical plane from vertical to horizontal polarization at each frequency. Both reading are recorded with the quasi-peak detector with 120KHz bandwidth. For frequency between 30 MHz and 1000MHz, the reading is recorded with peak detector or quasi-peak detector. For frequency above 1 GHz, the reading is recorded with peak detector or average detector with 1 MHz bandwidth.

At the highest amplitudes observed, the EUT is rotated in the horizontal plane while changing the antenna polarization in the vertical plane to maximize the reading. The interconnecting cables were arranged and moved to get the maximum emission. Once the maximum reading is obtained, the antenna elevation and polarization will be varied between specified limits to maximize the readings.

6.3 Appendix C: Test Equipment

6.3.1 Test Equipment List

Location	Equipment Name	Brand	Model	S/N	Last Cal. Date	Next Cal. Date
Conduction	Coaxial Cable 1F-C2	Harbourindustries	RG400	1F-C2	05/20/2005	05/20/2006
Conduction	Digital Hygro-Thermometer Conduct	MicroLife	HT-2126G	ISL-Conduction02	11/30/2004	11/30/2005
Conduction	EMI Receiver 02	HP	85460A	3448A00183	10/01/2005	10/01/2006
Conduction	LISN 01	R&S	ESH2-Z5	890485/013	05/05/2005	05/05/2006
Conduction	LISN 06	R&S	ESH3-Z5	828874/009	12/18/2004	12/18/2005
Radiation	BILOG Antenna 08	Schaffner	CBL6112B	2756	06/07/2005	06/07/2006
Radiation	Coaxial Cable Chmb 02-10M	Belden	RG-8/U	Chmb 02-10M	11/16/2004	11/16/2005
Radiation	Digital Hygro-Thermometer Chmb 02	MicroLife	HT-2126G	Chmb 02	11/30/2004	12/30/2005
Radiation	EMI Receiver 03	HP	85460A	3448A00209	03/24/2005	03/24/2006
Radiation	Spectrum Analyzer 13	Advantest	R3132	121200411	02/16/2005	02/16/2006
Radiation	Horn Antenna 02	Com-Power	AH-118	10088	07/22/2005	07/22/2006
Radiation	Horn Antenna 04	Com-Power	AH-826	081-001	01/13/2005	01/13/2006
Radiation	Horn Antenna 05	Com-Power	AH-640	100A	09/30/2005	09/30/2006
Radiation	Microwave Cable RF SK-01	HUBER+SUHNERAG.	Sucoflex 102	22139 /2	07/07/2005	07/07/2006
Chamber 05	Peak Power Analyzer	HP	8990A	3621A01269	02/15/2005	02/15/2006
Chamber 05	Power Sensor Radar	HP	84815A	3318A01828	02/15/2005	02/15/2006
Radiation	Preamplifier 02	MITEQ	AFS44-00102 650-40-10P-44	728229	01/28/2005	01/28/2006
Radiation	Preamplifier 10	MITEQ	JS-26004000-2 7-5A	818471	02/28/2005	02/28/2006
Radiation	High Pass Filter 01	HEWLETT-PACKARD	84300-80038	001	N/A	N/A
Radiation	High Pass Filter 02	HEWLETT-PACKARD	84300-80039	005	N/A	N/A
Radiation	Spectrum Analyzer 07	Advantest	R3182	110600649	04/21/2005	04/21/2006

