## Measurement of RF Interference from a Transmitter, Model 1A6210

For : Chamberlain Manufacturing 845 Larch Avenue<br>Elmhurst, IL 60126<br>P.O. No. : 851834<br>Date Received: June 22, 2005<br>Date Tested : June 22, 2005<br>Test Personnel: Richard E. King<br>Specification : FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47<br>Part 15, Subpart C



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

PARAGRAPHDESCRIPTION OF CONTENTSPAGE NO.
1.0 INTRODUCTION ..... 3
1.1 Description of Test Item ..... 3
1.2 Purpose ..... 3
1.3 Deviations, Additions and Exclusions ..... 3
1.4 Applicable Documents ..... 3
1.5 Subcontractor Identification ..... 3
1.6 Laboratory Conditions ..... 3
2.0 TEST ITEM SETUP AND OPERATION ..... 3
2.1 Power Input. ..... 4
2.2 Grounding. ..... 4
2.3 Peripheral Equipment ..... 4
2.4 Interconnect Cables ..... 4
2.5 Operational Mode ..... 4
2.6 Test Item Modifications ..... 4
3.0 TEST EQUIPMENT ..... 4
3.1 Test Equipment List ..... 4
3.2 Calibration Traceability ..... 4
3.3 Measurement Uncertainty ..... 4
4.0 REQUIREMENTS, PROCEDURES AND RESULTS ..... 5
4.1 Powerline Conducted Emissions ..... 5
4.1.1 Requirements ..... 5
4.1.2 Procedures ..... 5
4.1.3 Results ..... 5
4.2 Duty Cycle Factor Measurements ..... 5
4.2.1 Procedures ..... 5
4.2.2 Results ..... 6
4.3 Radiated Measurements ..... 6
4.3.1 Requirements ..... 6
4.3.2 Procedures ..... 7
4.3.3 Results ..... 7
4.4 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements ..... 8
4.4.1 Requirement ..... 8
4.4.2 Procedures ..... 8
4.4.3 Results ..... 8
5.0 CONCLUSIONS ..... 8
6.0 CERTIFICATION ..... 8
7.0 ENDORSEMENT DISCLAIMER ..... 8

## Measurement of RF Emissions from a Transmitter Model 1A6210

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION:

1.1 Description of Test Item - This document represents the results of the series of radio interference measurements performed on a Transmitter, Model No.1A6210, no serial number was assigned, (hereinafter referred to as the test item). The test item was designed to transmit at approximately 390 MHz using an internal antenna. The test item was manufactured and submitted for testing by Chamberlain Manufacturing located in Elmhurst, IL.
1.2 Purpose - The test series was performed to determine if the test item meets the conducted and radiated RF emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Sections 15.231 for Intentional Radiators. Testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.42003.
1.3 Deviations, Additions and Exclusions - There were no deviations, additions to, or exclusions from the test specification during this test series.
1.4 Applicable Documents - The following documents of the exact issue designated form part of this document to the extent specified herein:

- Federal Communications Commission "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, dated 1 October 2004
- ANSI C63.4-2003, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to $40 \mathrm{GHz}{ }^{\prime \prime}$
1.5 Subcontractor Identification - This series of tests was performed by Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated of Downers Grove, Illinois. The laboratory is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP). NVLAP Lab Code: 100278-0.
1.6 Laboratory Conditions The temperature at the time of the test was $23.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the relative humidity was $44 \%$.


### 2.0 TEST ITEM SET-UP AND OPERATION:

The test item is a Transmitter, Part No.1A6210. A block diagram of the test item set-up is shown as Figure 1.
2.1 Power Input - The test item obtained 120VAC through a six foot length of extension cord.
2.2 Grounding - Since the test item was powered with 120 VAC , it was grounded through the return lead during the tests.
2.3 Peripheral Equipment - No peripheral equipment was submitted with the test item.
2.4 Interconnect Cables - No interconnect cables were used or submitted with the test item:
2.5 Operational Mode - For all tests the test item and all peripheral equipment were placed on an 80 cm high non-conductive stand. The transmit button of the test item was held down during testing thereby setting the unit to transmit continuously. The transmitting mechanism automatically deactivated when the transmit button was released. The battery voltage was periodically checked to ensure proper operation. The test was performed with the test item transmitting at 390 MHz .
2.6 Test Item Modifications - No modifications were required for compliance to the FCC Part 15 C requirements.

