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FCC PARTS 2, 22, 24, 27 TEST REPORT

Applicant	Dali Wireless, Inc.
Address	535 Middlefield Road, Suite 280, Menlo Park, 94025, USA
FCC ID	HCOHD434NACEHIO4A
Model Number	HD43-4-NA-CEHI-O4HF
Product Description	700, 850, 1900, AWS Outdoor Remote Unit, Quad- Band
Date Sample Received	Nov 25th, 2016
Date Sample Tested	Nov 25 th to Dec 06 st , 2016
Tested by	Sophie Piao
Approved by	Andrew Leung
Report No.	HD43-4-NA-CEHI-O4HF
Test Results	Compliant

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Reason For Change	Reviewed By	Author(s)
0.1	Dec 06 st , 2016	Initial release		S. Piao



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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

BTS	Base Transceiver Station
CW	Continuous Wave
dB	deciBel (logarithmic ratio)
dBm	deciBels related to 1 Mw
DL	Downlink
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
GSM	Groupe Spéciale Mobile, Global System for Mobile communications
IF	Intermediate Frequency
IM	Inter-Modulation
kHz	kilo Hertz
LTE	Long Term Evolution
MHz	Mega Hertz
NF	Noise Figure
PCS	Personal Communications Service
RF	Radio Frequency
RX	Receiver
TX	Transmit
UL	Uplink
WCDMA	Wideband Code Division Multiple Access



1 Overview

1.1 Scope

The purpose of this document is to present test results in the context of a full qualification test report for FCC Part 2, 22, 24, 27 as applicable to the equipment under test. The scope of this document is limited to the tests listed below in the downlink mode.

1.2 Attestation Statement

The device under test does fulfill the general approval requirements as identified in this test report.

This equipment has been tested in accordance with the standards identified in this test report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, these tests were performed using the measurement procedures described in this report. All instrumentation and accessories used to test products for compliance to the indicated standards are calibrated regularly in accordance with ISO 17025:2005 requirements.

I attest that the necessary measurements were made, under my supervision, at DALI WIRELESS, INC. located at 8618 Commerce Court, Burnaby, British Columbia, V5A 4N6, Canada.

Authorized Signatory:

Think Pin

Signature: Sophie Piao Function: Test Engineer Date: Dec 06th, 2016

1.3 Report Summary

Disclaimer	The test results relate only to the items tested.
Report Purpose	To demonstrate the DUT compliance with FCC Parts 2, 22, 24 and 27 requirements for a quad-band digital repeater.



Applicable Rule Parts	FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 Lower and Upper 700 MHz Band: 27.5(c), 27.50(c), 27.53(c, g) Cellular Band: 22.905, 22.913, 22.917 AWS-1 Band: 27.5(h), 27.50(d), 27.53(h) Broadband PCS Band: 24.229, 24.232, 24.238
Test Procedures	ANSI/TIA-603-C: 2004; FCC KDB 935210 D05 v01r01, Feb 12, 2016; FCC KDB 971168 D01 v02r02, Oct 17, 2014; FCC KDB 971168 D03 v01, Jan 06, 2016

1.4 Test Environment

Test Facilities	Tests were performed by Dali Wireless Inc. located at 8618 Commerce Court, Burnaby, BC, V5A 4N6, Canada.
Test Conditions	Temperature: 25° C Relative Humidity: 60% Atmospheric Pressure: 98.1 kPa

1.5 Test Setup

Deviation to the rules	There was no deviation from the test standards.
Modification to the DUT	No modification was made to the DUT.
Test Exercise	The DUT was placed in continuous transmit mode of operation.

1.6 Device Under Test Information

Manufactured by	Dali Wireless Inc.
DUT Description	700, 850, PCS, AWS Remote Unit, Quad-Band Bi- directional Distributed System



FCC ID	HCOHD434NACEHIO4A
	псопрязаласеннота
Model Name	HD43-4-NA-CEHI-O4HF
Operating Frequency	Downlink 728 – 757 MHz, Downlink 869 – 894 MHz, Downlink 1930 – 1995 MHz, Downlink 2110 – 2155 MHz.
Emission Designators	3K00GXW, 5M00D7W, 5M00G7D, 5M00G7W, 5M00W7D
Test Signals	Broadband: representative AWGN test signal with 4.1 MHz 99% occupied bandwidth; Narrowband: representative MSK modulation signal with a Gaussian Filter of 0.3 and a data rate of 270 kbps
User Power Range and Control	There are NO user power controls
Test Item	Production
DC Voltage and Current into final amplifier	48V DC
Type of Equipment	Fixed

1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

Radio Frequency	±1 ppm
Total RF Power: Conducted	±1 dB
RF Power Density: Conducted	±2.75 dB
Spurious Emissions: Conducted	±3 dB



Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and Low Frequency Voltages	±3 %

1.8 Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Interval	Cal Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	EXA-N9010A	MY49061160	3 years	Mar-09-2018
Signal Generator	Agilent	MXG-N5182B	MY53051862	2 years	Jun-27-2018

1.9 Test Procedure

General

The hd43 remote – EUT hereafter, is connected to the hdHost in a manner consistent with a typical installation. A digital modulation signal generator is connected to the TX_IN port of the appropriate band of the hdHost and spectrum analyzer is connected to the corresponding EUT downlink antenna port through an attenuator, nominally 40 dB for the band under consideration.

