Engineering Test Report No. 2300815-01		
Report Date	April 19, 2023	
Manufacturer Name	Chamberlain Group, Inc.	
Manufacturer Address	300 Windsor Dr Oak Brook, IL 60523	
Test Item Name Model No.	GDO 003-0454-12	
Date Received	April 6, 2023	
Test Dates	April 6, 2023 – April 11, 2023	
Specifications	FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247 Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-GEN Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-247	
Test Facility	Elite Electronic Engineering, Inc. 1516 Centre Circle, Downers Grove, IL 60515	FCC Reg. Number: 269750 IC Reg. Number: 2987A CAB Identifier: US0107
Signature		
Tested by	Nathaniel Bouchie	
Signature		
Approved by	Raymond J. Klouda, Registered Professional Engineer of Illinois – 44894	
PO Number	4900090113	

Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated certifies that the information contained in this report was obtained under conditions which meet or exceed those specified in the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247 and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-247 test specifications. The data presented in this test report pertains to the EUT on the test dates specified. Any electrical or mechanical modifications made to the EUT subsequent to the specified test date will serve to invalidate the data and void this certification. This report must not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Table of Contents

1. Report Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
–	20 APR 2023	Initial Release of Engineering Test Report No. 2300815-01

2. Introduction

2.1. Scope of Tests

This document presents the results of a series of RF emissions tests that were performed on the Chamberlain Group, Inc. GDO (hereinafter referred to as the Equipment Under Test (EUT)). The EUT was manufactured and submitted for testing by Chamberlain Group, Inc. located in Oak Brook, IL.

2.2. Purpose

The test series was performed to determine if the EUT meets the RF emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, and Subpart C, §15.247 for the following:

Transmitter	Technology	Band
Sub1GHz Tx	FHSS	902-928MHz
BLE	DTS	2400-2483.5MHz
WiFi	DTS	2412-2462MHz

The test series was also performed to determine if the EUT meets the RF emission requirements of the Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-247 for the transmitters listed above.

The test series was performed to determine if the Chamberlain Group, Inc. GDO, FCC ID: HBW-0454X1, meets the Class II Permissive Change requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247. The following modifications were made to the original equipment prior to testing:

- Remove BBU Circuitry on 003-0454-9 to create variant 003-0454-12

The test series was also performed to determine if the Chamberlain Group, Inc. GDO, IC 2666A-0454X1 meets the Class II Permissive Change requirements of the Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-247 for Transmitters. The following modifications were made to the original equipment prior to testing:

- Testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013.

2.3. Identification of the EUT

The EUT was identified as follows:

EUT Identification	
Product Description	GDO
Model/Part No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Size of EUT	10.5 in x 10 in x 7.5 in
Software/Firmware Version	126A0582 Rev A 126A0543 Rev 3.6
Device Type	900MHz – Frequency Hopping Transmission Device BLE – Digitally Modulated Transmission Device WiFi – Digitally Modulated Transmission Device
Band of Operation	Sub1GHz: 902 – 928MHz BLE: 2400 – 2483.5MHz WiFi: 2412 – 2462MHz
Modulation Type	Sub1GHz – GFSK BLE – FSK 802.11b – QPSK

	802.11g – BPSK 802.11n – 64-QAM
Antenna Type	900MHz – Monopole made from 20AWG wire BLE – Integrated Meandered Inverted F WiFi – Integrated Meandered Inverted F
EIRP	900MHz – 18.197mW (12.6dBm) BLE – 1.905mW (2.8dBm) WiFi – 398.107mW (26dBm)
Product FCC ID & ISED UPN Number	FCC ID: HBW0454X1 ISED UPN: 2666A-0454X1

The EUT listed above was used throughout the test series.

3. Power Input

The EUT obtained 120VAC 60Hz power via a 3-wire, unshielded power cord.

4. Grounding

The EUT was connected to ground through the third wire of its input power cord.

5. Support Equipment

The EUT was submitted for testing along with the following support equipment:

Description	Model #	S/N
Chamberlain Support Laptop	---	---

6. Interconnect Leads

The following interconnect cables were submitted with the test item:

Item	Description
USB/Micro USB	Connects Laptop to EUT

7. Modifications Made to the EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT during the testing.

8. Modes of Operation

The EUT and all peripheral equipment were energized. The unit was programmed to transmit in one of the following modes:

Mode	Description
WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz	The EUT was programmed with the UP_mptool software via the support laptop. The applicable com port was chosen, and the Testing Item was set to Continuous Tx. The Data Channel was set to 6. The Data Rate was set to CCK11M. The Tx Power Index was set to 93.
WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz	The EUT was programmed with the UP_mptool software via the support laptop. The applicable com port was chosen, and the Testing Item was set to Continuous Tx. The Data Channel was set to 1. The Data Rate was set to OFDM54M. The Tx Power Index was set to 103.
WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz	The EUT was programmed with the UP_mptool software via the support laptop. The applicable com port was chosen, and the Testing Item was set to Continuous Tx. The Data Channel was set to 1. The Data Rate was set to MCS7. The Tx Power Index was set to 99.
BLE @ 2402MHz	The EUT was programmed with the Tera Term software. The EUT was connected in Serial mode through the applicable com port. Once the speed was set to 115200, the EUT was power cycled. The following commands were input: - ATM2=bt_power,on - ATM2=gnt_bt,bt - ATM2=bridge Tera Term was closed and the RTLBLAPP software was opened. The following settings were chosen: - Port > Applicable com port - Baudrate > 115200 - Power Tracking: OFF - Tx Power of LE1M/LR > 0x23 - Tx Power of LE2M > 0x23 - Tx Gain K > 0x0A - Le Test Channel > 0
Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz	The EUT was programmed with the Janus_cli software via the support laptop. The following commands were input: - connect comX (X being the applicable Com port) - system UpdateSystemTestMode 1 - system UpdateSystemTestMode 3 - radiotest RadioTestEnable - radiotest RadioTestStart 6 25 0 0 (25 denoted the mid channel at 914.75MHz)

9. Test Specifications

The tests were performed to selected portions of, and in accordance with, the test specifications.

- Federal Communications Commission "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 47, Chapter I, Subchapter A, Part 15, Subpart C

- ANSI C63.4-2014, “American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz”

- ANSI C63.10-2013, “American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices”

- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology Laboratory Division, Guidance For Compliance Measurements On Digital Transmission Systems, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, and Hybrid System Devices Operating Under Section 15.247 April 2, 2019 KDB 558074 D01v05r02

- RSS-Gen Issue 5, February 2020, Amendment 2, Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, “General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus”

- RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017, “Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and License-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices”

10. Test Plan

No test plan was provided. Instructions were provided by personnel from Chamberlain Group, Inc. and used in conjunction with the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247, Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-247, and ANSI C63.4-2014 specifications.

11. Deviation, Additions to, or Exclusions from Test Specifications

There were no deviations, additions to, or exclusions from the test specifications during this test series.

12. Laboratory Conditions

The ambient parameters of the laboratory during testing were as follows:

Ambient Parameters	Value
Temperature	22.4°C
Relative Humidity	24%
Atmospheric Pressure	1028.5mb

13. Summary

The following EMC tests were performed, and the results are shown below:

Test Description	Requirements	Test Method	S/N	Results
Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP)	FCC 15.247 ISED RSS-247	ANSI C63.10:2013	Sample 1	Conforms
Duty Cycle Factor Measurements	FCC 15.247 ISED RSS-247	ANSI C63.10:2013	Sample 1	—
Spurious Radiated Emissions	FCC 15.247 ISED RSS-247	ANSI C63.10:2013	Sample 1	Conforms

14. Sample Calculations

For Powerline Conducted Emissions:

The resultant voltage level (VL) is a summation in decibels (dB) of the receiver meter reading (MTR) and the cable loss factor (CF).

Formula 1: VL (dBµV) = MTR (dBµV) + CF (dB).

For Radiated Emissions:

The resultant field strength (FS) is a summation in decibels (dB) of the receiver meter reading (MTR), the antenna correction factor (AF), and the cable loss factor (CF). If an external preamplifier is used, the total is reduced by its gain (-PA). If a distance correction (DC) is required, it is added to the total.

Formula 1: FS (dBµV/m) = MTR (dBµV) + AF (dB/m) + CF (dB) + (- PA (dB)) + DC (dB)

To convert the Field Strength dBµV/m term to µV/m, the dBµV/m is first divided by 20. The Base 10 AntiLog is taken of this quotient. The result is the Field Strength value in µV/m terms.

Formula 2: FS (µV/m) = AntiLog [(FS (dBµV/m))/20]

