

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 13:37:27

Left Cheek PCS Ch661 20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 21.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.8°C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577: Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

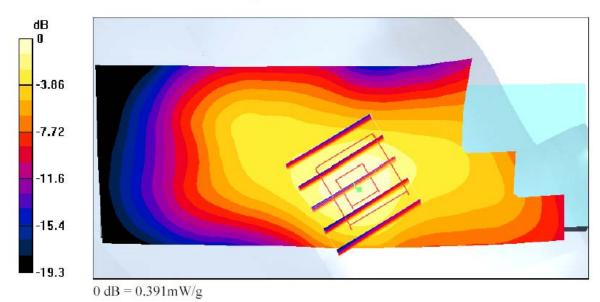
Ch661/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.383 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.579 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 13:52:22

Left Tilted PCS Ch661 20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 21.8 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577: Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch661/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

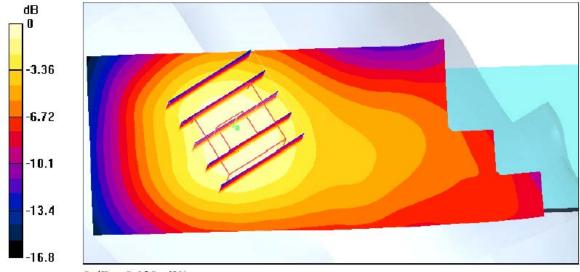
Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.171 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.121 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 08:54:07

Body GSM850 Ch189 Keypad Up With 1.5cm Gap 20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.948$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 20.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2°C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch189/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.544 mW/g

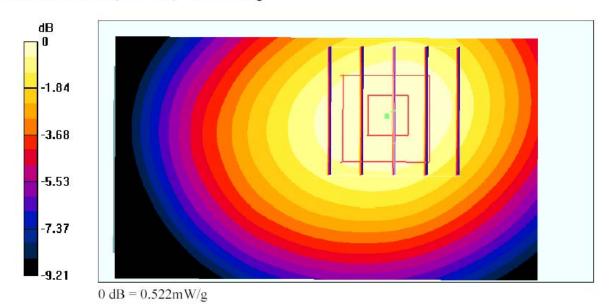
Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.617 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.354 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.522 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 09:33:45

Body GSM850 Ch128 Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap 20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used : f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.936$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 21.0°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3°C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577: Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch128/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

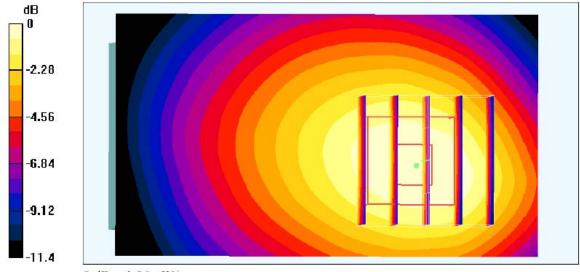
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.992 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.683 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 09:22:47

Body GSM850 Ch189 Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap 20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.948$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch189/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

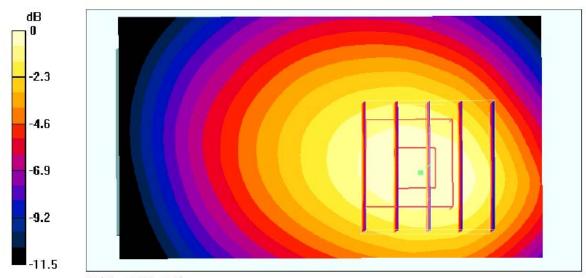
Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.705 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g



0 dB = 1.08 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 09:44:20

Body GSM850 Ch251 Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap 20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 57.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577: Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

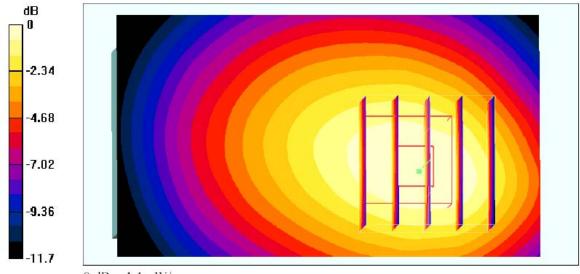
Ch251/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.712 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g



0 dB = 1.1 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 15:11:16

Body PCS Ch661 Keypad Up With 1.5cm Gap 20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577: Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

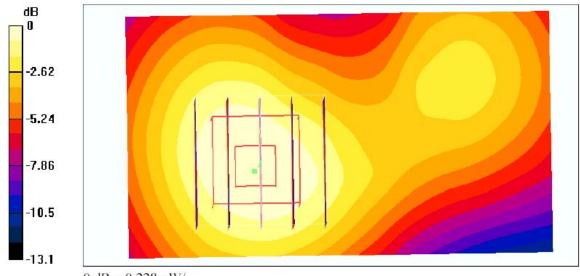
Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 mW/g



SAR Test Report Test Report No : FA521801-1-2-01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 17:14:31

Body_PCS Ch810_Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap_20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.457 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.662 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.399 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g