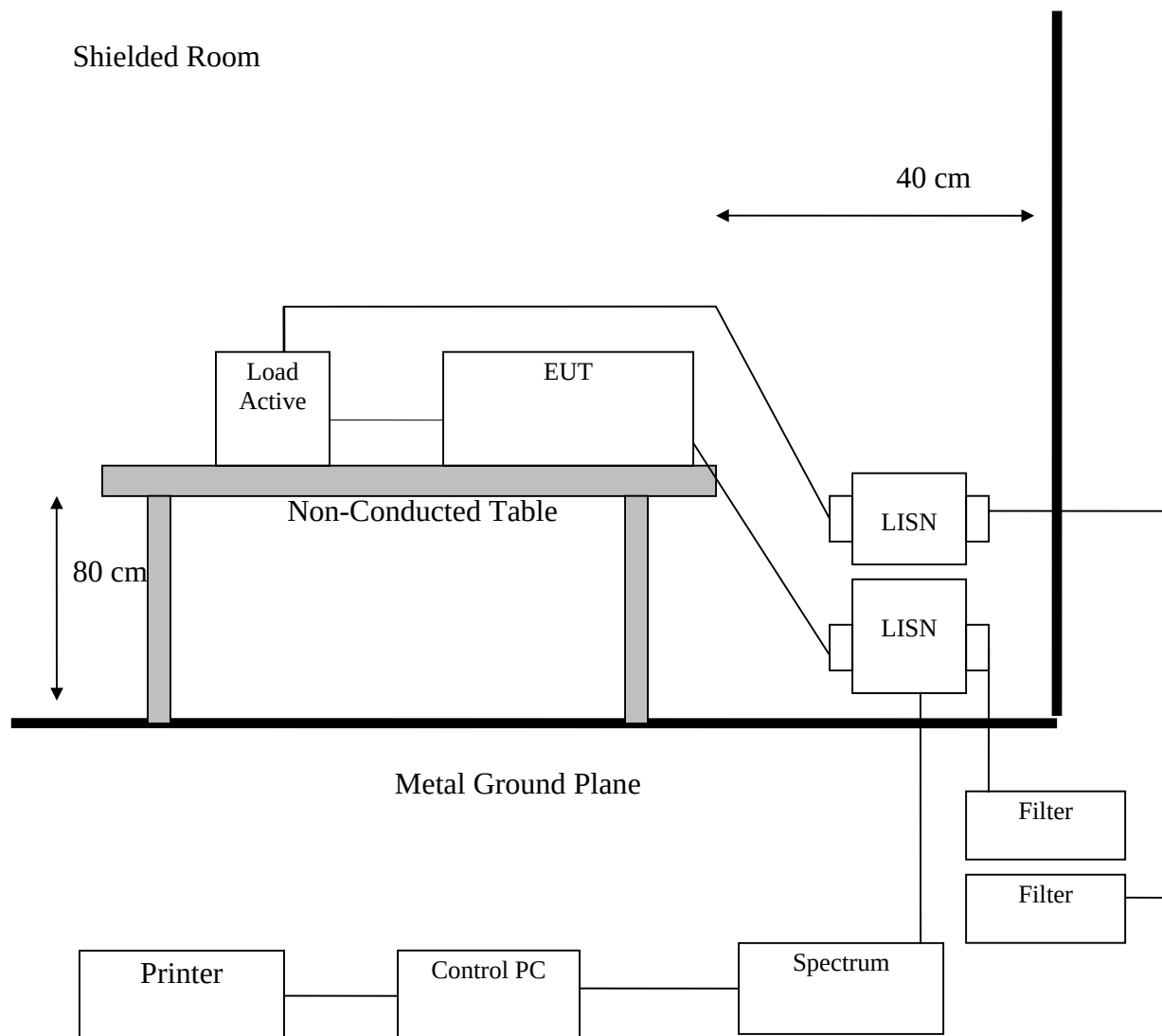
Note: Calibration is traceable to NIST or national or international standards.

