



# SPORTON International Inc.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
Ph: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-327-0973 / www.sporton.com.tw

## FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

Applicant's company	Accton Technology Corporation
Applicant Address	No. 1 Creation Rd., III, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.
FCC ID	HED2555WAG2
Manufacturer's company	Accton Technology Corporation
Manufacturer Address	No. 1 Creation Rd., III, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Product Name	Dual Band Access Point
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	AirDefense Model 520
Test Rule Part(s)	47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart E § 15.407
Test Freq. Range	5150 ~ 5250MHz
Received Date	Jan. 04, 2006
Final Test Date	Apr. 03, 2009
Submission Type	Class II Change
Operating Mode	Master



### Statement

**Test result included is only for the 802.11a (5150 ~ 5250MHz) of the product.**

The test result in this report refers exclusively to the presented test model / sample.

Without written approval of SPORTON International Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

The measurements and test results shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures and found in compliance with the limit given in **ANSI C63.4-2003** and **47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart E**.

The test equipment used to perform the test is calibrated and traceable to NML/ROC.



Testing Laboratory  
1190

## Table of Contents

<b>1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE .....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2. SUMMARY OF THE TEST RESULT .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3. GENERAL INFORMATION .....</b>	<b>3</b>
3.1. Product Details.....	3
3.2. Accessories.....	3
3.3. Table for Filed Antenna.....	3
3.4. Table for Carrier Frequencies .....	3
3.5. Table for Test Modes.....	4
3.6. Table for Testing Locations.....	4
3.7. Table for Supporting Units .....	4
3.8. Table for Parameters of Test Software Setting .....	5
3.9. Test Configurations .....	6
<b>4. TEST RESULT .....</b>	<b>9</b>
4.1. AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurement.....	9
4.2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement .....	13
4.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement.....	17
4.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement .....	21
4.5. Peak Excursion Measurement.....	25
4.6. Radiated Emissions Measurement .....	29
4.7. Band Edge Emissions Measurement .....	43
4.8. Frequency Stability Measurement .....	46
4.9. Antenna Requirements .....	48
<b>5. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS .....</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>6. TEST LOCATION.....</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>7. TAF CERTIFICATE OF ACCREDITATION .....</b>	<b>52</b>
<b>APPENDIX A. PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT.....</b>	<b>A1 ~ A18</b>
<b>APPENDIX B. TEST PHOTOS.....</b>	<b>B1 ~ B5</b>
<b>APPENDIX C. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE.....</b>	<b>C1 ~ C3</b>






## 1. CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Product Name : Dual Band Access Point  
Brand Name : Motorola  
Model Name : AirDefense Model 520  
Applicant : Accton Technology Corporation  
Test Rule Part(s) : 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart E § 15.407

Sporton International as requested by the applicant to evaluate the EMC performance of the product sample received on Jan. 04, 2006 would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated and found to be in compliance with the tested rule parts. The data recorded as well as the test configuration specified is true and accurate for showing the sample's EMC nature.

  
Wayne Hsu

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

## 2. SUMMARY OF THE TEST RESULT

Applied Standard: 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart E				
Part	Rule Section	Description of Test	Result	Under Limit
4.1	15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Complies	14.51 dB
4.2	15.407(a)	26dB Spectrum Bandwidth	Complies	-
4.3	15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Complies	0.33 dB
4.4	15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Complies	4.03 dB
4.5	15.407(a)	Peak Excursion	Complies	7.45 dB
4.6	15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	Complies	0.95 dB
4.7	15.407(b)	Band Edge Emissions	Complies	0.84 dB
4.8	15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Complies	-
4.9	15.203	Antenna Requirements	Complies	-

Test Items	Uncertainty	Remark
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	±2.3dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Maximum Conducted Output Power	±0.5dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Power Spectral Density	±0.5dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Peak Excursion	±0.5dB	Confidence levels of 95%
26dB Spectrum Bandwidth / Frequency Stability	±8.5×10 <sup>-8</sup>	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (9kHz~30MHz)	±0.8dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1000MHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated / Band Edge Emissions (1GHz~18GHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Radiated Emissions (18GHz~40GHz)	±1.9dB	Confidence levels of 95%
Temperature	±0.7°C	Confidence levels of 95%
Humidity	±3.2%	Confidence levels of 95%
DC / AC Power Source	±1.4%	Confidence levels of 95%

### 3. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 3.1. Product Details

Items	Description
Power Type	From Power Adapter
Modulation	OFDM for IEEE 802.11a
Data Modulation	OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM)
Data Rate (Mbps)	OFDM (6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54/108)
Frequency Range	5150 ~ 5250MHz
Channel Number	5
Channel Band Width (99%)	Band 1: 17.76 MHz ; 11a Turbo: 33.80 MHz
Conducted Output Power	Band 1: 16.67 dBm ; 11a Turbo: 15.58 dBm
Carrier Frequencies	Please refer to section 3.4
Antenna	Please refer to section 3.3

#### 3.2. Accessories

Power	Brand	Model	Rating
Adapter	Leader	NU20-8050300-11	Input: 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 1A Output: 5V, 3.0A

#### 3.3. Table for Filed Antenna

##### For 5GHz Band

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	-	-	Dipole Antenna	Reversed-SMA	5.00

#### 3.4. Table for Carrier Frequencies

##### Frequency Allocation for 802.11a

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency	Channel No.	Frequency
5150~5250 MHz Band 1	36	5180 MHz	48	5240 MHz
	40	5200 MHz	Turbo 42	5210 MHz
	44	5220 MHz		

### 3.5. Table for Test Modes

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Antenna
AC Power Conducted Emission	Normal Link	Auto	-	-
26dB Spectrum Bandwidth 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement Max. Conducted Output Power Power Spectral Density Peak Excursion	Band 1/BPSK	6Mbps	36/40/44	1
	Band 1 Turbo/BPSK	12Mbps	42	1
Radiated Emission Below 1GHz	Normal Link	Auto	-	-
Radiated Emission Above 1GHz	Band 1/BPSK	6Mbps	36/40/44	1
	Band 1 Turbo/BPSK	12Mbps	42	1
Band Edge Emission	Band 1/BPSK	6Mbps	36/40/44	1
	Band 1 Turbo/BPSK	12Mbps	42	1
Frequency Stability	Un-modulation	-		NA

### 3.6. Table for Testing Locations

Test Site No.	Site Category	Location	FCC Reg. No.	IC File No.	VCCI Reg. No
03CH03-HY	SAC	Hwa Ya	101377	IC 4088	-
CO04-HY	Conduction	Hwa Ya	101377	IC 4088	-
TH01-HY	OVEN Room	Hwa Ya	-	-	-

Open Area Test Site (OATS); Semi Anechoic Chamber (SAC); Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC).

Please refer section 6 for Test Site Address.

### 3.7. Table for Supporting Units

Support Unit	Brand	Model	FCC ID
Notebook	DELL	D520	E2KWM3945ABG
Notebook	DELL	D400	E2K24GBRL

### 3.8. Table for Parameters of Test Software Setting

During testing, Channel & Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

#### Power Parameters of IEEE 802.11a

Test Software Version	ART		
	5180 MHz	5200 MHz	5220 MHz
Frequency	5180 MHz	5200 MHz	5220 MHz
IEEE 802.11a	13.5	15	15
Frequency	5210 MHz	-	-
IEEE 802.11a Turbo	13.5	-	-

During the test, the following programs under WIN XP were executed:

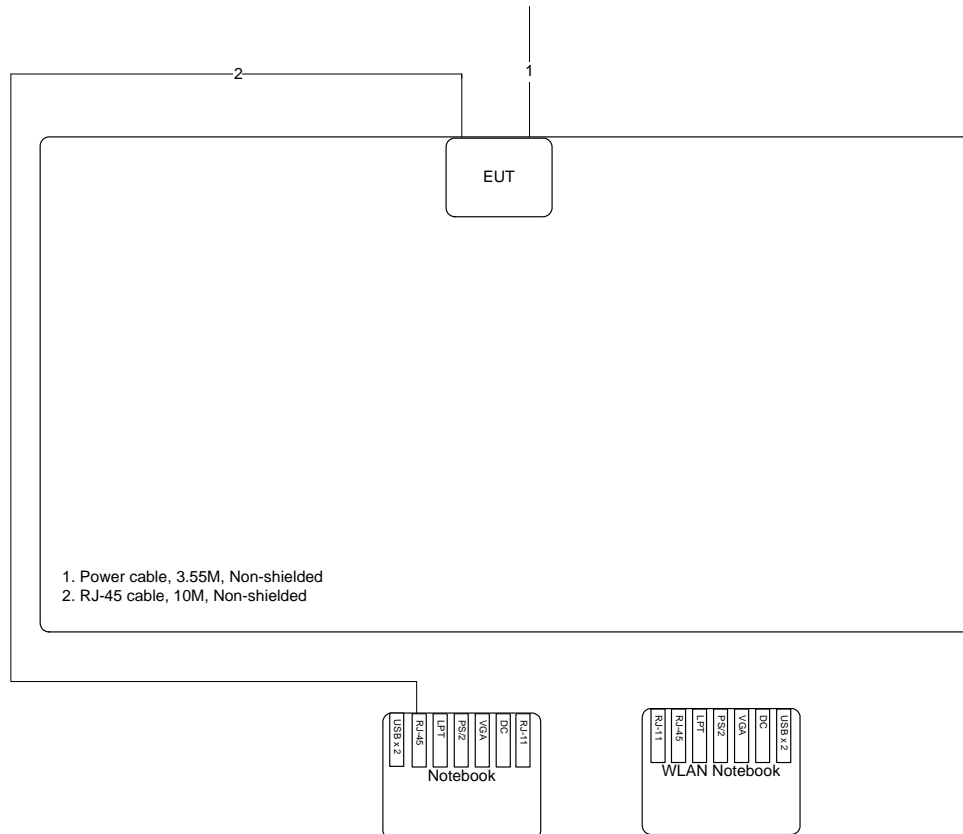
At the same time, " ART " was executed to control the EUT continuously transmit RF signal.



