

TEST REPORT

Applicant:	Fibocom Wireless Inc 1101 Tower & Building 6, Shenzhen International		
Address: 1101, Tower A, Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley, Dashi 1st Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China Equipment Type: WiFi Smart Module Model Name: SC126-W Brand Name: FIBOCOM FCC ID: ZMOSC126W ISED Number: 21374-SC126W 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 2 (refer section 3.1) Sample Arrival Date: Nov. 11, 2022 Test Date: Nov. 15, 2022 – Nov. 21, 2022 Date of Issue: May 29, 2023 SUED BY: Henzhen BALUN Technology CB, Ltd. Henzhen BALUN Technology CB, Ltd. Approved by: Liao Jianming			
Equipment Type:	WiFi Smart Module		
Model Name:	SC126-W		
Brand Name:	FIBOCOM		
FCC ID:	ZMOSC126W		
ISED Number:	21374-SC126W		
Test Standard:	RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 2		
Sample Arrival Date:	Nov. 11, 2022		
Test Date:	Nov. 15, 2022 – Nov. 21, 2022		
ISSUED BY: Shenzhen BALUN Technology	co., Ltd.		
Tested by: Yu Yingyuan	Checked by: Ye Hongji Approved by: Liao Jianming (Technical Director)		
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Yu Ying Yuan

10 -12 /22

In time



	Revision History			y	
	Ve	rsion	Issue Date	Revision	5
	Re	v. 01	<u>May 29, 2023</u>	Initial Iss	ue
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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100	

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi		
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Location	1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park,		
	No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district,		
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a		
	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.		
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform		
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of		
	test site are 11524A.		



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant Fibocom Wireless Inc	
Address	1101, Tower A, Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley,
Address	Dashi 1st Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Fibocom Wireless Inc
Address	1101, Tower A, Building 6, Shenzhen International Innovation Valley,
Address	Dashi 1st Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	N/A
Address	N/A

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	WiFi Smart Module	
Model Name Under Test	SC126-W	
Series Model Name	N/A	
Description of Model	N/A	
name differentiation		
Serial Number	SLB9NR001Z	
Hardware Version	V1.1	
Software Version	N/A	
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A	
Weight (Approx.)	N/A	



2.5 Technical Information

		Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)	
	Network and Wireless	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40)	
	connectivity	5G WIFI 802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80)	
		U-NII-1/2A/2C/3, GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou	
The	requirement for the followi	ng technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:	
	Modulation Technology	DTS	
	Modulation Type	GFSK	
	Transfer Rate	1 Mbps	
	Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.	
	Number of Channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz)	
	Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz)	
	Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna	
	Antenna Gain	1.83 dBi	
	Antenna Impedance	50Ω	
	Antenna System	N/A	
	(MIMO Smart Antenna)		



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title		
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment		
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus		
3	RSS-247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exemp Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices		
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices		
5	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Guidance for compliance measurements on digital tran			



3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A		Pass ^{Note1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5;	Low/High	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	Low/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions		RSS-Gen, 7.4		N/A	N/A ^{Note2}

Note ¹: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note ²: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable. Note ³: Compared with the EUT of test report BL-SZ22B0531-602, the changes of the EUT of this report as below:

1. SC126-W has deleted WWAN Bands by Hardware.

2. Updated Equipment Type.

Other hardware circuits and software are the same as EUT referred in test report BL-SZ22B0531-602. Therefore, all test data are derived from the BL-SZ22B0531-602 report published by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. on Jan. 09, 2023.



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	49% to 68%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+18.8℃ to +24.1℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50330200	2022.05.19	2023.05.18	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50531259	2022.09.06	2023.09.05	
Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	171150	2022.06.29	2023.06.28	
Test Antenna-Horn(1-		BBHA	00400	0004 05 40	0004.05.00	
18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	9120D	02460	2021.05.19	2024.05.08	
Test Antenna-Horn (18-		LB-	1044000070	0004 07 00	2024 07 04	
40 GHz)	A-INFO	180400KF	J211060273	2021.07.02	2024.07.01	
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2021.08.16	2024.08.15	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2022.09.09	2023.09.08	
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2022.06.01	2023.05.31	
Objekted Englagyme	YiHeng Electronic	3.5m*3.1m*	N1/A	2022.02.19	2025.02.18	
Shielded Enclosure	Co., Ltd	2.8m	N/A			
Test Antenna-Bi-	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2021.08.20	2024 00 40	
Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SURWARZBEUK	VULB 9103	9103-024	2021.08.20	2024.08.19	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2022.09.08	2023.09.07	
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2020.03.16	2023.03.15	
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2022.09.09	2023.09.08	
Test Antenna-Bi-			00000	2022 04 04	2025 02 24	
Log(30 MHz-1 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	00883	2022.04.01	2025.03.31	
Test Antenna-Loop(9	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2021.04.16	2024.04.15	
kHz-30 MHz)	SUNWARZDEUK	FIVIZE 1319	1319-037	2021.04.10	2024.04.15	
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co.,	20.10*11.60	NI/A	2021.08.15	2024 09 44	
	Ltd	*7.35m	N/A	2021.00.15	2024.08.14	

