

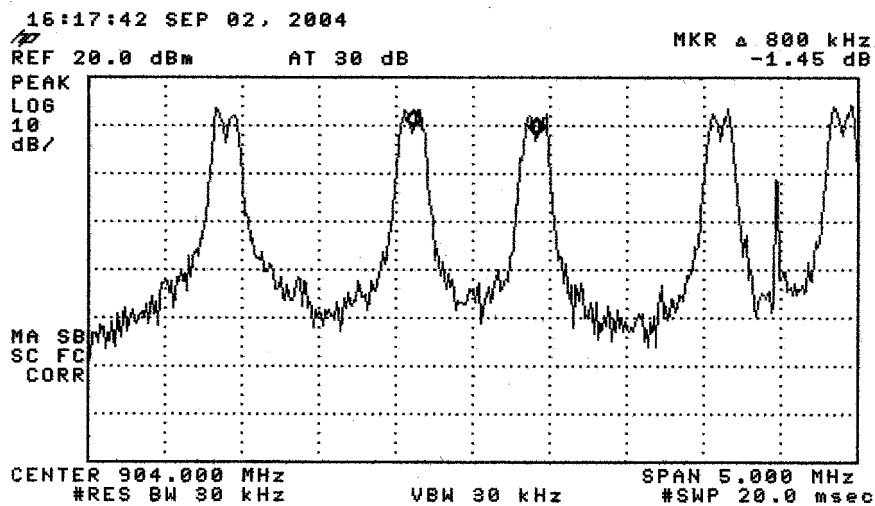
## 12. Test Report Additional Information

The test report containing intentional/unintentional emissions data is attached as "11-TestReportIALabs-DS200.pdf". International Approvals Laboratories generated this report.

Additional data demonstrating compliance with 47CFR15.247 follows. For the following measurements, the antenna was replaced by a coaxial connection to an HP8594E spectrum analyzer.

### Minimum Channel Separation:

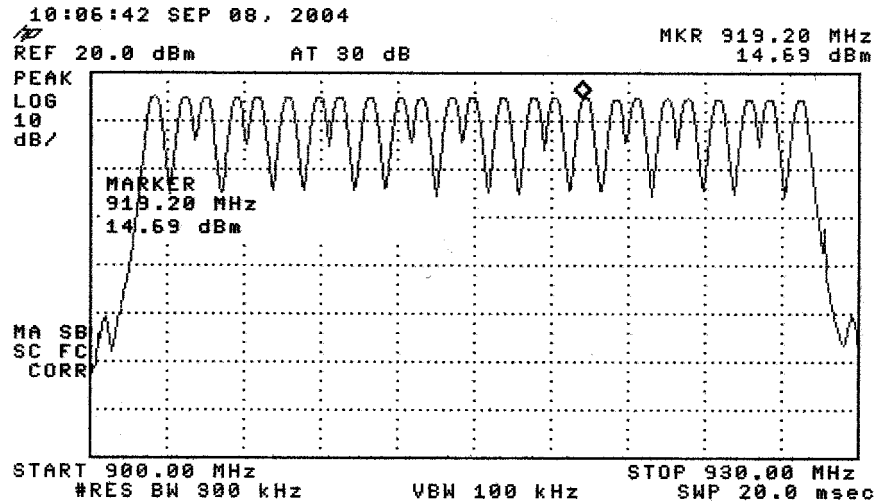
Plot 1 is a spectrum plot showing a minimum channel separation of 800 kHz. Compliance with section 15.247(a)(1) is demonstrated by capturing several transmissions over a small portion of the 902-928 MHz ISM band.



