

Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

## In accordance with the requirements of Report and Order: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 ( 2.1093); RSS102 issue 5;

IEC62209-2:2010; IEEE 1528:2013

## **SAR TEST REPORT**

For

**Product Name: Tablet Computer** 

Brand Name : acer Model No.: A6002

Series Model: N/A

Test Report Number: C160323S01-SF

Issued for

Acer Incorporated 8F, 88, Sec 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd Hsichih, Taipei Hsien, 221 Taiwan

Issued by

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## **Revision History**

Revision	REPORT NO.	Date	Page Revised	Contents
Original	C160323S01-SF	April 8, 2016	N/A	N/A
01	C160323S01-SF	May 5, 2016	29	Update Bluetooth Conducted output power.

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## 1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Product Name:	Tablet Computer	Tablet Computer		
Brand Name:	acer			
Model Name.:	A6002			
Series Model:	N/A			
Device Category:	PROTABLE DEVICES			
Exposure Category:	GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE			
Date of Test:	April 6, 2016 & April 7, 2016			
Applicant:	Acer Incorporated 8F, 88, Sec 1, Hsin Tai Wu Rd Hsichih, Taipei Hsien, 221 Taiwan			
Manufacturer:	Acer Incorporated 8F, 88, Sec 1, Hsin Tai Wu	Rd Hsichih, Taipei Hsien, 221 Taiwan		
Application Type:	Certification			
-	APPLICABLE STANDARDS	AND TEST PROCEDURES		
STANDARDS AND	TEST PROCEDURES	TEST RESULT		
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 RSS102 issue 5		No non-compliance noted		
Deviation from Applicable Standard				
None				

The device was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664; RSS102 issue 5 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:	Tested by:			
Jeff fang	Sam. ye.			
Jeff.fang RF Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc.	Sam.ye Test Engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.			



## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name:	Tablet Computer	
Brand Name:	acer	
Model Name.:	A6002	
Series Model:	N/A	
Model Discrepancy:	N/A	
FCC ID:	HLZA6002	
ISED No.:	1754F-A6002	
Software version	Acer_AVOLO_A3-A40_RV01RB02_WW_GEN1	
Hardware version	A10H-V1.1	
Power reduction:	NO	
DTM Description:	N/A	
Device Category:	Production unit	
Frequency Range:	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5240 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
Modulation Technique:	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM IEEE 802.11n5G HT20 MHz Mode: OFDM IEEE 802.11n5G HT40 MHz Mode: OFDM IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM) Bluetooth 3.0: GFSK + π/4DQPSK+8DPSK Bluetooth 4.0: GFSK	
Accessories:	Battery(rating): Capacitance: 6100 mAh; Rated Voltage: 3.7V	
Antenna Specification:		
Operating Mode:	Maximum continuous output	



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### 2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Tablet Computer, A6002, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary Body 1g SAR (W/kg)		
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	1.099		
	5.2GHz WLAN			
NII	5.3GHz WLAN	0.980		
INII	5.5GHz WLAN	1.184		
	5.8GHz WLAN	1.120		

exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

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## 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/Kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 W/Kg for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093); RSS102 issue 5.

### 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- RSS102 issue 5
- X IEC 62209-2:2010

- KDB 865664 D02v01r02 RF Exposure Reporting
- KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR for laptop and tablets

## 5. TEST CONFIGURATION

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering test software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Duty cycle Form

Band	Mode	Duty cycle(100%)
	Bluetooth	100
	802.11b	100
2.4GHz	802.11g	100
	802.11n 20MHz	100
	802.11n 40MHz	100
	802.11a	100
5GHz	802.11 20MHz	100
	802.11 40MHz	100



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## 6. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SETUP

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY 5 from ATTENNESSA. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the E-field PROBE EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEE P1528 and IEC 62209.

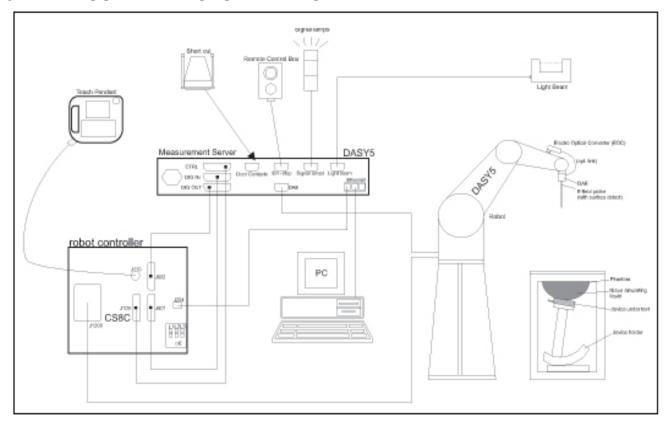
## The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78



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### 6.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



### The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal
  multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision
  detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The
  signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical
  of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the
  optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.



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#### 6.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4(or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.



The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

#### Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)



The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

#### EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements



Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents,

e.g., DGBE)

**Calibration:** Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon

request.

