#### FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

#### **TEST REPORT**

For

## 802.11b/g AP Cradle SMC Desktop Phone Cradle with 802.11g Access Point

Trade Name / Model Accton / CAP2315A-FLF-ZZ SMC / SMCDPCR-AP Edge-Core / WA4101-Cradle

Issued to

Accton Technology Corporation No1. Creation 3rd., Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu 30077, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Issued by



Compliance Certification Services Inc.
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang,
Taoyuan Hsien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.
http://www.ccsemc.com.tw
service@tw.ccsemc.com



Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Note:** This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Compliance Certification Services Inc. This document may be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services Inc. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TI	EST RESULT CERTIFICATION	3
2. EU	UT DESCRIPTION	4
3. TI	EST METHODOLOGY	5
3.1	EUT CONFIGURATION	5
3.2	EUT EXERCISE.	
3.3	GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES	
3.4	FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS	6
3.5	DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	7
4. IN	STRUMENT CALIBRATION	8
4.1	MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	8
4.2	MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED	
5. FA	ACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	9
5.1	FACILITIES	9
5.2	EQUIPMENT	
5.3	TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS	10
6. SI	ETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	11
6.1	SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT	11
6.2	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	11
7. FO	CC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS	12
7.1	6DB BANDWIDTH	12
7.2	PEAK POWER	16
7.3	AVERAGE POWER	
7.4	BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT	
7.5	PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
7.6	SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
7.7	POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	52
APPE	NDIX 1 RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE	55
APPE	NDIX 2 PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP	57

# 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: Accton Technology Corporation

No1.Creation 3rd., Science-based Industrial Park,

Hsinchu 30077, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** 802.11b/g AP Cradle

SMC Desktop Phone Cradle with 802.11g Access Point

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

Trade Name / Model: Accton / CAP2315A-FLF-ZZ

SMC / SMCDPCR-AP

Edge-Core / WA4101-Cradle

Date of Test: March 31 ~July 22, 2006

APPLICABLE STANDARDS			
STANDARD TEST RI			
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted		

## We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Gavin Lim Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Jail lin

Reviewed by:

Amanda Wu Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

	O	02 11h/~ AD Crodlo					
Product		802.11b/g AP Cradle SMC Desktop Phone Cradle with 802.11g Access Point					
		<u> </u>		11g Access Foliit			
		ccton / CAP2315A-Fl	LF-ZZ				
Trade Name / Model Number		MC / SMCDPCR-AP					
		dge-Core / WA4101-C					
	ı			ept for the designation			
	0	f product names, trade					
Model Discrepancy		Product name	Trade name	Model number			
		802.11b/g AP Cradle	Accton	CAP2315A-FLF-ZZ			
		002.110/9111 014410	Edge-Core	WA4101-Cradle			
		SMC Desktop Phone Cradle with 802.11g Access Point	SMC	SMCDPCR-AP			
	DVE Switching Adapter / DSA-10P-05 050100						
Power Supply	I/P: 100-240VAC, 0.3A, 30VA						
	O/P: +5V, 2A						
Frequency Range	2.	412 ~ 2462 MHz					
T	II	EEE 802.11b: 22.92 dF	3m				
Transmit Power	H	EEE 802.11g: 20.54 dI	3m				
	H	EEE 802.11b: DSSS (0	CCK, DQPSK,	DBPSK)			
Modulation Technique	IEEE 802.11g: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) +						
_		OFDM (	(QPSK, BPSK,	16-QAM, 64-QAM)			
T '1D 1 D 1	II	EEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5,	2, 1 Mbps				
Transmit Data Rate	ı			11, 9, 6, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps			
Number of Channels	1	1 Channels					
Antenna Specification	P	CB Antenna / Gain: 2	dBi				

#### Remark:

- 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
- 2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>HEDCAP2315A</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

Page 4 Rev. 00

## 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### 3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### 3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

Page 5 Rev. 00

#### 3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

Page 6 Rev. 00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

<sup>(</sup>b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

## 3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: CAP2315A-FLF-ZZ) had been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

The worst case data rate is determined as the data rate with highest output power.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

IEEE802.11b mode: Channel Low (2412MHz) Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 11Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE802.11g mode: Channel Low (2412MHz) Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

Page 7 Rev. 00

## 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

## 4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

## 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

#### **Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement**

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Conducted Emissions Test Site							
Name of Equipment	Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Due						
Spectrum Analyzer         Agilent         E4446A         MY43360131         01/18/2007							

	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due			
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	07/25/2006			
Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100064	11/05/2006			
Switch Controller	TRC	Switch Controller	SC94050010	05/05/2007			
4 Port Switch	TRC	4 Port Switch	SC94050020	05/05/2007			
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0502	06	06/02/2007			
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0801	04	05/05/2007			
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1201A	01	07/04/2007			
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1301A	01	07/04/2007			
Bilog- Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030205	03/09/2007			
Turn Table	Max-Full	MFT-120S	T120S940302	N.C.R.			
Antenna Tower	Max-Full	MFA-430	A440940302	N.C.R.			
Controller	Max-Full	MF-CM886	CC-C-1F-13	N.C.R.			
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	FCC: 965860 IC: IC 6106	09/26/2008			
Test S/W		LABVI	EW (V 6.1)				

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/-2.0065dB (30MHz ~ 1GHz), +/-3.0958dB (Above 1GHz) which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site							
Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Duc							
EMI TEST RECEIVER 9kHz-30MHz	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS30	828144/003	09/27/2006			
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK 9kHz-30MHz	SCHAFFNER	NNB41	03/10013	06/12/2007			
LISN 10kHz-100MHz	EMCO 3825/2 9106-1809 03/20/2007						
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)						

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.81dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Page 8 Rev. 00

# 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

#### **5.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
□ No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029
☑ No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan
Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045
☑ No.81-1, Lane 210, Bade 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 338, Taiwan

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

## **5.2 EQUIPMENT**

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

Page 9 Rev. 00

## 5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency		Logo
USA	A2LA	EN 55011, EN 55014-1/2, CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1/2, EN 55022, EN 55015, CISPR 22, CISPR 15, AS/NZS 3548, VCCI V3 (2001), CFR 47, FCC Part 15/18, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13438, CNS 13803, CNS 14115, EN 55024, IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, EIC/EN 61000-3-3, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 50081-1/ EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-4, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-1: 2001	ACCREDITED 0824-01
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (93105, 90471) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (965860) to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	93105, 90471 965860
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	VCCI R-393/1066/725/879 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	TAF	EN 300 328, EN 300 220-1, EN 300 220-2, EN 300 220-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115, CNS 13438, AS/NZS CISPR 22, CNS 13022-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 13022-2/3	Testing Laboratory 0363
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 SL2-IN-E-0014 SL2-A1-E-0014 SL2-R1-E-0014 SL2-R2-E-0014 SL2-L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (IC 3991-3, IC 3991-4) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 6106) to perform RSS 212 Issue 1	Canada IC 3991-3 IC 3991-4 IC 6106

<sup>\*</sup> No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.