*Plot 1: Demonstration of channel spacing requirement.*

**Number of hopping Channels:**

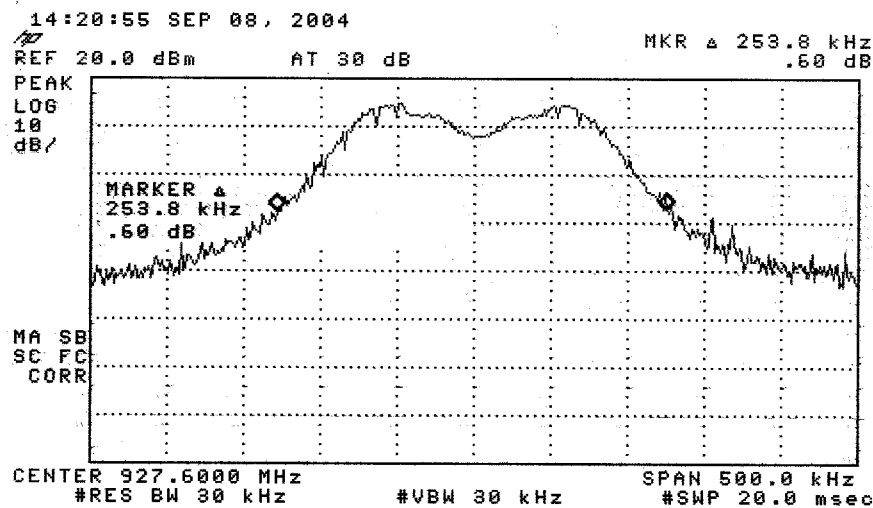
Plot 2 demonstrates compliance with 15.247(a)(1)(i) — Number of hopping channels. This is a stored display of many sequential transmissions to show the overall band occupied by the transmitter. The marker at 919.20 MHz represents the maximum conducted transmitter power across the band.



*Plot 2: Demonstration of 25 hopping channels.*

**20 dB bandwidth of a single channel:**

Plot 3 shows the 20 dB bandwidth of a single channel to demonstrate compliance with 15.247(a)(1)(i). The 20 dB occupied bandwidth is 253.8 kHz.



*Plot 3: Demonstration of occupied bandwidth.*

**Average radiated measurements for harmonic and spurious emissions:**

With regards to average radiated measurements for harmonic and spurious emissions that fall in the restricted bands of section 15.205 of the FCC Rules.

This device uses pulsed operation, section 15.35(c) states, “Unless otherwise specified, e.g. § 15.255(b), when the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.”

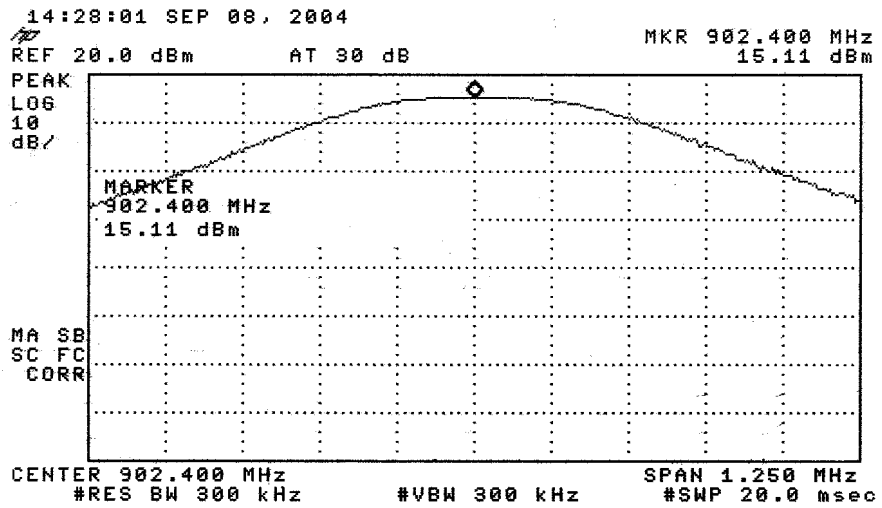
This device transmits for 20ms out of every 100ms and therefore has a duty cycle of 20%. Per section 15.35 the peak harmonic and spurious emissions may exceed the General Radiation Limit found in 15.209(a) by the ratio of the duty cycle, which in this case results in a 14 dB relaxation of the limit from 54 dB  $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$  to 68 dB  $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$  (above 1000 MHz) for the peak measurements shown in the report.