The 700 MHz (728 – 757 MHz), 850 MHz (869 – 894 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2110-2155 MHz) band was investigated. Measurements were performed with two types of test signals recommended by FCC KDB 935210 D05 v01r01. A quote is shown below:

3.0 Test Methods for CMRS Non-Consumer Repeater/Amplifier and Industrial Booster Devices
3.1 General
Commercial Mobile Radio Services (CMRS) non-consumer RF repeaters, amplifiers, and industrial boosters shall be tested for compliance
with the applicable regulatory technical requirements. Input and output power and emissions measurements must be performed using test
signals that are intended to bound the typical signal space encountered within the CMRS hands. Broadhand amplifiers/boosters shall be tested

with the applicable regulatory technical requirements. Input and output power and emissions measurements must be performed using test signals that are intended to bound the typical signal space encountered within the CMRS bands. Broadband amplifiers/boosters shall be tested using a representative band-limited AWGN signal. The AWGN test signal must have a 4.1 MHz 99 % occupied bandwidth (OBW) (representative of a 5 MHz LTE channel). Narrowband test signals shall use a representative MSK modulated signal, with a Gaussian Filter of 0.3 and a data rate of 270 kbps (representative of a GSM-TDMA signal).

In the tests reported here the LTE and GSM signals were used as the two test signal representatives:

- LTE (5MHz channel bandwidth representing wide band signal) and
- GSM (GMSK modulation with a Gaussian Filter of 0.3 and a data rate o 270kbs representing narrow band signal of about 200kHz bandwidth)



for the mid, lowest and highest frequency for declared bandwidths. The modulation types are described in detail in Table 1- Table 5.

Figure 1-1 Conducted Emission Test Setup Diagram



AGC Threshold Level

The measurement procedure used was KDB 935210 D05. AGC threshold level is measured by connecting a Spectrum Analyzer to the RF antenna port via an attenuator and a Signal Generator to the supporting device -hdHost RF source port.

A GSM signal was generated on the center frequency of the operating band under test. The integrated Channel Power over the channel bandwidth was measured using resolution bandwidth (RBW) equals to 1% of the emission bandwidth. AGC threshold level was determined when increasing the input signal amplitude 0.5dB will no longer cause 0.5dB increase in the output signal amplitude.

Out of Band Rejection

The measurement procedure used was KDB 935210 D05. The Signal Generator sent CW signal sweep in the range of $\pm 250\%$ of the passband. So is the Spectrum Analyzer span was set to. The RBW was set to 5% of the passband. An input signal level 5dB below the AGC threshold was injected. Two traces were obtained, via Max-Hold and Clear-Write. The peak frequency in the Max-Hold trace was recorded and would be allocated for the system gain and output power measurement.

Occupied Bandwidth – Input versus Output Signal Comparison

The measurement procedure used was KDB 935210 D05. Occupied Bandwidth is measured by connecting a Spectrum Analyzer to the RF output connector.

The required measurement RBW is 1% of the emission bandwidth. 99% energy rule was applied to measure the occupied channel bandwidth. The emission bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two frequency points on the channel edge, outside of which the transmission power is attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter output power. The carrier allocated on the center frequency of the passband was investigated with input amplitude 0.5dB below the AGC threshold, for both input and output signal occupied band width. The output was then measured again with input amplitude 3dB above the AGC threshold.

RF Power Output

The measurement procedure used was KDB 971168 D01 Section 5.2.1. The EUT was configured to transmit continuously. RF power is measured by connecting a Spectrum Analyzer to the RF output connector. With an input power 0.5dB below and 3dB above the AGC threshold, respectively, the RF output is measured via Spectrum Analyzer's channel



power function. The carrier was located at the peak frequency obtained in the out of band rejection measurement.

Out of Block Emissions

The measurement procedure used was KDB 935210 D05. The out of block emission was measured under two stimulus conditions. 1). Two adjacent test signal sequentially tuned to the lower and upper band edges; 2). A single test signal, sequentially tuned to the lowest and highest channels within the operating band. The intermodulation emission out of block was produced by the two carrier test signal as well. The peak emission was measured in 100kHz or 1MHz integrated bandwidth within 300kHz or 3MHz span immediate out of band, for carriers below or above 1GHz, respectively. The input power was set with two amplitude levels, i.e. 0.5dB below and 3dB above the AGC threshold level.

Spurious Emissions

The procedure used was ANSI/TIA-603-C: 2004. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental using a spectrum analyzer. For digital modulation, the carrier is modulated to its maximum extent. The measurements were made in accordance with standard ANSI/TIA-603-C: 2004. The input power was set 0.5dB below the AGC threshold level. Simultaneous three carriers were allocated on the lowest, center and highest channels. The spurious emissions were then measured in the above range exclude the operating band \pm 300kHz or \pm 3MHz, in a reference bandwidth of 100kHz or 1MHz, for carriers below or above 1GHz, respectively.