Page 10 Rev. 00

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## **6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

## **6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC (remote)	IBM	2672 (X31)	99РВТКВ	WLAN: ANO20030400LEG Bluetooth: ANO20020100MTN	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, .8m with a core
2.	Notebook PC (remote)	TOSHIBA	Satellite 1110	Y2382109		LAN Cable: Unshielded, 10m	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### Remark:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

Page 11 Rev. 00

# 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

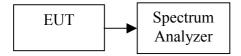
#### 7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

According to \$15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

## **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 50 MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and –6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

#### **Test Data**

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	10750		PASS
Mid	2437	11500	>500	PASS
High	2462	11500		PASS

#### Test mode: IEEE 802.11g

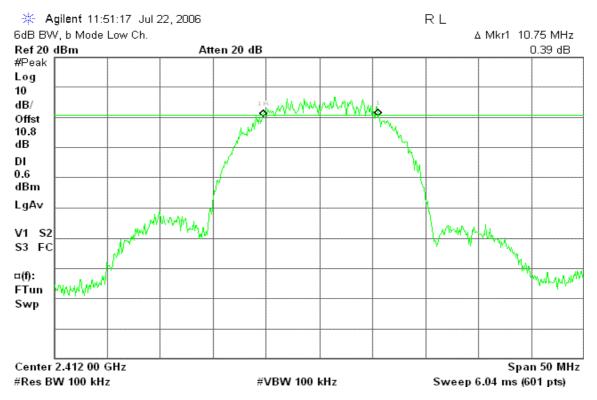
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16420		PASS
Mid	2437	16080	>500	PASS
High	2462	16420		PASS

Page 12 Rev. 00

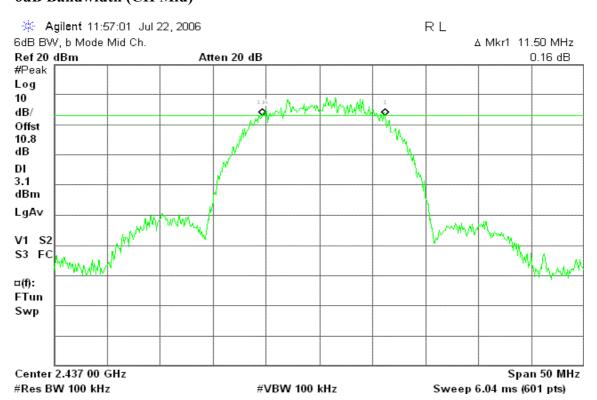
#### **Test Plot**

#### **IEEE 802.11b**

#### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

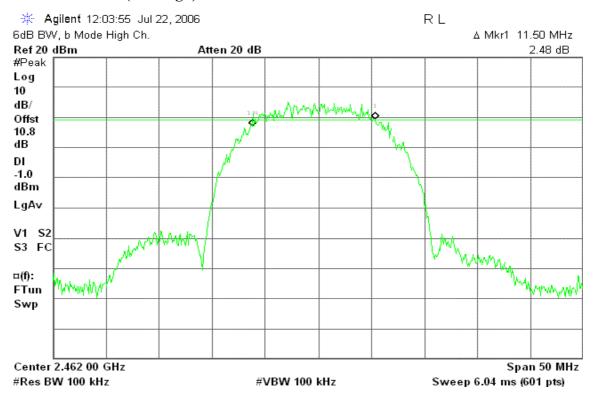


#### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



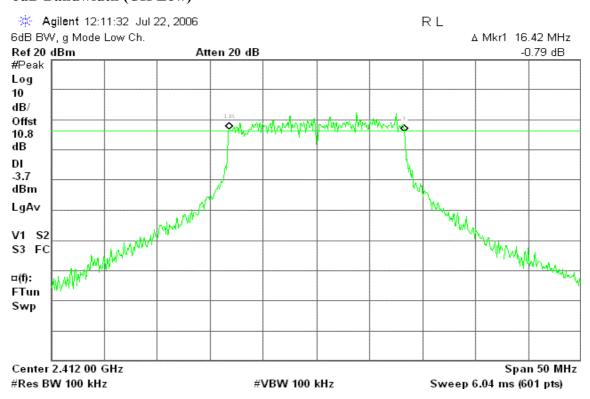
Page 13 Rev. 00

## 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



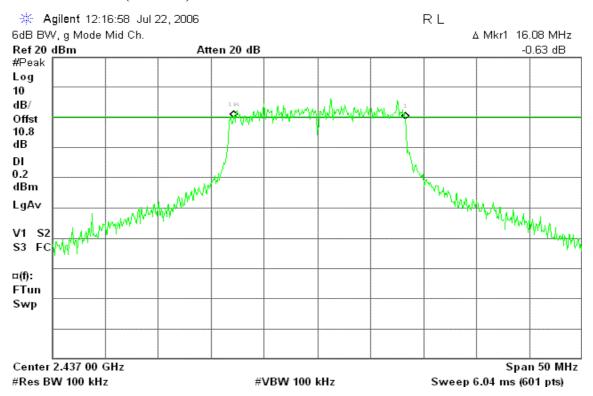
#### **IEEE 802.11g**

#### 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

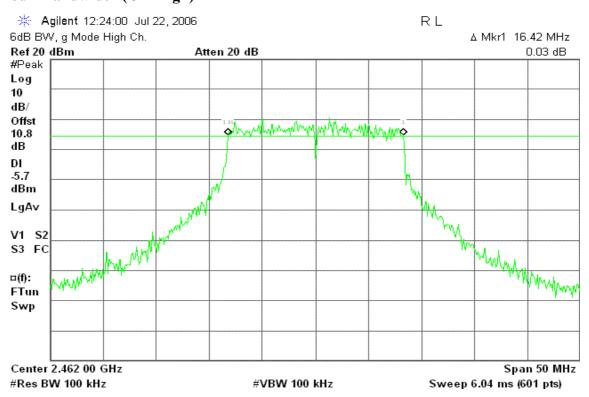


Page 14 Rev. 00

6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



## 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



Page 15 Rev. 00

#### 7.2 PEAK POWER

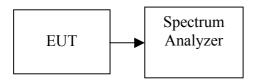
#### LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

- 1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
- 2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the peak power detection.

## TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

#### **Test Data**

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	20.45	0.1109		PASS
Mid	2437	22.92	0.1959	1.00	PASS
High	2462	19.18	0.0828		PASS

#### Test mode: IEEE 802.11g

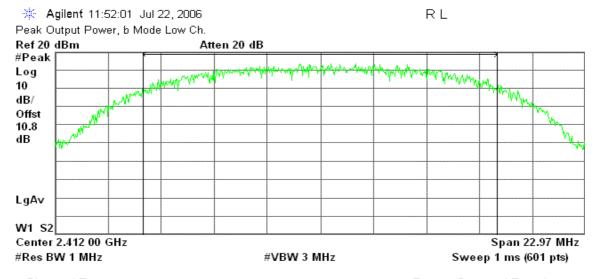
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	16.85	0.0484		PASS
Mid	2437	20.54	0.1132	1.00	PASS
High	2462	16.52	0.0449		PASS

Page 16 Rev. 00

#### **Test Plot**

#### **IEEE 802.11b**

#### Peak Power (CH Low)



Channel Power

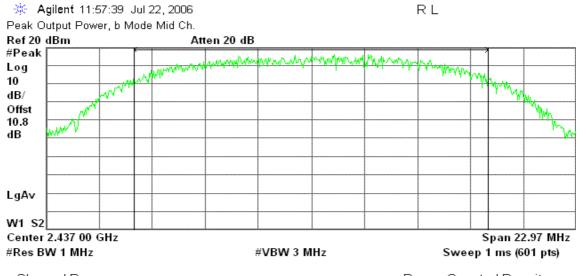
Power Spectral Density

20.45 dBm /15.3120 MHz

-51.40 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### Peak Power (CH Mid)