**Frequency:** 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3

GHz)

**Directivity:** ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

**Dynamic Range:** 10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

(noise: typically  $< 1 \mu W/g$ )



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**Dimensions:** Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers:

1 mm

**Application:** High precision dosimetric measurements

in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6

GHz with precision of better 30%.

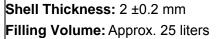


Interior of probe

#### SAM Twin Phantom

#### Construction:

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50360 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.



**Dimensions:** Height: 850mm; Length: 1000mm; Width:

750mm



#### SAM Phantom (ELI4 v4.0)

### Description Construction:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles

**Shell Thickness:**  $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm (sagging: } <1\%)$ 

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

**Dimensions:** Maior ellipse axis: 600 mm

Minor axis: 400 mm 500mm





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#### Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

**Construction:** In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).



#### System Validation Kits for SAM Twin Phantom

**Construction:** Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables

measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

900.1800.2450.5800 MHz Frequency:

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300mm



### System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun Enables

> measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance

holder and tripod adaptor.

900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz Frequency:

ReTune loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position **Power capability:** > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)

Dimensions:

D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm

D5GHzV2: dipole length: 20.6 mm; overall height: 300 mm



## 7. EVALUATION PROCEDURES

### **DATA EVALUATION**

The DASY 5 post processing software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity  $\sigma$ 

- Density ho

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY 5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameters)

cf = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY 5 parameter)  $dcp_i$  = Diode compression point (DASY 5 parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $F = V_i$ 

 $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$ 

H-field probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$ 

with  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$  = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E0field Probes

*ConvF* = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

*Ei* = Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$



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The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

 $H_{tot}$ = total magnetic field strength in A/m Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

### **SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES**

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

#### • Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY 5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to 15 mm by 15 mm and can be edited by a user.

#### Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures  $5 \times 5 \times 7$  points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

#### Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY 5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

#### Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

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#### SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1529 standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g.

The DASY 5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- · maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- · peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maximum searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

#### **Extrapolation**

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Cube Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1 g and 10 g cubes.

#### **Boundary effect**

For measurements in the immediate vicinity of a phantom surface, the field coupling effects between the probe and the boundary influence the probe characteristics. Boundary effect errors of different dosimetric probe types have been analyzed by measurements and using a numerical probe model. As expected, both methods showed an enhanced sensitivity in the immediate vicinity of the boundary. The effect strongly depends on the probe dimensions and disappears with increasing distance from the boundary. The sensitivity can be approximately given as:

$$S\approx S_o + S_b exp(-\frac{z}{a})cos(\pi\frac{z}{\lambda})$$

Since the decay of the boundary effect dominates for small probes (a<< $\lambda$ ), the cos-term can be omitted. Factors Sb (parameter Alpha in the DASY 5 software) and a (parameter Delta in the DASY 5 software) are assessed during probe calibration and used for numerical compensation of the boundary effect. Several simulations and measurements have confirmed that the compensation is valid for different field and boundary configurations.

This simple compensation procedure can largely reduce the probe uncertainty near boundaries. It works well as long as:

- · the boundary curvature is small
- the probe axis is angled less than 30 to the boundary normal
- the distance between probe and boundary is larger than 25% of the probe diameter
- the probe is symmetric (all sensors have the same offset from the probe tip)

Since all of these requirements are fulfilled in a DASY 5 system, the correction of the probe boundary effect in the vicinity of the phantom surface is performed in a fully automated manner via the measurement data extraction during post processing.



## 8. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Measurement uncertainty for 30 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram						
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	C <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc. (1-g)	V <sub>i</sub> or Veff
Measurement System				•		
Probe Calibration (k=1)	6.00	Normal	1	1	6.00	8
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	8
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.88	8
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	8
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	8
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	8
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	8
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	8
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	8
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	8
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	8
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	0.23	8
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1.67	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	8
Test sample Related				•		
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	8
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	8
Phantom and Tissue Param	neters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.64	1.85	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	-2.95	Rectangular	√3	0.78	-1.33	8
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.6	1.73	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-2.03	Rectangular	√3	0.26	-0.30	8
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.78	1.53	8
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.05	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			11.50	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty		k=2			23. 00	0%
Expanded STD Uncertainty		<i>k</i> =2			1. 80	dB



Measurement uncertainty for 3 GHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram						
Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty	Prob.	Div.	C <sub>i (1g)</sub>	Std. Unc. (1-g)	Vi or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration ( <i>k</i> =1)	6.55	Normal	1	1	6.55	∞
Probe Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.90	∞
Modulation Response	2.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1.39	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effect	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limit	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.70	Rectangular	√3	1	3.87	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	2.31	∞
Test sample Related		,		•		
Test sample Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.6	Normal	1	1	3.6	5
Power drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.00	∞
Phantom and Tissue Para	meters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1	3.81	∞
SAR correction	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1.10	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5	Rectangular	√3	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas)	-2.09	Rectangular	√3	0.78	-0.94	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target )	5	Rectangular	√3	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-3.58	Rectangular	√3	0.26	-0.54	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.78	1.53	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.05	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty		RSS			12.53	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty		k=2			2!	5. 06%
Expanded STD Uncertainty		k=2			1.	94dB