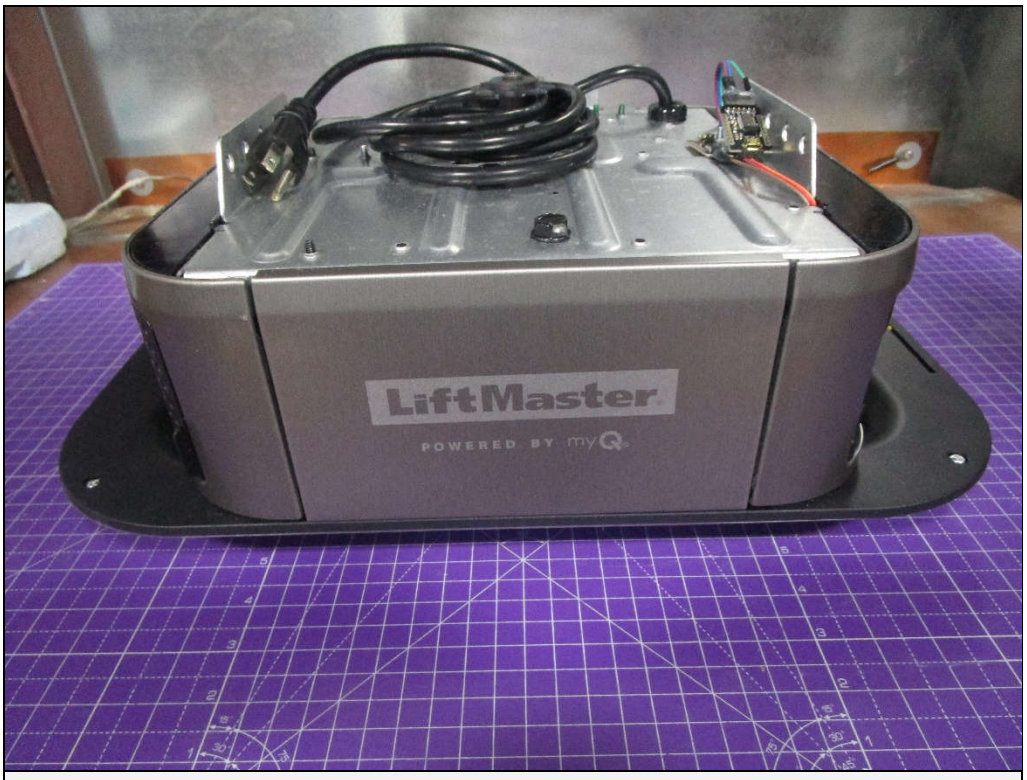
15. Statement of Conformity

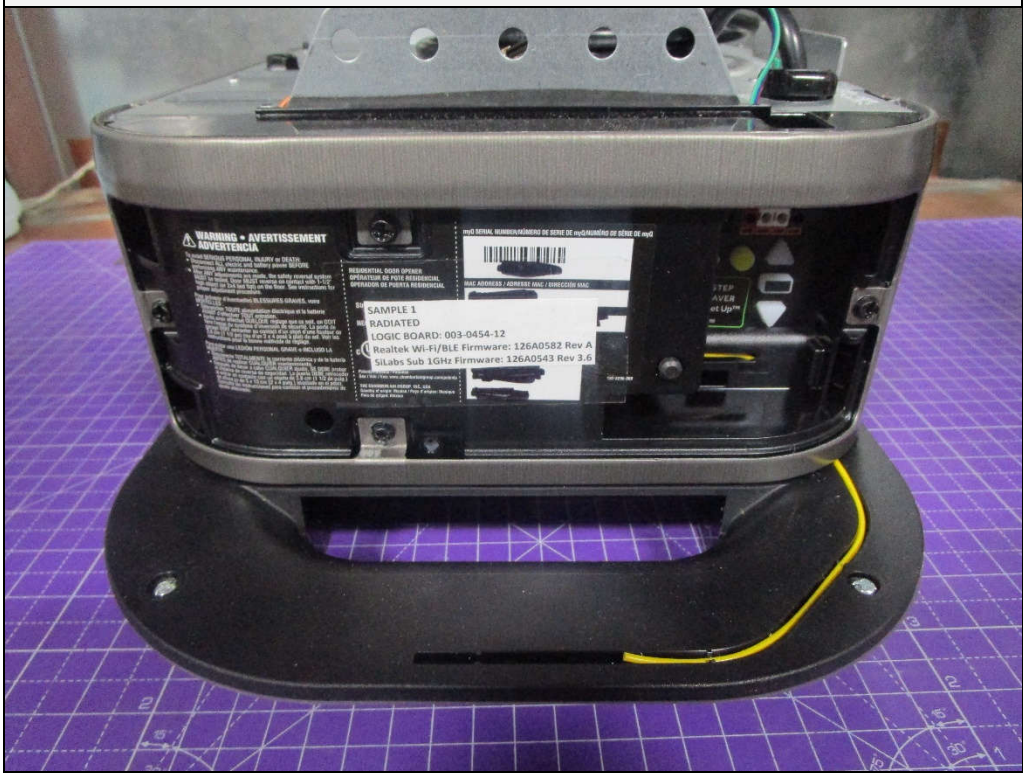
The Chamberlain Group, Inc. GDO (Model No. 003-0454-12, Serial No. Sample 1) did fully conform to the selected requirements of FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247 and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-247.

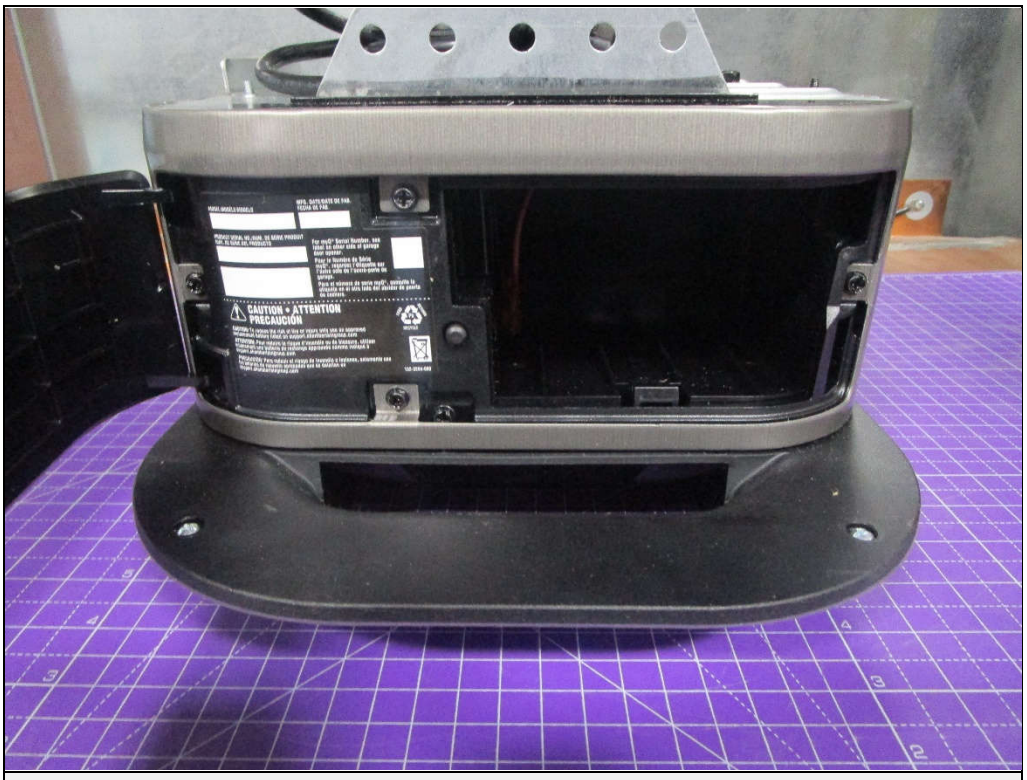
16. Certification

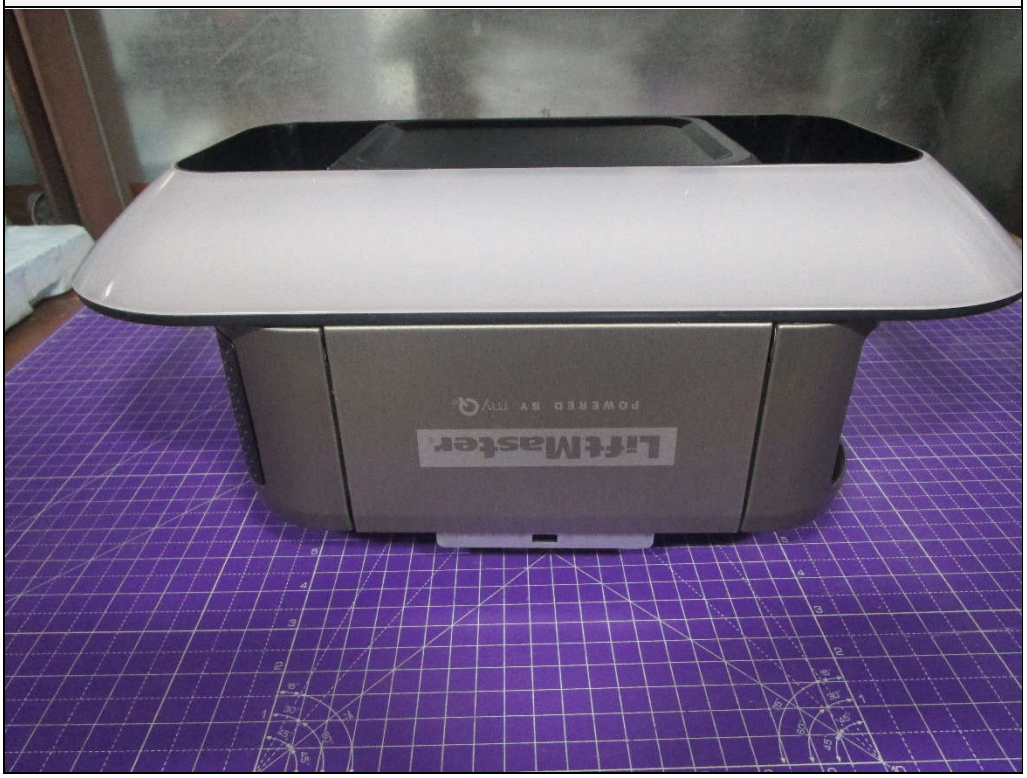
Elite Electronic Engineering Incorporated certifies that the information contained in this report was obtained under conditions which meet or exceed those specified in the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247 and Innovation, Science, and Economic Development Canada, RSS-247 test specifications. The data presented in this test report pertains to the EUT on the test date specified. Any electrical or mechanical modifications made to the EUT subsequent to the specified test date will serve to invalidate the data and void this certification.