Channel Power

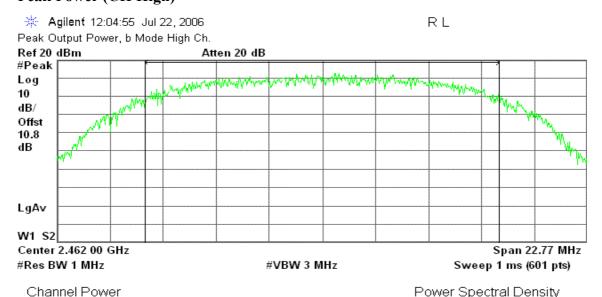
Power Spectral Density

22.92 dBm / 15.3140 MHz

-48.93 dBm/Hz

Page 17 Rev. 00

Peak Power (CH High)



19.18 dBm / 15.1800 MHz

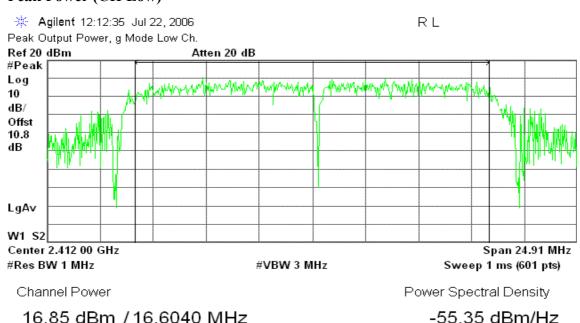
Power Spectral Density

-52.64 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

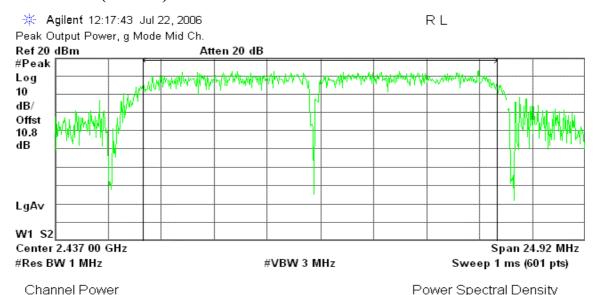
#### **IEEE 802.11g**

#### Peak Power (CH Low)



Page 18 Rev. 00

#### Peak Power (CH Mid)



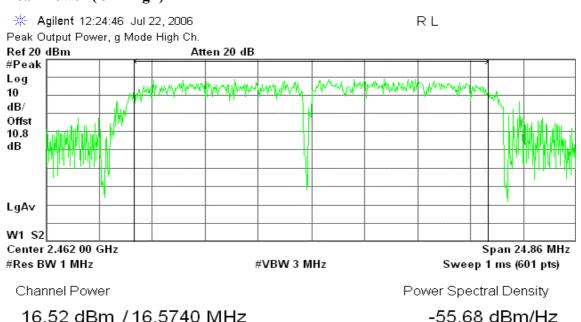
20.54 dBm / 16.6140 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-51.66 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### Peak Power (CH High)



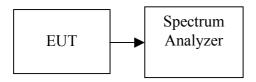
Page 19 Rev. 00

## 7.3 AVERAGE POWER

## **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the average power detection.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

## Test Data

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
Low	2412	17.94
Mid	2437	19.65
High	2462	16.26

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

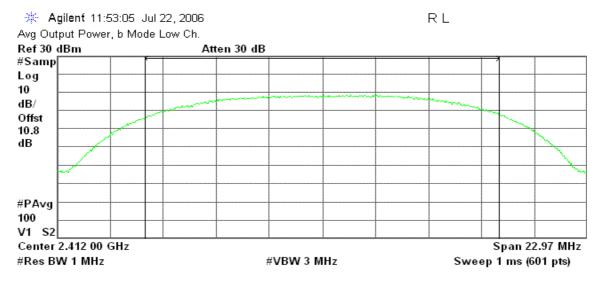
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	
Low	2412	13.65	
Mid	2437	17.75	
High	2462	12.77	

Page 20 Rev. 00

#### **Test Plot**

### **IEEE 802.11b**

#### **CH Low**



Channel Power

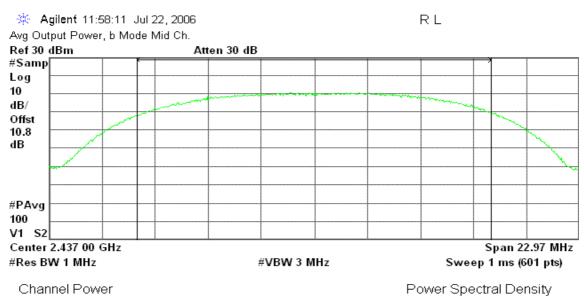
Power Spectral Density

17.94 dBm / 15.3120 MHz

-53.91 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### **CH Mid**

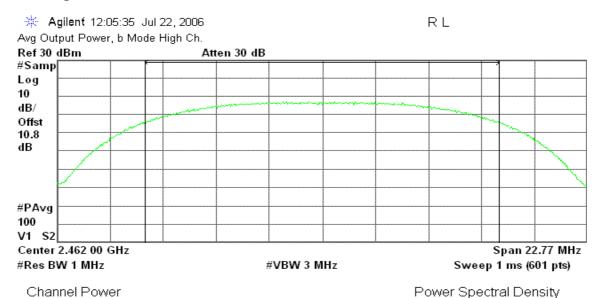


19.65 dBm / 15.3140 MHz

-52.20 dBm/Hz

Page 21 Rev. 00

**CH High** 



16.26 dBm / 15.1800 MHz

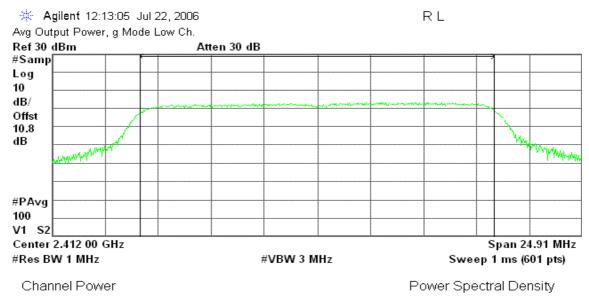
Fower Spectral Delisity

-55.55 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

## **IEEE 802.11g**

#### **CH Low**

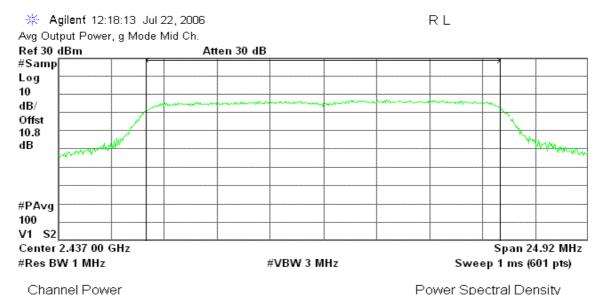


13.65 dBm / 16.6040 MHz

-58.56 dBm/Hz

Page 22 Rev. 00

#### CH Mid



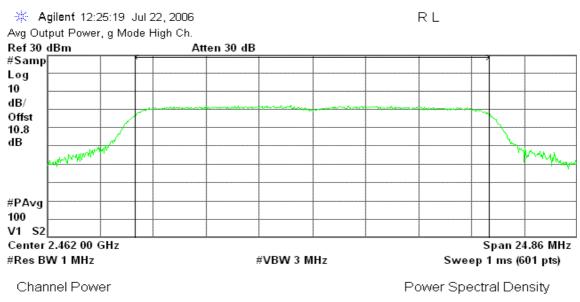
17.75 dBm / 16.6140 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-54.45 dBm/Hz

