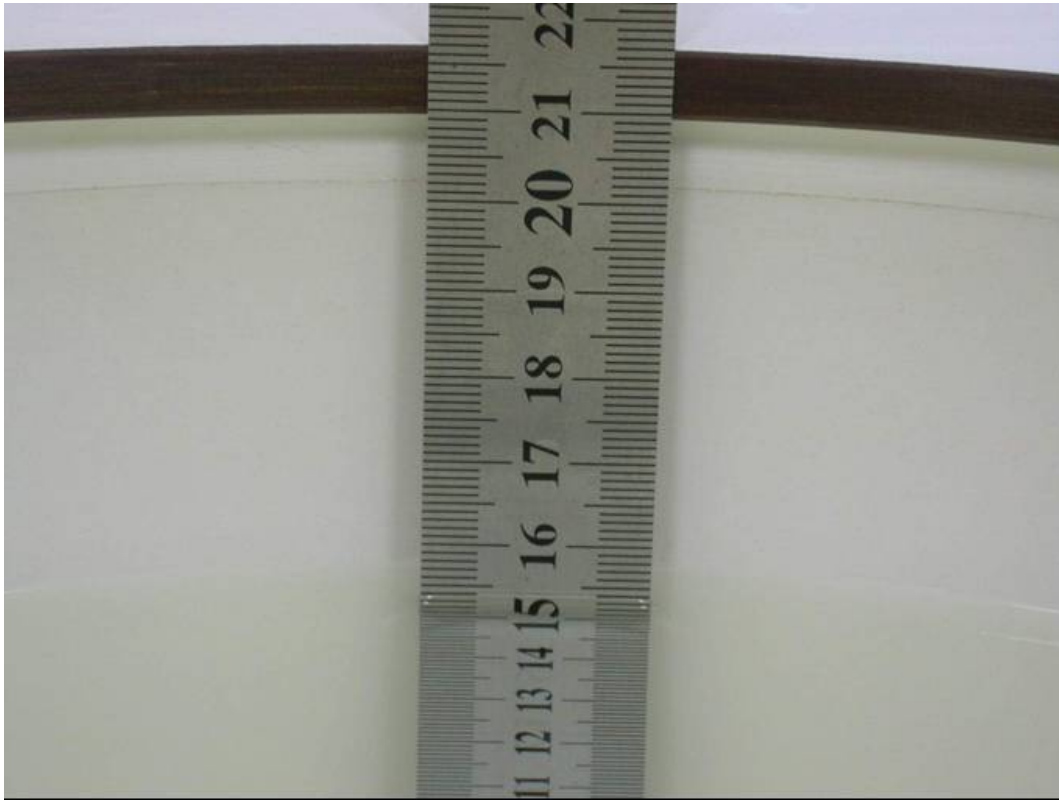


APPENDIX A: TEST DATA
Liquid Level Photo

MSL 2600MHz D=154mm



MSL 2600MHz D=155mm



MSL 2600MHz D=150mm



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 1

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 mW/g

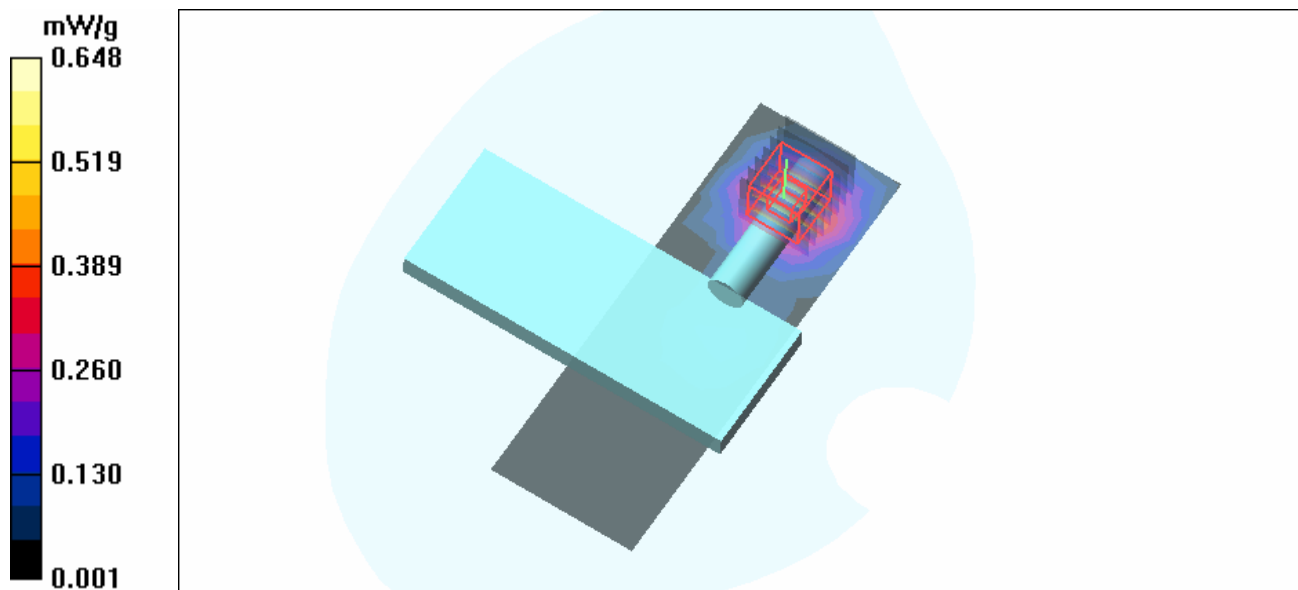
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 1

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2587.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2587.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2587.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 mW/g

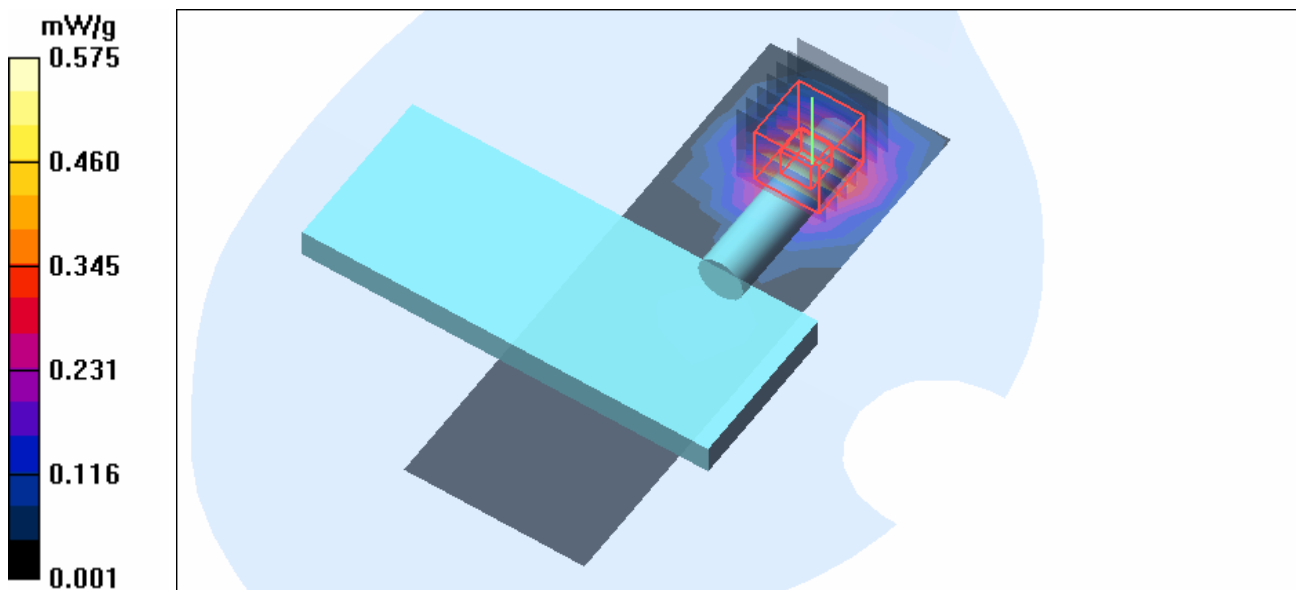
Mid Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.971 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 1

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2685 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2685 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2685 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.25 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

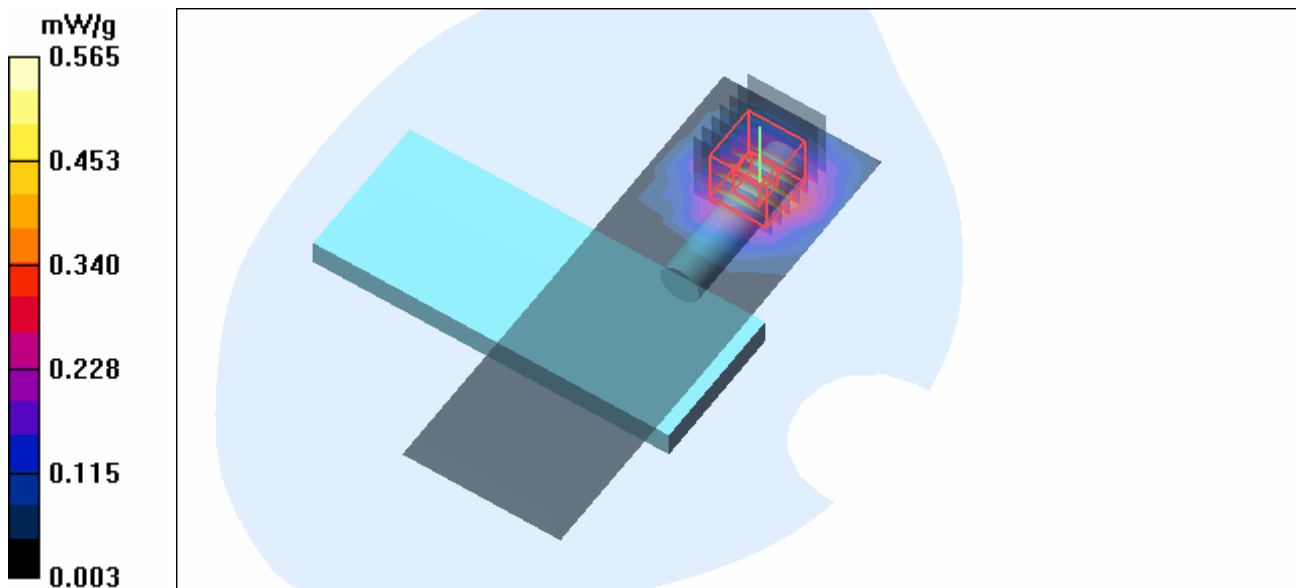
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.565 mW/g

High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.984 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 2

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.032 mW/g

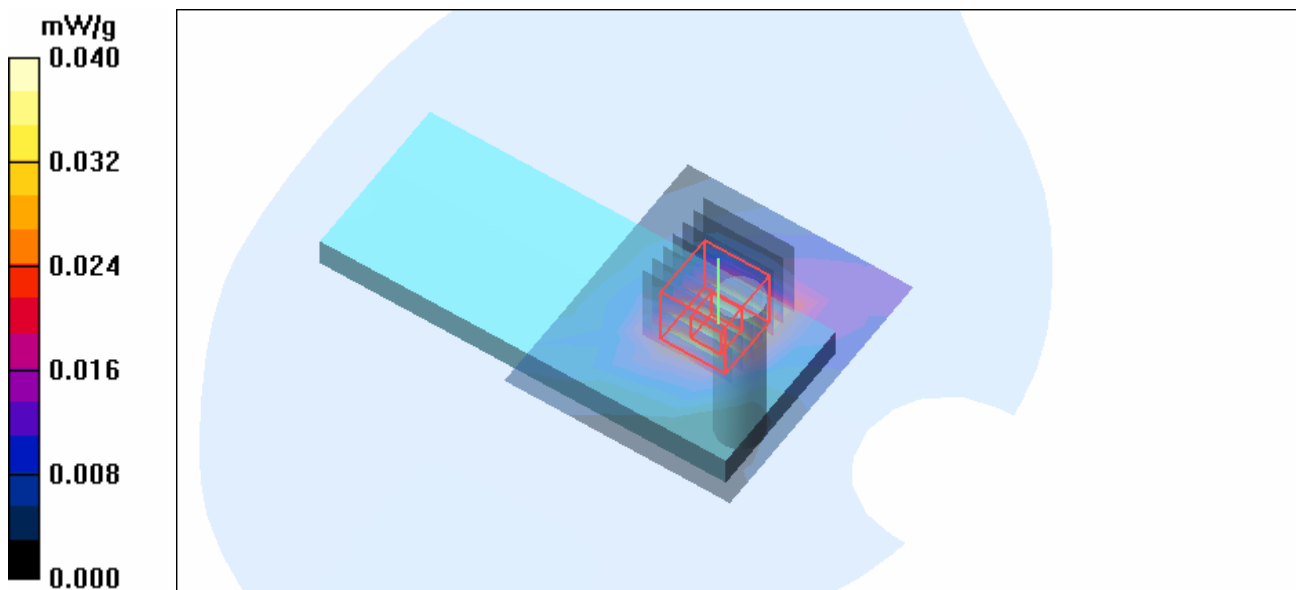
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.33 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.069 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 3

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 mW/g

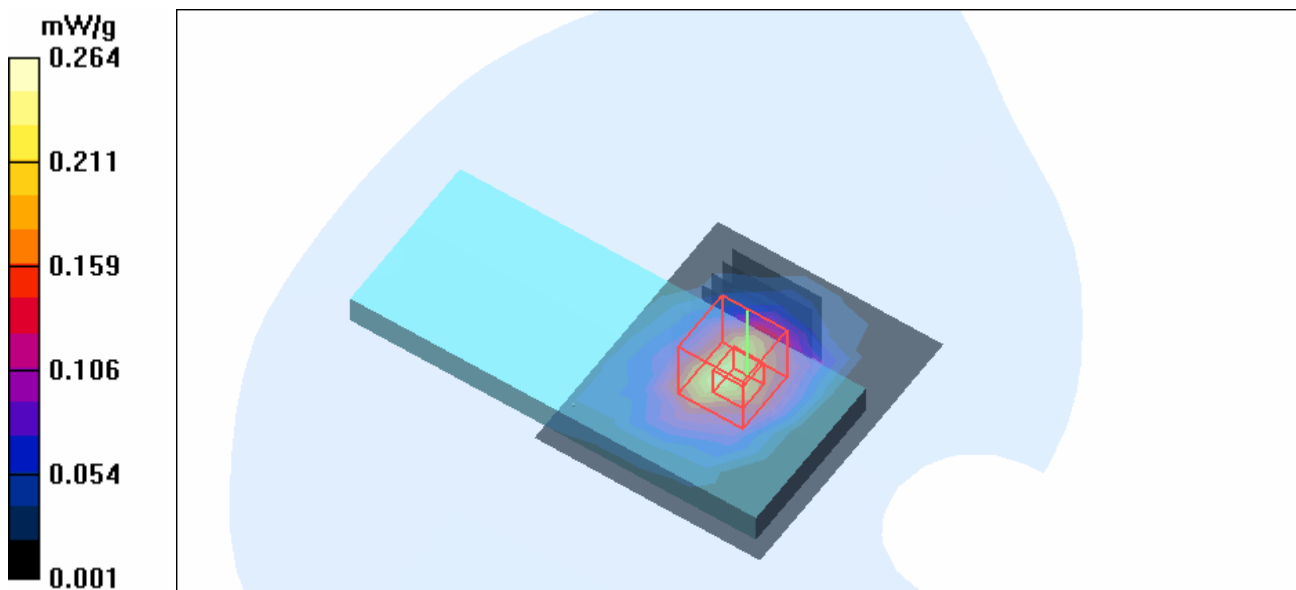
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.48 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.441 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5M-Mode 4**DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz**

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 11 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 mW/g