Intermodulation Product Spurious Emissions

The procedure used was ANSI/TIA-603-C: 2004 and KDB 971168 D03. Three tones (modulated) method was used. Two tones are close to each other on the one edge and the third one is alone on the other edge of the passband. The input power to the amplifier was set to 0.5dB below the AGC threshold level by combining the three tones. The intermodulation product emissions were measured in band and spurious emissions were measured out of band.

1.10 Operational Description

Dali MatrixTM is a modular, end-to-end digital RF distribution system. Matrix is implemented in two tiers:

Modular Universal Base Station Interface Tray (UBiT) functioning as a headend Modular digital remote units are for indoor and outdoor deployments.

A single optical fiber interface, based on the CPRI protocol, is used to connect the *UBiT digital Host module* with a number of *hd30/37/43 remote* units, in a star, daisy-chain, or hybrid star/daisy-chain configuration. The *digital* remote units can be installed up to 20km away from the *UBiT headend*. Both *headend and remote units* contain a digital processing section and an RF processing section.

The UBit integrated headend typically interface RF signals with Base Stations via coaxial RF cables or digital baseband signal via optical fibers.



The remote unit hd43, which is the EUT in this test report is a quad band unit with 20 W average output power per band. Bands supported and scope of the requested license is as follows:

Lower and Upper 700 MHz Band: 27.5(c), 27.50(c), 27.53(c,g) •

- Cellular Band: 22.905, 22.913, 22.917
- AWS-1 Band: 27.5(h), 27.50(d), 27.53(h)
- Broadband PCS Band: 24.229, 24.232, 24.238

The band set that particular remote unit support is determined by the type of module that is installed in the unit, each containing frequency of operation limiting duplex filters and RF band specific filters.

It is marketed for commercial cellular applications. All band support broadband 2G, 3G, and 4G waveforms.

To maintain declared output power, and to prevent Power Amplifier (PA) to go into saturation condition, Automated Level Control (ALC) circuitry is implemented inside power amplifier section. The ALC circuitry monitors PA output power via built in average power detector, and if detected output power level is above threshold (set during manufacturing process), introduces attenuation in a PA lineup (PA gain reduction) that is equivalent to power difference between detected power and threshold power, hence maintains output power at level equal to ALC threshold level. The ALC attenuation range is from 0 dB to 30 dB. The ALC threshold level is set 1 dB above the declared maximum average output power, thus to +44 dBm in a case of the hd43 remote unit. Once the output power is detected above this threshold, certain attenuation will be set to draw the output down to 43dBm.

		Table 1	Test Signal Ap	plied	
Modulation	# Carriers	BW/Carrier	Notation	Apply to Test	
GSM	1	200kHz	GSM-1C	OBW, Pout, Out of Block Emission	
GSM	2	200kHz	GSM-2C	Out of Block Emission	
GSM	3	200kHz	GSM-3C	Spurious Emission	
GSM	3	200kHz	GSM-3TIM	Intermodulation	
LTE	1	5MHz	LTE-1C	OBW, Pout, Out of Block Emission	
LTE	2	5MHz	LTE-2C	Out of Block Emission	
LTE	3	5MHz	LTE-3C	Spurious Emission	
LTE	3	5MHz	LTE-3TIM	Intermodulation	

1.11 Measurement Configuration

700 MHz DL Measurement Matrix

Notation	Frequency (MHz)
GSM-1C	728.3, 742.5, 756.7 °
GSM-2C	728.3 and 728.5, or 756.5 and 756.7 ^{a, c}
GSM-3C	728.2, 742.5, 756.8



GSM-3TIM	728.2, 728.8, 756.8 ^b	
LTE-1C	730.5, 742.5, 754.5	
LTE-2C	730.5 and 735.5, or 749.5 and 754.5 ^a	
LTE-3C	730.5, 742.5, 754.5	
LTE-3TIM	730.5, 735.5, 754.5 ^b	
	a. 2 carriers on band edges	
	b. 2 carriers on the one edge 600kHz apart, the third on the other edge	
	c. 200 kHz guard band on the band edge for GSM out-of-block	
	emission test	

Table 3

3 850 I

850 MHz DL Measurement Matrix

Notation	Frequency (MHz)		
GSM-1C	869.3, 881.5, 893.7 °		
GSM-2C	869.3 and 869.5, or 893.5 and 893.7 ^{a, c}		
GSM-3C	869.2, 881.5, 893.8		
GSM-3TIM	869.2, 869.8, 893.8 ^b		
LTE-1C	871.5, 881.5, 891.5		
LTE-2C	871.5 and 876.5, or 886.5 and 891.5 ^a		
LTE-3C	871.5, 881.5, 891.5		
LTE-3TIM	871.5, 876.5, 891.5 ^b		
	 a. 2 carriers on band edges b. 2 carriers on the one edge 600kHz apart, the third on the other edge c. 200 kHz guard band on the band edge for GSM out-of-block emission test 		

