

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : W7L-211129W004SA02

Applicant : Honeywell International Inc

Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions

Address : 9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 United States

Manufacturer : Honeywell International Inc

Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions

Address : 9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 United States

Product : Mobile Computer

FCC ID : HD5-CT45L0N

Brand : Honeywell

Model No. : CT45-L0N

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

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CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD.**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SABGDJ-W7L-P21060011	Initial release	Jul. 14, 2021
W7L-211129W001SA02	Based on the original report SABGDJ-W7L-P21060011 (FCC ID: HD5-CT45L0N), changing components. Therefore all the data are reused from the original report.	Dec. 24, 2021

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body-worn SAR _{1g} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)	Highest Reported Extremity SAR _{10g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
DTS	2.4G WLAN	1.15	0.30	0.61
	5.2G WLAN	1.37	1.25	1.48
NIII	5.3G WLAN	1.38	1.37	1.47
NII	5.6G WLAN	1.37	1.28	1.11
	5.8G WLAN	1.34	1.37	1.09
DSS	Bluetooth	0.12	0.03	0.06
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Body-worn SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Extremity SAR _{10g} (W/kg)
		1.50	1.41	1.54

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Mobile Computer
FCC ID	HD5-CT45L0N
Brand Name	Honeywell
Model Name	CT45-L0N
HW Version	V1.0
SW Version	OS.11.001
(Unit: MHz)	WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462, 5180 ~ 5240, 5260 ~ 5320, 5500 ~ 5720, 5745 ~ 5825 Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480 NFC : 13.56
Uplink Modulations	802.11b : DSSS 802.11a/g/n/ac : OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK NFC : ASK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.5.1 of this report.
Antenna Type	WLAN: PIFA Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

- 1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.
- 2. According to the product equivalence statement provided by the manufacturer, just change components, and the antenna and RF parameters were not affected. Verified that conducted power is less than original report, and the laboratory evaluation did not affect the RF exposure. All data in this report is copied from the original report (SABGDJ-W7L-P21060011, FCC ID: HD5-CT45L0N).

3. This product includes the following six SKU which hardware is exactly same, the difference is described as following, Sample 1 was full test, sample 2 verify the worst case.

SAMPLE	EUT CONFIGURATION INFORMATION	
1	SKU ID:CT45-L0N-28D100G ,Assembled Scanner Imager: 8 - N6308/S0803	
2	SKU ID:CT45-L0N-27D100G ,Assembled Scanner Imager: 7-S0703	
3	3 SKU ID: CT45-L0N-28D200G, The device is same #1, only software is none GMS package	
4 SKU ID: CT45-L0N-27D200G, The device is same #2, only software is none GMS package		

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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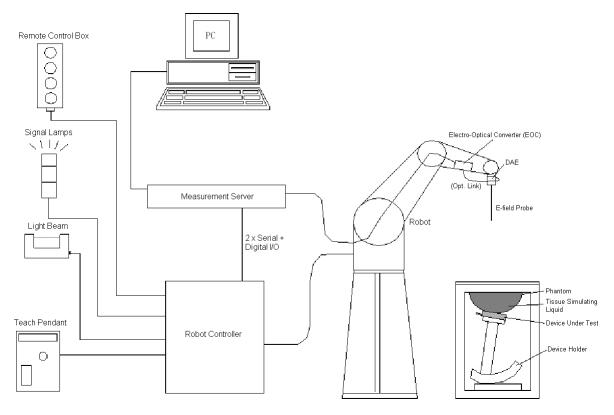


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- · High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	-
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	All .
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	1
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	M
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	AST
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,	
Range	400mV)	The last
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Material Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters



Model	ELI
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters



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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	- 11
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

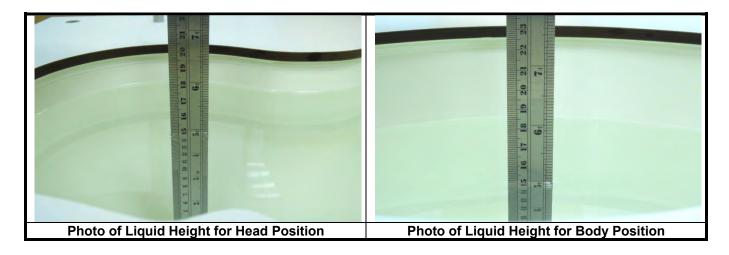
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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

			<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	•	0.2	1.4	58.0	•	40.2	-
H1450	•	43.3	-	0.6	-	ı	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	•	44.5	-	0.3	-	ı	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	ı	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	•	44.9	-	0.1	-	ı	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	ı	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	2 8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

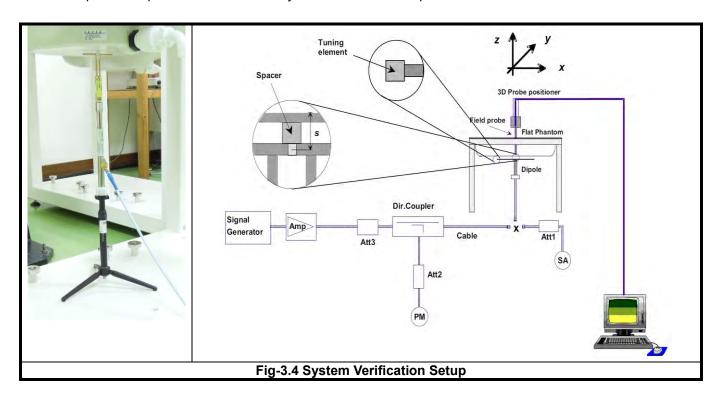
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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

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SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition).
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

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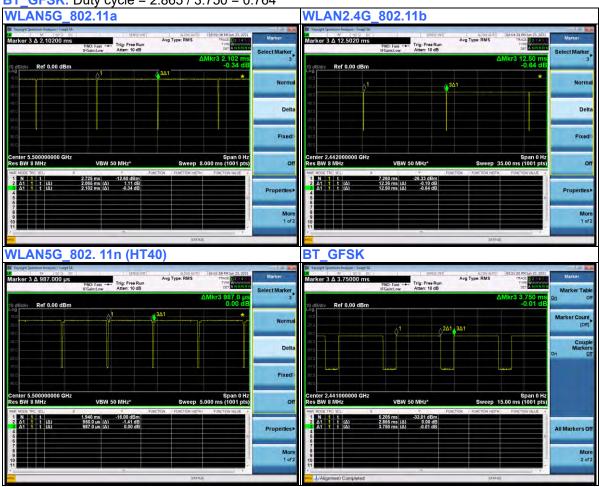
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<Duty Cycle of Test Signal>