17. Photographs of EUT






CAUTION • ATTENTION
PRECAUCIÓN


LiftMaster
POWERED BY myQ

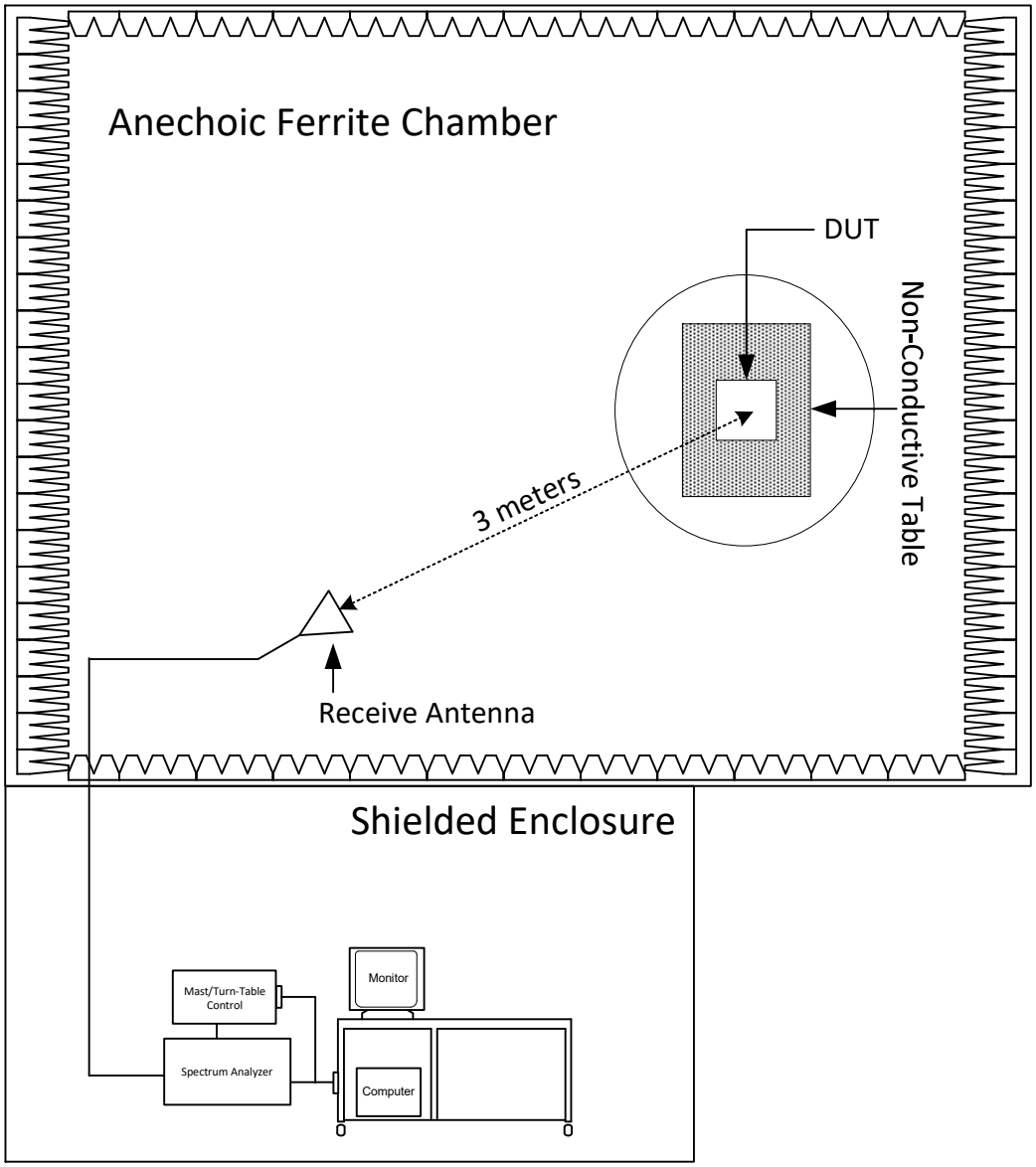
18. Equipment List

Eq ID	Equipment Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range	Cal Date	Due Date
APW10	PREAMPLIFIER	PMI	PE2-35-120-5R0-10-12-SFF	PL11685/1241	1GHZ-20GHZ	3/10/2023	3/10/2024
CDZ4	LAB WORKSTATION	ELITE	LWS-10		WINDOWS 10	CNR	
NSDS1	UNIVERSAL SPHERICAL DIPOLE SOURCE	AET	USDS-H	AET-1116		NOTE 1	
NTA4	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	6112D	46660	20-2000GHZ	10/26/2022	10/26/2024
NWQ0	DOUBLE RIDGED WAVEGUIDE ANTENNA	ETS LINDGREN	3117	66657	1GHZ-18GHZ	6/13/2022	6/13/2023
R21F	3M ANECHOIC CHAMBER NSA	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	3M ANECHOIC		30MHZ-18GHZ	3/1/2023	3/1/2024
RBG3	EMI ANALYZER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESW44	101592	2HZ-44GHZ	4/7/2022	5/7/2023
SHC2	Power Supplies	HENGFU	HF60W-SL-24	A11372702	24V	NOTE 1	
WKA1	SOFTWARE, UNIVERSAL RCV EMI	ELITE	UNIV_RCV_EMI	1	---	I/O	
XPQ8	HIGH PASS FILTER	K&L MICROWAVE	4IH30-1804/T10000-0	6	1.8-10GHZ	2/2/2023	2/2/2025
XPR0	HIGH PASS FILTER	K&L MICROWAVE	11SH10-4800/X20000	001	4.8-20GHZ	9/7/2021	9/7/2023

N/A: Not Applicable I/O: Initial Only CNR: Calibration Not Required

NOTE 1: For the purpose of this test, the equipment was calibrated over the specified frequency range, pulse rate, or modulation prior to the test or monitored by a calibrated instrument.

19. Block Diagram of Test Setup

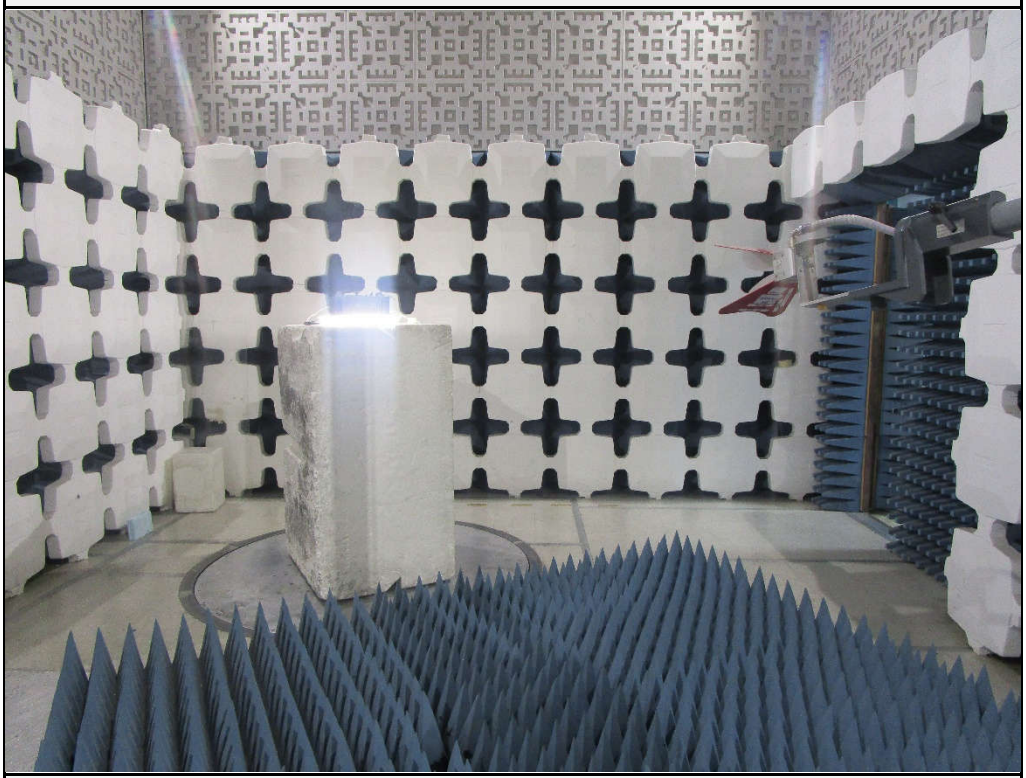


Radiated Measurements Test Setup

Test Setup for Spurious Radiated Emissions, 30MHz – 1GHz – Antenna Polarization Horizontal

Test Setup for Spurious Radiated Emissions, 30MHz – 1GHz – Antenna Polarization Vertical

Test Setup for Spurious Radiated Emissions, 1 – 18GHz – Antenna Polarization Horizontal



Test Setup for Spurious Radiated Emissions, 1 – 18GHz – Antenna Polarization Vertical

20. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) (900MHz)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) Above 1GHz: Double-ridged waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Requirements
The output power shall not exceed 4W (36dBm).

Procedure
The EUT was placed on the non-conductive stand and set to transmit. A bilog antenna was placed at a test distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to greater than the 20dB bandwidth. The span was set to approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth. The EUT was maximized for worst case emissions (or maximum output power) at the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The peak power output was measured for the low, middle, and high hopping frequencies. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power, a dipole antenna (double ridged waveguide antenna for all measurements above 1GHz) was then set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was then corrected to compensate for cable loss (and antenna gain for all measurements above 1GHz), as required. The peak power output was calculated for low, middle, and high hopping frequencies.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Result	Max EIRP = 18.197mW (12.6dBm)
Notes	None

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Wide BW Meter Reading (dBµV)	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
914.75	H	79.5	2.1	26.4	0.0	107.9	12.6	36.0	-23.4
	V	78.2	2.1	26.4	0.0	106.6	11.3	36.0	-24.7

21. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) (BLE)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) Above 1GHz: Double-ridged waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Requirements
The output power shall not exceed 4W (36dBm).

Procedure
The EUT was placed on the non-conductive stand and set to transmit. A waveguide antenna was placed at a test distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to greater than the 6dB bandwidth. The EUT was maximized for worst case emissions (or maximum output power) at the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The peak power output was measured for the low, middle, and high channels. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power, a dipole antenna (double ridged waveguide antenna for all measurements above 1GHz) was then set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was then corrected to compensate for cable loss (and antenna gain for all measurements above 1GHz), as required. The peak power output was calculated for low, middle, and high hopping frequencies.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Result	Max EIRP = 1.905mW (2.8dBm)
Notes	None

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Wide BW Meter Reading (dBµV)	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2402.00	H	57.5	3.4	32.5	0.0	93.5	-1.8	36.0	-37.8
	V	62.2	3.4	32.5	0.0	98.1	2.8	36.0	-33.2

22. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) (Wi-Fi 802.11b)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) Above 1GHz: Double-ridged waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Requirements
The output power shall not exceed 4W (36dBm).

Procedure
The EUT was placed on the non-conductive stand and set to transmit. A double ridged waveguide antenna was placed at a test distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to greater than the 6dB bandwidth. The EUT was maximized for worst case emissions (or maximum output power) at the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The peak power output was measured for the low, middle, and high channels. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power, a dipole antenna (double ridged waveguide antenna for all measurements above 1GHz) was then set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was then corrected to compensate for cable loss (and antenna gain for all measurements above 1GHz), as required. The peak power output was calculated for low, middle, and high hopping frequencies.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz
Result	Max EIRP = 138 mW (21.4dBm)
Notes	None

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Wide BW Meter Reading (dBµV)	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2437.00	H	74.4	3.5	32.7	0.0	110.6	15.3	36.0	-20.7
	V	80.5	3.5	32.7	0.0	116.7	21.4	36.0	-14.6

23. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) (Wi-Fi 802.11g)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) Above 1GHz: Double-ridged waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Requirements
The output power shall not exceed 4W (36dBm).

Procedure
The EUT was placed on the non-conductive stand and set to transmit. A double ridged waveguide antenna was placed at a test distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to greater than the 6dB bandwidth. The EUT was maximized for worst case emissions (or maximum output power) at the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The peak power output was measured for the low, middle, and high channels. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power, a dipole antenna (double ridged waveguide antenna for all measurements above 1GHz) was then set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was then corrected to compensate for cable loss (and antenna gain for all measurements above 1GHz), as required. The peak power output was calculated for low, middle, and high hopping frequencies.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz
Result	Max EIRP = 398 mW (26dBm)
Notes	None

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Wide BW Meter Reading (dBµV)	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2412.00	H	77.9	3.4	32.6	0.0	113.9	18.6	36.0	-17.4
	V	85.3	3.4	32.6	0.0	121.3	26.0	36.0	-10.0

24. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) (Wi-Fi 802.11n)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) Above 1GHz: Double-ridged waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Requirements
The output power shall not exceed 4W (36dBm).

Procedure
The EUT was placed on the non-conductive stand and set to transmit. A double ridged waveguide antenna was placed at a test distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) of the spectrum analyzer was set to greater than the 6dB bandwidth. The EUT was maximized for worst case emissions (or maximum output power) at the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The peak power output was measured for the low, middle, and high channels. The equivalent power was determined from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters using the substitution method. To determine the emission power, a dipole antenna (double ridged waveguide antenna for all measurements above 1GHz) was then set in place of the EUT and connected to a calibrated signal generator. The output of the signal generator was adjusted to match the received level at the spectrum analyzer. The signal level was recorded. The reading was then corrected to compensate for cable loss (and antenna gain for all measurements above 1GHz), as required. The peak power output was calculated for low, middle, and high hopping frequencies.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz
Result	Max EIRP = 347mW (25.4dBm)
Notes	None

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Wide BW Meter Reading (dBµV)	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total (dBµV/m)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
2412.00	H	78.5	3.4	32.6	0.0	114.5	19.2	36.0	-16.8
	V	84.7	3.4	32.6	0.0	120.7	25.4	36.0	-10.6

