### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'etalonnage Servizio svizzero ditaratura

**Swiss Calibration Service** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Emtek(Shenzhen)

Certificate No: D750V3-1078 Jun18

### CALIBRATIONCERTIFICATE

D750V3 -SN:1078 Object

QA CAL-05.v10 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700MHz

June 18,2022 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)$  °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	ScheduledCalibration
PowermeterNRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
PowersensorNRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dBAttenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN:5047.2/06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
ReferenceProbeEX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-0ct-17 (No. DAE4-601_0ct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	CheckDate(inhouse)	Scheduled Check
PowermeterEPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN:	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Inhousecheck: Oct-18
RFgeneratorR&SSMT-06	MY41092317	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 100972	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In housecheck: Oct-18
	Name	Function	(ci) drawno l
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	KatjaPokovic	Technical Manager	SI ME

Issued: June21,2022

This calibration certificate shallnot bereproduced exceptinfull without written approval of the laboratory.

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

#### Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) forwireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the armsoriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feedpoint. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W attheantenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1078\_Jun18 Page 2 of 8

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system conf1'gurat1on,as ar as not!iven on page 1.

DASY Version	DASYS	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular FlatPhantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15mm	with Spacer
Zoom ScanResolution	dx, dy, dz = 5  mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculattonswere appl1'ed

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ±0.2) °C	40.9 ± 6%	0.90 mho/m ±6%
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5°C		

#### SAR result with HeadTSL

SAR averaged over 1cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.25 W/kg :t: 17.0%(k=2)

SAR averaged over 10cm <sup>3</sup> (10g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.38 W/kg :t: 165 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96mho/m
Measured Body TSLparameters	(22.0 ±0.2) °C	55.2 ± 6%	0.96 mho/m ±6 %
Body TSL temperature change duringtest	< 0.5 °C		

### SAR result with BodyTSL

SAR averaged over 1cm <sup>3</sup> (1g) of BodyTSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.63W/kg:t:17.0%(k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	1.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to1W	5.72 W/kg :t: 16.5%(k=2)

Certificate No: 0750V3-1078\_Jun18 Page 3 of 8

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with HeadTSL**

Impedance,transformed to feed point	55.8 Q + 0.8 jQ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

#### **Antenna Parameters with BodyTSL**

Impedance, transformed to feedpoint	50.5 Q - 3.3jQ
Return Loss	-29.5dB

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 15,2012

Certificate No: 0750V3-1078\_Jun18

#### **DASYS Validation Report for HeadTSL**

Date: 18.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D7SOV3; Serial: D7SOV3 - SN:1078

Communication System: UID O - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; cr = 0.9 Sim; Er = 40.9;  $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSIC63.19-2011)

#### DASY52Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.22, 10.22, 10.22) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2022

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical SurfaceDetection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.04.2022

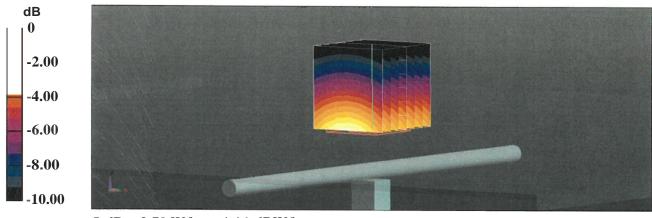
• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD OOL P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X14.6.11(7439)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=lSmm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 59.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.13 W/kg