6.3.2 Software for Controlling Spectrum/Receiver and Calculating Test Data

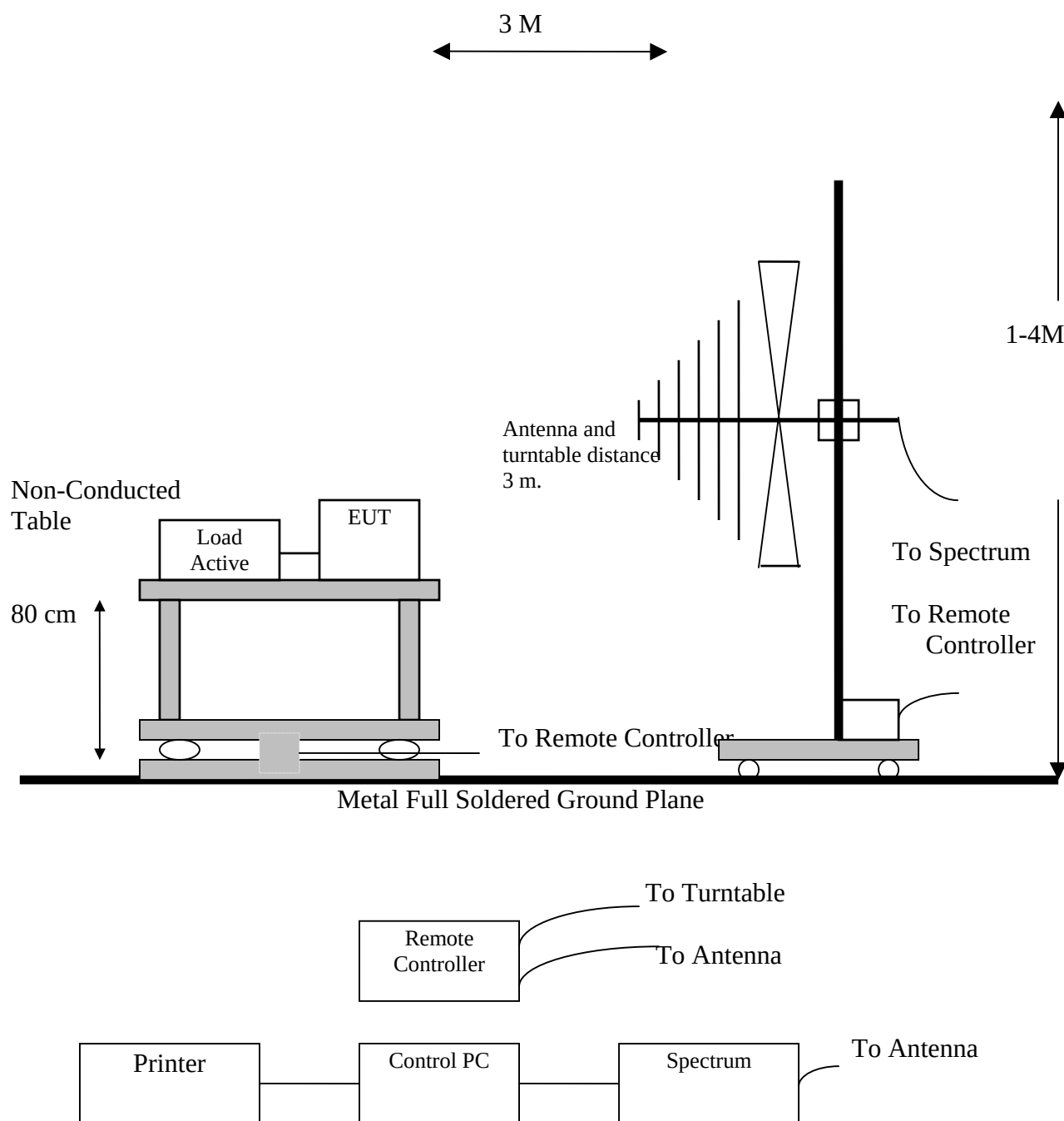
Radiation/Conduction	Filename	Version	Issued Date
Conduction	Tile.exe	1.12E	7/7/2000
Radiation	Tile.exe	1.12C	6/16/2000

6.4 Appendix D: Layout of EUT and Support Equipment

6.4.1 General Conducted Test Configuration



6.4.2 General Radiation Test Configuration



6.5 Appendix E: Description of Support Equipment

6.5.1 Description of Support Equipment

None

6.5.2 Software for Controlling Support Unit

Test programs exercising various part of EUT were used. The programs were executed as follows:

- A. Read and write to the disk drives.
- B. The RF software makes the transmitter continuously sending RF signals
- C. Repeat the above steps.

