

# **TEST REPORT**

**Product Name: Rugged Tablet Computer** 

Model Number: TB170

FCC ID : HLETB170BTNL

Prepared for : Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address : 5F, No. 136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist.,

New Taipei City, Taiwan

Prepared by : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

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Report Number : ENS2205200174W00306R

Date(s) of Tests : December 25, 2020 to Febuary. 26, 2021

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## 1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address: 5F, No. 136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

Manufacturer : Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd.

Address: 5F, No. 136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

EUT : Rugged Tablet Computer

Model Name : TB170

Trademark : unitech

#### Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS				
STANDARD	TEST RESULT			
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 22, Subpart H FCC 47 CFR Part 24, Subpart E FCC 47 CFR Part 27	PASS			

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.26 (2015) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2, 22(H), 24(E), 27.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report

Date of Test :	December 25, 2020 to March 26, 2021			
Prepared by :	Una yu			
	Una Yu/Editor			
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	Joe Xia/Supervisor			
Approved & Authorized Signer :	**			
Approved & Authorized Digitor .	 Lisa Wang/Manager ESTING			
	3 0 11			



## 2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
Device Type	UMTS
Product	Rugged Tablet Computer
Model Number	TB170
Operation Band	WCDMA850(Band V), WCDMA1700(Band IV), WCDMA1900(Band II)
Supported Type	WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA for WCDMA850, WCDMA1700, WCDMA1900
Modulation	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA
Operating Frequency Range(s)	TX 824 to 849MHz /RX 869 to 894MHz for WCDMA850(Band V) TX 1710 to 1755MHz /RX 2110 to 2155MHz for WCDMA1700(Band IV) TX 1850 to 1910MHz /RX 1930 to 1990MHz for WCDMA1900(Band II)
Supported Channel Bandwidth	5 MHz
TX and RX Antenna	Ant1 (Main Antenna)-Support Transmit and Receive Ant2 (Slave Antenna)-Only Support Receive Remark: Ant2 cannot work independently, it only assists receiving function with the main antenna
Antenna Type	FPC antenna
Antenna Gain	WCDMA850: 0.1dBi WCDMA1700: 2.8dBi WCDMA1900: 2.6dBi
Power supply	Battery: DC 7.6V internal rechargeable li-ion polymer battery Model: IP575399-2S Rating: DC 7.6V, 4800mAh, 36.5Wh Adapter 1: Model: ADP-65JH HB INPUT: 100-240V~1.5A 50-60Hz OUTPUT: DC 19V, 3.42A Adapter 2: Model: A18-065N3A INPUT: 100-240V~1.7A 50-60Hz OUTPUT: DC 19V, 3.42A, 65W
Temperature Range	-20°C ~ +60°C

Note: for more details, please refer to the user's manual of the EUT.



## 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Rule	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark		
2.1046	RF Power Output	PASS			
22.913, 24.232, 27.50	Equivalent (Isotropic) Radiated Power	PASS			
2.1047	Modulation Characteristics	PASS			
2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	PASS			
2.1051, 22.917,	Out of Band Emissions at Antenna Terminals	PASS			
24.238, 27.53	Band Edge Emission	PASS			
2.1053, 22.917, 24.238, 27.53	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	PASS			
2.1055, 22.355,	Frequency Stability versus Temperature	PASS			
24.235, 27.54	Frequency Stability versus Voltage	PASS			
24.232, 27.50	Peak to Average Ratio	PASS			
NOTE1: This report only add adapter? information and undate model name, trademark, applicant and					

NOTE1: This report only add adapter2 information and update model name, trademark, applicant and manufacturer information, all test data refer to report No. ES201225029W06.

## RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: HLETB170BTNLfilling to comply with FCC 47 CFR Part 2, 22(H), 24(E), 27.

The system is compliance with Subpart B is authorized under a DOC procedure.