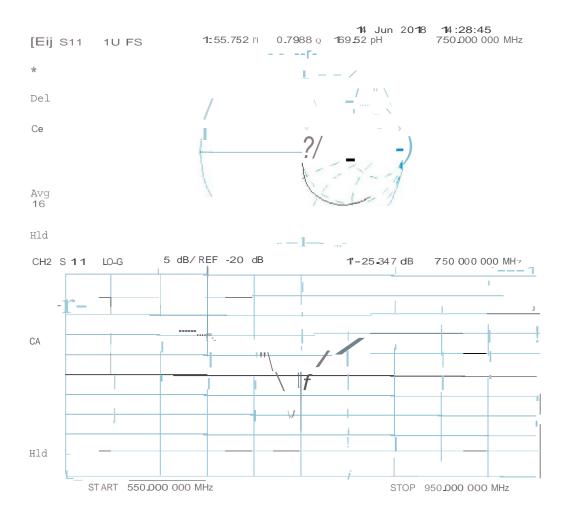
SAR(l g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(l O g) = 1.36 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



O dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg

Certřicate No: 0750V3-1078\_Jun18 Page 5 of 8

### Impedance Measurement Plot for HeadTSL



#### **DASYS Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 18.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D7SOV3; Serial: D7SOV3 - SN:1078

Communication System: UID O - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; cr = 0.96 Sim; tr = 55.2;  $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSIC63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2022

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.04.2022

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD OOR P49 AA; Serial: 1005

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

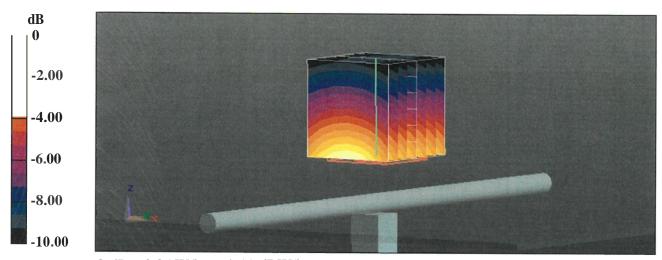
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18W/kg

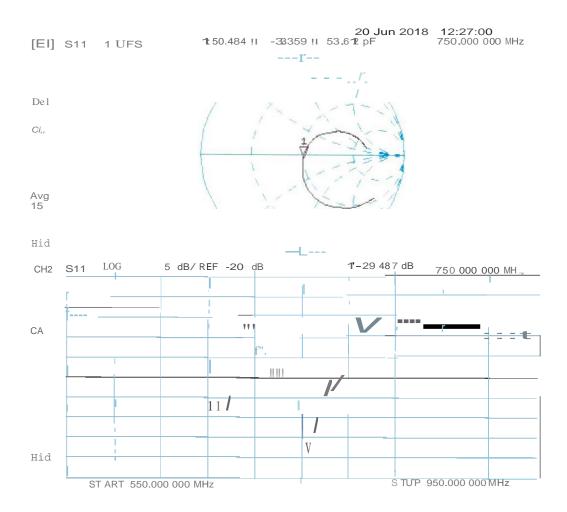
#### SAR(lg)=2.16W/kg; SAR(lOg)=1.43W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



O dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for BodyTSL



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Servicesuissed'etalonnage Servizio svizzero ditaratura

SwissCalibrationService

Accreditation No.: SCS0108

Issued: June 21,2022

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibrationcertificates

Client Emtek(Shenzhen)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d092 Jun18

### **!CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D835V2 - SN:4d092

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v10

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: June 18, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

 $All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) ^{\circ} C and hum 1 d 1 ty < 70\%.$ 

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (CertificateNo.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meterNAP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No.217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
PowersensorNRP-291	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No.217-02672)	Apr-19
PowersensorNRP-291	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No.217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dBAttenuator	SN:5058(20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatchcombination	SN: 5047.2106327	04-Apr-18 (No.217-02683)	Apr-19
ReferenceProbeEX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No.EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-0ct-17 (No. DAE4-601_0ct17)	Oct-18
	The same		
Secondary Standards	ID#	CheckDate(in house)	ScheduledCheck
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Inhouse check: Oct-18
PowersensorHP8481A	SN: US37292783	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Powersensor HP8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Inhouse check: Oct-18
RFgenerator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	Inhousecheck: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (inhousecheck Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
The same of the same of	Name	Function	
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Mark In			
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	IDA
Children Fall			IP