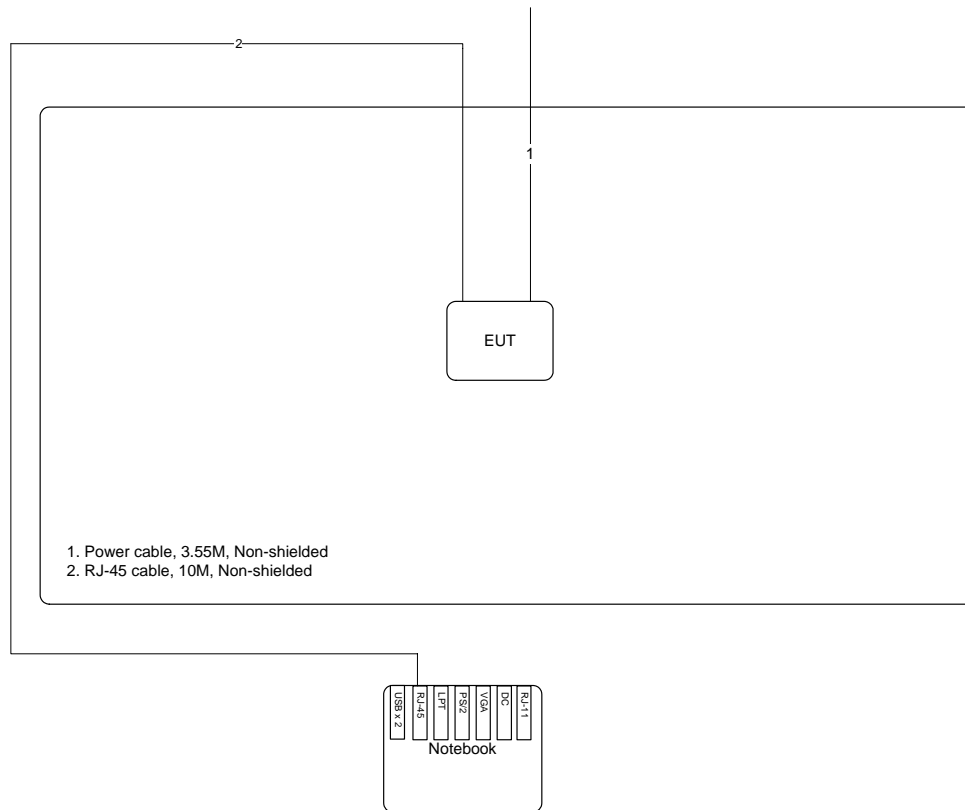
### 3.9. Test Configurations

#### 3.9.1. Radiation Emissions Test Configuration

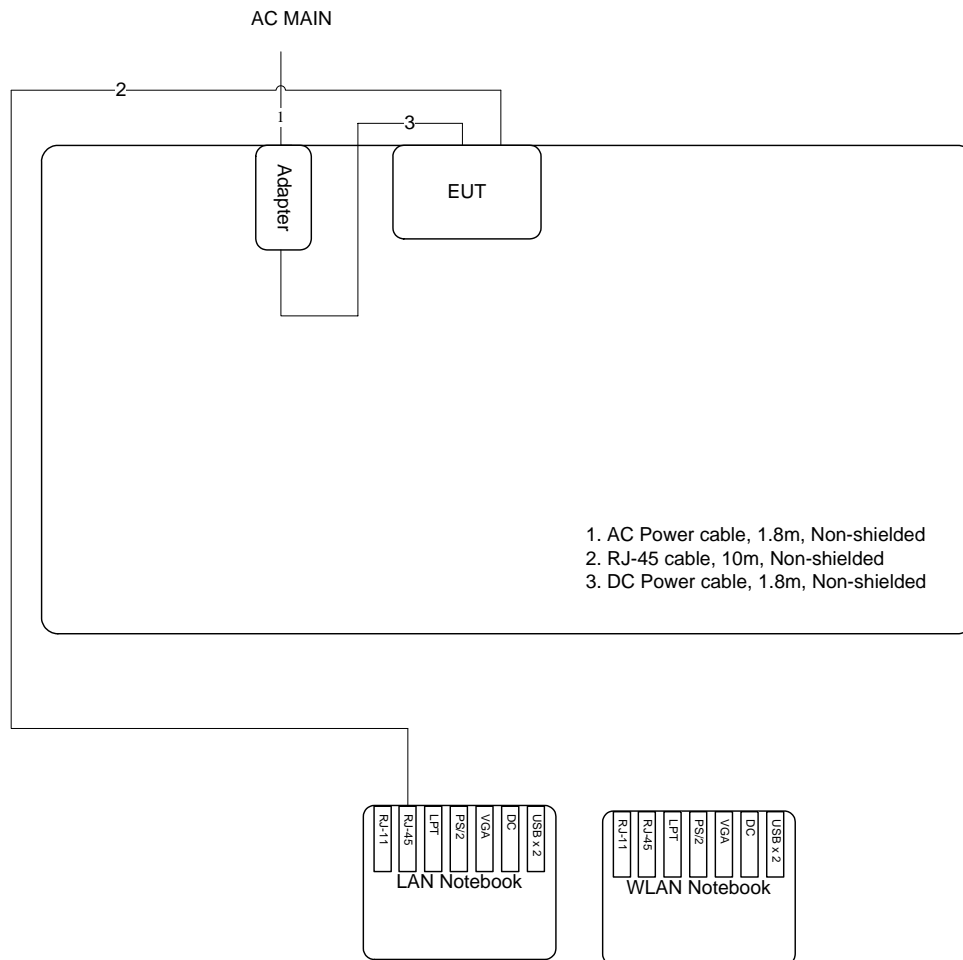
Test Configuration: 9kHz~1GHz



Test Configuration: Above 1GHz



### 3.9.2. AC Power Line Conduction Emissions Test Configuration



## 4. TEST RESULT

### 4.1. AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurement

#### 4.1.1. Limit

For this product that is designed to connect to the AC power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed below limits table.

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)
0.15~0.5	66~56	56~46
0.5~5	56	46
5~30	60	50

#### 4.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

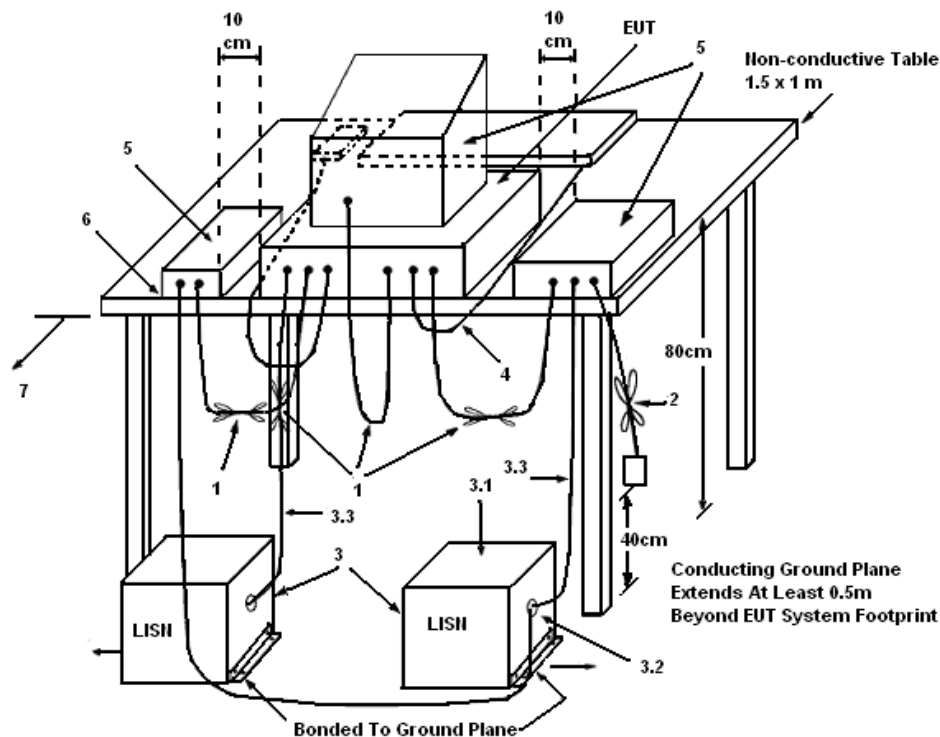
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the receiver.

Receiver Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	10 dB
Start Frequency	0.15 MHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
IF Bandwidth	9 KHz

#### 4.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4. The EUT or host of EUT has to be placed 0.4 meter far from the conducting wall of the shielding room and at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT or host of EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connected to the other LISNs. The LISN should provide 50uH/50ohms coupling impedance.
4. The frequency range from 150 KHz to 30 MHz was searched.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
6. The measurement has to be done between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

#### 4.1.4. Test Setup Layout



#### LEGEND:

- (1) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.
- (2) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- (3) EUT connected to one LISN. Unused LISN measuring port connectors shall be terminated in 50  $\Omega$ . LISN can be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, reference ground plane.
  - (3.1) All other equipment powered from additional LISN(s).
  - (3.2) Multiple outlet strip can be used for multiple power cords of non-EUT equipment.
  - (3.3) LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- (4) Cables of hand-operated devices, such as keyboards, mice, etc., shall be placed as for normal use.
- (5) Non-EUT components of EUT system being tested.
- (6) Rear of EUT, including peripherals, shall all be aligned and flush with rear of tabletop.
- (7) Rear of tabletop shall be 40 cm removed from a vertical conducting plane that is bonded to the ground plane.

#### 4.1.5. Test Deviation

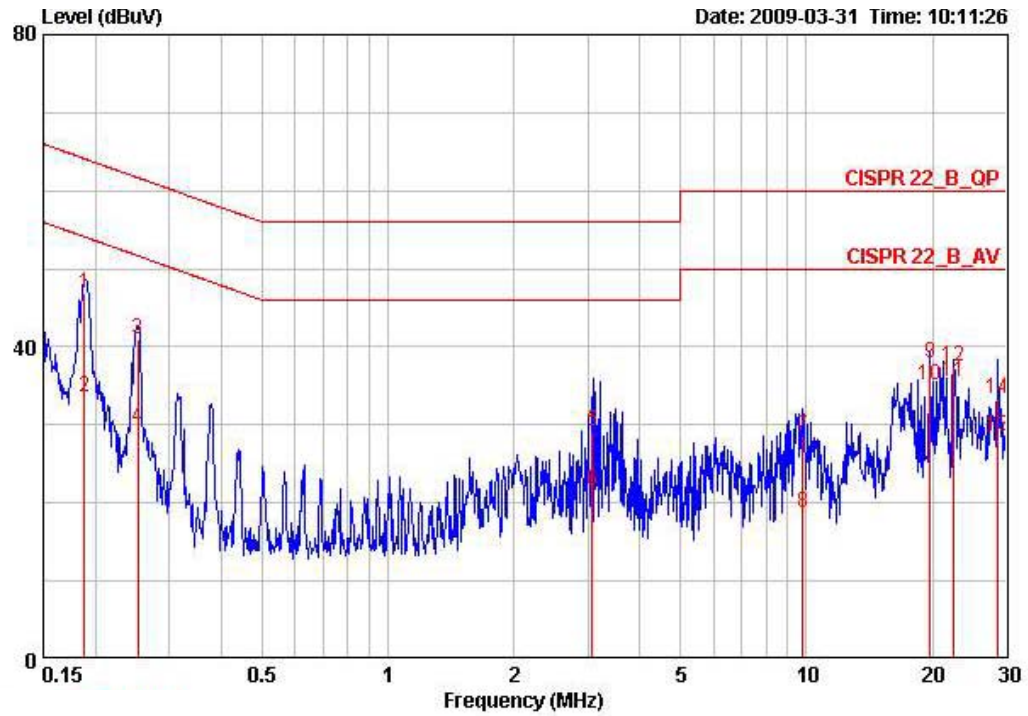
There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.1.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was placed on the test table and programmed in normal function.

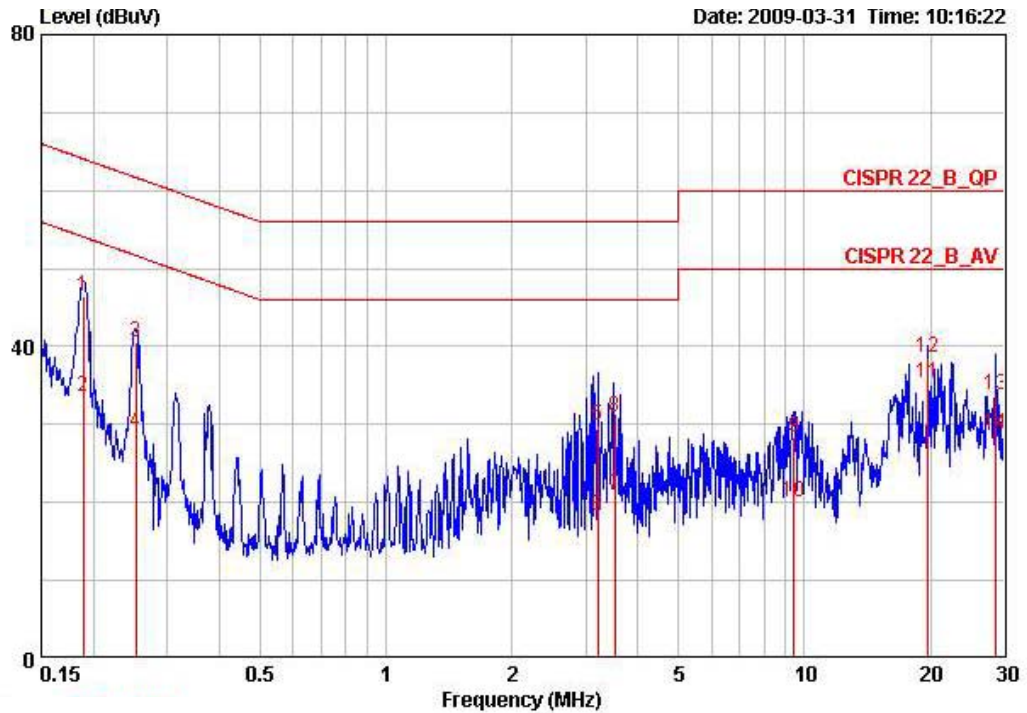
4.1.7. Results of AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurement

Temperature	23°C	Humidity	51%
Test Engineer	Howar Sung	Phase	Line
Configuration	Normal Link		



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.18838	46.83	-17.27	64.11	46.58	0.05	0.20	QP
2	0.18838	33.67	-20.43	54.11	33.42	0.05	0.20	AVERAGE
3	0.25211	40.90	-20.78	61.69	40.66	0.04	0.20	QP
4	0.25211	29.55	-22.13	51.69	29.31	0.04	0.20	AVERAGE
5	3.081	29.11	-26.89	56.00	28.81	0.08	0.22	QP
6	3.081	21.48	-24.52	46.00	21.18	0.08	0.22	AVERAGE
7	9.809	28.56	-31.44	60.00	27.92	0.34	0.30	QP
8	9.809	18.79	-31.21	50.00	18.15	0.34	0.30	AVERAGE
9	19.708	37.83	-22.17	60.00	36.52	0.81	0.50	QP
10	19.708	35.00	-15.00	50.00	33.69	0.81	0.50	AVERAGE
11	22.457	35.49	-14.51	50.00	34.00	0.99	0.50	AVERAGE
12	22.457	37.44	-22.56	60.00	35.95	0.99	0.50	QP
13	28.750	28.50	-21.50	50.00	26.53	1.37	0.60	AVERAGE
14	28.750	33.35	-26.65	60.00	31.38	1.37	0.60	QP

Temperature	23°C	Humidity	51%
Test Engineer	Howar Sung	Phase	Neutral
Configuration	Normal Link		



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.18938	46.47	-17.59	64.06	46.19	0.08	0.20	QP
2	0.18938	33.47	-20.59	54.06	33.19	0.08	0.20	AVERAGE
3	0.25211	40.55	-21.14	61.69	40.27	0.08	0.20	QP
4	0.25211	29.10	-22.59	51.69	28.82	0.08	0.20	AVERAGE
5	3.207	29.76	-26.24	56.00	29.39	0.12	0.24	QP
6	3.207	18.24	-27.76	46.00	17.87	0.12	0.24	AVERAGE
7	3.522	20.97	-25.03	46.00	20.54	0.13	0.30	AVERAGE
8	3.522	31.02	-24.98	56.00	30.59	0.13	0.30	QP
9	9.449	28.37	-31.63	60.00	27.70	0.37	0.30	QP
10	9.449	20.01	-29.99	50.00	19.34	0.37	0.30	AVERAGE
11	19.710	35.28	-14.72	50.00	33.99	0.79	0.50	AVERAGE
12	19.710	38.62	-21.38	60.00	37.33	0.79	0.50	QP
13	28.749	33.75	-26.25	60.00	31.74	1.41	0.60	QP
14	28.749	28.80	-21.20	50.00	26.79	1.41	0.60	AVERAGE

Note:

Level = Read Level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss.