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V19.8.28.435	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5



4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

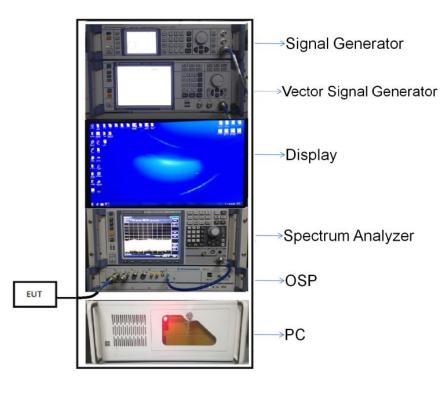
Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.82°C
Humidity	4.1%

4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

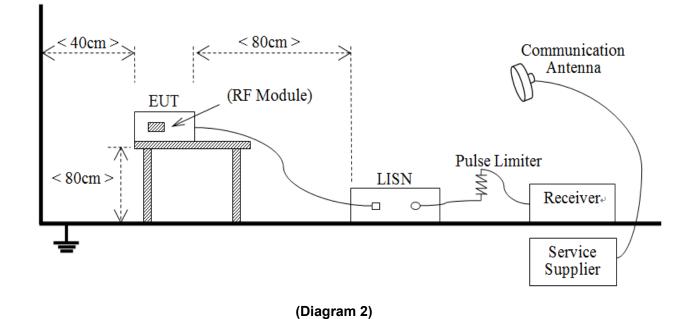
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



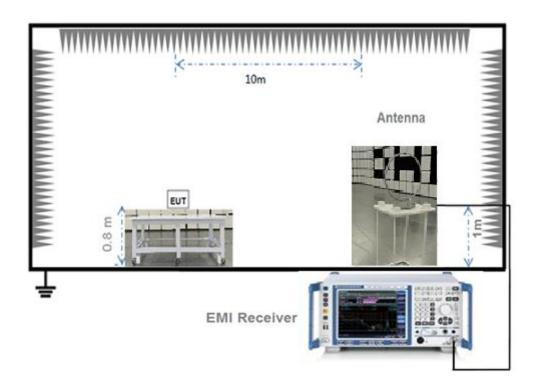
(Diagram 1)



4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



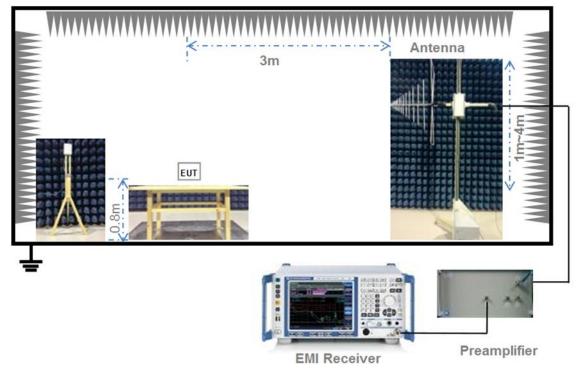
4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

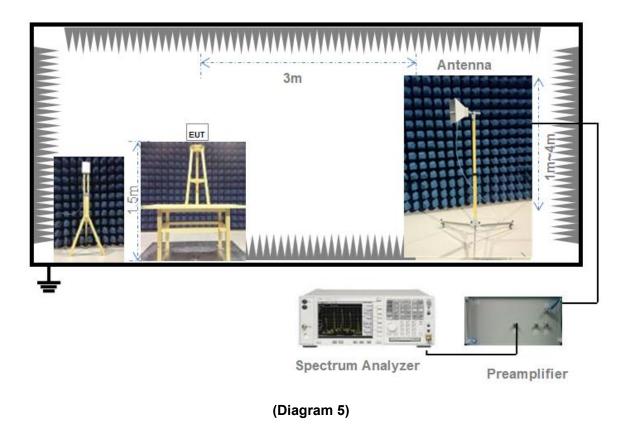


4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)





4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP – 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in $dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW \geq DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.



Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.2 (a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \ge 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.



Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \ge 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.



Please refer to ANNEX A.4.