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d092\_Jun18

Page 1 of 8

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

## **Engineering AG**







Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suissed'etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss CalibrationService

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service isone of the signatories to the EA  $\label{lem:multiple} Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates$ 

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x, v, z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the PeakSpatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency rangeof 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) forwireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feedpoint. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d092\_Jun18 Page 2 of 8

#### MeasurementConditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not liven on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom ScanResolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2)°C	40.7 ±6%	0.93 mho/m±6%
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSLparameters	normalized to 1W	9.40W/kg:t17.0%(k=2)
SAR averaged over 10cm <sup>3</sup> (10g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.06W/kg:t16.5%(k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
NominalBodyTSLparameters	22.0°C	55.2	0.97mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ±0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6%	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5°C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSLparameters	normalized to 1W	9.68W/kg:t17.0%(k=2)
	1	1
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of BodyTSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	1.61 W/kg

SAR for nominal Body TSLparameters normalizedto 1W 6.36W/kg:t16.5%(k=2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with HeadTSL**

Impedance,transformed to feed point	51.9 Q - 2.7jQ
Return Loss	- 29.9 dB

#### **Antenna Parameters with BodyTSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Q - 5.1jQ
Return Loss	- 25.4 dB

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15,2009

Certificate No: D835V2-4d092\_Jun18

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for HeadTSL**

Date: 18.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D83SV2; Serial: D83SV2 - SN:4d092

Commu nication System: UID O - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; cr = 0.93 Sim; Sr = 40.7;  $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSIC63.19-2011)

#### DASY52Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2022

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.04.2022

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD OOL P49 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.11(7439)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=lSmm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

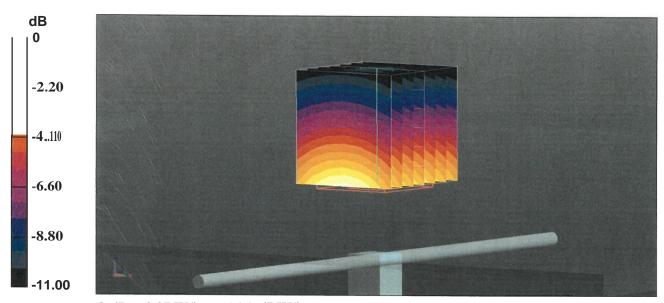
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.70 W/kg

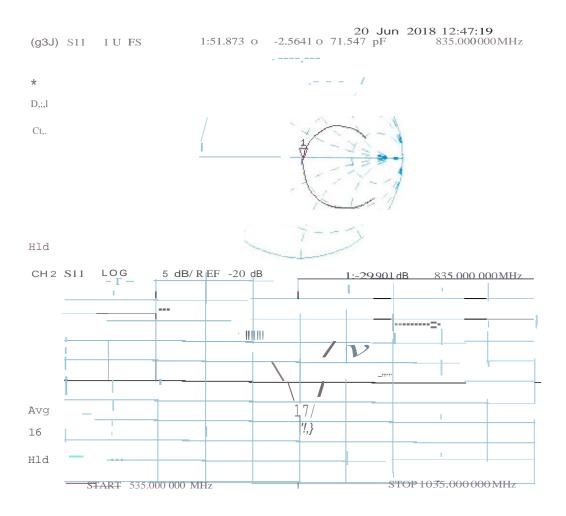
#### SAR(lg) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(IOg) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.27 W/kg



O dB = 3.27 W/kg = 5.15 dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for HeadTSL



#### DASY5 Validation Report for BodyTSL

Date: 18.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### OUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2-SN:4d092

Communication System: UID O - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; er = 0.99 Sim; er = S S;  $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: *DASY S* (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2022

Sensor-Surface: I.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.04.2022

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD OOR P49 AA; Serial: 1005

DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X14.6.11(7439)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=lSmm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube0:

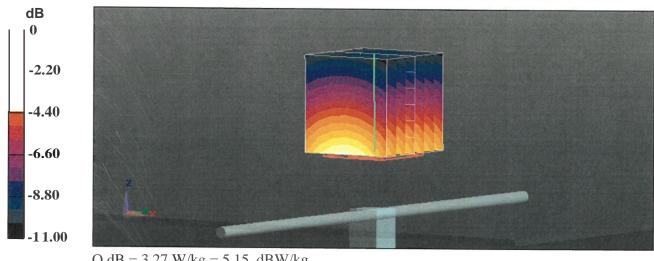
Measurement grid: dx=Smm, dy=Smm, dz=Smm

Reference Value = 60.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66W/kg

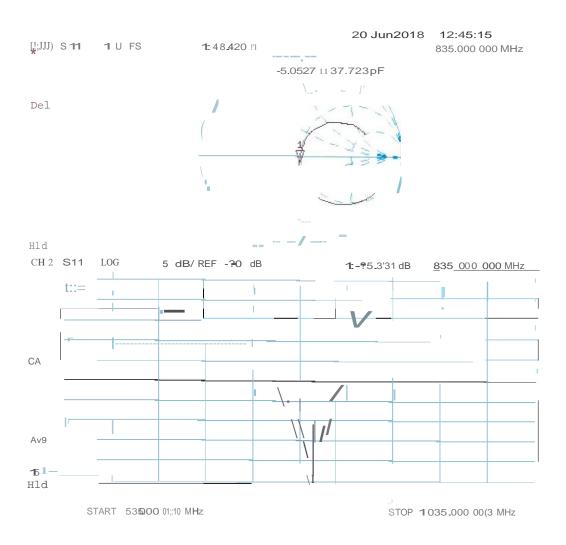
SAR(l g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(lO g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.27 W/kg



O dB = 3.27 W/kg = 5.15 dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for BodyTSL





国际互认 CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570** 

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Emtek(Shenzhen)

Certificate No:

Z22-60034

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D900V2 - SN: 1d162

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

February 16, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	26-May-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May21)	May-22
DAE4	SN 1556	12-Jan-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z22-60007)	Jan-23
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00409)	Jan-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan-23

Calibrated by:

Name **Function**  Signature

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: February 21, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z22-60034

Page 1 of 6





Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters** 

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.71 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.9 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.26 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)





## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7Ω- 0.39jΩ		
Return Loss	- 45.7dB		

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.314 ns	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.314 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Date: 2022-02-16

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 1d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.955$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.14$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 900 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-05-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2022-01-12
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration**/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

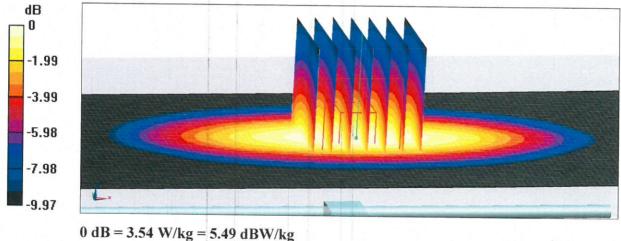
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.8 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 15 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.8%

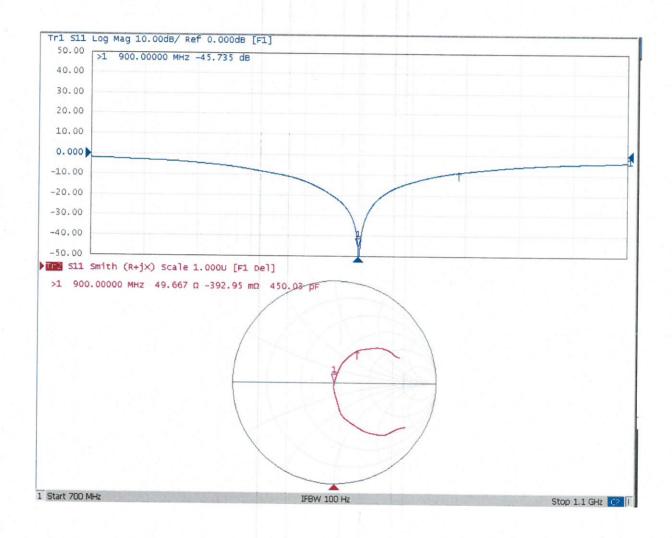
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.54 W/kg