WLAN5G_802.11a: Duty cycle = 2.06 / 2.102 = 0.982 WLAN2.4G_802.11b: Duty cycle = 12.36 / 12.50 = 0.989 WLAN5G_802. 11n (HT40): Duty cycle = 950 / 987 = 0.963

BT_GFSK: Duty cycle = 2.865 / 3.750 = 0.764



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4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

- 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset
- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

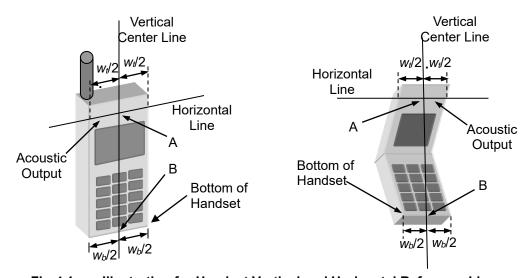


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear,

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move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

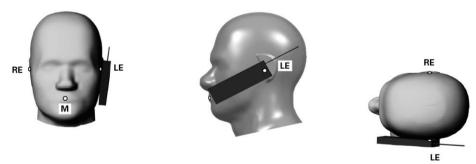


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

- 3. Tilted Position
- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).



Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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4.2.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 D01 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

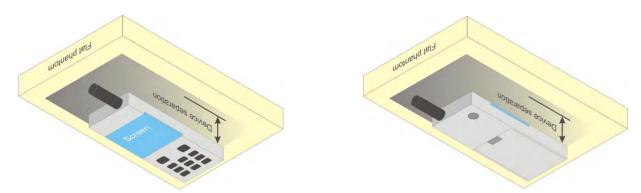


Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

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4.2.3 Extremity Exposure Conditions

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at <= 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. The normal tablet procedures in KDB 616217 are required when the over diagonal dimension of the device is > 20 cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of large form factor full size tablets. The more conservative tablet SAR results can be used to support the 10-g extremity SAR for phablet mode.
- 3. The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless modes and exposure conditions.

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jun. 30, 2021	HSL	2450	22.6	1.766	39.265	1.80	39.20	-1.89	0.17
Jul. 02, 2021	HSL	5250	22.5	4.725	36.522	4.71	35.90	0.32	1.73
Jul. 04, 2021	HSL	5600	22.3	5.155	35.916	5.07	35.50	1.68	1.17
Jul. 06, 2021	HSL	5800	22.6	5.387	35.545	5.27	35.30	2.22	0.69

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jun. 30, 2021	HSL	2450	53.10	13.90	55.60	4.71	893	3873	1341
Jul. 02, 2021	HSL	5250	79.00	8.43	84.30	6.71	1133	3873	1341
Jul. 04, 2021	HSL	5600	84.30	8.93	89.30	5.93	1133	3873	1341
Jul. 06, 2021	HSL	5800	81.10	8.67	86.70	6.91	1133	3873	1341

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.5 Maximum Output Power

4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	1	2412	14.00
802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	14.50
	11	2462	16.50
	1	2412	14.50
802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	14.50
	11	2462	14.50
	1	2412	14.50
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	14.50
	11	2462	14.50
	3	2422	16.00
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	16.00
	9	2452	16.00

< Bluetooth >

Bluetooth						
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)			
	0	2402	6.00			
BR / EDR	39	2441	7.00			
	78	2480	8.00			
	0	2402	6.00			
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	7.00			
	39	2480	8.00			
BT 5.0 LE	0	2402	6.00			
	19	2440	7.00			
	39	2480	8.00			

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<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	36	5180	17.50
902 11a 6Mbpa	40	5200	19.50
802.11a 6Mbps	44	5220	19.50
	48	5240	19.50
	36	5180	16.50
000 44 LITO0 MOO0	40	5200	18.50
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	44	5220	18.50
	48	5240	18.50
000 44 LIT40 MOOO	38	5190	17.00
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	46	5230	19.00
	36	5180	16.50
000 44 VIIITO MOCO	40	5200	18.50
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	44	5220	18.50
	48	5240	18.50
000 44 VIIT40 MCC0	38	5190	16.00
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	46	5230	18.00
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	15.00

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	52	5260	19.50
902 11a GMbna	56	5280	19.50
802.11a 6Mbps	60	5300	19.50
	64	5320	17.50
	52	5260	18.50
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	56	5280	18.50
802.11n-H120 MCS0	60	5300	18.50
	64	5320	16.50
000 44	54	5270	19.00
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	62	5310	12.50
	52	5260	18.50
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	56	5280	18.50
802.11ac-VH120 MCS0	60	5300	18.50
	64	5320	16.50
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	18.00
002.11ac-VH140 MCS0	62	5310	16.50
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	14.00

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<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	100	5500	18.50
	116	5580	19.00
902 11a 6Mbna	124	5620	18.50
802.11a 6Mbps	132	5660	18.50
	140	5700	18.00
	144	5720	17.00
	100	5500	18.00
	116	5580	18.50
000 44	124	5620	18.50
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	132	5660	18.50
	140	5700	18.50
	144	5720	17.50
	102	5510	17.00
	110	5550	18.50
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	126	5630	17.50
	134	5670	17.50
	142	5710	17.50
	100	5500	18.00
	116	5580	18.50
902 44aa VUT20 MCC0	124	5620	18.50
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	132	5660	18.50
	140	5700	18.00
	144	5720	17.00
	102	5510	16.00
	110	5550	18.00
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	126	5630	18.00
	134	5670	18.00
	142	5710	18.00
	106	5530	16.00
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	17.00
	138	5690	17.00