### 3.0 TEST EQUIPMENT:

3.1 Test Equipment List - A list of the test equipment used can be found on Table I. All equipment was calibrated per the instruction manuals supplied by the manufacturer.
3.2 Calibration Traceability - Test equipment is maintained and calibrated on a regular basis. All calibrations are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
3.3 Measurement Uncertainty - All measurements are an estimate of their true value. The measurement uncertainty characterizes, with a specified confidence level, the spread of values which may be possible for a given measurement system.

The measurement uncertainty budgets were based on guidelines in "ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurements" and NAMAS NIS81 "The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements".

The measurement uncertainty for these tests is presented below:

| Conducted Emission Measurements |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | 1.07 | -1.07 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95\% confidence) | 2.1 | -2.1 |


| Radiated Emission Measurements |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | 2.26 | -2.18 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95\% confidence) | 4.5 | -4.4 |

### 4.0 REQUIREMENTS, PROCEDURES AND RESULTS:

### 4.1 Power line Conducted Emissions -

4.1.1 Requirements - All radio frequency voltages on the power lines for any frequency or frequencies of an intentional radiator shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

| Frequency of Emission (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBuV) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quasi-peak | Average |
| $0.15-0.5$ | 66 to $56^{*}$ | 56 to $46^{*}$ |
| $0.5-5$ | 56 | 46 |
| $5-30$ | 60 | 50 |

4.1.2 Procedures - The interference on each power lead was measured by connecting the measuring equipment to the appropriate meter terminal of the LISN. The meter terminal of the LISN not under test was terminated with 50 ohm . Measurements were first made over the entire frequency range from 150 kHz through 30 MHz with a peak detector and the results were automatically plotted. The data thus obtained was then searched by the computer for the highest levels. Quasi-peak measurements were automatically performed at the frequencies selected from the highest peak measurements, and the results printed.
4.1.3 Results - The plots of the peak preliminary conducted voltage levels on each power line are presented on pages 14 and 15 . The conducted limit for intentional radiators is shown as a reference. The final quasi-peak results are presented on pages 16 and 17 .

The emissions level closest to the limit (worst case) occurred at 308 kHz . The emissions level at this frequency was 25 dB within the limit. Photographs of the test configuration which yielded the highest or worst case, conducted emission levels are shown on Figure 2.

### 4.2 Duty Cycle Factor Measurements -

4.2.1 Procedures - The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal.

With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero span width with $10 \mathrm{msec} / \mathrm{div}$. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at
the beginning and end of a word period. If the word period exceeds 100 msec the word period is set to 100 msec . The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on-time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as the (Ontime/ word period) where the word period $=($ On-time + Off-time $)$.
4.2.2 Results - A representative plot of the duty cycle is shown on data page 13. Since the transmitter uses a rolling code, the duty cycle correction factor used was calculated based on the average case. The following average case information was supplied by Chamberlain Manufacturing:

An average ON time is used because of the ever changing rolling code.

## For 100 msec period:

1 msec average sync pulse ( $50 \%$ of the time the sync pulse is 0.5 msec and $50 \%$ of the time the sync pulse is 1.5 msec )

20 digits for a total time of 40 msec , but only half of them are ON (oscillator running) for an average of 20 msec .

59msec average blanktime
The total is 100 msec .
$20 \log 21 / 100=-13.5$
With the test item transmitting at 390 MHz , the average case duty cycle correction factor would be -13.5 dB .

### 4.3 Radiated Measurements -

4.3.1 Requirements - The test item must comply with the requirements of FCC "Code of Federal Regulations Title 47", Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.205 et seq.