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

## **CH High**



12.77 dBm / 16.5740 MHz -59.42 dBm/Hz

> Page 23 Rev. 00

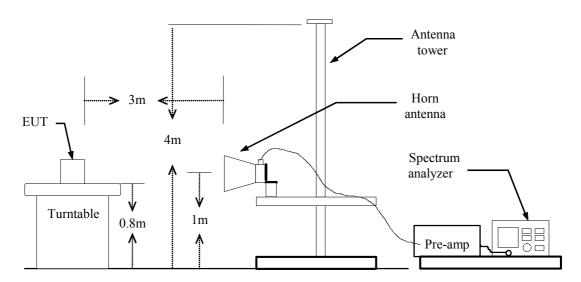
#### 7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

#### LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

#### **Test Configuration**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
  - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
  - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

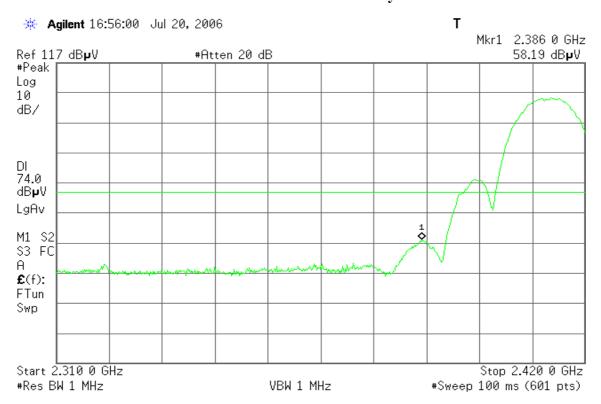
#### **TEST RESULTS**

Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

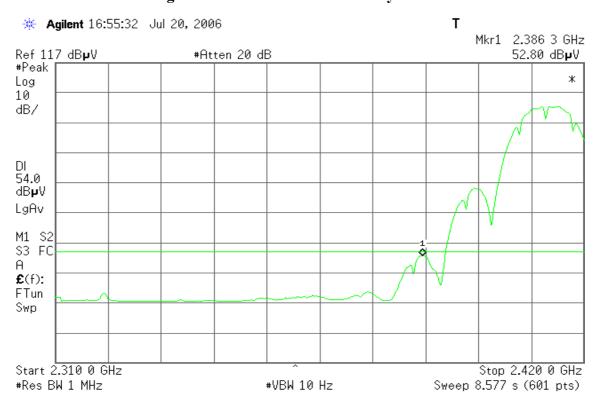
Page 24 Rev. 00

## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

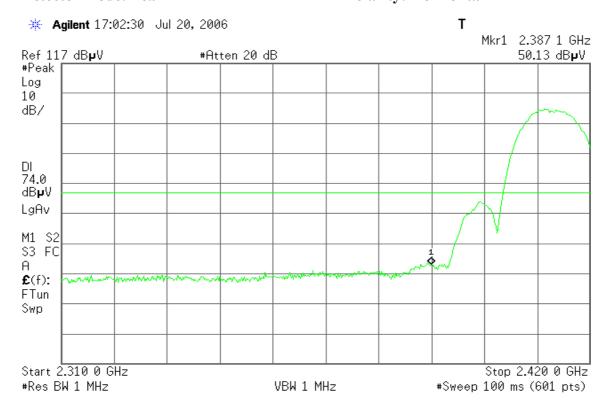


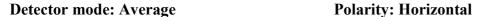
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Page 25 Rev. 00

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



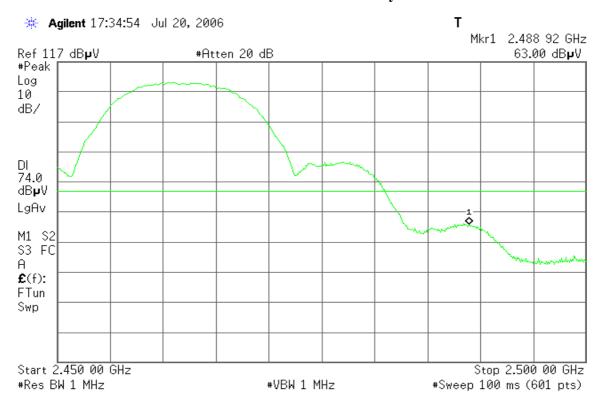




Page 26 Rev. 00

#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

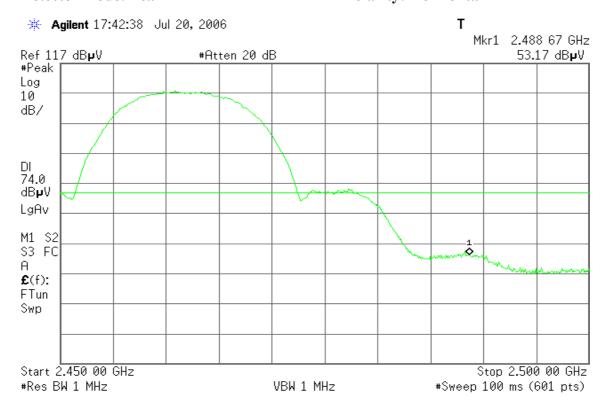


Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



Page 27 Rev. 00

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



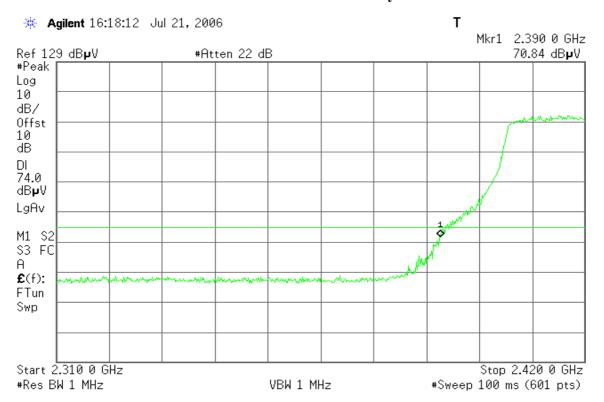
#### Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



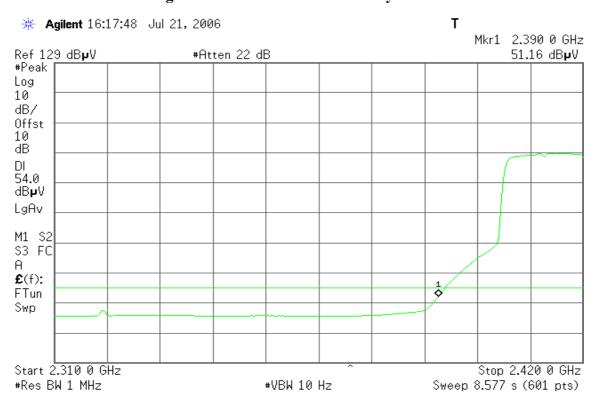
Page 28 Rev. 00

#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH Low)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