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<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	149	5745	19.00
802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	18.50
	165	5825	18.50
	149	5745	18.50
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785	18.50
	165	5825	18.00
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	19.00
002.1111-H140 MICSU	159	5795	18.50
	149	5745	18.50
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	18.50
	165	5825	18.00
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	18.50
002.11au-vH140 MUSU	159	5795	18.00
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	17.50

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4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	1	2412	12.92
802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	13.76
	11	2462	15.12
	1	2412	14.38
802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	14.05
	11	2462	14.23
	1	2412	14.21
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	13.88
	11	2462	14.05
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	1	2412	15.69
	6	2437	15.48
	11	2462	15.23

Bluetooth			
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	0	2402	4.75
BR / EDR	39	2441	5.40
	78	2480	6.62
	0	2402	4.69
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	5.32
	39	2480	6.54
BT 5.0 LE	0	2402	4.72
	19	2440	5.37
	39	2480	6.56

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<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	36	5180	17.39
802.11a 6Mbps —	40	5200	19.11
602.11a divibps	44	5220	19.03
	48	5240	19.08
	36	5180	16.19
000 44 - UT20 MCC0	40	5200	18.10
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	44	5220	18.02
	48	5240	18.08
000 44 - LIT40 MCC0	38	5190	16.79
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	46	5230	18.56
	36	5180	16.22
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0 —	40	5200	18.09
802.TTac-VHT20 MCS0	44	5220	18.04
	48	5240	18.11
002 44 \/UT40 MCC0	38	5190	15.86
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	46	5230	17.65
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	14.49

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	52	5260	19.12
902 11a 6Mbpa	56	5280	19.17
802.11a 6Mbps	60	5300	19.03
	64	5320	17.35
	52	5260	18.11
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	56	5280	18.15
802.1111-H120 MCS0	60	5300	18.06
	64	5320	16.30
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	18.51
802.1111-H140 MCS0	62	5310	12.08
	52	5260	18.12
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	56	5280	18.19
802.11ac-VH120 MCS0	60	5300	18.08
	64	5320	16.30
902 44aa \/UT40 MCC0	54	5270	17.65
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	62	5310	16.15
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	13.66

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<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	100	5500	17.97
	116	5580	18.23
902 11a 6Mbna	124	5620	17.66
802.11a 6Mbps	132	5660	17.58
	140	5700	17.27
	144	5720	16.26
	100	5500	16.99
	116	5580	17.80
000 44	124	5620	17.75
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	132	5660	17.68
	140	5700	17.60
	144	5720	16.49
	102	5510	16.07
	110	5550	18.03
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	126	5630	16.66
	134	5670	16.62
	142	5710	16.77
	100	5500	16.95
	116	5580	17.80
000 44 VIITOO MOOO	124	5620	17.69
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	132	5660	17.73
	140	5700	16.77
	144	5720	15.67
	102	5510	15.24
	110	5550	17.27
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	126	5630	17.22
	134	5670	17.16
	142	5710	17.40
	106	5530	15.34
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	122	5610	16.09
	138	5690	16.22

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<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	149	5745	18.68
802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	17.84
	165	5825	17.24
	149	5745	18.14
802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785	17.42
	165	5825	16.82
000 44 - LIT40 MCC0	151	5755	18.52
802.11n-HT40 MCS0	159	5795	17.85
	149	5745	18.18
802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	17.43
	165	5825	16.80
802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	17.84
	159	5795	17.09
802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	16.58

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< Verified Maximum Mode Conducted Power>

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	12.69
	6	2437	13.47
	11	2462	14.89

< Bluetooth >

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
BR / EDR	0	2402	4.72
	39	2441	5.34
	78	2480	6.36

<WLAN 5.2G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	17.16
	40	5200	18.99
	44	5220	18.73
	48	5240	18.83

<WLAN 5.3G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	18.85
	56	5280	19.16
	60	5300	18.95
	64	5320	17.23

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<WLAN 5.6G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	100	5500	17.88
	116	5580	18.13
802 11a 6Mbps	124	5620	17.58
802.11a 6Mbps	132	5660	17.51
	140	5700	17.01
	144	5720	15.98

<WLAN 5.8G>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	18.49
	157	5785	17.78
	165	5825	17.06

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4.6 SAR Testing Results

4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (4) For WLAN MIMO mode, the power-based standalone SAR test exclusion or the sum of SAR provision in KDB 447498 to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion should be applied. Otherwise, SAR for MIMO mode will be measured with all applicable antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

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4.6.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.19	0.132	1.01	1.37	0.18
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Tilted	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.09	0.114	1.01	1.37	0.16
1	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	-0.14	0.825	1.01	1.37	1.15
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Tilted	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.15	0.174	1.01	1.37	0.24
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	1	1	98.9	14.0	12.92	-0.06	0.391	1.01	1.28	0.51
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	6	1	98.9	14.5	13.76	0	0.517	1.01	1.19	0.62
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	2	98.9	16.5	15.12	-0.07	0.687	1.01	1.37	0.95
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Cheek	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	0.05	0.368	1.02	1.09	0.41
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Tilted	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.03	0.277	1.02	1.09	0.31
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	0.16	1.090	1.02	1.09	1.21
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Tilted	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.04	0.496	1.02	1.09	0.55
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	36	1	98.2	17.5	17.39	0	0.718	1.02	1.03	0.75
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	44	1	98.2	19.5	19.03	0.07	1.190	1.02	1.11	1.35
2	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	48	1	98.2	19.5	19.08	0.01	1.220	1.02	1.10	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	48	2	98.2	19.5	19.08	0.01	1.200	1.02	1.10	1.35
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Cheek	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.19	0.392	1.02	1.08	0.43
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Tilted	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.05	0.309	1.02	1.08	0.34
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.03	1.180	1.02	1.08	1.30
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Tilted	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	-0.02	0.454	1.02	1.08	0.50
3	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	1	98.2	19.5	19.12	0.08	1.240	1.02	1.09	1.38
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	60	1	98.2	19.5	19.03	0.08	1.210	1.02	1.11	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	64	1	98.2	17.5	17.35	0.07	0.765	1.02	1.04	0.81
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	52	2	98.2	19.5	19.12	0.15	0.992	1.02	1.09	1.10
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Cheek	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.06	0.358	1.02	1.19	0.44
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Tilted	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	-0.11	0.279	1.02	1.19	0.34
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0	0.878	1.02	1.19	1.07
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Tilted	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.02	0.399	1.02	1.19	0.49
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	100	1	98.2	18.5	17.97	0.02	0.833	1.02	1.13	0.96
4	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	132	1	98.2	18.5	17.58	0.03	1.090	1.02	1.24	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	140	1	98.2	18.0	17.27	0.01	0.880	1.02	1.18	1.06
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	144	1	98.2	17.0	16.26	0.09	0.899	1.02	1.19	1.09
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Left Cheek	132	2	98.2	18.5	17.58	0.09	1.010	1.02	1.24	1.27
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Right Cheek	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.05	0.441	1.04	1.12	0.51
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Right Tilted	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	-0.14	0.338	1.04	1.12	0.39
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Left Cheek	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	-0.02	1.120	1.04	1.12	1.30
5	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Left Tilted	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	-0.11	0.573	1.04	1.12	0.66
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Left Cheek	159	1	96.3	18.5	17.85	-0.07	1.110	1.04	1.16	1.34
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Left Cheek	159	2	96.3	18.5	17.85	0.04	0.795	1.04	1.16	0.96
	ВТ	GFSK	Right Cheek	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.05	0.032	1.09	1.37	0.05
	ВТ	GFSK	Right Tilted	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.03	0.029	1.09	1.37	0.04
6	BT	GFSK	Left Cheek	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.06	0.082	1.09	1.37	0.12
	BT	GFSK	Left Tilted	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.01	0.048	1.09	1.37	0.07
	BT	GFSK	Left Cheek	78	2	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.06	0.073	1.09	1.37	0.11