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## 9. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

**Note:** Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

<u>Population/Uncontrolled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

<u>Occupational/Controlled Environments</u> are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

# NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

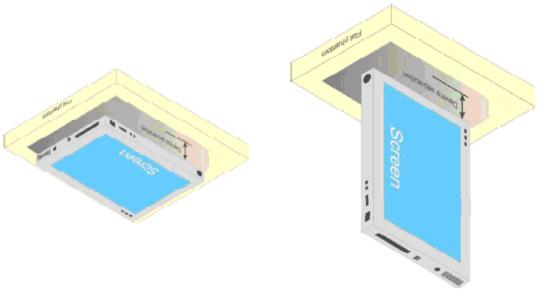
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#### **EUT ARRANGEMENT** 10.

Please refer to IEEE1528 illustration below.

### **10.1 BODY WORN TEST**

This EUT was tested in four different positions. They are front side, rear side, Edge 1 and Edge 4 of tablet. In these positions ,the surface of EUT is touching phantom with 0 mm.



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### 11. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

#### 11.1 TEST LIQUIDS CONFIRMATION

#### SIMULATED TISSUE LIQUID PARAMETER CONFIRMATION

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

#### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	dy
(MHz)	$\epsilon_{r}$	σ (S/m)	$\epsilon_{r}$	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

 $(\varepsilon_r = \text{relative permittivity}, \sigma = \text{conductivity and } \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3)$ 



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## 11.2 LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The following table show the measuring results for simulating liquid:

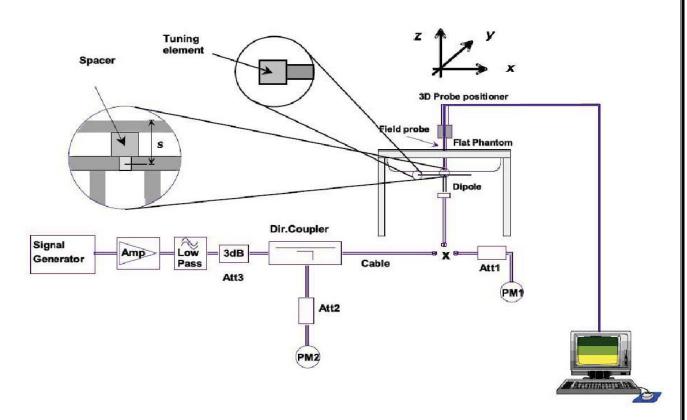
Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation (%)	Limited (%)	Measured Date	
Body2412	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	52.75	51.743	-1.91	± 5	2016-4-6	
D00y2412	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	1.90	1.847	-2.83	± 5	2010-4-0	
Body2437	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	52.72	51.688	-1.95	± 5	2016-4-6	
B00y2437	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	1.93	1.880	-2.74	± 5	2010-4-0	
Body2462	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	52.68	51.614	-2.03	± 5	2016-4-6	
B00y2402	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	1.97	1.908	-2.95	± 5	2010-4-0	
Body5270	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.94	48.337	-1.23	± 5	2016-4-7	
B00y3270	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.43	5.320	-2.06	± 5	2010-4-7	
Body5310	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.88	48.499	-0.78	± 5	2016-4-7	
Бойуээ то	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.48	5.418	-1.05	± 5	2016-4-7	
Body5510	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.60	48.114	-1.01	± 5	2016-4-7	
B00y3310	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.69	5.489	-3.58	± 5	2010-4-7	
Body5550	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.55	47.733	-1.68	± 5	2016-4-7	
Бойуэээо	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.74	5.710	-0.45	± 5	2010-4-7	
Body5670	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.38	47.667	-1.48	± 5	2016-4-7	
Бойузото	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.86	5.904	0.69	± 5	2010-4-7	
Body5755	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.26	47.252	-2.09	± 5	2016-4-7	
Бойуэтээ	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.95	5.830	-2.07	± 5	2010-4-7	
Body5795	21.5	Permitivity(ε)	48.21	47.794	-0.86	± 5	2016-4-7	
Dody37 93	21.5	Conductivity( $\sigma$ )	5.99	6.122	2.12	± 5	2010-4-7	

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#### 11.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system .



#### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head and body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY5 system withan E-fileld probe EX3DV4 SN: 3798 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx= 5 mm, dy= 5 mm, dz= 5 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2 mm.
- The dipole input power was 250mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



**Depth of Liquid** 23 22 20

Note: For SAR testing, the depth is 15cm shown above



## SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Liquid Type	Ambient Temp. (° C)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Input Power (W)	Measured SAR1g (W/Kg)	1W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	1W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Deviatio n (%)	Limited (%)	Date
Body2450	22	21.5	0.25	12.30	49.20	49.20	0.00	± 10	2016-4-6
Body5200	22	21.5	0.1	7.13	74.60	71.3	-4.42	± 10	2016-4-7
Body5300	22	21.5	0.1	7.44	76.00	74.4	-2.11	± 10	2016-4-7
Body5500	22	21.5	0.1	7.53	79.10	75.3	-4.80	± 10	2016-4-7
Body5600	22	21.5	0.1	7.85	77.80	78.5	0.90	± 10	2016-4-7
Body5800	22	21.5	0.1	7.22	75.00	72.2	-3.73	± 10	2016-4-7