## 4 TEST METHODOLOGY

## 4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 22, Subpart H

FCC 47 CFR Part 24, Subpart E

FCC 47 CFR Part 27 KDB971168 D01: v02r02 ANSI/TIA-603-D-2010 ANSI C63.26:2015

## 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

## **For Spurious Emissions Test**

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 26	100154	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Pre-Amplifie	Lunar EM	LNA30M3G-25	J10100000070	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	659	Sep 22, 2019	2 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1177	May 17, 2020	2 Year
Pre-Amplifie	SKET	LNPA_0118G-45	SK2019051801	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-012	July 14, 2019	2 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	100967	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1198	May 17, 2020	2 Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	660	July 16, 2019	2 Year
Cable	H+B	NmSm-05-C15052	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Cable	H+B	NmSm-2-C15201	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Cable	H+B	NmNm-7-C15702	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Cable	H+B	SAC-40G-1	414	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Cable	H+B	SUCOFLEX104	MY14871/4	May 17, 2020	
Cable	H+B	BLU18A-NmSm-650 0	D8501	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Band reject Filter(50dB)	WI/DE	WRCGV-2400(2400- 2485MHz)	2	May 17, 2020	1 Year

#### For other test items:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Vector Signal Generater	Agilent	N5182B	My53050553	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	My53050878	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Power Analyzer	Agilent	PS-X10-200	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50- 140822zk	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Test Accessories	Agilent	PS-X10-100	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Temperature&Humidity test chamber	ESPEC	EL-02KA	12107166	May 17, 2020	1 Year
Blocking Box	Agilent	AD211	N/A	May 17, 2020	1 Year



#### 4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition. The CMU200 and CMW500 used to control the EUT staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

During all testing, EUT is in link mode with base station emulator at maximum power level.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

## Test Mode and system config

## **UMTS REL99 Config**

Transmitting performance test of the EUT is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to T TS 134.109 and TS 134.121).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in the following table .

Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Type of User Information	User Bit Rate	DL DPCH Symbol Rate	UL DPCH Bit Rate	Remarks
12.2 kbps reference measurement channel	12.2 kbps	30 kbps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Transmitter Physical channel configuration

Mode	Rel99
Loopback mode	Test mode1
Rel99 RMC	12.2 kbps RMC
HSDPA FRC	Not applicable
HSUPA Test	Not applicable
Power control algorithm	Algorithm2
βс	Not applicable
βd	Not applicable
βес	Not applicable
Bc/βd	8/15
βhs	Not applicable
βed	Not applicable

#### **UMTS HSDPA Rel6 Config**

Transmitting performance test of the EUT is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to TS 134.109 and TS 134.121).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in the following table .

Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel



Type of User Information	User Bit Rate	DL DPCH Symbol Rate	UL DPCH Bit Rate	Remarks
12.2 kbps reference measurement channel	12.2 kbps	30 kbps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Transmitter Physical channel configuration

Mode	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	HSDPA Rel6			
subtest	1	2	3	4	
Loopback mode		Test m	node1		
Rel99 RMC		12.2 kb	os RMC		
HSDPA FRC		H-S	Set1		
HSUPA Test		Not app	olicable		
Power control algorithm		Algor	ithm2		
βc	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
Bd(SF)		6	4		
Bc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
MPR(s\dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5	
DACK		8	3		
DNAK		3	3		
DCQI		8	3		
Ack-Nack Repetition Factor	3				
CQI feedback	4ms				
CQI repetition factor	2				
Ahs=βhs/βc		30/15			

## UMTS HSUPA Rel6 Config

Transmitting performance test of the EUT is implemented during communicating with the SS via air interface. The procedure is using normal call protocol until the UE is communicating on traffic channel basically. On the traffic channel, the UE provides special function for testing that is called Logical Test Interface and the UE is tested using this function. (Refer to TS 134.109 and TS 134.121).

Transmitting or receiving bit/symbol rate for test channel is shown in the following table .