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4.6.3 SAR Results for Body-worn Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Earphone	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front Face	1	11	-	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	-0.09	0.161	1.01	1.37	0.22
7	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	1	11	-	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.01	0.214	1.01	1.37	0.30
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	1	11	-	2	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.04	0.208	1.01	1.37	0.29
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	1	40	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.05	0.250	1.02	1.09	0.28
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	40	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	0.08	1.030	1.02	1.09	1.15
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	36	-	1	98.2	17.5	17.39	-0.02	0.679	1.02	1.03	0.71
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	44	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.03	0.04	1.090	1.02	1.11	1.24
8	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	48	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.08	0	1.160	1.02	1.10	1.30
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	48	V	1	98.2	19.5	19.08	0.03	1.110	1.02	1.10	1.25
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	48	-	2	98.2	19.5	19.08	0.12	1.040	1.02	1.10	1.17
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	1	56	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.01	0.249	1.02	1.08	0.27
9	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	56	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.04	1.250	1.02	1.08	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	52	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.12	-0.09	1.230	1.02	1.09	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	60	-	1	98.2	19.5	19.03	0.05	1.170	1.02	1.11	1.33
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	64	-	1	98.2	17.5	17.35	0.08	0.739	1.02	1.04	0.78
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	56	V	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.06	1.200	1.02	1.08	1.32
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	56	-	2	98.2	19.5	19.17	-0.16	1.060	1.02	1.08	1.16
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	1	116	-	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.01	0.221	1.02	1.19	0.27
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	116	-	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.04	0.655	1.02	1.19	0.80
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	100	-	1	98.2	18.5	17.97	0.06	0.831	1.02	1.13	0.96
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	124		1	98.2	18.5	17.66	-0.09	0.798	1.02	1.21	0.99
10	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	132	-	1	98.2	18.5	17.58	-0.08	1.020	1.02	1.24	1.28
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	140	-	1	98.2	18.0	17.27	0.06	0.877	1.02	1.18	1.06
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	144	-	1	98.2	17.0	16.26	0.09	0.884	1.02	1.19	1.07
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	132	V	1	98.2	18.5	17.58	0.05	1.000	1.02	1.24	1.26
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	1	132	-	2	98.2	18.5	17.58	0.09	0.891	1.02	1.24	1.12
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Front Face	1	151	-	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.01	0.318	1.04	1.12	0.37
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	1	151	-	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.07	1.040	1.04	1.12	1.21
11	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	1	159	-	1	96.3	18.5	17.85	0.04	1.140	1.04	1.16	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	1	159	V	1	96.3	18.5	17.85	0.01	1.100	1.04	1.16	1.33
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	1	159	-	2	96.3	18.5	17.85	0.09	1.110	1.04	1.16	1.34
	BT	GFSK	Front Face	1	78	-	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.1	0.016	1.09	1.37	0.02
12	BT	GFSK	Rear Face	1	78	-	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.09	0.023	1.09	1.37	0.03
	BT	GFSK	Rear Face	1	78	-	2	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.05	0.020	1.09	1.37	0.03

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4.6.4 SAR Results for Extremity Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-10g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-10g (W/kg)
13	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front Face	0	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.03	0.439	1.01	1.37	0.61
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Rear Face	0	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.09	0.353	1.01	1.37	0.49
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Right Side	0	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.02	0.175	1.01	1.37	0.24
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Top Side	0	11	1	98.9	16.5	15.12	0.14	0.076	1.01	1.37	0.11
	WLAN2.4G	802.11b	Front Face	0	11	2	98.9	16.5	15.12	-0.1	0.437	1.01	1.37	0.61
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	0	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	0.01	0.435	1.02	1.09	0.48
14	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.05	1.330	1.02	1.09	1.48
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Side	0	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.09	0.837	1.02	1.09	0.93
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	40	1	98.2	19.5	19.11	0.05	0.367	1.02	1.09	0.41
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	40	2	98.2	19.5	19.11	-0.03	1.260	1.02	1.09	1.40
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	0	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	-0.06	0.498	1.02	1.08	0.55
15	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.07	1.340	1.02	1.08	1.47
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Side	0	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.09	0.898	1.02	1.08	0.99
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	56	1	98.2	19.5	19.17	-0.12	0.450	1.02	1.08	0.49
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	56	2	98.2	19.5	19.17	0.05	1.250	1.02	1.08	1.37
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Front Face	0	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.08	0.423	1.02	1.19	0.51
16	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.09	0.916	1.02	1.19	1.11
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Right Side	0	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.03	0.676	1.02	1.19	0.82
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Top Side	0	116	1	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.08	0.243	1.02	1.19	0.30
	WLAN5G	802.11a	Rear Face	0	116	2	98.2	19.0	18.23	0.01	0.715	1.02	1.19	0.87
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Front Face	0	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	-0.08	0.462	1.04	1.12	0.54
17	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	0	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.01	0.943	1.04	1.12	1.09
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Right Side	0	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	-0.02	0.869	1.04	1.12	1.01
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Top Side	0	151	1	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.08	0.268	1.04	1.12	0.31
	WLAN5G	802.11n40	Rear Face	0	151	2	96.3	19.0	18.52	0.11	0.915	1.04	1.12	1.06
18	BT	GFSK	Front Face	0	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.03	0.042	1.09	1.37	0.06
	BT	GFSK	Rear Face	0	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.04	0.039	1.09	1.37	0.06
	BT	GFSK	Right Side	0	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	0.11	0.041	1.09	1.37	0.06
	BT	GFSK	Top Side	0	78	1	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.06	0.018	1.09	1.37	0.03
	BT	GFSK	Front Face	0	78	2	76.4	8.0	6.62	-0.04	0.041	1.09	1.37	0.06