25. Duty Cycle Factor Measurements (900MHz)

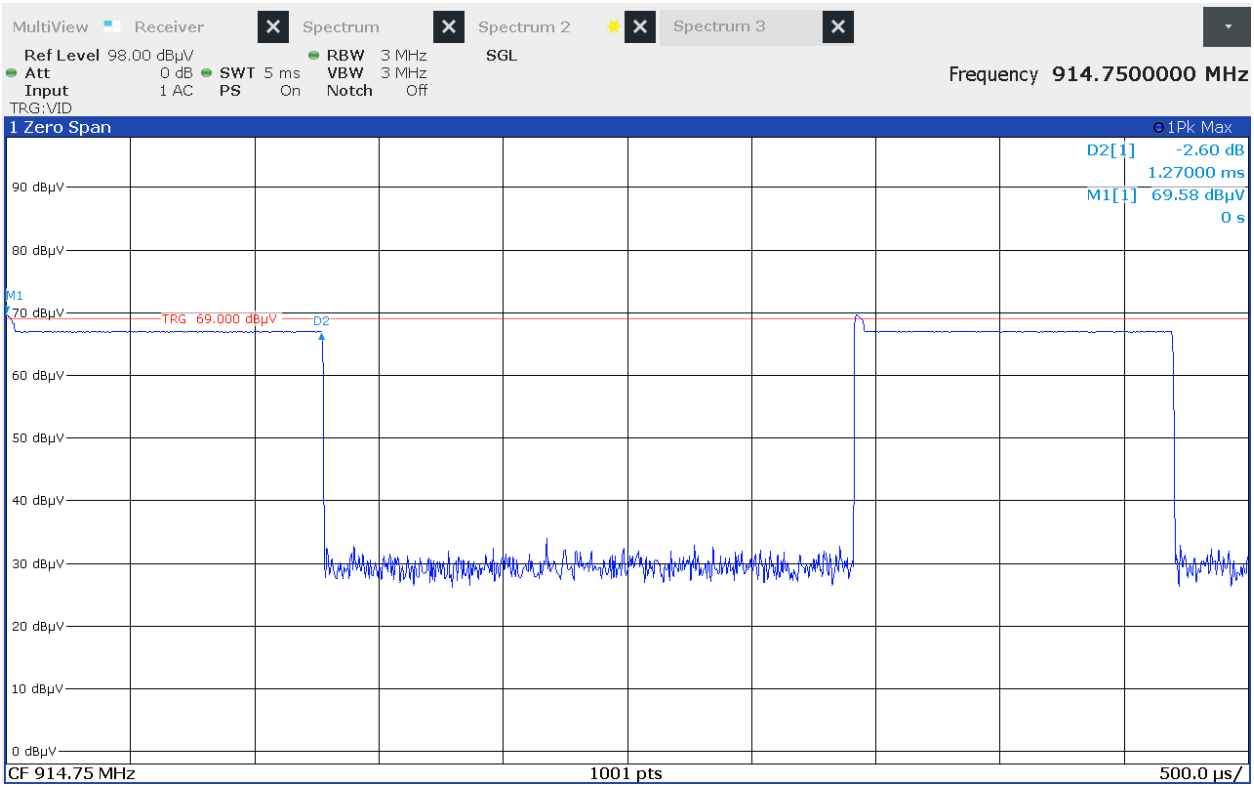
EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Type of Antennas Used	Bilog (or equivalent)
Notes	None

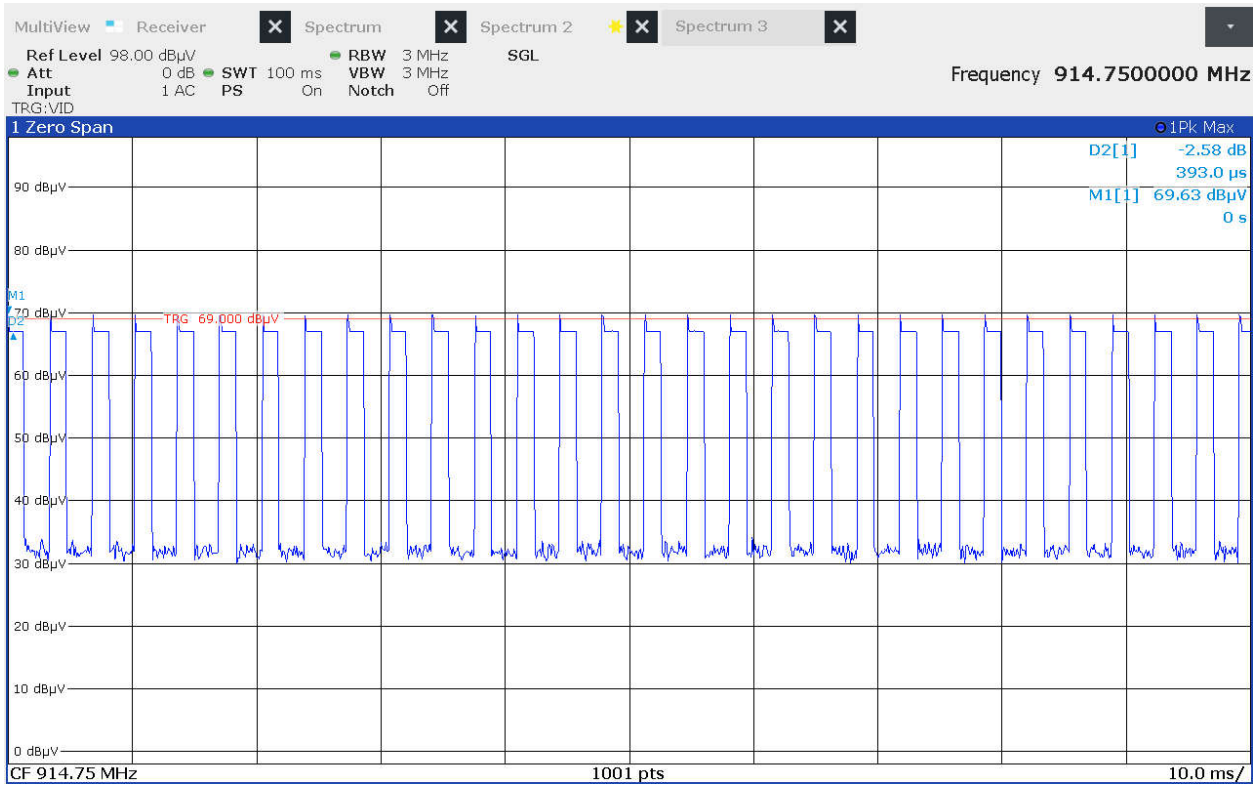
Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Procedure
The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings when pulsed modulation is employed. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal. With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning the center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero-span width with 1msec/div. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at the beginning and end of the “on-time”. The trace is recorded. Next the spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the transmitter frequency with a zero-span width and 10msec/div. This shows if the word is longer than 100msec or shorter than 100msec. If the word period is less than 100msec, the display is set to show at least one word. The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as $\left(\frac{On\ Time}{100ms}\right)$.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Frequency Tested	914.75MHz
Result	On Time = 1.27ms
Notes	None



Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Frequency Tested	914.75MHz
Result	Duty Cycle = -8.382dB
Notes	Duty Cycle Factor Calculation: 30 × 1.27ms = 38.1ms $\text{Duty Cycle Factor} = 20\log\left(\frac{38.1\text{ms}}{100\text{ms}}\right) = -8.382dB$



26. Duty Cycle Factor Measurements (BLE)

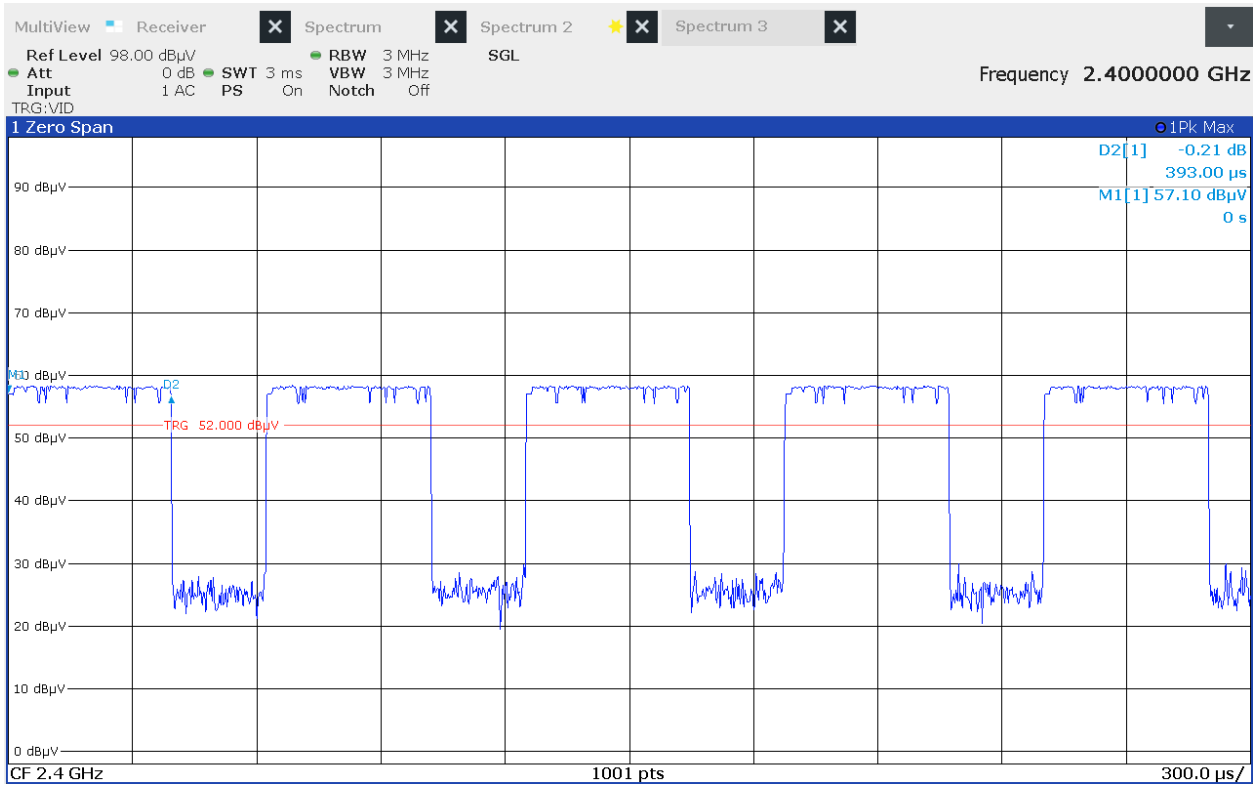
EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Type of Antennas Used	Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