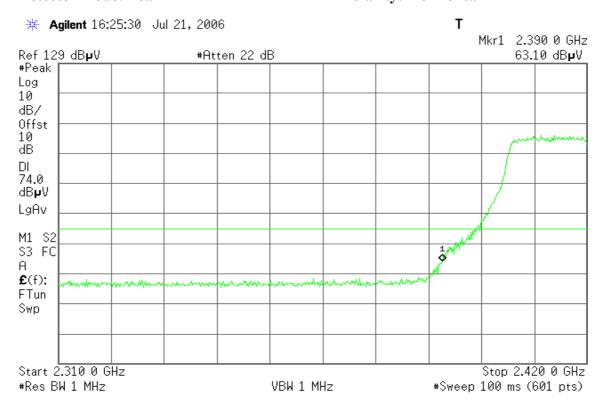


Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

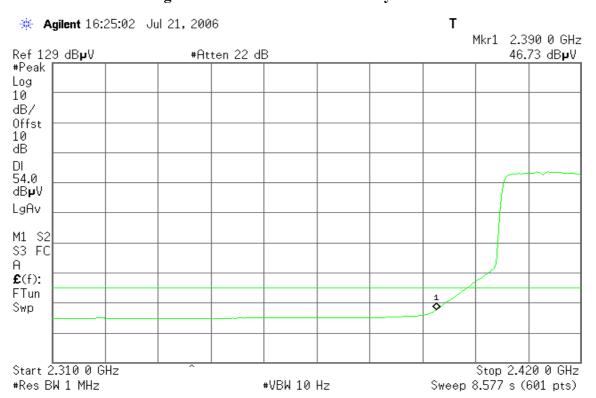


Page 29 Rev. 00

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



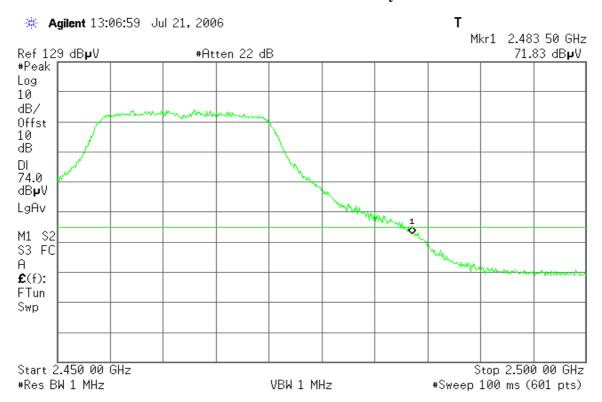
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



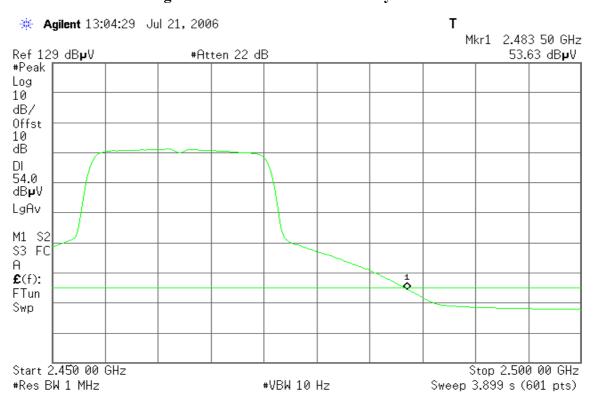
Page 30 Rev. 00

#### Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

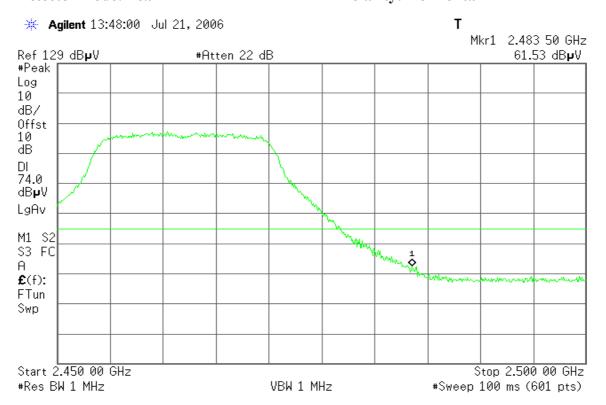


Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

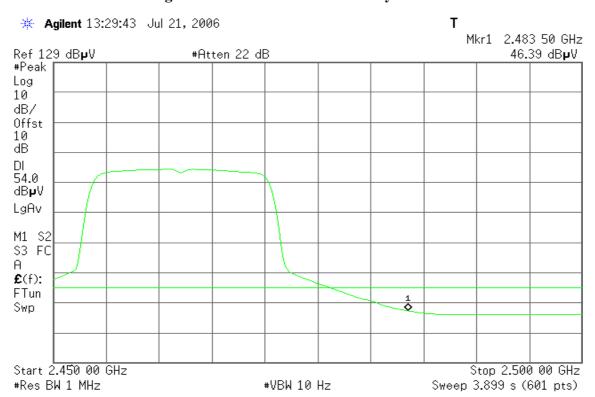


Page 31 Rev. 00

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



Page 32 Rev. 00

#### 7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

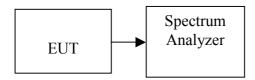
#### LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.

  Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, Sweep = 100 s
- 3. Record the max reading.
- 4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

Page 33 Rev. 00

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

## **Test Data**

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-6.80		PASS
Mid	2437	-3.71	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-7.38		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g

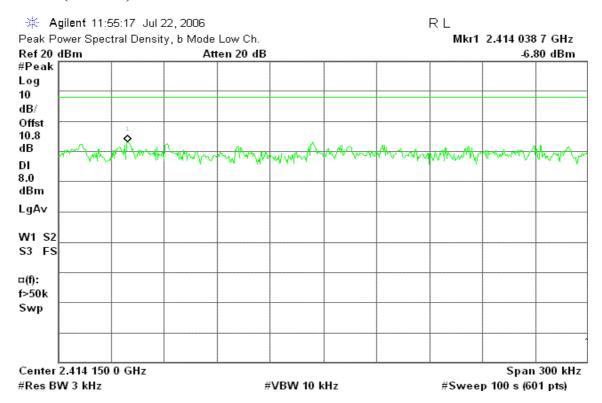
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-9.40		PASS
Mid	2437	-6.98	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-12.18		PASS