5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 - 5	56	46	
0.50 - 30	60	50	

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. Field Strength (dB μ V/m) = 20*log[Field Strength (μ V/m)].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- 3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements



for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies \leq 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

 $\mathsf{E} = \mathsf{EIRP} - 20 \mathsf{log} \ \mathsf{D} + 104.8$

where:

E = electric field strength in $dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure:

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.



c) Detector = Peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction:

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) \leq (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

 i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:



1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (\geq 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain:

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test:

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the



Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW \ge RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.10; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz VBW \ge RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power, E.I.R.P, Duty Cycle

Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Outp	out Peak Power	Limit			
Channel	Channel GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		dDm	ma)///	Verdict	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW		
Low Channel	6.37	4.34			Pass	
Middle Channel	7.01	5.03	30	1000	Pass	
High Channel	7.08	5.11			Pass	

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

	E.I.	R.P	Limit			
Channel	GFSK (BL	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)		ma\\/	Verdict	
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW		
Low Channel	8.20	6.61			Pass	
Middle Channel	8.84	7.66	36	4000	Pass	
High Channel	8.91	7.78			Pass	



Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

RL RF 50 Q AC	CORREC	AINT REF	ALIGN OFF Avg Type: Log-Pwr	07:37:34 PM Nov 15, 2022 TRACE 2 3 4 5 0	Peak Search
larker 1 2.4797750000	PNO: East Trig	g: Free Run ten: 30 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold:>1/1		
0 dB/div Ref 15.00 dBm	in Gam. Low		Mkr1	2.479 775 GHz 7.081 dBm	NextPeal
	↓ ¹				Next Pk Righ
15.0					Next Pk Lei
35.0					Marker Delt
5.0					Mkr→Cl
5.0					Mkr→RefLv
senter 2.480000 GHz				Span 3.000 MHz	Mor 1 of:
Res BW 1.0 MHz	#VBW 3.0	MHz	Sweep	1.000 ms (601 pts)	



Duty Cycle Test Data

Band	On Time	On+Off Time	Duty Cycle	
	(ms)	(ms)	(%)	
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)	0.3920	0.6244	62.78	

Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)

Center I	RF 50 Q AC Freq 2.4400000		Trig: Free Run Atten: 8 dB	Avg Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold: 1/1	07:36:58 PM Nov 15, 2 TRACE 2.3 TYPE DET PNN	Frequency
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 17.73 (Ref 15.00 dBn				∆Mkr5 624.4 0.864 c	IS Auto Tur IB
5.00 -5.00	Xa X4	12	5∆6			Center Fre 2.440000000 GF
-25.0 -35.0 -45.0						Start Fre 2.440000000 Gi
-55.0 -65.0 -75.0	gunzen ge		angelaper		LauVijviuji.Am	Stop Fre 2.440000000 GH
Res BW		x		Sweep	Span 0 1.680 ms (601 p	HZ ts) Auto Mi
2 F 3 Δ4 4 F 5 Δ6	1 t (Δ) 1 t 1 t (Δ) 1 t (Δ) 1 t (Δ) 1 t (Δ)	232.4 μs (Δ) 106.4 μs 392.0 μs (Δ) 338.8 μs 624.4 μs (Δ) 106.4 μs	0.134 dB 6.060 dBm 0.729 dB 6.194 dBm 0.864 dB 6.060 dBm			Freq Offs
7 8 9 10						ļ



A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

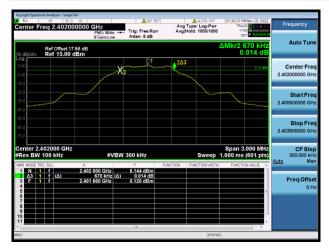
Test Data

Test Mode	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)					
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth			
	(kHz)	(kHz)	Limits (kHz)			
Low Channel	670.000	1047.200	≥500			
Middle Channel	675.000	1040.800	≥500			
High Channel	670.000	1042.900	≥500			

Test Plots

6 dB Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL





99% Bandwidth

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL

RL RF 50 Q AC Center Freq 2.480000000 Conter Freq 2.480000000 Conter Freq 2.4800000000 Conter Freq 2.4800000000 Conter Freq 2.48000000000 Conter Freq 2.48000000000000000000000000000000000000	GHz Cente Trig: F #IFGain:Low #Atter	r Freq: 2.480000000 GHz Free Run Avg Hold: 5	LIGN OFF 07:37:46 PMN Radio Std: N 0/50 Radio Devic	Ione Frequency
Ref Offset 17.5 dB 15 dB/div Ref 5.00 dBm				
-10.0	~~~~~	- marine and a second	`	Center Freq 2.480000000 GHz
40.0 55.0				<u>~~~~</u>
70.0				
100				
130				
center 2.48 GHz Res BW 30 kHz	v	BW 300 kHz	Spar Sweep 3	300.000 KH2
Occupied Bandwidth		Total Power	12.9 dBm	Auto Man
1.0	429 MHz			Freq Offset
Transmit Freq Error	4.585 kHz	% of OBW Power	99.00 %	0 Hz
x dB Bandwidth	1.257 MHz	x dB	-26.00 dB	
sa			STATUS	