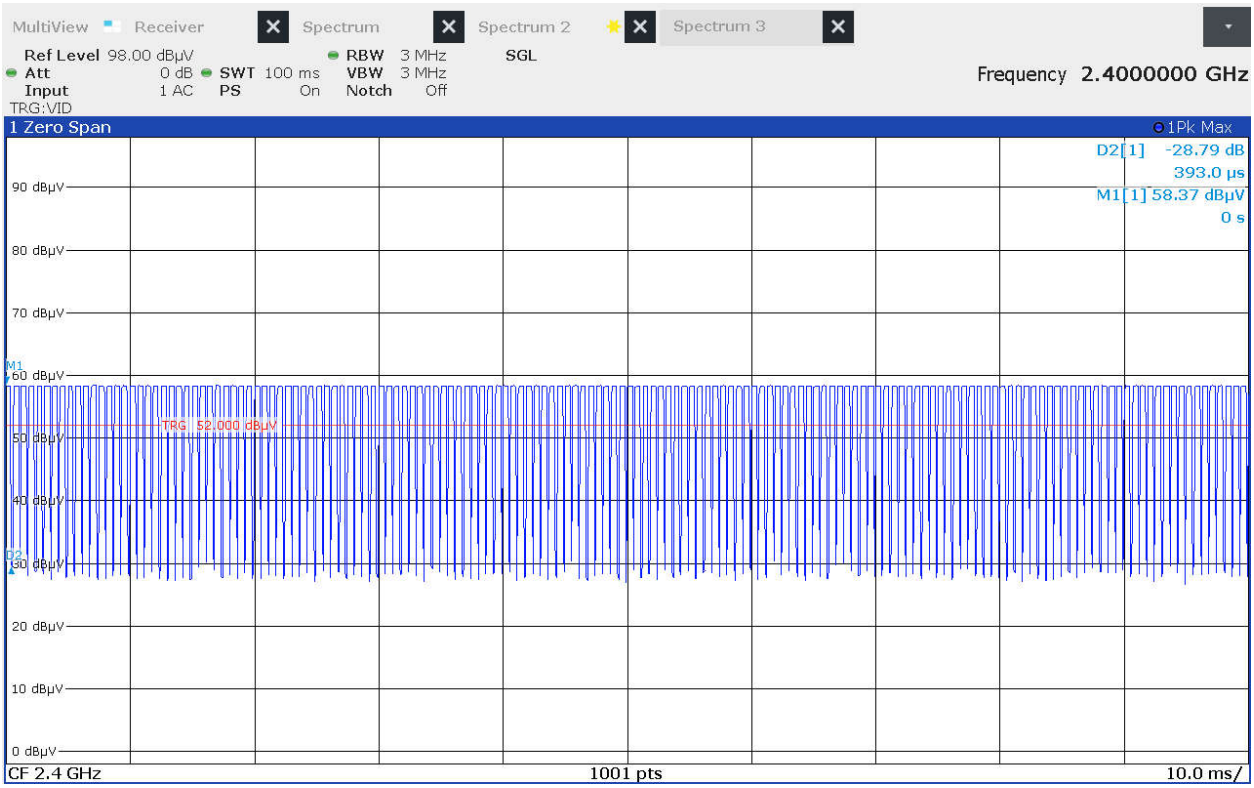
Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Procedure
The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings when pulsed modulation is employed. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal. With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning the center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero-span width with 1msec/div. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at the beginning and end of the “on-time”. The trace is recorded. Next the spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the transmitter frequency with a zero-span width and 10msec/div. This shows if the word is longer than 100msec or shorter than 100msec. If the word period is less than 100msec, the display is set to show at least one word. The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as $\left(\frac{On\ Time}{100ms}\right)$.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Frequency Tested	2402MHz
Result	On Time = 0.393ms
Notes	None



Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Frequency Tested	2402MHz
Result	Duty Cycle = -3.922dB
Notes	Duty Cycle Factor Calculation: 162 × 0.393ms = 63.7ms $\text{Duty Cycle Factor} = 20\log\left(\frac{63.7\text{ms}}{100\text{ms}}\right) = -3.922dB$



27. Duty Cycle Factor Measurements (Wi-Fi 802.11b)

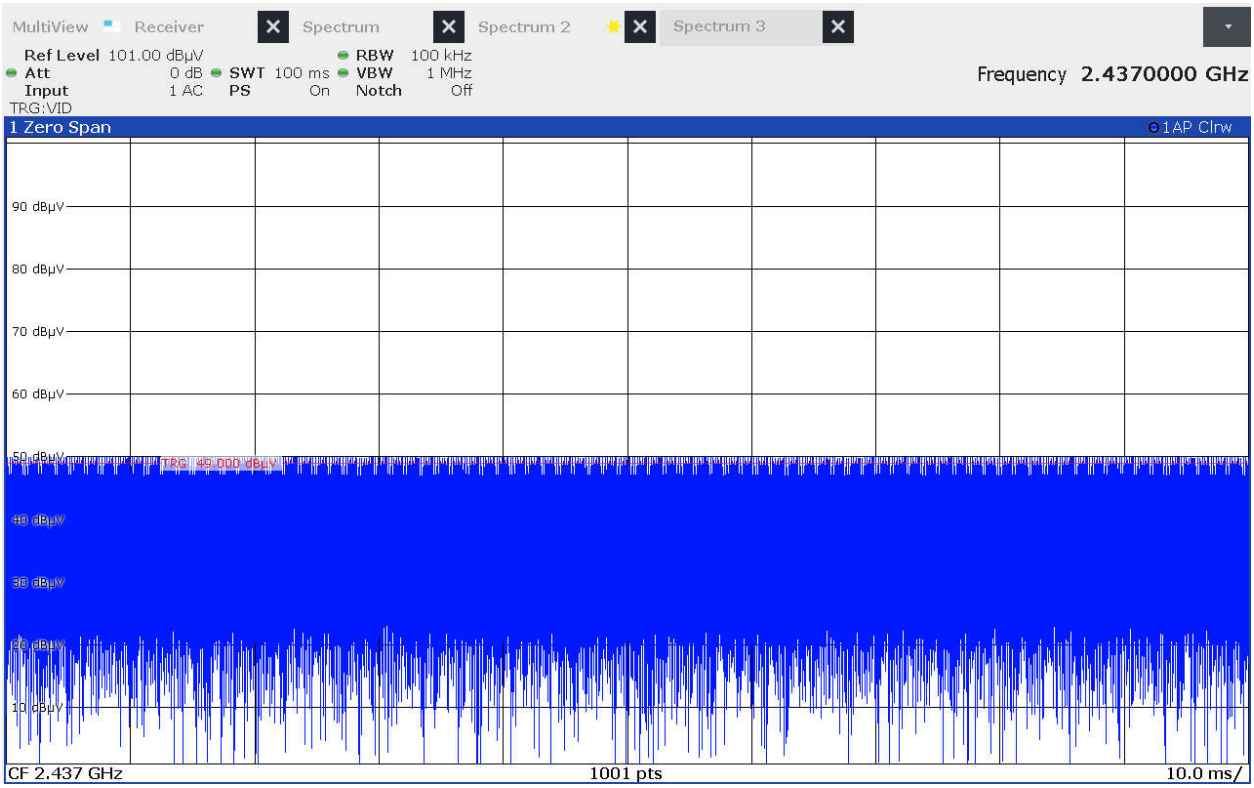
EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Type of Antennas Used	Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Procedure
The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings when pulsed modulation is employed. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal. With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning the center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero-span width with 1msec/div. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at the beginning and end of the “on-time”. The trace is recorded. Next the spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the transmitter frequency with a zero-span width and 10msec/div. This shows if the word is longer than 100msec or shorter than 100msec. If the word period is less than 100msec, the display is set to show at least one word. The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as $\left(\frac{On\ Time}{100ms}\right)$.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz
Frequency Tested	2437MHz
Result	On Time = 100%
Notes	None



28. Duty Cycle Factor Measurements (Wi-Fi 802.11g)

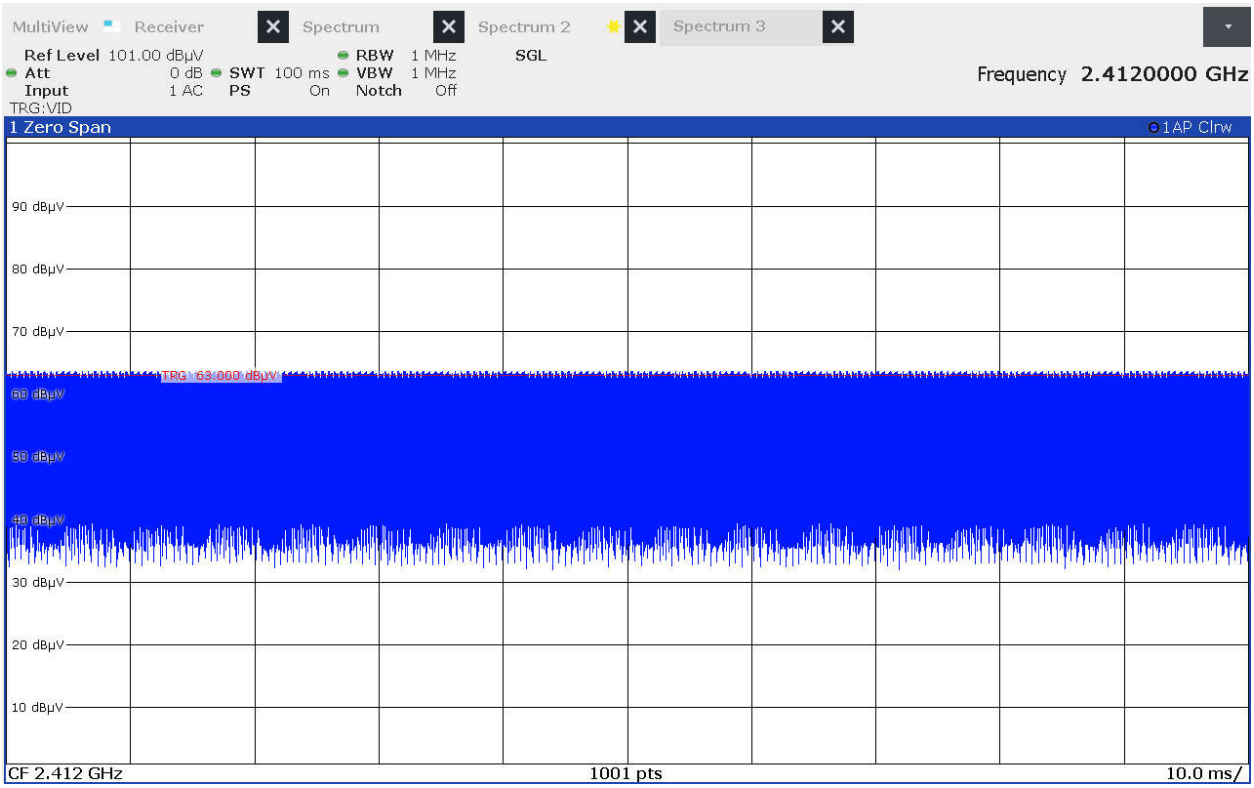
EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Type of Antennas Used	Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Procedure
The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings when pulsed modulation is employed. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal. With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning the center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero-span width with 1msec/div. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at the beginning and end of the “on-time”. The trace is recorded. Next the spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the transmitter frequency with a zero-span width and 10msec/div. This shows if the word is longer than 100msec or shorter than 100msec. If the word period is less than 100msec, the display is set to show at least one word. The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as $\left(\frac{On\ Time}{100ms}\right)$.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Result	On Time = 100%
Notes	None