## 4.2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 4.2.1. Limit

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

### 4.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

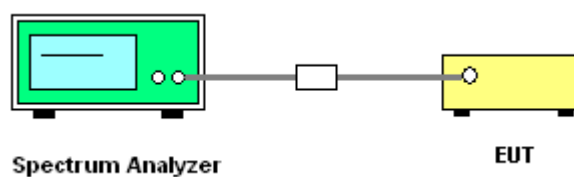
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	> 26dB Bandwidth
RB	300 kHz
VB	1000 kHz
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

### 4.2.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth of 300 kHz and the video bandwidth of 1000 kHz were used.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

### 4.2.4. Test Setup Layout



### 4.2.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

### 4.2.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.



#### 4.2.7. Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

<b>Temperature</b>	20°C	<b>Humidity</b>	61%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Steven Lu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 20, 2006		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

Channel	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
36	5180 MHz	25.60	17.76

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo

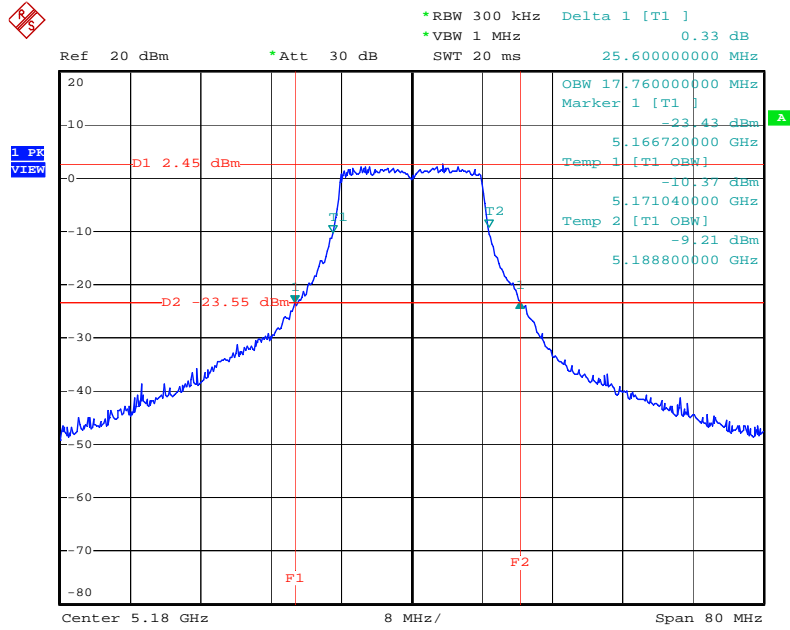
Channel	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
42	5210 MHz	48.20	33.80

<b>Temperature</b>	24°C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Allen Liu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Mar. 26, 2009		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

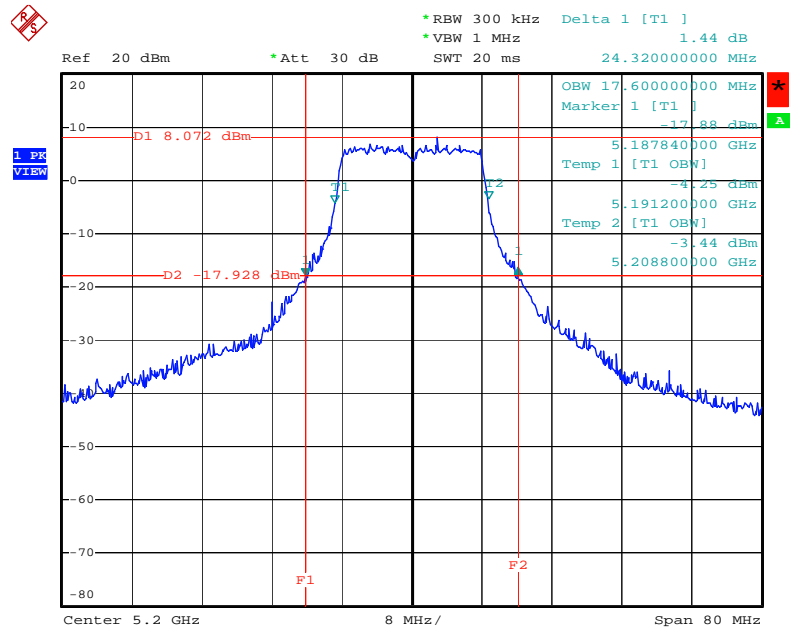
Channel	Frequency	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
40	5200 MHz	24.32	17.60
44	5220 MHz	25.44	17.60

### 26 dB Bandwidth Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5180 MHz



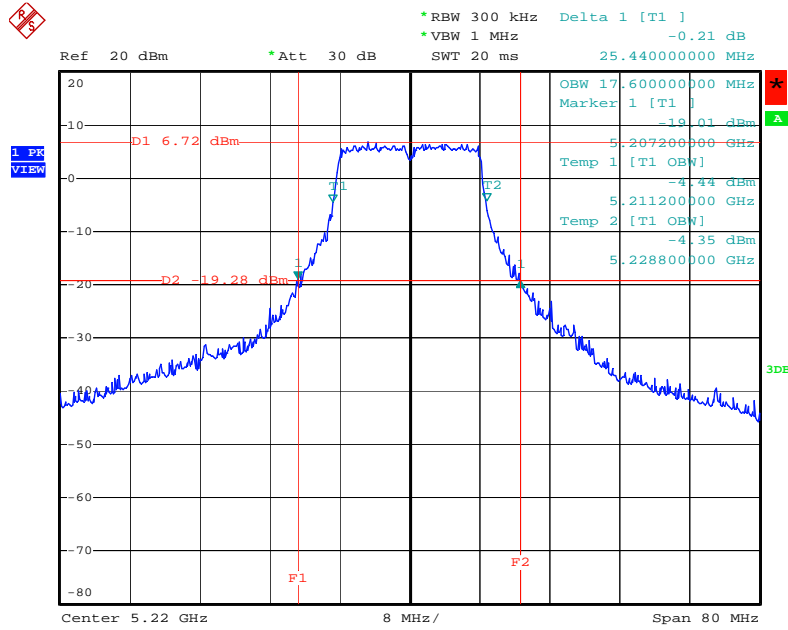
Date: 11.JAN.2006 22:47:11

### 26 dB Bandwidth Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5200 MHz



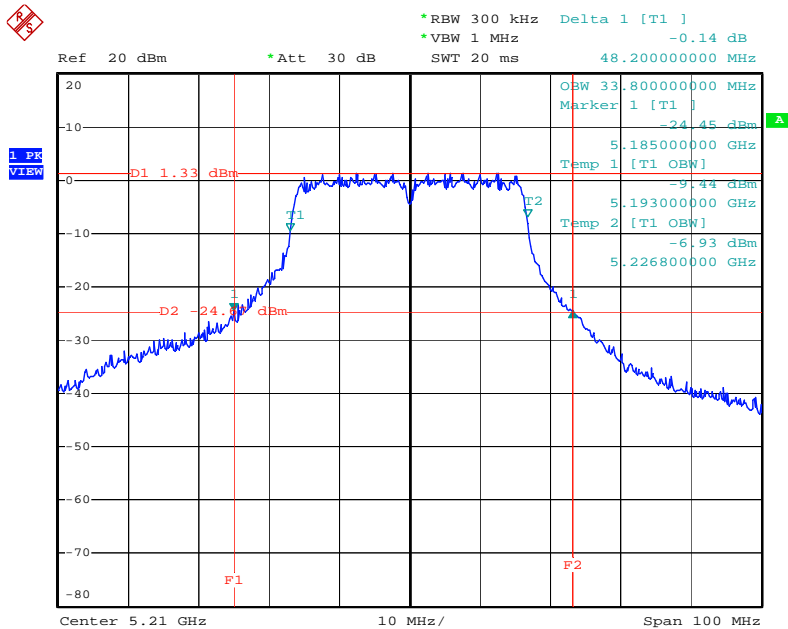
Date: 26.MAR.2009 21:58:10

26 dB Bandwidth Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5220 MHz



Date: 26.MAR.2009 19:42:03

26 dB Bandwidth Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo / 5210 MHz



Date: 20.JAN.2006 00:24:29

### 4.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

#### 4.3.1. Limit

For the band 5.15~5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW (17dBm) or  $4 \text{ dBm} + 10\log B$ , where B is the 26 dB emissions bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power and power density from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.470-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (24dBm) or  $11 \text{ dBm} + 10\log B$ . If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power and power density from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.825 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W (30dBm) or  $17 \text{ dBm} + 10\log B$ . If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power and power density from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power and peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U-NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required.

#### 4.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

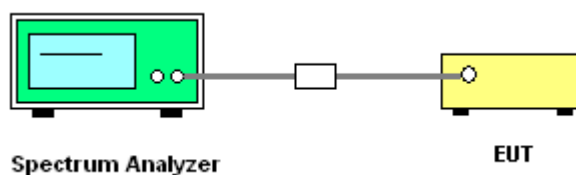
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
RB	1000 kHz
VB	3000 kHz
Detector	Sample
Trace	MAX HOLD
Sweep Time	Auto

#### 4.3.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. Test was performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice DA 02-2138, August 30, 2002.

#### 4.3.4. Test Setup Layout



#### 4.3.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.3.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 4.3.7. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

<b>Temperature</b>	20°C	<b>Humidity</b>	61%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Steven Lu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 20, 2006		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
36	5180 MHz	13.50	17.00	Complies

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo

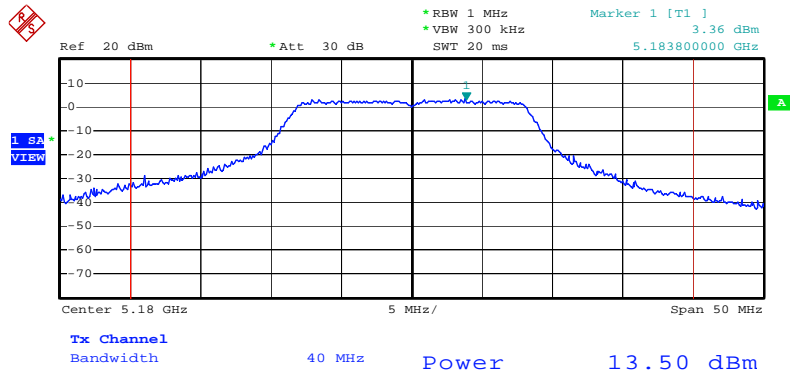
Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
42	5210 MHz	15.58	17.00	Complies

<b>Temperature</b>	24°C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Allen Liu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Apr. 03, 2009		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

Channel	Frequency	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
40	5200 MHz	16.48	17.00	Complies
44	5220 MHz	16.67	17.00	Complies

### Conducted Output Power Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5180 MHz



Date: 11.JAN.2006 22:55:06

### Conducted Output Power Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5200 MHz



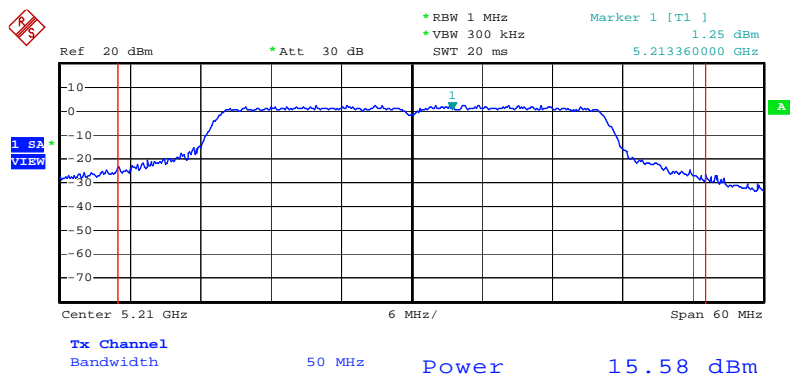
Date: 3.APR.2009 10:50:54

**Conducted Output Power Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5220 MHz**



Date: 3.APR.2009 10:44:30

**Conducted Output Power Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo / 5210 MHz**



Date: 20.JAN.2006 00:36:16

## 4.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 4.4.1. Limit

The power spectral density is defined as the highest level of power in dBm per MHz generated by the transmitter within the power envelope. The following table is power spectral density limits and decrease power density limit rule refer to section 4.3.1.