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#### 11.4 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES AND TEST MODE

#### Conducted output power(dBm):

#### **General Note:**

- 1 Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- 2 Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
  - 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
  - 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- 3 For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.
- 4 Apply the default power measurement procedures to measure maximum output power for each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
  - a) The maximum output power of band gap channels is limited to the lowest maximum output power certified for the adjacent bands regardless of whether band aggregation is applied for SAR testing.
  - b) The measured maximum output power results are used to reduce the number of channels that need testing.

#### **WLAN 2.4G**

WLAN 2.4G	1			1	<b>i</b>	
Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHZ)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
	1	2412	13.5	±1	14.5	14.07
802.11 b	6	2437	13	±1	14	13.91
	11	2462	13	±1	14	13.57
	1	2412	12	±1	13	12.61
802.11 g	6	2437	12	±1	13	12.82
	11	2462	12	±1	13	12.81
000.44	1	2412	11	±1	12	11.23
802.11 n 20MHz	6	2437	12	±1	13	12.63
2011112	11	2462	12	±1	13	12.80
200.44	3	2422	11	±1	12	11.21
802.11 n 40MHz	6	2437	12	±1	13	12.75
70111112	9	2452	11	±1	12	11.53



#### WLAN 5G U-NII-1

Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHZ)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
	36	5180	12.5	±1	13.5	13.48
802.11 a	40	5200	12.5	±1	13.5	13.33
002.11 a	44	5220	12.5	±1	13.5	13.49
	48	5240	12.5	±1	13.5	13.32
	36	5180	12	±1	13	12.56
802.11 n 20MHz	40	5200	12.5	±1	13.5	13.05
002.11 11 20WINZ	44	5220	12.5	±1	13.5	13.17
	48	5240	12.5	±1	13.5	13.11
802.11 n 40MHz	38	5190	12.5	±1	13.5	13.18
	46	5230	12.5	±1	13.5	13.28

### WLAN 5 U-NII-2A

VLAN 5 U-NII-ZA								
Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHZ)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)		
	52	5260	12.5	±1	13.5	13.35		
802.11 a	56	5280	12.5	±1	13.5	13.46		
002.11 a	60	5300	12.5	±1	13.5	13.30		
	64	5320	12.5	±1	13.5	13.10		
	52	5260	12.5	±1	13.5	13.37		
802.11 n 20MHz	56	5280	12.5	±1	13.5	13.04		
ου2.11 11 20 WIΠ2	60	5300	12.5	±1	13.5	13.19		
	64	5320	12.5	±1	13.5	13.08		
802.11 n 40MHz	54	5270	12.5	±1	13.5	13.48		
	62	5310	12.5	±1	13.5	13.46		

### WI AN 5 H-NII-2C

Mode	Channel	Frequence (MHZ)	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
	100	5500	12.5	±1	13.5	13.12
802.11 a	112	5560	12.5	±1	13.5	13.31
002.11 a	116	5580	12.5	±1	13.5	13.34
	140	5700	12.5	±1	13.5	13.38
	100	5500	12	±1	13	12.42
802.11 n 20MHz	112	5560	12.5	±1	13.5	13.24
OUZ.1111 ZUIVINZ	116	5580	12.5	±1	13.5	13.21
	140	5700	12.5	±1	13.5	13.28
	102	5510	12.5	±1	13.5	13.18
802.11 n 40MHz	110	5550	12.5	±1	13.5	13.33
	118	5590	12.5	±1	13.5	13.16
	134	5670	12.5	±1	13.5	13.28



### WLAN 5 U-NII-3

Mode	Channel	Frequence	Target power(dBm)	Turn up tolerance (dBm)	Maximum Turn up power (dBm)	Average power (dBm)
	149	5745	12.5	±1	13.5	13.03
802.11 a	157	5785	12.5	±1	13.5	13.14
	165	5825	12.5	±1	13.5	13.01
000.44	149	5745	12.5	±1	13.5	13.20
802.11 n 20MHz	157	5785	12.5	±1	13.5	13.06
2011112	165	5825	12.5	±1	13.5	13.02
802.11 n	151	5755	12.5	±1	13.5	13.26
40MHz	159	5795	12.5	±1	13.5	13.48



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#### Bluetooth 3.0+EDR Conducted output power(dBm):

		Average pov	ver(dBm)
Channel	hannel Frequency Date		ate
		1Mbps	3Mbps
CH00	2402MHz	0.38	-2.20
CH39	2441 MHz	0.61	-2.02
CH78	2480 MHz	0.68	-1.93

### **BLE Conducted output power (dBm):**

Channel	Eroguenov	Average power (dBm)
Channel	Frequency	Date Rate
CH00	2402MHz	-0.94
CH20	2440 MHz	-0.76
CH39	2480 MHz	-0.85

Note: The product Max antenna gain is 2dBi, So the highest EIRP result is 3 dBm

According to KDB447498 D01:The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation25
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below
- If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation</li>

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
Tu	une-up Maximum power (dBm)	1
Tun	e-up Maximum rated power (mW)	1.259
	Antenna to user (mm)	5
Body	Frequency(GHz)	2.480
	SAR exclusion threshold	0.397

Per KDB 447498 D01 exclusion thresholds is 0.397< 3, Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required.