29. Duty Cycle Factor Measurements (Wi-Fi 802.11n)

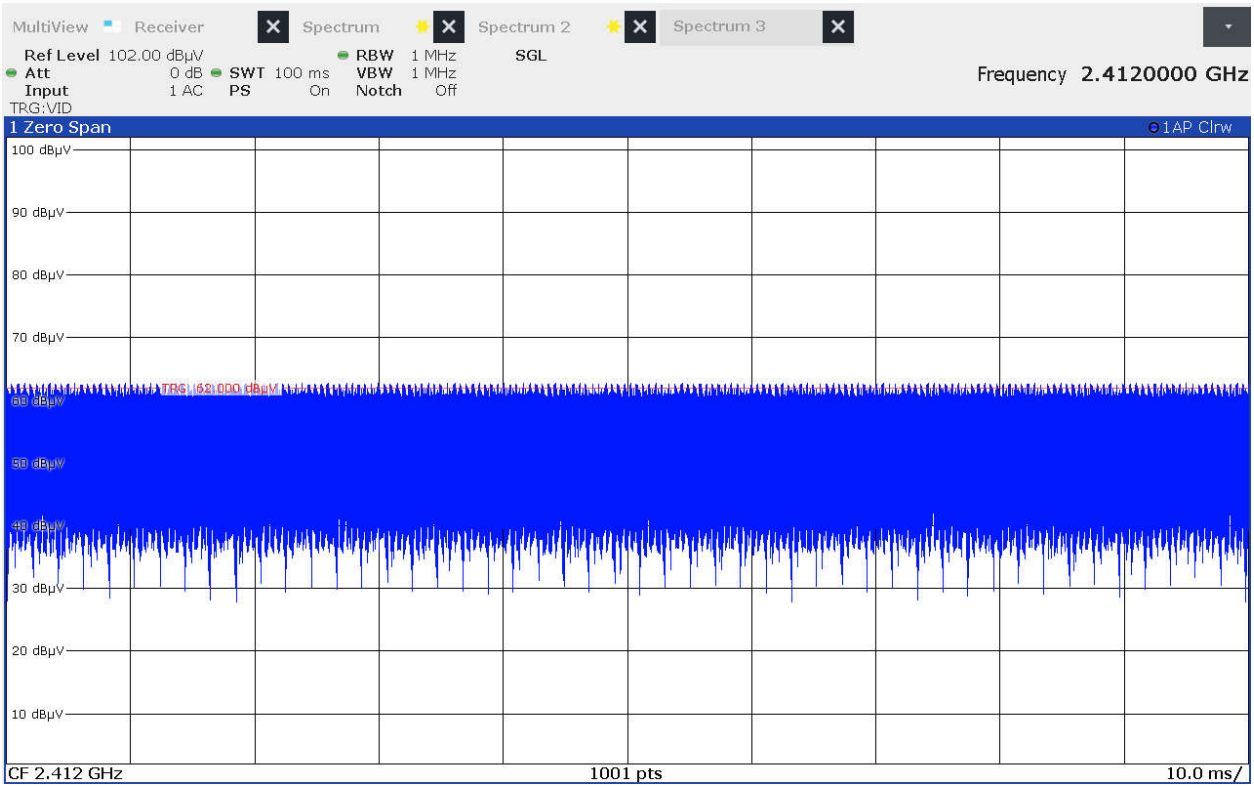
EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Measurement Method	Radiated
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Type of Antennas Used	Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	None

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1

Procedure
The duty cycle factor is used to convert peak detected readings to average readings when pulsed modulation is employed. This factor is computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal. With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace is displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace is obtained by tuning the center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero-span width with 1msec/div. The amplitude settings are adjusted so that the on/off transitions clear the 4th division from the bottom of the display. The markers are set at the beginning and end of the “on-time”. The trace is recorded. Next the spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the transmitter frequency with a zero-span width and 10msec/div. This shows if the word is longer than 100msec or shorter than 100msec. If the word period is less than 100msec, the display is set to show at least one word. The on-time and off-time are then measured. The on-time is total time signal level exceeds the 4th division. Off-time is time under for the word period. The duty cycle is then computed as $\left(\frac{On\ Time}{100ms}\right)$.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Result	On Time = 100%
Notes	None



30. Spurious Radiated Emissions (900MHz)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) 1 – 18GHz: Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	N/a

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	3.2
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	3.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	3.4

Procedure

Radiated measurements were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 14ft. high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations, from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Preliminary radiated emissions tests were performed to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30MHz to 18GHz was investigated using a peak detector function.

The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 18GHz.

1) For all harmonics not in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:
   a) The field strength of the fundamental was measured using a bilog antenna. The bilog antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.
   b) The field strengths of all of the harmonics not in the restricted band were then measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.
   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels at the fundamental and harmonics were measured, the following steps were taken when measuring the fundamental emissions and the spurious emissions:
      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.
      iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.
      iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.
   d) All harmonics not in the restricted bands must be at least 20dB below levels measured at the fundamental. However, attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.
2) For all emissions in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:
   a) The field strengths of all emissions below 1GHz were measured using a bi-log antenna. The bi-log antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.
   b) The field strengths of all emissions above 1GHz were measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.
   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken when taking all measurements:
      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

d) For all radiated emissions measurements below 1GHz, if the peak reading is below the limits listed in §15.209(a), no further measurements are required. If, however, the peak readings exceed the limits listed in §15.209(a), then the emissions are remeasured using a quasi-peak detector.

e) For all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the peak readings must comply with the §15.35(b) limits. §15.35(b) states that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radiated emissions. The limit on the peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. Therefore, all peak readings above 1GHz must be no greater than 20dB above the limits specified in §15.209(a).

f) Next, for all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth was set to 1MHz. The analyzer was set to linear mode with a 10Hz video bandwidth in order to simulate an average detector. An average reading was taken.

If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100msec, then the reading obtained with the 10Hz video bandwidth may be further adjusted by a duty cycle correction factor derived from 20*log(dwell time/100msec). These readings must be no greater than the limits specified in §15.209(a).

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Frequency Tested	914.75MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
2744.25	H	50.9	*	3.7	33.7	-39.7	48.5	266.5	5000.0	-25.5
	V	55.0		3.7	33.7	-39.7	52.7	429.3	5000.0	-21.3
3659.00	H	57.0		4.3	34.4	-39.2	56.6	673.0	5000.0	-17.4
	V	55.1		4.3	34.4	-39.2	54.6	539.5	5000.0	-19.3
4573.75	H	49.1	*	4.7	36.0	-39.2	50.6	337.6	5000.0	-23.4
	V	49.7	*	4.7	36.0	-39.2	51.2	362.2	5000.0	-22.8
7318.00	H	52.9		6.2	37.7	-39.4	57.4	738.0	5000.0	-16.6
	V	50.1	*	6.2	37.7	-39.4	54.5	531.0	5000.0	-19.5
8232.75	H	48.0	*	6.5	38.4	-39.4	53.6	476.3	5000.0	-20.4
	V	49.0	*	6.5	38.4	-39.4	54.5	533.2	5000.0	-19.4
9147.50	H	49.2	*	6.6	39.0	-39.3	55.4	589.5	5000.0	-18.6
	V	49.1	*	6.6	39.0	-39.3	55.4	585.5	5000.0	-18.6

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Frequency Tested	914.75MHz
Notes	Average Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	CBL Fac (dB)	Ant Fac (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Average Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Total at 3m (µV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dB)
2744.25	H	50.90	*	3.7	33.7	-39.7	-8.4	40.1	101.5	500.0	-13.8
	V	55.04		3.7	33.7	-39.7	-8.4	44.3	163.5	500.0	-9.7
3659.00	H	57.03		4.3	34.4	-39.2	-8.4	48.2	256.4	500.0	-5.8
	V	55.11		4.3	34.4	-39.2	-8.4	46.3	205.6	500.0	-7.7
4573.75	H	49.10	*	4.7	36.0	-39.2	-8.4	42.2	128.6	500.0	-11.8
	V	49.71	*	4.7	36.0	-39.2	-8.4	42.8	138.0	500.0	-11.2
7318.00	H	52.92		6.2	37.7	-39.4	-8.4	49.0	281.2	500.0	-5.0
	V	50.06	*	6.2	37.7	-39.4	-8.4	46.1	202.3	500.0	-7.9
8232.75	H	48.04	*	6.5	38.4	-39.4	-8.4	45.2	181.5	500.0	-8.8
	V	49.02	*	6.5	38.4	-39.4	-8.4	46.2	203.1	500.0	-7.8
9147.50	H	49.17	*	6.6	39.0	-39.3	-8.4	47.0	224.6	500.0	-7.0
	V	49.11	*	6.6	39.0	-39.3	-8.4	47.0	223.1	500.0	-7.0

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	Sub1GHz @ 914.75MHz
Frequency Tested	914.75MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in Non-Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
914.75	H	79.86		2.1	26.4	0.0	108.3	259577.5	NA	NA
	V	78.09		2.1	26.4	0.0	106.5	211722.5	NA	NA
1829.50	H	75.83		2.9	31.3	-40.0	70.0	3171.2	25957.8	-18.3
	V	81.78		2.9	31.3	-40.0	76.0	6291.1	25957.8	-12.3
5488.50	H	55.84		5.2	36.9	-39.4	58.5	844.2	25957.8	-29.8
	V	53.89		5.2	36.9	-39.4	56.6	674.5	25957.8	-31.7
6403.25	H	52.48		5.7	37.8	-39.4	56.6	673.8	25957.8	-31.7
	V	57.20		5.7	37.8	-39.4	61.3	1160.2	25957.8	-27.0

31. Spurious Radiated Emissions (BLE)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) 1 – 18GHz: Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	N/a

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	3.2
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	3.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	3.4

Procedure
Radiated measurements were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 14ft. high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations, from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads. Preliminary radiated emissions tests were performed to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30MHz to 18GHz was investigated using a peak detector function. The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 18GHz. 3) For all harmonics not in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used: a) The field strength of the fundamental was measured using a bilog antenna. The bilog antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on 80cm non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer. b) The field strengths of all of the harmonics not in the restricted band were then measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer. c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels at the fundamental and harmonics were measured, the following steps were taken when measuring the fundamental emissions and the spurious emissions: i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna. ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured. iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings. iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT. d) All harmonics not in the restricted bands must be at least 20dB below levels measured at the fundamental. However, attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. 4) For all emissions in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used: a) The field strengths of all emissions below 1GHz were measured using a bi-log antenna. The bi-log antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer. b) The field strengths of all emissions above 1GHz were measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz was used on the spectrum analyzer. c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken when taking all measurements: i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna. ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

d) For all radiated emissions measurements below 1GHz, if the peak reading is below the limits listed in §15.209(a), no further measurements are required. If, however, the peak readings exceed the limits listed in §15.209(a), then the emissions are remeasured using a quasi-peak detector.

e) For all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the peak readings must comply with the §15.35(b) limits. §15.35(b) states that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radiated emissions. The limit on the peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. Therefore, all peak readings above 1GHz must be no greater than 20dB above the limits specified in §15.209(a).

f) Next, for all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth was set to 1MHz. The analyzer was set to linear mode with a 10Hz video bandwidth in order to simulate an average detector. An average reading was taken.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Frequency Tested	2402MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
4804.00	H	49.1	*	4.8	35.9	-39.3	50.6	338.2	5000.0	-23.4
	V	49.4	*	4.8	35.9	-39.3	50.8	346.9	5000.0	-23.2

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Frequency Tested	2402MHz
Notes	Average Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	CBL Fac (dB)	Ant Fac (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Average Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Total at 3m (µV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dB)
4804.00	H	34.23	*	4.8	35.9	-39.3	-3.9	31.8	38.7	500.0	-22.2
	V	34.23	*	4.8	35.9	-39.3	-3.9	31.8	38.7	500.0	-22.2

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	BLE @ 2402MHz
Frequency Tested	2402MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in Non-Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
2402.00	H	56.20		3.4	32.5	0.0	92.1	40402.7	NA	NA
	V	61.34		3.4	32.5	0.0	97.3	73014.7	NA	NA
7206.00	H	39.50	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	43.9	157.2	7301.5	-33.3
	V	38.11	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	42.5	134.0	7301.5	-34.7
9608.00	H	39.13	*	6.8	39.2	-39.3	45.9	196.2	7301.5	-31.4
	V	38.54	*	6.8	39.2	-39.3	45.3	183.3	7301.5	-32.0

32. Spurious Radiated Emissions (Wi-Fi 802.11b)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) 1 – 18GHz: Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	N/a

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	3.2
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	3.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	3.4

Procedure

Radiated measurements were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 14ft. high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations, from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Preliminary radiated emissions tests were performed to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30MHz to 18GHz was investigated using a peak detector function.

The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 18GHz.