Page 34 Rev. 00

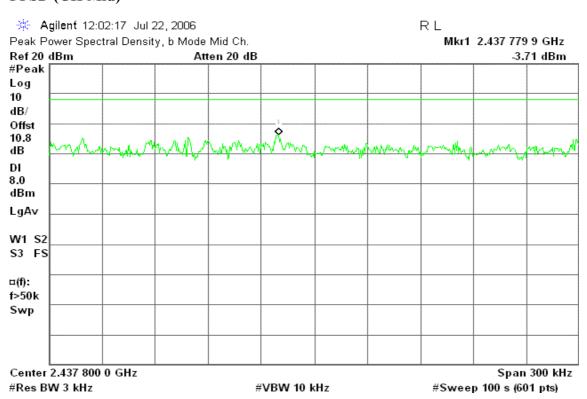
#### **Test Plot**

#### **IEEE 802.11b**

#### PPSD (CH Low)

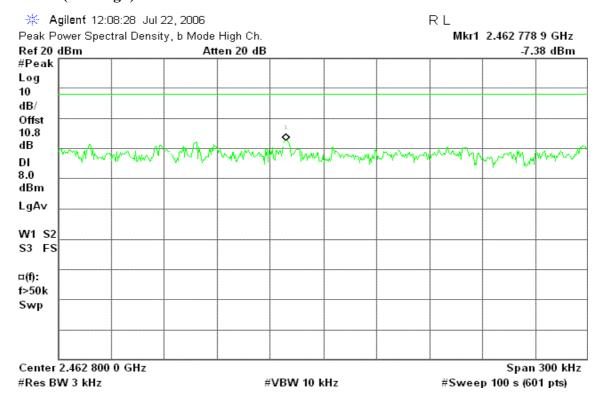


#### PPSD (CH Mid)



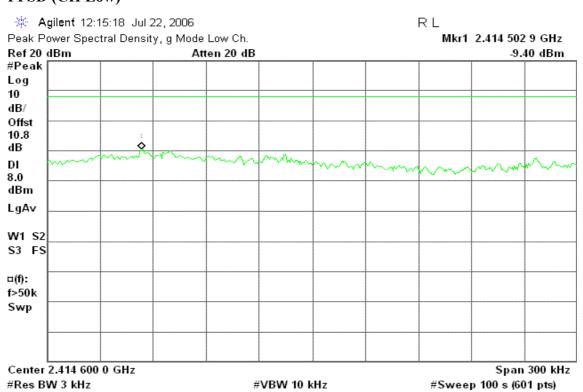
Page 35 Rev. 00

## PPSD (CH High)



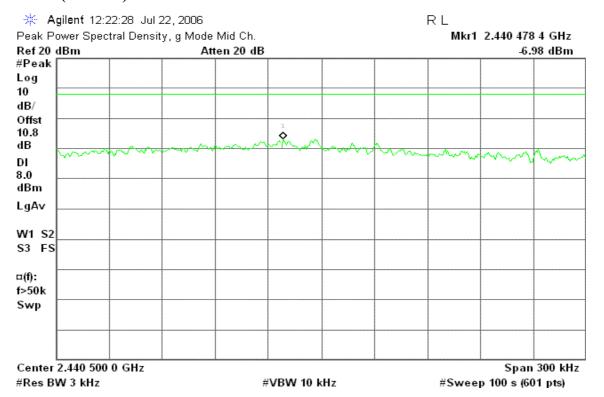
#### **IEEE 802.11g**

#### PPSD (CH Low)

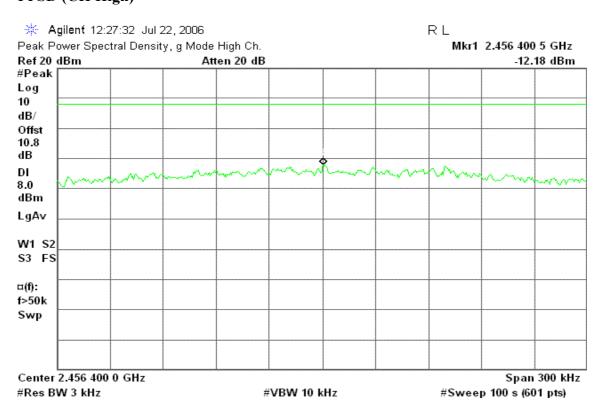


Page 36 Rev. 00

### PPSD (CH Mid)



### **PPSD (CH High)**



Page 37 Rev. 00

### 7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

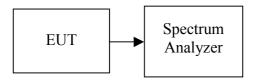
### 7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