	Filename	Issued Date
Bluetooth	Mabolas.exe	2005/08/23
WLAN	SEMRFTool_24XX.exe	2005/09/27

6.5.3 I/O Cable Condition of EUT and Support Units

Description	Path	Cable Length	Cable Type	Connector Type
AC Power Cord	110V (~240V) to AC Power Cord Inlet (3-pin)	1.8M	Nonshielded, Detachable	Plastic Head

6.6 Appendix F: Accuracy of Measurement

Test Site: Conduction 02

Item	Source of Uncertainty	Probability Distribution	Total Uncertainties (dB)		Standard Uncertainty (dB)	
1	Systematic Effects: (Assessment from 20 repeat observation; 1 reading on EUT)	Normal	k=2	0.104	k=1	0.052
2	Random Effects: (Assessment from 20 random observations; 1 reading on EUT)	Normal	k=2	0.330	k=1	0.165
3	Receiver Calibration	Rectangular	k=1.73	1.000	k=1	0.577
4	LISN Factor Calibration	Normal	k=2	1.200	k=1	0.600
5	Cable Loss Calibration	Normal	k=2	1.000	k=1	0.500
6	Combined Standard Uncertainty Uc(y)	Normal			k=1	0.850
7	Total Uncertainty @95% mim. Confidence Level	Normal	k=2	1.701		

Measurement Uncertainty Calculations:

$$U_c(y) = \text{square root} (u_1(y)^2 + u_2(y)^2 + \dots + u_n(y)^2)$$

$$U = 2 * U_c(y)$$

Note: The measurement Uncertainties mentioned above also refer to NIS 81-1994 of NAMAS :
The treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurement.

Test Site: Chamber 02-3M

Item	Source of Uncertainty	Probability Distribution	Total Uncertainties (dB)		Standard Uncertainty (dB)	
1	Systematic Effects: (Assessment from 20 repeat observation; 1 reading on EUT)	Normal	k=2	0.067	k=1	0.034
2	Random Effects: (Assessment from 20 random observations; 1 reading on EUT)	Normal	k=2	0.103	k=1	0.052
3	Receiver Calibration	Rectangular	k=1.73	1.000	k=1	0.577
4	Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal	k=2	1.700	k=1	0.850
5	Cable Loss Calibration	Normal	k=2	1.000	k=1	0.500
6	Combined Standard Uncertainty $U_c(y)$	Normal			k=1	1.029
7	Total Uncertainty @95% mim. Confidence Level	Normal	k=2	2.059		

Measurement Uncertainty Calculations:

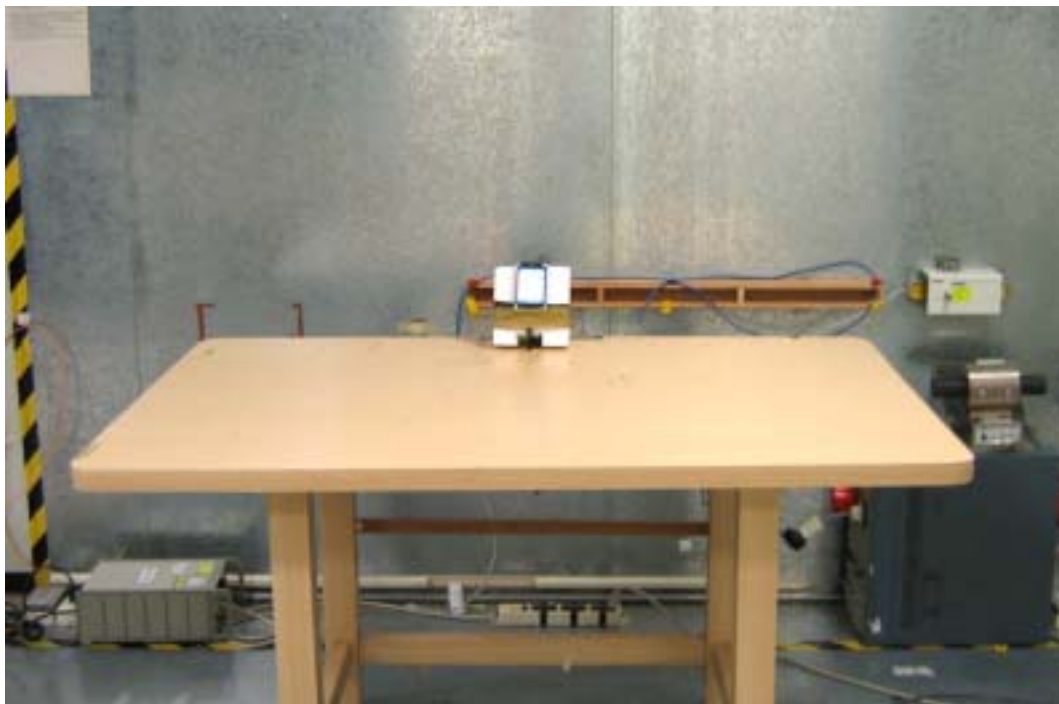
$$U_c(y) = \text{square root} (u_1(y)^2 + u_2(y)^2 + \dots + u_n(y)^2)$$