5) For all harmonics not in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strength of the fundamental was measured using a bilog antenna. The bilog antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on 18cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all of the harmonics not in the restricted band were then measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels at the fundamental and harmonics were measured, the following steps were taken when measuring the fundamental emissions and the spurious emissions:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

      iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

      iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

   d) All harmonics not in the restricted bands must be at least 20dB below levels measured at the fundamental. However, attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

6) For all emissions in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strengths of all emissions below 1GHz were measured using a bi-log antenna. The bi-log antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all emissions above 1GHz were measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken when taking all measurements:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

d) For all radiated emissions measurements below 1GHz, if the peak reading is below the limits listed in §15.209(a), no further measurements are required. If, however, the peak readings exceed the limits listed in §15.209(a), then the emissions are remeasured using a quasi-peak detector.

e) For all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the peak readings must comply with the §15.35(b) limits. §15.35(b) states that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radiated emissions. The limit on the peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. Therefore, all peak readings above 1GHz must be no greater than 20dB above the limits specified in §15.209(a).

f) Next, for all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth was set to 1MHz. The analyzer was set to linear mode with a 10Hz video bandwidth in order to simulate an average detector. An average reading was taken.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz
Frequency Tested	2437MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
4874.00	H	50.0	*	4.9	35.8	-39.3	51.3	367.4	5000.0	-22.7
	V	49.6	*	4.9	35.8	-39.3	50.9	350.1	5000.0	-23.1
7311.00	H	48.8	*	6.2	37.7	-39.4	53.3	461.2	5000.0	-20.7
	V	54.1		6.2	37.7	-39.4	58.6	848.0	5000.0	-15.4
12185.00	H	49.0	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.0	895.4	5000.0	-14.9
	V	49.0	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.0	888.2	5000.0	-15.0

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz
Frequency Tested	2437MHz
Notes	Average Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	CBL Fac (dB)	Ant Fac (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Average Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Total at 3m (µV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.00	H	34.99	*	4.9	35.8	-39.3	0.0	36.3	65.4	500.0	-17.7
	V	34.32	*	4.9	35.8	-39.3	0.0	35.6	60.6	500.0	-18.3
7311.00	H	33.89	*	6.2	37.7	-39.4	0.0	38.3	82.6	500.0	-15.6
	V	38.39		6.2	37.7	-39.4	0.0	42.8	138.6	500.0	-11.1
12185.00	H	34.00	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.0	158.9	500.0	-10.0
	V	34.01	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.0	159.0	500.0	-9.9

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11b @ 2437MHz
Frequency Tested	2437MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in Non-Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
2437.00	H	62.55		3.5	32.7	0.0	98.7	86467.5	NA	NA
	V	68.08		3.5	32.7	0.0	104.3	163438.0	NA	NA
9748.00	H	39.26		6.9	39.3	-39.3	46.1	202.8	16343.8	-38.1
	V	41.65		6.9	39.3	-39.3	48.5	267.0	16343.8	-35.7
14622.00	H	37.67	*	8.8	41.9	-38.2	50.1	320.0	16343.8	-34.2
	V	38.12	*	8.8	41.9	-38.2	50.6	337.1	16343.8	-33.7
17059.00	H	36.94	*	9.5	44.5	-37.5	53.5	471.1	16343.8	-30.8
	V	36.64	*	9.5	44.5	-37.5	53.2	455.2	16343.8	-31.1

33. Spurious Radiated Emissions (Wi-Fi 802.11g)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) 1 – 18GHz: Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	N/a

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	3.2
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	3.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	3.4

Procedure

Radiated measurements were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 14ft. high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations, from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Preliminary radiated emissions tests were performed to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30MHz to 18GHz was investigated using a peak detector function.

The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 18GHz.

7) For all harmonics not in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strength of the fundamental was measured using a bilog antenna. The bilog antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on 18cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all of the harmonics not in the restricted band were then measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels at the fundamental and harmonics were measured, the following steps were taken when measuring the fundamental emissions and the spurious emissions:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

      iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

      iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

   d) All harmonics not in the restricted bands must be at least 20dB below levels measured at the fundamental. However, attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

8) For all emissions in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strengths of all emissions below 1GHz were measured using a bi-log antenna. The bi-log antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all emissions above 1GHz were measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken when taking all measurements:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

d) For all radiated emissions measurements below 1GHz, if the peak reading is below the limits listed in §15.209(a), no further measurements are required. If, however, the peak readings exceed the limits listed in §15.209(a), then the emissions are remeasured using a quasi-peak detector.

e) For all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the peak readings must comply with the §15.35(b) limits. §15.35(b) states that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radiated emissions. The limit on the peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. Therefore, all peak readings above 1GHz must be no greater than 20dB above the limits specified in §15.209(a).

f) Next, for all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth was set to 1MHz. The analyzer was set to linear mode with a 10Hz video bandwidth in order to simulate an average detector. An average reading was taken.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
4824.00	H	49.7	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	51.1	357.7	5000.0	-22.9
	V	49.8	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	51.2	361.0	5000.0	-22.8
12060.00	H	49.4	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.4	932.0	5000.0	-14.6
	V	49.0	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.0	887.0	5000.0	-15.0
14472.00	H	49.0	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	61.1	1132.3	5000.0	-12.9
	V	48.7	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	60.8	1093.9	5000.0	-13.2

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Average Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	CBL Fac (dB)	Ant Fac (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Average Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Total at 3m (µV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.00	H	34.62	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	0.0	36.0	63.0	500.0	-18.0
	V	35.02	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	0.0	36.4	66.0	500.0	-17.6
12060.00	H	34.38	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.4	165.6	500.0	-9.6
	V	34.39	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.4	165.7	500.0	-9.6
14472.00	H	33.85	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	0.0	46.0	198.8	500.0	-8.0
	V	33.82	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	0.0	45.9	198.1	500.0	-8.0

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11g @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in Non-Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
2412.00	H	57.22		3.4	32.6	0.0	93.2	45827.6	NA	NA
	V	64.21		3.4	32.6	0.0	100.2	102477.3	NA	NA
7236.00	H	39.02	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	43.5	149.0	10247.7	-36.7
	V	39.39	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	43.8	155.5	10247.7	-36.4
9648.00	H	39.33	*	6.8	39.1	-39.3	46.0	200.4	10247.7	-34.2
	V	38.80	*	6.8	39.1	-39.3	45.5	188.6	10247.7	-34.7
16884.00	H	38.01	*	9.4	44.5	-37.5	54.4	527.1	10247.7	-25.8
	V	37.95	*	9.4	44.5	-37.5	54.4	523.5	10247.7	-25.8

34. Spurious Radiated Emissions (Wi-Fi 802.11n)

EUT Information	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
Product	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz

Test Setup Details	
Setup Format	Tabletop
Height of Support	N/a
Type of Test Site	Semi-Anechoic Chamber
Test Site Used	R21F
Type of Antennas Used	Below 1GHz: Bilog (or equivalent) 1 – 18GHz: Double-Ridged Waveguide (or equivalent)
Notes	N/a

Measurement Uncertainty	
Measurement Type	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (30 MHz – 1000 MHz)	4.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (1 GHz – 6 GHz)	3.1
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (6 GHz – 18 GHz)	3.2
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	3.3
Radiated disturbance (electric field strength on an open area test site or alternative test site) (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	3.4

Procedure

Radiated measurements were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 14ft. high shielded enclosure. The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations, from interfering with the measurements. All powerlines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The powerline filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Preliminary radiated emissions tests were performed to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT. For the preliminary test, a broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The entire frequency range from 30MHz to 18GHz was investigated using a peak detector function.

The final open field emission tests were then manually performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 18GHz.

9) For all harmonics not in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strength of the fundamental was measured using a bilog antenna. The bilog antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on 18cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all of the harmonics not in the restricted band were then measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels at the fundamental and harmonics were measured, the following steps were taken when measuring the fundamental emissions and the spurious emissions:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

      iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

      iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

   d) All harmonics not in the restricted bands must be at least 20dB below levels measured at the fundamental. However, attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

10) For all emissions in the restricted bands, the following procedure was used:

   a) The field strengths of all emissions below 1GHz were measured using a bi-log antenna. The bi-log antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   b) The field strengths of all emissions above 1GHz were measured using a double-ridged waveguide antenna. The waveguide antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the EUT. The EUT was placed on a 1.5-meter-high non-conductive stand. A peak detector with a resolution bandwidth of 1MHz was used on the spectrum analyzer.

   c) To ensure that maximum or worst-case emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken when taking all measurements:

      i) The EUT was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.

      ii) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

iii) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

iv) In instances where it was necessary to use a shortened cable between the measuring antenna and the spectrum analyzer, the measuring antenna was not raised or lowered to ensure maximized readings. Instead, the EUT was rotated through all axis to ensure the maximum readings were recorded for the EUT.

d) For all radiated emissions measurements below 1GHz, if the peak reading is below the limits listed in §15.209(a), no further measurements are required. If, however, the peak readings exceed the limits listed in §15.209(a), then the emissions are remeasured using a quasi-peak detector.

e) For all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the peak readings must comply with the §15.35(b) limits. §15.35(b) states that when average radiated emissions measurements are specified, there also is a limit on the peak level of the radiated emissions. The limit on the peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. Therefore, all peak readings above 1GHz must be no greater than 20dB above the limits specified in §15.209(a).

f) Next, for all radiated emissions measurements above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth was set to 1MHz. The analyzer was set to linear mode with a 10Hz video bandwidth in order to simulate an average detector. An average reading was taken.

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
4824.00	H	49.9	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	51.3	367.7	5000.0	-22.7
	V	50.1	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	51.5	373.7	5000.0	-22.5
12060.00	H	49.4	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.4	933.1	5000.0	-14.6
	V	49.1	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	59.1	904.5	5000.0	-14.9
14472.00	H	48.9	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	61.0	1123.2	5000.0	-13.0
	V	48.8	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	60.9	1106.6	5000.0	-13.1

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Average Measurements in the Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	CBL Fac (dB)	Ant Fac (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Average Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Total at 3m (µV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.00	H	34.64	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	0.0	36.0	63.2	500.0	-18.0
	V	34.76	*	4.8	35.8	-39.3	0.0	36.1	64.1	500.0	-17.8
12060.00	H	34.36	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.4	165.2	500.0	-9.6
	V	34.34	*	8.0	41.1	-39.1	0.0	44.3	164.8	500.0	-9.6
14472.00	H	33.78	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	0.0	45.9	197.2	500.0	-8.1
	V	33.75	*	8.7	41.7	-38.3	0.0	45.9	196.6	500.0	-8.1

Test Details	
Manufacturer	Chamberlain Group, Inc.
EUT	GDO
Model No.	003-0454-12
Serial No.	Sample 1
Mode	WiFi 802.11n @ 2412MHz
Frequency Tested	2412MHz
Notes	Peak Measurements in Non-Restricted Bands

Freq (MHz)	Ant Pol	Meter Reading (dBµV)	Ambient	Cable Factor (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre Amp (dB)	Peak Total at 3m (dBµV/m)	Peak Total at 3m (µV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (µV/m)	Margin (dBm)
2412.00	H	57.51		3.4	32.6	0.0	93.5	47383.5	NA	NA
	V	62.91		3.4	32.6	0.0	98.9	88232.3	NA	NA
7236.00	H	38.63	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	43.1	142.5	8823.2	-35.8
	V	39.51	*	6.1	37.7	-39.4	44.0	157.7	8823.2	-35.0
9648.00	H	38.86	*	6.8	39.1	-39.3	45.6	189.9	8823.2	-33.3
	V	38.88	*	6.8	39.1	-39.3	45.6	190.3	8823.2	-33.3
16884.00	H	36.69	*	9.4	44.5	-37.5	53.1	452.8	8823.2	-25.8
	V	36.72	*	9.4	44.5	-37.5	53.1	454.4	8823.2	-25.8