Frequency Range	Power Spectral Density limit (dBm/MHz)
5.15~5.25 GHz	4

### 4.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

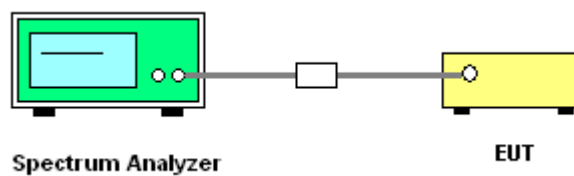
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
RB	1000 kHz
VB	3000 kHz
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	Auto

### 4.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1000kHz and VBW to 3000kHz. Set Detector to Peak, Trace to Max Hold. Mark the frequency with maximum peak power as the center of the display of the spectrum.

### 4.4.4. Test Setup Layout



### 4.4.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

### 4.4.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.



## 4.4.7. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

<b>Temperature</b>	20 °C	<b>Humidity</b>	61%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Steven Lu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 20, 2006		

## Configuration IEEE 802.11a

Channel	Frequency	Power Density (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
36	5180 MHz	-3.05	4.00	Complies

## Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo

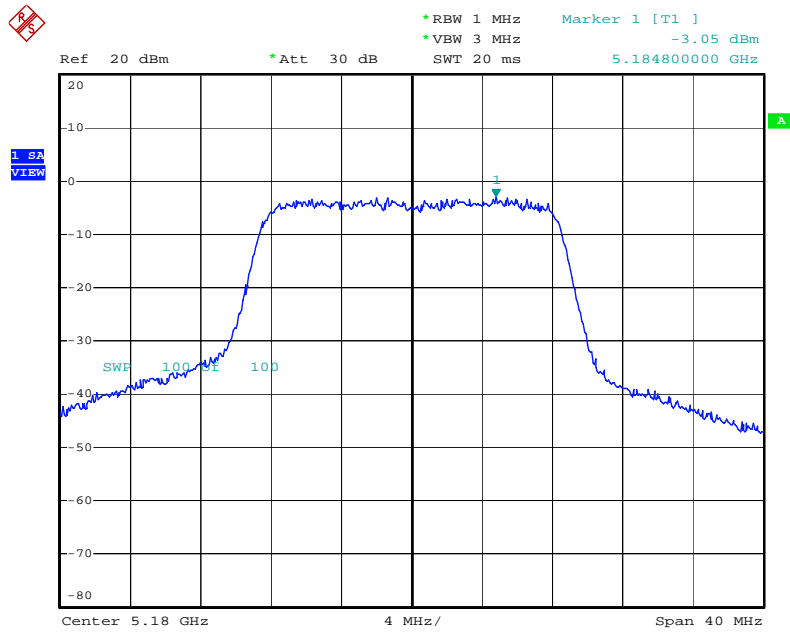
Channel	Frequency	Power Density (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
42	5210 MHz	-4.00	4.00	Complies

<b>Temperature</b>	24 °C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Allen Liu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Apr. 03, 2009		

## Configuration IEEE 802.11a

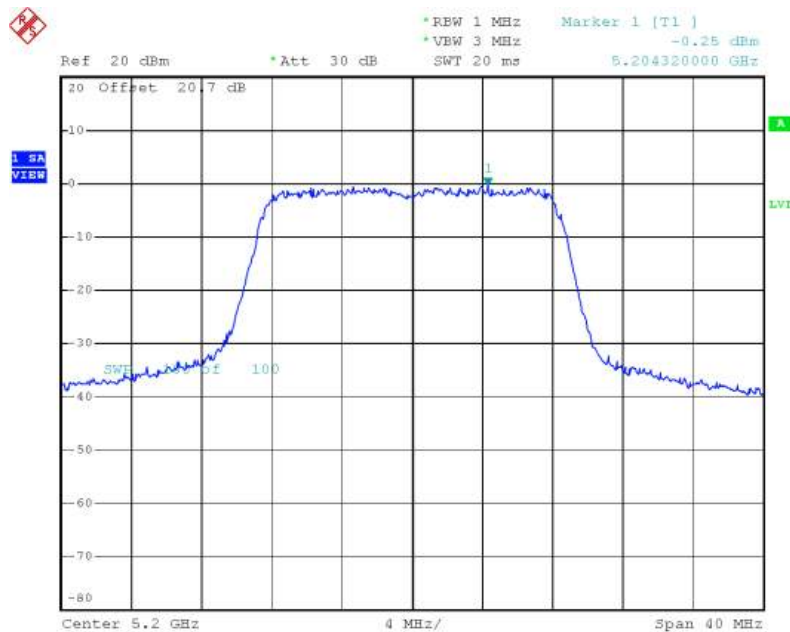
Channel	Frequency	Power Density (dBm)	Max. Limit (dBm)	Result
40	5200 MHz	-0.25	4.00	Complies
44	5220 MHz	-0.03	4.00	Complies

**Power Density Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5180 MHz**



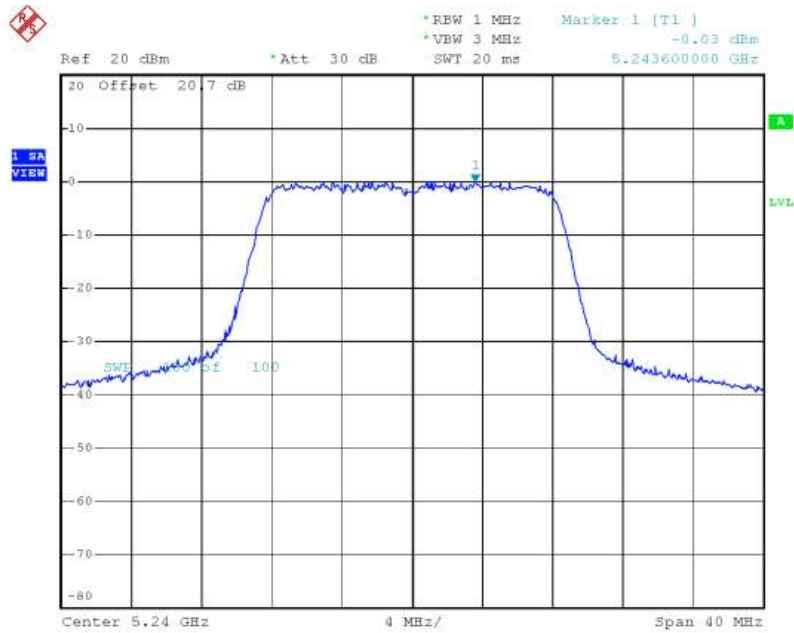
Date: 11.JAN.2006 22:52:56

**Power Density Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5200 MHz**



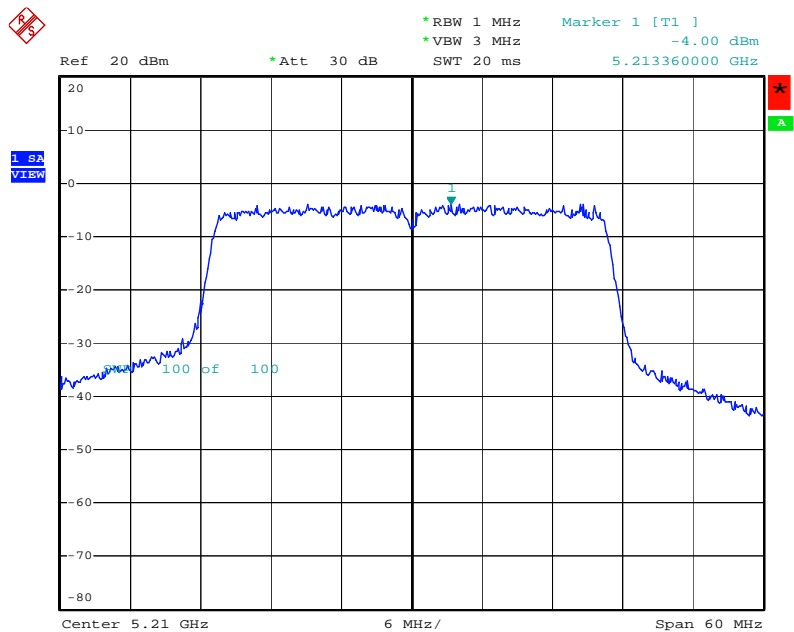
Date: 3.APR.2009 10:56:18

Power Density Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a / 5220 MHz



Date: 3.APR.2009 10:56:48

Power Density Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo / 5210 MHz



Date: 20.JAN.2006 00:35:00

## 4.5. Peak Excursion Measurement

### 4.5.1. Limit

The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emissions bandwidth whichever is less.

### 4.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

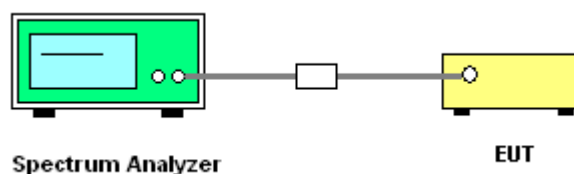
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal
RB	1000 kHz (Peak Trace) / 1000 kHz (Average Trace)
VB	3000 kHz (Peak Trace) / 300 kHz (Average Trace)
Detector	Peak (Peak Trace) / Sample (Average Trace)
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	60s

### 4.5.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire emissions bandwidth. The largest difference between the following two traces (Peak Trace and Average Trace) must be  $\leq 13$  dB for all frequencies across the emissions bandwidth. Submit a plot.
3. Peak Trace: Set RBW = 1 MHz, VBW  $\geq 3$  MHz with peak detector and max-hold settings.
4. Average Trace: Method #3—video averaging with max hold--and sum power across the band. Set span to encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal. Set sweep trigger to "free run". Set RBW = 1 MHz. Set VBW  $\geq 1/T$  (IEEE 802.11a VBW = 300kHz  $\geq 1/4\mu\text{s}$ ). Use sample detector mode if bin width (i.e., span/number of points in spectrum)  $< 0.5$  RBW. Otherwise use peak detector mode. Set max hold. Allow max hold to run for 60 seconds.