## Bit / Symbol rate for Test Channel

Type of User Information	User Bit Rate	DL DPCH Symbol Rate	UL DPCH Bit Rate	Remarks
12.2 kbps reference measurement channel	12.2 kbps	30 kbps	60 kbps	Standard Test

Transmitter Physical channel configuration

Mode			HSUPA Rel6		
subtest	1 2 3 4 5				
Loopback mode			Test mode1		
Rel99 RMC			12.2 kbps RMC		
HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
HSUPA Test			HSUPA loopback		
Power control algorithm	Algorithm2				
βс	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
βес	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
βed	1309/225 94/75 47/15 56/75 47/15				
βc/βd	11/15 6/15 15/9 2/15 -				
βhs	22/15 12/15 30/15 4/15 5/15				
D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7



Access to the World

DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
AG index	20	12	15	17	12
ETFCI	75	67	92	71	67
Associated Max UL data rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
Reference E_TFCIs	E_TFCI 11 E_TFCI PO4 E_TFCI 67 E_TFCI PO18 E_TFCI 71 E_TFCI PO23 E_TFCI 75 E_TFCI PO 26 E_TFCI 81		E_TFCI 11 E_TFCI PO4 E_TFCI 92 E_TFCI PO18	E_TF( E_TFC E_TFC E_TFC E_TFC E_TFC E_TF	I PO23 CI 75 I PO 26





## ■ Test Environment

Environment Parameter	Selected Values During Tests			
Relative Humidity	Ambient			
Temperature	TN	Ambient		
	VL	DC 6.84V		
Ambient	VN	DC 7.6V		
	VH	DC 8.36V		
NOTE: VL= Lower Extreme Test Voltage				
VN= Nominal Voltage				
VH= Upper Extreme Test Voltag	e			

## Test Channel and Frequency

TN= Normal Temperature

Test Mode	TX / RX		RF Channel	
rest Mode	IA/KA	Low (L)	Middle (M)	High (H)
	TX	Channel 4132	Channel 4182	Channel 4233
WCDMA850	1^	826.4MHz	836.4MHz	846.6MHz
VVCDIVIA030	RX	Channel 4357	Channel 4407	Channel 4458
	I I	871.4MHz	881.4MHz	891.6MHz
	TX	Channel 9262	Channel9400	Channel9538
WCDMA1900	17	1852.4MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.6MHz
VVCDIVIA 1900	RX	Channel 9662	Channel 9800	Channel 9938
	Γ.Λ	1932.4 MHz	1960.0 MHz	1987.6 MHz
	TX	Channel1312	Channel1413	Channel1513
WCDMA1700	1^	1712.4MHz	1732.6MHz	1752.6MHz
VVCDIVIA 1700	RX	Channel 1537	Channel 1638	Channel 1738
	NA	2112.4 MHz	2132.6 MHz	2152.6 MHz



## 5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

#### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.26 and CISPR Publication 22.

## 5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS

The Certificate Registration Number is L2291

The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with

CNAS-CL01 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2017)

Accredited by FCC

Designation Number: CN1204

Test Firm Registration Number: 882943

Accredited by A2LA

The Certificate Number is 4321.01

**Accredited by Industry Canada** 

The Conformity Assessment Body Identifier is CN0008

Name of Firm : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

Site Location : Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China



## **6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY**

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	±1x10^-5
RF Power Output	±1.0dB
Radiated Emission Test	±2.0dB
Occupied Bandwidth Test	±1.0dB
Band Edge Test	±3dB
All emission, radiated	±3dB
Antenna Port Emission	±3dB
Temperature	±0.5°C
Humidity	±3%

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

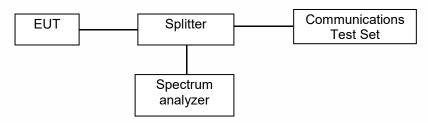




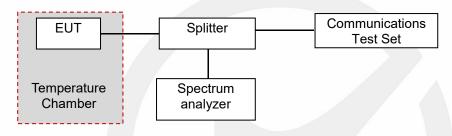
## 7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## 7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The sample component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



#### 7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2



#### 7.3 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 3

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.26-2015 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

#### Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

#### Above 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

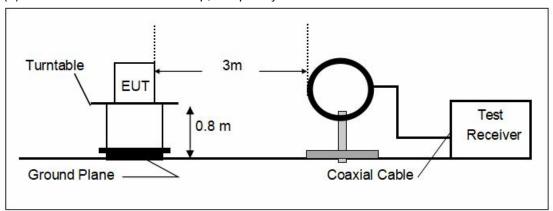
#### Above 1GHz:

(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.)