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

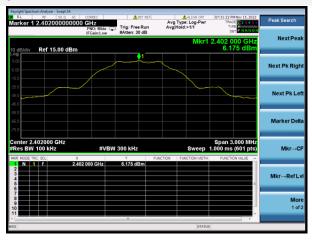
Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)						
	Measured Max.	Limit				
Channel	Out of Band	Corrier Lovel	Calculated	Verdict		
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit			
Low Channel	-27.52	6.18	-13.83	Pass		
Middle Channel	-26.68	6.88	-13.12	Pass		
High Channel	-27.86	6.90	-13.10	Pass		



Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

RL RF Iarker 2 2.26	50 Ω AC 6410000000	GHZ PNO: Fast	Trig: Free R	Avi	ALIGN OFF Type: Log-Pwr [Hold:>1/1	TRA	M Nov 15, 2022 CE 1 2 3 4 5 6 PE M NOV N N	Marker
0 dB/div Ref	15.00 dBm	IFGain:Low	#Atten: 30 d		M	r2 2.26	6 4 GHz 43 dBm	Select Marker 2
•g 5.00 5.00							-13.83 dEm	Norm
50			Lain and the stands of	مر میں مانور اور اور میں میں اور میں میں اور میں	¢2	2 ¹	A AND A AND A AND A	Del
50								Fixe
tart 0.030 GH Res BW 100 H		#VE	W 300 kHz	FUNCTION	Sweep 2	83.9 ms	.000 GHz (1001 pts)	c
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 4 5	2.5	59 4 GHz 66 4 GHz	-38.582 dBm -41.143 dBm		1 OKCHON HIGH	TONCI		Propertie
6 7 8 9 9								Mc 1 c
			Л		STATU	6		

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL





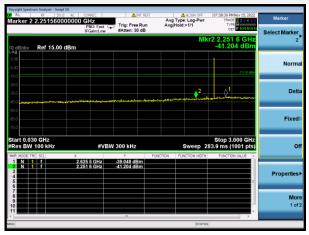
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

Marker 12.480000000000 GHz Marker 32.48000000000 GHz Marker 32.480000000000 GHz Marker 32.4800000 GHz Marker 32.480000 GHz Marker 2.480000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Marker 2.480000 GHz Marker 2.480000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Marker 2.480000 GHz Marker 2.48000 GHz Mark

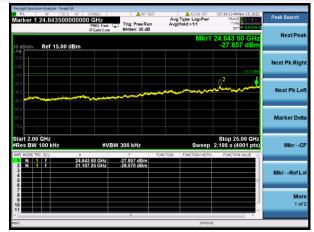
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

larker 2 24.6090000000	CORREC ALINT REF	Aug Type: Log-Pwr Avg Hold:>1/1	07:36:45 PM Nov 15, 2022 TRACE 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE DET P N N N N N	Peak Search
0 dB/div Ref 15.00 dBm		Mkr2	24.609 00 GHz -26.678 dBm	NextPea
5.00 5.00 15.0			-13.12 d im	Next Pk Rig
250 350	warmer and a star		Lun .	Next Pk Le
55 0				Marker Del
Start 2.00 GHz Res BW 100 kHz	#VBW 300 kHz	Sweep	Stop 25.00 GHz 2.198 s (4001 pts)	Mkr→C
1 N 1 f 21.1	47 50 GHz -28.174 dBm 09 00 GHz -26.678 dBm	UNCTION FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	Mkr→RefL
7				Mo 1 of

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

<u>Test Data</u>

	GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)										
	Measured Max.	Limit	(dBm)								
Channel	Band Edge	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict							
	Emission (dBm)		20 dBc Limit								
Low Channel	-40.15	6.18	-13.83	Pass							
High Channel	-46.40	6.90	-13.10	Pass							



Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

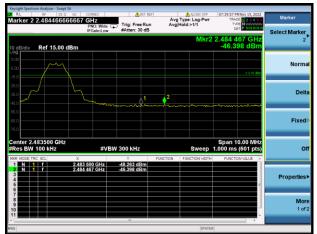


er 2 2.3994833333333 GHz Avg Type: Log-AvgHold:>1/1 Trig: Free Rur #Atten: 30 dB ct Marke Ref 15.00 dBn Del Fixed Span 10.00 MI 1.000 ms (601 pt 2.4000 00 GI #VBW 300 kH Of 2.400 000 G 40.152 dl More 1 of 2