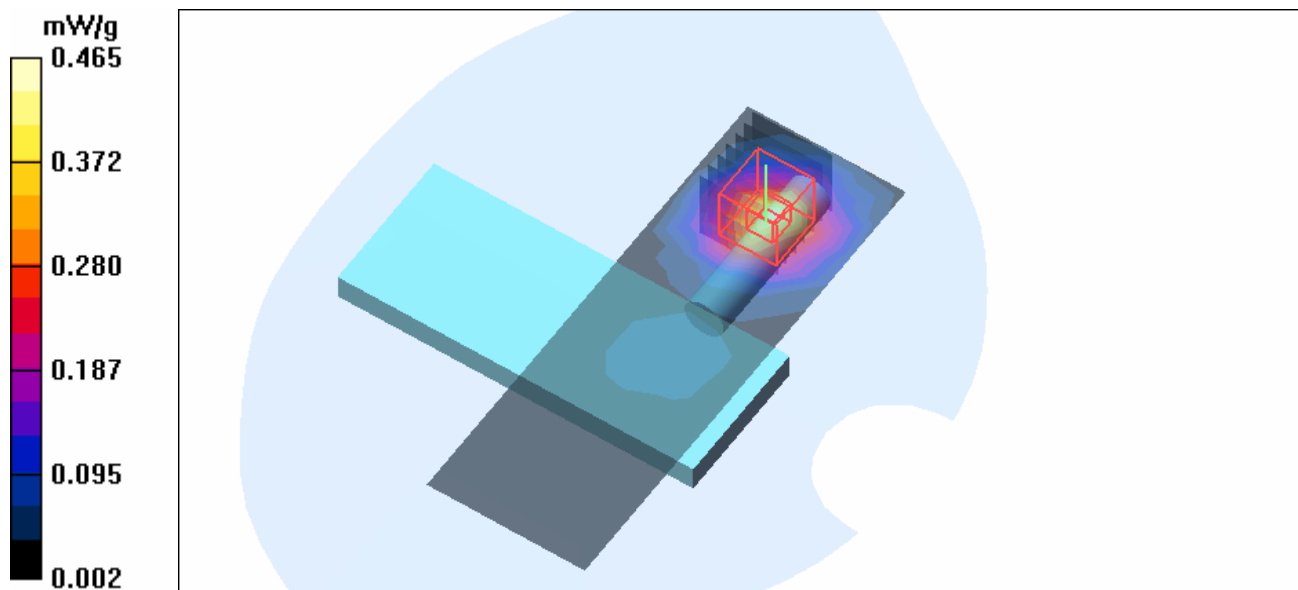
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.763 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.408 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.465 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

c600-5M-Mode 5

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.08 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 154 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 12 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 mW/g

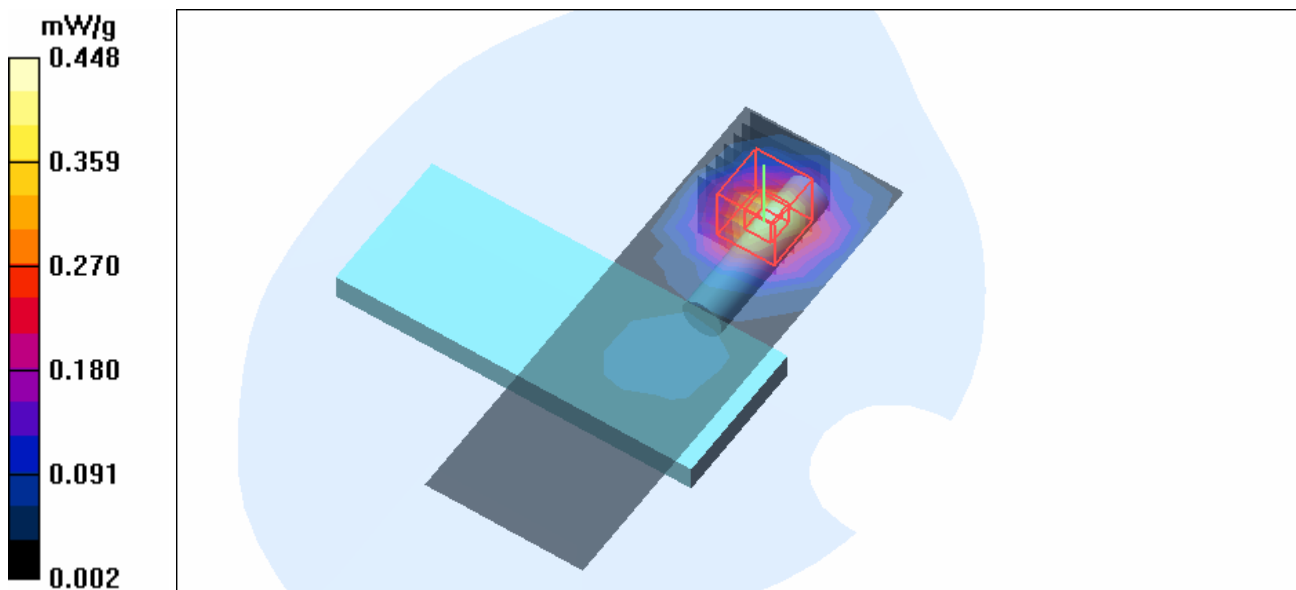
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.448 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 6

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.06$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 mW/g

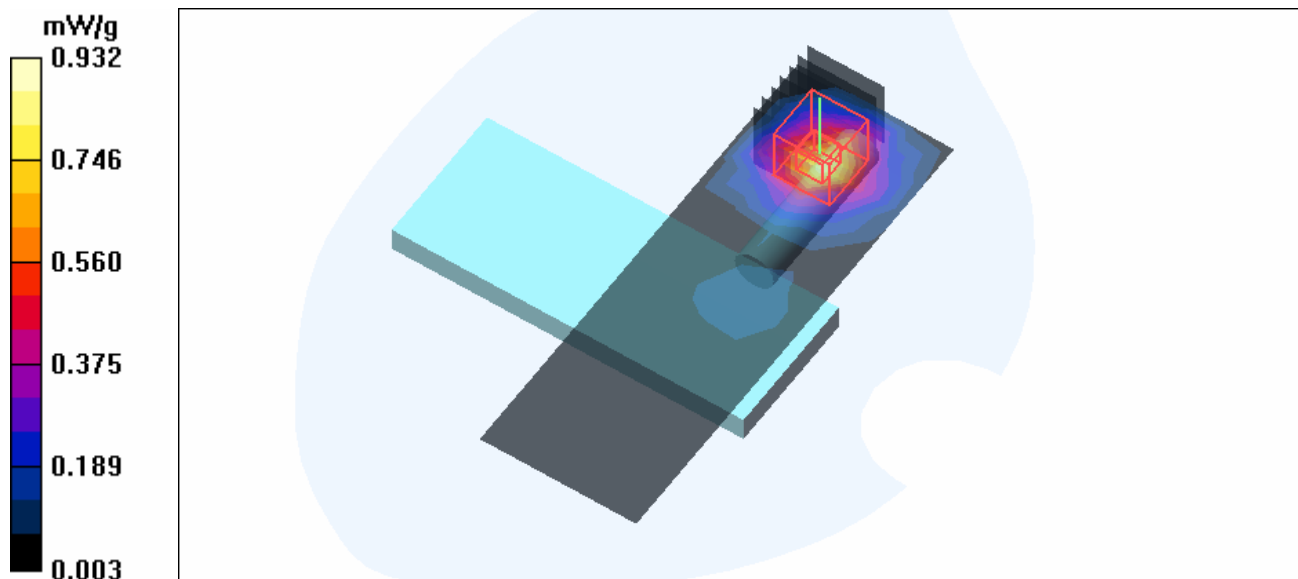
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

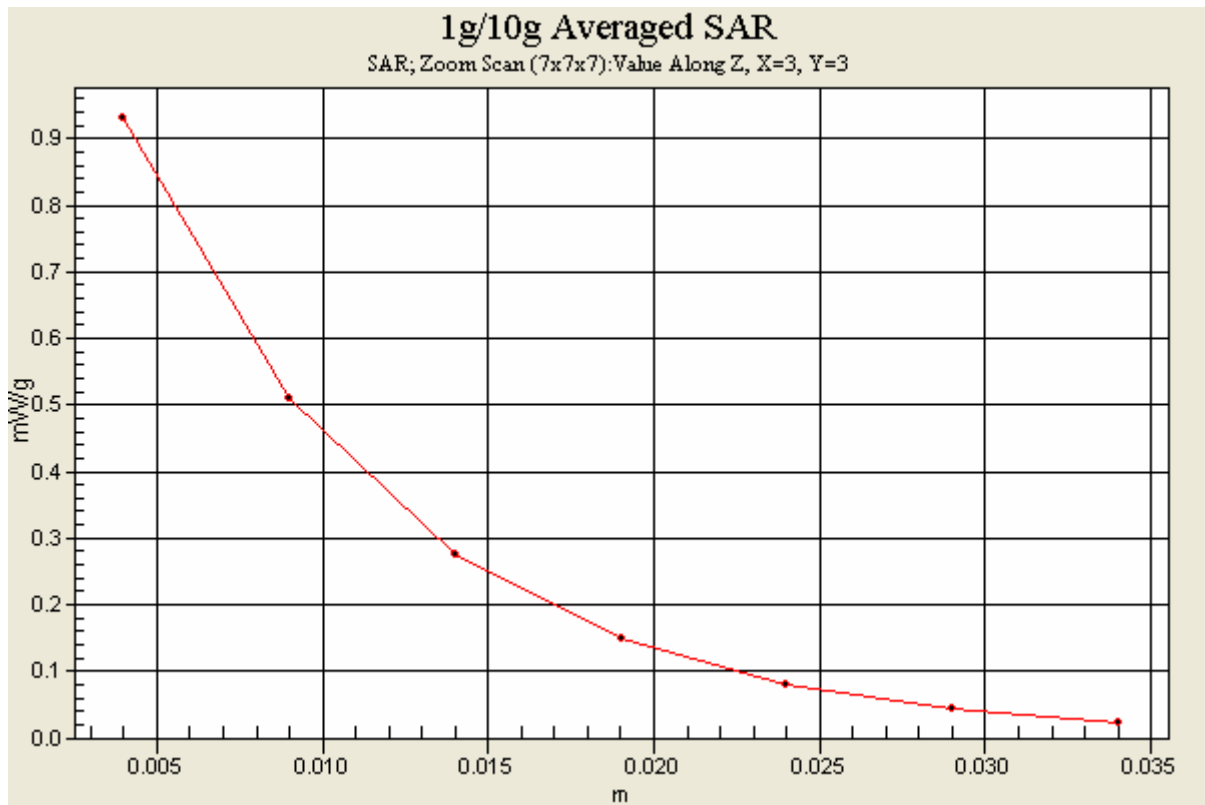
Reference Value = 19.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.845 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.429 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.932 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 6

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2587.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2587.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2587.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.17$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.740 mW/g

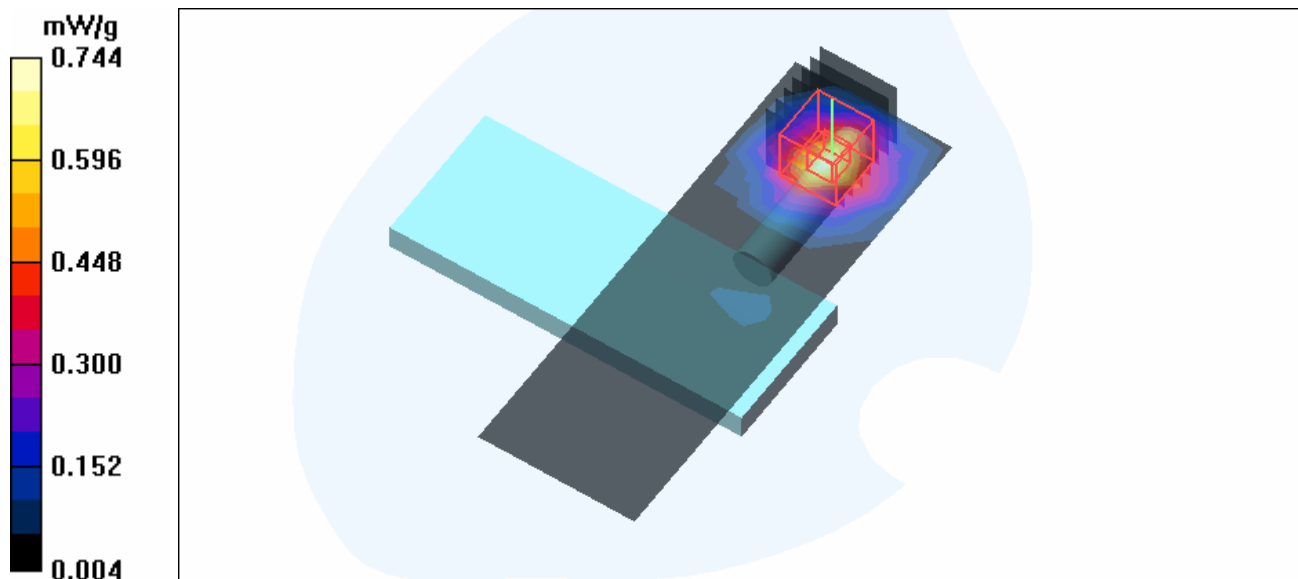
Mid Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.675 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.744 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 6

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2685 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2685 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2685$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.26$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 mW/g

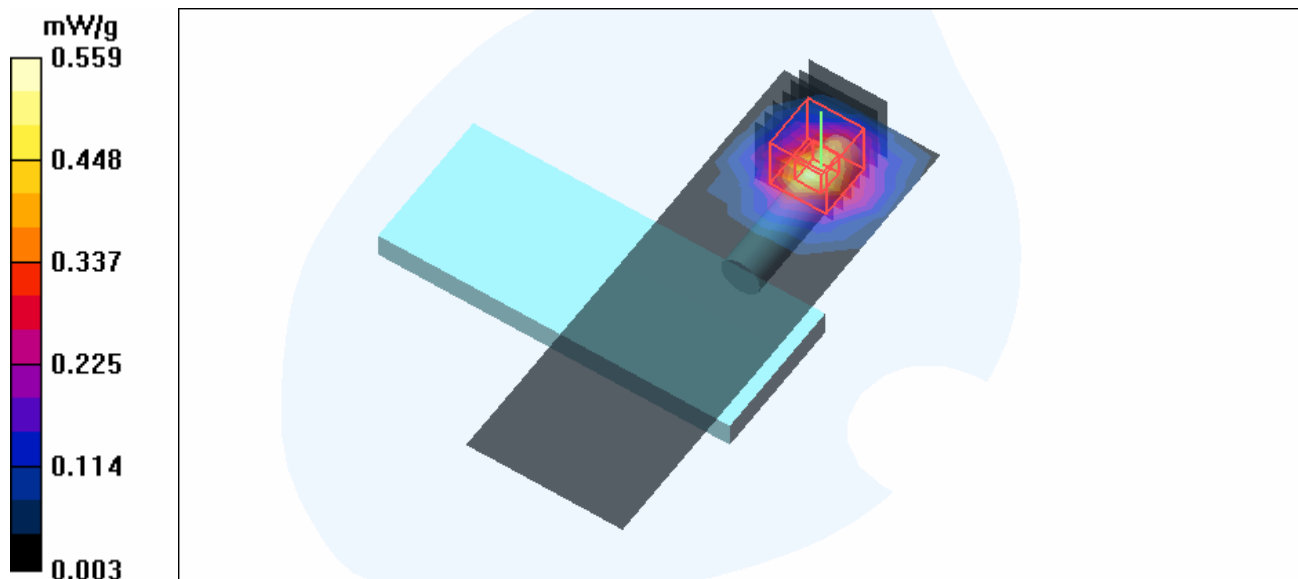
High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.984 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.503 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 7

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.06$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.039 mW/g

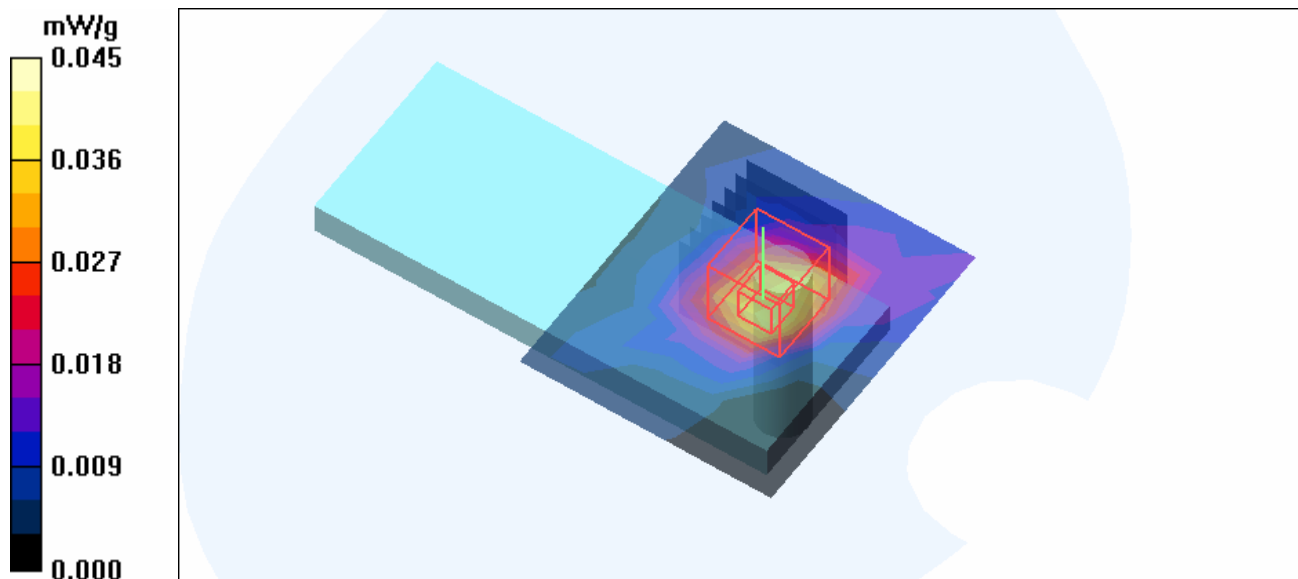
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.48 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.077 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 8