**Peak conducted RF power output measurements:**

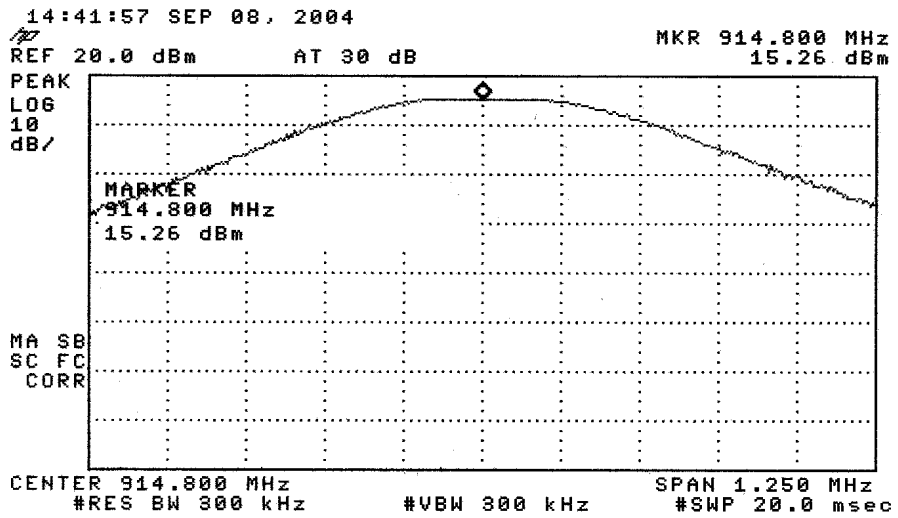
Pursuant to FCC Public Notice DA 00-705, the following measurements were made using an Agilent 8594E spectrum analyzer having the following settings:

Span: 1250 kHz (approximately 5 times the 20dB bandwidth)  
RBW: 300 kHz (RBW > the 20dB bandwidth)  
VBW: 300 kHz (VWB  $\geq$  RBW)  
Sweep: auto  
Detector: peak  
Trace: max hold

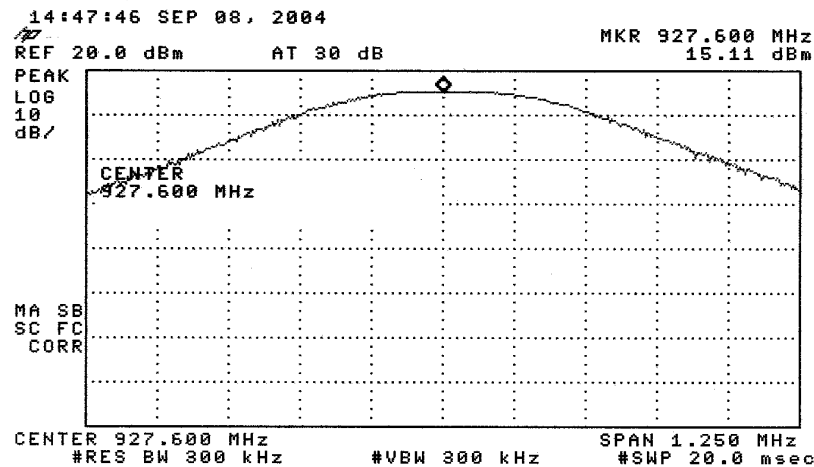
The device is modified so that the antenna is removed and a 3” semi-rigid coaxial cable having negligible insertion loss connects it to the spectrum analyzer. Please note that the device is designed to have an output power of +17dBm however a variation of +1, -2dB is anticipated.



Plot 4: RF output at the low channel



Plot 5: RF output at the middle channel



*Plot 6: RF output at the high channel*

#### **Conducted spurious and harmonic emissions measurements:**

There is no way to measure conducted spurious and harmonic emissions without altering the device. The device was taken to an accredited and listed lab, International Approvals Laboratories, and the relevant radiated measurements were taken using their 3-meter Open-Air Test Site.

#### **Average time of occupancy measurement:**

Section 15.247(a)(1)(i) stated, "...if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period"

To effectively obtain this measurement, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 requires the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: 0  
 RBW: 1MHz  
 VBW: 1MHz (VBW  $\geq$  RBW)  
 Sweep: 60ms (as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel)  
 Detector: peak  
 Trace: max hold

Plot 6 below clearly shows the dwell time is less than the 0.4 seconds required by 15.247(a)(1)(i).