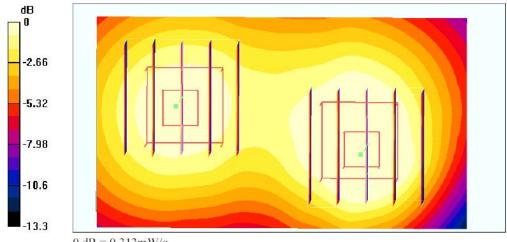
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.313 mW/g



0 dB = 0.313 mW/g

est Report Test Report No : FA521801-1-2-01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 10:22:42

Right Cheek_GSM850 Ch189_20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used : f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.884$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 20.9°C; Liquid Temperature: 21.2°C

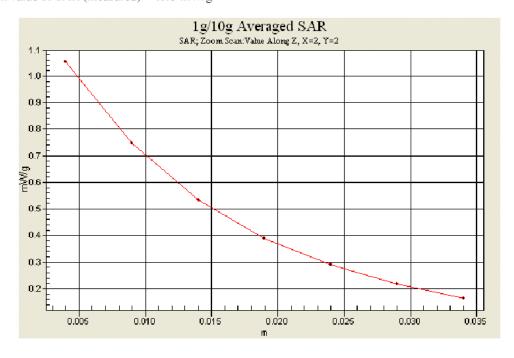
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.74, 6.74, 6.74); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch189/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.987 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.659 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



FCC SAR Test Report Test Report No : FA521801-1-2-01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 03/01/05 09:44:20

Body_GSM850 Ch251_Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap_20050301

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used : f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 20.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 °C

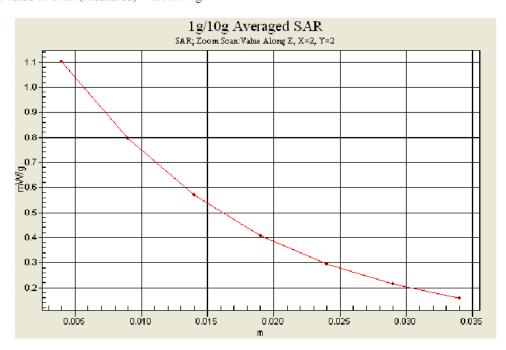
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch251/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.712 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g



CC SAR Test Report No: FA521801-1-2-01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 14:21:19

Right Cheek_PCS Ch810_20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

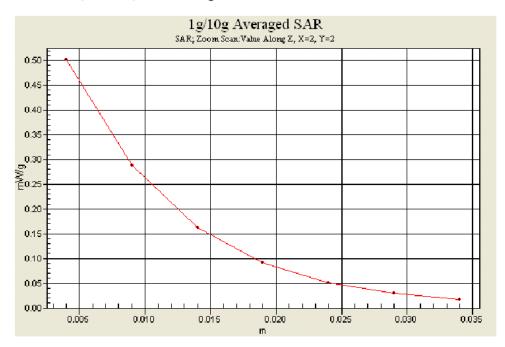
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch810/Area Scan (41x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.460 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 mW/g



t Report Test Report No : FA521801-1-2-01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 02/28/05 17:14:31

Body PCS Ch810 Keypad Down With 1.5cm Gap 20050228

DUT: KMP6J1S1-6; Type: GSM Phone with GPRS; Serial: 350421030000600

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.56, 4.56, 4.56); Calibrated: 9/30/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/17/2004
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.457 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.662 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.399 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.313 mW/g



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Appendix C – Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Sproton Int. (Auden)

Object(s)	D835V2 - SN	:499	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05:v2		
	Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	February 12, 2004		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)		
his calibration statement docum- 7025 international standard.	ents traceability of M&TI	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC
all calibrations have been conduc	ted in the closed laborat	tory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
alibration Equipment used (M&T	FE critical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
ower meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
	10///0000/7		
ower sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agillent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	MY41092317 100698 US37390585		Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	100698 US37390585	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
ower sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 letwork Analyzer HP 8753E	100698 US37390585 Name	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function	In house check: Mar-05
ower sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 letwork Analyzer HP 8753E	100698 US37390585	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	100698 US37390585 Name	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E	100698 US37390585 Name Judith Mueller	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mer-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function Technician	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
ower sensor HP 8481A EF generator R&S SML-03 letwork Analyzer HP 8753E Salibrated by:	100698 US37390585 Name Judith Mueller	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mer-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function Technician	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
ower sensor HP 8481A F generator R&S SML-03 letwork Analyzer HP 8753E salibrated by:	100698 US37390585 Name Judith Mueller Kalja Pokovic	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mer-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function Technician	In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05 Signature Levit Ref. Date issued: February 18, 2006

880-KP0301061-A



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a q

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D835V2

Serial: 499

Manufactured:

July 10, 2003

Calibrated:

February 12, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head** simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 42.1 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.89 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.3 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW \pm 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 9.96 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹ averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 6.48 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.382 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.985

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 51.2 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = -1.7 \Omega$

Return Loss at 835 MHz

-33.9 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **body** simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity

55.5

 $\pm 5\%$

Conductivity

0.99 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.13 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW \pm 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue:

10.3 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue:

6.76 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 46.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -4.5 \Omega$

Return Loss at 835 MHz

-24.7 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty



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Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN499

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_{r} = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.68 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5 mm, dy=5 mm,

dz=5mm Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.68 mW/g