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.06$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 mW/g

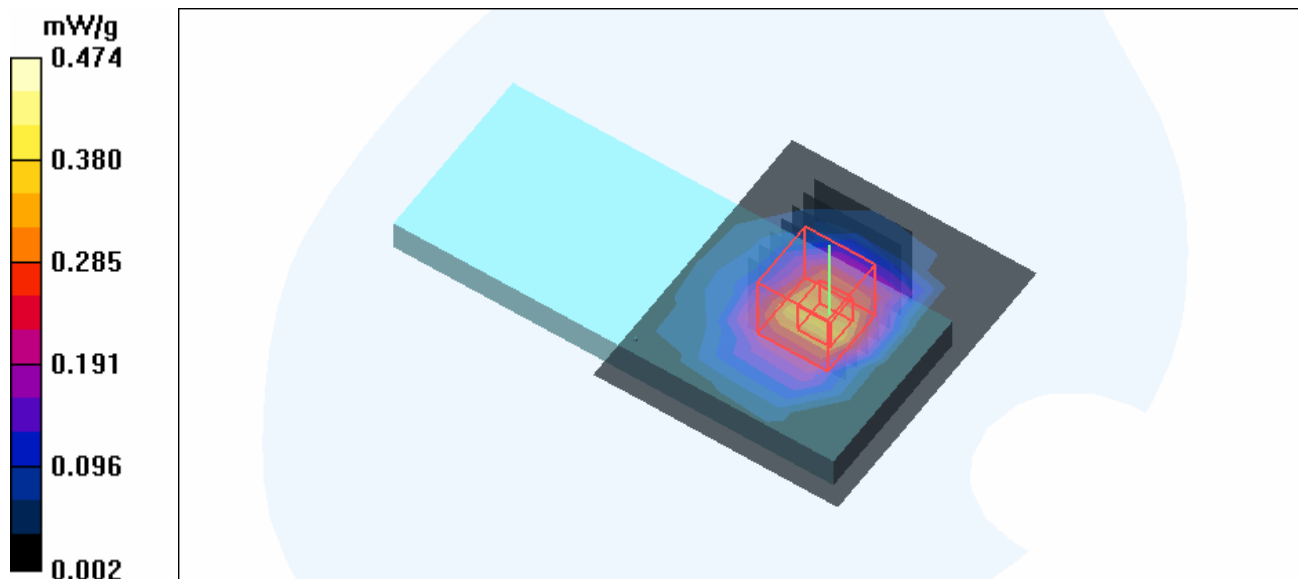
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.28 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.791 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.474 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n800c-10M-Mode 9

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.06$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 11 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : PIFA Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 mW/g

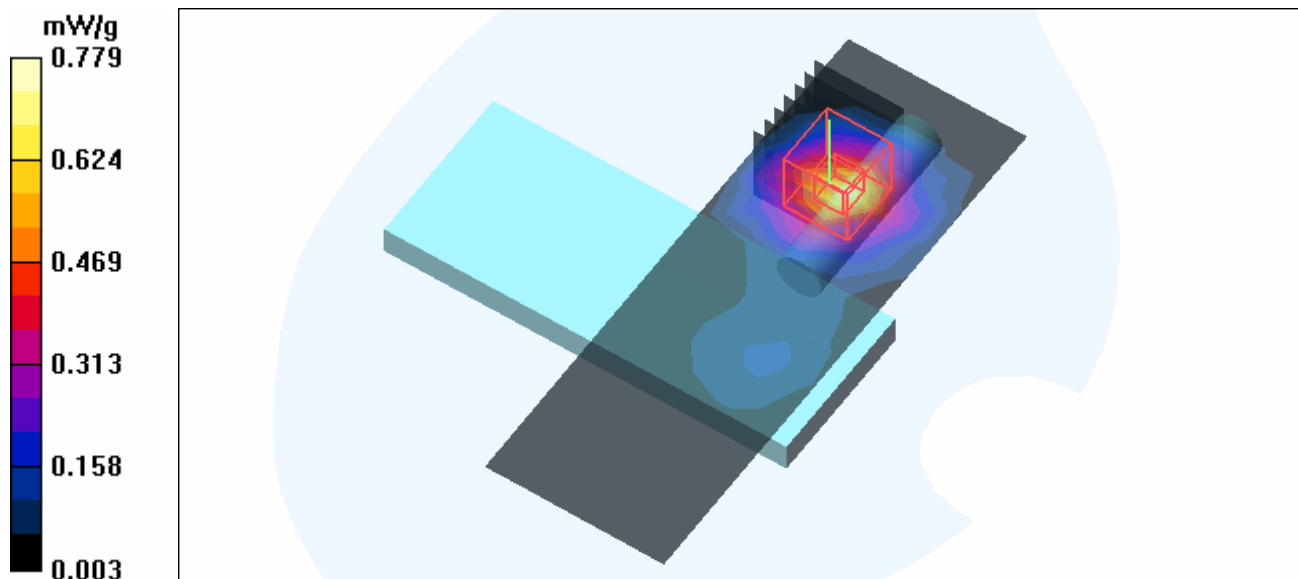
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

c600-10M-Mode 10

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.06$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 12 mm (The bottom side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : PIFA Antenna ; Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510 ; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 mW/g

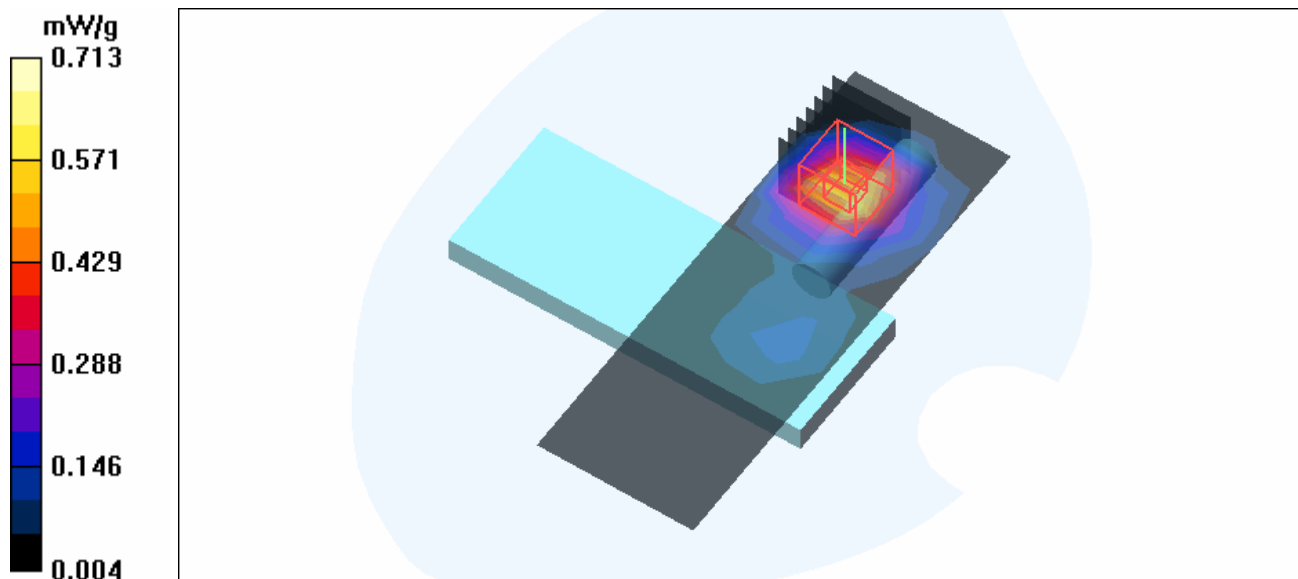
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.644 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.713 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 11

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 mW/g

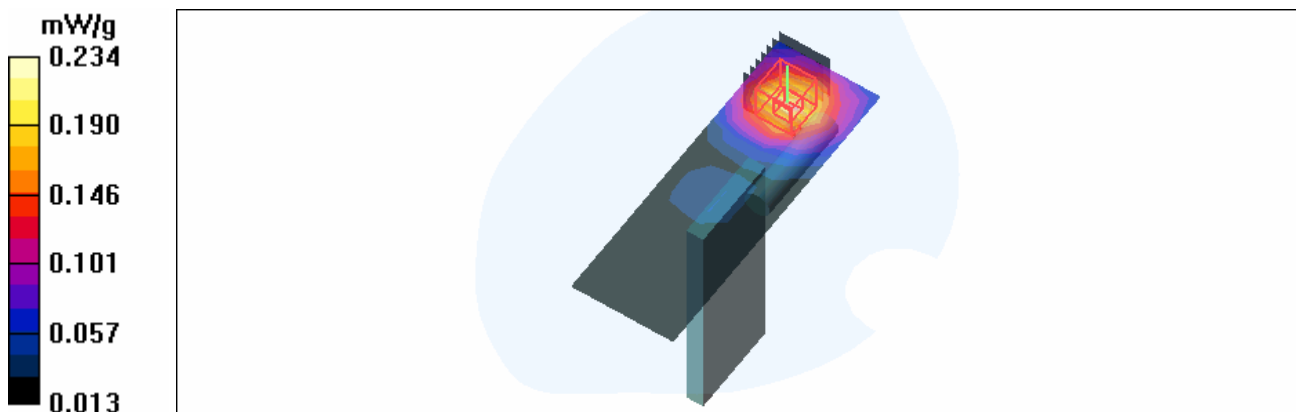
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

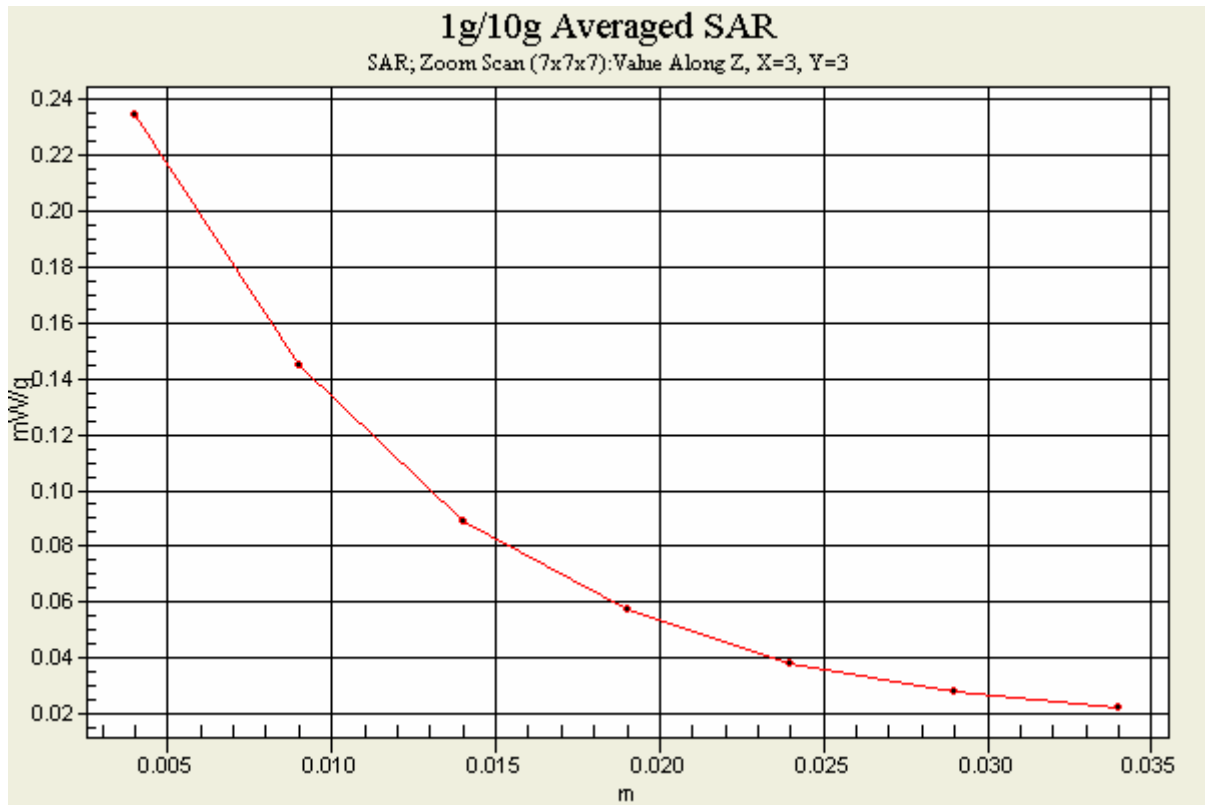
Reference Value = 4.57 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 11

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2587.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2587.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2587.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.16$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 mW/g

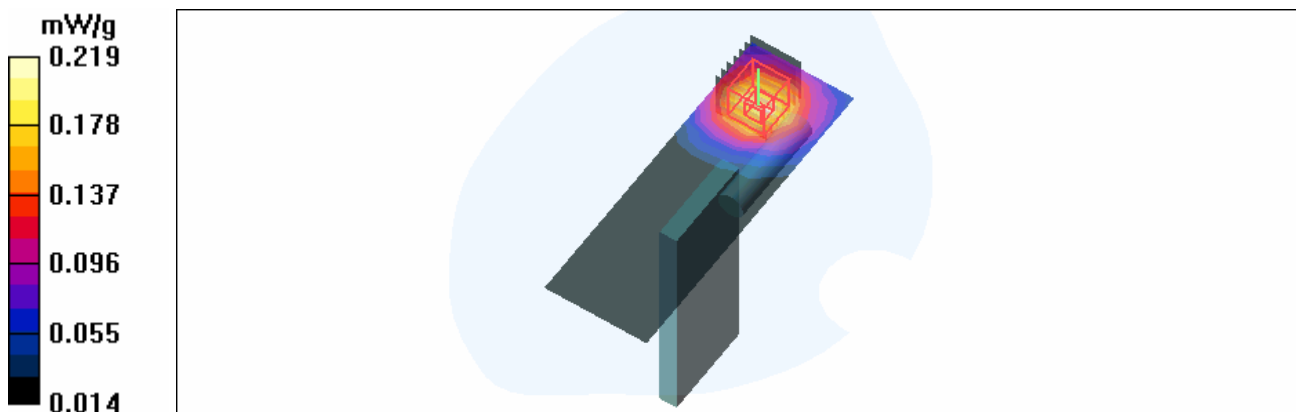
Mid Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.02 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.201 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 11

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2685 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2685 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2685$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.27$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 mW/g

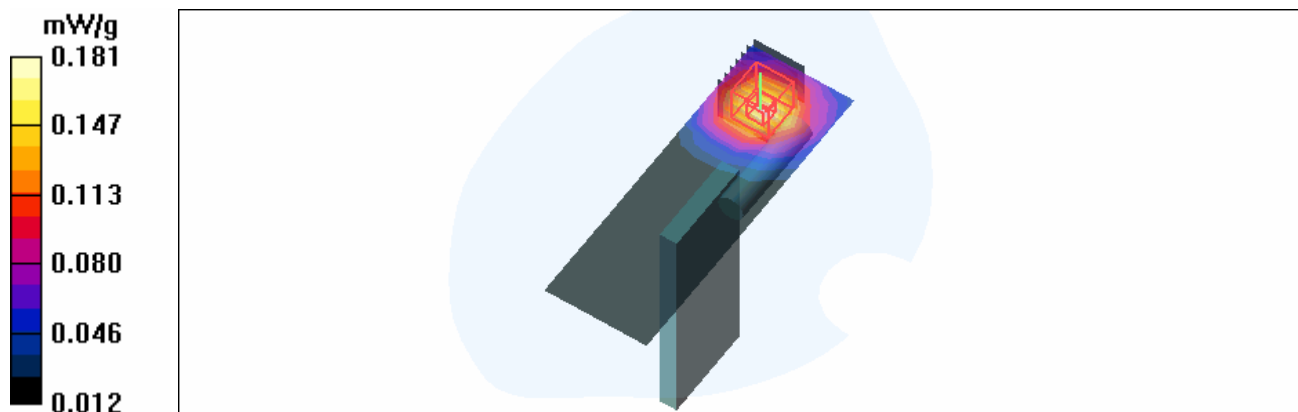
High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.96 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.264 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 12