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4.6.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
WLAN2.4G	Left Cheek	11	0.825	0.820	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Rear Face	56	1.250	1.220	1.03	1.23	1.02	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Left Cheek	132	1.090	1.060	1.03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WLAN5G	Left Cheek	159	1.110	1.070	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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4.6.6 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Simultaneous transmission possibilities>

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head / Body-worn / Extremity			
1	WLAN 5G(Data) + BT(Data)	Yes			

Note:

- 1. The 2.4G WLAN and 5G WLAN cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 1. The 2.4G WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
			Right Cheek	0.51	0.05	0.56	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
		Head	Right Tilted	0.39	0.04	0.43	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	1.38	0.12	1.50	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.66 0.07 0.74		0.74	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
	WLAN (NII)	Body-Worn Extremity	Front Face	0.37	0.02	0.39	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
1	BT (DSS)		Rear Face	1.37	0.03	1.41	ΣSAR < 1.6, Not required
			Front Face	0.55	0.06	0.61	ΣSAR < 4.0, Not required
			Rear Face	1.48	0.06	1.53	ΣSAR < 4.0, Not required
			Right Side	1.01	0.06	1.07	ΣSAR < 4.0, Not required
			Top Side	0.49	0.03	0.52	ΣSAR < 4.0, Not required

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	Aug. 27, 2020	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1133	Aug. 20, 2020	1 Year
Dielectric Probe Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1076	Aug. 19, 2020	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3873	Aug. 27, 2020	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1341	Aug. 26, 2020	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214638	Jun. 03, 2021	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54510355	Jun. 03, 2021	1Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	Mar. 09, 2021	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	Mar. 02, 2021	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	Feb. 25, 2021	1 Year
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1506002	Apr. 07, 2021	1 Year
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1339353	May. 07, 2021	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	CLOCK	HTC-1	157248	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	COM27RW1A3	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget										
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	(Vi) Veff		
Measurement System								-		
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	× ×		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	00		
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞		
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8	∞		
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	 		
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞		
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞		
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7			
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7		00		
							1.7	∞		
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	00		
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞		
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞		
Test Sample Related Device Positioning	3.0	l N	1	1 1	1	3.0	3.0	35		
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	12		
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞		
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	œ		
Phantom and Setup										
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5	œ		
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞		
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1	5		
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	œ		
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	œ		
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞		
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	5		
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	œ		
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	oc		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	œ		
Con	nbined Std. Uncerta	inty				11.4% K=2	11.4%	101		
Coverage Factor for 95 % Expanded STD Uncertainty							K=2 22.7%			

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

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DASY5 Uncertainty Budget Uncertainty Standard Standard (Vi) Veff (Ci) (Ci) **Error Description** Value **Probability** Divisor Uncertainty Uncertainty 10g (±%) (1g) (±%) (10g) (±%) **Measurement System Probe Calibration** 6.55 Ν 1 6.5 6.5 4.7 R 1.732 0.7 Axial Isotropy 0.7 1.9 1.9 R 1.732 Hemispherical Isotropy 9.6 0.7 0.7 3.9 3.9 œ **Boundary Effects** 2.0 R 1.732 1 1 1.2 1.2 œ R 1 Linearity 4.7 1.732 1 2.7 2.7 œ System Detection Limits 1.0 R 1.732 1 1 0.6 0.6 œ 1.732 Modulation Response 3.2 R 1 1 1.8 1.8 Readout Electronics 0.3 Ν 1 0.3 0.3 1 1 R 1.732 1 1 0.0 0.0 0.0 Response Time R 1.732 1.5 1.5 Integration Time 2.6 1 1 00 R 1.732 **RF Ambient Noise** 3.0 1 1 1.7 1.7 00 RF Ambient Reflections 3.0 R 1.732 1 1 1.7 1.7 ∞ Probe Positioner 0.4 R 1.732 1 1 0.2 0.2 œ **Probe Positioning** R 1 6.7 1.732 1 3.9 3.9 Max. SAR Eval. R 1.732 2.3 4.0 1 1 2.3 œ **Test Sample Related Device Positioning** 3.0 Ν 3.0 3.0 35 1 1 Ν Device Holder 3.6 1 1 1 3.6 3.6 12 Power Drift 5.0 R 1.732 1 1 2.9 œ Power Scaling 0.0 R 1.732 1 1 0.0 0.0 œ **Phantom and Setup** Phantom Uncertainty R 1.732 3.8 3.8 SAR correction 0.0 R 1.732 1 0.84 0.0 0.0 Liquid Conductivity Repeatability 0.2 Ν 0.78 0.71 0.1 0.1 5 0.71 Liquid Conductivity (target) 5.0 R 1.732 0.78 2.3 2.0 ∞ Liquid Conductivity (mea.) 2.5 R 1.732 0.78 0.71 1.1 1.0 Temp. unc. - Conductivity R 1.732 0.78 3.4 0.71 1.5 1.4 œ Liquid Permittivity Repeatability 0.15 Ν 1 0.23 0.26 0.0 0.0 5 Liquid Permittivity (target) 5.0 R 1.732 0.23 0.26 0.7 8.0 ∞ Liquid Permittivity (mea.) R 1.732 0.3 0.4 2.5 0.23 0.26 ∞ Temp. unc. - Permittivity 0.83 1.732 0.23 0.26 0.1 0.1 Combined Std. Uncertainty 12.5% 12.5% 1458 Coverage Factor for 95 % K=2 K=2