### **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

### **Test Configuration**



### **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

### **TEST RESULTS**

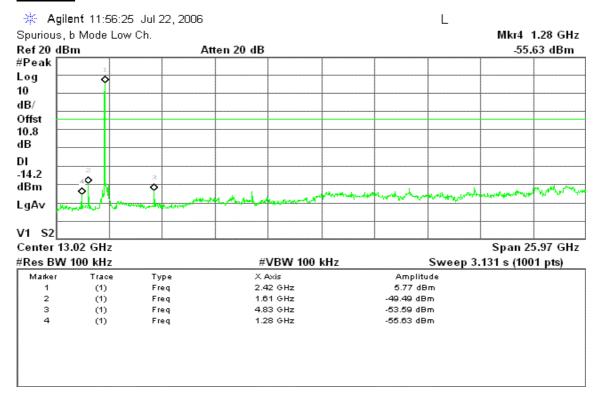
No non-compliance noted

Page 38 Rev. 00

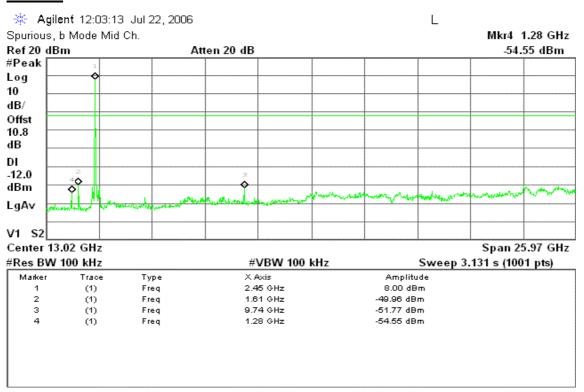
### **Test Plot**

### **IEEE 802.11b**

### CH Low

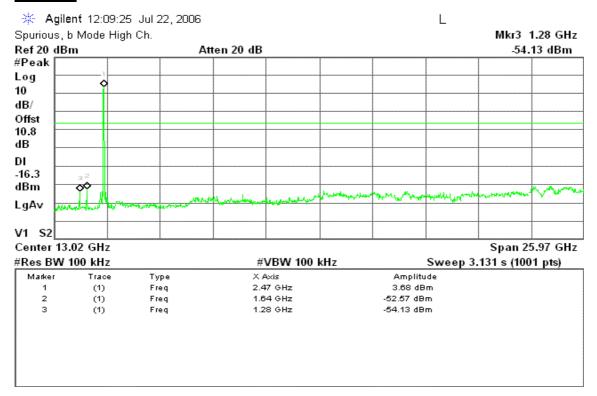


### **CH Mid**



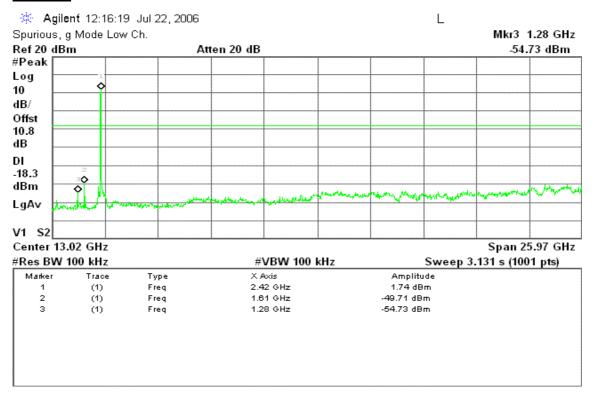
Page 39 Rev. 00

### **CH High**



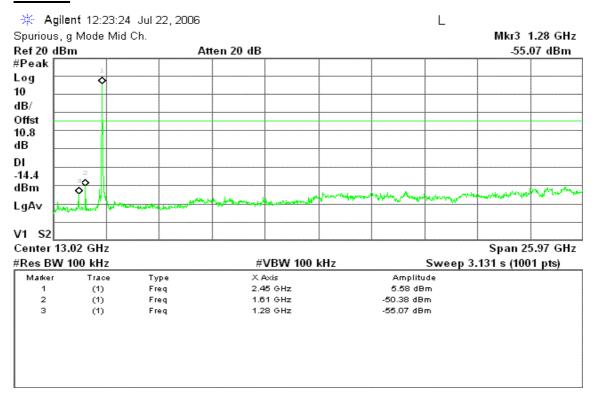
### **IEEE 802.11g**

### CH Low

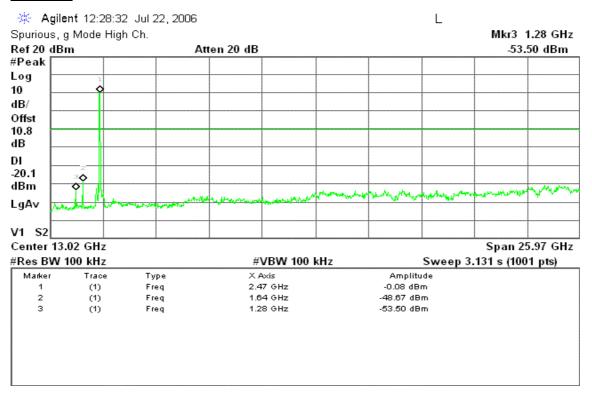


Page 40 Rev. 00

### **CH Mid**



### CH High



Page 41 Rev. 00

### 7.6.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS

### LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Remark:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

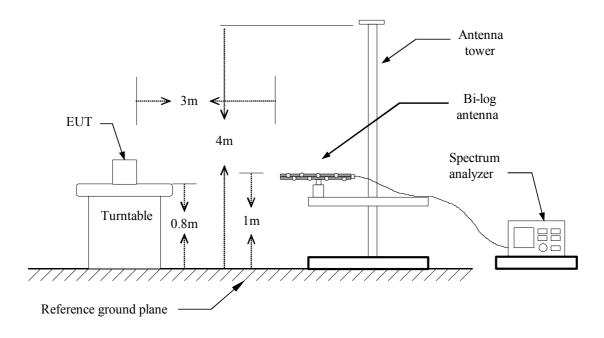
2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

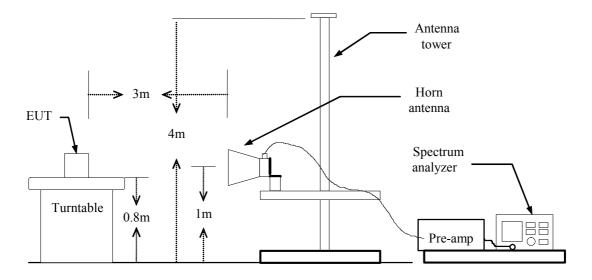
Page 42 Rev. 00

### **Test Configuration**

### **Below 1 GHz**



### **Above 1 GHz**



Page 43 Rev. 00

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Page 44 Rev. 00

## **TEST RESULTS**

### **Below 1GHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link **Test Date:** April 6, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 23°C **Tested by:** James Yu

**Humidity:** 50% RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
51.02	V	59.46	-25.81	33.65	40.00	-6.35	Peak
125.38	V	49.56	-19.36	30.21	43.50	-13.29	Peak
249.87	V	53.99	-20.52	33.47	46.00	-12.53	Peak
275.73	V	49.70	-18.94	30.76	46.00	-15.24	Peak
749.42	V	45.16	-9.69	35.47	46.00	-10.53	Peak
875.52	V	40.06	-8.48	31.58	46.00	-14.42	Peak
105.98	Н	56.87	-21.71	35.16	43.50	-8.34	Peak
249.87	Н	57.88	-20.52	37.36	46.00	-8.64	Peak
374.35	Н	53.88	-16.60	37.28	46.00	-8.72	Peak
500.45	Н	47.11	-13.43	33.68	46.00	-12.32	Peak
749.42	Н	46.74	-9.69	37.06	46.00	-8.94	Peak
875.52	Н	44.02	-8.48	35.53	46.00	-10.47	Peak

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
- 3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Quasi-peak limit (dBuV/m).

Page 45 Rev. 00

### **Above 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Low Test Date: July 20, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu

**Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1200.00	V	44.69		-10.38	34.31		74.00	54.00	-19.69	Peak
2286.67	V	53.93		-4.36	49.57		74.00	54.00	-4.43	Peak
2320.00	V	53.46		-4.28	49.18		74.00	54.00	-4.82	Peak
4825.00	V	58.41	44.00	0.39	58.80	44.39	74.00	54.00	-9.61	AVG
7233.33	V	44.74		4.58	49.32		74.00	54.00	-4.68	Peak
9650.00	V	47.89	39.82	10.69	58.58	50.51	74.00	54.00	-3.49	AVG
1100.00	Н	48.11		-10.52	37.59		74.00	54.00	-16.41	Peak
2286.67	Н	48.02		-4.36	43.66		74.00	54.00	-10.34	Peak
3216.67	Н	45.41		-2.04	43.37		74.00	54.00	-10.63	Peak
4825.00	Н	58.77	44.36	0.39	59.16	44.75	74.00	54.00	-9.25	AVG
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 46 Rev. 00

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid **Test Date:** July 20, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu

**Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2436.67	V	115.64	107.87	-4.02	111.62	103.85		Fundar	nental	
1200.00	V	46.20		-10.38	35.82		74.00	54.00	-18.18	Peak
1623.33	V	46.71		-8.74	37.98		74.00	54.00	-16.02	Peak
2233.33	V	50.01		-4.48	45.53		74.00	54.00	-8.47	Peak
2286.67	V	53.94		-4.36	49.59		74.00	54.00	-4.41	Peak
2320.00	V	53.58		-4.28	49.30		74.00	54.00	-4.70	Peak
9750.00	V	51.21	46.64	10.80	62.01	57.44	90.62	83.85	16.41	20dBc AVG Fundamental
1100.00	Н	47.45		-10.52	36.93		74.00	54.00	-17.07	Peak
2640.00	Н	48.97		-3.49	45.48		74.00	54.00	-8.52	Peak
3250.00	Н	45.34		-1.98	43.36		74.00	54.00	-10.64	Peak
4875.00	Н	62.13	48.45	0.38	62.51	48.83	74.00	54.00	-5.17	AVG
7308.33	Н	44.53		4.49	49.02		74.00	54.00	-4.98	Peak
9750.00	Н	48.29	41.87	10.80	59.09	52.67	74.00	54.00	-1.33	AVG

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin(dB) = Remark result(dBuV/m) Average limit(dBuV/m).
- 7. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Page 47 Rev. 00

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH High Test Date: July 20, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu **Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1103.33	V	48.44		-10.52	37.93		74.00	54.00	-16.07	Peak
2286.67	V	52.43		-4.36	48.07		74.00	54.00	-5.93	Peak
2320.00	V	51.85		-4.28	47.57		74.00	54.00	-6.43	Peak
2393.33	V	51.84		-4.12	47.72		74.00	54.00	-6.28	Peak
4925.00	V	58.01	43.42	0.38	58.39	43.80	74.00	54.00	-10.20	AVG
N/A										
1100.00	Н	48.41		-10.52	37.89		74.00	54.00	-16.11	Peak
2576.67	Н	48.44		-3.67	44.78		74.00	54.00	-9.22	Peak
3166.67	Н	44.12		-2.14	41.97		74.00	54.00	-12.03	Peak
3283.33	Н	45.51		-1.91	43.60		74.00	54.00	-10.40	Peak
4925.00	Н	56.28	41.82	0.38	56.66	42.20	74.00	54.00	-11.80	AVG
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 48 Rev. 00