Table 4	PCS DL Mea

PCS DL Measurement Matrix

Notation	Frequency (MHz)		
GSM-1C	1930.3, 1962.5, 1994.7 °		
GSM-2C	1930.3 and 1930.5, or 1994.4 and 1994.7 ^{a, c}		
GSM-3C	1930.2, 1962.5, 1994.8		
GSM-3TIM	1930.2, 1931.4, 1991.6 ^b		
LTE-1C	1932.5, 1962.5, 1992.5		
LTE-2C	1932.5 and 1937.5, or 1987.5 1992.5 ^a		
LTE-3C	1932.5, 1962.5, 1992.5		
LTE-3TIM	1932.5, 1937.5, 1992.5 ^b		
	 a. 2 carriers on band edges b. 2 carriers on the one edge 1.2MHz apart, the third on the other edge c. 200 kHz guard band on the band edge for GSM out-of-block emission test 		

Table 5 AWS DL Measurement Matrix



Notation	Frequency (MHz)		
GSM-1C	2110.3, 2132.5, 2154.7 °		
GSM-2C	2110.3 and 2110.5, or 2154.5 and 2154.7 ^{a, c}		
GSM-3C	2110.2, 2132.5, 2154.8		
GSM-3TIM	2110.2, 2111.4, 2154.8 ^b		
LTE-1C	2112.5, 2132.5, 2152.5		
LTE-2C	2112.5 and 2117.5, or 2147.5 and 2152.5 ^a		
LTE-3C	2112.5, 2132.5, 2152.5		
LTE-3TIM	2112.5, 2117.5, 2152.5 ^b		
	 a. 2 carriers on band edges b. 2 carriers on the one edge 1.2MHz apart, the third on the other edge c. 200 kHz guard band on the band edge for GSM out-of-block emission test 		



2 AGC Threshold Level

2.1 Methodology

Measurements were performed at narrow band single carrier for the center frequency within the 700 MHz (728 – 757 MHz), 850 MHz (869 – 894 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2110-2155 MHz) band.

Tabular data is shown in section 2.3 for the all bands. The AGC threshold level is to provide the instruction of input signal amplitude for the emission in conducted measurement address in this report.

The AGC threshold was determined following test method defined in FCC KDB 935210 D05 (Feb 2016) Section 3.2.

2.2 Interpretation

The equipment under test (EUT) is featured automatic level control (ALC), which electronically adjusts the output power not exceed a certain maximum level. In order to align with the measurement guidance, the AGC threshold is used throughout the report, representing the ALC trip point (input power).

At amplitude above the AGC threshold, an increase of 1dB in the input power will no longer cause a 1dB increase in the output signal power.

Table 6

AGC Threshold Levels

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	AGC Threshold (dBm)	Max Output Power (dBm)
700	742.5	GSM	-5.5	43.2
850	881.5	GSM	-4.5	43.6
PCS	1962.5	GSM	-6.5	43.7
AWS	2132.5	GSM	-5.5	42.6

2.3 Results



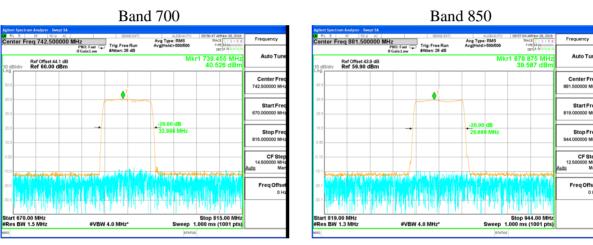
3 Out-of-band Rejection

3.1 Methodology

Measurements were performed at CW signal sweep in a frequency range of 5 times the operating bandwidth centered at the operating band. The operating bands are 700 MHz (728 – 757 MHz), 850 MHz (869 – 894 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2110-2155 MHz) on the downlink – transmitting direction - where the air interface exists.

The measurement procedure follows the KDB 935210 D05 Section 3.3. The input power level was set 5dB lower than the AGC threshold level, so that no output suppression occurred in any of the EUT bands. 20dB down bandwidth was measured compared to the peak power in-band. The peak power frequency was recorded and would be used to check the EUT output power.

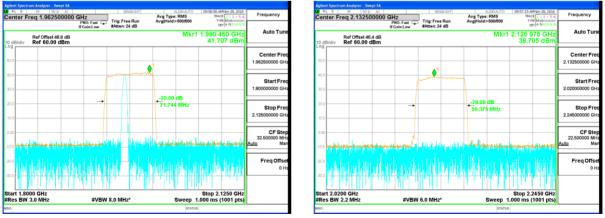
Figure 3-1 Frequency Response of EUT



3.2 Results – Frequency Responses

Band PCS







AGC Threshold Levels



Band	Operating Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	20dB Passband (MHz)	Peak Frequency (MHz)
700	29	CW	32.986	739.455
850	25	CW	28.689	878.875
PCS	65	CW	71.744	1990.45
AWS	45	CW	50.375	2125.975

4 Input-versus-output Signal Comparison

4.1 Methodology

Measurements were performed at narrow band and wide band signal for the mid frequency within the 700 MHz (730 – 755 MHz), 850 MHz (871 – 892 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2100-2155 MHz) band. Measurement method was following KDB 935210 D05 Section 3.4.

