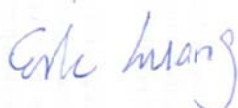


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Acer Incorporated
EQUIPMENT : Smart HandHeld
BRAND NAME : Acer
MODEL NAME : Z410
MARKETING NAME : Liquid Z410
FCC ID : HLZDMZ410
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China



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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Acer Incorporated, Smart HandHeld, Z410**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	
PCE	GSM850	0.85	1.18	1.18	1.27
	GSM1900	0.30	0.45	0.45	
	WCDMA Band V	0.42	0.53	0.53	
	WCDMA Band II	0.36	0.60	0.60	
	LTE Band 17	0.35	0.62	0.62	
	LTE Band 4	0.47	0.78	0.78	
	LTE Band 2	0.35	0.55	0.55	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.17	<0.10	<0.10	1.24
DSS	Bluetooth				1.27
Date of Testing:		Dec. 06, 2014 ~ Dec. 12, 2014			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.



2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958

Applicant	
Company Name	Acer Incorporated
Address	8F., No. 88, Sec. 1, Xintai 5th Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 22181, Taiwan (R.O.C)

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Shanghai Sunrise Simcom Limited
Address	No. 888, Shengli Rd., Qingpu, Shanghai, P.R.China 201700

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Smart HandHeld
Brand Name	Acer
Model Name	Z410
Marketing Name	Liquid Z410
FCC ID	HLZDMZ410
IMEI Code	SIM1: 354623060650059 SIM2: 354623060651453
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • HSPA+ (Downlink Only) • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11b/g/n/ HT20/HT40 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation. 2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 4. The EUT do not support DTM function 5. This device has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active). 	



4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.0	29.5
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.0	29.5
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.5	29.0
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	31.0	27.5
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	30.0	26.5
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	28.0	26.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	26.0	24.0
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	25.0	23.0

Mode	Average power(dBm)	
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.5	22.5
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.5	22.5
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.0	21.0
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.0	21.0
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.5	20.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.5	20.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	20.0	20.0
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.0	20.0
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.0	21.0
HSUPA Subtest-4	20.0	20.0
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.5	21.5

LTE Band 17				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5

LTE Band 4				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	22.5
QPSK	20	> 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	> 18	2	20.5
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	22.5
QPSK	15	> 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	> 16	2	20.5
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	22.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	20.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	22.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	20.5
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	22.5
QPSK	3	> 4	1	21.5
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	21.5
16QAM	3	> 4	2	20.5
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	22.5
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	21.5
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	21.5
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	20.5

LTE Band 2				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	22.5
QPSK	20	> 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	> 18	2	20.5
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	22.5
QPSK	15	> 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	> 16	2	20.5
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	22.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	20.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	22.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	20.5
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	22.5
QPSK	3	> 4	1	21.5
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	21.5
16QAM	3	> 4	2	20.5
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	22.5
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	21.5
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	21.5
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	20.5

LTE Band 7				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	22.5
QPSK	20	> 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	21.5
16QAM	20	> 18	2	20.5
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	22.5
QPSK	15	> 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	21.5
16QAM	15	> 16	2	20.5
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	22.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	21.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	20.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	22.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	21.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	20.5

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	11.0
	802.11g	8.0
	802.11n-HT20	8.0
	802.11n-HT40	8.5
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR		6.5
Bluetooth v4.0 LE		-1.0



4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03																																							
FCC ID	HLZDMZ410																																						
Equipment Name	Smart HandHeld																																						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz																																						
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																						
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM																																						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only																																						
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<table border="1"> <caption>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3</caption> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>> 5</td> <td>> 4</td> <td>> 8</td> <td>> 12</td> <td>> 16</td> <td>> 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)																																
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz																																	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1																																
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																						
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																						

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz							
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)					
L	23755		706.5		23780		709					
M	23790		710		23790		710					
H	23825		713.5		23800		711					
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535				
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560				

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

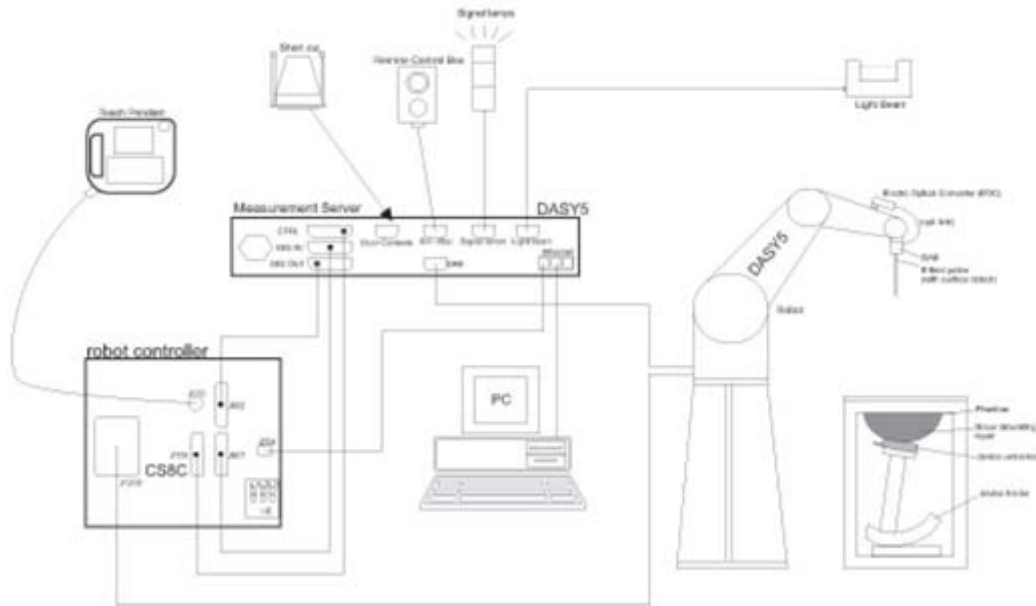
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	May 16, 2014	May 15, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 24, 2014	Mar. 23, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 25, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 21, 2014	Mar. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 21, 2014	Aug. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Aug. 21, 2014	Aug. 20, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 19, 2014	May 18, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 23, 2014	May 22, 2015
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	May 03, 2014	May 02, 2015
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201091028	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	May 04, 2014	May 03, 2015
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300475	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Jan. 04, 2014	Jan. 03, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	0917070	Feb. 27, 2014	Feb. 26, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Feb. 27, 2014	Feb. 26, 2015
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101045	Dec. 30, 2013	Dec. 29, 2014
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r03, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole D1750V2, SN: 1090, can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1750	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.37	40.1
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1750	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.49	53.4
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.882	40.803	0.89	41.90	-0.90	-2.62	±5	2014/12/11
835	Head	22.7	0.885	41.086	0.90	41.50	-1.67	-1.00	±5	2014/12/11
1750	Head	22.8	1.375	41.541	1.37	40.10	0.36	3.59	±5	2014/12/8
1900	Head	22.8	1.424	38.966	1.40	40.00	1.71	-2.59	±5	2014/12/8
2450	Head	22.5	1.818	39.202	1.80	39.20	1.00	0.01	±5	2014/12/12
2600	Head	22.6	1.974	38.204	1.96	39.00	0.71	-2.04	±5	2014/12/11
750	Body	22.9	0.963	54.242	0.96	55.50	0.31	-2.27	±5	2014/12/7
835	Body	22.9	0.980	54.449	0.97	55.20	1.03	-1.36	±5	2014/12/7
1750	Body	22.7	1.517	55.044	1.49	53.40	1.81	3.08	±5	2014/12/6
1900	Body	22.7	1.551	53.240	1.52	53.30	2.04	-0.11	±5	2014/12/6
2450	Body	22.8	1.928	51.179	1.95	52.70	-1.13	-2.89	±5	2014/12/12
2600	Body	22.6	2.209	51.123	2.16	52.50	2.27	-2.62	±5	2014/12/7

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/12/11	750	Head	250	1012	3857	1210	2.08	8.12	8.32	2.46
2014/12/11	835	Head	250	499	3857	1210	2.19	9.13	8.76	-4.05
2014/12/8	1750	Head	250	1090	3857	1210	8.78	36.90	35.12	-4.82
2014/12/8	1900	Head	250	5d041	3857	1210	9.43	41.00	37.72	-8.00
2014/12/12	2450	Head	250	736	3857	1210	12.00	51.80	48	-7.34
2014/12/11	2600	Head	250	1008	3857	1210	14.90	57.10	59.6	4.38
2014/12/7	750	Body	250	1012	3857	1210	2.08	8.65	8.32	-3.82
2014/12/7	835	Body	250	499	3857	1210	2.31	9.46	9.24	-2.33
2014/12/6	1750	Body	250	1090	3857	1210	8.87	38.10	35.48	-6.88
2014/12/6	1900	Body	250	5d041	3857	1210	10.30	41.00	41.2	0.49
2014/12/12	2450	Body	250	736	3857	1210	12.20	50.60	48.8	-3.56
2014/12/7	2600	Body	250	1008	3857	1210	14.80	55.30	59.2	7.05

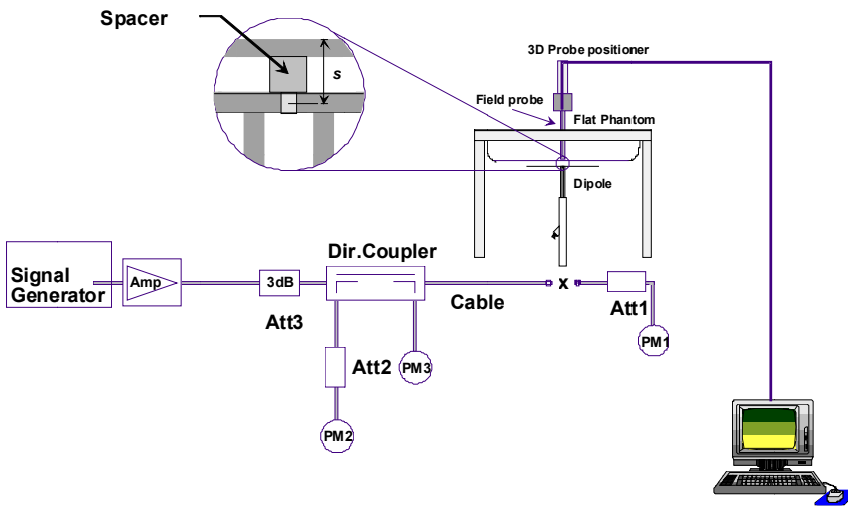


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

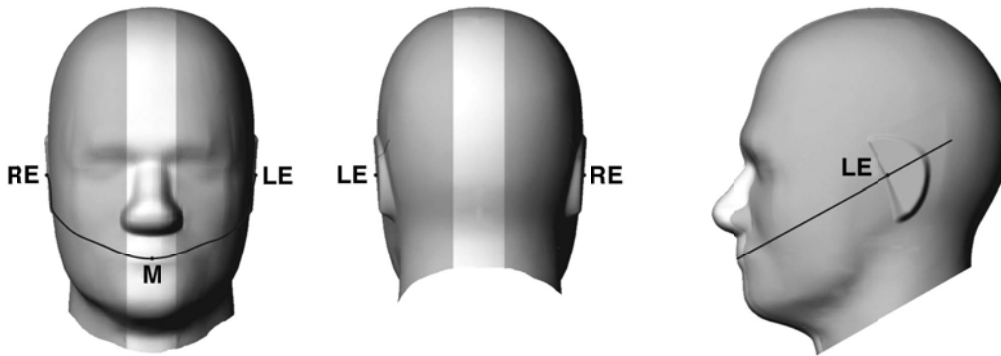


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

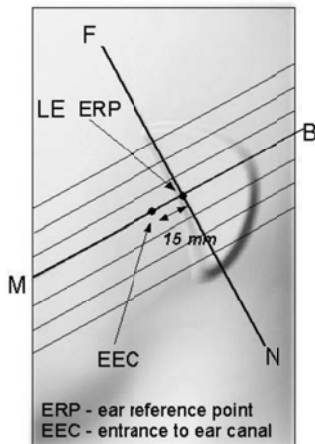


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

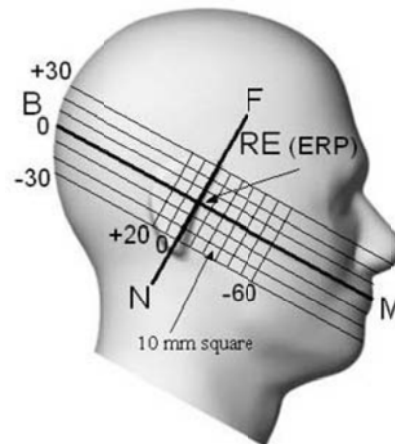


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

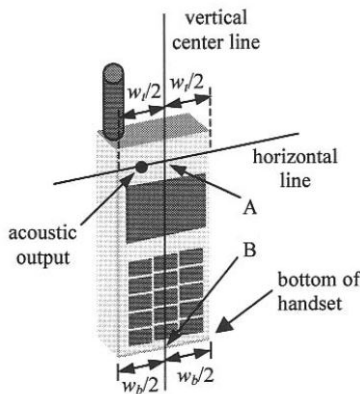


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

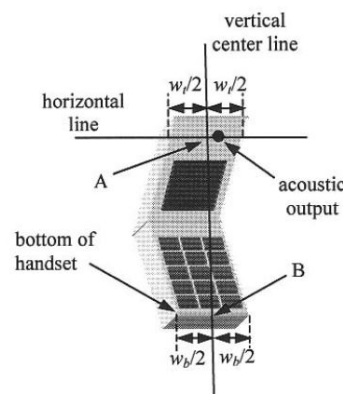


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

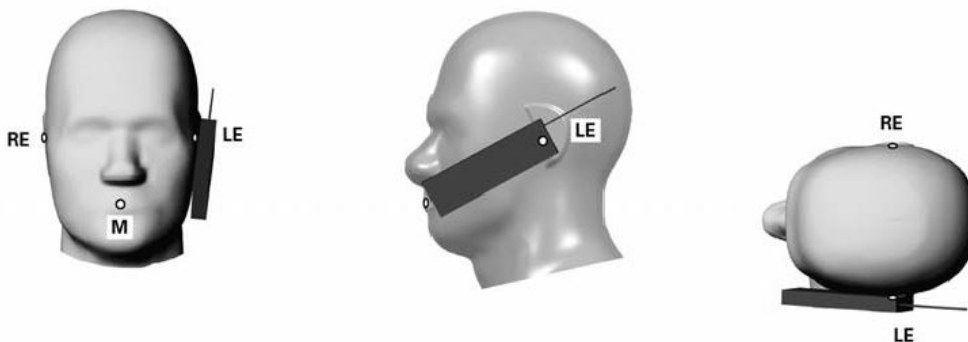


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

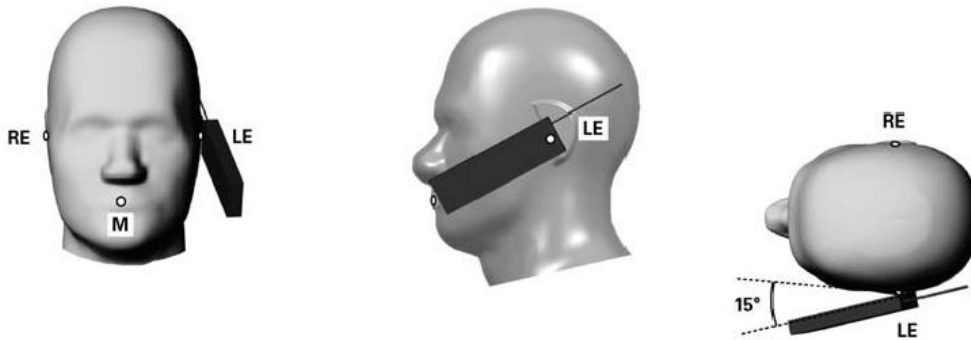


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

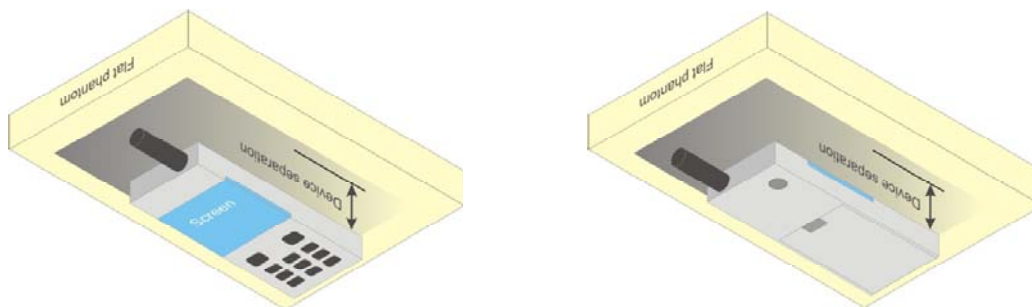


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	TX Channel	128	189		251	128	189	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.51	32.49	32.63	33.0	23.51	23.49	23.63	24.0
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.51	32.47	32.60	33.0	23.51	23.47	23.60	24.0
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.82	31.89	32.01	32.5	25.82	25.89	26.01	26.5
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	30.32	30.30	30.44	31.0	26.06	26.04	26.18	26.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	29.24	29.22	29.35	30.0	26.24	26.22	26.35	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	28.32	28.11	27.79	29.0	19.32	19.11	18.79	20.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	27.49	27.25	26.96	28.0	21.49	21.25	20.96	22.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	25.51	25.21	24.85	26.0	21.25	20.95	20.59	21.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.40	24.11	23.77	25.0	21.40	21.11	20.77	22.0

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	TX Channel	512	661		810	512	661	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.34	29.30	29.35	29.5	20.34	20.30	20.35	20.5
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.31	29.25	29.34	29.5	20.31	20.25	20.34	20.5
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.74	28.70	28.75	29.0	22.74	22.70	22.75	23.0
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	27.17	27.16	27.23	27.5	22.91	22.90	22.97	23.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.11	26.07	26.18	26.5	23.11	23.07	23.18	23.5
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.30	26.59	26.58	27.0	17.30	17.59	17.58	18.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	25.33	25.67	25.61	26.0	19.33	19.67	19.61	20.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.41	23.76	23.75	24.0	19.15	19.50	19.49	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.27	22.70	22.64	23.0	19.27	19.70	19.64	20.0