$$U = 2 * U_c(y)$$

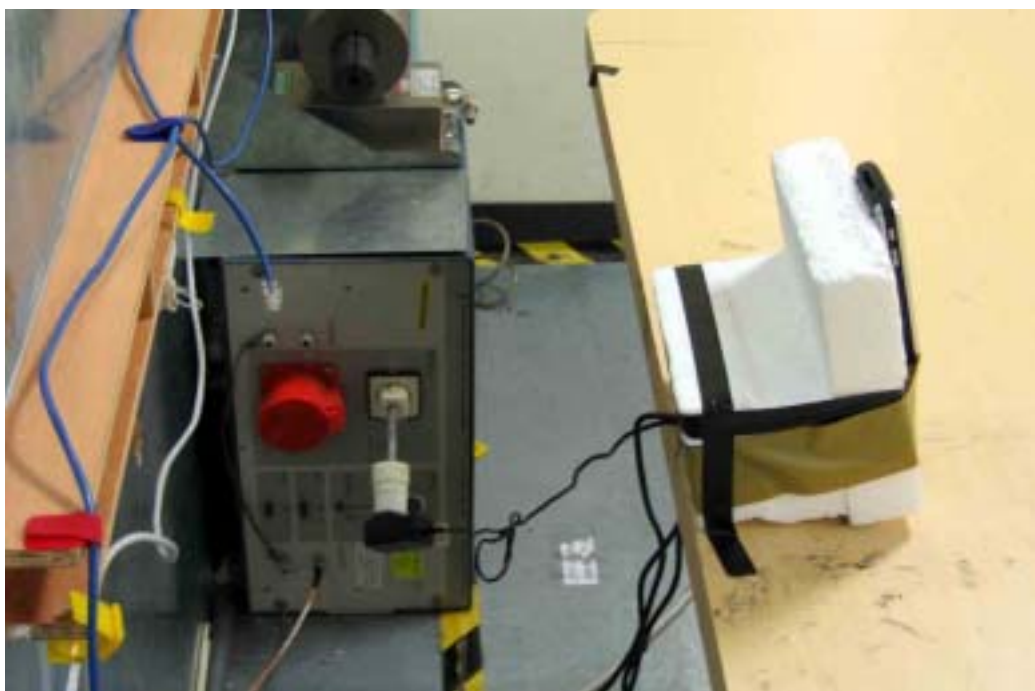
Note: The measurement Uncertainties mentioned above also refer to NIS 81-1994 of NAMAS :
The treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurement.