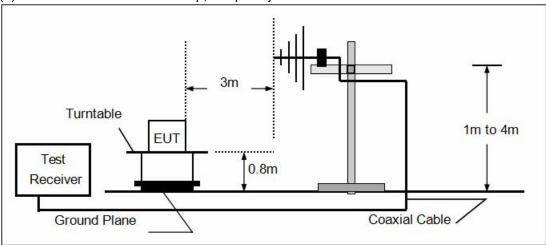
The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).



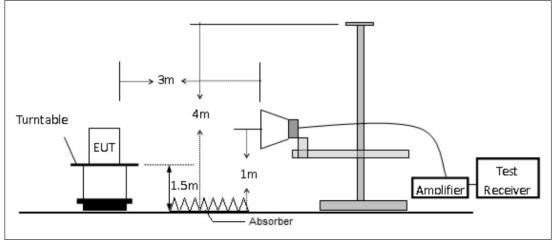
## (a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



## (b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



## (c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz





## 7.4 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	FCC ID	Note

## Notes:

- 1.All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.





#### 8 TEST REQUIREMENTS

#### **8.1 RF POWER OUTPUT**

#### 8.1.1 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

#### 8.1.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 8.1.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. The frequency band is set as selected frequency,

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to base station simulator.

Set EUT at maximum average power by base station simulator.

Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.

Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.

Number of points in sweep  $\ge 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ . (This gives bin-to-bin spacing  $\le \text{RBW}/2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

Sweep time = auto.

Detector = RMS (power averaging).

Set sweep trigger to "free run".

Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode; however, the number of traces to be averaged shall be increased above 100 as needed such that the average accurately represents the true average over the on and off periods of the transmitter.

Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10 log (1/0.25) = 6 dB if the duty cycle is a constant 25%.

Measure lowest, middle, and highest channels for each bandwidth and different modulation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

## 8.1.4 Test Results

Pass



## 8.2 EFFECTIVE (ISOTROPIC) RADIATED POWER

#### 8.2.1 Conformance Limit

For FCC Part 22.913

Extend coverage on a secondary basis into cellular unserved areas, as those areas are defined in §22.949, the ERP of base transmitters and cellular repeaters of such systems must not exceed 1000 Watts. The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts.

For FCC Part 24.232

Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

For FCC Part 27.50

Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

## 8.2.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.3 radio frequency test setup 3

#### 8.2.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test

The instrument must have an available measurement/resolution bandwidth that is equal to or exceeds the OBW. If this capability is available, then the following procedure can be used to determine the total peak output power.

- a) Set the RBW ≥ OBW.
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
- c) Set span ≥ 2 × RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ span/RBW.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUTthrough 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) were measured with peak detector.

The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).

The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antennapolarization.



A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna.

The cable loss (PcI) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

Power(EIRP)=PMea- PAg - Pcl - Ga

This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.

ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole,

ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi.

## 8.2.4 Test Results

#### **Pass**

Operation Mode	Modulation	Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	ERP/EIRP Result (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
		4132	826.4	22.77	38.5	Pass
WCDMA850	QPSK	4182	836.4	21.73	38.5	Pass
		4233	846.6	22.79	38.5	Pass
		1312	1712.4	21.08	30	Pass
WCDMA1700	QPSK	1413	1732.6	21.49	30	Pass
		1513	1752.6	21.99	30	Pass
		9262	1852.4	22.68	33	Pass
WCDMA1900	QPSK	9400	1880.0	22.77	33	Pass
		9538	1907.6	21.73	33	Pass



#### 8.3 MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

#### 8.3.1 Conformance Limit

No specific modulation characteristics requirement limits.

## 8.3.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 8.3.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test,The frequency band is set as selected frequency, test method was according to 3GPP TS 51.010 and 3GPP TS 34.121. and 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E for 1XRTT.and 3GPP2 C.S0033-0/tia-866 for Rel.0 and 3GPP2 C.S0033-A for Rev.A The waveform quality and constellation of the was tested.

## 8.3.4 Test Results

Pass



#### **8.4 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH**

#### 8.4.1 Conformance Limit

No specific modulation characteristics requirement limits.

