



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA941122H03D

MODEL NO.: HiveAP 20 ag

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	F/300	6
1500-100,000	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

π = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d is the limit of MPE, $1 mW/cm^2$. If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

This is a stand alone radio device. So under normal use condition, it is easy to be re-located in the place where at least 20 cm far away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.



6 Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

There are four antennas provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

Model	Antenna Type	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Connector	Note
FDS_2FED01+I3G	Dual Band Antenna, Dipole	For 2.4GHz : 3 dBi	MMCX	Integral antenna
		For 5GHz : 5 dBi		
NA	Dipole	For 2.4GHz : 2 dBi	Reverse SMA	dedicated antenna
W1028	Dipole	For 5GHz : 2 dBi	Reverse SMA	

The model: FDS_2FED01+I3G, the worse case one was chosen for final test.

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

For 2.4GHz

802.11b:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	123.027	0.039	1.0
6	2437	138.038	0.044	1.0
11	2462	56.234	0.018	1.0

802.11g:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	70.795	0.022	1.0
6	2437	245.471	0.077	1.0
11	2462	36.308	0.011	1.0



For 5GHz

Operated in 5725 ~ 5850MHz band:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5745	251.189	0.158	1.0
3	5785	218.776	0.138	1.0
5	5825	213.796	0.135	1.0

Operated in 5150 ~ 5250MHz band:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	5180	27.925	0.0176	1.0
2	5200	31.046	0.0195	1.0
4	5240	31.696	0.0199	1.0

CONCLUSION:

Both of the 11g and 11a can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

$$CPD_1 / LPD_1 + CPD_2 / LPD_2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the calculation of this situation is $0.077 / 1 + 0.158 / 1 = 0.235$, which is less than the "1" limit.