#### According to RSS102-2015:

SAR evaluation for this device was performed with a separation distance of 5 mm. Observing the SAR evaluation exemption limit table (Table 1, see below) found in § 2.5.1 of RSS102:2015 , it was determined that the SAR exemption limit for this device is 4 mW for 2.4GHz transmission and 1 mW for 5 GHz transmission. No Wi-Fi mode qualified for test exemption as all power levels were above the stated thresholds. On the contrary, Bluetooth, with a frequency of 2480 MHz and a maximum output power of 1.995 mW (3 dBm, tune-up tolerance accounted for), is lower than the exemption threshold and therefore exempt from SAR evaluation for either the intended user or bystanders. So Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation is not required



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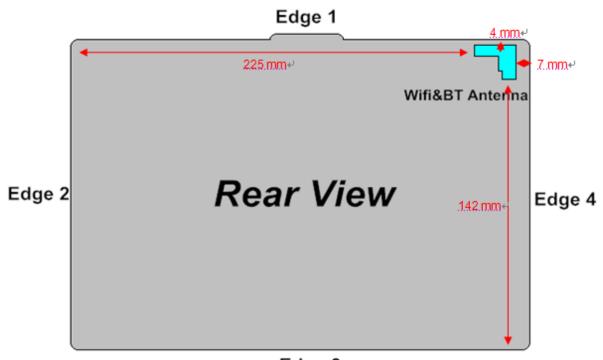
## Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance

Frequency		Exe	mption Limits (n	nW)	
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of
	≤5 mm	10 mm	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW
Frequency		Exe	mption Limits (n	nW)	
(MHz)	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation	At separation
	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of	distance of
	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW

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### 11.5 SAR TEST CONFIGURATIONS

**Antenna position** 



Edge 3

Device dimensions (H x W): 260 x 168 mm

Device difficultions (11 x vv). 200 x 100 mm				
Antennas	Wireless Interface			
Bluetooth &WLAN Antenna	WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5.2GHz WLAN 5.3GHz			
	WLAN 5.5GHz WLAN 5.8GHz Bluetooth			

### **Test Mode**

IEEE 802.11	Data transmission mode(802.11b, 802.11n40;Bluetooth GFSK)



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#### 11.6 BODY TEST EXCLUSION THRESHOLDS

The following SAR test exclusion Thresholds based on KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06) 4.3.1)

	Wireless Interface	WLAN	WLAN		
Exposure	TVII Ologo III.olidoo	802.11 b	802.11 a		
Position	Maximum power	14.5	14		
	Maximum rated power(mW)	28.18	25.12		
	Antenna to user (mm)	5	5		
Front view	SAR exclusion threshold	9.58	6.23		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
_	Antenna to user (mm)	3	3		
Rear view	SAR exclusion threshold	5.75	3.74		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
	Antenna to user (mm)	4	4		
Edge1	SAR exclusion threshold	7.67	4.98		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
	Antenna to user (mm)	225	225		
Edge2	SAR exclusion threshold	1846.00	1812.28		
	SAR testing required	No	No		
	Antenna to user (mm)	142	142		
Edge3	SAR exclusion threshold	1016.00	982.28		
	SAR testing required	No	No		
	Antenna to user (mm)	7	7		
Edge4	SAR exclusion threshold	13.42	8.72		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		

#### Note:

- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-q SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-q extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare. This formula is [3.0] /  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \cdot [(min. test separation distance, mm)] = exclusion threshold of mW.$ 

- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
  - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·( f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
  - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
- 6. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



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The following SAR test exclusion Thresholds based on RSS102 issue5 2.5.1

	Wireless Interface	WLAN	WLAN		
Exposure	Wileless Interface	802.11 b	802.11 a		
Position	Maximum power	14.5	14		
	Maximum rated power(mW)	28.18	25.12		
_	Antenna to user (mm)	5	5		
Front view	SAR exclusion threshold	4	1		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
_	Antenna to user (mm)	3	3		
Rear view	SAR exclusion threshold	4	1		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
	Antenna to user (mm)	4	4		
Edge1	SAR exclusion threshold	4	1		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		
	Antenna to user (mm)	225	225		
Edge2	SAR exclusion threshold	309	106		
	SAR testing required	No	No		
	Antenna to user (mm)	142	142		
Edge3	SAR exclusion threshold	309	106		
	SAR testing required	No	No		
	Antenna to user (mm)	7	7		
Edge4	SAR exclusion threshold	7	6		
	SAR testing required	Yes	Yes		