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

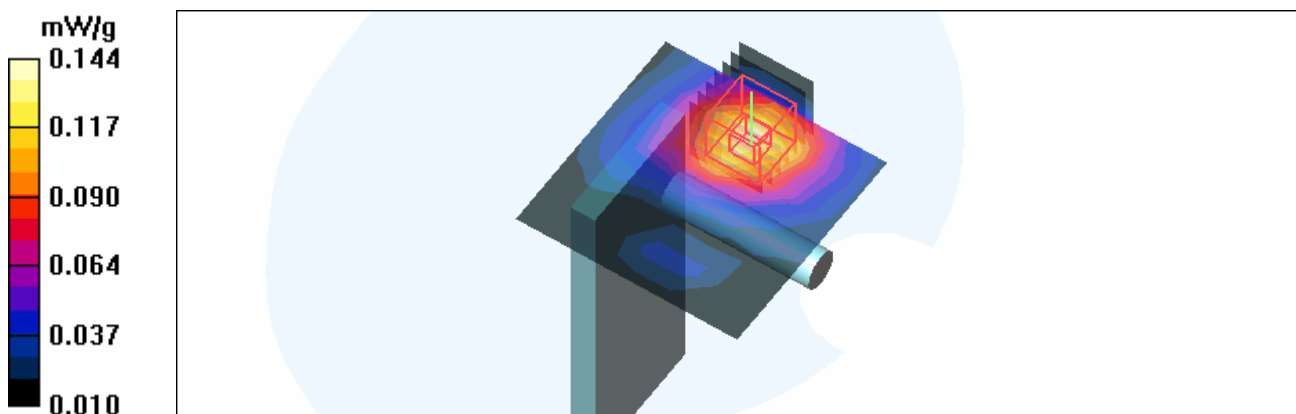
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 mW/g

Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.39 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.132** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-5M-Mode 13**DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz**

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 mW/g

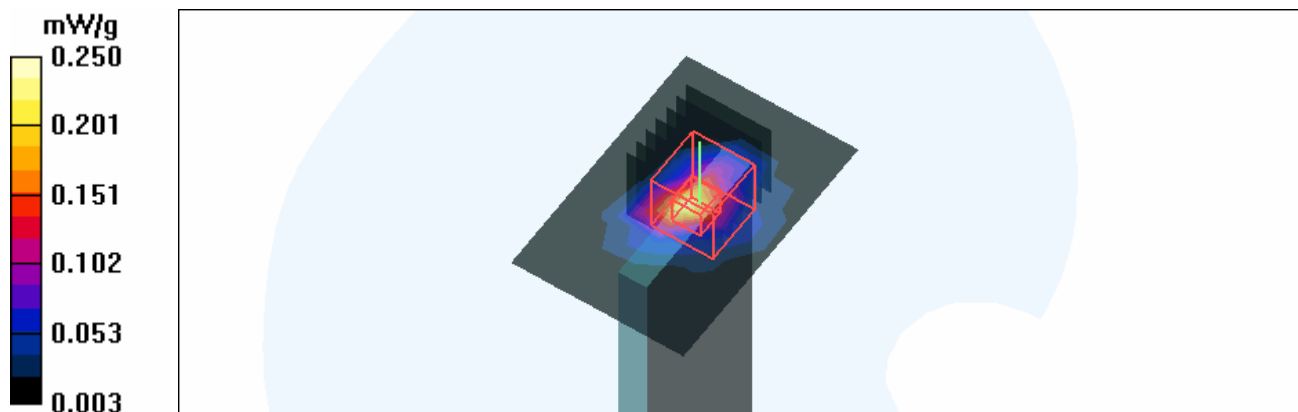
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-5M-Mode 14

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 mW/g

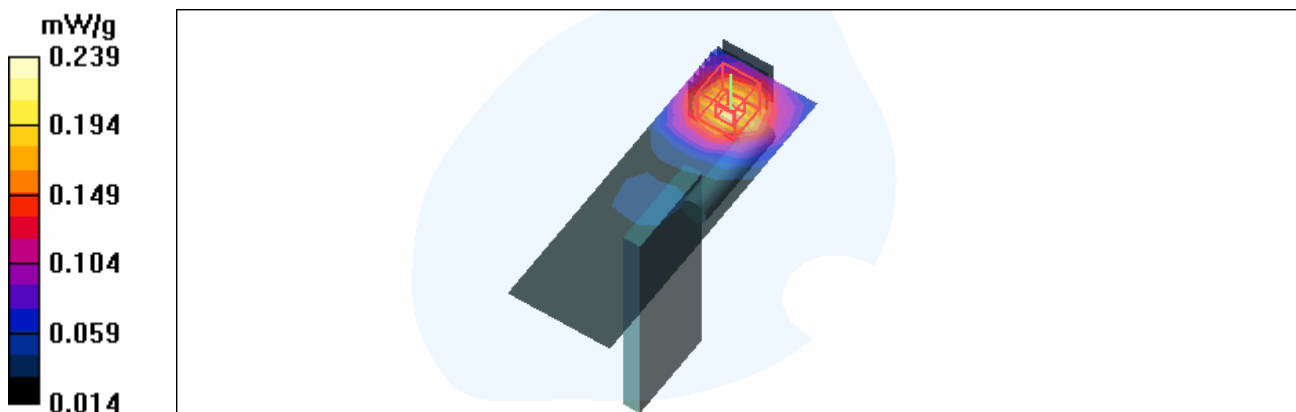
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.14 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

C600-5M-Mode 15

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P005 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 mW/g

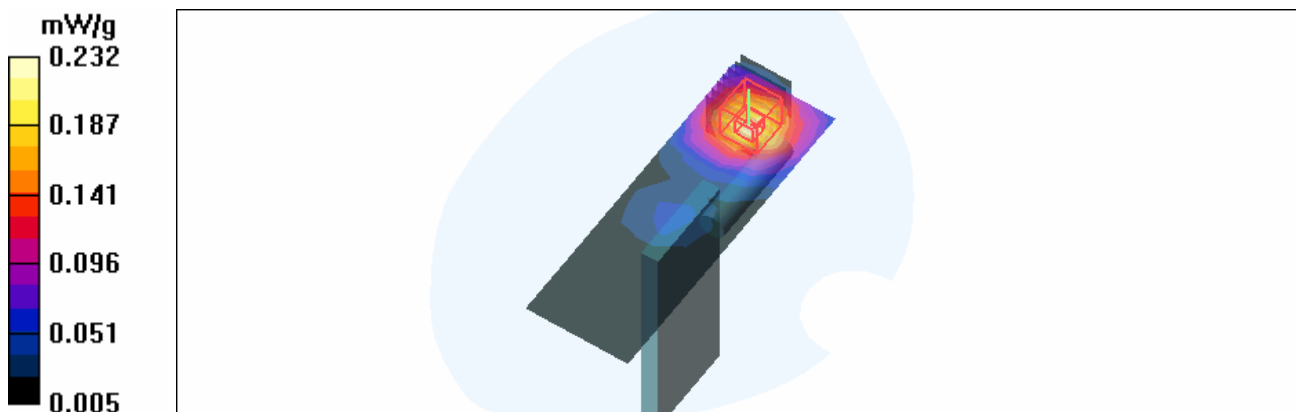
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.76 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.211 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 16**DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz**

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 mW/g

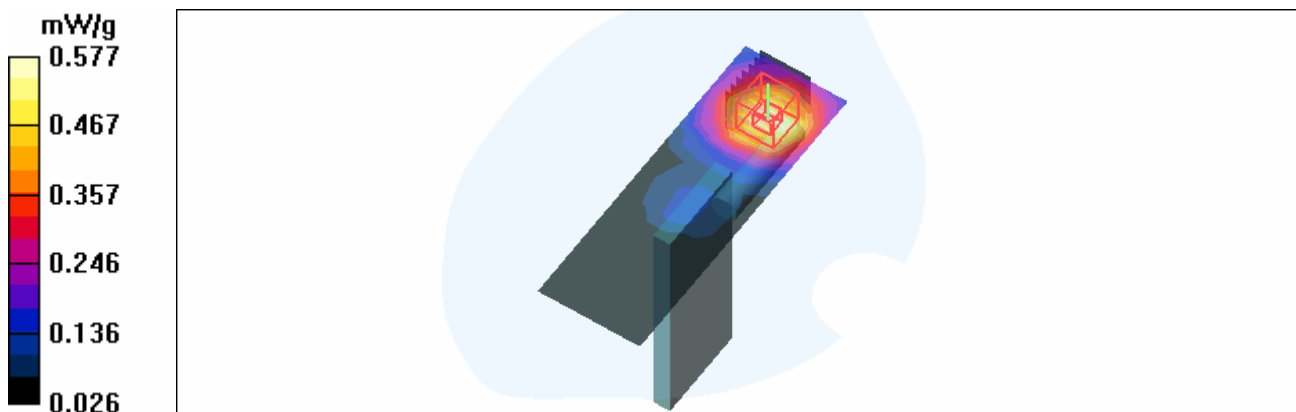
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

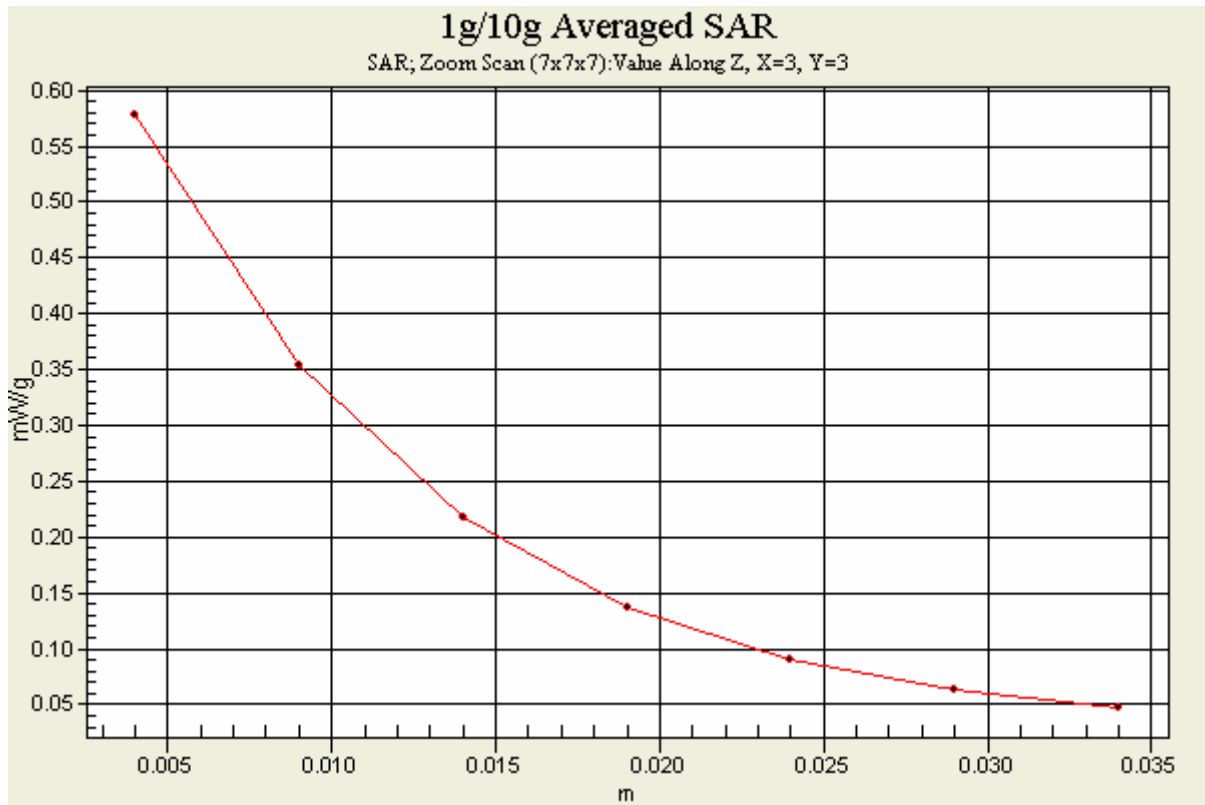
Reference Value = 8.14 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.840 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.528 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 16

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2587.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2587.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2587.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.16$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g

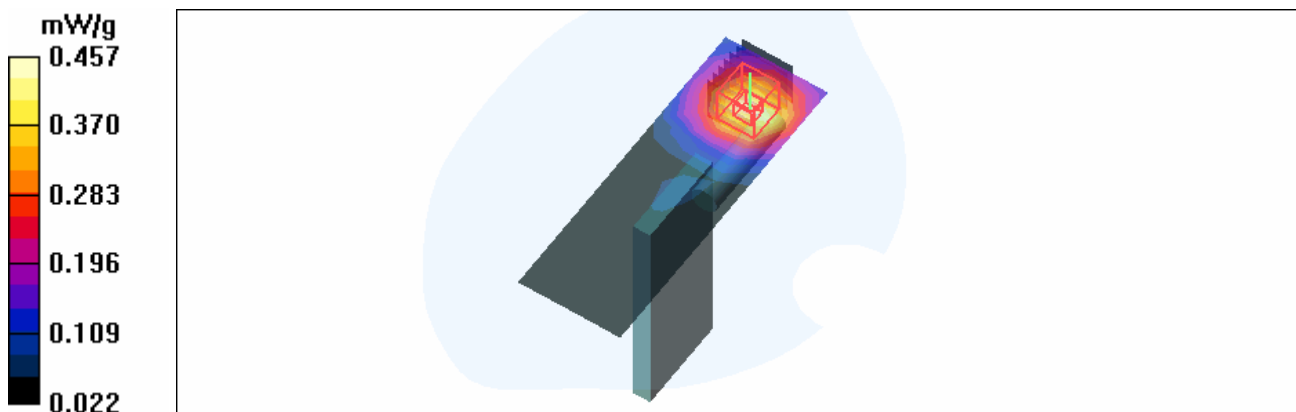
Mid Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.35 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.677 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.423 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.457 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 16

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2685 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2685 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2685$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.27$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g

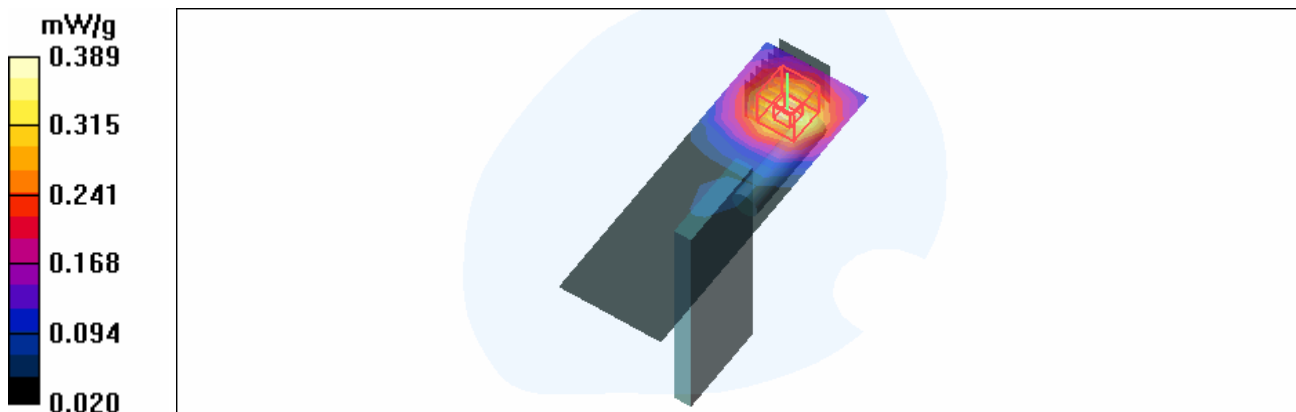
High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.92 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.360 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 17