6.7 Appendix G: Photographs of EUT Configuration Test Set Up

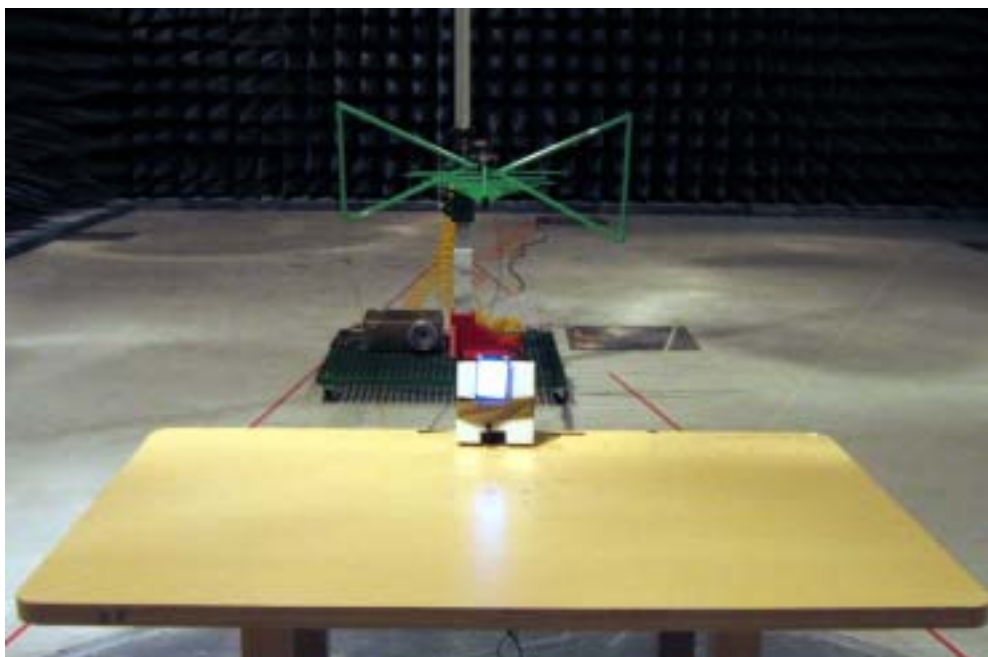
The Front View of Highest Conducted Set-up For EUT



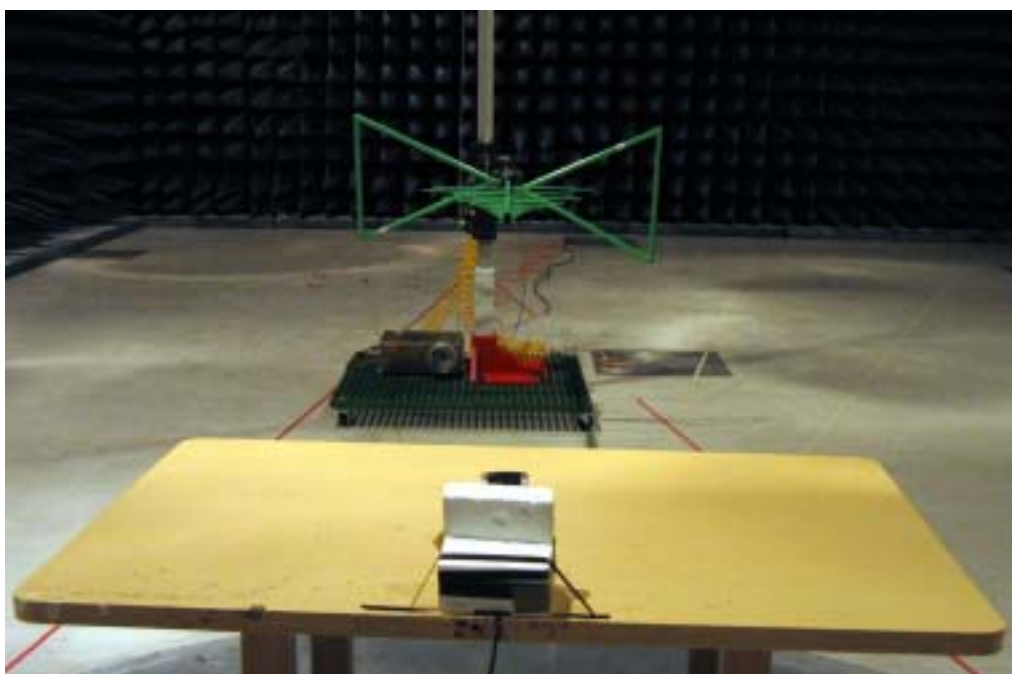
The Back View of Highest Conducted Set-up For EUT



The Front View of Highest Radiated Set-up For EUT



The Back View of Highest Radiated Set-up For EUT



6.8 Appendix H: Antenna Spec.

Please refer to the attached file.