#### Note:

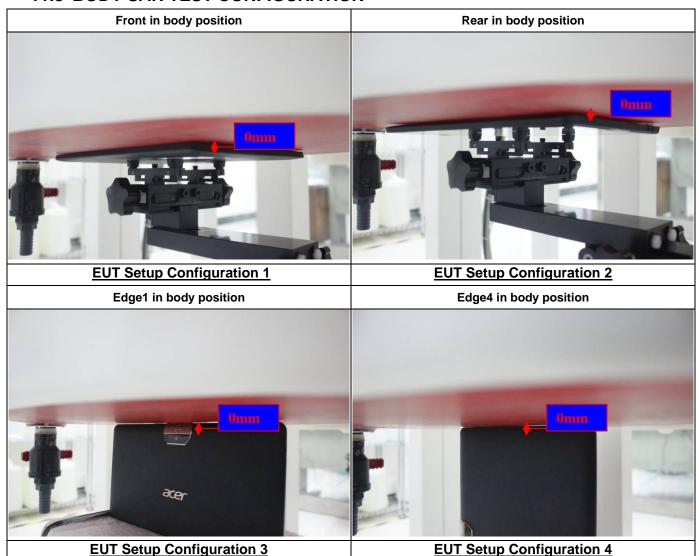
SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.



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## 11.7 EUT SETUP PHOTOS

## 11.8 BODY SAR TEST CONFIGURATION





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## **SAR Results for Body Test Records** 2.4GHz

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Front	0	2437	13.91	14	1.021	0.00	1	0.441	0.450
		Rear	0	2412	14.07	14.5	1.104	0.13	1	0.884	0.976
		Rear	0	2437	13.91	14	1.021	0.02	1	0.978	0.998
		Rear	0	2462	13.57	14	1.104	0.00	1	0.995	1.099
		Edge1	0	2437	13.91	14	1.021	-0.06	1	0.318	0.325
		Edge4	0	2437	13.91	14	1.021	0.00	1	0.088	0.090

Remark: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is > 1.2 W/kg. So 2.4 GHz OFDM mode is require.
- 3) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.



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#### 5GHz

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
		Front	0	5270	13.48	13.5	1.005	0.08	1	0.915	0.919
		Front	0	5310	13.46	13.5	1.009	0.00	1	0.905	0.913
U-NII-2A	WLAN	Rear	0	5270	13.48	13.5	1.005	0.04	1	0.975	0.980
U-NII-ZA	5GHz n40	Rear	0	5310	13.46	13.5	1.009	0.00	1	0.817	0.825
		Edge1	0	5270	13.48	13.5	1.005	0.16	1	0.580	0.583
		Edge4	0	5270	13.48	13.5	1.005	0.00	1	0.261	0.262
	WLAN 5GHz n40	Front	0	5510	13.18	13.5	1.076	0.04	1	1.10	1.184
		Front	0	5550	13.33	13.5	1.040	0.00	1	1.08	1.123
		Front	0	5670	13.28	13.5	1.052	0.05	1	1.06	1.115
U-NII-2C		Rear	0	5510	13.18	13.5	1.076	0.07	1	1.05	1.130
U-MII-2C		Rear	0	5550	13.33	13.5	1.040	0.00	1	1.03	1.071
		Rear	0	5670	13.28	13.5	1.052	0.04	1	1.01	1.062
		Edge1	0	5550	13.33	13.5	1.040	0.10	1	0.568	0.591
		Edge4	0	5550	13.33	13.5	1.040	0.00	1	0.173	0.180
	WLAN 5GHz n40	Front	0	5755	13.26	13.5	1.057	-0.05	1	0.916	0.968
		Front	0	5795	13.48	13.5	1.005	-0.03	1	1.01	1.015
U-NII-3		Rear	0	5755	13.26	13.5	1.057	0.01	1	1.06	1.120
U-NII-3		Rear	0	5795	13.48	13.5	1.005	0.00	1	1.04	1.045
		Edge1	0	5755	13.26	13.5	1.057	0.06	1	0.412	0.435
		Edge4	0	5755	13.49	13.5	1.002	0.08	1	0.262	0.263

Remark: For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following

The highest reported SAR for is adjusted by the ratio of U-NII-1 to U-NII-2A specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg . So U-NII-1 mode is require.

<sup>1)</sup> When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

<sup>2)</sup> When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.



### **Repeated SAR Test Records**

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	max Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor	SAR1g (mW/g)	Scaled SAR1g (mW/g)
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Rear	0	2462	13.57	14	1.104	0.10	1	0.995	1.099
WLAN 5Ghz n40	U-NII-2A	Rear	0	5270	13.48	13.5	1.005	-0.16	1	0.945	0.949
WLAN 5Ghz n40	U-NII-2C	Front	0	5510	13.18	13.5	1.076	0.00	1	1.07	1.152
WLAN 5Ghz n40	U-NII-3	Rear	0	5755	13.26	13.5	1.057	0.11	1	1.02	1.078



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#### 11.9 REPEATED SAR MEASUREMENT

Band	Mode	Test Position	Dist. (mm)	Freq. (MHZ)	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	1st Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio	Original Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	2nd Repeated SAR1g (mW/g)	Ratio
WLAN 2.4Ghz	802.11b	Front	0	2462	0.995	0.995	1.000			
WLAN 5Ghz	U-NII-2A	Rear	0	5270	0.975	0.945	1.032		-	
WLAN 5Ghz	U-NII-2C	Rear	0	5510	1.10	1.07	1.028			
WLAN 5Ghz	U-NII-3	Rear	0	5755	1.06	1.02	1.039			

#### Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/Kg

Per KDB 865664 D01v01,if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is ≤1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.