### 4.5.4. Test Setup Layout



### 4.5.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.5.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 4.5.7. Test Result of Peak Excursion

<b>Temperature</b>	20°C	<b>Humidity</b>	61%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Steven Lu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 20, 2006		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

Channel	Frequency	Peak Excursion (dB)	Max. Limit (dB)	Result
36	5180 MHz	4.69	13	Complies

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a Turbo

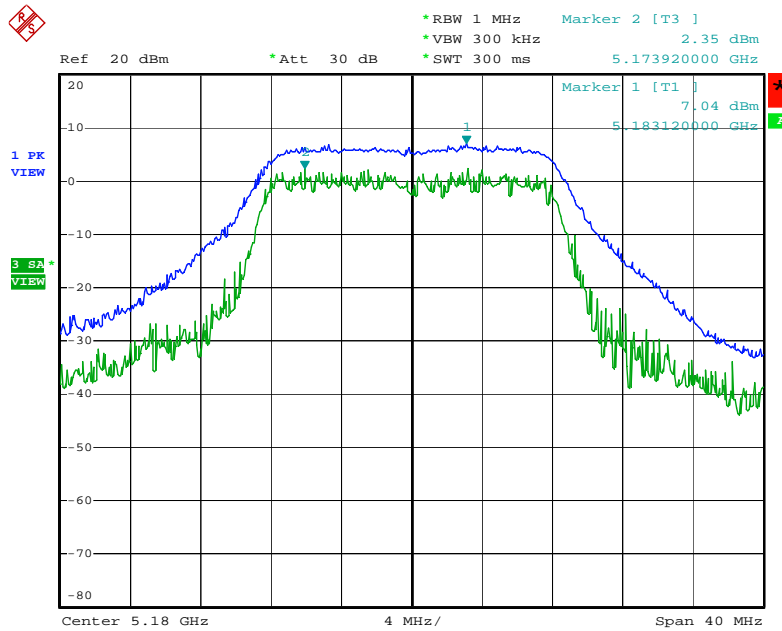
Channel	Frequency	Peak Excursion (dB)	Max. Limit (dB)	Result
42	5210 MHz	4.09	13	Complies

<b>Temperature</b>	24°C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Allen Liu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a
<b>Test Date</b>	Mar. 26, 2009		

##### Configuration IEEE 802.11a

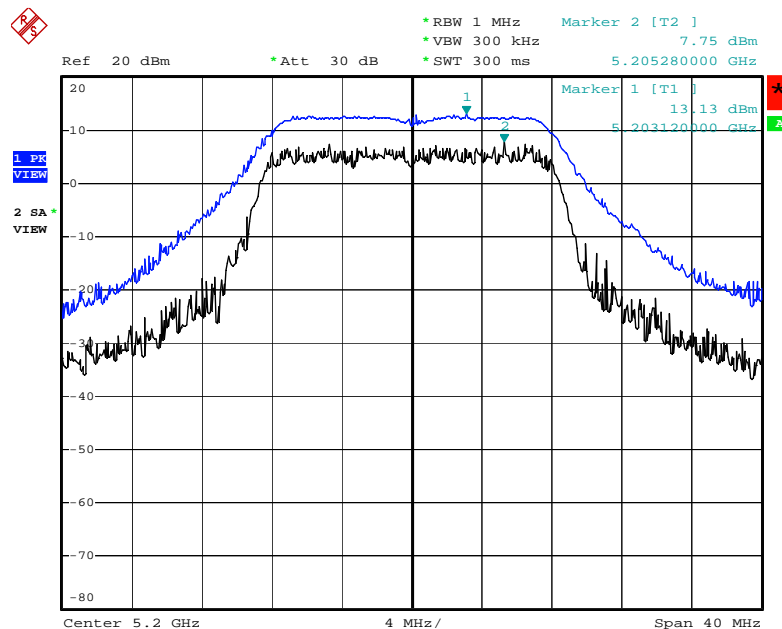
Channel	Frequency	Peak Excursion (dB)	Max. Limit (dB)	Result
40	5200 MHz	5.55	13	Complies
44	5220 MHz	4.99	13	Complies

### Peak Excursion Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11 a / 5180 MHz



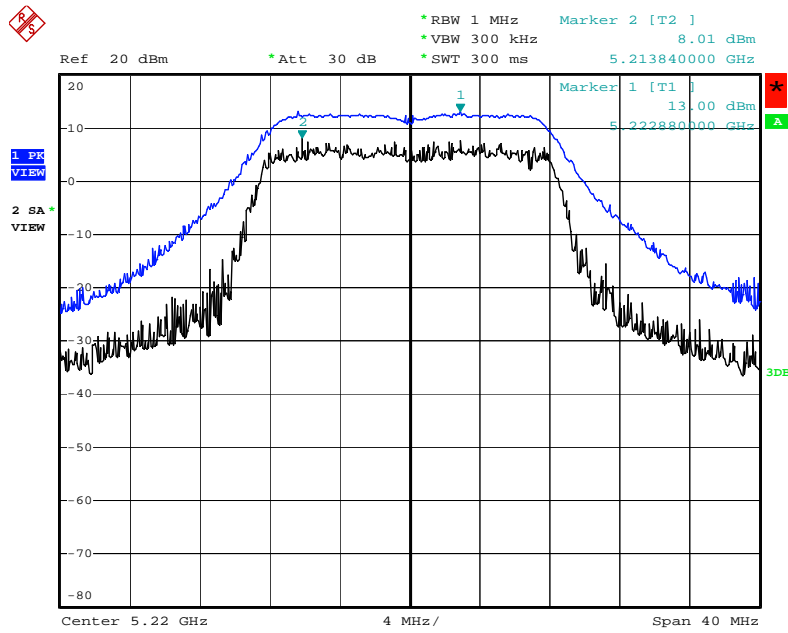
Date: 11.JAN.2006 22:51:44

### Peak Excursion Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11 a / 5200 MHz



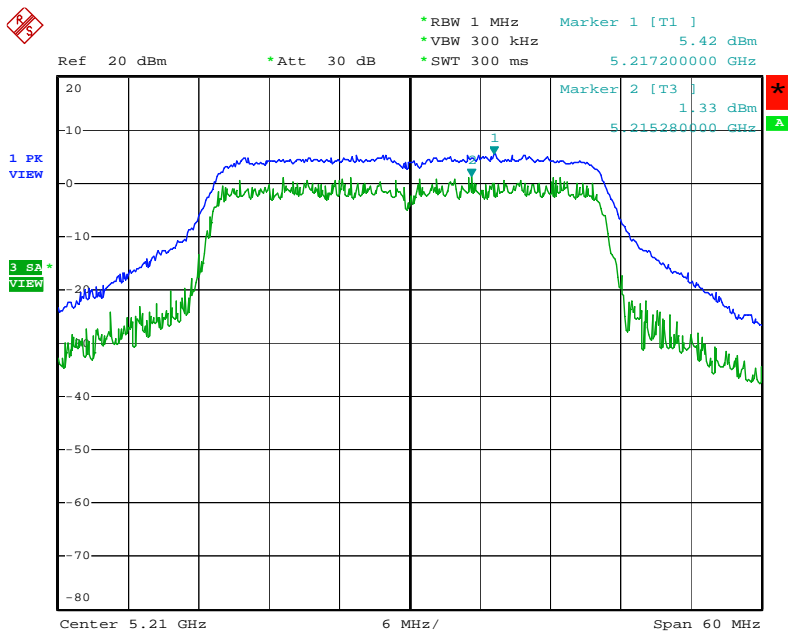
Date: 26.MAR.2009 21:58:28

### Peak Excursion Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11 a / 5220 MHz



Date: 26.MAR.2009 19:42:21

### Peak Excursion Plot on Configuration IEEE 802.11 a Turbo / 5210 MHz



Date: 20.JAN.2006 00:31:29

## 4.6. Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 4.6.1. Limit

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). For transmitters operating in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.470-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of -17 dBm/MHz (78.3dBuV/m at 3m); for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). In addition, in case the emission falls within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microrvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 4.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	40 GHz
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1000KHz / 1000KHz for peak

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB 9kHz for QP
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB 120kHz for QP

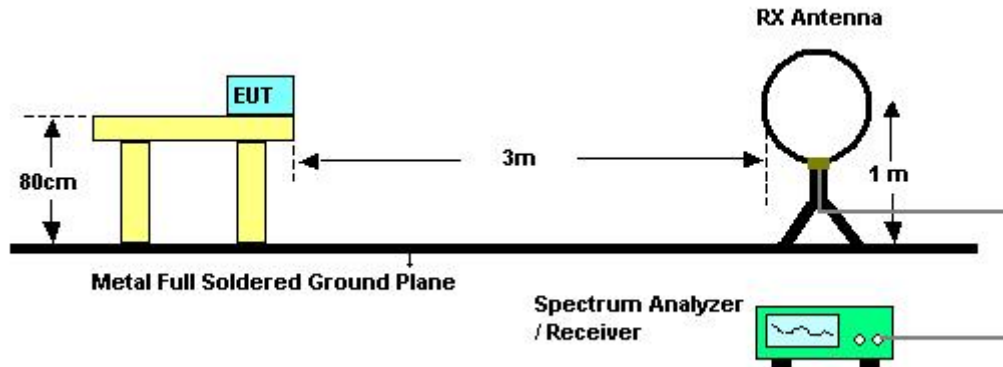


#### 4.6.3. Test Procedures

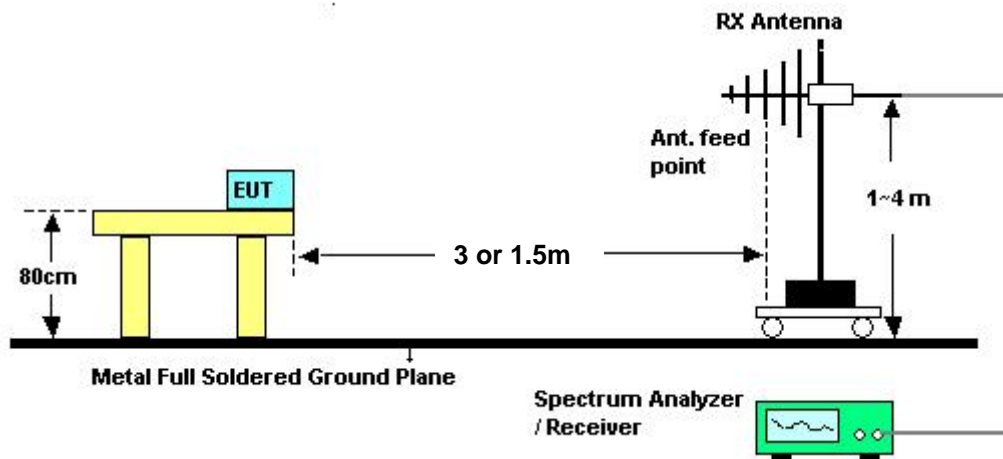
1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz VBW and RBW for peak reading. Then 1MHz RBW and 10Hz VBW for average reading in spectrum analyzer.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum value.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High – Low scan is not required in this case.

#### 4.6.4. Test Setup Layout

For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions above 30MHz



Above 5GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1.5m]})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

#### 4.6.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.6.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

4.6.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (9kHz~30MHz)

<b>Temperature</b>	26°C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Johnson Chang		

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

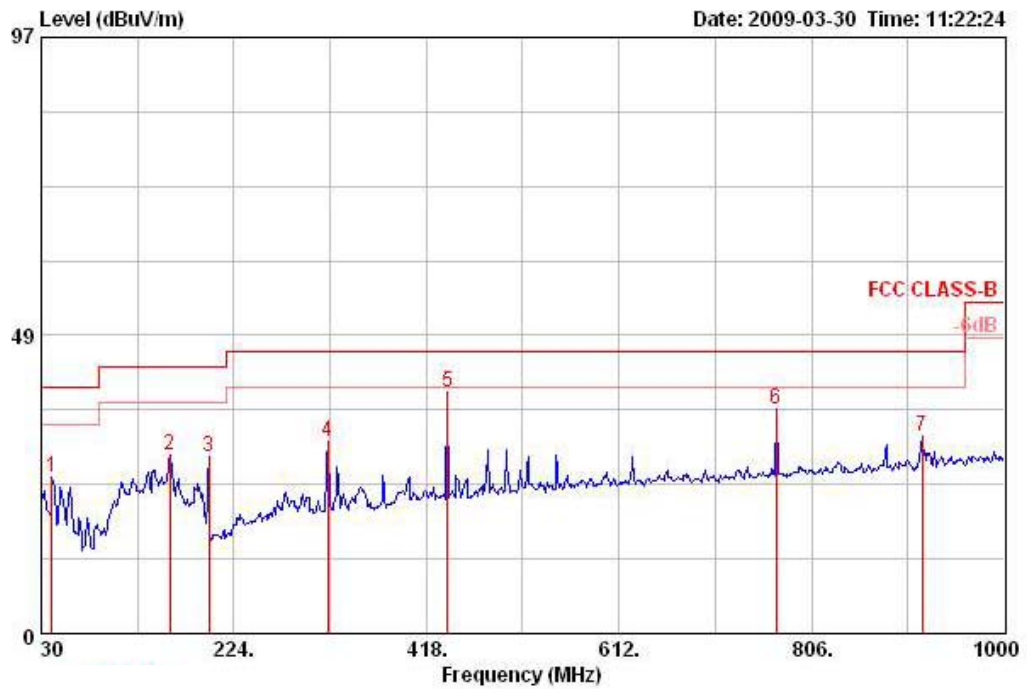
Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