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

25.0%

24.9%

Expanded STD Uncertainty

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD., were founded in 2015 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: No. B102, Dazu Chuangxin Mansion, North of Beihuan Avenue, North Area, Hi-Tech Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-8869-6566 Fax: 86-755-8869-6577

Email: customerservice.sw@cn.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check_HSL2450_210630

DUT: Dipole:2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450_0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.766$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.265$; $\rho = 1.766$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.265$; $\epsilon_r = 39.265$

Date: 6/30/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

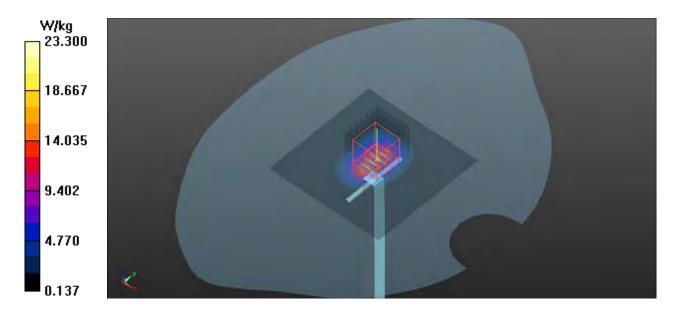
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 114.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.3 W/kg



System Check_HSL5250_210702

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G_0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.725 S/m; ϵ_r = 36.522; ρ =

Date: 7/2/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

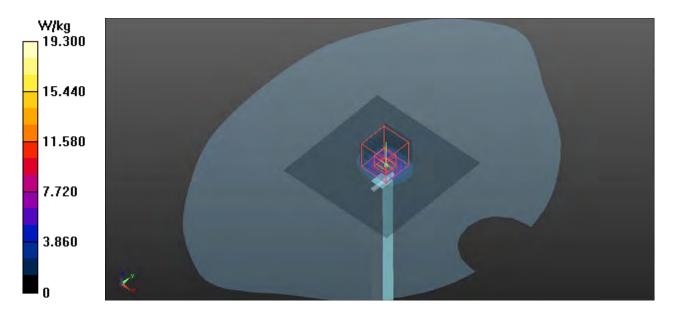
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 63.176 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.9 W/kg



System Check_HSL5600_210704

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G_0704 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.155$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.916$; $\rho = 10.00$

Date: 7/4/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

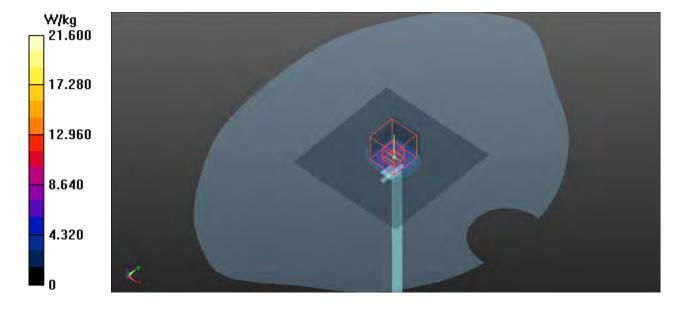
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 64.018 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.54 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.5 W/kg



System Check_HSL5800_210706

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G_0706 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.387 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.545; ρ =

Date: 7/6/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

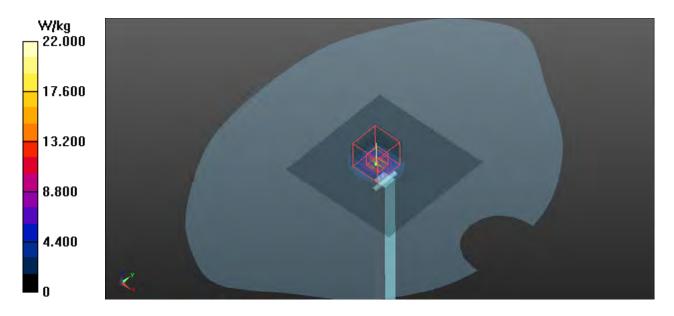
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.0 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 52.609 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.8 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Dec. 24, 2021

Report No.: W7L-211129W004SA02

P01 WLAN2.4G 802.11b Left Cheek Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

Medium: HSL2450 0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.223$; $\rho =$

Date: 6/30/2021

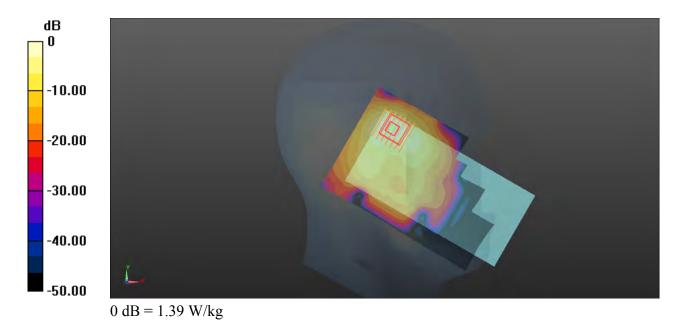
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.374 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.825 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.350 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



P02 WLAN5G 802.11a Left Cheek Ch48

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 4.712$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.546$; $\rho = 6.546$

Date: 7/2/2021

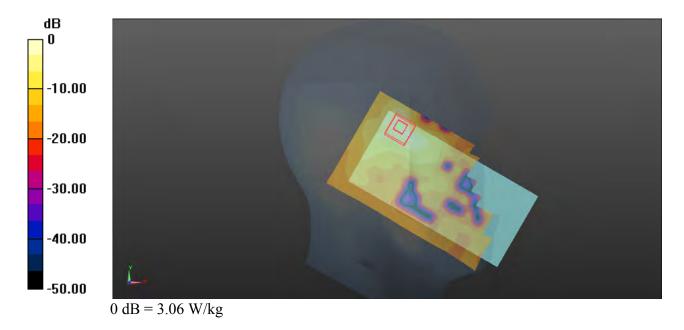
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (71x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.06 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 5.029 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.402 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.00 W/kg