#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'etalonnage Serviziosvizzeroditaratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS0108

AccreditedbytheSwissAccreditationService (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  ${\bf Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates}$ 

Client

Emtek(Shenzhen)

Certificate No: **D1750V2-1023\_Jun18** 

### **IBRATIONCERTIFICATE**

Object

D1750V2 - SN:1023

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v10

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700MHz

Calibration date:

June 11, 2022

This calibration certificates hall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

 $All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) °C and humidity < 70\%.$ 

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NAP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04·Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	30-Dec-17 (No. EX3-7349_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 601	26-Oct-17 (No. DAE4-601_Oct17)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-0ct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-0ct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	LaboratoryTechnician	Je GZ
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	1 DOME

Issued: June 21,2022

Certificate No: 01750V2-1023\_Jun18

Page 1 of 8

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

#### **Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43,8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suissed'etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service(SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multi lateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity inTSL /NORM x,y,z N/A notapplicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the PeakSpatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC62209-1,"Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency rangeof 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feedpoint. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at theantenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: 01750V2-1023\_Jun18 Page 2 of 8

#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not iven on paae 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5  mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ±1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL**parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0°C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0±0.2)°C	39.0 ± 6%	1.36 mho/m ±6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5°C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of HeadTSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	9.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	363 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of HeadTSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	4.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSLparameters	normalizedto 1W	19.3 W/kg ±16.5%(k=2)

#### Body TSL parameters

 $The followi-nq parameters \ and \ calculat 1-onswere \ app \emph{r}1ed$ 

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
NominalBodyTSLparameters	22.0°C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2)°C	53.6 ± 6%	1.47 mho/m ±6%
Body TSL temperature change duringtest	< 0.5°C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	9.12W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.8 W/kg ±17.0% (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW inputpower	4 .90W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSLparameters	normalized to 1W	19.7 W/kg ±165 % (k=2)

Certificate No: 01750V2-1023\_Jun18 Page 3 of 8

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feedpoint	51.0 Q - 0.5jQ
Return Loss	- 39.1dB

#### **Antenna Parameters with BodyTSL**

Impedance, transformed tofeedpoint	46.0 Q + 0.3 jQ	
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.217 ns
,	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole nearthe feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	August 20,2009	

Certificate No: 01750V2-1023\_Jun18

#### **DASYS Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 11.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1023

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; a = 1.36 Sim; C:r = 39; p = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: FlatSection

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.5, 8.5, 8.5) @ 1750MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2022

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn60l; Calibrated: 26.04.2022

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X14.6.11(7439)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=lOmm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

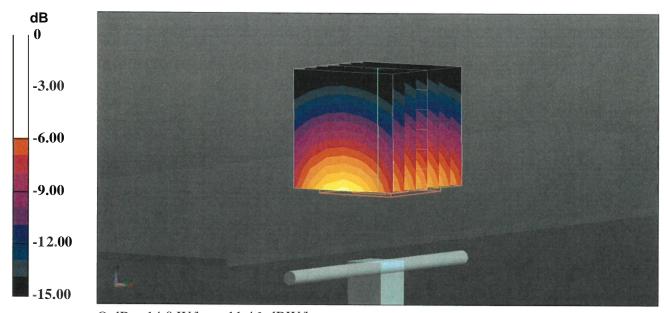
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 106.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5W/kg