Paragraph 15.231 (b) has the following radiated emission limits:

| Fundamental <br> Frequency <br> MHz | Field Intensity <br> uV/m @, 3 meters | Field Strength <br> Harmonics and <br> Spurious @ 3 meters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 260 to 470 | 3,750 to $12,500^{*}$ | 375 to $1,250^{*}$ |
| $*$ - Linear Interpolation |  |  |

For 390 MHz , the limit at the fundamental is $9166.7 \mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m} @ 3 \mathrm{~m}$ and the limit on the harmonics is $916.7 \mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m} @ 3 \mathrm{~m}$.

In addition, emissions appearing in the Restricted Bands of Operation listed in paragraph 15.205(a) shall not exceed the general requirements shown in paragraph 15.209.
4.3.2 Procedures - Open field measurements were performed in a 32 ft . x 20 ft . x 14 ft . high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations from interfering with the measurements. All power lines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The power line filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

A preliminary radiated emissions test was performed to determine the emission characteristics of the test item. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3 meter distance from the test item. The entire frequency range from 30 MHz to 4.0 GHz was investigated using a peak detector function. The data was then processed by the computer to calculate equivalent field intensity.

The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30 MHz to 4.0 GHz . Between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz , a tuned dipole antenna was used as the pick-up device. A broadband double ridged waveguide antenna was used as the pick-up device for all frequencies above 1 GHz . All significant broadband and narrowband signals were measured and recorded. The peak detected levels were converted to average levels using a duty cycle factor which was computed from the pulse train.

To ensure that maximum or worst case, emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken:
(1) The test item was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
(2) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.
(3) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.
(4) For hand-held or body-worn devices, the test item was rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which orientation produces the highest emission relative to the limit.
4.3.3 Results - The preliminary plots, with the test item transmitting at 390 MHz , are presented on data pages 18 and 19. The plots are presented for a reference only, and are not used to determine compliance.

The final open area radiated levels, with the test item transmitting at 390 MHz , are presented on data page 20. As can be seen from the data, all emissions measured from the test item were within the specification limits. The emissions level closet to the limit (worst case) occurred at 2730 MHz . The
emissions level at this frequency was 5.5 dB within the limit. See data page 20 for details. Photographs of the radiated emission test setup are shown on Figure 3.

### 4.4 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements -

4.4.1 Requirement - In accordance with paragraph 15.231 (c), all emissions within 20 dB of the peak amplitude level of the center frequency are required to be within a band less than $0.25 \%$ of the center frequency wide.
4.4.2 Procedures - The test item was placed on an 80 cm high non-conductive stand. The unit was set to transmit continuously. With an antenna positioned nearby, occupied bandwidth emissions were displayed on the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth was set to 30 kHz and span was set to 2 MHz . The frequency spectrum near the fundamental was plotted.
4.4.3 Results - The plot of the emissions near the fundamental frequency are presented on data page 21. As can be seen from this data page, the transmitter met the occupied bandwidth requirements. The $99 \%$ emission bandwidth measurement was 240 kHz .

### 5.0 CONCLUSIONS:

It was determined that the Chamberlain Manufacturing Transmitter, Part No. 1A6210, no serial number assigned, did fully meet the radiated emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.205 et seq. for Intentional Radiators, when tested per ANSI C63.4-2003.

### 6.0 CERTIFICATION:

Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated certifies that the information contained in this report was obtained under conditions which meet or exceed those specified in the test specifications.

The data presented in this test report pertains to the test item at the test date. Any electrical or mechanical modification made to the test item subsequent to the specified test date will serve to invalidate the data and void this certification.