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCl
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCl is equal to the target E-TFCl of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCl
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCl
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Band			WCDMA V			WCDMA II		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.65	22.76	23.02	21.80	22.00	22.23
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.68	22.78	23.03	21.81	22.00	22.26
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	20.60	20.66	20.96	19.80	19.99	20.34
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	20.61	20.68	20.97	19.87	20.02	20.28
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	20.60	20.67	20.98	19.85	20.03	20.28
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.61	20.67	20.96	19.84	20.02	20.28
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.57	19.61	19.91	19.19	19.52	19.60
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.49	19.51	19.83	19.12	19.45	19.58
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.48	20.53	20.84	20.12	20.46	20.62
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.06	19.09	19.37	18.70	19.07	19.11
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.92	20.96	21.28	20.53	20.89	21.02

<LTE Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



<LTE Band 17 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.41	22.45	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.60	22.68	22.66		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.55	22.47	22.37		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.55	21.56	21.64	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.65	21.76	21.71		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.73	21.72	21.66		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.65	21.68	21.65	22.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.60	21.86	21.67		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.09	21.98	22.19		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.89	21.66	21.93	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.44	20.57	20.62		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.63	20.56	20.60		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.62	20.67	20.60		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.58	20.59	20.59		
Channel				23755	23790	23825		
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.30	22.57	22.53	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.58	22.63	22.62		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.50	22.56	22.18		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.54	21.67	21.65	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.57	21.72	21.62		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.63	21.73	21.55		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.54	21.66	21.56	22.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.93	21.63		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.78	22.15	22.01		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.76	21.80	21.24	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.41	20.68	20.64		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.44	20.61	20.52		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.53	20.73	20.46		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.48	20.61	20.60		



<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.82	21.96	21.76	22.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.31	21.45	21.52		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.41	21.34	21.43		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.57	20.59	20.50	21.5	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.53	20.50	20.55		
20	QPSK	50	49	20.41	20.47	20.49		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.43	20.46	20.44	21.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	20.86	20.84	20.97		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.76	20.78	20.87		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.83	20.80	20.66	20.5	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	19.51	19.51	19.50		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.45	19.45	19.44		
20	16QAM	50	49	19.43	19.46	19.41		
20	16QAM	100	0	19.45	19.42	19.49		
Channel				20025	20175	20325		
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	21.45	21.49	21.43	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.44	21.41	21.35		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.36	21.35	21.29		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.49	20.49	20.50	21.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	20.44	20.46	20.47		
15	QPSK	36	37	20.40	20.45	20.38		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.47	20.46	20.44	21.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	20.84	20.85	20.83		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.56	20.60	20.50		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.34	20.35	20.41	20.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	19.48	19.52	19.47		
15	16QAM	36	18	19.49	19.48	19.45		
15	16QAM	36	37	19.42	19.45	19.34		
15	16QAM	75	0	19.42	19.45	19.40		
Channel				20000	20175	20350		
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	21.38	21.40	21.30	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	21.36	21.38	21.27		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.29	21.32	21.29		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.40	20.43	20.47	21.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.39	20.42	20.41		
10	QPSK	25	24	20.43	20.41	20.35		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.44	20.43	20.43	21.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	20.57	20.86	20.86		
10	16QAM	1	24	20.52	20.55	20.76		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.42	20.83	20.60	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	19.36	19.38	19.45		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.36	19.34	19.34		
10	16QAM	25	24	19.35	19.47	19.26		
10	16QAM	50	0	19.42	19.42	19.40		



Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.27	21.48	21.43	22.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.21	21.32	21.40		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.20	21.23	21.31		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.42	20.43	20.43	21.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	20.38	20.42	20.42		
5	QPSK	12	11	20.41	20.41	20.40		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.45	20.38	20.41		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.61	20.79	20.64	21.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.51	20.61	20.60		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.48	20.77	20.41		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.37	19.36	19.41	20.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	19.47	19.37	19.41		
5	16QAM	12	11	19.55	19.35	19.36		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.41	19.34	19.32		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.69	21.45	21.56	22.5	0
3	QPSK	1	7	21.34	21.33	21.45		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.25	21.27	21.43		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.40	20.42	20.40	21.5	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.36	20.40	20.35		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.40	20.44	20.37		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.39	20.41	20.36		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.45	20.47	20.66	21.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	20.34	20.43	20.53		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.36	20.18	20.35		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.19	19.76	19.50	20.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.05	19.56	20.12		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.87	19.53	20.06		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.85	19.38	19.34		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.72	21.65	21.75	22.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	21.65	21.53	21.39		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.34	21.64	21.07		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.63	21.52	21.17		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.62	21.50	21.30		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	21.34	21.55	21.20		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.29	20.96	20.42	21.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.99	21.26	21.11	21.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	20.98	21.23	20.10		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.23	21.22	21.04		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.72	20.96	21.06		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.41	20.12	20.89		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	20.76	20.35	20.48		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.21	19.51	19.10	20.5	0-2



<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.44	21.59	21.50	22.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.32	21.46	21.42		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.02	21.24	21.09		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.37	20.60	20.56	21.5	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.37	20.54	20.44		
20	QPSK	50	49	20.50	20.43	20.43		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.36	20.52	20.48	21.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	20.69	20.68	20.83		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.60	20.62	20.73		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.32	20.57	20.27	20.5	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	19.42	19.49	19.56		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.43	19.42	19.53		
20	16QAM	50	49	19.40	19.47	19.43	20.5	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	19.35	19.47	19.49		
Channel				18675	18900	19125		
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.40	21.41	21.43	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.27	21.35	21.38		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.33	21.37	21.15		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.40	20.44	20.46	21.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	20.38	20.47	20.46		
15	QPSK	36	37	20.38	20.46	20.55		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.46	20.45	20.41	21.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	20.62	20.70	20.71		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.29	20.65	20.53		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.24	20.48	20.45	20.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	19.33	19.50	19.48		
15	16QAM	36	18	19.39	19.46	19.44		
15	16QAM	36	37	19.38	19.40	19.50	20.5	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	19.37	19.43	19.51		
Channel				18650	18900	19150		
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.31	21.44	21.42	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	21.22	21.13	21.21		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.28	21.22	21.06		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.30	20.47	20.59	21.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.34	20.41	20.44		
10	QPSK	25	24	20.37	20.42	20.51		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.31	20.50	20.54	21.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	20.21	20.60	20.76		
10	16QAM	1	24	20.49	20.45	20.48		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.43	20.36	20.23	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	19.25	19.38	19.54		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.32	19.36	19.45		
10	16QAM	25	24	19.30	19.36	19.51	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	19.34	19.49	19.48		



Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.28	21.35	21.44	22.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.23	21.34	21.36		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.21	21.29	21.32		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.33	20.41	20.56	21.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	20.33	20.40	20.52		
5	QPSK	12	11	20.30	20.40	20.49		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.34	20.39	20.51		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.26	20.35	20.44	21.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.22	20.30	20.37		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.20	20.25	20.33		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.31	19.41	19.48	20.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	19.29	19.38	19.48		
5	16QAM	12	11	19.30	19.45	19.50		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.29	19.32	19.54		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.33	21.33	21.43	22.5	0
3	QPSK	1	7	21.30	21.29	21.40		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.15	21.27	21.36		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.37	20.41	20.44	21.5	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.36	20.40	20.46		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.37	20.39	20.48		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.30	20.41	20.52		
3	16QAM	1	0	20.25	20.41	20.77	21.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	20.20	20.29	20.46		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.18	20.23	20.70		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.35	19.38	19.48	20.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.34	19.37	19.46		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.29	19.35	19.50		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.31	19.33	19.54		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.46	21.48	21.57	22.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	21.39	21.36	21.48		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.35	21.30	21.43		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.23	21.34	21.41		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.41	21.43	21.42		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	21.40	21.37	21.45		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.37	20.39	20.49	21.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.66	20.73	20.76	21.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	20.39	20.60	20.54		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.63	20.72	20.66		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.31	20.39	20.35		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.29	20.34	20.44		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	20.32	20.29	20.26		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.39	19.38	19.71	20.5	0-2



<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.42	21.66	21.55	22.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.34	21.59	21.49		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.36	21.58	21.47		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.49	20.70	20.61	21.5	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.51	20.56	20.62		
20	QPSK	50	49	20.51	20.68	20.67		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.50	20.61	20.58	21.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	20.71	20.60	20.63		
20	16QAM	1	49	20.57	20.55	20.59		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.52	20.58	20.55	20.5	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	19.48	19.62	19.54		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.46	19.53	19.53		
20	16QAM	50	49	19.47	19.54	19.51	20.5	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	19.41	19.53	19.49		
Channel				20825	21100	21375		
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.52	21.55	21.53	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.44	21.50	21.49		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.46	21.51	21.45		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.61	20.64	20.67	21.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	20.59	20.63	20.63		
15	QPSK	36	37	20.57	20.59	20.63		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.54	20.62	20.64	21.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	20.76	20.86	20.85		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.63	20.82	20.81		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.56	20.83	20.76	20.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	19.46	19.56	19.44		
15	16QAM	36	18	19.43	19.58	19.43		
15	16QAM	36	37	19.53	19.55	19.42	20.5	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	19.43	19.53	19.42		
Channel				20800	21100	21400		
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.46	21.58	21.41	22.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	21.41	21.46	21.36		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.42	21.50	21.26		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.03	20.51	20.48	21.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.14	20.57	20.44		
10	QPSK	25	24	19.90	20.60	20.44		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.16	20.53	20.53	21.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	20.67	20.90	20.70		
10	16QAM	1	24	20.53	20.56	20.58		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.37	20.50	20.69	21.5	0-1
10	16QAM	25	0	19.38	19.55	19.37		
10	16QAM	25	12	19.17	19.52	19.72		
10	16QAM	25	24	19.20	19.56	19.53	20.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.20	19.52	19.71		



Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.35	21.58	21.48	22.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.22	21.43	21.46		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.09	21.37	21.21		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.39	20.62	20.51	21.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	20.28	20.62	20.47		
5	QPSK	12	11	20.33	20.64	20.52		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.28	20.61	20.44		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.59	20.55	20.55	21.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.51	20.38	20.43		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.39	20.45	20.13		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.22	19.55	19.42	20.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	19.27	19.55	19.36		
5	16QAM	12	11	19.21	19.55	19.39		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.22	19.50	19.31		

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20/HT40 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

<2.4GHz WLAN >

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)							Tune up Limit (dBm)
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 1Mbps	Channel	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps	
CH 01	2412	9.76	CH 06	10.67	10.56	10.38	11
CH 06	2437	10.7					
CH 11	2462	10.24					

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)											Tune up Limit (dBm)
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 6Mbps	Channel	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps	
CH 01	2412	6.84	CH 11	7.58	7.69	7.55	7.54	7.64	7.62	7.73	8
CH 06	2437	7.58									
CH 11	2462	7.74									

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20 Average Power (dBm)											Tune up Limit (dBm)
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
CH 01	2412	6.70	CH 11	7.67	7.73	7.39	7.70	7.69	7.68	7.64	8
CH 06	2437	7.58									
CH 11	2462	7.79									

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT40 Average Power (dBm)											Tune up Limit (dBm)
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
CH 03	2422	7.42	CH 06	7.95	8.08	7.84	8.16	7.97	7.94	8.09	8.5
CH 06	2437	8.21									
CH 09	2452	7.38									

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	6.5	-1

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

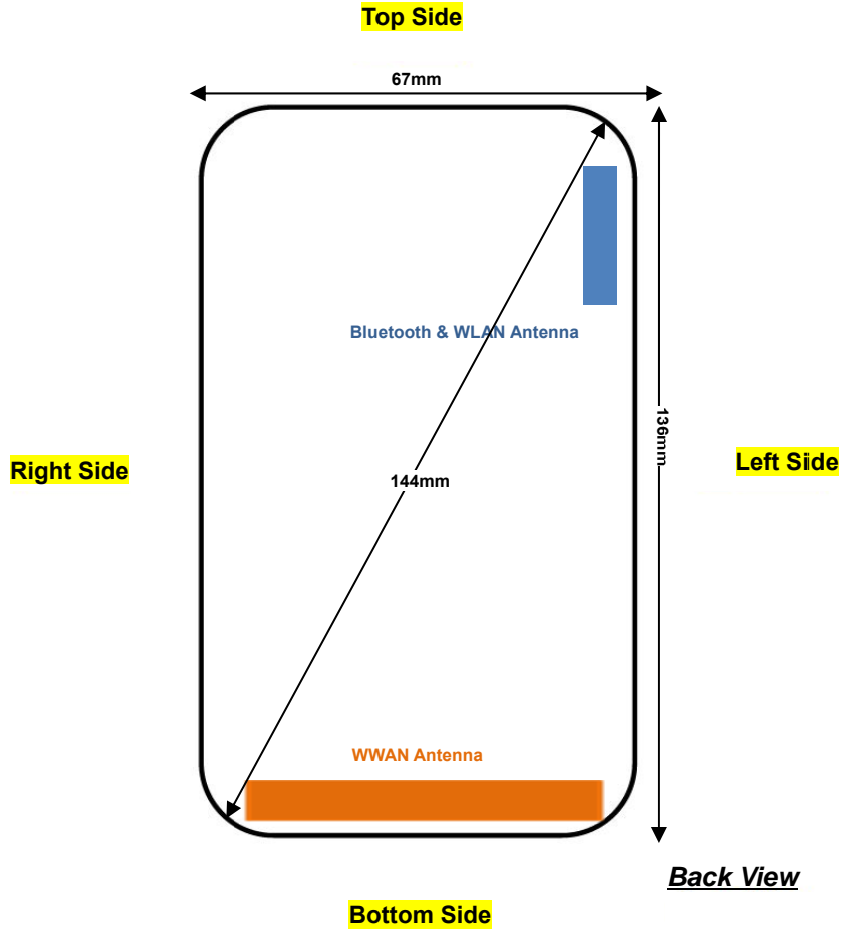
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
6.5	< 5	2.48	1.26

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.3 which is ≤ 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	126mm	≤ 25mm	≤25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	104mm	51mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.



15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS(4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
12. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	0.13	0.517	0.600
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.14	0.348	0.404
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.01	0.594	0.690
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	0.18	0.578	0.689
01	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	189	836.4	29.22	30	1.197	0.16	0.714	0.854
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	0.07	0.385	0.447
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.16	0.254	0.273
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	0.06	0.087	0.094
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	0.03	0.26	0.280
02	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	26.11	26.5	1.094	0.08	0.273	0.299
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	661	1880	26.07	26.5	1.104	-0.02	0.251	0.277
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	0.17	0.077	0.083

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.14	0.287	0.320
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	-0.17	0.18	0.201
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.19	0.307	0.342
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.025	0.349	0.422
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	22.78	23.5	1.180	-0.03	0.328	0.387
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.19	0.196	0.218
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.06	0.288	0.304
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.03	0.107	0.113
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.11	0.305	0.322
04	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.81	22.5	1.172	-0.06	0.307	0.360
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22	22.5	1.122	0.1	0.299	0.335
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.18	0.078	0.082



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Right Cheek	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.021	0.263	0.318
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Right Cheek	23790	710	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.061	0.214	0.254
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Right Tilted	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.09	0.161	0.194
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Right Tilted	23790	710	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.04	0.131	0.155
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.058	0.278	0.336
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Left Cheek	23790	710	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.022	0.234	0.277
05	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23780	709	22.60	23.5	1.230	0.081	0.288	0.354
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Left Cheek	23800	711	22.66	23.5	1.213	0.13	0.283	0.343
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Left Tilted	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.09	0.151	0.182
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Left Tilted	23790	710	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.023	0.127	0.151
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	0.06	0.292	0.331
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.025	0.236	0.291
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.0079	0.142	0.161
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.04	0.114	0.141
06	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.021	0.412	0.467
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.07	0.32	0.395
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20050	1720	21.82	22.5	1.169	0.02	0.385	0.450
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20300	1745	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.13	0.386	0.458
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	0.023	0.129	0.146
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	-0.03	0.099	0.122
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.1	0.211	0.260
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.18	0.173	0.213
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.15	0.096	0.118
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.07	0.086	0.106
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.19	0.224	0.276
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.09	0.181	0.223
07	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	18700	1860	21.44	22.5	1.276	0.03	0.271	0.346
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	19100	1900	21.5	22.5	1.259	0.029	0.266	0.335
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.07	0.073	0.090
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.06	0.07	0.086
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	0.024	0.527	0.639
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	-0.028	0.438	0.527
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20850	2510	21.42	22.5	1.282	0.044	0.436	0.559
08	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	21350	2560	21.55	22.5	1.245	0.09	0.639	0.795
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.029	0.152	0.184
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.056	0.129	0.155
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	0.02	0.257	0.312
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.021	0.219	0.263
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.11	0.143	0.174
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.19	0.118	0.142



<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.07	0.119	0.128
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	1	2412	1M	9.76	11	1.330	0.0065	0.09	0.120
09	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	2462	1M	10.24	11	1.191	0.12	0.139	0.166
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Tilted	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.01	0.053	0.057
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.17	0.063	0.068
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Tilted	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.13	0.05	0.054

15.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	126mm	≤ 25mm	≤25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	104mm	51mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.01	0.659	0.765
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	0.0096	0.745	0.865
10	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	-0.01	0.991	1.181
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	29.22	30	1.197	-0.03	0.851	1.018
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.0052	0.853	0.991
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	0.0071	0.944	1.125
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	189	836.4	29.22	30	1.197	0.05	0.891	1.066
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.06	0.708	0.822
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	-0.006	0.822	0.979
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	189	836.4	29.22	30	1.197	0.03	0.703	0.841
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	0.1	0.232	0.269
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.06	0.388	0.418
11	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	26.11	26.5	1.094	-0.18	0.412	0.451
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	26.07	26.5	1.104	-0.07	0.378	0.417
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.03	0.342	0.368
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.01	0.126	0.136
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	0.07	0.156	0.168
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	0.04	0.407	0.438
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	26.11	26.5	1.094	0.05	0.349	0.382
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	1880	26.07	26.5	1.104	-0.0081	0.375	0.414



<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.0079	0.357	0.398
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.0016	0.409	0.456
12	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4132	826.4	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.01	0.442	0.534
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4182	836.4	22.78	23.5	1.180	0.02	0.415	0.490
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	-0.0025	0.477	0.532
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4132	826.4	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.08	0.428	0.517
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4182	836.4	22.78	23.5	1.180	-0.03	0.383	0.452
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	-0.03	0.308	0.343
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.048	0.119	0.133
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.08	0.466	0.492
13	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9262	1852.4	21.81	22.5	1.172	-0.11	0.514	0.603
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9400	1880	22	22.5	1.122	-0.0064	0.493	0.553
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.06	0.455	0.481
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.12	0.138	0.146
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	0.1	0.166	0.175
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.14	0.411	0.434