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



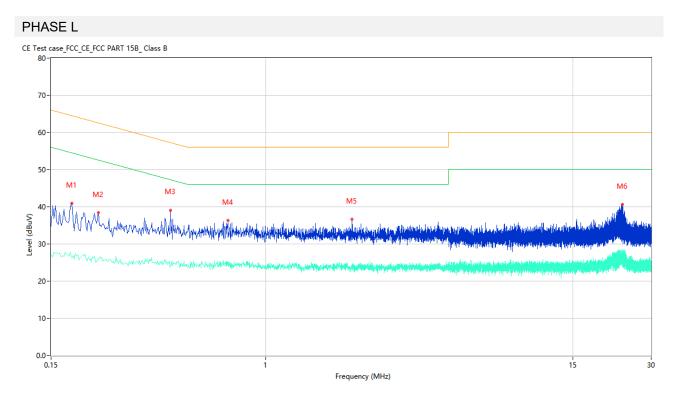
A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note ¹: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note ²: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note ³: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.180	40.96	10.07	64.49	23.53	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.180	26.14	10.07	54.49	28.35	AV	L	Pass
2	0.228	38.34	10.03	62.52	24.18	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.228	25.92	10.03	52.52	26.60	AV	L	Pass
3	0.430	39.12	10.44	57.25	18.13	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.430	24.34	10.44	47.25	22.91	AV	L	Pass
4	0.714	36.31	10.67	56.00	19.69	Peak	L	Pass
4**	0.714	24.17	10.67	46.00	21.83	AV	L	Pass
5	2.142	36.59	10.25	56.00	19.41	Peak	L	Pass
5**	2.142	24.31	10.25	46.00	21.69	AV	L	Pass
6	23.238	40.57	10.64	60.00	19.43	Peak	L	Pass
6**	23.238	28.25	10.64	50.00	21.75	AV	L	Pass

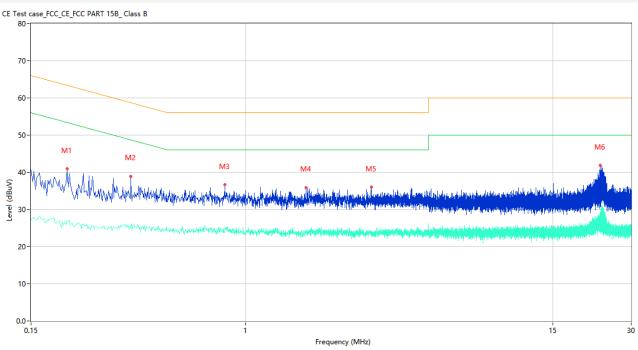
Tel: +86-755-66850100

 Web: www.titcgroup.com
 Template No.: TRP-FCC&ISED 247 (2022-01-12)

 Add: Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China



PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
NO.					-	Delector	LINE	Veruici
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.206	40.94	10.05	63.37	22.43	Peak	Ν	Pass
1**	0.206	26.99	10.05	53.37	26.38	AV	Ν	Pass
2	0.362	38.93	10.92	58.68	19.75	Peak	Ν	Pass
2**	0.362	25.74	10.92	48.68	22.94	AV	Ν	Pass
3	0.830	36.66	10.72	56.00	19.34	Peak	Ν	Pass
3**	0.830	24.61	10.72	46.00	21.39	AV	Ν	Pass
4	1.702	35.89	10.29	56.00	20.11	Peak	Ν	Pass
4**	1.702	24.25	10.29	46.00	21.75	AV	Ν	Pass
5	3.024	35.96	10.26	56.00	20.04	Peak	Ν	Pass
5**	3.024	23.57	10.26	46.00	22.43	AV	Ν	Pass
6	22.850	41.90	10.35	60.00	18.10	Peak	Ν	Pass
6**	22.850	28.77	10.35	50.00	21.23	AV	Ν	Pass



A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note ¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

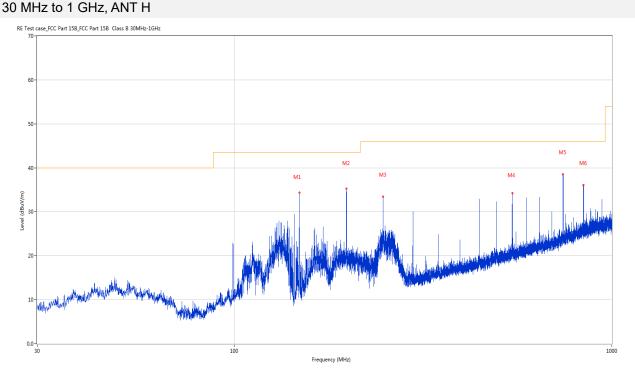
Note ²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note ⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 1M-High channel mode is the worst.

Note ⁵: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

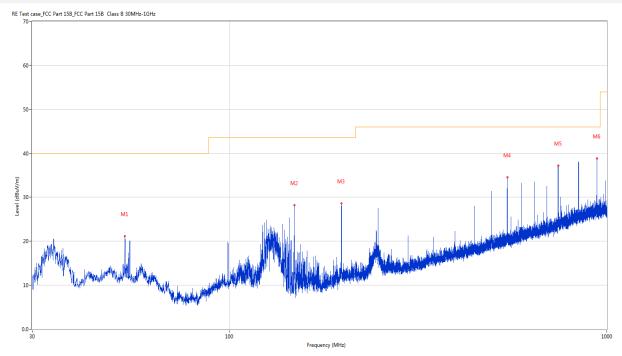
Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	148.583	34.38	-28.06	43.5	9.12	Peak	211.90	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	198.101	35.28	-24.18	43.5	8.22	Peak	176.80	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	247.620	33.45	-23.13	46.0	12.55	Peak	56.30	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	544.924	34.19	-15.61	46.0	11.81	Peak	359.50	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	742.804	38.52	-12.39	46.0	7.48	Peak	50.50	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	841.890	36.11	-11.28	46.0	9.89	Peak	31.50	100	Horizontal	Pass