### 7.0 ENDORSEMENT DISCLAIMER:

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

TABLE I: TEST EQUIPMENT LIST
ELITE ELECTRONIC ENG. INC.
Page: 1

| ELITE ELECTRONIC ENG. INC. Page: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eq ID Equipment Description | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range | Cal Date | Cal Inv | Due Date |
| Equipment Type: ACCESSORIES, MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| XZG3 ATTENUATOR/SWITCH DRIVER | HEWLETT PACKARD | 11713A | 2421A03059 | --- |  | N/A |  |
| Equipment Type: AMPLIFIERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APK3 PREAMPLIFIER | AGILENT TECHNOL | 8449B | 3008A01593 | $1-26.5 \mathrm{GHZ}$ | 06/03/05 | 12 | 06/03/06 |
| Equipment Type: ANTENNAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NDPO TUNED DIPOLE ANTENNA | EMCO | 3121C-DB3 | 311 | $140-400 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 02/01/05 | 12 | 02/01/06 |
| NTA0 BILOG ANTENNA | CHASE EMC LTD. | BILOG CBL611 | 2057 | $0.03-2 \mathrm{GHZ}$ | 07/12/04 | 12 | 07/12/05 |
| NWFO RIDGED WAVE GUIDE | EMCO | 3105 | 2035 | 1-12.4GHZ | 09/05/04 | 12 | 09/05/05 |
| Equipment Type: CONTROLLERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CDS2 COMPUTER | GATEWAY | MFATXPNT NMZ | 0028483108 | 1.8GHZ |  | N/A |  |
| CMAO MULTI-DEVICE CONTROLLER | EMCO | 2090 | 9701-1213 | --- |  | N/A |  |
| Equipment Type: PRINTERS AND PLOTTERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HRE1 LASER JET 5P | HEWLETT PACKARD | C3150A | USHB061052 | --- |  | N/A |  |
| Equipment Type: RECEIVERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RAC2 SPECTRUM ANALYZER | HEWLETT PACKARD | 85660B | 3638A08770 | 100HZ-22GHz | 02/09/05 | 12 | 02/09/06 |
| RACD RF PRESELECTOR | HEWLETT PACKARD | 85685A | 3010A01205 | 20HZ-2GHZ | 02/09/05 | 12 | 02/09/06 |
| RAF4 QUASIPEAK ADAPTER | HEWLETT PACKARD | 85650A | 2043A00320 | $0.01-1000 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 02/09/05 | 12 | 02/09/06 |

Cal. Interval: Listed in Months I/O: Initial Only N/A: Not Applicable
Note 1: For the purpose of this test, the equipment was calibrated over the specified frequency range, pulse rate, or modulation prior to the test or monitored by a calibrated instrument.


Page 10 of 21
Hpib cbl

Figure 2


Test Set-up for Conducted Emissions

Figure 3


Test Set-up for Radiated Emissions Vertical Polarity


Test Set-up for Radiated Emissions Horizontal Polarity




ETR No.
ELITE ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING CO.



ETR No.
ELITE ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING CO.
MANUFACTURER : CHAMBERLAIN MANUFATURUING
MODEL : 1A6210
S/N : NONE ASSIGNED
SPECIFICATION : EN 55022, CLASS B
TEST : LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS
LINE TESTED : RETURN SIDE
MODE : Tx @ 390MHz
DATE : 22 Jun 2005
NOTES : .
RECEIVER : HP $8566 \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{HP} 85650 \mathrm{~A}$ QP ADAPTOR
VALUES MEASURED WITH QP DETECTOR USING 9 kHz BANDWIDTH

| FREQUENCY <br> MHz | METER RDG. <br> dBuV | QP LIMIT <br> dBuV | AVG RDG <br> dBuV | AVG LIMIT <br> dBuV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .308 | 25.0 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| .538 | 24.8 | 56.0 | 46.0 |  |
| .904 | 24.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 |  |
| 1.978 | 24.5 | 56.0 | 46.0 |  |
| 3.184 | 24.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 |  |
| 5.588 | 23.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 6.479 | 23.8 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 8.858 | 23.8 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 12.612 | 23.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 15.695 | 23.8 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 17.771 | 23.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 20.688 | 23.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 24.890 | 23.6 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |
| 27.892 | 23.4 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |

Page 17 of 21



MANUFACTURER
MODEL NO.
SERIAL NO.
SPECIFICATION
DATE
NOTES
: Chamberlain Manufacturing
: 1 A 6210
: None assigned
: FCC- 15C Transmitter Open Field Data
: June 21, 2005
: Test Distance is $\mathbf{3}$ Meters


Checked BY: Richard s. King
Richard E. King