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.07	0.343	0.414
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Front	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	-0.03	0.302	0.358
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.04	0.475	0.574
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Back	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	-0.0066	0.404	0.479
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.60	23.5	1.230	-0.0084	0.498	0.613
14	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23800	711	22.66	23.5	1.213	0.01	0.512	0.621
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Left Side	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.001	0.283	0.342
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Left Side	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	-0.03	0.227	0.269
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.09	0.208	0.251
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.0018	0.198	0.235
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.025	0.063	0.076
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.07	0.05	0.059
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.05	0.541	0.613
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.04	0.292	0.360
15	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.09	0.691	0.782
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.03	0.558	0.688
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	21.82	22.5	1.169	0.01	0.653	0.764
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.01	0.645	0.765
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	0.0031	0.213	0.241
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	-0.03	0.173	0.213
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	0.09	0.183	0.207
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.16	0.15	0.185
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.11	0.278	0.315
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	-0.05	0.224	0.276
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.02	0.372	0.459
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	-0.04	0.308	0.379
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	-0.14	0.435	0.536
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	-0.04	0.357	0.439
16	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	21.44	22.5	1.276	0.02	0.429	0.548
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.5	22.5	1.259	-0.04	0.335	0.422
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	-0.023	0.139	0.171
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.14	0.117	0.144
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.06	0.12	0.148
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	0.08	0.102	0.125
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	-0.033	0.252	0.311
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	-0.06	0.229	0.282
17	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.09	0.468	0.568
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	-0.18	0.3	0.361
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20825	2510	21.42	22.5	1.282	-0.05	0.332	0.426
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21350	2560	21.55	22.5	1.245	-0.14	0.381	0.474
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	0.09	0.348	0.422
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.04	0.28	0.337
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.069	0.041	0.050
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	-0.033	0.032	0.038
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.03	0.268	0.325
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.02	0.189	0.227
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.024	0.049	0.059
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.038	0.039	0.047



<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	-0.05	0.025	0.027
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.058	0.038	0.041
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	1	2412	1M	9.76	11	1.330	0.094	0.039	0.052
18	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	11	2462	1M	10.24	11	1.191	-0.021	0.051	0.061
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Side	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.1	0.021	0.023
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.033	0.018	0.019

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	-0.01	0.659	0.765
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.35	30	1.161	0.0096	0.745	0.865
10	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	-0.01	0.991	1.181
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	29.22	30	1.197	-0.03	0.851	1.018
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.06	0.388	0.418
11	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	26.11	26.5	1.094	-0.18	0.412	0.451
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	26.07	26.5	1.104	-0.07	0.378	0.417
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	26.18	26.5	1.076	-0.03	0.342	0.368

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.0079	0.357	0.398
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.0016	0.409	0.456
12	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4132	826.4	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.01	0.442	0.534
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4182	836.4	22.78	23.5	1.180	0.02	0.415	0.490
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.08	0.466	0.492
13	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9262	1852.4	21.81	22.5	1.172	-0.11	0.514	0.603
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9400	1880	22	22.5	1.122	-0.0064	0.493	0.553
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	22.26	22.5	1.057	-0.06	0.455	0.481

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.07	0.343	0.414
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Front	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	-0.03	0.302	0.358
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	22.68	23.5	1.208	-0.04	0.475	0.574
	LTE Band17	10	25	12	QPSK	Back	1	23790	711	21.76	22.5	1.186	-0.0066	0.404	0.479
	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.60	23.5	1.230	-0.0084	0.498	0.613
14	LTE Band17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23800	711	22.66	23.5	1.213	0.01	0.512	0.621
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.05	0.541	0.613
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.04	0.292	0.360
15	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.09	0.691	0.782
	LTE Band4	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	20.59	21.5	1.233	0.03	0.558	0.688
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	21.82	22.5	1.169	0.01	0.653	0.764
	LTE Band4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	21.76	22.5	1.186	0.01	0.645	0.765
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	0.02	0.372	0.459
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	-0.04	0.308	0.379
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.59	22.5	1.233	-0.14	0.435	0.536
	LTE Band2	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	20.6	21.5	1.230	-0.04	0.357	0.439
16	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	21.44	22.5	1.276	0.02	0.429	0.548
	LTE Band2	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.5	22.5	1.259	-0.04	0.335	0.422
17	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	-0.09	0.468	0.568
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	-0.18	0.3	0.361
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20825	2510	21.42	22.5	1.282	-0.05	0.332	0.426
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	21350	2560	21.55	22.5	1.245	-0.14	0.381	0.474
	LTE Band7	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	21.66	22.5	1.213	0.09	0.348	0.422
	LTE Band7	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	21100	2535	20.7	21.5	1.202	0.04	0.28	0.337

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	-0.05	0.025	0.027
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	6	2437	1M	10.7	11	1.072	0.058	0.038	0.041
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	1	2412	1M	9.76	11	1.330	0.094	0.039	0.052
18	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	11	2462	1M	10.24	11	1.191	-0.021	0.051	0.061



15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	29.24	30	1.191	-0.01	0.991	1	1.181
2nd	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	29.24	30	1.191	-0.05	0.989	1.002	1.178

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	-	-
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
9.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
10.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS/EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
3. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not transmit simultaneously at any moment.
5. The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\min. \text{separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\min. \text{test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	10 mm
6.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.168W/kg	0.084 W/kg	0.084 W/kg



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.6	0.166	0.77		
		Right Tilted	0.404	0.057	0.46		
		Left Cheek	0.854	0.068	0.92		
		Left Tilted	0.447	0.054	0.50		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.273	0.166	0.44		
		Right Tilted	0.094	0.057	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.299	0.068	0.37		
		Left Tilted	0.083	0.054	0.14		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.32	0.166	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.201	0.057	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.422	0.068	0.49		
		Left Tilted	0.218	0.054	0.27		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.304	0.166	0.47		
		Right Tilted	0.113	0.057	0.17		
		Left Cheek	0.36	0.068	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.082	0.054	0.14		
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.318	0.166	0.48		
		Right Tilted	0.194	0.057	0.25		
		Left Cheek	0.354	0.068	0.42		
		Left Tilted	0.182	0.054	0.24		
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.331	0.166	0.50		
		Right Tilted	0.161	0.057	0.22		
		Left Cheek	0.467	0.068	0.54		
		Left Tilted	0.146	0.054	0.20		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.26	0.166	0.43		
		Right Tilted	0.118	0.057	0.18		
		Left Cheek	0.346	0.068	0.41		
		Left Tilted	0.09	0.054	0.14		
	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.795	0.166	0.96		
		Right Tilted	0.184	0.057	0.24		
		Left Cheek	0.312	0.068	0.38		
		Left Tilted	0.174	0.054	0.23		



<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.6	0.168	0.77		
		Right Tilted	0.404	0.168	0.57		
		Left Cheek	0.854	0.168	1.02		
		Left Tilted	0.447	0.168	0.62		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.273	0.168	0.44		
		Right Tilted	0.094	0.168	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.299	0.168	0.47		
		Left Tilted	0.083	0.168	0.25		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.32	0.168	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.201	0.168	0.37		
		Left Cheek	0.422	0.168	0.59		
		Left Tilted	0.218	0.168	0.39		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.304	0.168	0.47		
		Right Tilted	0.113	0.168	0.28		
		Left Cheek	0.36	0.168	0.53		
		Left Tilted	0.082	0.168	0.25		
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.318	0.168	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.194	0.168	0.36		
		Left Cheek	0.354	0.168	0.52		
		Left Tilted	0.182	0.168	0.35		
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.331	0.168	0.50		
		Right Tilted	0.161	0.168	0.33		
		Left Cheek	0.467	0.168	0.64		
		Left Tilted	0.146	0.168	0.31		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.26	0.168	0.43		
		Right Tilted	0.118	0.168	0.29		
		Left Cheek	0.346	0.168	0.51		
		Left Tilted	0.09	0.168	0.26		
	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.795	0.168	0.96		
		Right Tilted	0.184	0.168	0.35		
		Left Cheek	0.312	0.168	0.48		
		Left Tilted	0.174	0.168	0.34		



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.765	0.027	0.79		
		Back	1.181	0.061	1.24		
		Left side	1.125	0.023	1.15		
		Right side	0.979		0.98		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.269		0.27		
	GSM1900	Front	0.451	0.027	0.48		
		Back	0.368	0.061	0.43		
		Left side	0.136	0.023	0.16		
		Right side	0.168		0.17		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.438		0.44		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.398	0.027	0.43		
		Back	0.534	0.061	0.60		
		Left side	0.532	0.023	0.56		
		Right side	0.343		0.34		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.133		0.13		
	Band II	Front	0.603	0.027	0.63		
		Back	0.481	0.061	0.54		
		Left side	0.146	0.023	0.17		
		Right side	0.175		0.18		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.434		0.43		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.414	0.027	0.44		
		Back	0.621	0.061	0.68		
		Left side	0.342	0.023	0.37		
		Right side	0.251		0.25		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.076		0.08		
	Band 4	Front	0.613	0.027	0.64		
		Back	0.782	0.061	0.84		
		Left side	0.241	0.023	0.26		
		Right side	0.207		0.21		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.315		0.32		
	Band 2	Front	0.459	0.027	0.49		
		Back	0.548	0.061	0.61		
		Left side	0.171	0.023	0.19		
		Right side	0.148		0.15		
		Top side		0.019	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.311		0.31		
	Band 7	Front	0.568	0.027	0.60		
		Back	0.422	0.061	0.48		
		Left side	0.05	0.023	0.07		
Right side		0.325		0.33			
Top side			0.019	0.02			
Bottom side		0.059		0.06			



<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.765	0.084	0.85		
		Back	1.181	0.084	1.27		
		Left side	1.125	0.084	1.21		
		Right side	0.979		0.98		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.269		0.27		
	GSM1900	Front	0.451	0.084	0.54		
		Back	0.368	0.084	0.45		
		Left side	0.136	0.084	0.22		
		Right side	0.168		0.17		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.398	0.084	0.48		
		Back	0.534	0.084	0.62		
		Left side	0.532	0.084	0.62		
		Right side	0.343		0.34		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.133		0.13		
	Band II	Front	0.603	0.084	0.69		
		Back	0.481	0.084	0.57		
		Left side	0.146	0.084	0.23		
		Right side	0.175		0.18		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.434		0.43		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.414	0.084	0.50		
		Back	0.621	0.084	0.71		
		Left side	0.342	0.084	0.43		
		Right side	0.251		0.25		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.076		0.08		
	Band 4	Front	0.613	0.084	0.70		
		Back	0.782	0.084	0.87		
		Left side	0.241	0.084	0.33		
		Right side	0.207		0.21		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.315		0.32		
	Band 2	Front	0.459	0.084	0.54		
		Back	0.548	0.084	0.63		
		Left side	0.171	0.084	0.26		
		Right side	0.148		0.15		
		Top side		0.084	0.08		
		Bottom side	0.311		0.31		
Band 7	Front	0.568	0.084	0.65			
	Back	0.422	0.084	0.51			
	Left side	0.05	0.084	0.13			
	Right side	0.325		0.33			
	Top side		0.084	0.08			
	Bottom side	0.059		0.06			



16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.765	0.027	0.79		
		Back	1.181	0.061	1.24		
	GSM1900	Front	0.451	0.027	0.48		
		Back	0.368	0.061	0.43		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.398	0.027	0.43		
		Back	0.534	0.061	0.60		
	Band II	Front	0.603	0.027	0.63		
		Back	0.481	0.061	0.54		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.414	0.027	0.44		
		Back	0.621	0.061	0.68		
	Band 4	Front	0.613	0.027	0.64		
		Back	0.782	0.061	0.84		
	Band 2	Front	0.459	0.027	0.49		
		Back	0.548	0.061	0.61		
	Band 7	Front	0.568	0.027	0.60		
		Back	0.422	0.061	0.48		

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.765	0.084	0.85		
		Back	1.181	0.084	1.27		
	GSM1900	Front	0.451	0.084	0.54		
		Back	0.368	0.084	0.45		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.398	0.084	0.48		
		Back	0.534	0.084	0.62		
	Band II	Front	0.603	0.084	0.69		
		Back	0.481	0.084	0.57		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.414	0.084	0.50		
		Back	0.621	0.084	0.71		
	Band 4	Front	0.613	0.084	0.70		
		Back	0.782	0.084	0.87		
	Band 2	Front	0.459	0.084	0.54		
		Back	0.548	0.084	0.63		
	Band 7	Front	0.568	0.084	0.65		
		Back	0.422	0.084	0.51		

Test Engineer : Frank Qiao

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture’s specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992
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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Dec 2013.
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- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, “SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities”, May 2013.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, “SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz”, Feb 2014.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” May 2013.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz_141211

DUT: D750V3 - SN:1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.803$;

$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.147 mW/g

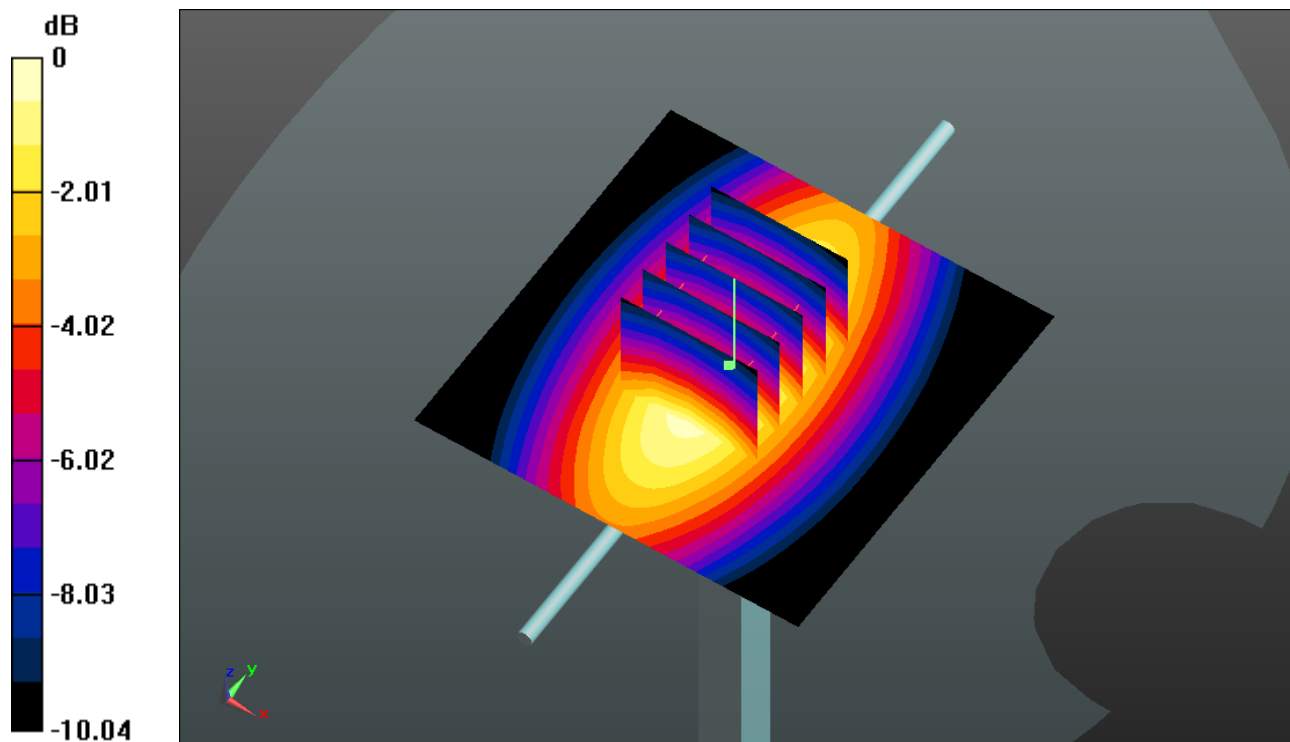
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 43.369 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.842 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.08 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.128 mW/g



0 dB = 3.130mW/g

System Check_Head_835MHz_141211

DUT: D835V2 - SN:499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.086$;

$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.784 mW/g

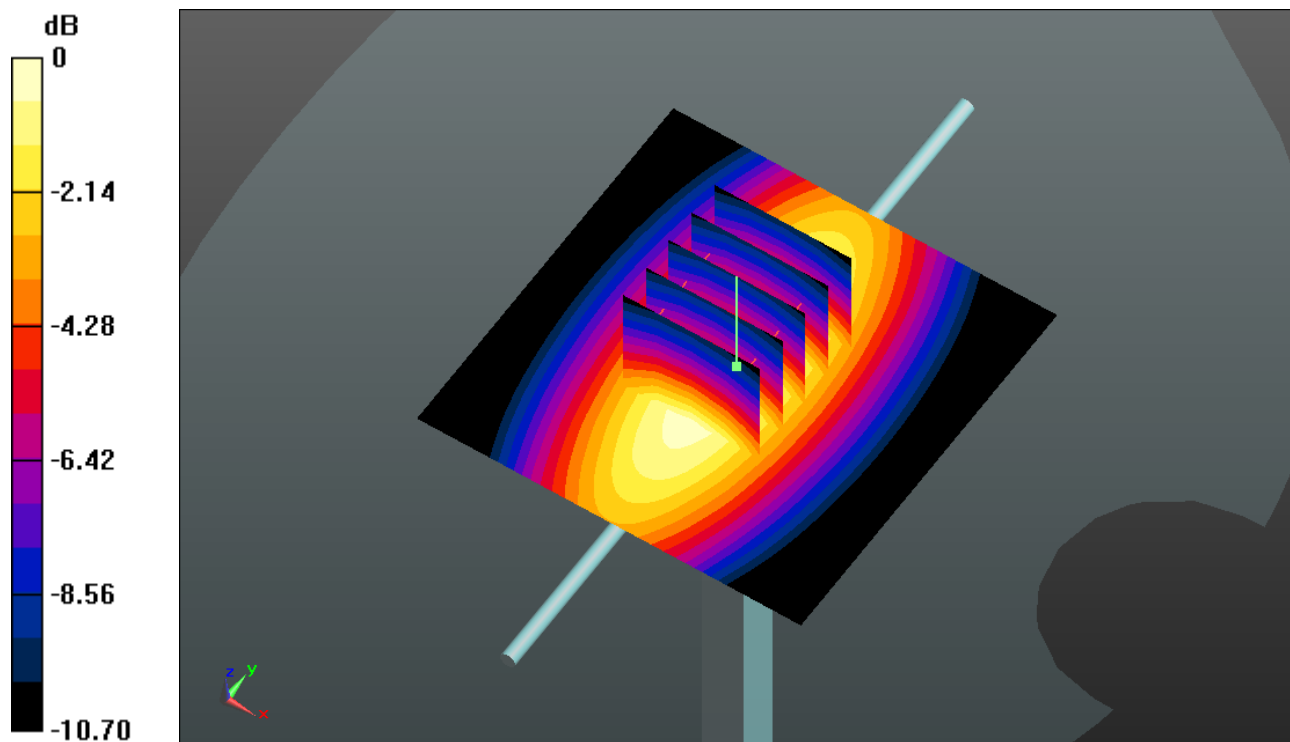
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 51.951 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.0035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.247 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.19 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.772 mW/g