P03 WLAN5G_802.11a_Left Cheek_Ch52

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 4.74$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.508$; $\rho = 6.508$

Date: 7/2/2021

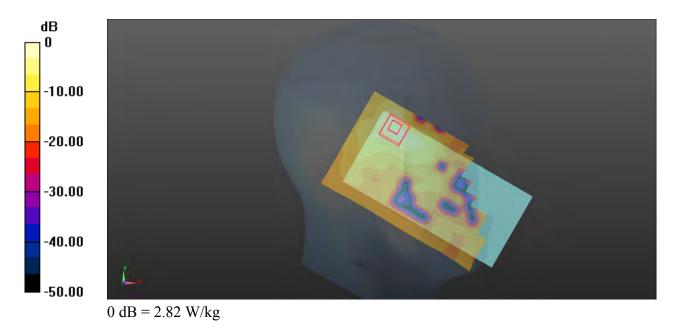
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (101x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.91 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 7.186 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 W/kg



P04 WLAN5G_802.11a_Left Cheek_Ch132

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5660 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0704 Medium parameters used: f = 5660 MHz; $\sigma = 5.224$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.826$; $\rho = 10.00$

Date: 7/4/2021

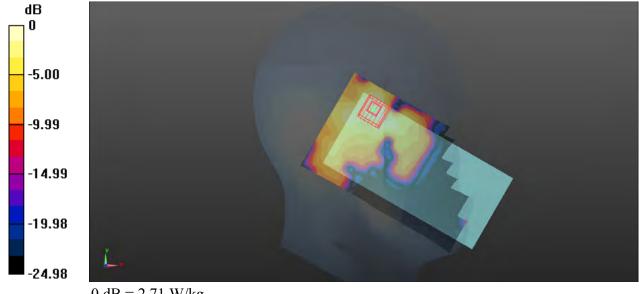
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (71x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.71 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 6.638 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.43 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 W/kg



0 dB = 2.71 W/kg

P05 WLAN5G 802.11n40 Left Cheek Ch159

Communication System: 802.11n HT40; Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.04

Medium: HSL5G_0706 Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz; σ = 5.38 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.555; ρ =

Date: 7/6/2021

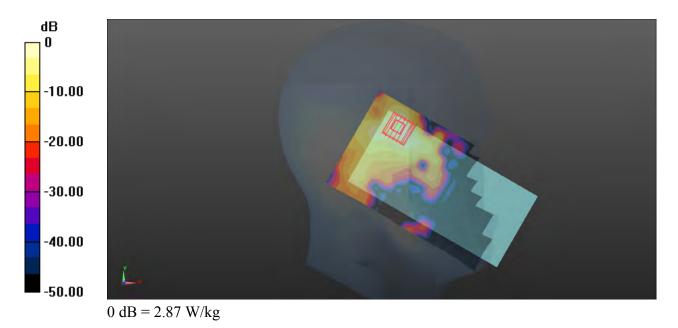
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.87 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 6.167 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg



P06 BT_GFSK_Left Cheek_Ch78

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.09

Medium: HSL2450_0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.797 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.15; ρ =

Date: 6/30/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

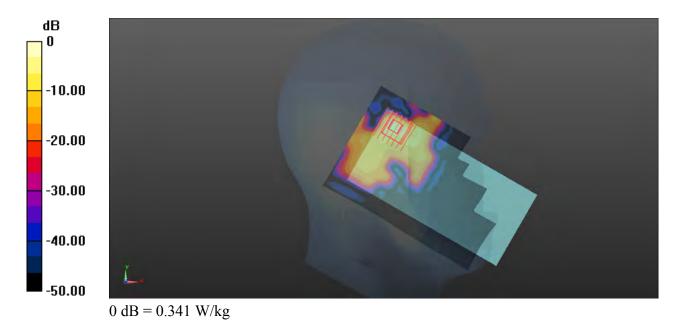
Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.461 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.082 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg



P07 WLAN2.4G_802.11b_Rear Face_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

Medium: HSL2450_0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.223$; $\rho = 1.778$ Medium: $\epsilon_r = 39.223$

Date: 6/30/2021

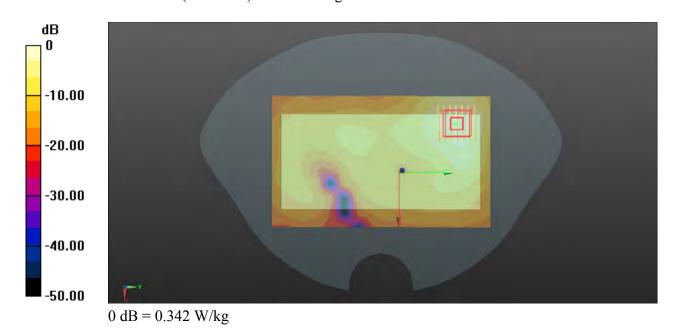
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.126 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 W/kg



P08 WLAN5G 802.11a Rear Face 1cm Ch48

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G 0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 4.712$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.546$; $\rho =$

Date: 7/2/2021

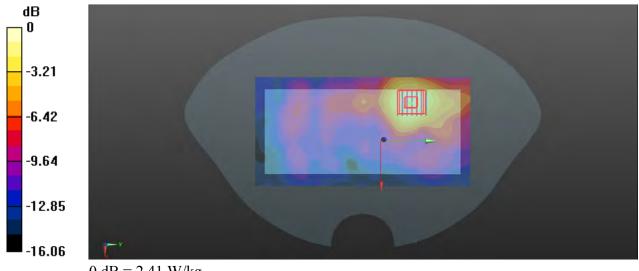
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.41 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 2.735 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg



0 dB = 2.41 W/kg

P09 WLAN5G_802.11a_Rear Face_1cm_Ch56

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 4.768$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.482$; $\rho = 6.482$