30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



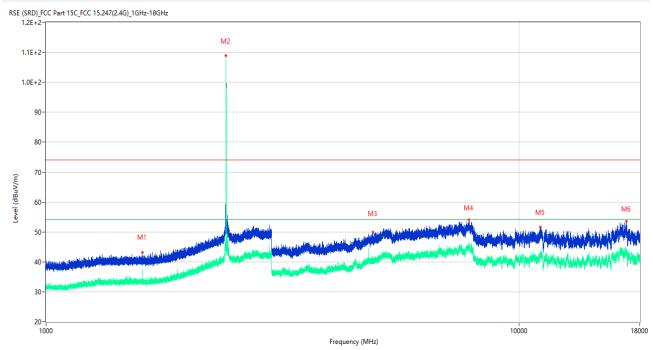
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	52.843	21.11	-23.03	40.0	18.89	Peak	347.30	100	Vertical	Pass
2	148.583	28.24	-28.06	43.5	15.26	Peak	323.10	100	Vertical	Pass
3	198.150	28.60	-24.18	43.5	14.90	Peak	263.30	200	Vertical	Pass
4	544.779	34.54	-15.65	46.0	11.46	Peak	302.60	100	Vertical	Pass
5	742.998	37.22	-12.39	46.0	8.78	Peak	334.10	100	Vertical	Pass
6	940.976	38.82	-9.37	46.0	7.18	Peak	265.30	100	Vertical	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

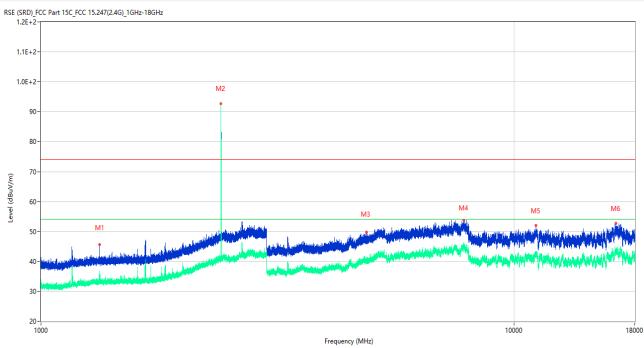
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1599.900	43.16	-16.85	74.0	30.84	Peak	0.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1599.900	36.97	-16.85	54.0	17.03	AV	0.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.200	108.80	-10.10	74.0	-34.80	Peak	45.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2402.200	108.18	-10.10	54.0	-54.18	AV	45.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4907.500	49.88	-2.57	74.0	24.12	Peak	253.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4907.500	40.06	-2.57	54.0	13.94	AV	253.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7826.750	54.15	2.97	74.0	19.85	Peak	97.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7826.750	45.32	2.97	54.0	8.68	AV	97.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	11099.375	51.55	-1.02	74.0	22.45	Peak	199.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11099.375	41.46	-1.02	54.0	12.54	AV	199.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	16882.012	53.48	0.75	74.0	20.52	Peak	15.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16882.012	42.55	0.75	54.0	11.45	AV	15.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

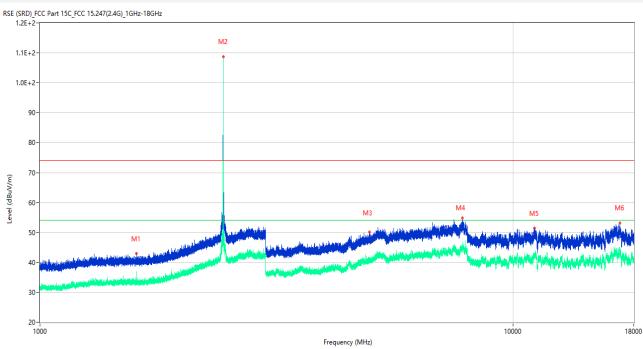


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1331.500	45.57	-16.69	74.0	28.43	Peak	271.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1331.500	33.60	-16.69	54.0	20.40	AV	271.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2402.000	92.75	-10.11	74.0	-18.75	Peak	161.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2402.000	91.11	-10.11	54.0	-37.11	AV	161.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4877.000	49.66	-2.22	74.0	24.34	Peak	29.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4877.000	40.56	-2.22	54.0	13.44	AV	29.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7837.500	53.62	3.56	74.0	20.38	Peak	261.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	7837.500	46.23	3.56	54.0	7.77	AV	261.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	11122.650	51.95	-0.98	74.0	22.05	Peak	68.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	11122.650	42.07	-0.98	54.0	11.93	AV	68.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	16434.975	52.68	0.30	74.0	21.32	Peak	249.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	16434.975	43.55	0.30	54.0	10.45	AV	249.00	400	Vertical	Pass