0 dB = 2.770 mW/g

System Check_Head_1750MHz_141208

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.375$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

41.541 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.55, 8.55, 8.55); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.777 mW/g

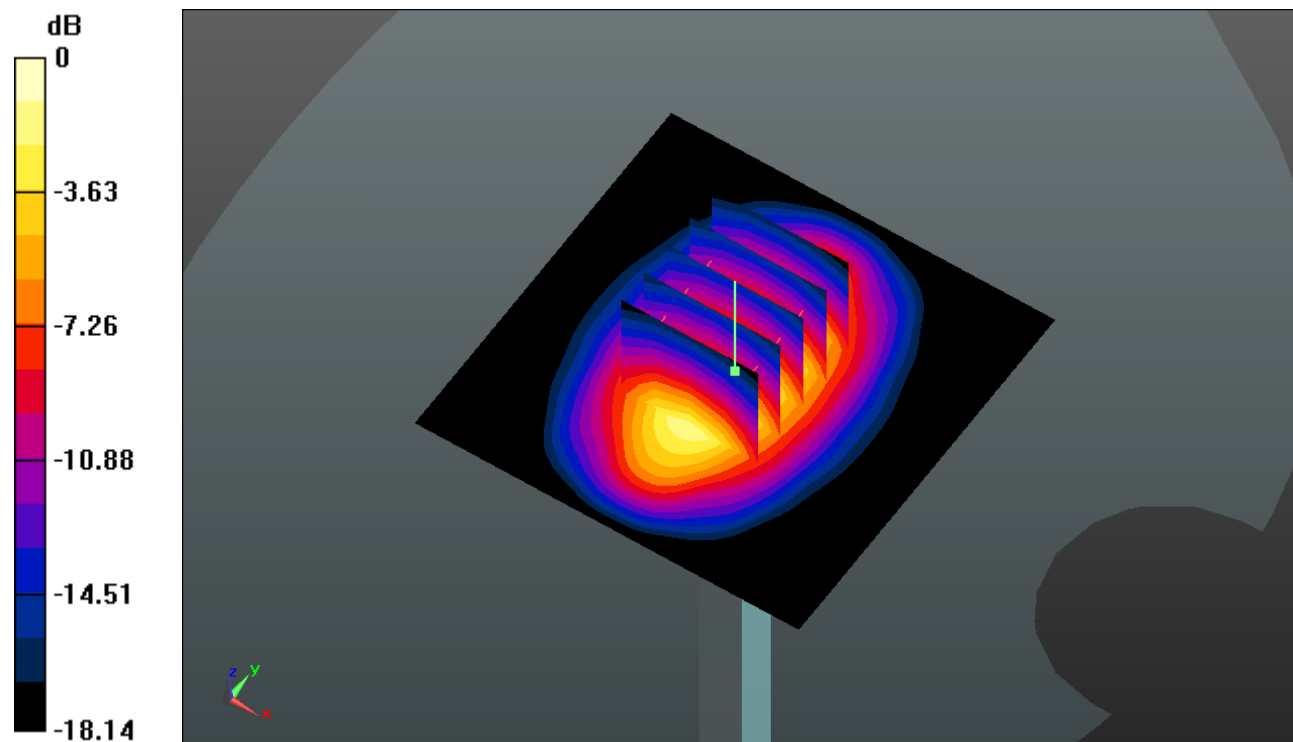
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.903 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.380 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.78 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.54 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.772 mW/g



0 dB = 12.770mW/g

System Check_Head_1900MHz_141208

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r =$

38.966 ; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : $23.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19

- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477

- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.576 mW/g

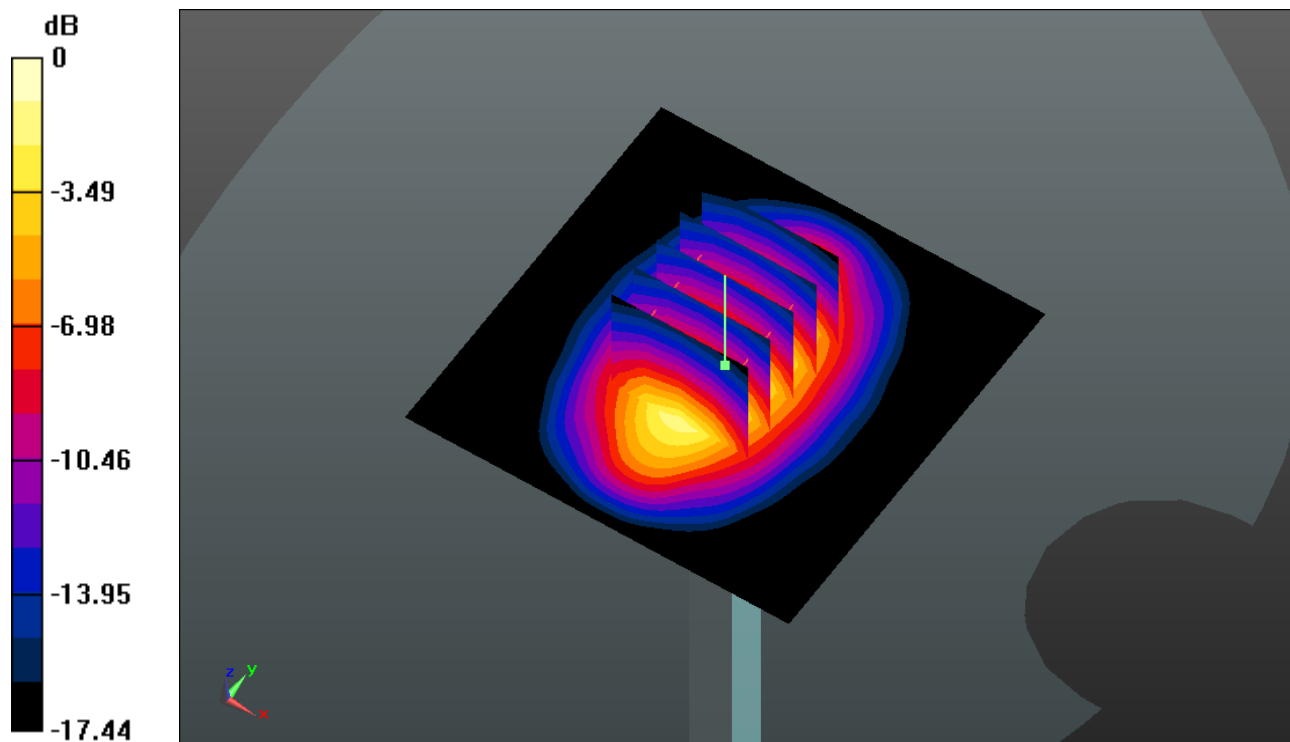
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 86.766 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.0054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.074 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.43 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.541 mW/g



0 dB = 13.540mW/g

System Check_Head_2450MHz_141212

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_141212 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.818$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.202 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.941 mW/g

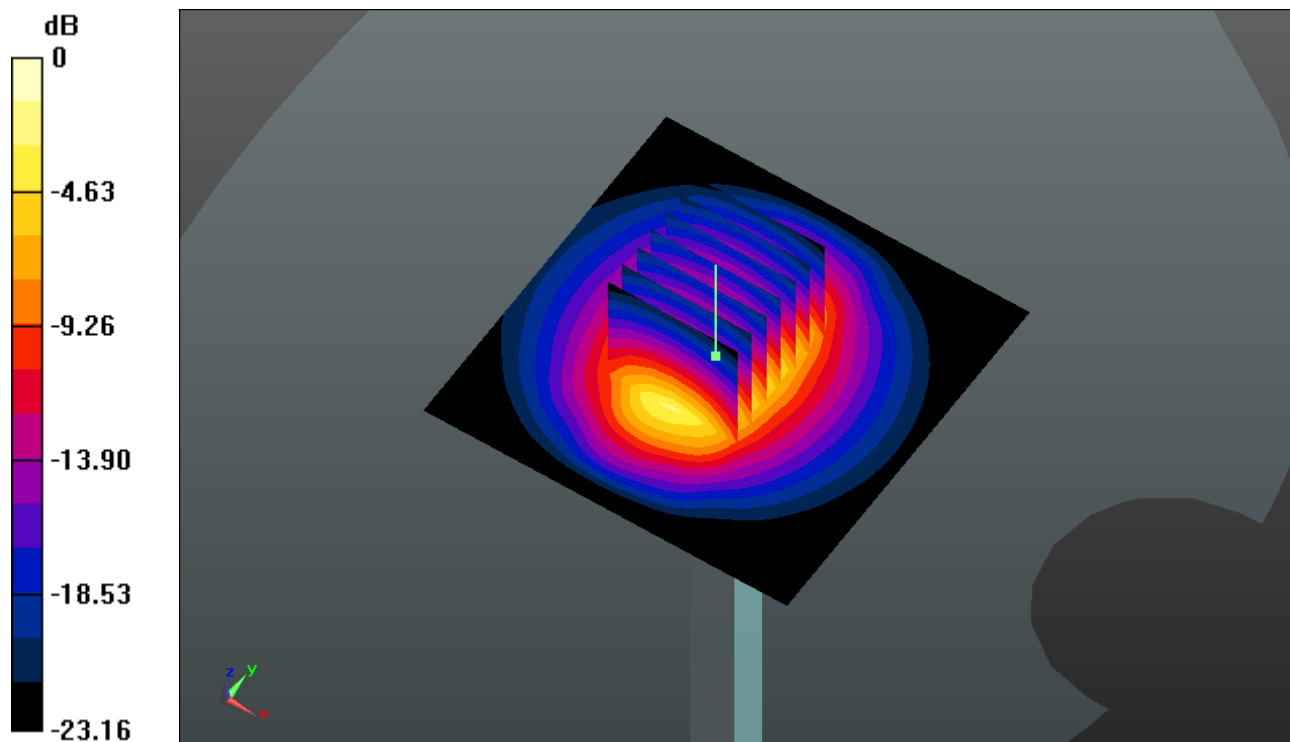
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.160 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.694 mW/g



0 dB = 18.690mW/g

System Check_Head_2600MHz_141211

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1008

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.204$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2014.05.23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.6 W/kg

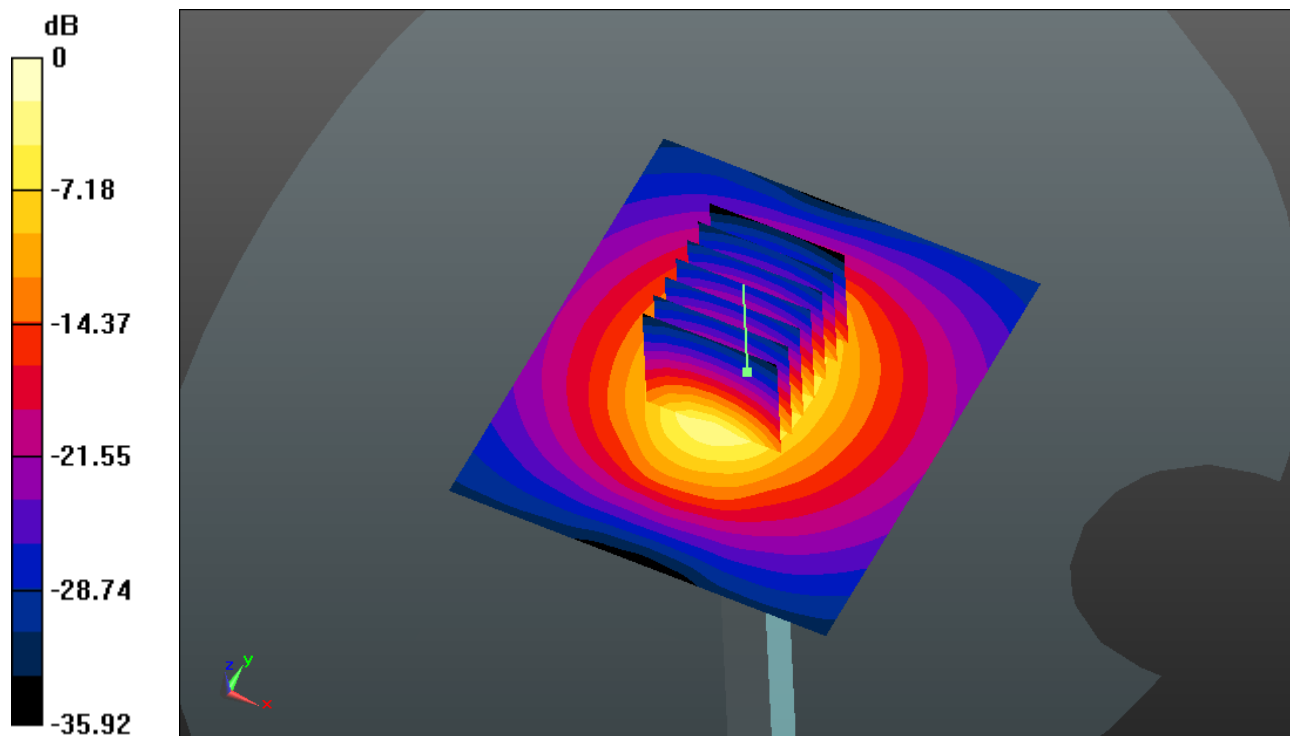
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.7 W/kg



0 dB = 24.6 W/kg = 13.91 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_750MHz_141207

DUT: D750V2 - SN:1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.963 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.242$;

$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23. °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22. °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.598 mW/g

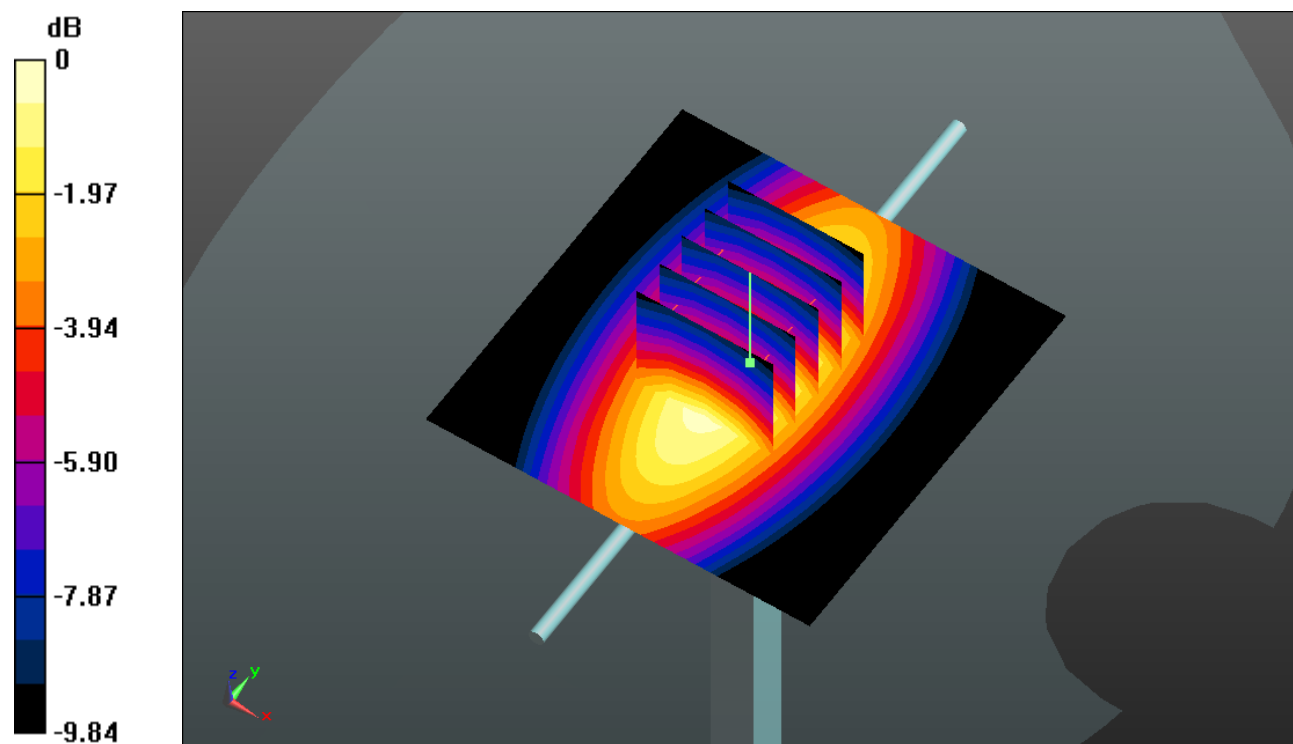
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.426 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.982 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.586 mW/g



0 dB = 2.590mW/g

System Check_Body_835MHz_141207

DUT: D835V2 - SN:499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.449$;

$\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23. °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22. °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.866 mW/g