- 2. Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.



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### 11.10 SAR HANDSETS MULTI XMITER ASSESSMENT

No.	Applicable Simultaneous Transmission Combination
1	N/A

#### Note:

1. 2.4GHz WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.



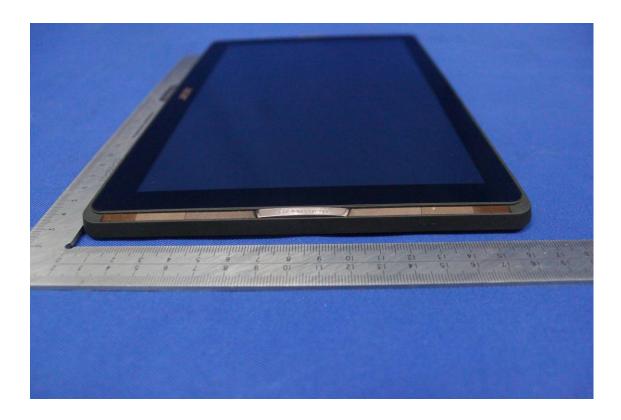
#### **EUT PHOTO 12.**



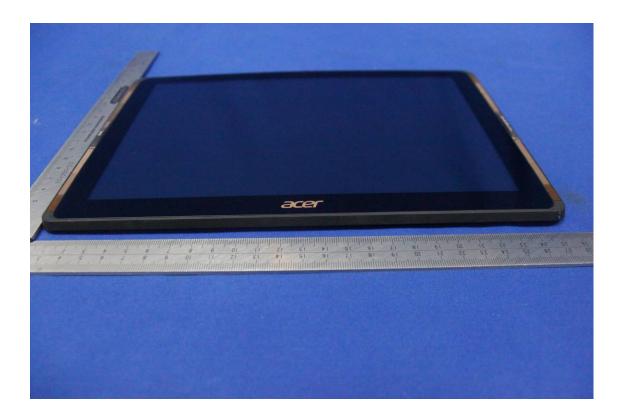




















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#### **EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS** 13.

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
PC	HP	Core(rm)3.16G	CZCO48171H	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257C	MY43321570	11/20/2015	11/19/2016
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301382	03/02/2016	03/01/2017
Wireless Communication Test Set	R&S	CMU200	SN:109525	01/11/2016	01/10/2017
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292714	03/02/2016	03/01/2017
Peak & Average sensor	Agilent	E9327A	us40441788	03/02/2016	03/01/2017
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1445010	03/02/2016	03/01/2017
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339220	03/02/2016	03/01/2017
E-field PROBE	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3798	07/24/2015	07/23/2016
DAE	SPEAG	DEA4	1245	07/22/2015	07/21/2016
DIPOLE 2450MHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D2450V2	817	07/31/2013	07/28/2016
DIPOLE 5GHZ ANTENNA	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1095	05/31/2013	05/28/2016
DUMMY PROBE	SPEAG	DP_2	SPDP2001AA	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM (ELI4 v4.0)	SPEAG	QDOVA001BB	1102	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	1609	N/A	N/A
ROBOT	SPEAG	TX60	F10/5E6AA1/A101	N/A	N/A
ROBOT KRC	SPEAG	CS8C	F10/5E6AA1/C101	N/A	N/A
LIQUID CALIBRATION KIT	ANTENNESSA	41/05 OCP9	00425167	N/A	N/A

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### 14. FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.10, Weiye Rd., Innovation Park, Eco & Tec. Development Part, Kunshan City, Jiangsu Province, China.

#### 15. REFERENCES

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### **APPENDIX A: PLOTS OF PERFORMANCE CHECK**

The plots are showing as followings.



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/6/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-Body D2450

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D24500V2; Serial: 817

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency:

2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.896 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.664$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

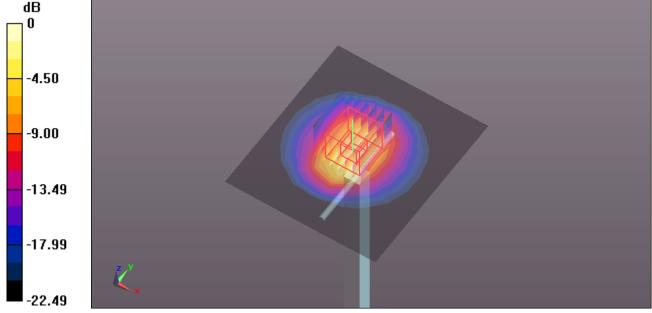
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/Pin=250 mW, dist=10mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.03 V/m: Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.63 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kq = 12.76 dBW/kq