4.6.8. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

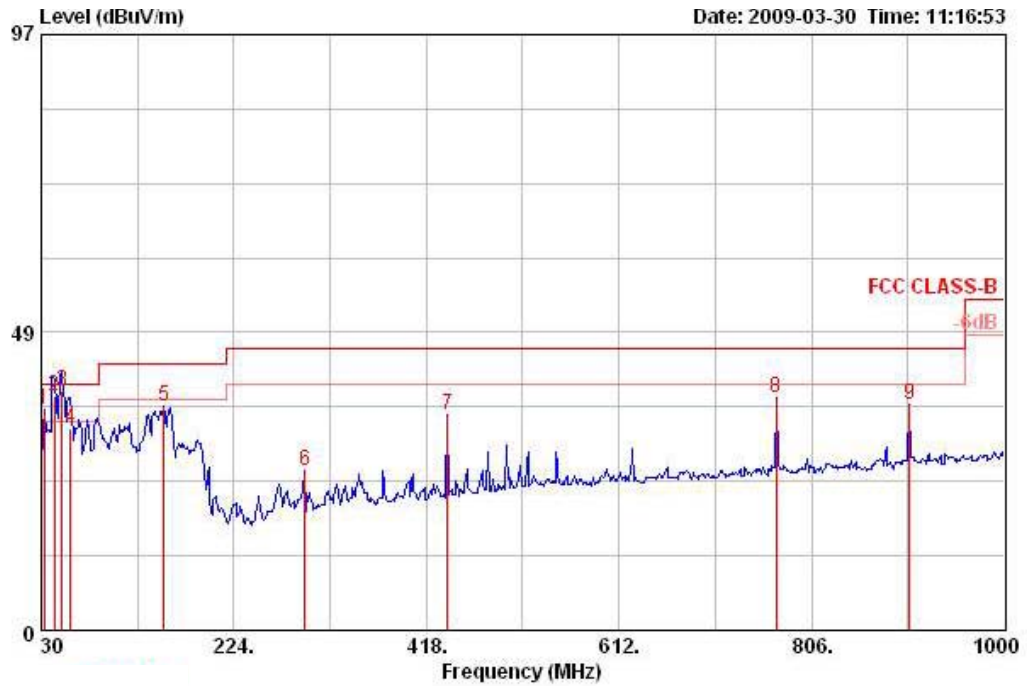
Temperature	26°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Johnson Chang	Configurations	Normal Link

Horizontal



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1	40.670	25.48	-14.52	40.00	40.02	12.55	27.80	0.70	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
2	159.980	29.06	-14.44	43.50	42.83	12.03	27.30	1.50	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
3	198.780	28.85	-14.65	43.50	45.00	9.25	27.11	1.70	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
4	319.060	31.24	-14.76	46.00	42.25	13.88	27.03	2.14	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
5	439.340	39.33	-6.67	46.00	47.91	16.68	27.80	2.54	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
6	770.110	36.54	-9.46	46.00	41.27	19.57	27.72	3.42	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100
7	917.550	31.93	-14.07	46.00	34.99	20.66	27.33	3.60	Peak	HORIZONTAL	0	100

**Vertical**



	Freq	Level	Over	Limit	Read	Antenna	Preamp	Cable		Table	Ant
	MHz	dBuV/m	Limit	Line	Level	Factor	Factor	Loss	Remark	Pos	Pos
			dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB		deg	cm
1	32.910	35.79	-4.21	40.00	45.94	17.15	27.80	0.50	Peak	0	400
2	43.640	38.25	-1.75	40.00	52.80	12.55	27.80	0.70	QP	189	100
3	51.340	39.05	-0.95	40.00	57.77	8.35	27.79	0.72	QP	188	100
4	59.100	32.94	-7.06	40.00	52.96	6.95	27.76	0.80	QP	187	100
5	153.190	36.51	-6.99	43.50	50.47	11.90	27.33	1.47	Peak	0	400
6	295.780	26.00	-20.00	46.00	37.52	13.31	26.91	2.08	Peak	0	400
7	439.340	35.20	-10.80	46.00	43.78	16.68	27.80	2.54	Peak	0	400
8	770.110	37.94	-8.06	46.00	42.67	19.57	27.72	3.42	Peak	0	400
9	904.940	36.86	-9.14	46.00	40.07	20.57	27.38	3.60	Peak	0	400

**Note:**

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

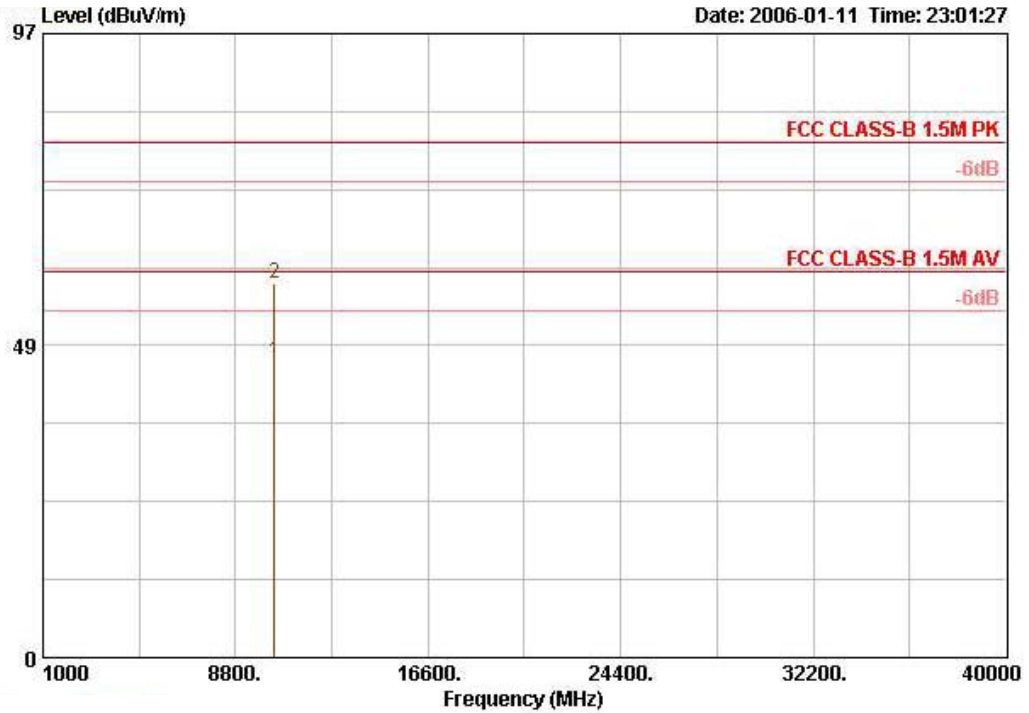
Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

4.6.9. Results for Radiated Emissions (1GHz~40GHz)

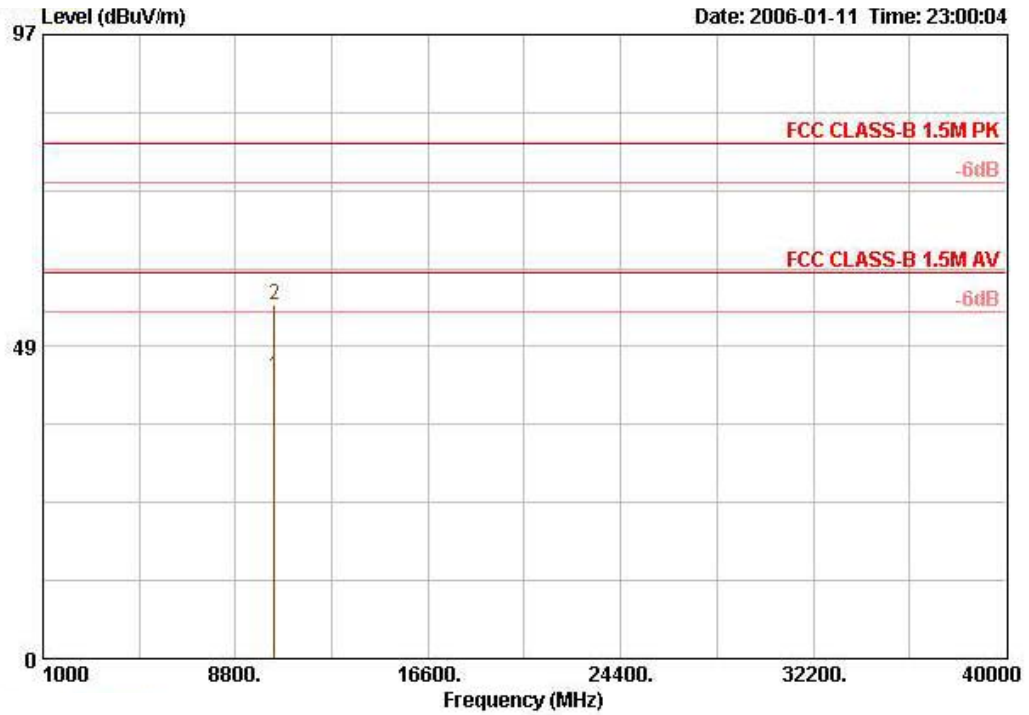
Temperature	22°C	Humidity	64%
Test Engineer	Rush Kao	Configurations	802.11a Ch 36

Horizontal



	Over	Limit	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Read	Ant	Table			
Freq	Level	Limit	Line Factor	Loss	Factor	Level	Pos	Pos			
MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	cm	deg			
1 @	10360.000	46.00	-14.00	60.00	39.34	5.80	35.55	36.41	Average	107	22
2	10360.000	58.10	-21.90	80.00	39.34	5.80	35.55	48.51	Peak	107	22

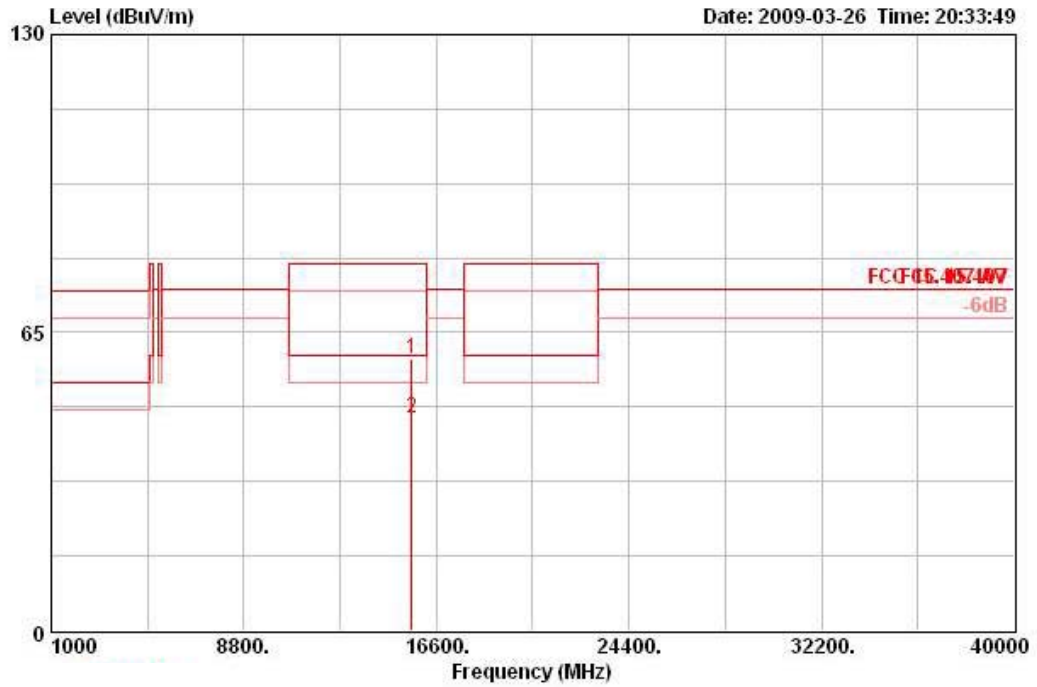
Vertical



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit	Antenna Line Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Read Level	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBUV/m	dB	dBUV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	dBUV		cm	deg
1 @	10360.000	44.00	-16.00	60.00	39.34	5.80	35.55	34.41	Average	100	30
2	10360.000	55.00	-25.00	80.00	39.34	5.80	35.55	45.41	Peak	100	30

Temperature	26°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Allen Liu	Configurations	802.11a Ch 40