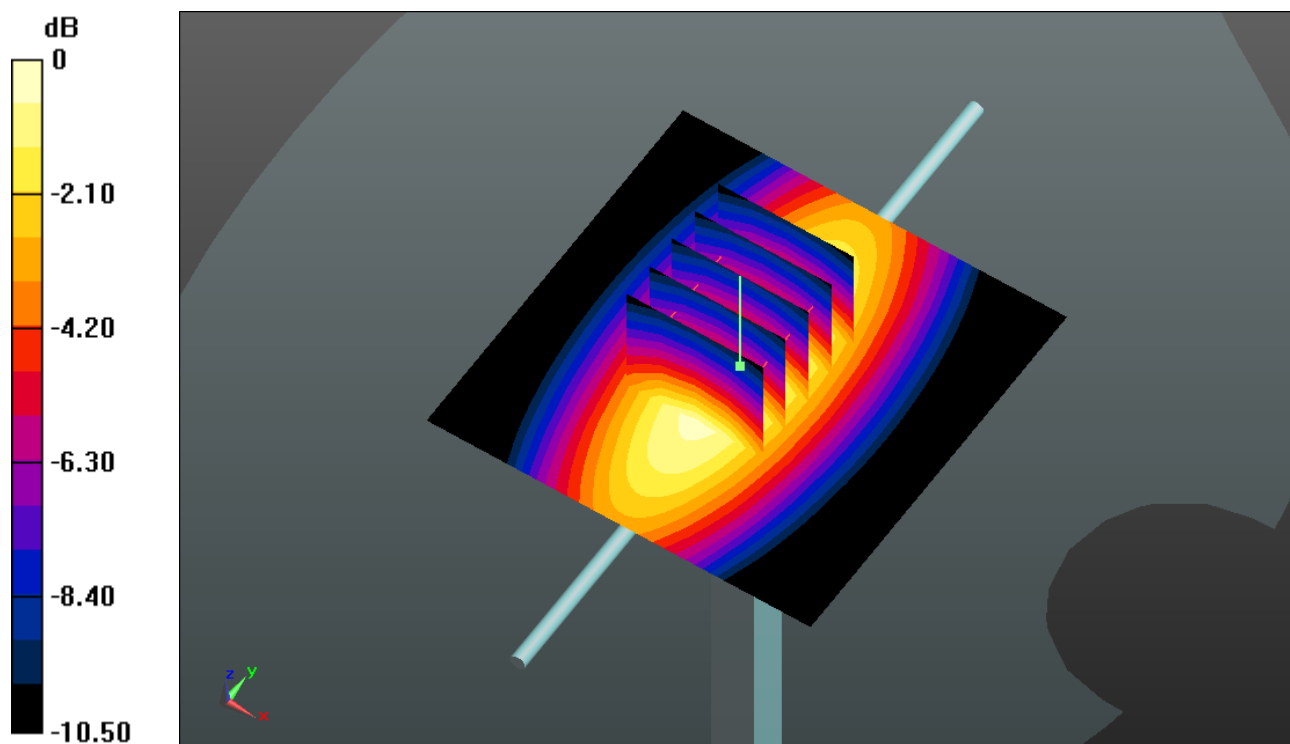
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.212 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.393 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.918 mW/g



0 dB = 2.920mW/g

System Check_Body_1750MHz_141206

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.517$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

55.044 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23. °C; Liquid Temperature : 22. °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.516 mW/g

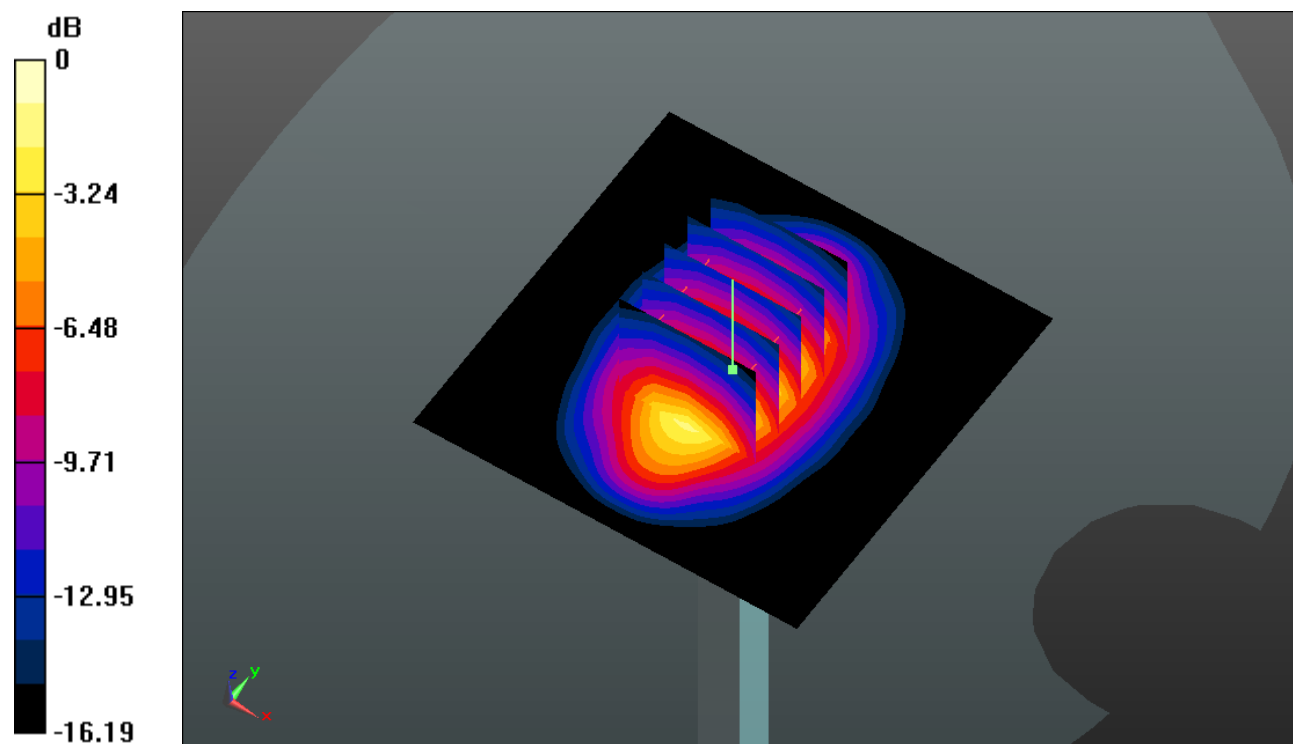
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.260 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.519 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.76 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.502 mW/g



0 dB = 12.500mW/g

System Check_Body_1900MHz_141206

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.551$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.24 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : $23. \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22. \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.764 mW/g

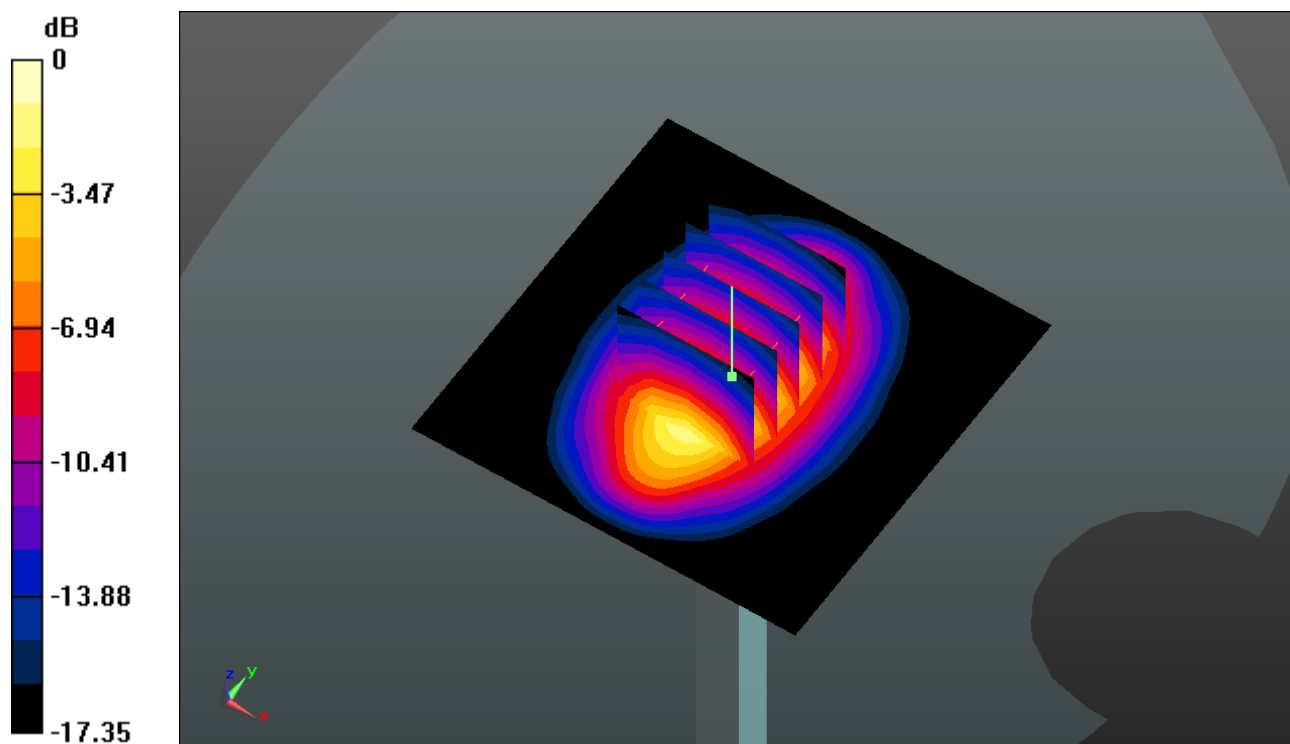
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.028 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.515 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.765 mW/g



0 dB = 14.770 mW/g

System Check_Body_2450MHz_141212

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:736

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_141212 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.928$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

51.179 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23. °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22. °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.705 mW/g

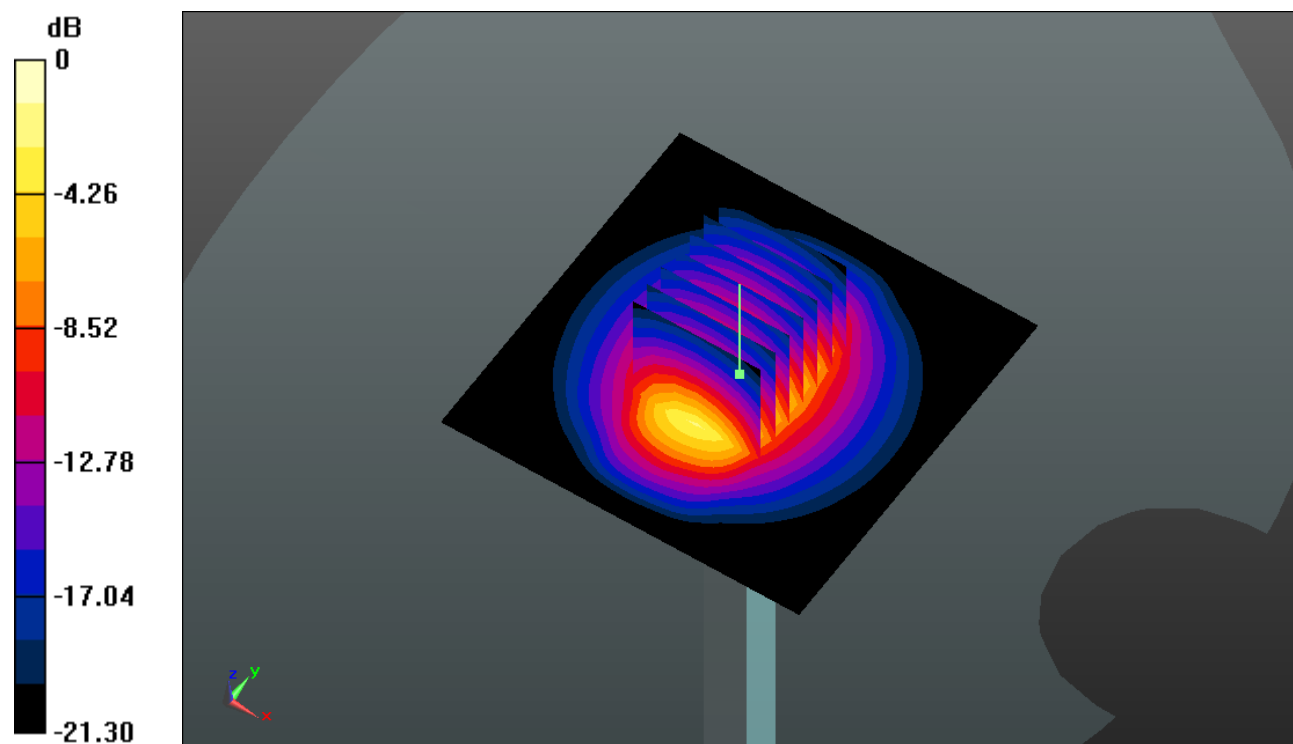
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.031 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.853 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.579 mW/g



0 dB = 18.580mW/g

System Check_Body_2600MHz_141207

DUT: D26000V2 - SN: 1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.209$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

51.123 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23. °C; Liquid Temperature : 22. °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.241 mW/g

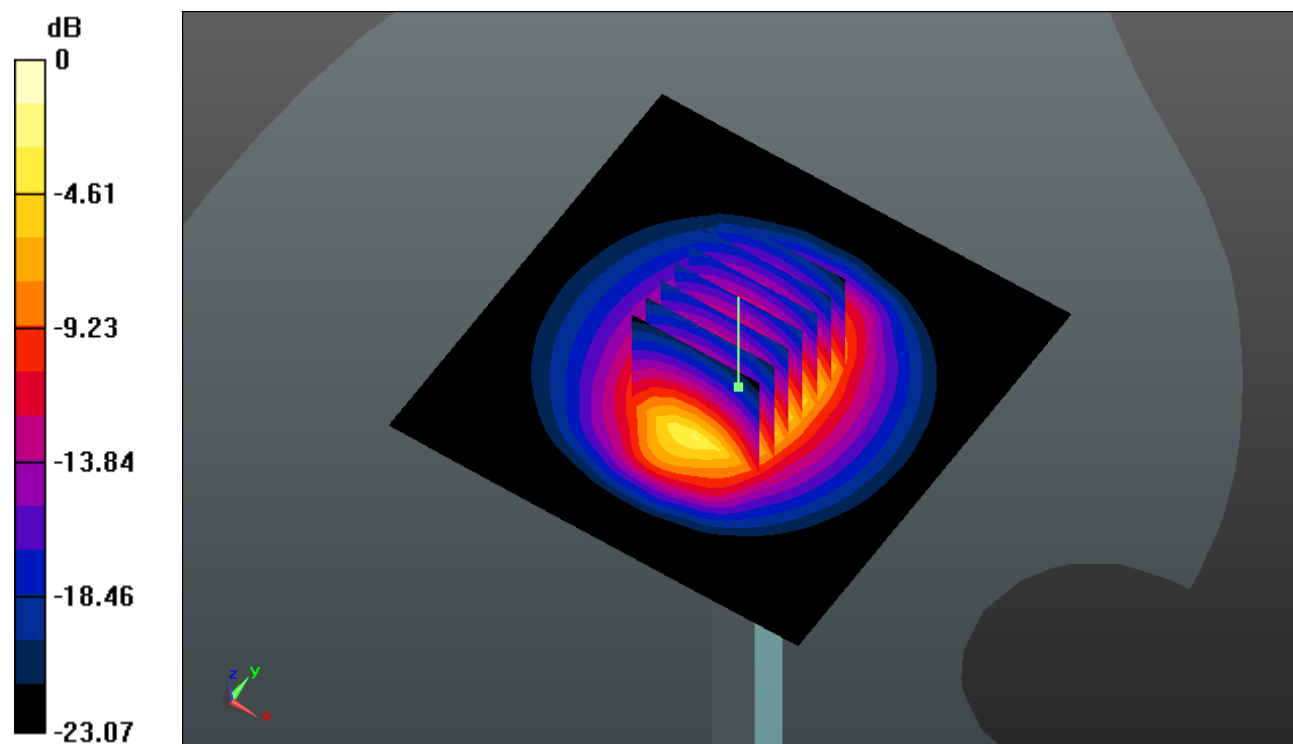
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.470 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.996 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.77 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.762 mW/g



0 dB = 22.760mW/g



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch189

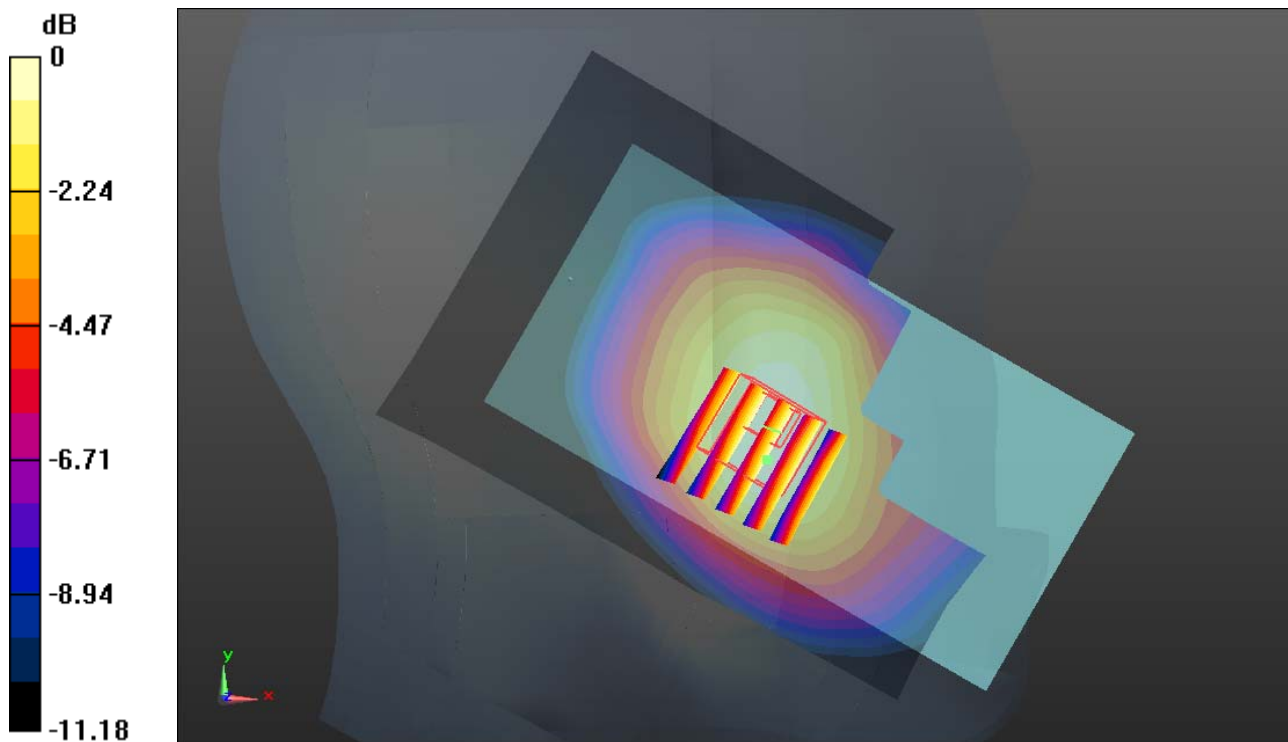
Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_835_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.067$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.820 mW/g