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 mW/g

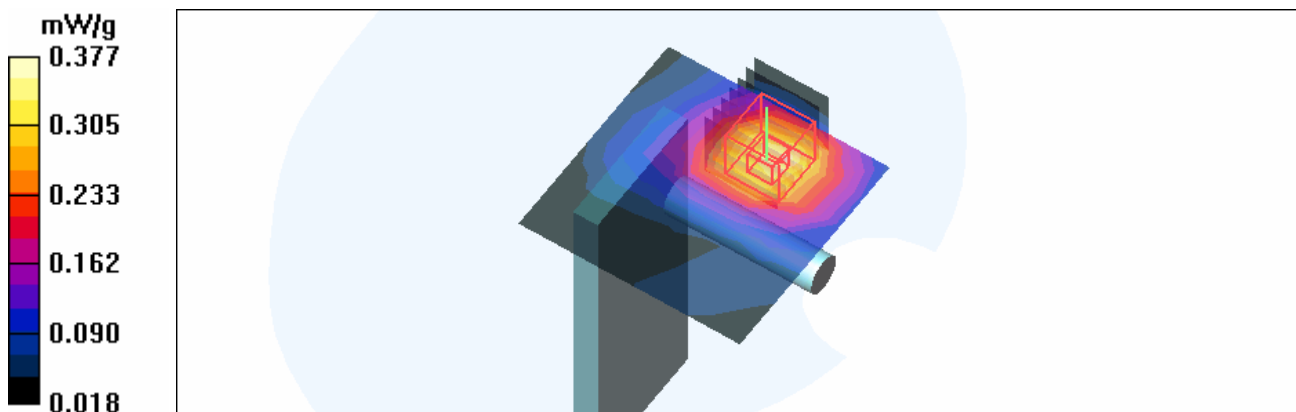
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.08 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

n6000-10M-Mode 18

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.558 mW/g

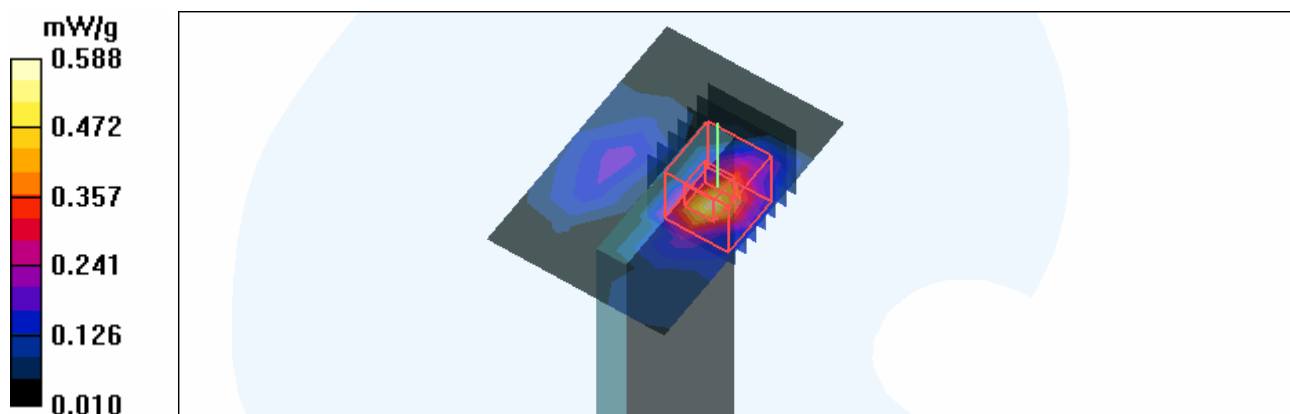
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.49 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.588 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

N800C-10M-Mode 19

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.538 mW/g

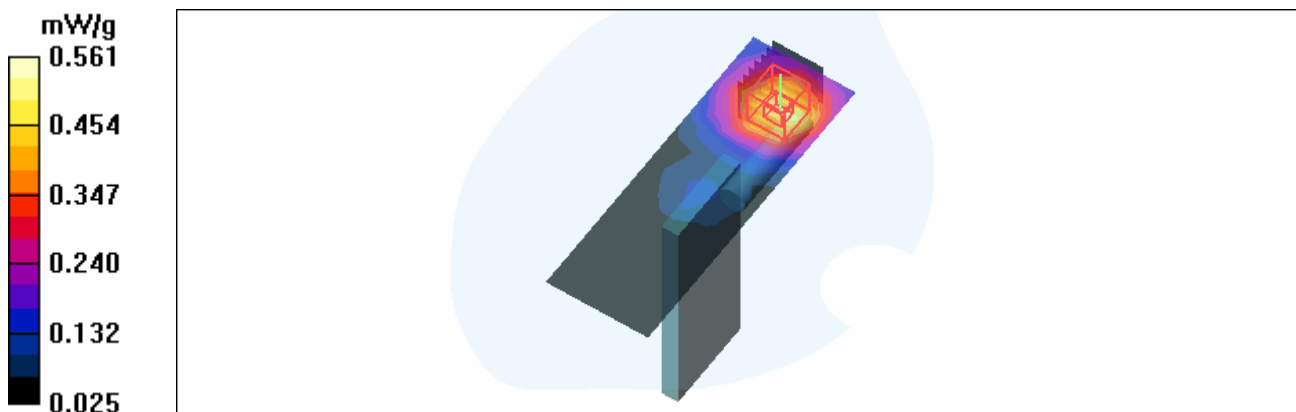
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.88 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.815 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

C600-10M-Mode 20

DUT: Wimax 2.5GHz PC Card ; Type: 125PCB120P010 ; Test Frequency: 2508.5 MHz

Communication System: FCC Wimax ; Frequency: 2508.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1 ; Modulation type: OFDM

Medium: MSL2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2508.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.05$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 0 mm (The tip side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : Dipole Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0 ; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g

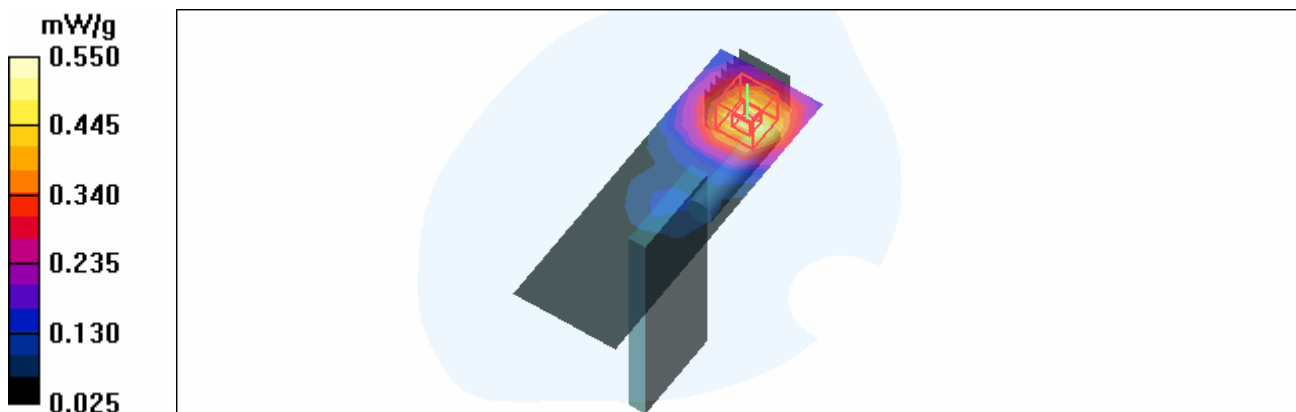
Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.05 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.806 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.550 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 2600MHz

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz ; Type: D2600V2 ; Serial: 1003 ; Test Frequency: 2600 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 154 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.7 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.5 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g

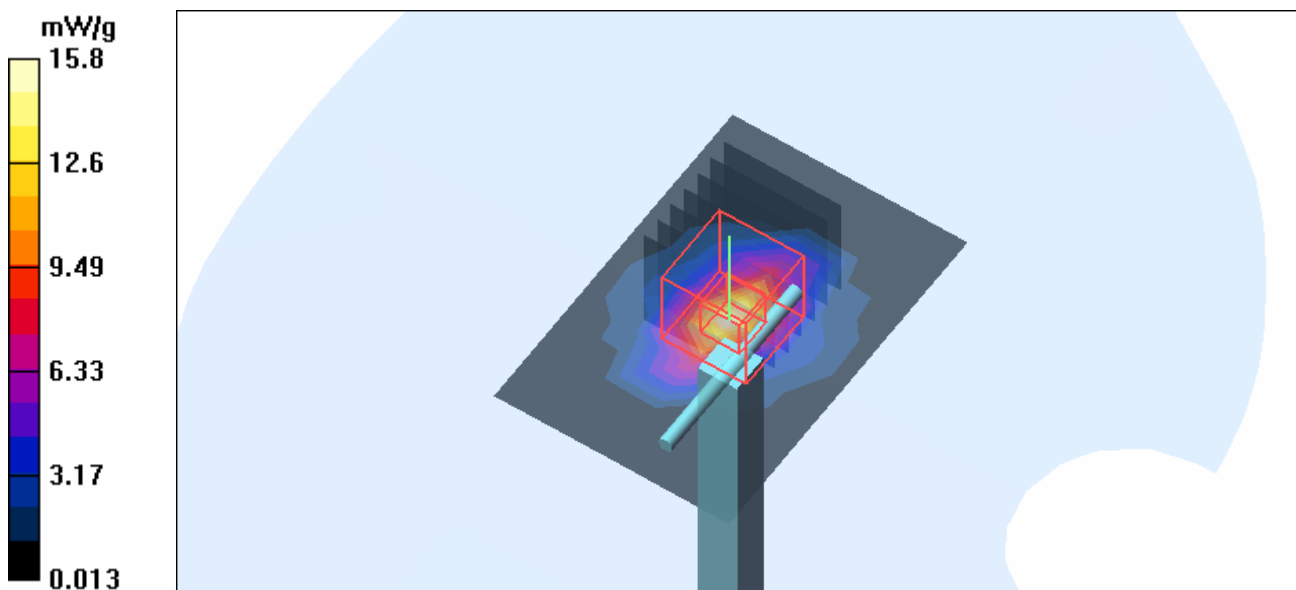
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

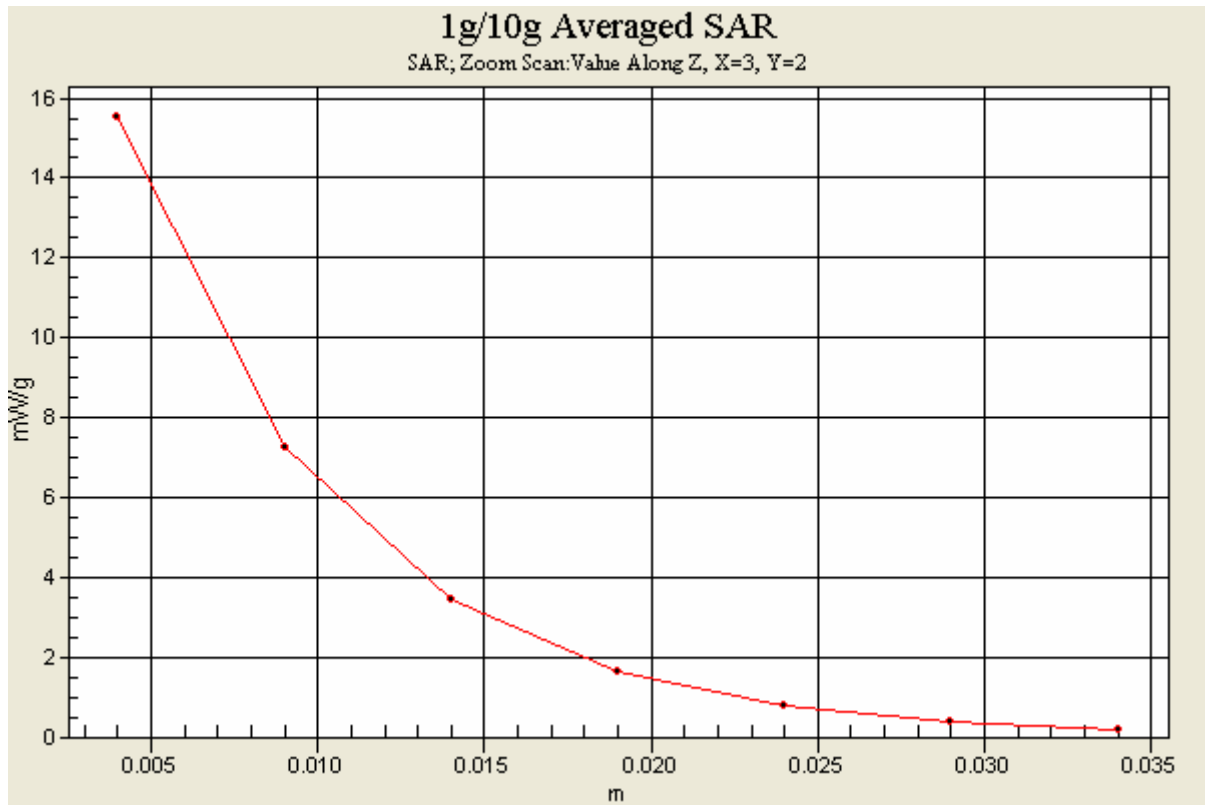
Reference Value = 84.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 2600MHz

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz ; Type: D2600V2 ; Serial: 1003 ; Test Frequency: 2600 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.19$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 155 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504 ; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83) ; Calibrated: 2006/11/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2006/9/7
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.2 mW/g

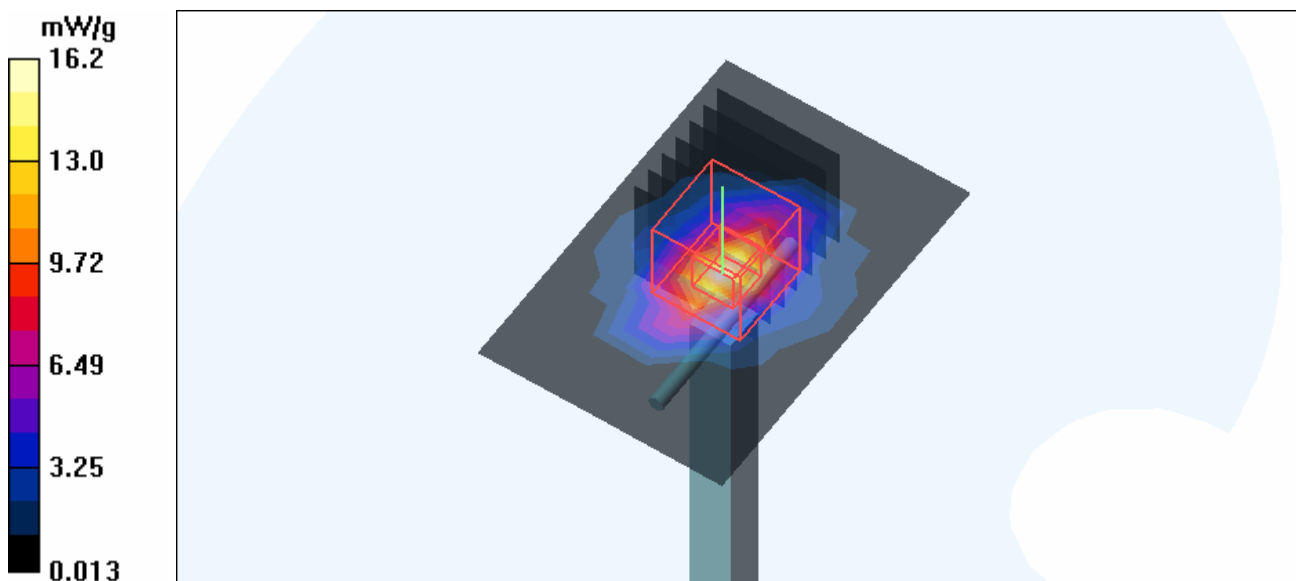
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

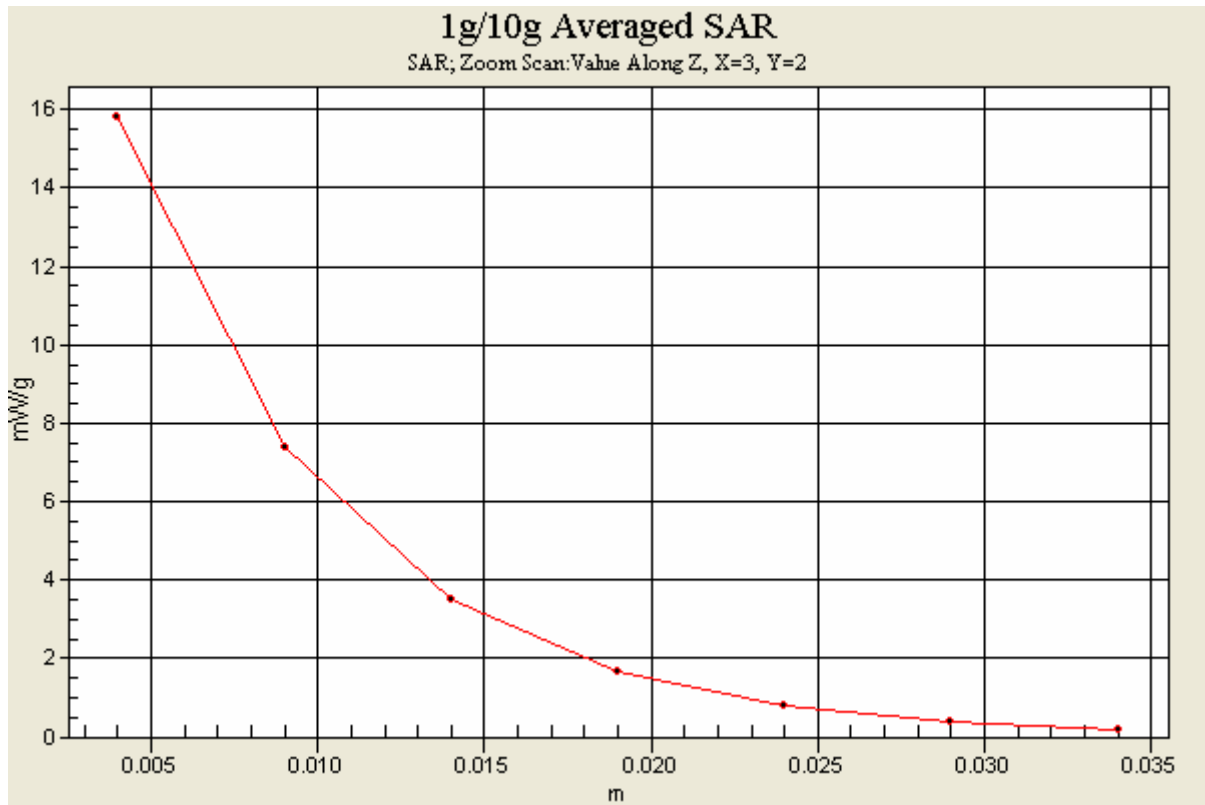
Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 2600MHz