Occupied bandwidth (OBW) of input and output signal is shown in Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2 side by side for the four operating bands. The output OBW was tested under two input conditions:

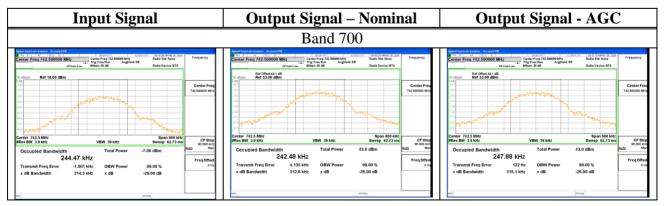
- Nominal: with input 0.5dB below AGC threshold
- AGC: with input 3dB above AGC threshold

A brief summary of applicable FCC specifications is listed in the table below.

2.1049 Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth. The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured

4.2 Results – Occupied Bandwidth

Figure 4-1 Screen Captures of OBW Measurement – Input and Output Narrow Band Signal





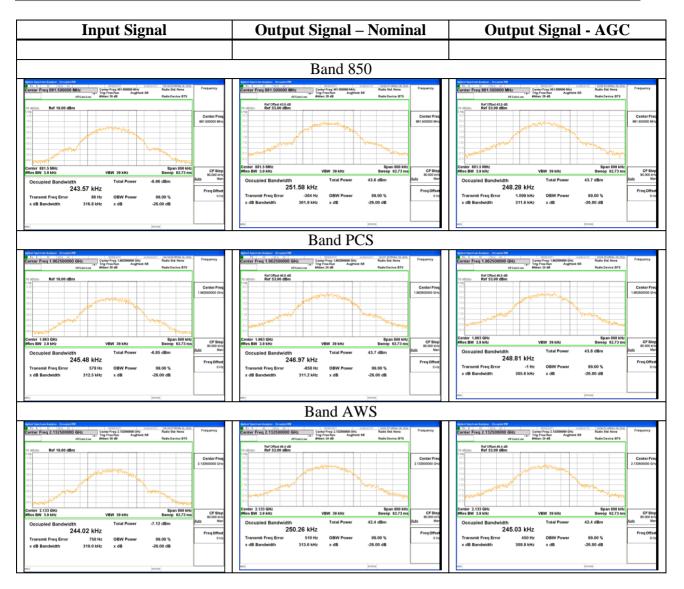
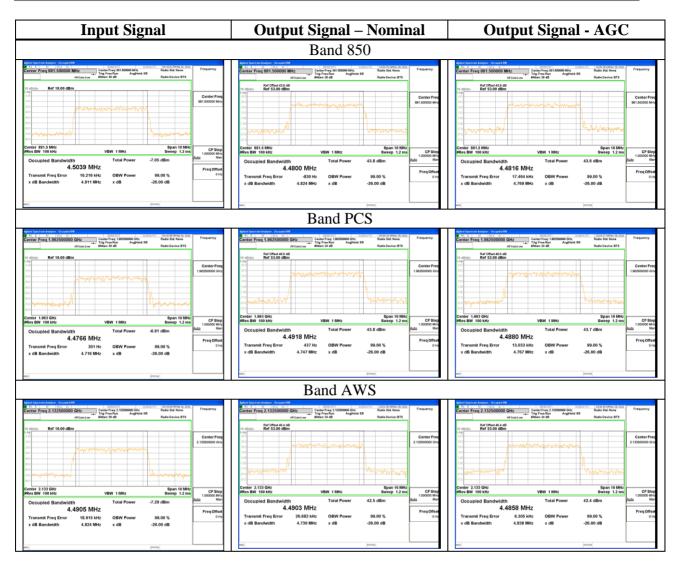


Figure 4-2 Screen Captures of OBW Measurement – Input and Output Wide Band Signal

Input Signal		Output Signal – Nominal	Output Signal - AGC		
		Band 700			
And the formation of the second secon	Center Freq 742.80000 MHz 6400 Min Freq Offset	Mark State Description Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""></thdescription<></thdescription<>	Center 72 3 MHz Bandwidth Total Power 43.4 dBm 4134 Dim Freq Office		
Transmit Freq Error 17.777 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 4.809 MHz x dB -26.00 dB	0 Hz	Transmit Freq Error -11.401 M/z OBW Power 90.00 % 0 x dB Bandwidth 4.774 MHz x dB -26.00 dB	Transmit Freq Error 15.542 Miz OBW Power 90.00 % 0 mi x dB Bendwidth 4.909 Miz x dB -26.00 dB		





Conclusion:

There is no change of the OBW comparing input and output signal. There is also no change of the OBW in the output signal when the EUT is working under AGC active or inactive status. The maximum deterioration observed is less than 3.3% of the input signal.



5 Output Power

5.1 Methodology

Measurements were performed at narrow band and wide band signal for the peak output power within the 700 MHz (728 – 757 MHz), 850 MHz (869 – 894 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2110-2155 MHz) band. Measurement method was following KDB 935210 D05 Section 3.4 and KDB 971168 D01 Section 5.2.1.