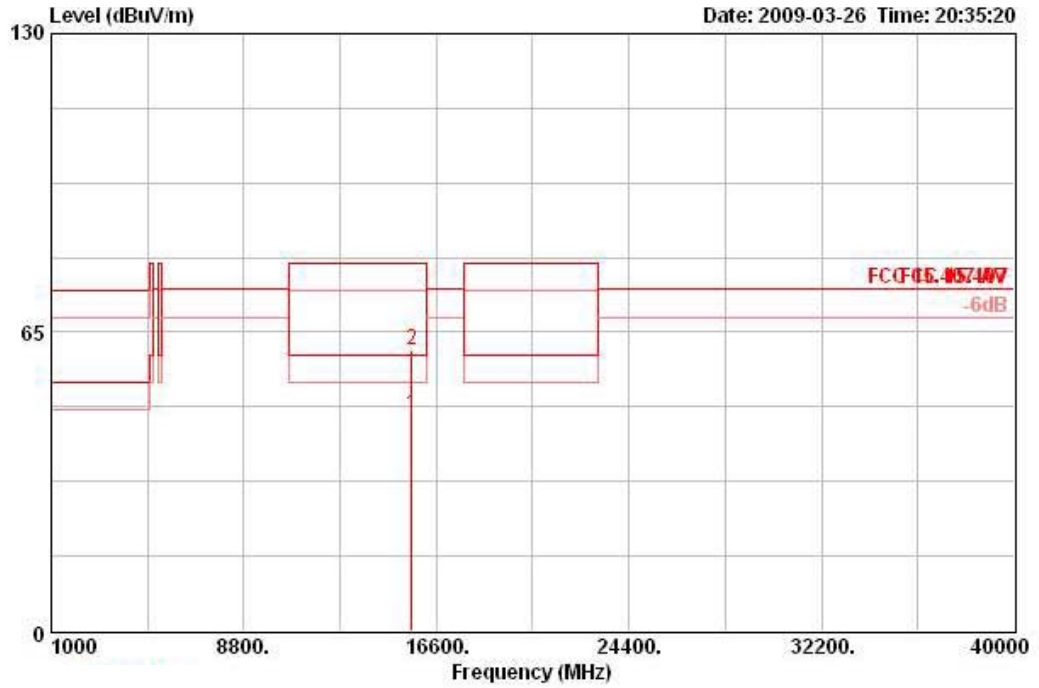
**Horizontal**



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1	15599.920	59.39	-20.61	80.00	45.19	38.03	35.58	11.75	PEAK	HORIZONTAL	0	100
2	15600.030	46.31	-13.69	60.00	32.11	38.03	35.58	11.75	AVERAGE	HORIZONTAL	0	100



**Vertical**

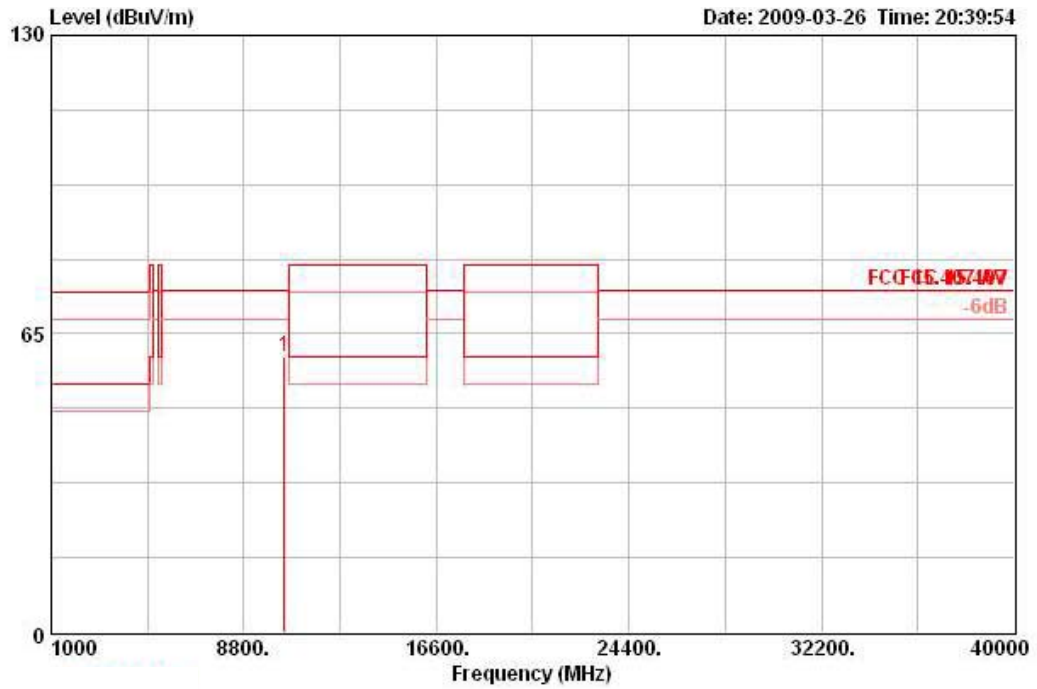


	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1	15599.990	47.13	-12.87	60.00	32.92	38.03	35.58	11.75	AVERAGE	VERTICAL	218	106
2	15600.020	61.21	-18.79	80.00	47.00	38.03	35.58	11.75	PEAK	VERTICAL	218	106



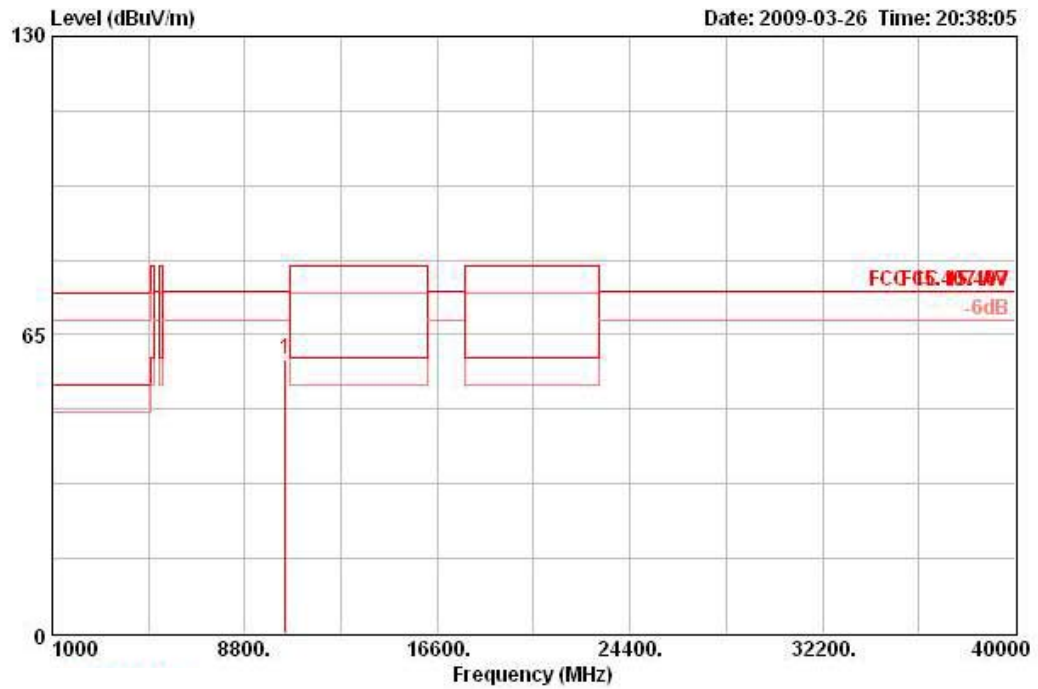
Temperature	26°C	Humidity	56%
Test Engineer	Allen Liu	Configurations	802.11a Channel 44

**Horizontal**



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1	10440.000	60.10	-14.20	74.30	45.18	39.88	35.25	10.30	PEAK	HORIZONTAL	228	104

**Vertical**



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1	10440.060	59.67	-14.63	74.30	44.75	39.88	35.25	10.30	PEAK	VERTICAL	189	105

**Note:**

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Emission level (dBUV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

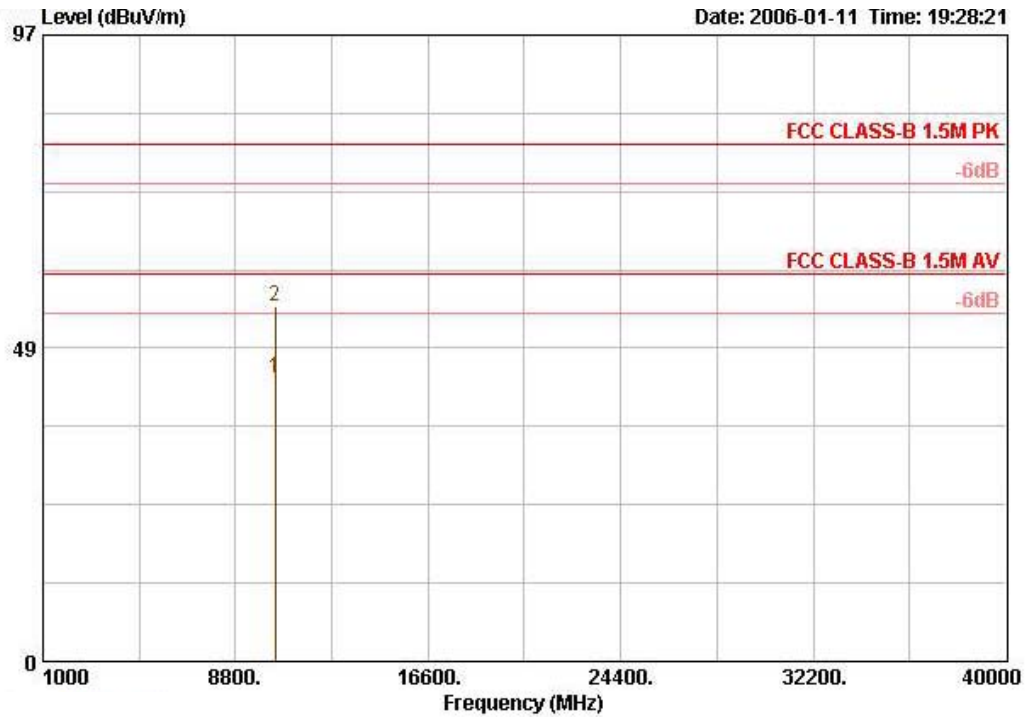
The limits above 5GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBUV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

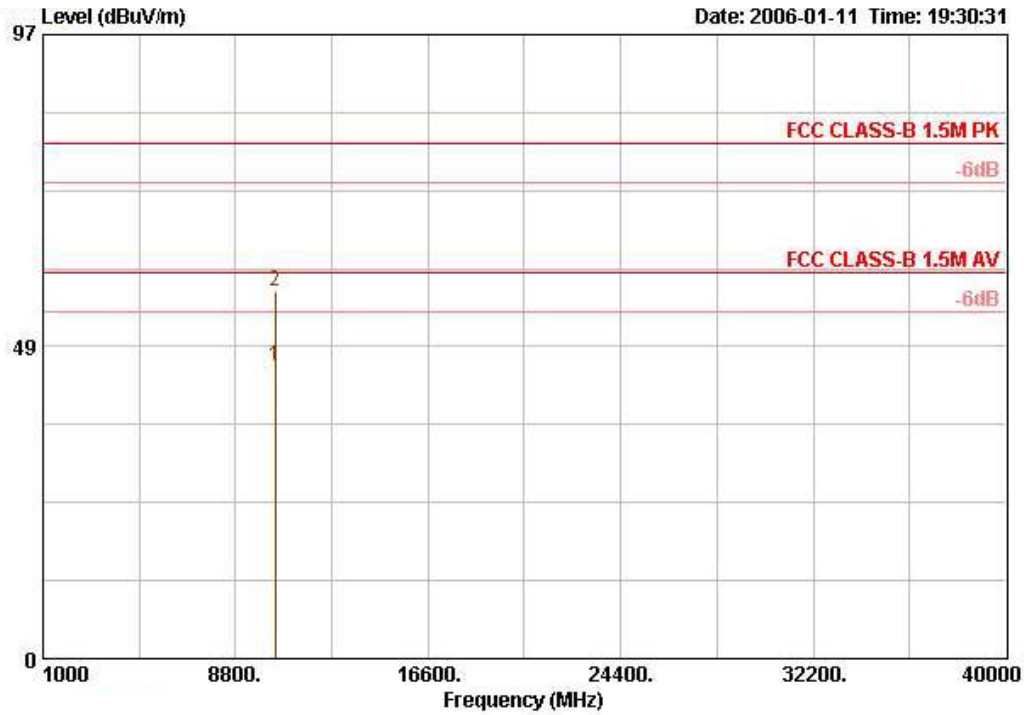
Temperature	22°C	Humidity	64%
Test Engineer	Rush Kao	Configurations	802.11a Turbo Ch 42

**Horizontal**



	Over	Limit	Antenna	Cable	Preamp	Read	Ant	Table			
Freq	Level	Limit	Line	Loss	Factor	Level	Pos	Pos			
MHz	dBUV/m	dB	dBUV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	cm	deg			
1 @	10422.040	43.99	-16.01	60.00	39.40	5.86	35.50	34.23	AVERAGE	122	72
2	10422.040	55.03	-24.97	80.00	39.40	5.86	35.50	45.27	PEAK	122	72

**Vertical**



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit	Antenna Line Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Read Level	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV		cm	deg
1 @	10421.320	45.46	-14.54	60.00	39.40	5.86	35.50	35.70	AVERAGE	107	343
2	10421.320	57.02	-22.98	80.00	39.40	5.86	35.50	47.26	PEAK	107	343

**Note:**

The amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Emission level (dBUV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level.