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz ; Type: D2600V2 ; Serial: 1003 ; Test Frequency: 2600 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.18$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.9 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3506 ; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28) ; Calibrated: 2007/3/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

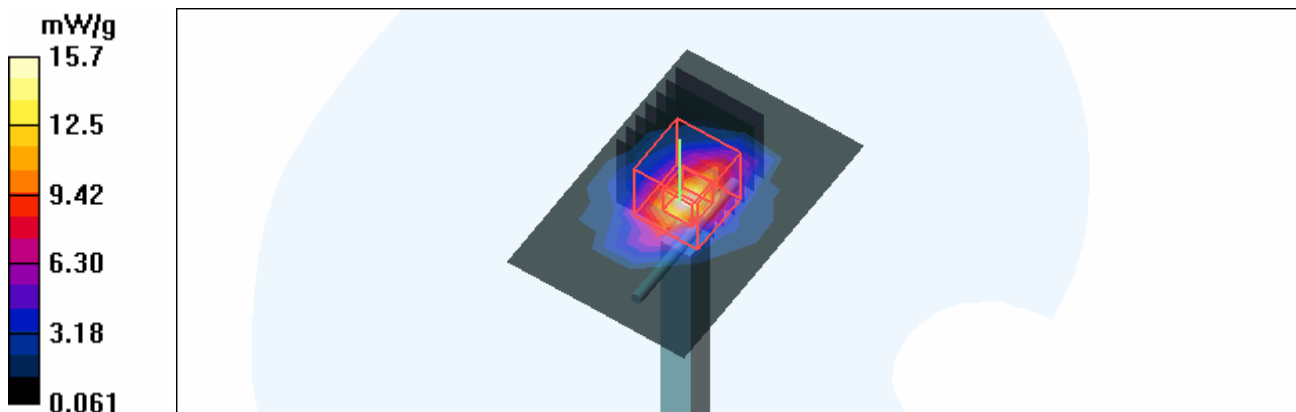
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

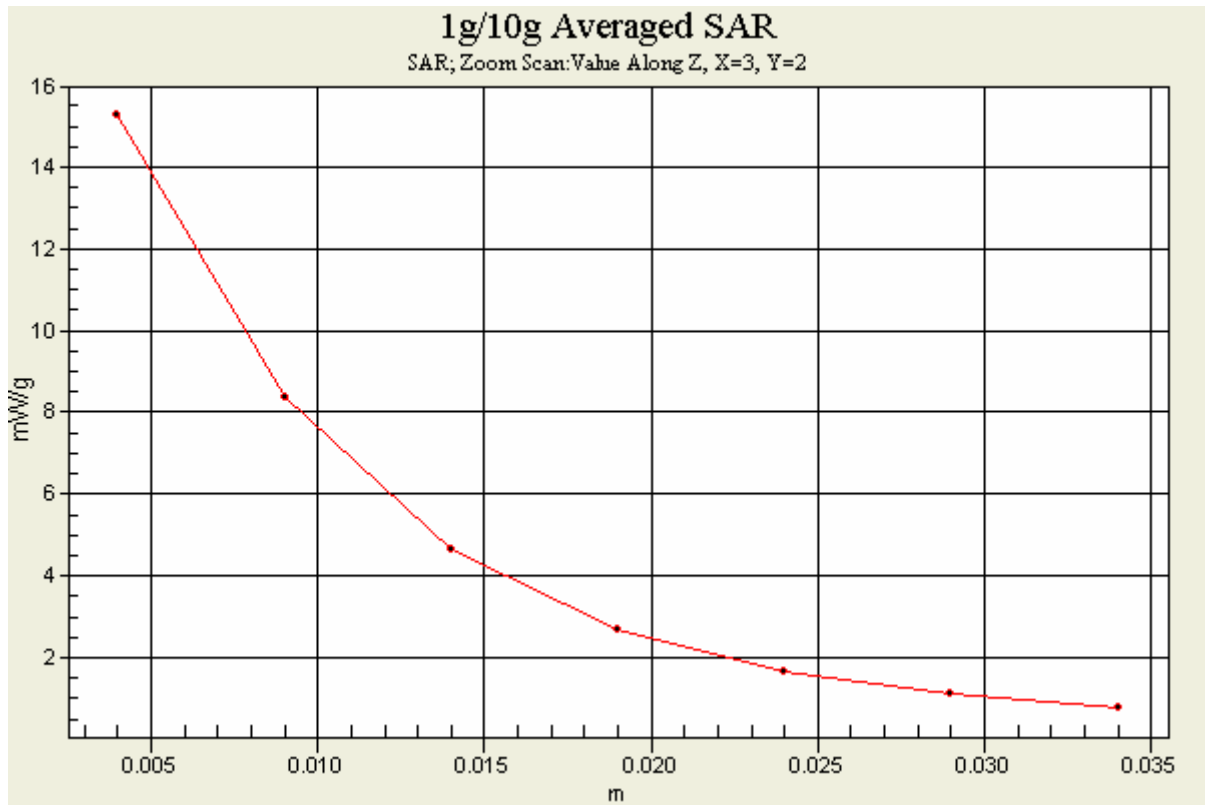
Reference Value = 82.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 mW/g





APPENDIX B: ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION

D1: SAM PHANTOM

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Item | SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 |
| Type No | QD 000 P40 CA |
| Series No | TP-1150 and higher |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland |

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

| Test | Requirement | Details | Units tested |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| Shape | Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model. | IT'IS CAD File (*) | First article, Samples |
| Material thickness | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards | 2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas | First article, Samples |
| Material parameters | Dielectric parameters for required frequencies | 200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05. | Material sample TP 104-5 |
| Material resistivity | The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards | Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard. | Pre-series, First article |

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 28.02.2002

Signature / Stamp

F. Bombault

**Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Johannes Kofler



D2: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3504_Nov06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV3 SN:3504**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 23, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06) | Jan-07 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) | Jun-07 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Approved by: | Niels Kuster | Quality Manager | |

Issued: November 23, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3504

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured: | December 15, 2003 |
| Last calibrated: | March 23, 2005 |
| Recalibrated: | November 23, 2006 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3504**Sensitivity in Free Space^A****Diode Compression^B**

| | | | | |
|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| NormX | 0.600 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 95 mV |
| NormY | 0.600 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 95 mV |
| NormZ | 0.630 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 95 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect**TSL 5200 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 25 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 10.4 | 4.3 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.0 | 0.0 |

TSL 5800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 30 % per mm

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 8.4 | 2.3 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.0 | 0.0 |

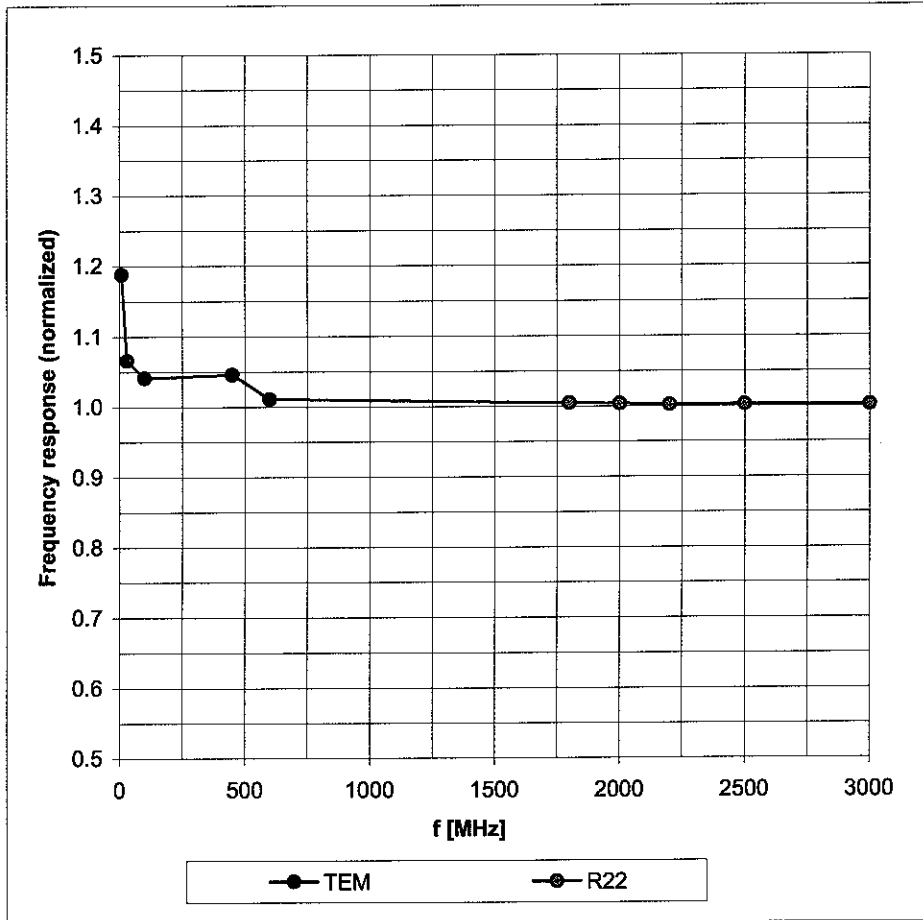
Sensor OffsetProbe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

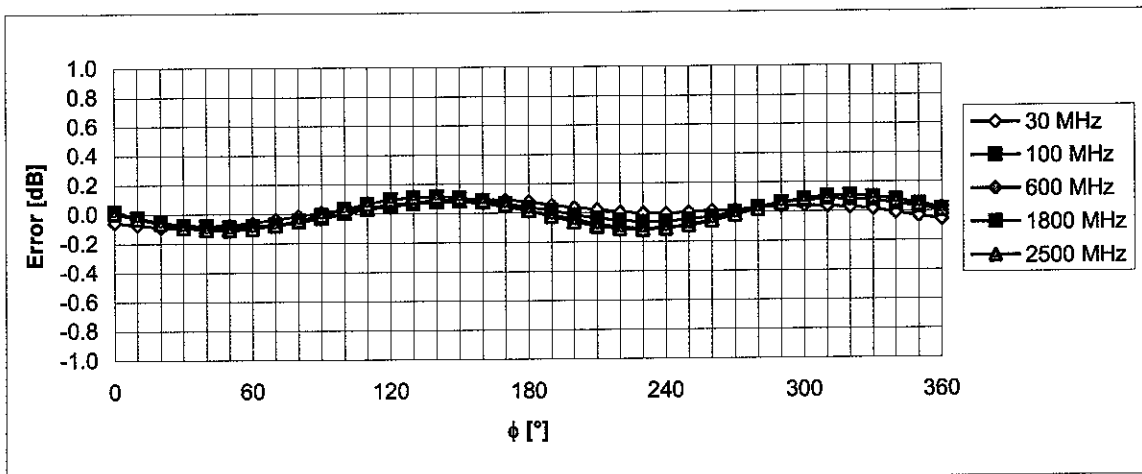
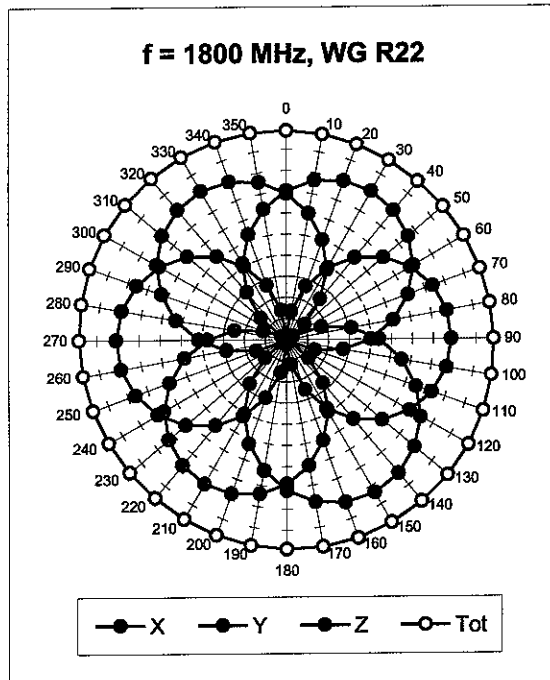
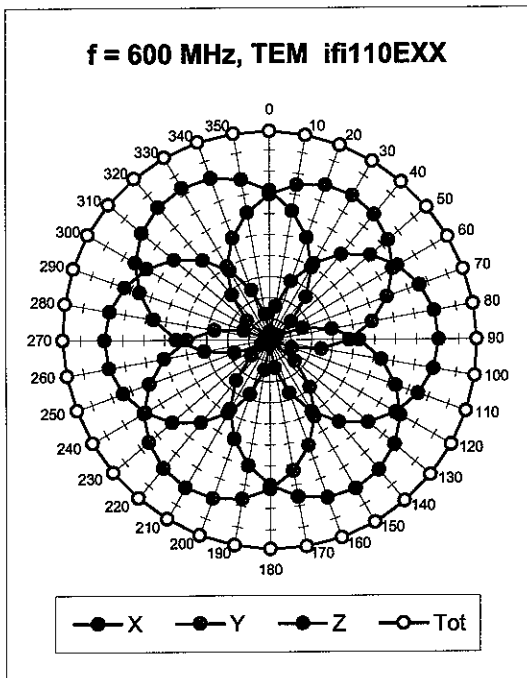
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



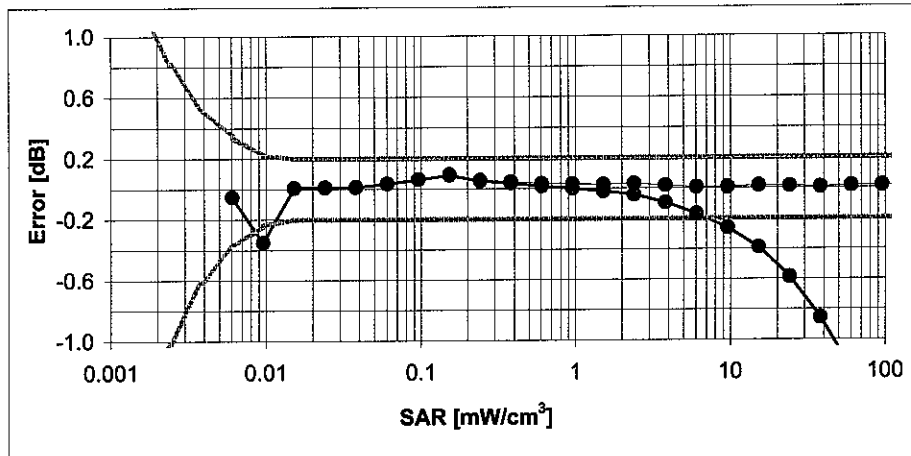
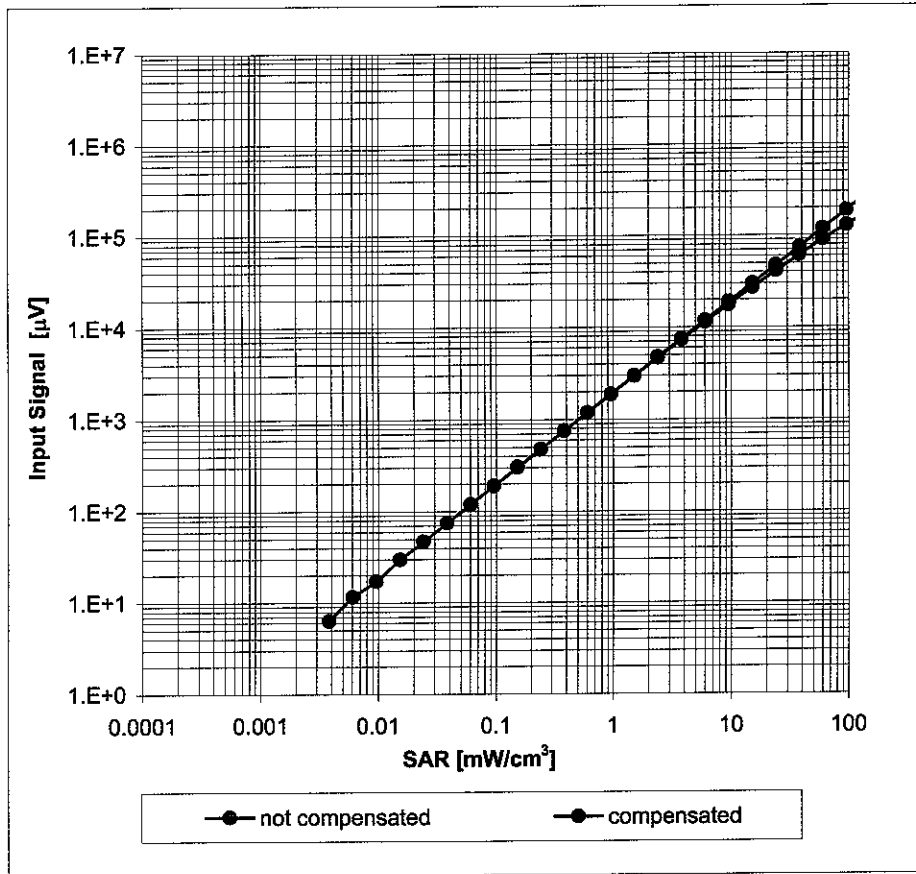
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