Average output power is shown in the Figure 5-1 and Figure 5-2 for the four operating bands. The output power was tested under two input conditions:

- Nominal: with input 0.5dB below AGC threshold
 - AGC: with input 3dB above AGC threshold

A brief summary of applicable FCC specifications is listed in the table below.

```
2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.
```

(a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the

RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

5.2 Interpretation

The peak output power was allocated in the previous out-of-band rejection test. In the case that a full channel cannot accommodate in-band by setting the carrier frequency to the exact peak frequency, the test carrier location was moved inward to the first applicable channel.

5.3 Results

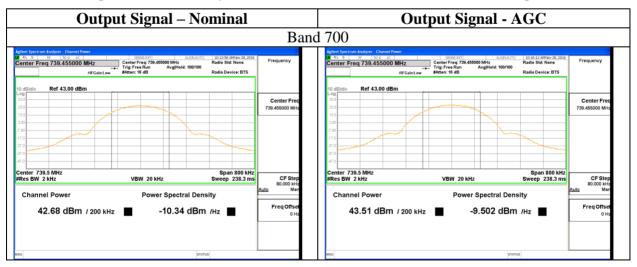
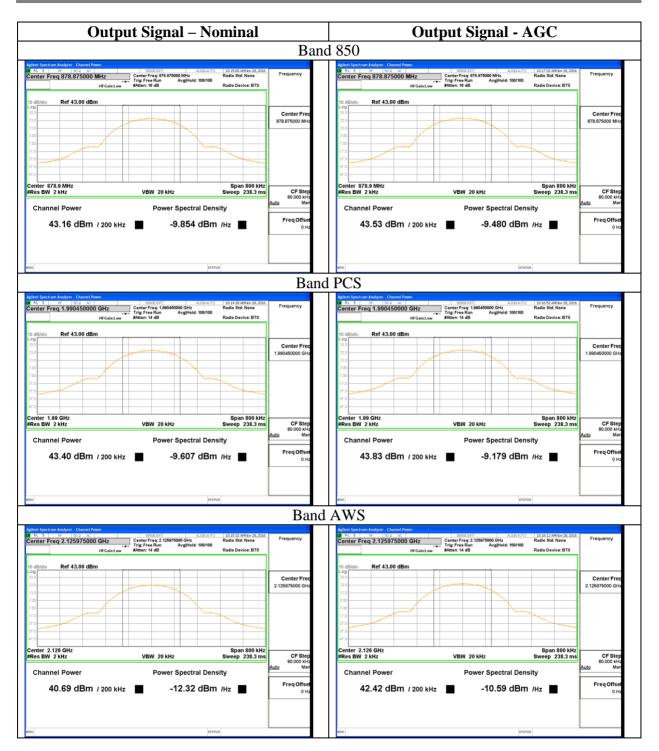