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.781 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.897 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.524 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.806 mW/g



0 dB = 0.810mW/g

02_GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch512

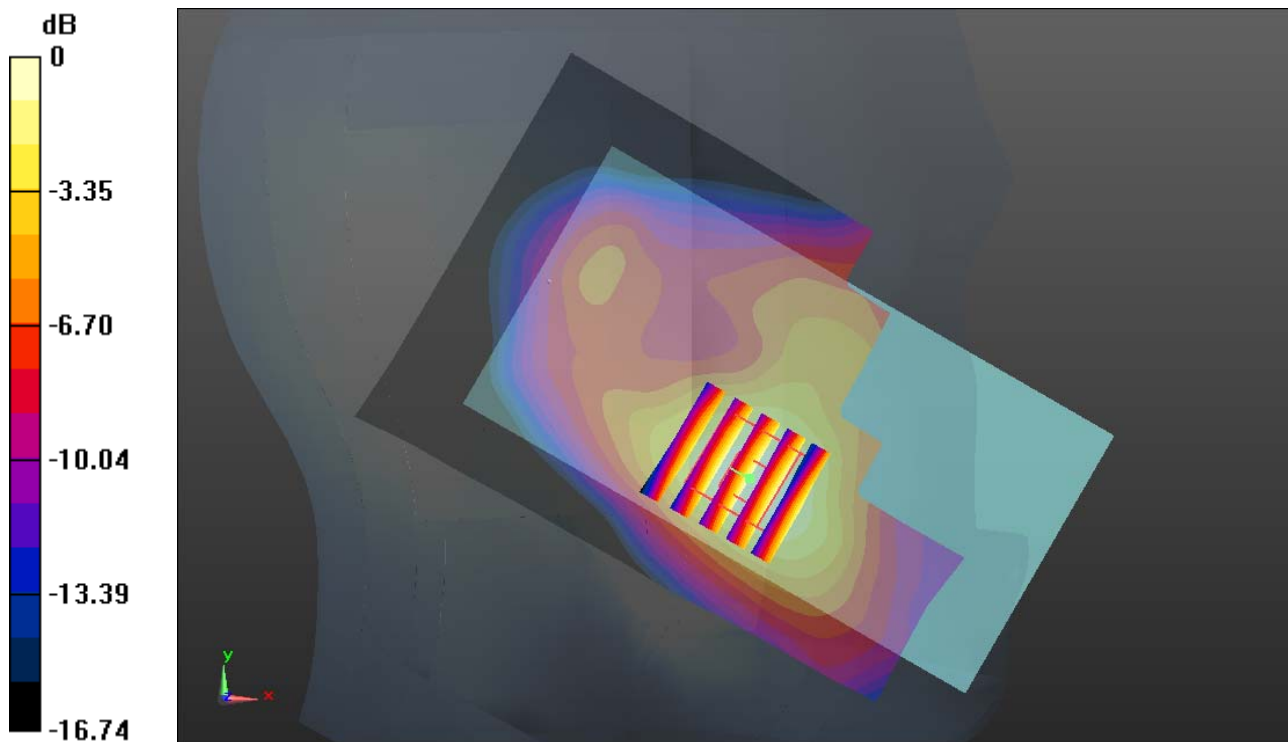
Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_1900_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.374$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.364 mW/g

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.517 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.418 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 mW/g



0 dB = 0.350mW/g

03_WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4132

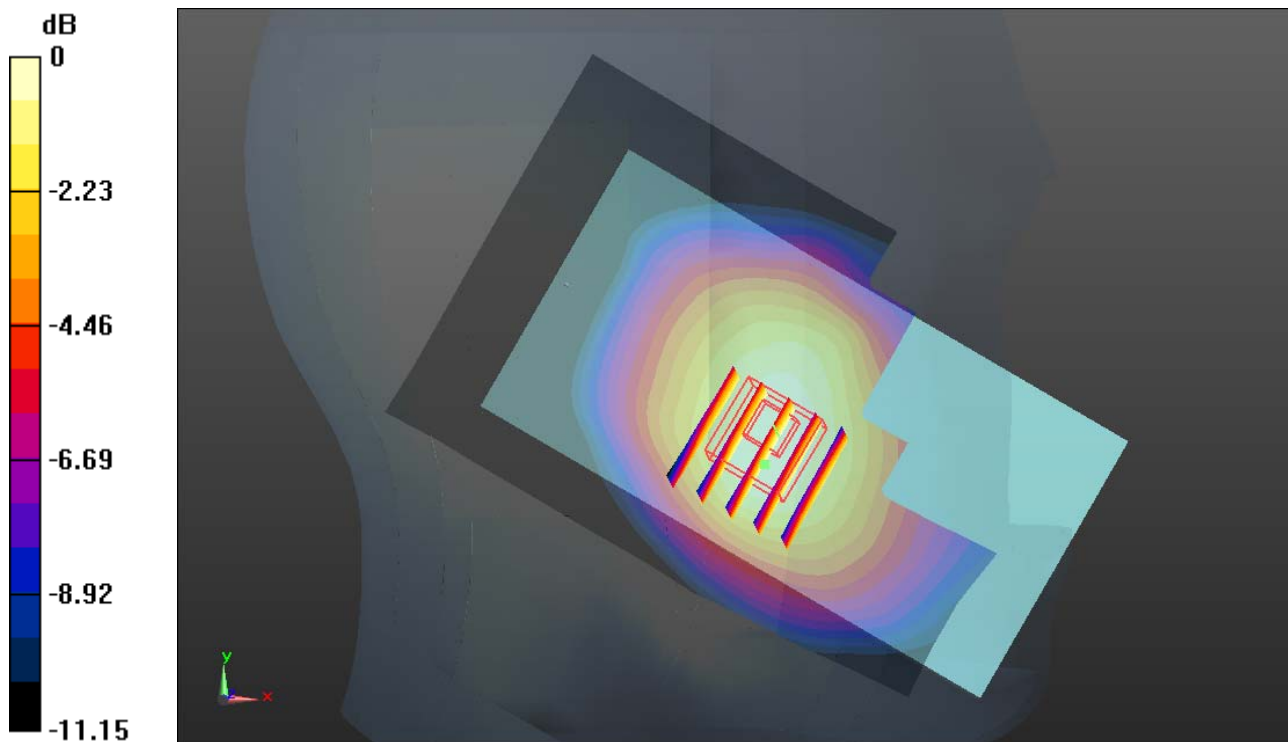
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: HSL_835_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.877$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.187$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.402 mW/g

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 4.417 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.441 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.349 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g



0 dB = 0.400mW/g

04_WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch9262

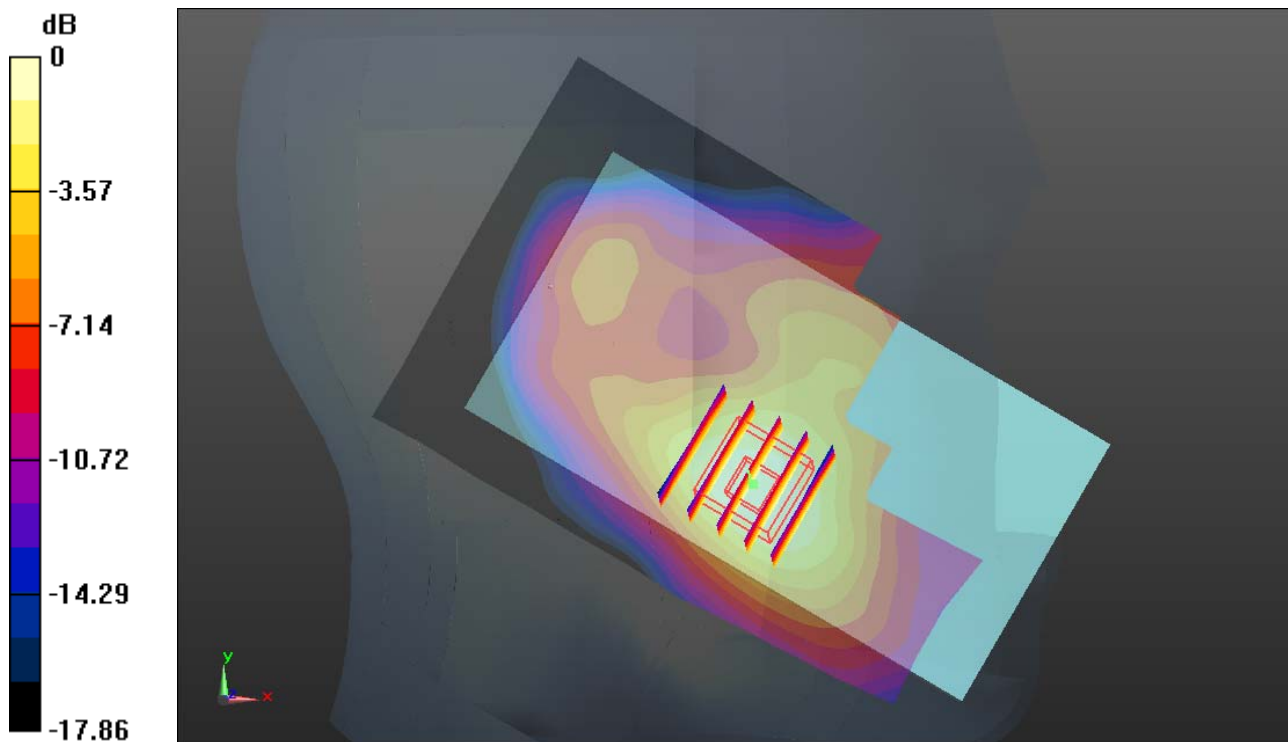
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.376$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.146$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.420 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.879 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.471 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.307 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g



0 dB = 0.390mW/g

05_LTE Band17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Left Cheek_Ch23780

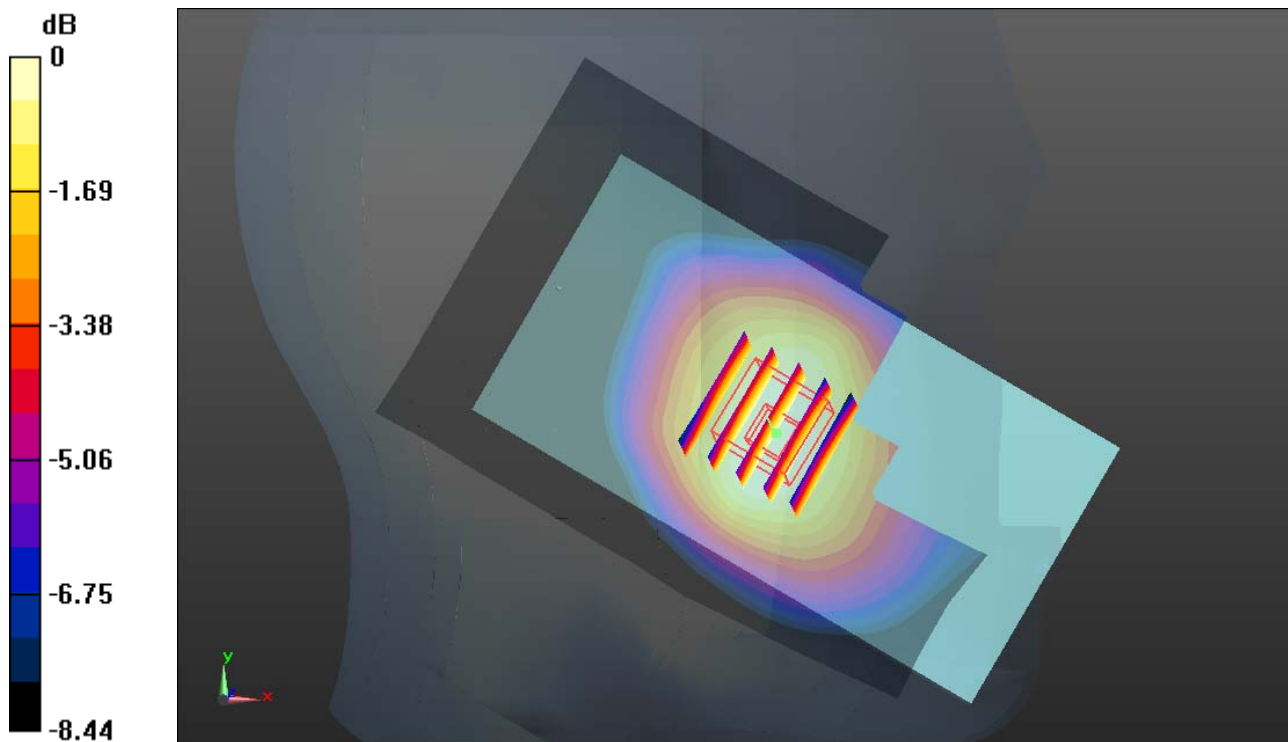
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 709$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.861$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.702$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch23780/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 mW/g

Ch23780/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.597 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.288 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 mW/g



0 dB = 0.320mW/g

06_LTE Band4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Left Cheek_Ch20175

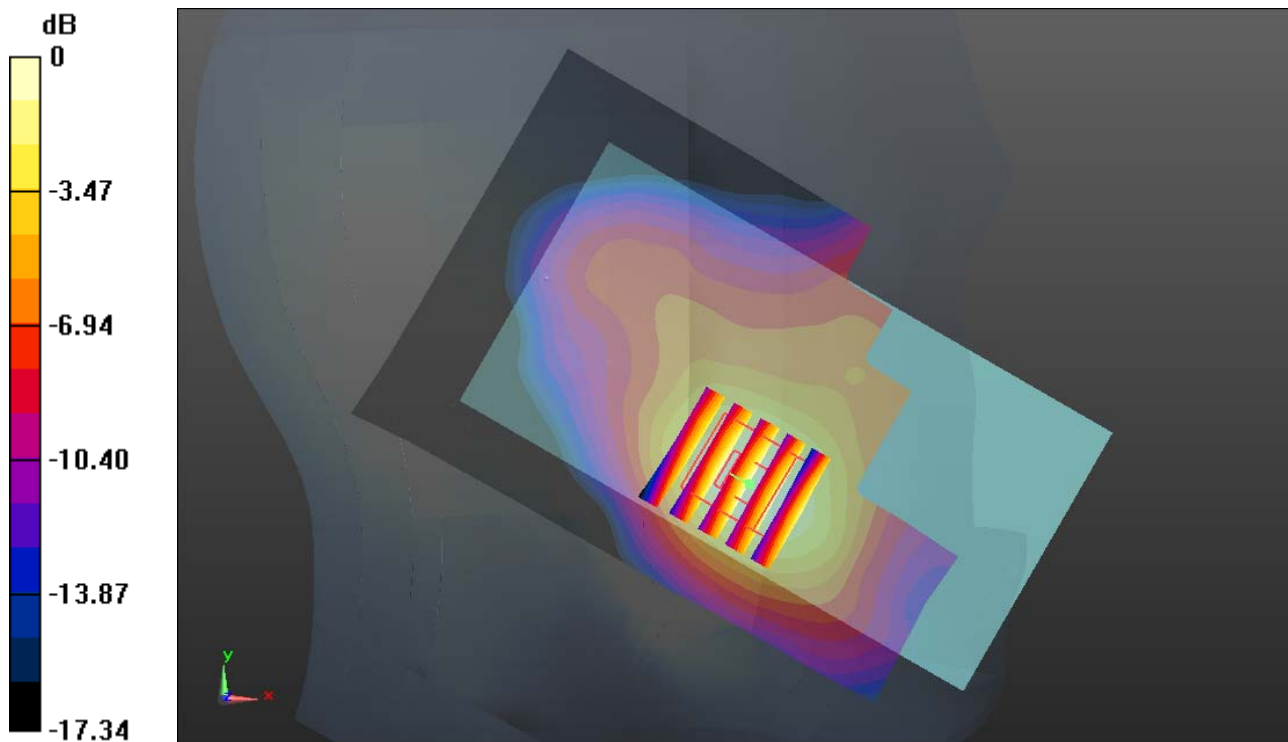
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.358$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.634$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.55, 8.55, 8.55); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.546 mW/g

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.391 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.625 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.532 mW/g



0 dB = 0.530mW/g

07_LTE Band2_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Left Cheek_Ch18700

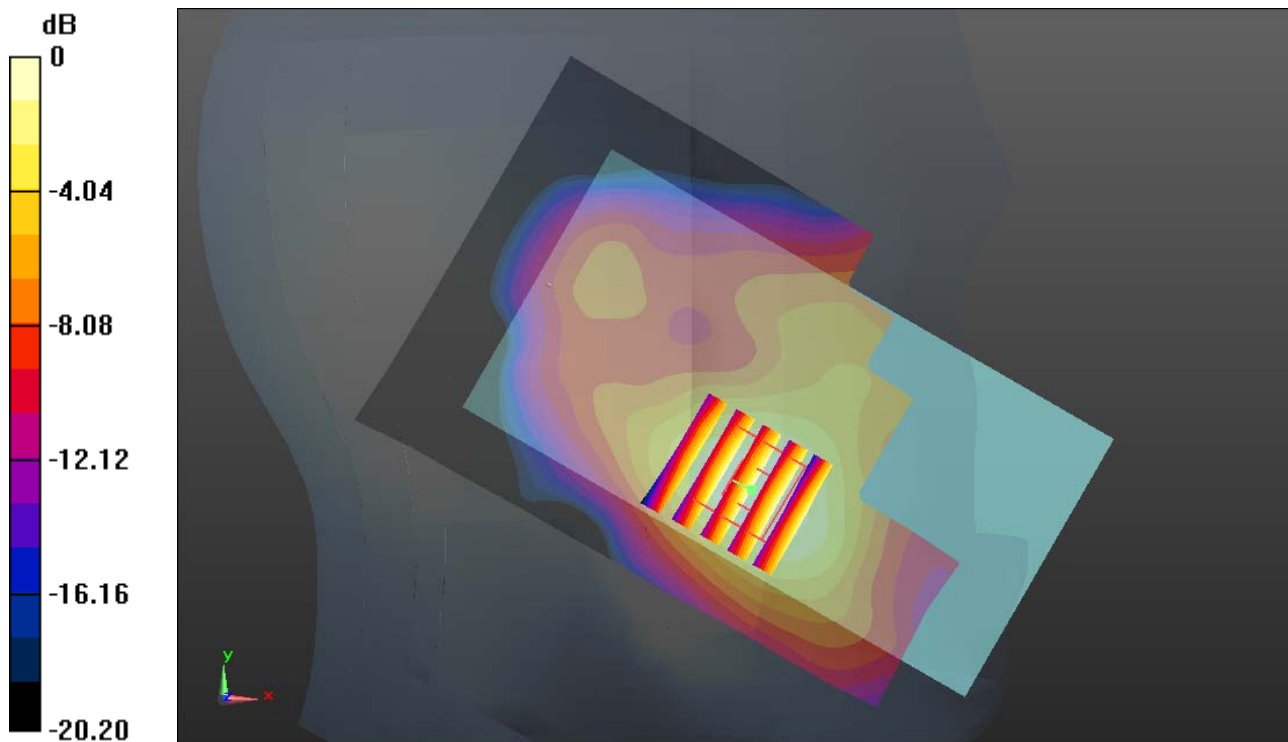
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_141208 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.384$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.122$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch18700/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.374 mW/g

Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.593 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.423 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 mW/g



0 dB = 0.350mW/g

08_LTE Band7_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Right Cheek_Ch21350

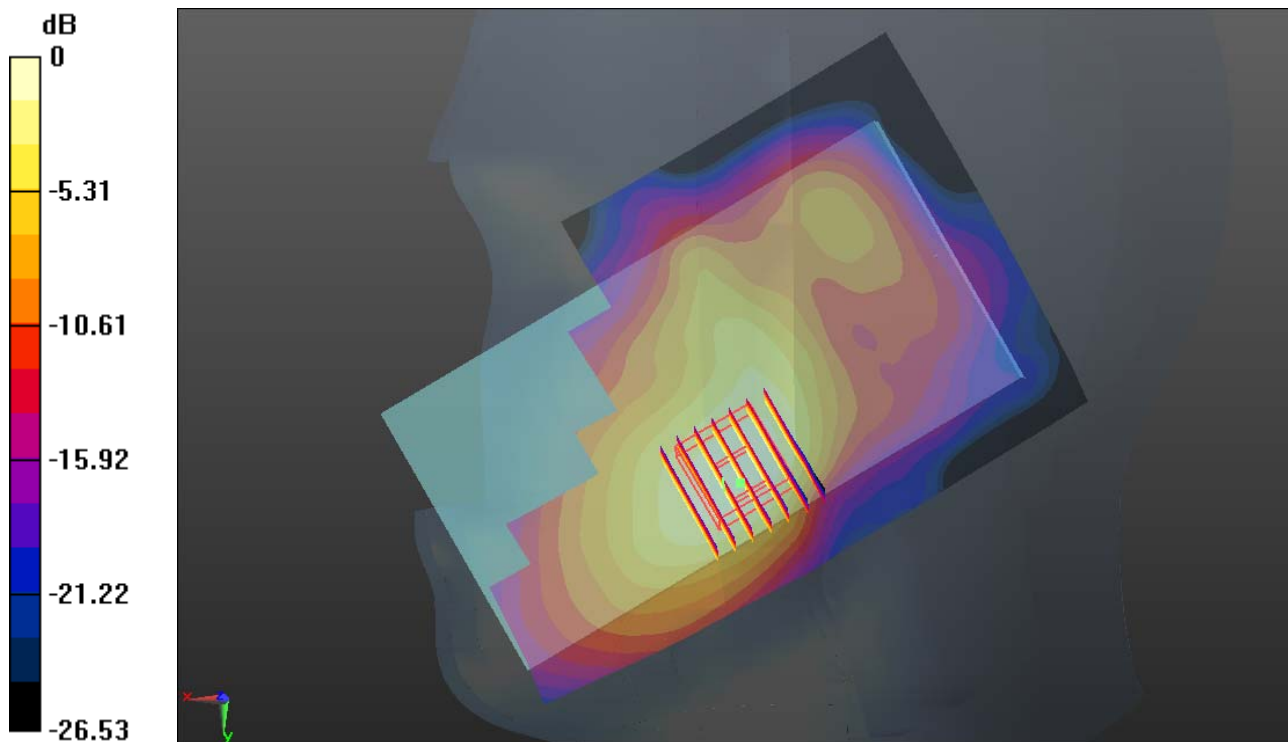
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_141211 Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.937$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.429$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch21350/Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.941 mW/g

Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.181 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.639 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 mW/g



0 dB = 0.890mW/g

09_WLAN 2.4G_1M_802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch11

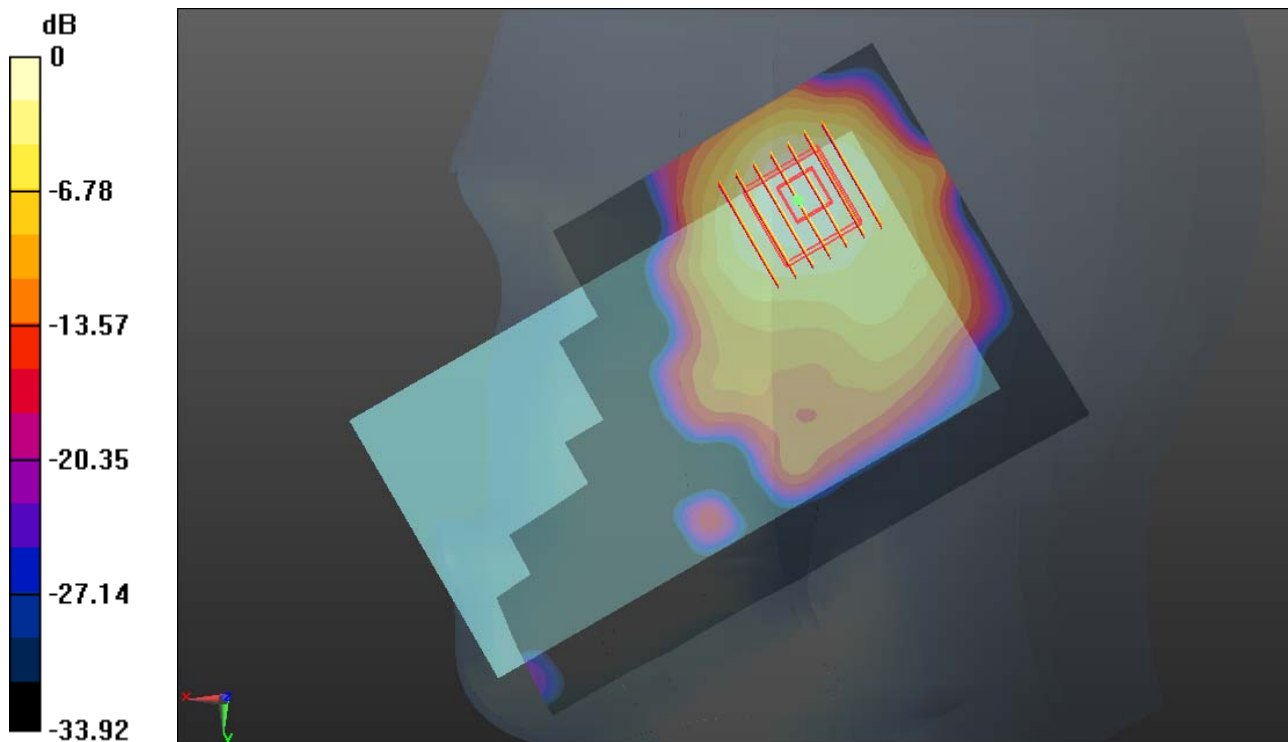
Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_141212 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.832$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.154$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.214 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.698 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.330 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.139 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 mW/g



10_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back 1cm_Ch128

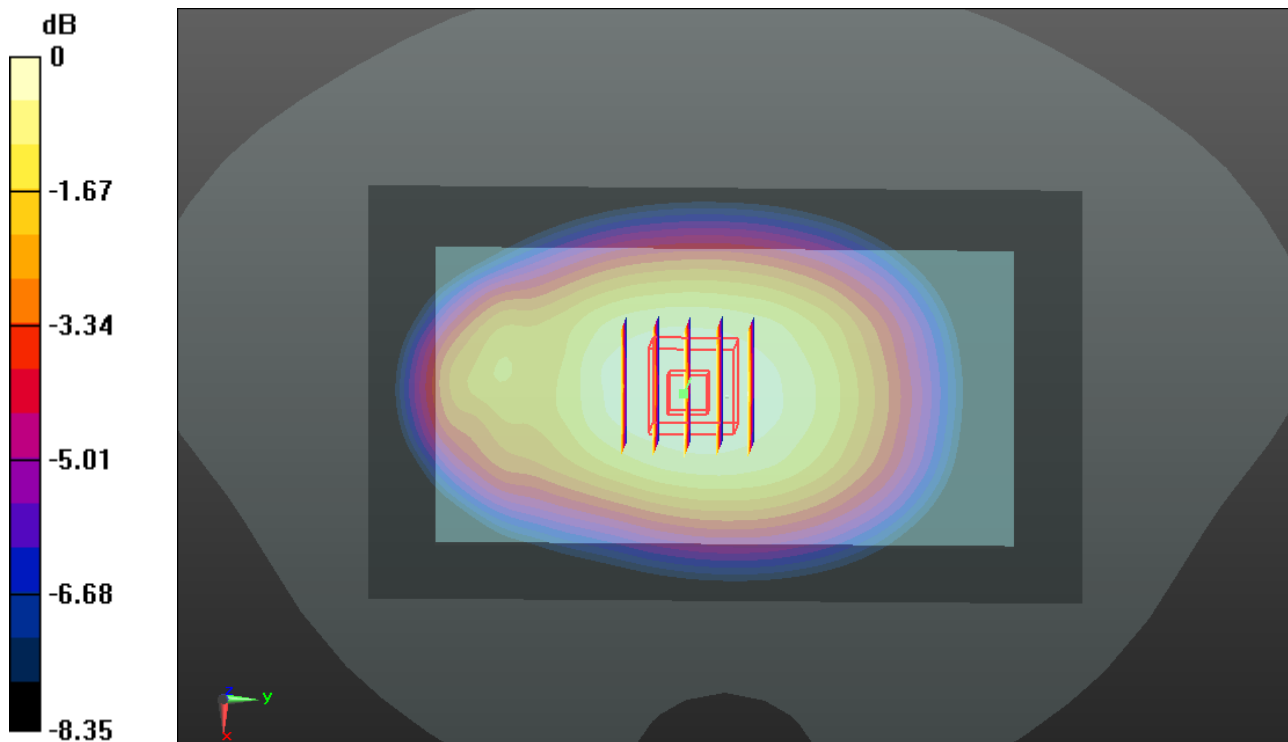
Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_835_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.969$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.135 mW/g

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 32.557 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.230 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.991 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.764 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.129 mW/g



0 dB = 1.130mW/g

11_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Front 1cm_Ch512

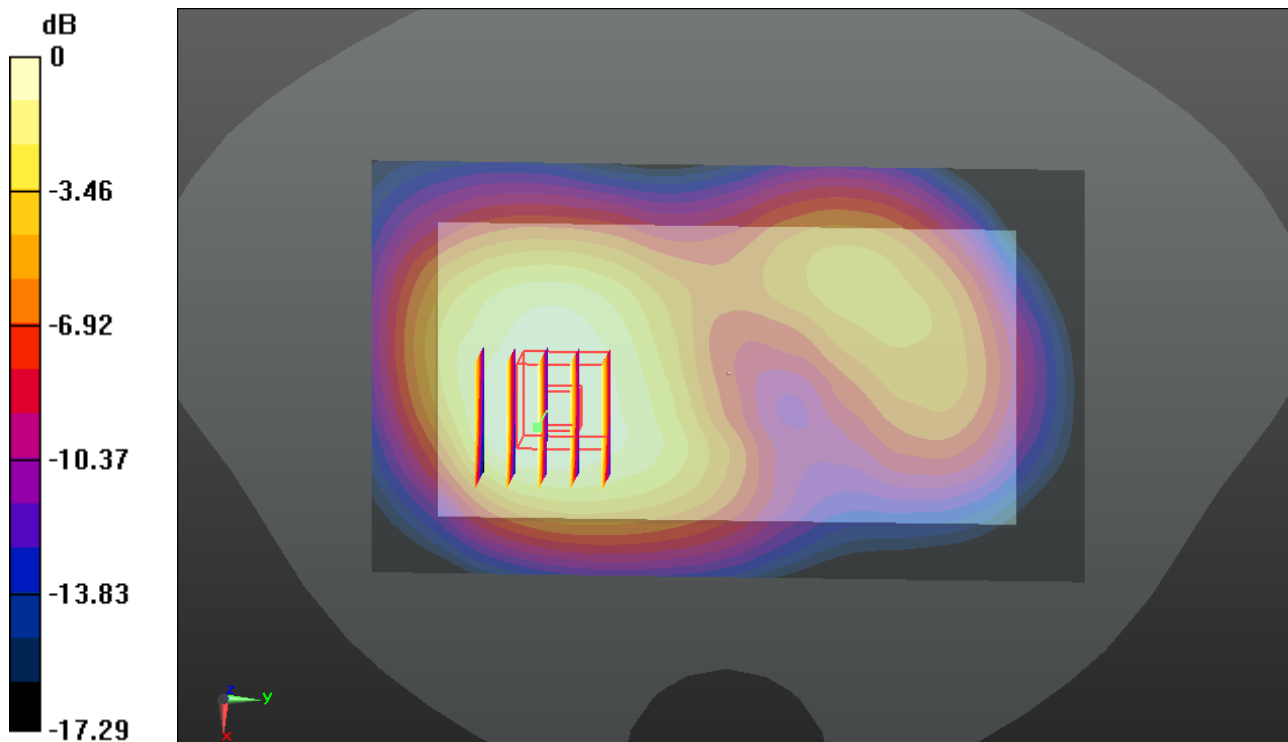
Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
 Medium: MSL_1900_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.357$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.546 mW/g

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 7.110 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.641 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.412 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



0 dB = 0.520mW/g

12_WCDMA V_RMC12.2K_Back 1cm_Ch4132

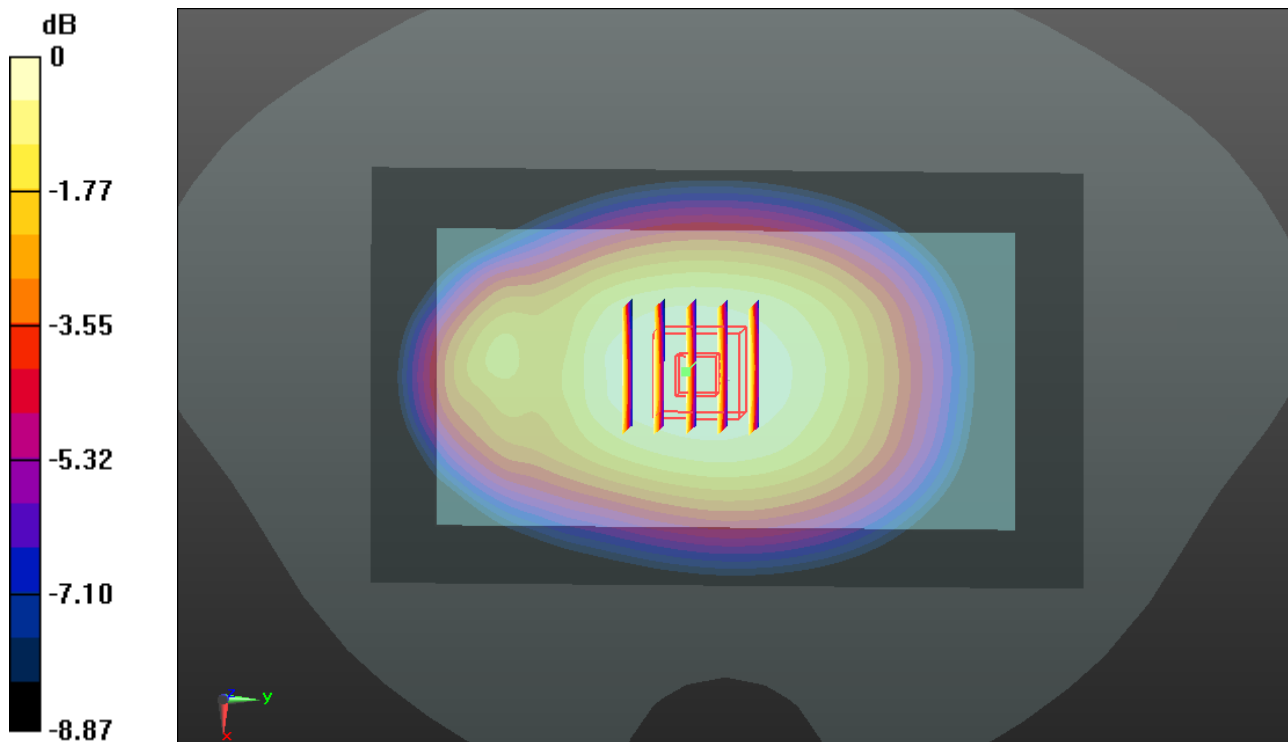
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: MSL_835_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.971 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.528$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.506 mW/g

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 21.759 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.549 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.442 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g