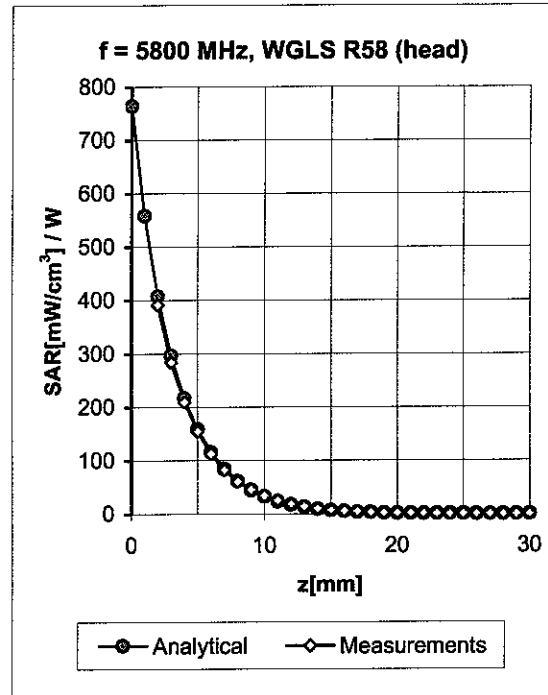
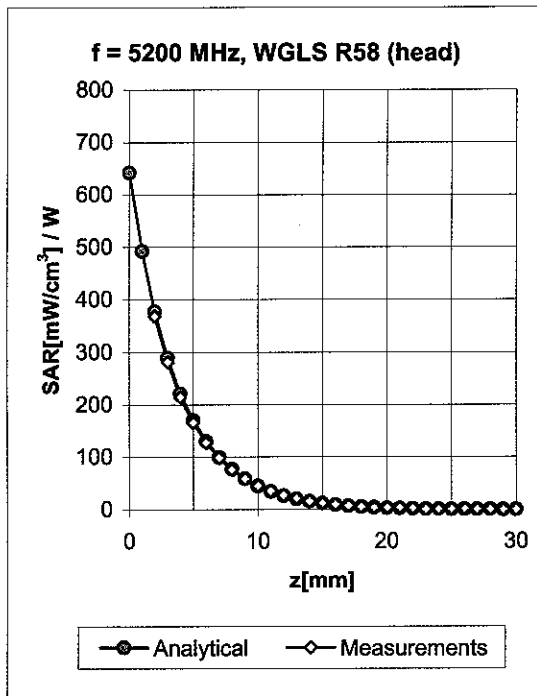
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment

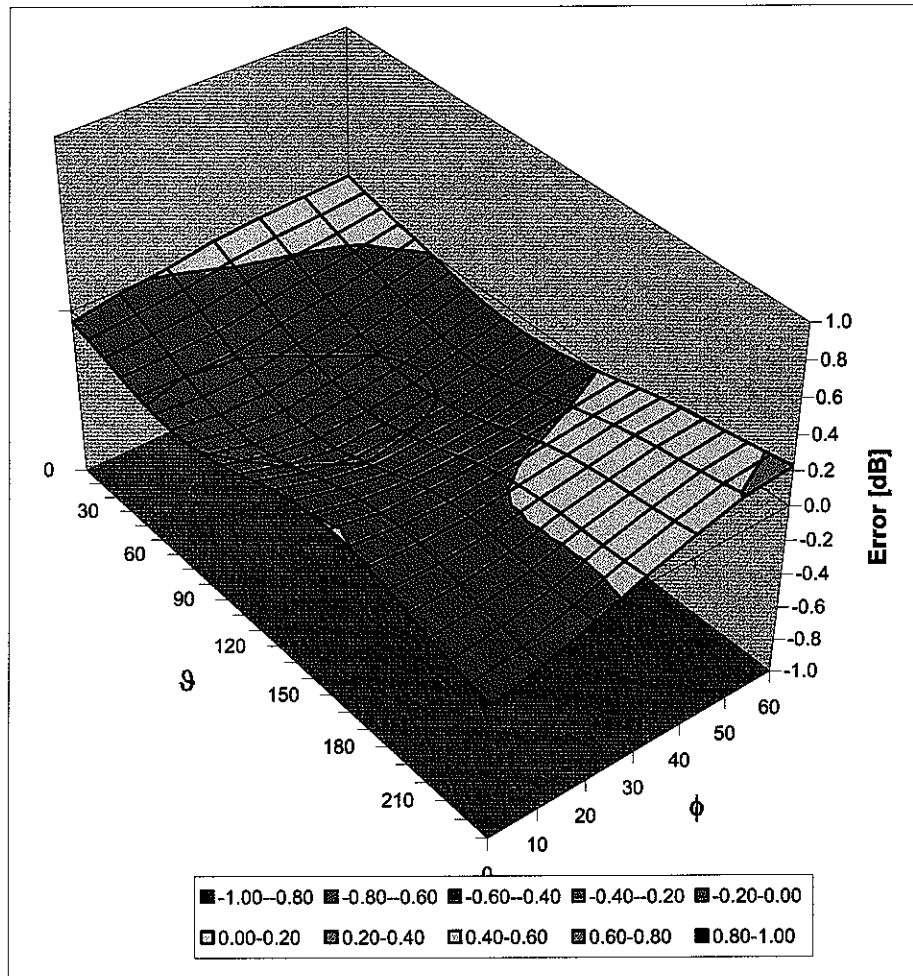


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.3 ± 5% | 4.40 ± 5% | 0.32 | 1.75 | 5.46 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.0 ± 5% | 4.66 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.80 | 5.00 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.9 ± 5% | 4.76 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.80 | 4.78 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.6 ± 5% | 4.96 ± 5% | 0.32 | 1.80 | 4.74 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.3 ± 5% | 5.27 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.78 | 4.58 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 2300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.8 ± 5% | 1.85 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.00 | 8.07 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2600 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.5 ± 5% | 2.16 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.00 | 7.83 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 3500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 51.3 ± 5% | 3.31 ± 5% | 0.50 | 0.91 | 7.06 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.4 ± 5% | 5.01 ± 5% | 0.38 | 1.70 | 4.68 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.0 ± 5% | 5.30 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.70 | 4.42 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.5 ± 5% | 5.42 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.65 | 4.05 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.6 ± 5% | 5.65 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.65 | 4.09 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.2 ± 5% | 6.00 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.65 | 4.24 ± 13.1% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3506_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV3 - SN:3506**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **March 20, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) | Jan-08 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) | Jun-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Approved by: | Fin Bomholt | R&D Director | |

Issued: March 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3506

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured: | February 18, 2004 |
| Last calibrated: | April 20, 2006 |
| Recalibrated: | March 20, 2007 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3506**Sensitivity in Free Space^A****Diode Compression^B**

| | | | | |
|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|
| NormX | 0.810 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 97 mV |
| NormY | 0.880 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 94 mV |
| NormZ | 0.810 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 92 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect**TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 3.4 | 1.1 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.0 | 0.1 |

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 4.6 | 2.7 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.4 |

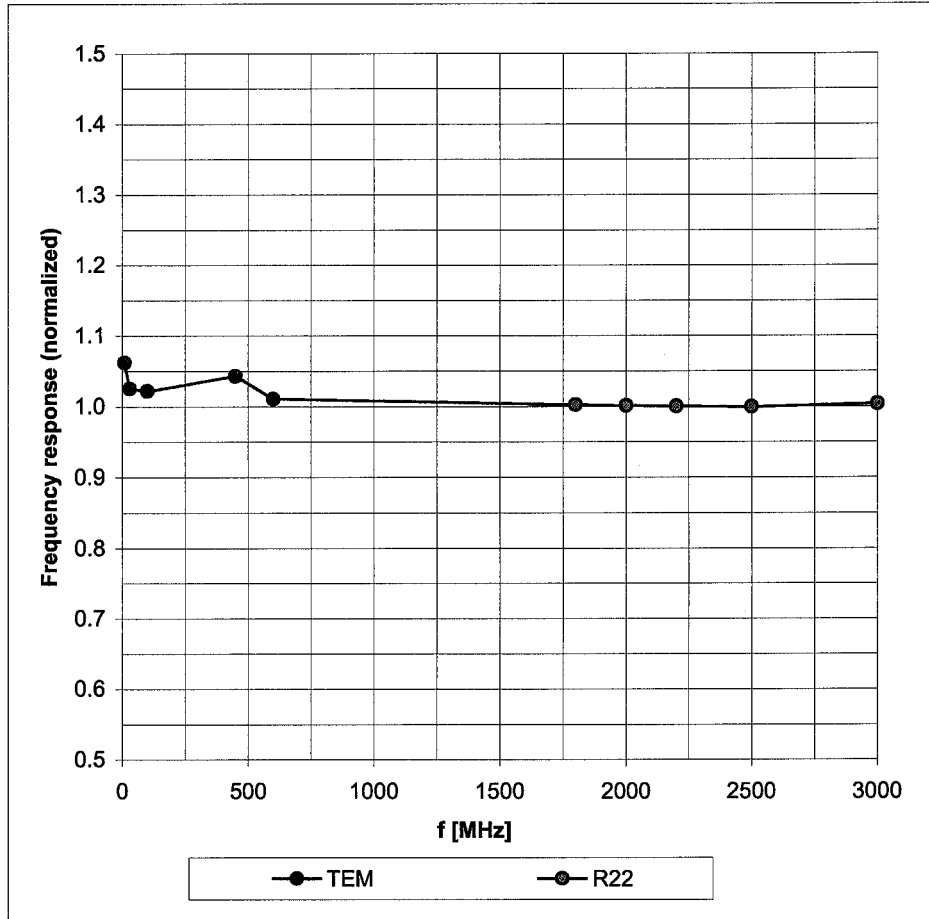
Sensor OffsetProbe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

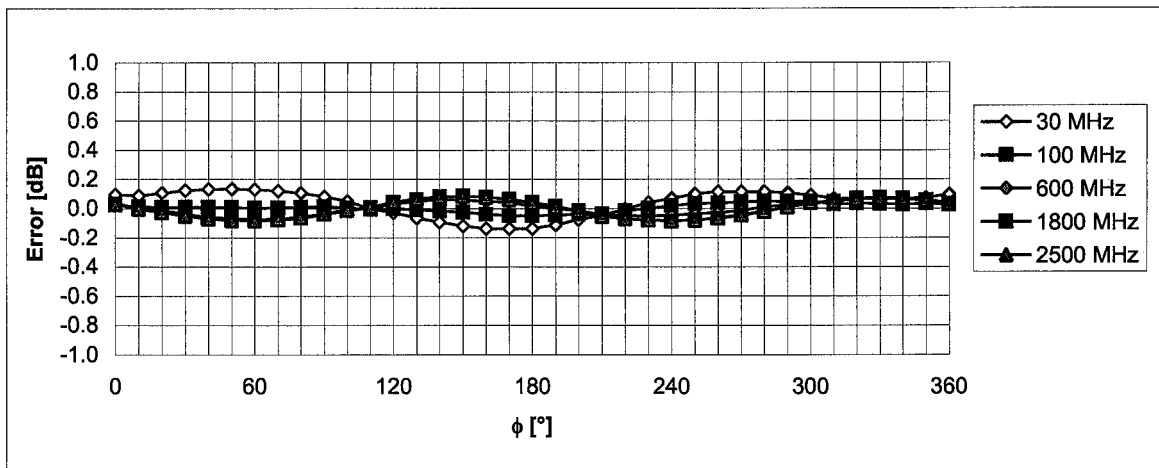
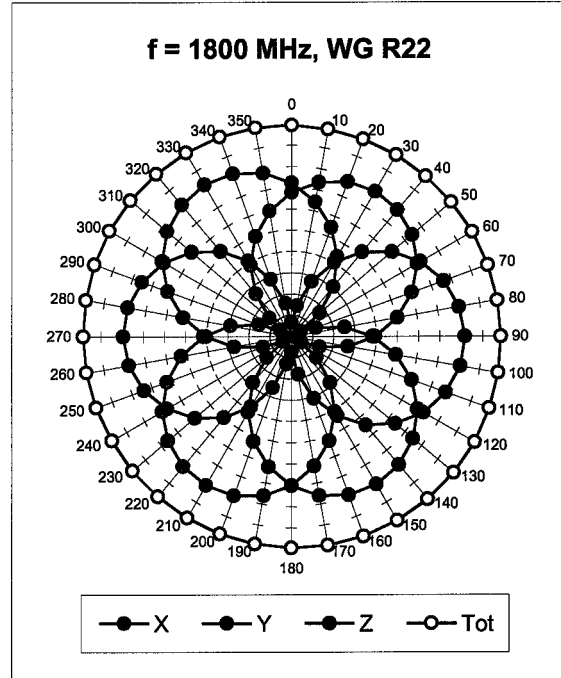
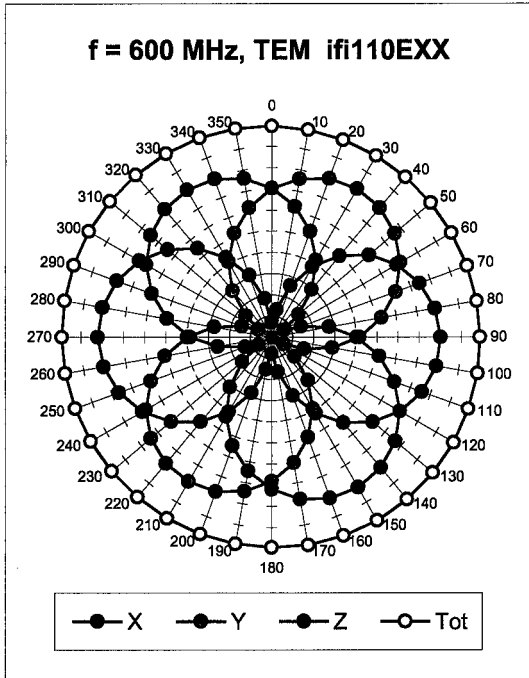
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