#### 8.4.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 8.4.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test,

## ■ 99% Occupied bandwidth

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99 %) power bandwidth

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (i.e., two to five times the OBW).
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be at least 10log (OBW / RBW) below the reference level.
- d) NOTE—Steps a) through c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold..
- f) Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are to be recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99 % power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The OBW shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display. The frequency and amplitude axes and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### 26 dB Occupied bandwidth

The reference value is the highest level of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between two and five times the anticipated OBW.
- b) The nominal resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to prevent the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be at least 10log (OBW / RBW) below the reference level.
- d) NOTE—Steps a) through c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) The dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 10 dB below the target "-X dB down" requirement (i.e., if the requirement calls for measuring the –26 dB OBW, the spectrum analyzer noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 36 dB below the reference value).
- f) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
- g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- h) Determine the "-X dB down amplitude" as equal to (Reference Value X). Alternatively, this calculation can be performed by the analyzer by using the marker-delta function.
- i) Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral



display such that each marker is at or slightly below the "–X dB down amplitude" determined in step g). If a marker is below this "-X dB down amplitude" value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.

j) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display. The frequency and amplitude axes and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s)

#### 8.4.4 Test Results

**Pass** 





#### 8.5 BAND EDGE EMISSION

#### 8.5.1 Conformance Limit

For FCC Part 22.917

≤ -13 dBm/1%\*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.

For FCC Part 24.238

≤ -13 dBm/1%\*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.

For FCC Part 27.53

≤ -13 dBm/1%\*EBW, in 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block.

## 8.5.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 8.5.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test,

Spectrum Analyzer is set as below: SET RBW ≥ 1% of Emission BW. SET VBW about three times of RBW Detector: RMS Trace mode= max hold. Span= 2MHz

#### 8.5.4 Test Results

**Pass** 



## 8.6 OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

#### 8.6.1 Conformance Limit

For FCC Part 22.917

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

For FCC Part 24.238

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

For FCC Part 27.53

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

## 8.6.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

#### 8.6.3 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test,

Spectrum Analyzer is set as below:
9kHz~150kHz, RBW = 1KHz, VBW ≥ 3×RBW,
150kHz~30MHz, RBW = 10KHz, VBW ≥ 3×RBW,
30MHz~1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz. Above 1GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz.
Detector: Peak
Trace mode= max hold.

#### 8.6.4 Test Results

**Pass** 



#### 8.7 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

#### 8.7.1 Conformance Limit

For FCC Part 22.917

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

For FCC Part 24.238

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

For FCC Part 27.53

Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

## 8.7.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.3 radio frequency test setup 3

#### 8.7.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the Mid ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test.

Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

then the following procedure can be used to determine spurious emission

- a) RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz(1GHz to 25GHz), 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz(30MHz to 1GHz), 200Hz for f < 150KHz(9KHz to 150KHz), 9KHz for f < 30MHz(150KHz to 30KHz)
- b) Set VBW  $\geq$  3 × RBW.
- c) Set span wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points ≥ span/RBW.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.
- Step1. The EUT was placed on a rotatable wooden table with 0.8 meter above ground.
- Step2. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
- Step3. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
- Step4. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
- Step5. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW , VBW , taking the record of maximum



spurious emission.

Step6. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.

Step7. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.

Step8. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.

Step9. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.

Step10. Emission level (dBm) = output power + substitution Gain. Test Results

## 8.7.4 Test Results

Pass

All modes have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below.





#### For WCDMA850 link

Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature: 24°C Test By: Xuwei

Humidity: 53 % Test mode: TX Mode

Freq.	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)
(MHz)	H/V	`PK ´	PK	PK

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

■ Spurious Emission Above 30MHz (30MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics)

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
2509.20	Н	-52.02	-13	PASS
8088.60	H	-49.37	-13	PASS
			-/-	
2509.20	V	-49.36	-13	PASS
7851.62	V	-48.11	-13	PASS
		-	-	

Note: (1) Emission Level= Reading Level+ Correct Factor +Cable Loss.