Date: 7/2/2021

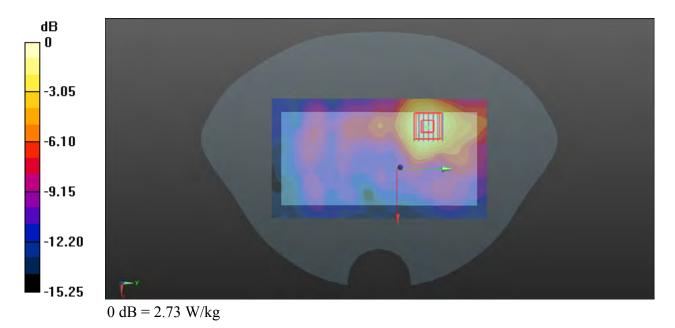
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 2.637 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.99 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg: SAR(10 g) = 0.532 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.532 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 W/kg



P10 WLAN5G 802.11a Rear Face 1cm Ch132

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5660 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0704 Medium parameters used: f = 5660 MHz; $\sigma = 5.224$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.826$; $\rho = 10.00$

Date: 7/4/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

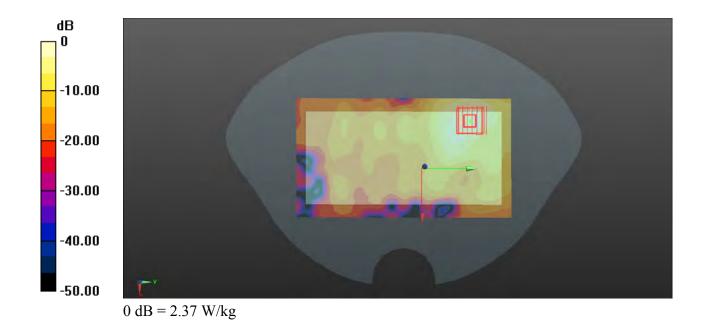
Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.29 W/kg

- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.37 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 2.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.395 W/kg



P11 WLAN5G 802.11n40 Rear Face 1cm Ch159

Communication System: 802.11n HT40; Frequency: 5795 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.04

Medium: HSL5G_0706 Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz; σ = 5.38 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.555; ρ =

Date: 7/6/2021

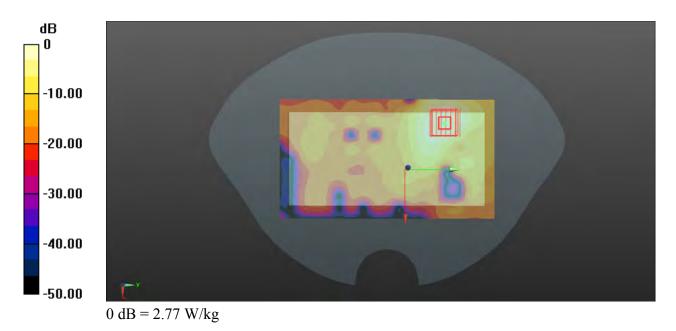
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- **Area Scan (101x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.77 W/kg
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 2.200 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



P12 BT GFSK Rear Face 1cm Ch78

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.09

Medium: HSL2450 0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.797$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.15$; $\rho =$

Date: 6/30/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

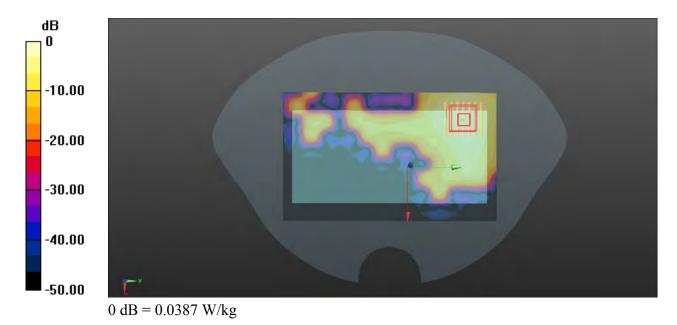
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0387 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0.773 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0389 W/kg



P13 WLAN2.4G 802.11b Front Face 0cm Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.01

Medium: HSL2450 0630 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.223$; $\rho =$

Date: 6/30/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

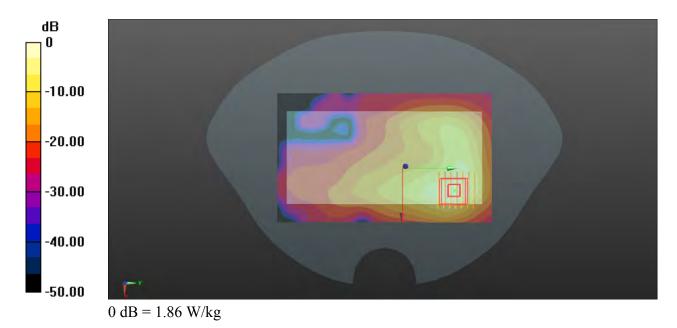
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.86 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.99 W/kg



P14 WLAN5G 802.11a Rear Face 0cm Ch40

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G 0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.668$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.605$; $\rho =$

Date: 7/2/2021

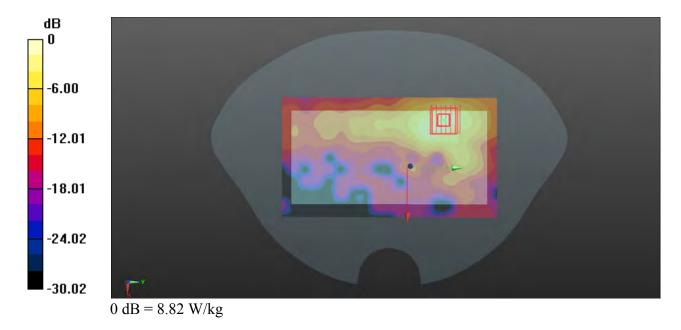
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.82 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 2.597 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.26 W/kg



P15 WLAN5G_802.11a_Rear Face_0cm_Ch56

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02

Medium: HSL5G_0702 Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 4.768$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.482$; $\rho =$

Date: 7/2/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.72 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 0.606 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.77 W/kg