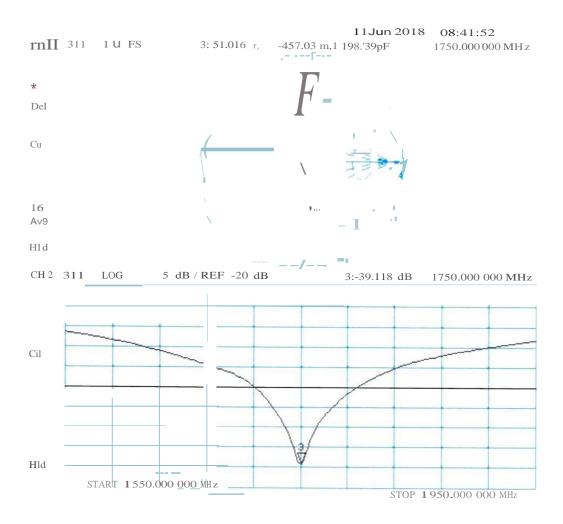
SAR(l g) = 9.1 W/kg; SAR(lOg) = 4.82 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



O dB = 14.0 W/kg = 11.46 dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for HeadTSL



#### DASY5 Validation Reportfor Body TSL

Date: 11.06.2022

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1023

Communication System: UID O - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; cr = 1.47 Sim; Er = 53.6;  $p = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5(IEEE/IEC/ANSIC63.19-2011)

#### DASY52Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4-SN7349; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35) @ 1750MHz; Calibrated: 30.03.2021

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 26.04.2021

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X14.6.11(7439)

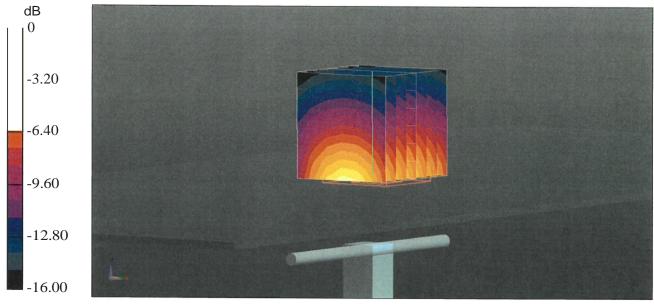
#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.3 Vim; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

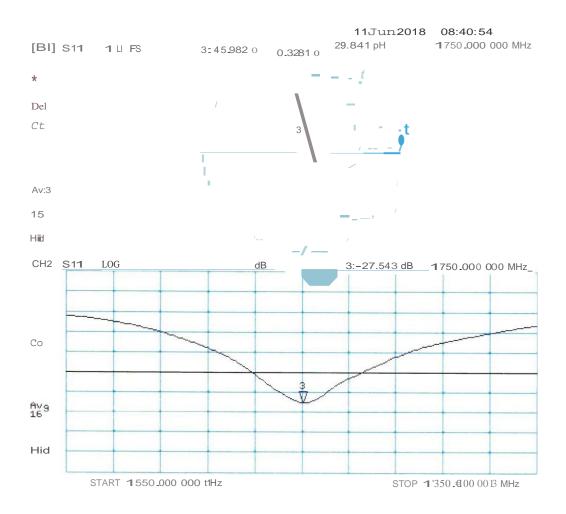
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



O dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30dBW/kg

### Impedance Measurement Plot for BodyTSL









Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Emtek(Shenzhen) Client

Certificate No:

Z22-60035

### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1950V3 - SN: 1151

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

February 16, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
106277	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
104291	24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)	Sep-22
SN 7307	26-May-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May21)	May-22
SN 1556	12-Jan-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z22-60007)	Jan-23
ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
MY49071430	13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00409)	Jan-23
MY46110673	14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan-23
	106277 104291 SN 7307 SN 1556 ID# MY49071430	106277       24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)         104291       24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)         SN 7307       26-May-21(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May21)         SN 1556       12-Jan-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z22-60007)         ID #       Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)         MY49071430       13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00409)

Calibrated by:

Name Function Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Signature

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: February 21, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z22-60035

Page 1 of 6





Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.