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Low **Test Date:** July 21, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu **Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1286.67	V	46.46		-10.26	36.20		74.00	54.00	-17.80	Peak
2286.67	V	52.88		-4.36	48.52		74.00	54.00	-5.48	Peak
2320.00	V	53.34		-4.28	49.06		74.00	54.00	-4.94	Peak
N/A										
1256.67	Н	45.95		-10.30	35.65		74.00	54.00	-18.35	Peak
3216.67	Н	45.66		-2.04	43.61		74.00	54.00	-10.39	Peak
4833.33	Н	44.88		0.39	45.27		74.00	54.00	-8.73	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 49 Rev. 00

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid **Test Date:** July 21, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu **Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1310.00	V	45.12		-10.23	34.90		74.00	54.00	-19.10	Peak
1623.33	V	48.77		-8.74	40.04		74.00	54.00	-13.96	Peak
2286.67	V	53.38		-4.36	49.02		74.00	54.00	-4.98	Peak
2320.00	V	54.33		-4.28	50.04		74.00	54.00	-3.96	Peak
4875.00	V	50.14		0.38	50.52		74.00	54.00	-3.48	Peak
7308.33	V	46.83		4.49	51.31		74.00	54.00	-2.69	Peak
1310.00	Н	45.92		-10.23	35.70		74.00	54.00	-18.30	Peak
3250.00	Н	44.52		-1.98	42.54		74.00	54.00	-11.46	Peak
4875.00	Н	48.29		0.38	48.68		74.00	54.00	-5.32	Peak
N/A										

### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 50 Rev. 00

**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH High **Test Date:** July 21, 2006

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** James Yu **Humidity:** 45 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1206.67	V	46.95		-10.37	36.58		74.00	54.00	-17.42	Peak
1640.00	V	50.04		-8.57	41.47		74.00	54.00	-12.53	Peak
2256.67	V	53.72		-4.43	49.29		74.00	54.00	-4.71	Peak
2286.67	V	54.83		-4.36	50.47		74.00	54.00	-3.53	Peak
2320.00	V	55.88		-4.28	51.60		74.00	54.00	-2.40	Peak
4925.00	V	43.77		0.38	44.15		74.00	54.00	-9.85	Peak
1256.67	Н	45.05		-10.30	34.75		74.00	54.00	-19.25	Peak
3283.33	Н	44.11		-1.91	42.20		74.00	54.00	-11.80	Peak
4925.00	Н	43.49		0.38	43.87		74.00	54.00	-10.13	Peak
N/A										

### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

Page 51 Rev. 00

### 7.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMIT

According to  $\S15.207(a)$ , except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBμV)					
(MILL)	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*				
0.50 to 5	56	46				
5 to 30	60	50				

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### **Test Configuration**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

Page 52 Rev. 00

## **TEST RESULTS**

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

### **Test Data**

Operation Mode: Normal Link Test Date: April 8, 2006

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Nan Tsai

**Humidity:** 55% RH

Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB)	QP Result (dBuV)	AV Result (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.200	49.730	46.320	0.100	49.830	46.420	63.611	53.611	-13.781	-7.191	L1
0.252	48.670	43.970	0.100	48.770	44.070	61.691	51.691	-12.921	-7.621	L1
0.406	49.750	42.820	0.100	49.850	42.920	57.730	47.730	-7.880	-4.810	L1
0.496	47.530	39.590	0.100	47.630	39.690	56.067	46.067	-8.437	-6.377	L1
0.704	46.620	37.630	0.100	46.720	37.730	56.000	46.000	-9.280	-8.270	L1
1.032	45.310	37.110	0.100	45.410	37.210	56.000	46.000	-10.590	-8.790	L1
0.201	46.000	39.240	0.100	46.100	39.340	63.569	53.569	-17.469	-14.229	L2
0.254	44.400	36.570	0.100	44.500	36.670	61.625	51.625	-17.125	-14.955	L2
0.403	44.340	34.790	0.100	44.440	34.890	57.791	47.791	-13.351	-12.901	L2
0.508	41.700	31.330	0.100	41.800	31.430	56.000	46.000	-14.200	-14.570	L2
0.693	41.110	29.420	0.100	41.210	29.520	56.000	46.000	-14.790	-16.480	L2
1.032	39.500	28.330	0.100	39.600	28.430	56.000	46.000	-16.400	-17.570	L2

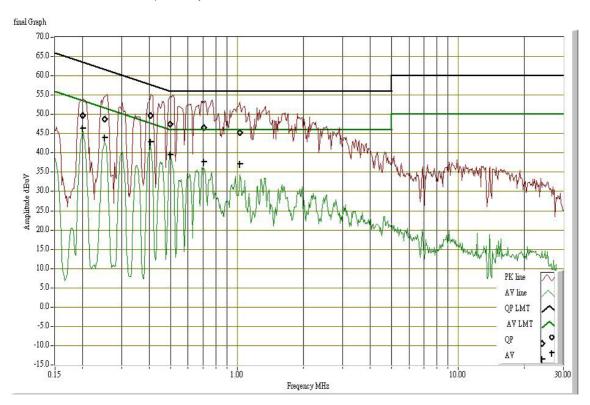
#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10 kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9 kHz;
- 4.  $L1 = Line \ One \ (Live \ Line) \ / \ L2 = Line \ Two \ (Neutral \ Line)$

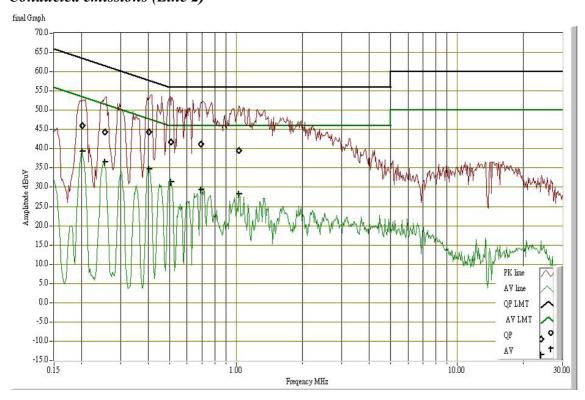
Page 53 Rev. 00

### **Test Plots**

## Conducted emissions (Line 1)



## Conducted emissions (Line 2)



Page 54 Rev. 00

# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Date of Issue: July 25, 2006

### **EUT Specification**

EUT	802.11b/g AP Cradle				
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>				
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others				
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)				
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b: 22.92 dBm (195.88mW) IEEE 802.11g: 20.54 dBm (113.24mW)				
Antenna gain (Max)	2 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.58)				
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation</li><li>✓ SAR Evaluation</li></ul>				
Remark:					
	s <u>22.92dBm (195.88mW)</u> at <u>2437MHz</u> (with <u>1.58 numeric</u>				
antenna gain.)  DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.					
For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.					

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

Page 55 Rev. 00

### **Calculation**

Given

$$\overline{E} = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT output power = 195.88mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.58

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

**Yields** 

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

*Where* P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

$$\rightarrow$$
 Power density = 0.0616 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

> Page 56 Rev. 00