- (2) Correct Factor= Ant F + Cab L Preamp
- (3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " -- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



#### For WCDMA1700 link

Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature: 24°C Test By: Xuwei

Humidity: 53 %
Test mode: TX Mode

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)
(1011 12)	H/V	PK	PK	PK

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Spurious Emission Above 30MHz (30MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics)

[ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level	Limit	\
Freq. (MHz)	H/V	(dBm)	(dBm)	Verdict
5197.80	Н	-50.20	-13.00	PASS
14040.92	Н	-34.50	-13.00	PASS
	/			-
5197.80	V	-53.01	-13.00	PASS
14450.21	V	-36.07	-13.00	PASS
		-	-	-

Note: (1) Emission Level= Reading Level+ Correct Factor +Cable Loss.

- (2) Correct Factor= Ant\_F + Cab\_L Preamp
- (3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " -- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



#### For WCDMA1900 link

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature: 24°C Test By: Xuwei

Humidity: 53 %
Test mode: TX Mode

Freq.	Ant.Pol.	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Over(dB)
(MHz)	H/V	PK	PK	PK

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Spurious Emission Above 30MHz (30MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics)

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
5640.00	Н	-51.43	-13.00	PASS
15698.73	H	-37.24	-13.00	PASS
	/		-	
5640.00	V	-52.27	-13.00	PASS
14218.09	V	-37.62	-13.00	PASS

Note: (1) Emission Level= Reading Level+ Correct Factor +Cable Loss.

- (2) Correct Factor= Ant\_F + Cab\_L Preamp
- (3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " -- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



#### 8.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY

#### 8.8.1 Conformance Limit

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ±0.00025% (±2.5ppm) of the center frequency.

## 8.8.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 conducted emission test setup2.

#### 8.8.3 Test Procedure

Connect the EUT to Universal Radio Communication Tester CMU200 or CMU500 via the antenna connector. A call is set up by the SS according to the generic call set up procedure on a channel with ARFCN in the ARFCN range, power control level set to Max power. MS TXPWR\_MAX\_CCH is set to the maximum value supported by the Power Class of the Mobile under test.

EUT was placed at temperature chamber and connected to an external power supply. Temperature and voltage condition shall be tested to confirm frequency stability.

- (a) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short-term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stabilizing circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.
- (b) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 95 to 105 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
- (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

## 8.8.4 Test Results

Pass



#### 8.9 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

#### 8.9.1 Conformance Limit

For FCC Part 24.232

Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

For FCC Part 27.50

Equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. Power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (d)(6) of this section. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

## 8.9.2 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 conducted emission test setup1.

#### 8.9.3 Test Procedure

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station via power divider.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.

Set the measurement interval to 1 ms.

Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

- a) Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
- b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ signal's occupied bandwidth;
- c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
- d) Set the measurement interval as follows:
- 1) for continuous transmissions, set to 1 ms,
- 2) for burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize and set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
- e) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

#### 8.9.4 Test Results

**Pass** 



## Detail of factor for radiated emission

Frequency(MHz)	Ant_F(dB)	Cab_L(dB)	Preamp(dB)	Correct Factor(dB)
0.009	20.6	0.03	\	20.63
0.15	20.7	0.1	\	20.8
1	20.9	0.15	\	21.05
10	20.1	0.28	\	20.38
30	18.8	0.45	\	19.25
30	11.7	0.62	27.9	-15.58
100	12.5	1.02	27.8	-14.28
300	12.9	1.91	27.5	-12.69
600	19.2	2.92	27	-4.88
800	21.1	3.54	26.6	-1.96
1000	22.3	4.17	26.2	0.27
1000	25.6	1.76	41.4	-14.04
3000	28.9	3.27	43.2	-11.03
5000	31.1	4.2	44.6	-9.3
8000	36.2	5.95	44.7	-2.55
10000	38.4	6.3	43.9	0.8
12000	38.5	7.14	42.3	3.34
15000	40.2	8.15	41.4	6.95
18000	45.4	9.02	41.3	13.12
18000	37.9	1.81	47.9	-8.19
21000	37.9	1.95	48.7	-8.85
25000	39.3	2.01	42.8	-1.49
28000	39.6	2.16	46.0	-4.24
31000	41.2	2.24	44.5	-1.06
34000	41.5	2.29	46.6	-2.81
37000	43.8	2.30	46.4	-0.3
40000	43.2	2.50	42.2	3.5

--- End of Report ---