Figure 5-1 Screen Captures of Power Measurement – Narrow Band Signal







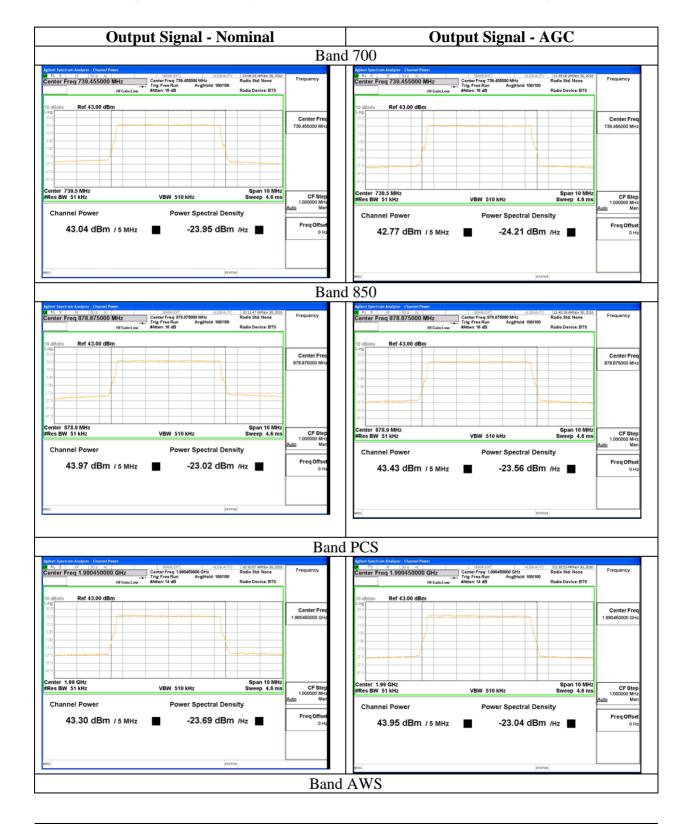


Figure 5-2 Screen Captures of Power Measurement – Wide Band Signal



Out	out Signal - Nomir	nal	Output Signal - AGC			
Stent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power RL S 85 900 AC enter Freq 2.125975000 GHz #IFGaincLoo	Center Freq: 2.125975000 GHz Radio St Trig: Free Run Avg Hold: 100/100	#MNov 28, 2016 f: None Frequency vice: BTS	Aglent Spectrum Analyzer - Channel Power B. R. S. BF. 202 AC Center Freq 2.125975000 GHz #/FGain:Low	Genter Freq: 2.125975000 GH2 Trig: Freq Run Avg Held: 100/100 #Atten: 14 dB	111-12:18 AM Nov 30, 2016 Radio Std: None Radio Device: BTS	
adB/div Ref 43.00 dBm 9		Center Freq 2.125975000 GHz	10 dB/div Ref 43.00 dBm Log 33.0 23.9		2.125975000 GH:	
			130 300 -7.00 -17.0			
enter 2.126 GHz Res BW 51 KHz		an 10 MHz pp 4.6 ms CF Step	Center 2.126 GHz #Res BW 51 kHz	VBW 510 kHz	Span 10 MHz Sweep 4.6 ms	
Channel Power	Power Spectral Density	1.00000 MHa Auto Man Freg Offset	Channel Power	Power Spectral Dens	ity	
40.74 dBm / 5 мн2	26.25 dBm /Hz	0 H2	42.92 dBm / 5 мнz	-24.07 dBm	/Hz //Hz	
3	STATUS	L	MSG	STATUS	·	

Table 8 EUT Maximum Output Power

	Narrow Band Si	gnal Pout (dBm)	Wide Band Signal Pout (dBm)		
	Nominal	AGC	Nominal	AGC	
Band 700	42.68	43.51	43.04	42.77	
Band 850	43.16	43.53	43.97	43.43	
Band PCS	43.40	43.83	43.30	43.95	
Band AWS	40.69	42.42	40.74	42.92	

Conclusion:

The maximum output power occurred on each band is less than 44 dBm thanks to the AGC feature in each band.



6 Emission at Antenna Terminal

6.1 Methodology

All test conditions and measurement procedures were performed in accordance with FCC CFR47 part 2 subpart J Clause 2.1051. Detailed measurement method was following KDB 935210 D05 Section 3.6.

A brief summary of the applicable FCC specifications are listed in the table below.

2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals.

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in§ 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

2.1057 Frequency spectrum to be investigated.

(a) In all of the measurements set forth in §§ 2.1051 and 2.1053, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown below:

(1) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

27.53 Emission limits.

(c) (1) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$

(g)For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

(h) For operations in the 1710-1755 MHz and 2110-2155 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (P) dB.

(1) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

22.917 Emission limits.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.

24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$.

The limit is = -13 dBm.

6.2 Out-of-band Emission

6.2.1 Measurement Configuration

Measurements were performed at narrow band and wide band signal at the lower and upper edge within the 700 MHz (728 – 757 MHz), 850 MHz (869 – 894 MHz), PCS (1930-1995 MHz) and AWS (2110-2155 MHz) band.



Tests were repeated for single carrier and adjacent dual carriers, as defined in 3GPP, on first and last channel in the operating bands.

For each type of signal applied, tests were again repeated under two input conditions:

- Nominal: with input 0.5dB below AGC threshold
- AGC: with input 3dB above AGC threshold

The out-of-band emission was measured within specified frequency range at the edge of the authorized frequency band, 300kHz range for the frequency band below 1GHz and 3MHz range for the one above 1GHz. Normally the reference band width (RBW) in spurious emission measurement was specified to 100kHz for the frequency range below 1GHz and 1MHz for the frequency range above 1GHz. A relaxation of RBW is allowed to be applied to out-of-band emission measurement.

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This is often implemented by permitting the use of a narrower RBW (typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) for measuring the out-of-band emissions without a requirement to integrate the result over the full reference bandwidth. Beyond the specified frequency range in which this relaxation is permitted, it is also typically acceptable to use a narrower RBW (again limited to a minimum of 1% of OBW) in order to increase accuracy, but the measurement result must subsequently be integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

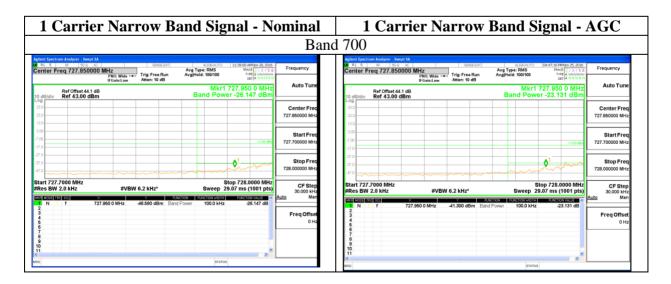
6.2.2 Results

The immediate out-of-band emission measurement is shown in the Figure 6-1, Figure 6-2, Figure 6-3 and Figure 6-4 for the four operating bands.