The limits above 5GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBUV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

## 4.7. Band Edge Emissions Measurement

### 4.7.1. Limit

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). For transmitters operating in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.470-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of -17 dBm/MHz (78.3dBuV/m at 3m); for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz (68.3dBuV/m at 3m). In addition, in case the emission falls within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (micovolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 4.7.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	100 MHz
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1 MHz / 1 MHz for Peak

### 4.7.3. Test Procedures

1. The test procedure is the same as section 4.6.3, only the frequency range investigated is limited to 100MHz around bandedges.
2. In case the emission is fail due to the used RB/VB is too wide, marker-delta method of FCC Public Notice DA00-705 will be followed.

### 4.7.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 4.6.4.

#### 4.7.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.7.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 4.7.7. Test Result of Band Edge and Fundamental Emissions

<b>Temperature</b>	22°C	<b>Humidity</b>	64%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Rush Kao	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a Channel 36, 40
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 10, 2006		

##### Channel 36

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Read Level	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV		cm	deg
1 @	5150.000	73.01	-6.99	80.00	33.84	4.88	0.00	34.30	PEAK	100	0
2 @	5150.000	59.16	-0.84	60.00	33.84	4.88	0.00	20.44	AVERAGE	100	0
3 @	5174.200	116.45			33.89	4.92	0.00	77.64	PEAK	100	0
4 @	5175.100	106.64			33.89	4.92	0.00	67.83	Average	---	---

Item 3, 4 are the fundamental frequency at 5180 MHz.

<b>Temperature</b>	26°C	<b>Humidity</b>	56%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Allen Liu	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a Channel 36, 40
<b>Test Date</b>	Mar. 26, 2009		

##### Channel 40

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Preamp Factor	Cable Loss	Remark	Pol/Phase	Table Pos	Ant Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB			deg	cm
1 @	5148.400	75.47	-4.53	80.00	37.03	34.00	0.00	4.44	PEAK	VERTICAL	199	102
2 @	5150.000	58.84	-1.16	60.00	20.40	34.00	0.00	4.44	AVERAGE	VERTICAL	199	102
3 @	5194.400	110.62			72.08	34.10	0.00	4.43	AVERAGE	VERTICAL	199	102
4 @	5195.600	120.71			82.19	34.10	0.00	4.43	PEAK	VERTICAL	199	102

Item 3, 4 are the fundamental frequency at 5200 MHz.

Note:

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m)

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

The limits above 5GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



<b>Temperature</b>	22 °C	<b>Humidity</b>	64%
<b>Test Engineer</b>	Rush Kao	<b>Configurations</b>	802.11a Turbo Channel 42
<b>Test Date</b>	Jan. 11, 2009		

**Turbo Channel 42**

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Read Level	Remark	Ant Pos	Table Pos
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV		cm	deg
1 @	5150.000	71.74	-8.26	80.00	33.84	4.88	0.00	33.02	PEAK	101	65
2 @	5150.000	58.84	-1.16	60.00	33.84	4.88	0.00	20.12	AVERAGE	101	65
3 @	5207.200	114.32			33.92	4.96	0.00	75.44	PEAK	101	65
4 @	5207.400	104.97			33.92	4.96	0.00	66.09	Average	---	---

Item 3, 4 are the fundamental frequency at 5210 MHz.

Note:

Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m)

Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

The limits above 5GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1.5m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



## 4.8. Frequency Stability Measurement

### 4.8.1. Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emissions is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual or  $\pm 20\text{ppm}$  (IEEE 802.11a specification).

### 4.8.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

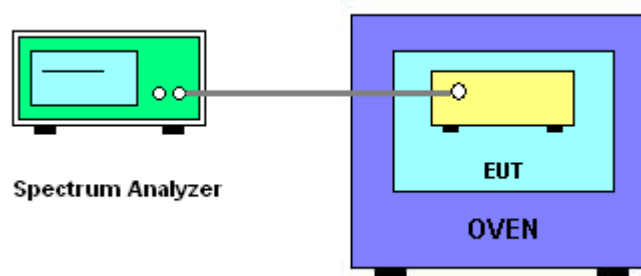
Please refer to section 5 of equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span Frequency	Entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth
RB	10 kHz
VB	10 kHz
Sweep Time	Auto

### 4.8.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyser.
2. EUT have transmitted absence of modulation signal and fixed channelize.
3. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth.
4. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.
5.  $f_c$  is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is  $(f_c - f) / f_c \times 10^6$  ppm and the limit is less than  $\pm 20\text{ppm}$  (IEEE 802.11a specification).
6. The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value
7. Extreme temperature rule is  $-30^\circ\text{C} \sim 50^\circ\text{C}$ .

### 4.8.4. Test Setup Layout



#### 4.8.5. Test Deviation

There is no deviation with the original standard.

#### 4.8.6. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously un-modulation transmitting mode.

#### 4.8.7. Test Result of Frequency Stability

##### Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

Voltage	Measurement Frequency (MHz)
(V)	5200
126.50	5199.988700
110.00	5200.010000
93.50	5200.046800
Max. Deviation (MHz)	0.046800
Max. Deviation (ppm)	9.00

##### Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

Temperature	Measurement Frequency (MHz)
(°C)	5200
-30	5200.044800
-20	5200.039600
-10	5200.027500
0	5200.010000
10	5200.003200
20	5199.997800
30	5199.996100
40	5199.994900
50	5199.993300
Max. Deviation (MHz)	0.044800
Max. Deviation (ppm)	8.62

## 4.9. Antenna Requirements

### 4.9.1. Limit

Except for special regulations, the Low-power Radio-frequency Devices must not be equipped with any jacket for installing an antenna with extension cable. An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

### 4.9.2. Antenna Connector Construction

Please refer to section 3.3 in this test report; antenna connector complied with the requirements.

## 5. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	Feb. 22, 2006	Conduction (CO04-HY)
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz – 2.75GHz	Apr. 16, 2008	Conduction (CO04-HY)
LISN	MessTec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9kHz – 30MHz	Dec. 19, 2005	Conduction (CO04-HY)
LISN	MessTec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar. 31, 2008	Conduction (CO04-HY)
LISN	MessTec	NNB-2/16Z	99079	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar. 31, 2009	Conduction (CO04-HY)
LISN (Support Unit)	EMCO	3810/2NM	9708-1839	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar. 18, 2006	Conduction (CO04-HY)
LISN (Support Unit)	EMCO	3810/2NM	9703-1839	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar. 22, 2009	Conduction (CO04-HY)
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9kHz – 30MHz	Apr. 20, 2006	Conduction (CO04-HY)
RF Cable-CON	UTIFLEX	3102-26886-4	CB049	9kHz – 30MHz	Apr. 20, 2008	Conduction (CO04-HY)
ISN	SCHAFFNER	ISN ST08	21653	9kHz – 30MHz	Mar. 27, 2009	Conduction (CO04-HY)
EMI Filter	LINDGREN	LRE-2030	2651	< 450 Hz	N/A	Conduction (CO04-HY)
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30 MHz - 1 GHz 3m	Jun. 15, 2006	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30 MHz - 1 GHz 3m	Jun. 14, 2008	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	CPA9231A	3565	9 kHz - 2 GHz	Jan. 18, 2006	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Amplifier	SCHAFFNER	COA9231A	18667	9 kHz - 2 GHz	Jan. 23, 2009	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1 GHz - 26.5 GHz	May 29, 2006	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1 GHz - 26.5 GHz	Jul. 21, 2008	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100004/040	9 kHz - 40 GHz	Sep. 30, 2005	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100004	9 kHz - 30 GHz	Oct. 06, 2008	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Biconical Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VHBB 9124	301	30 MHz - 200 MHz	Jul. 22, 2005	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL 6112D	22237	30 MHz – 1 GHz	Jul. 12, 2008	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUSLP 9111	221	200 MHz - 1 GHz	Jul. 22, 2005	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6903	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Mar. 15, 2006	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	6741	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Apr. 29, 2008	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170154	15 GHz - 40 GHz	NCR	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30 MHz - 1 GHz	Dec.02, 2005	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	30 MHz - 1 GHz	Jan. 05, 2009	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1 GHz - 40 GHz	Dec. 02, 2005	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1 GHz - 40 GHz	Jan. 05, 2009	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Turn Table	HD	DS 420	420/650/00	0 – 360 degree	N/A	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Antenna Mast	HD	MA 240	240/560/00	1 m - 4 m	N/A	Radiation (03CH03-HY)

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	923364	26.5 GHz - 40 GHz	Jan. 24, 2006*	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6F-260400	9121372	26.5 GHz - 40 GHz	Jan. 22, 2009*	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9 kHz - 30 MHz	May 23, 2006*	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	860004/001	9 kHz - 30 MHz	Jul. 28, 2008*	Radiation (03CH03-HY)
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100023	9kHz ~ 30GHz	Nov. 26, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	100023	9kHz ~ 30GHz	Jan. 09, 2009	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC ~ 40GHz	Jun. 10, 2006	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	DC ~ 40GHz	Jul. 11, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power sensor	R&S	NRV-Z55	100049	DC ~ 40GHz	Jul. 05, 2006	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z51	100458	DC ~ 30GHz	Jul. 11, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	100057	30MHz ~ 6GHz	Jun. 10, 2006	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	100057	30MHz ~ 6GHz	Jul. 11, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
AC power source	HPC	HPA-500W	HPA-9100024	AC 0 ~ 300V	Apr. 21, 2005*	Conducted (TH01-HY)
AC Power Source	HPC	HPA-500W	HPA-9100024	AC 0 ~ 300V	May 30, 2008*	Conducted (TH01-HY)
DC power source	G.W.	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V ~ 60V	Dec. 28, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
DC Power Source	G.W.	GPC-6030D	C671845	DC 1V ~ 60V	Mar. 13, 2009	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Temp. and Humidity Chamber	KSON	THS-C3L	612	N/A	Oct. 01, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Temp. and Humidity Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-S	MAB0103-001	N/A	Jul. 18, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF CABLE-1m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz ~ 7GHz	Dec. 30, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF CABLE-1m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB034-1m	20MHz ~ 7GHz	Dec. 01, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF CABLE-2m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20MHz ~ 1GHz	Dec. 30, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
RF CABLE-2m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB035-2m	20MHz ~ 1GHz	Dec. 01, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Oscilloscope	Tektronix	TDS1012	CO38515	100MHz / 1GS/s	Jun. 20, 2006	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Oscilloscope	Tektonix	TDS380	B016197	400MHz/ 2GS/s	Jun. 27, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100116	10MHz ~ 40GHz	Dec. 30, 2005	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100116	10MHz ~ 40GHz	Mar. 10, 2009	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Data Generator	Tektronix	DG2030	063-2920-50	0.1Hz~400MHz	Jun. 16, 2006	Conducted (TH01-HY)
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMU200A	102098	100kHz ~ 6GHz	Dec. 14, 2008	Conducted (TH01-HY)

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is two year.

## 6. TEST LOCATION

SHIJR	ADD : 6Fl., No. 106, Sec. 1, Shintai 5th Rd., Shijr City, Taipei, Taiwan 221, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2696-2468 FAX : 886-2-2696-2255
HWA YA	ADD : No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-318-0055
LINKOU	ADD : No. 30-2, Dingfu Tsuen, Linkou Shiang, Taipei, Taiwan 244, R.O.C TEL : 886-2-2601-1640 FAX : 886-2-2601-1695
DUNGHU	ADD : No. 3, Lane 238, Kangle St., Neihu Chiu, Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2631-4739 FAX : 886-2-2631-9740
JUNGHE	ADD : 7Fl., No. 758, Jungjeng Rd., Junghe City, Taipei, Taiwan 235, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-8227-2020 FAX : 886-2-8227-2626
NEIHU	ADD : 4Fl., No. 339, Hsin Hu 2 <sup>nd</sup> Rd., Taipei 114, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-2-2794-8886 FAX : 886-2-2794-9777
JHUBEI	ADD : No.8, Lane 724, Bo-ai St., Jhubei City, HsinChu County 302, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL : 886-3-656-9065 FAX : 886-3-656-9085

## 7. TAF CERTIFICATE OF ACCREDITATION



Certificate No. : L1190-070110

財團法人全國認證基金會  
Taiwan Accreditation Foundation

### Certificate of Accreditation

This is to certify that

**Sporton International Inc.**  
**EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory**  
No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien,  
Taiwan, R.O.C.

is accredited in respect of laboratory

Accreditation Criteria	: ISO/IEC 17025:2005
Accreditation Number	: 1190
Originally Accredited	: December 15, 2003
Effective Period	: January 10, 2007 to January 09, 2010
Accredited Scope	: Testing Field, see described in the Appendix
Specific Accreditation Program	: Accreditation Program for Designated Testing Laboratory for Commodities Inspection : Accreditation Program for Telecommunication Equipment Testing Laboratory

  
Jay-San Chen  
President, Taiwan Accreditation Foundation  
Date : January 10, 2007

PI, total 9 pages

The Appendix forms an integral part of this Certificate, which shall be invalid when used without the Appendix.