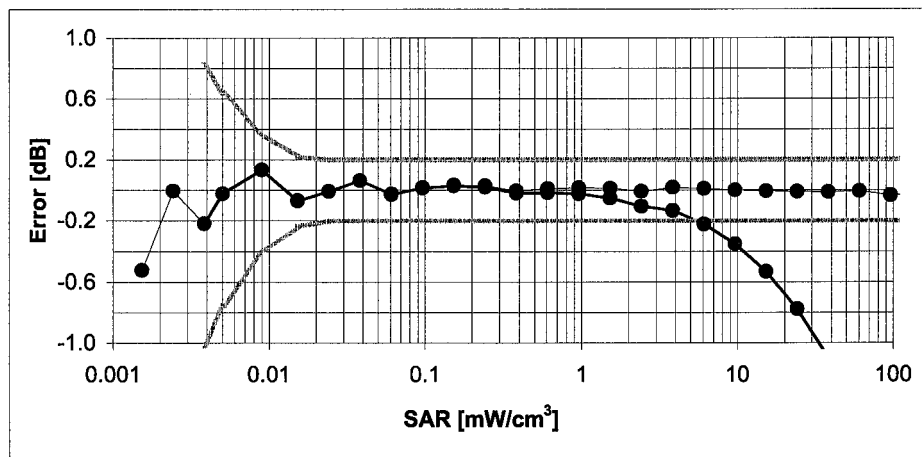
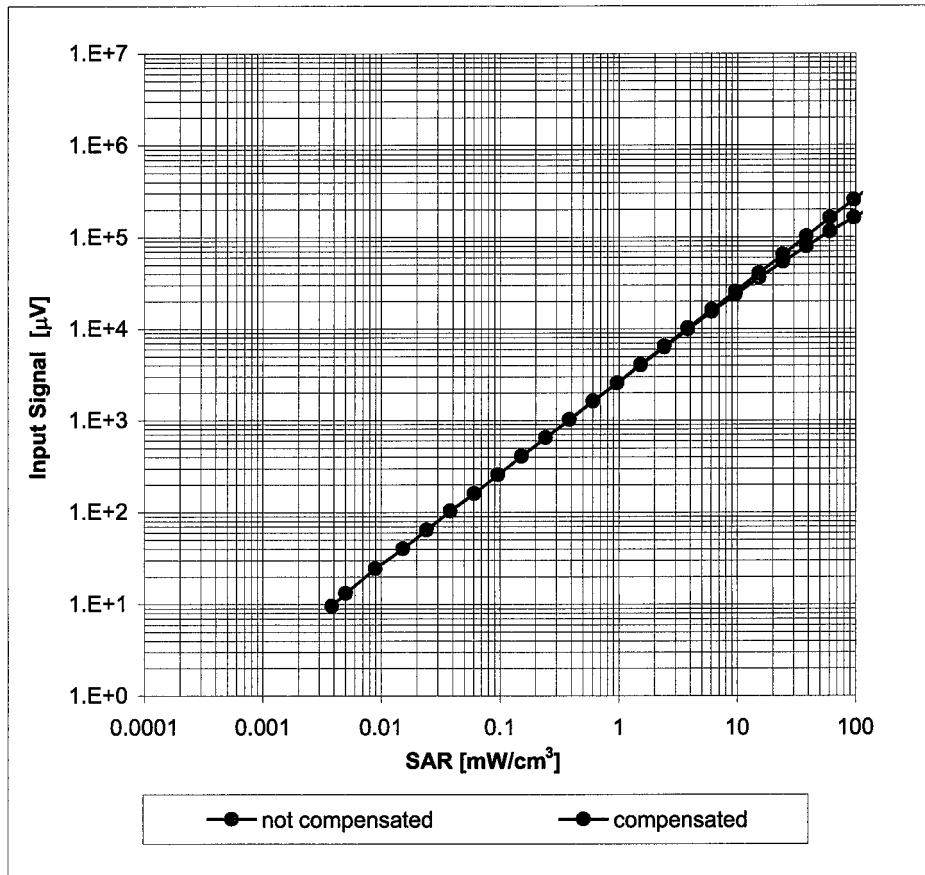
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

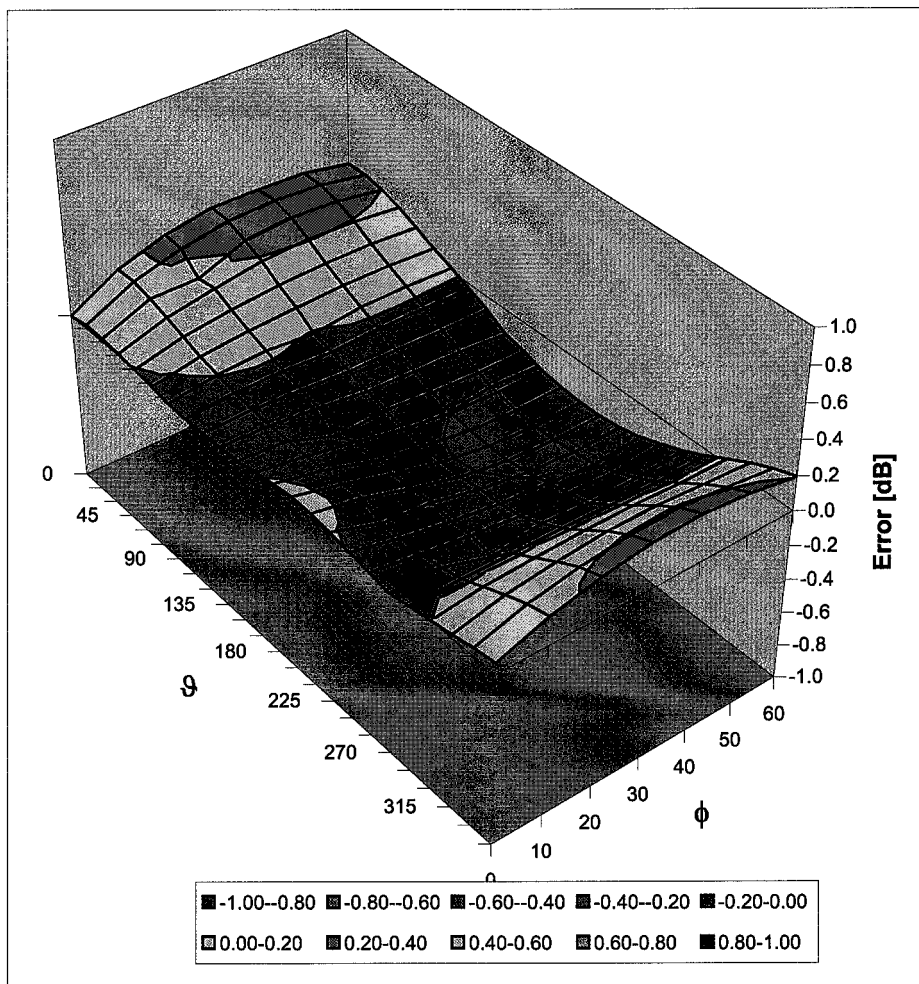
Conversion Factor Assessment

| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.45 | 0.80 | 9.77 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.19 | 1.20 | 8.48 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.18 | 1.29 | 8.12 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.39 | 1.00 | 7.80 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.3 ± 5% | 4.40 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 5.54 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.0 ± 5% | 4.66 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.92 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.9 ± 5% | 4.76 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.75 | 4.77 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.6 ± 5% | 4.96 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.55 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.3 ± 5% | 5.27 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.75 | 4.40 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| | | | | | | | |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.50 | 0.80 | 9.89 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.18 | 1.16 | 8.72 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.14 | 1.45 | 8.09 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.8 ± 5% | 1.85 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.92 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.67 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 2600 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.5 ± 5% | 2.16 ± 5% | 0.42 | 1.00 | 7.28 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 3500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 51.3 ± 5% | 3.31 ± 5% | 0.49 | 0.88 | 6.80 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 4950 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.4 ± 5% | 5.01 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.80 | 4.66 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.0 ± 5% | 5.30 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.80 | 4.48 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5300 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.5 ± 5% | 5.42 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.80 | 4.14 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5500 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.6 ± 5% | 5.65 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.80 | 4.11 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.2 ± 5% | 6.00 ± 5% | 0.30 | 1.80 | 4.20 ± 13.1% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



D3: DAE



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-510_Sep06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 510**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **September 07, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803 | 7-Oct-05 (Sintrel, No.E-050073) | Oct-06 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Calibrator Box V1.1 | SE UMS 006 AB 1002 | 15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check) | In house check Jun-07 |

Calibrated by: Name **Daniel Steinacher** Function **Technician** Signature

Approved by: **Fin Bornholt** R&D Director

Issued: September 7, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range | 404.194 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.254 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.622 \pm 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.97522 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.96545 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.95957 \pm 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 42 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|----------------------------------|

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 200000 | 200000.2 | 0.00 |
| Channel X | + Input | 20000 | 20007.72 | 0.04 |
| Channel X | - Input | 20000 | -19999.52 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200000 | 199999.5 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 20000 | 20005.14 | 0.03 |
| Channel Y | - Input | 20000 | -20000.72 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200000 | 200000.5 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 20000 | 20006.06 | 0.03 |
| Channel Z | - Input | 20000 | -20002.05 | 0.01 |

| Low Range | | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-----------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X | + Input | 2000 | 1999.9 | 0.00 |
| Channel X | + Input | 200 | 200.02 | 0.01 |
| Channel X | - Input | 200 | -200.32 | 0.16 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 2000 | 2000.0 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y | + Input | 200 | 199.46 | -0.27 |
| Channel Y | - Input | 200 | -200.72 | 0.36 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 2000 | 1999.9 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z | + Input | 200 | 199.12 | -0.44 |
| Channel Z | - Input | 200 | -201.06 | 0.53 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 17.19 | 16.90 |
| | - 200 | -16.29 | -16.91 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 14.52 | 14.16 |
| | - 200 | -15.49 | -15.51 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -8.86 | -9.32 |
| | - 200 | 7.79 | 7.80 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 1.86 | -0.06 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 0.60 | - | 4.31 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -2.51 | -0.39 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15894 | 16343 |
| Channel Y | 16116 | 16300 |
| Channel Z | 16080 | 16129 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

| | Average (μV) | min. Offset (μV) | max. Offset (μV) | Std. Deviation (μV) |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Channel X | 0.39 | -0.84 | 1.32 | 0.26 |
| Channel Y | -1.02 | -1.58 | 0.05 | 0.26 |
| Channel Z | 0.18 | -0.50 | 1.13 | 0.28 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

| | Zeroing (MΩ) | Measuring (MΩ) |
|-----------|--------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 0.2001 | 199.6 |
| Channel Y | 0.2001 | 198.3 |
| Channel Z | 0.2001 | 199.1 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-579_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 579**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **March 23, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803 | 13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492) | Oct-07 |
| Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278 | 03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478) | Oct-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Calibrator Box V1.1 | SE UMS 006 AB 1002 | 15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check) | In house check Jun-07 |

Calibrated by: **Name** Eric Hainfeld **Function** Technician **Signature**

Approved by: **Name** Fin Bomholt **Function** R&D Director

Issued: March 23, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X | Y | Z |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| High Range | 404.413 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.494 \pm 0.1% (k=2) | 404.245 \pm 0.1% (k=2) |
| Low Range | 3.95259 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.97903 \pm 0.7% (k=2) | 3.93943 \pm 0.7% (k=2) |

Connector Angle

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 0 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|---|---------------------------------|

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200000 | 200000.1 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 20000 | 20006.33 | 0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | 20000 | -19997.11 | -0.01 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200000 | 200000.5 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 20000 | 20004.32 | 0.02 |
| Channel Y - Input | 20000 | -20000.97 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200000 | 199999.9 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 20000 | 20004.59 | 0.02 |
| Channel Z - Input | 20000 | -19999.75 | 0.00 |

| Low Range | Input (μV) | Reading (μV) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel X + Input | 200 | 199.93 | -0.03 |
| Channel X - Input | 200 | -200.74 | 0.37 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200 | 199.24 | -0.38 |
| Channel Y - Input | 200 | -200.94 | 0.47 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2000 | 2000 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200 | 199.04 | -0.48 |
| Channel Z - Input | 200 | -201.32 | 0.66 |

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading (μV) | Low Range Average Reading (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Channel X | 200 | 6.88 | 6.91 |
| | - 200 | -5.38 | -6.84 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 4.74 | 6.33 |
| | - 200 | -2.86 | -7.65 |
| Channel Z | 200 | 8.17 | 8.22 |
| | - 200 | -9.67 | -10.56 |

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X (μV) | Channel Y (μV) | Channel Z (μV) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200 | - | 0.28 | 0.44 |
| Channel Y | 200 | 1.03 | - | 2.52 |
| Channel Z | 200 | -2.54 | 0.78 | - |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 16336 | 17367 |
| Channel Y | 16187 | 16706 |
| Channel Z | 15808 | 16822 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

| | Average (μ V) | min. Offset (μ V) | max. Offset (μ V) | Std. Deviation (μ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | -1.09 | -2.34 | -0.23 | 0.35 |
| Channel Y | -2.38 | -3.71 | -1.13 | 0.33 |
| Channel Z | 0.31 | -1.04 | 1.49 | 0.37 |

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

| | Zeroing (MOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 0.2001 | 201.8 |
| Channel Y | 0.2001 | 204.8 |
| Channel Z | 0.2001 | 206.1 |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6 |

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.0 | +6 | +14 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01 | -8 | -9 |



D4: SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No. **D2600V2-1003_Jan07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2600V2 - SN: 1003**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 5, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) | Oct-07 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) | Oct-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN 3025 | 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06) | Oct-07 |
| DAE4 | SN: 907 | 20-Jul-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-907_Jul06) | Jul-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05) | In house check: Oct-07 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000675 | 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Nov-07 |

| | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Approved by: | Niels Kuster | Quality Manager | |

Issued: January 8, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY4 | V4.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2600 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.5 | 2.16 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 50.9 \pm 6 % | 2.11 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.5 \pm 0.2) °C | ----- | ----- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 14.5 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 58.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 57.6 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.43 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 25.7 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 25.5 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.5 Ω - 1.2 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 28.4 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.150 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | December 23, 2006 |

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 05.01.2007 16:58:54

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN1003

Communication System: CW-2600; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB_050815;

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF (3.95, 3.95, 3.95); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 20.07.2006
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3mm) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

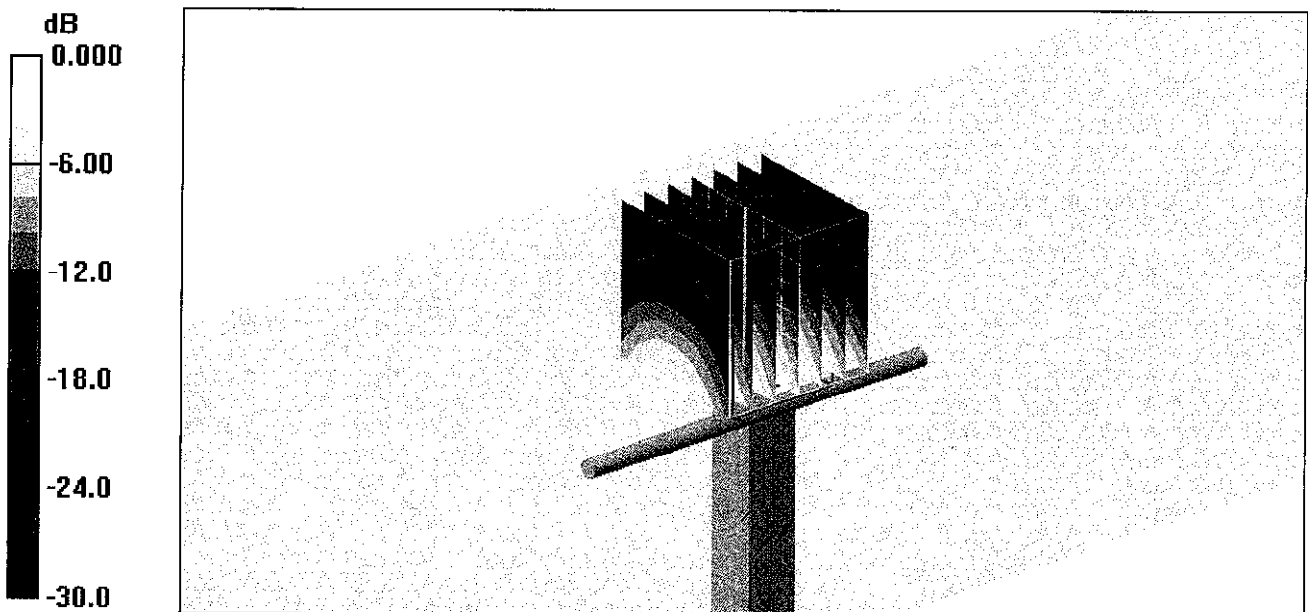
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.43 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 mW/g



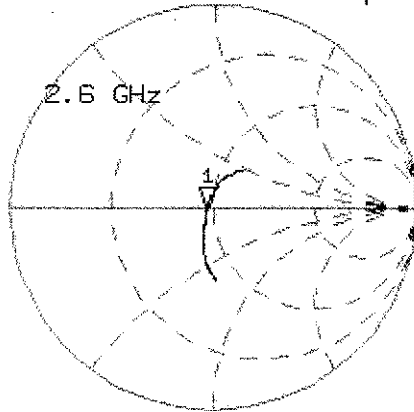
0 dB = 19.4mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

5 Jan 2007 12:26:37
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 46.455 Ω -1.2461 Ω 49.124 pF 2 600.000 000 MHz

*
De1
Smo
CA

Avg
16



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-28.430 dB 2 600.000 000 MHz

Smo
CA

Avg
16