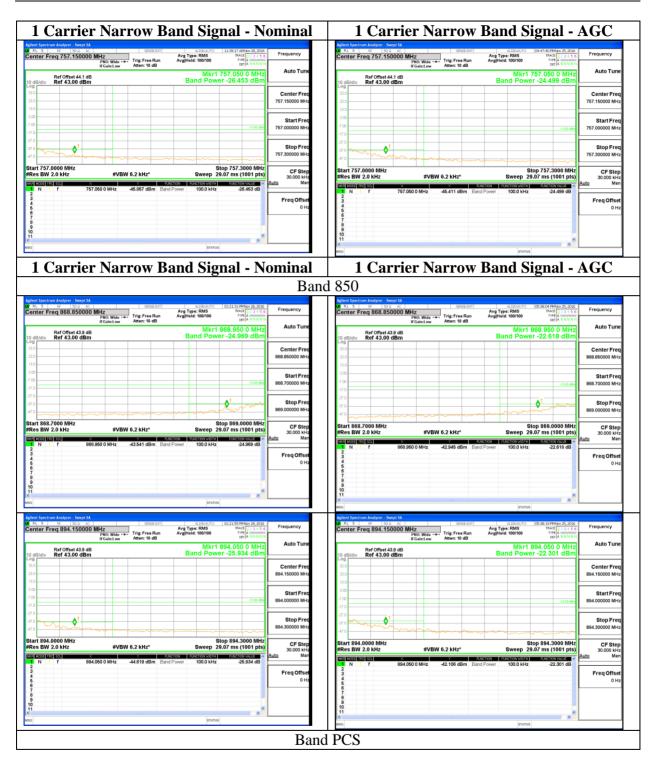
Conclusion:

The peak out-of-band emission caused by any of the following combination – narrow band signal vs wide band signal, single carrier vs dual carriers, and nominal input vs input above AGC threshold - is below -13dBm limit.

Figure 6-1 Out-of-band Emission in 300kHz or 3GHz Range – 1 Carrier Narrow Band Signal Applied on First or Last Channel in the Appropriate Operating Band









nt Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA RU S RF SO Q AC SPREEDOT nter Freq 1.928500000 GHz PN0: Wide -→→ Trig: Free Run	ALIGNAUTO 11:42:47 AMNov 29, 2016 Avg Type: RMS TRACE 12 3 4 5 6 Avg[Held: 100/100 Type: A Manual A	Frequency	Agient Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA ■ RL S 8F 80 Ω AC Center Freq 1.928500000 GHz PN0: Wide Trk	SENSE:EXT ALIGN AUTO 05:19:31 PMNoy 25, 2016 Avg Type: RMS TRACE 12:3:4:5 // 4 vg/Hold: 100/100 TRACE g: Free Run Avg/Hold: 100/100 Trace 12:3:4:5 // 4 vg/Hold: 100/100	Frequency
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		Center Freq 1.928500000 GHz	23.0 13.0		Center Freq 1.928500000 GHz
	-13:00 dbm	Start Freq 1.927000000 GH2	3.00		Start Freq 1.927000000 GHz
	¢1	Stop Freq 1.93000000 GHz	-27.0 -27.0 -47.0		Stop Freq 1.93000000 GH2
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t 1.995000 GHz s BW 2.0 kHz #VBW 6.2 kHz* 1003 100 EE 1.995 500 GHz -50 585 dBm Band	Stop 1.998000 GHz Sweep 290.7 ms (1001 pts) Second Existent Water Power 1.000 MHz .22.578 dB	CF Step 300.000 kHa uto Man	Start 1.995000 GHz #VBW 6.2 #Res BW 2.0 kHz #VBW 6.2 Image: Start Sta	Stop 1.998000 GHz KHz* Sweep 290.7 ms (1001 pts) Outwick Towelowword Outwick Towelowword Oddem Band Power 1.000 MHz -21.419 dB -21.419 dB	CF Step 300.000 kH Auto Mar
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		Stop Freq	-17.0 -27.0 -37.0		Stop Free
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B/div Ref 0ffset 46.4 dB	Mkr1 2.1 Band Power -	155 500 GHz 25.390 dBm	Auto Tune	10 dB/div Ref Offset 46.4 dB	3	Mkr1 2.155 500 G Band Power -23.798 d	GHz Auto Tune
			Center Freq 2.156500000 GHz	23.0 13.0			Center Free 2.156500000 GHz
		-13.00 dBn	Start Freq 2.15500000 GHz	3.00 -7.00 -17.0			2.155000000 GH
⊘ ¹			Stop Freq 2.158000000 GHz	-27.0			Stop Free 2.158000000 GH
rt 2.155000 GHz s BW 2.0 kHz #VBW 6.2 kHz*	Sweep 290.7	2.158000 GHz ms (1001 pts)	CF Step 300.000 kHz Auto Man	Start 2.155000 GHz #Res BW 2.0 kHz	#VBW 6.2 kHz*	Stop 2.158000 Sweep 290.7 ms (1001	pts) 300.000 kHz
	Band Power 1.000 MHz	-25.390 dB	Freq Offset 0 Hz		K Y A	JNCTION FUNCTION WIDTH FUNCTION VALUE	Freq Offset
				6 7 8			

Figure 6-2 Out-of-band Emission in 300kHz or 3GHz Range – 1 Carrier Wide Band Signal Applied on First or Last Channel in the Appropriate Operating Band