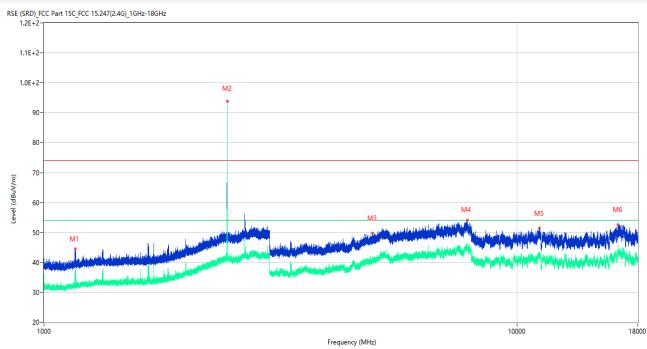




GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1599.900	42.90	-16.85	74.0	31.10	Peak	0.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1599.900	36.70	-16.85	54.0	17.30	AV	0.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.200	108.72	-9.40	74.0	-34.72	Peak	52.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.200	107.76	-9.40	54.0	-53.76	AV	52.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4970.000	50.06	-2.68	74.0	23.94	Peak	20.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4970.000	41.63	-2.68	54.0	12.37	AV	20.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	7820.500	54.77	2.96	74.0	19.23	Peak	314.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7820.500	44.96	2.96	54.0	9.04	AV	314.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	11098.900	51.40	-1.03	74.0	22.60	Peak	21.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11098.900	41.30	-1.03	54.0	12.70	AV	21.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	16830.562	53.19	0.93	74.0	20.81	Peak	12.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16830.562	43.68	0.93	54.0	10.32	AV	12.00	300	Horizontal	Pass



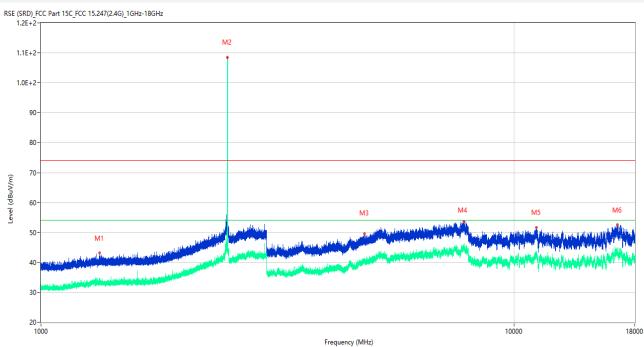


GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	1	1	
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1163.300	44.46	-17.37	74.0	29.54	Peak	196.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1163.300	31.79	-17.37	54.0	22.21	AV	196.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2439.800	93.76	-9.40	74.0	-19.76	Peak	98.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2439.800	92.09	-9.40	54.0	-38.09	AV	98.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4942.750	49.81	-2.55	74.0	24.19	Peak	305.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4942.750	40.16	-2.55	54.0	13.84	AV	305.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7850.500	54.15	2.44	74.0	19.85	Peak	295.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	7850.500	44.99	2.44	54.0	9.01	AV	295.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	11158.988	51.43	-1.10	74.0	22.57	Peak	56.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	11158.988	41.71	-1.10	54.0	12.29	AV	56.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	16348.349	52.67	0.80	74.0	21.33	Peak	227.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	16348.349	44.27	0.80	54.0	9.73	AV	227.00	200	Vertical	Pass



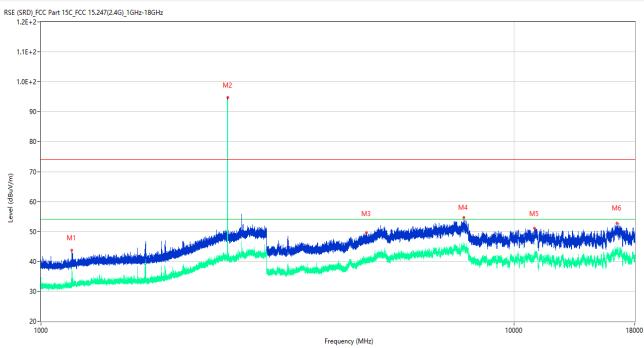
GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1329.200	43.08	-16.67	74.0	30.92	Peak	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1329.200	32.95	-16.67	54.0	21.05	AV	141.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2479.600	108.52	-10.55	74.0	-34.52	Peak	51.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2479.600	106.51	-10.55	54.0	-52.51	AV	51.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4834.250	49.58	-2.06	74.0	24.42	Peak	295.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4834.250	40.61	-2.06	54.0	13.39	AV	295.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	7828.750	53.71	3.16	74.0	20.29	Peak	24.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7828.750	45.04	3.16	54.0	8.96	AV	24.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	11152.099	51.65	-0.98	74.0	22.35	Peak	155.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11152.099	42.01	-0.98	54.0	11.99	AV	155.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	16525.275	52.51	0.19	74.0	21.49	Peak	151.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16525.275	44.38	0.19	54.0	9.62	AV	151.00	300	Horizontal	Pass



GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1161.500	43.79	-17.39	74.0	30.21	Peak	190.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1161.500	38.17	-17.39	54.0	15.83	AV	190.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2480.000	94.73	-10.56	74.0	-20.73	Peak	319.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2480.000	93.97	-10.56	54.0	-39.97	AV	319.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4874.250	49.59	-2.49	74.0	24.41	Peak	215.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	4874.250	40.71	-2.49	54.0	13.29	AV	215.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	7839.750	54.72	3.26	74.0	19.28	Peak	312.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	7839.750	45.06	3.26	54.0	8.94	AV	312.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	11050.213	51.03	-1.94	74.0	22.97	Peak	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	11050.213	41.54	-1.94	54.0	12.46	AV	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	16518.187	52.85	0.23	74.0	21.15	Peak	215.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	16518.187	43.86	0.23	54.0	10.14	AV	215.00	300	Vertical	Pass



A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

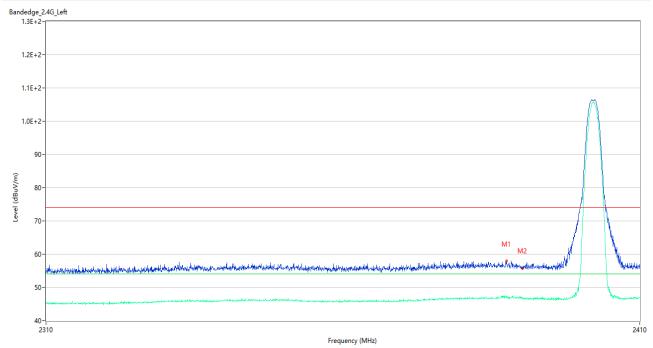
Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasipeak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Test Data and Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL

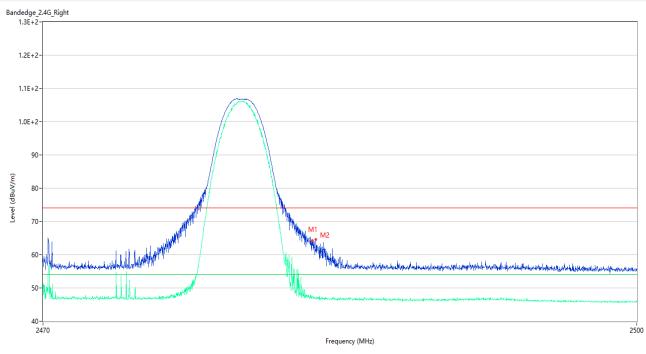


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2387.200	58.00	2.02	74.0	16.00	Peak	37.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2387.200	47.48	2.02	54.0	6.52	AV	37.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.950	55.76	1.86	74.0	18.24	Peak	54.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.950	47.04	1.86	54.0	6.96	AV	54.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

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GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.560	64.19	1.77	74.0	9.81	Peak	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.560	46.88	1.77	54.0	7.12	AV	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.740	64.64	1.77	74.0	9.36	Peak	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.740	46.91	1.77	54.0	7.09	AV	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



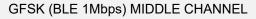
A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

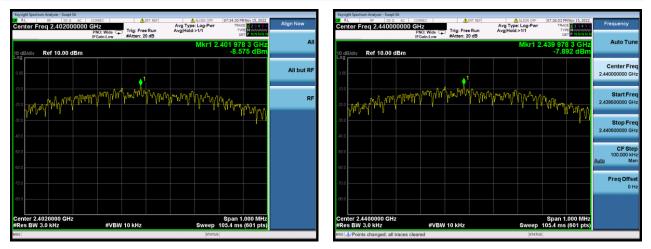
Test Data

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps)							
Channel	Spectral power density Limit		Verdict				
Channel	(dBm/3kHz)	(dBm/3kHz)	Verdict				
Low Channel	-8.58	8	Pass				
Middle Channel	-7.89	8	Pass				
High Channel	-7.88	8	Pass				

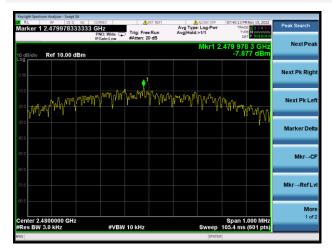
Test Plots

GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) LOW CHANNEL





GFSK (BLE 1Mbps) HIGH CHANNEL





ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2350434-AR.PDF".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2350434-AW.PDF".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ2350434-AI.PDF".



Statement

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.

2. The report without China inspection body and laboratory Mandatory Approval (CMA) mark has no effect of proving to the society.

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--END OF REPORT--