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/7/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5200

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.261 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.836$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

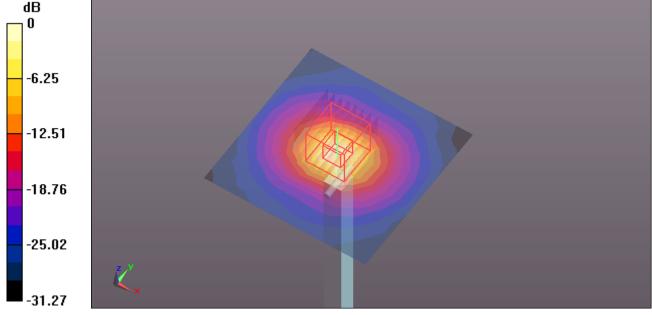
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dv=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/7/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5300

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.408 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 48.508;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5300 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg

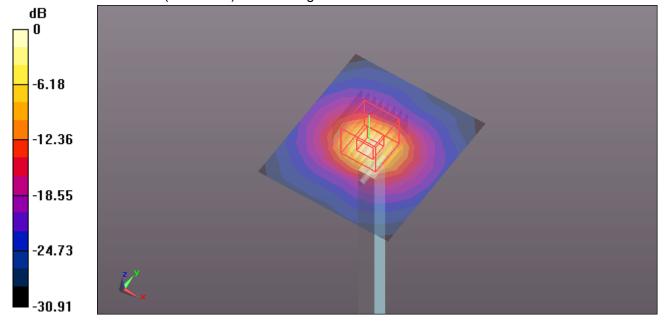
waximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dv=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 12.28 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/7/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5500

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.512 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 48.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

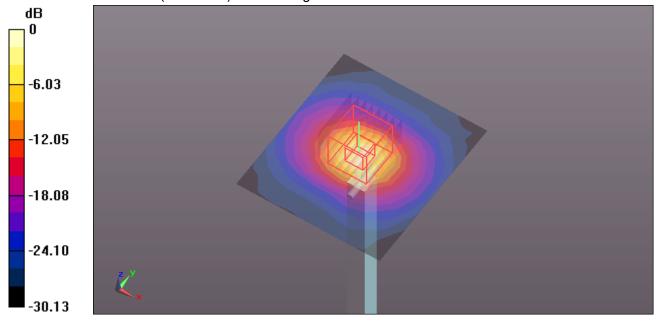
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.0 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dv=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/7/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5600

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma = 5.747 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 48.109$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(3.9, 3.9, 3.9); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg

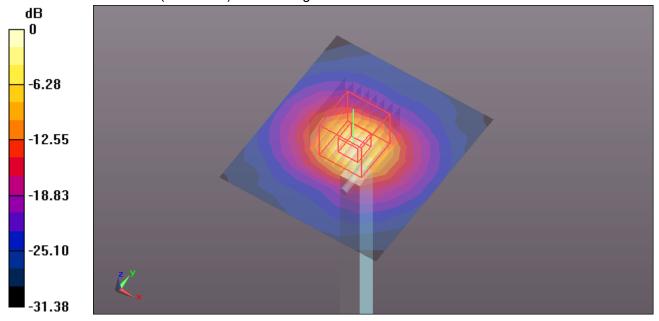
System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dv=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg



Date of Issue: May 5, 2016 Report No .: C160323S01-SF

Date: 4/7/2016

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

SystemPerformanceCheck-D5800

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1095

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz);

Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 6.13 S/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 47.907;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Room Ambient Temperature: 22°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY Configuration:** 

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3798; ConvF(4.16, 4.16, 4.16); Calibrated: 7/24/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1245; Calibrated: 7/22/2015
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222);
- SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

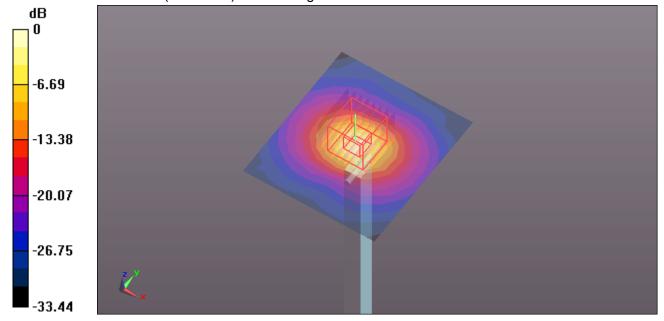
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg

System Performance Check with D5GHzV2 Dipole (graded grid)/d=10mm, Pin=100mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (4x4x1.4mm, graded), dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dv=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.01 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg



0 dB = 18.4 W/kg = 12.65 dBW/kg

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### APPENDIX B: PLOTS OF HIGHEST SAR TEST RESULT

The DASY Calibration Certificates are showing in the file named Appendix B Plots of **Highest SAR Test Result.** 

### **APPENDIX C: DASY CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

The plots are showing in the file named Appendix C: DASY Calibration Certificate