0 dB = 0.500mW/g

13_WCDMA II_RMC12.2K_Front 1cm_Ch9262

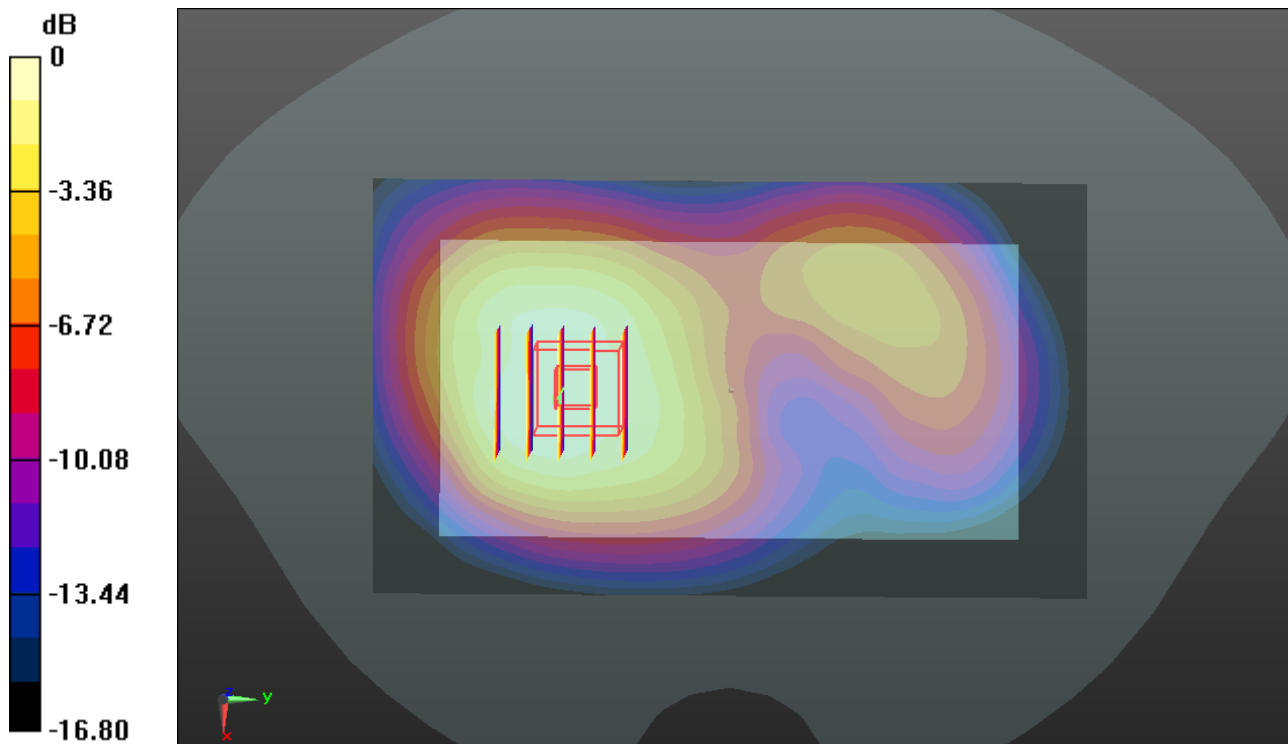
Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.494$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.351$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.673 mW/g

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.098 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.824 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.666 mW/g



0 dB = 0.670mW/g

14_LTE Band17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Back 1cm_Ch23800

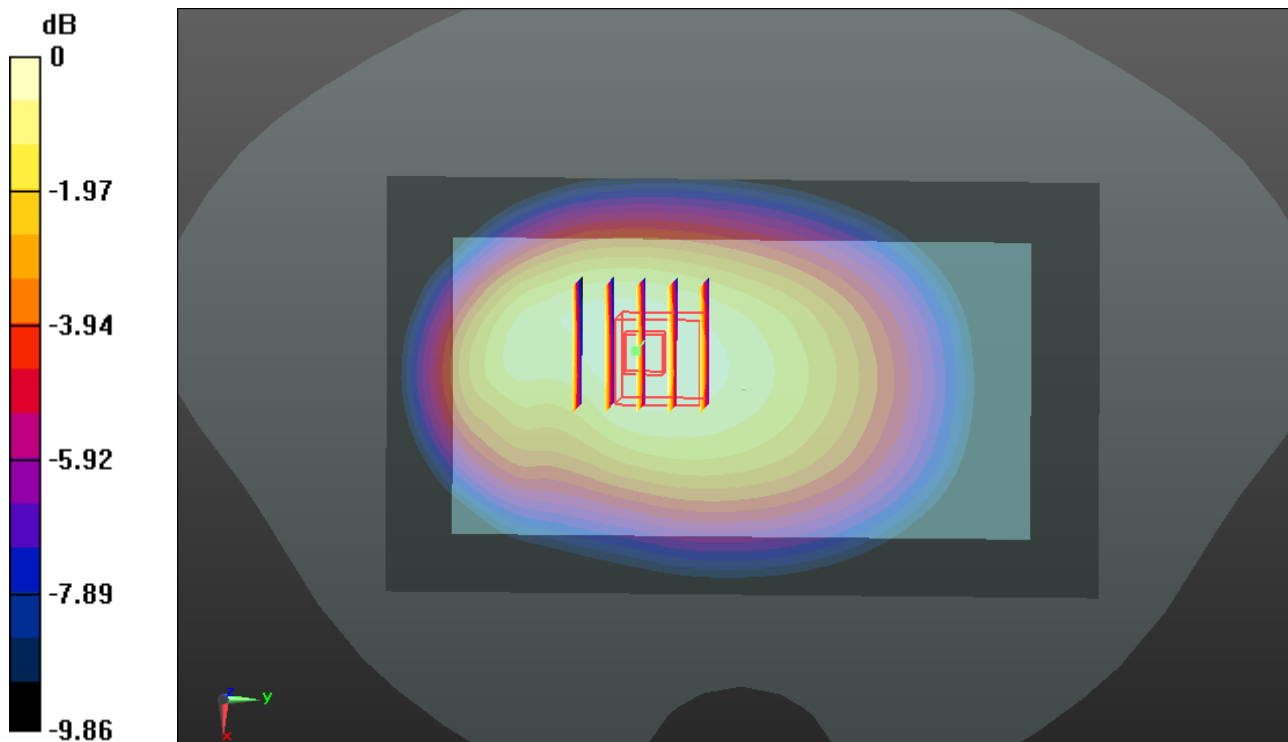
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 711$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.157$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch23800/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.594 mW/g

Ch23800/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.805 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.659 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.592 mW/g



0 dB = 0.590mW/g

15_LTE Band4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back 1cm_Ch20175

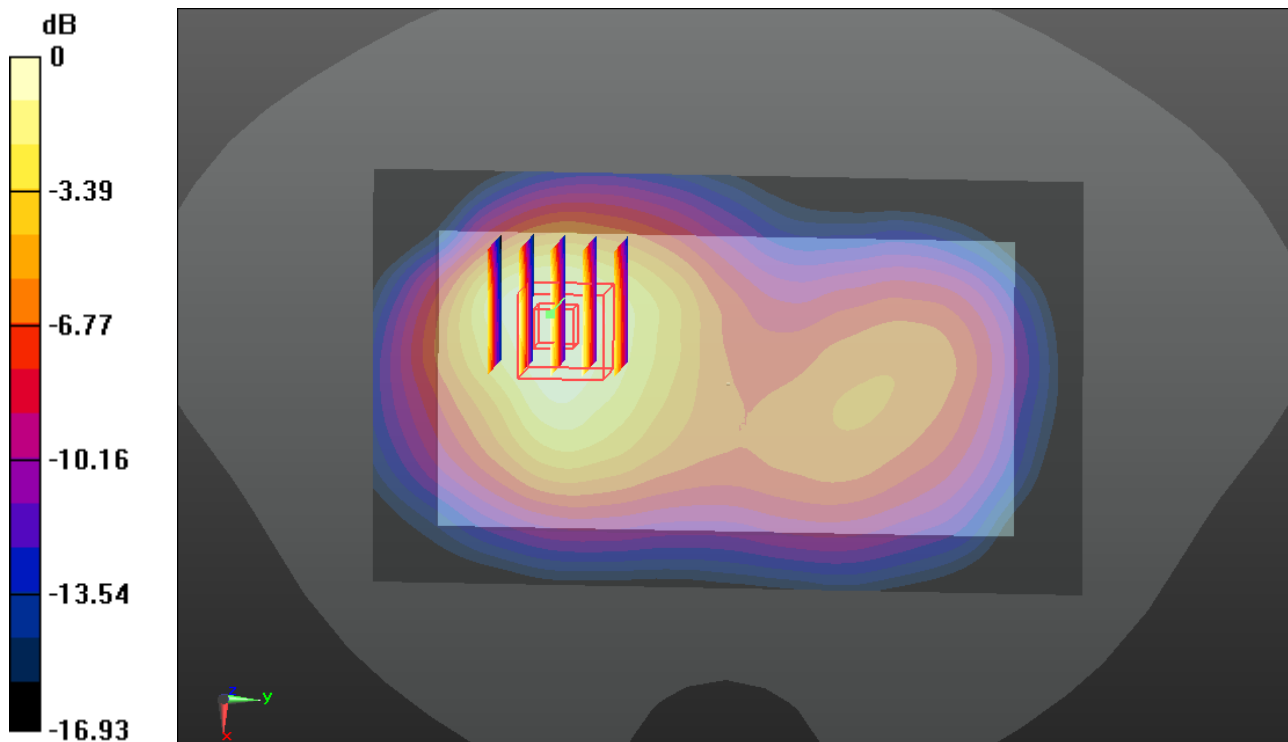
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.498$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.071$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 mW/g

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.544 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.116 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.691 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.426 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.898 mW/g



0 dB = 0.900mW/g

16_LTE Band2_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back 1cm_Ch18700

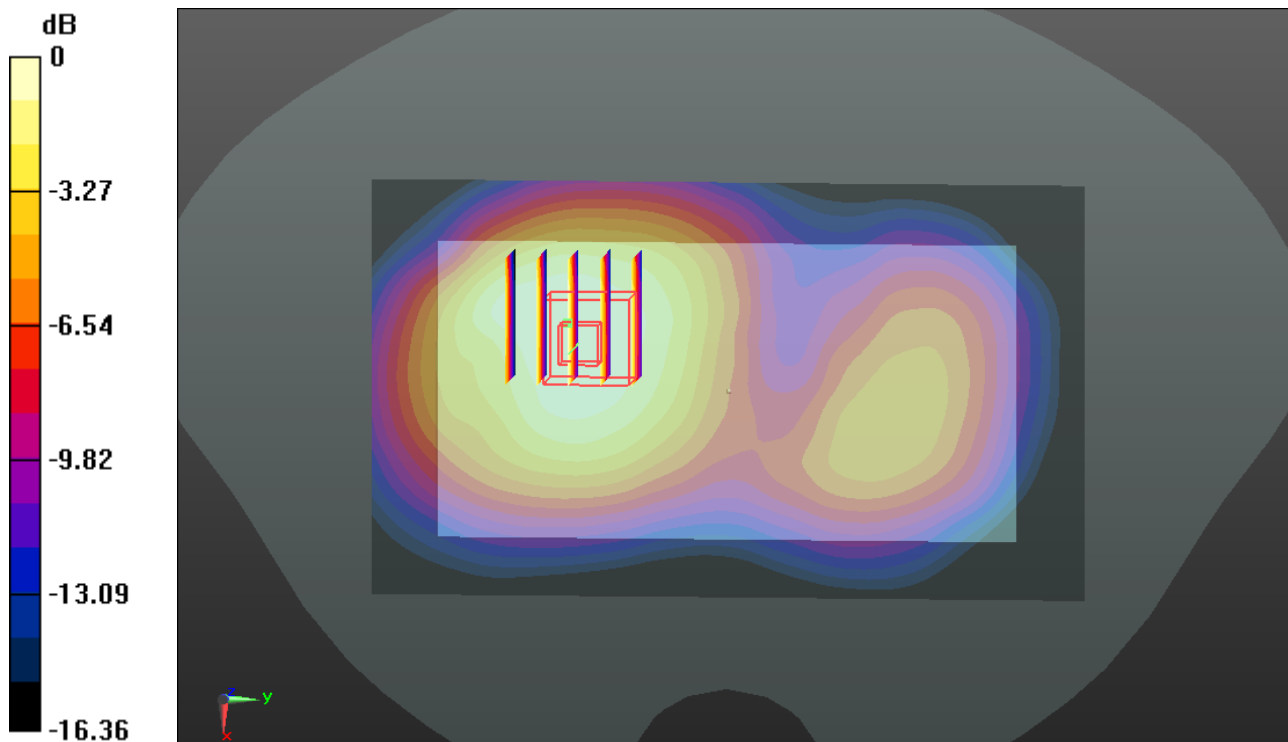
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: MSL_1900_141206 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.335$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch18700/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 8.395 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.672 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.429 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 mW/g



0 dB = 0.550mW/g

17_LTE Band7_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Front 1cm_Ch21100

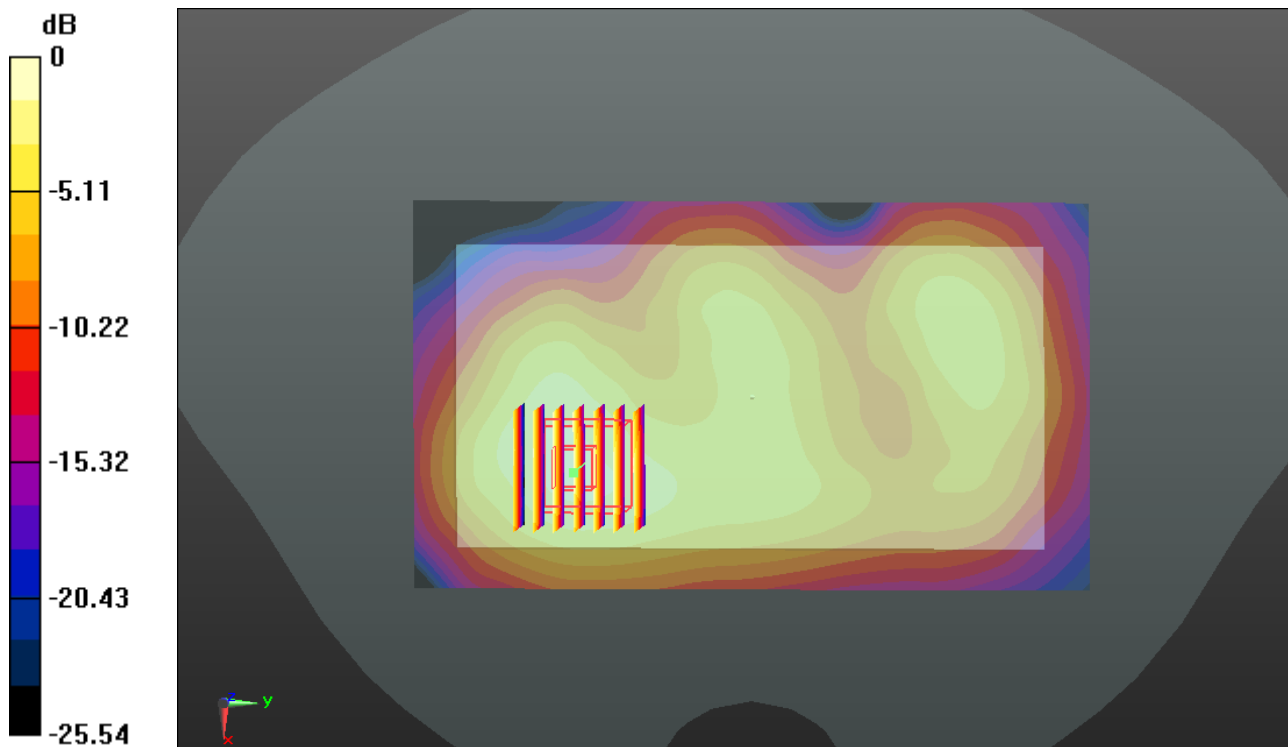
Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_141207 Medium parameters used: $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.133$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.194$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(6.82, 6.82, 6.82); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.521 mW/g

Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.889 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.468 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.660 mW/g



0 dB = 0.660mW/g

18_WLAN 2.4G_1M_802.11b_Back 1.5cm_Ch11

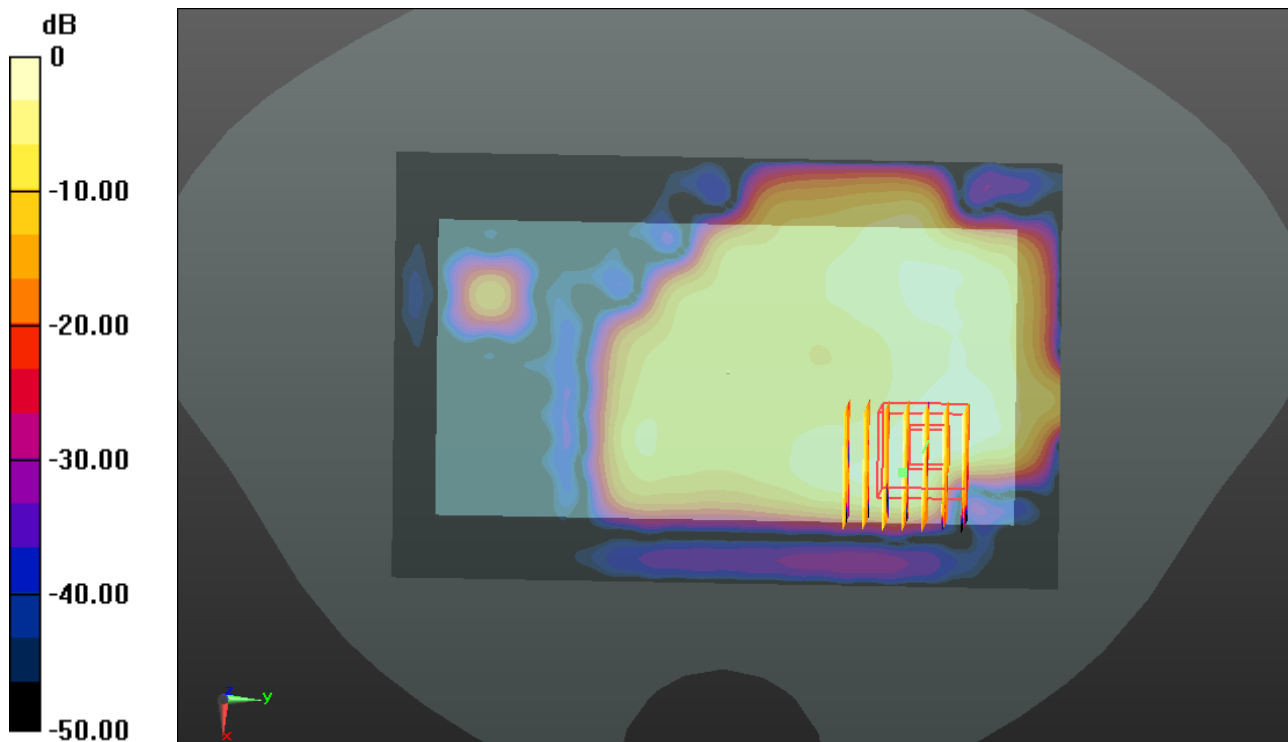
Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_141212 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.944$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.127$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.093 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.828 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g



0 dB = 0.080mW/g