35. Scope of Accreditation

SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2017

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ELECTRICAL

Valid To: June 30, 2023 Certificate Number: 1786.01

In recognition of the successful completion of the A2LA Accreditation Program evaluation process, accreditation is granted to this laboratory to perform the following automotive electromagnetic compatibility and other electrical tests:

Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
Transient Immunity	ISO 7637-2 (including emissions); ISO 7637-3; ISO 16750-2:2012, Sections 4.6.3 and 4.6.4; CS-11979, Section 6.4; CS.00054, Section 5.9; EMC-CS-2009.1 (CI220); FMC1278 (CI220, CI221, CI222); GMW 3097, Section 3.5; SAE J1113-11; SAE J1113-12; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 10
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	ISO 10605 (2001, 2008); CS-11979 Section 7.0; CS.00054, Section 5.10; EMC-CS-2009.1 (CI 280); FMC1278 (CI280); SAE J1113-13; GMW 3097 Section 3.6
Conducted Emissions	CISPR 25 (2002, 2008), Sections 6.2 and 6.3; CISPR 25 (2016), Sections 6.3 and 6.4; CS-11979, Section 5.1; CS.00054, Sections 5.6.1 and 5.6.2; GMW 3097, Section 3.3.2; EMC-CS-2009.1 (CE 420); FMC1278 (CE420, CE421)
Radiated Emissions Anechoic	CISPR 25 (2002, 2008), Section 6.4; CISPR 25 (2016), Section 6.5; CS-11979, Section 5.3; CS.00054, Section 5.6.3; GMW 3097, Section 3.3.1; EMC-CS-2009.1 (RE 310); FMC1278 (RE310);

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Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
Vehicle Radiated Emissions	CISPR 12; CISPR 36; ICES-002; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 5
Bulk Current Injection (BCI)	ISO 11452-4; CS-11979, Section 6.1; CS.00054, Section 5.8.1; GMW 3097, Section 3.4.1; SAE J1113-4; EMC-CS-2009.1 (RI112); FMC1278 (RI112); ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 9
Radiated Immunity Anechoic *(Including Radar Pulse)*	ISO 11452-2; ISO 11452-5; CS-11979, Section 6.2; CS.00054, Section 5.8.2; GMW 3097, Section 3.4.2; EMC-CS-2009.1 (RI114); FMC1278 (RI114); SAE J1113-21; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 9
Radiated Immunity Magnetic Field	ISO 11452-8
Radiated Immunity Reverb	ISO/IEC 61000-4-21; GMW 3097, Section 3.4.3; EMC-CS-2009.1 (RI114); FMC1278 (RI114); ISO 11452-11
Radiated Immunity *(Portable Transmitters)*	ISO 11452-9; EMC-CS-2009.1 (RI115); FMC1278 (RI115)
Vehicle Radiated Immunity (ALSE)	ISO 11451-2; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 6
Vehicle Product Specific EMC Standards	EN 14982; EN ISO 13309; ISO 13766; EN 50498; EC Regulation No. 2015/208; EN 55012
Electrical Loads	ISO 16750-2
Emissions Radiated and Conducted (3m Semi-anechoic chamber, up to 40 GHz)	47 CFR, FCC Part 15 B (using ANSI C63.4:2014); 47 CFR, FCC Part 18 (using FCC MP-5:1986); ICES-001; ICES-003; ICES-005; IEC/CISPR 11, Ed. 4.1 (2004-06); AS/NZS CISPR 11 (2004); IEC/CISPR 11 Ed 5 (2009-05) + A1 (2010); KN 11 (2008-5) with RRL Notice No. 2008-3 (May 20, 2008); CISPR 11; EN 55011; KS C 9811; CNS 13803 (1997, 2003); CISPR 14-1; EN 55014-1; AS/NZS CISPR 14.1; CISPR 16-2-1 (2008); CISPR 16-2-1; KS C 9814-1; KN 14-1; IEC/CISPR 22 (1997); EN 55022 (1998) + A1(2000); EN 55022 (1998) + A1(2000) + A2(2003); EN 55022 (2006); IEC/CISPR 22 (2008-09); AS/NZS CISPR 22 (2004); AS/NZS CISPR 22, 3rd Edition (2006); KN 22 (up to 6 GHz); CNS 13438 (up to 6 GHz); VCCI V-3 (up to 6 GHz); CISPR 32; EN 55032; KS C 9832; KN 32; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 7 (Broadband) ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 8 (Narrowband) ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 14 (Conducted)

Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
Emissions (cont'd)	
Cellular Radiated Spurious Emissions	ETSI TS 151 010-1 GSM; 3GPP TS 51.010-1, Sec 12; ETSI TS 134 124 UMTS; 3GPP TS 34.124; ETSI TS 136 124 LTE; E-UTRA; 3GPP TS 36.124
Current Harmonics	IEC 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-2; KN 61000-3-2; KS C 9610-3-2; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 11
Flicker and Fluctuations	IEC 61000-3-3; EN 61000-3-3; KN 61000-3-3; KS C 9610-3-3; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 12
Immunity	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2, Ed. 1.2 (2001); IEC 61000-4-2 (1995) + A1(1998) + A2(2000); EN 61000-4-2 (1995); EN 61000-4-2 (2009-05); KN 61000-4-2 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-2; EN 61000-4-2; KN 61000-4-2; KS C 9610-4-2; IEEE C37.90.3 2001
Radiated Immunity	IEC 61000-4-3 (1995) + A1(1998) + A2(2000); IEC 61000-4-3, Ed. 3.0 (2006-02); IEC 61000-4-3, Ed. 3.2 (2010); KN 61000-4-3 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-3; EN 61000-4-3; KN 61000-4-3; KS C 9610-4-3; IEEE C37.90.2 2004
Electrical Fast Transient/Burst	IEC 61000-4-4, Ed. 2.0 (2004-07); IEC 61000-4-4, Ed. 2.1 (2011); IEC 61000-4-4 (1995) + A1(2000) + A2(2001); KN 61000-4-4 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-5 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-4; EN 61000-4-4; KN 61000-4-4; KS C 9610-4-4; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 15
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5 (1995) + A1(2000); IEC 61000-4-5, Ed 1.1 (2005-11); EN 61000-4-5 (1995) + A1(2001); KN 61000-4-5 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-5; EN 61000-4-5; KN 61000-4-5; KS C 9610-4-5; IEEE C37.90.1 2012; IEEE STD C62.41.2 2002; ECE Regulation 10.06 Annex 16

Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
Immunity (cont'd)	
Conducted Immunity	IEC 61000-4-6 (1996) + A1(2000); IEC 61000-4-6, Ed 2.0 (2006-05); IEC 61000-4-6 Ed. 3.0 (2008); KN 61000-4-6 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); EN 61000-4-6 (1996) + A1(2001); IEC 61000-4-6; EN 61000-4-6; KN 61000-4-6; KS C 9610-4-6
Power Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity (*Down to 3 A/m*)	IEC 61000-4-8 (1993) + A1(2000); IEC 61000-4-8 (2009); EN 61000-4-8 (1994) + A1(2000); KN 61000-4-8 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-8; EN 61000-4-8; KN 61000-4-8; KS C 9610-4-8
Voltage Dips, Short Interrupts, and Line Voltage Variations	IEC 61000-4-11, Ed. 2 (2004-03); KN 61000-4-11 (2008-5); RRL Notice No. 2008-4 (May 20, 2008); IEC 61000-4-11; EN 61000-4-11; KN 61000-4-11; KS C 9610-4-11
Ring Wave	IEC 61000-4-12, Ed. 2 (2006-09); EN 61000-4-12:2006; IEC 61000-4-12; EN 61000-4-12; KN 61000-4-12; IEEE STD C62.41.2 2002
Generic and Product Specific EMC Standards	IEC/EN 61000-6-1; AS/NZS 61000-6-1; KN 61000-6-1; KS C 9610-6-1; IEC/EN 61000-6-2; AS/NZS 61000-6-2; KN 61000-6-2; KS C 9610-6-2; IEC/EN 61000-6-3; AS/NZS 61000-6-3; KN 61000-6-3; KS C 9610-6-3; IEC/EN 61000-6-4; AS/NZS 61000-6-4; KN 61000-6-4; KS C 9610-6-4; EN 50130-4; EN 61326-1; EN 50121-3-2; EN 12895; EN 50270; EN 50491-1; EN 50491-2; EN 50491-3; EN 55015; EN 60730-1; EN 60945; IEC 60533; EN 61326-2-6; EN 61800-3; IEC/CISPR 14-2; EN 55014-2; AS/NZS CISPR 14.2; KN 14-2; KS C 9814-2; IEC/CISPR 24; AS/NZS CISPR 24; EN 55024; KN 24; IEC/CISPR 35; AS/NZS CISPR 35; EN 55035; KN 35; KS C 9835; IEC 60601-1-2; JIS T0601-1-2
TxRx EMC Requirements	EN 301 489-1; EN 301 489-3; EN 301 489-9; EN 301 489-17; EN 301 489-19; EN 301 489-20

Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
European Radio Test Standards	ETSI EN 300 086-1; ETSI EN 300 086-2; ETSI EN 300 113-1; ETSI EN 300 113-2; ETSI EN 300 220-1; ETSI EN 300 220-2; ETSI EN 300 220-3-1; ETSI EN 300 220-3-2; ETSI EN 300 330-1; ETSI EN 300 330-2; ETSI EN 300 440-1; ETSI EN 300 440-2; ETSI EN 300 422-1; ETSI EN 300 422-2; ETSI EN 300 328; ETSI EN 301 893; ETSI EN 301 511; ETSI EN 301 908-1; ETSI EN 908-2; ETSI EN 908-13; ETSI EN 303 413; ETSI EN 302 502; EN 303 340; EN 303 345-2; EN 303 345-3; EN 303 345-4
Canadian Radio Tests	RSS-102 (RF Exposure Evaluation [MEAS]); RSS-102 (Nerve Stimulation [MEAS]) (5Hz to 400kHz); SPR-002; RSS-111; RSS-112; RSS-117; RSS-119; RSS-123; RSS-125; RSS-127; RSS-130; RSS-131; RSS-132; RSS-133; RSS-134; RSS-135; RSS-137; RSS-139; RSS-140; RSS-141; RSS-142; RSS-170; RSS-181; RSS-182; RSS-191; RSS-192; RSS-194; RSS-195; RSS-196; RSS-197; RSS-199; RSS-210; RSS-211; RSS-213; RSS-215; RSS-216; RSS-220; RSS-222; RSS-236; RSS-238; RSS-243; RSS-244; RSS-247; RSS-248; RSS-251; RSS-252; RSS-287; RSS-288; RSS-310; RSS-GEN
Mexico Radio Tests	IFT-008-2015; NOM-208-SCFI-2016
Japan Radio Tests	Radio Law No. 131, Ordinance of MPT No. 37, 1981, MIC Notification No. 88:2004, Table No. 22-11; ARIB STD-T66, Regulation 18
Taiwan Radio Tests	LP-0002 (July 15, 2020)
Australia/New Zealand Radio Tests	AS/NZS 4268; Radiocommunications (Short Range Devices) Standard (2014)
Hong Kong Radio Tests	HKCA 1039 Issue 6; HKCA 1042; HKCA 1033 Issue 7; HKCA 1061; HKCA 1008; HKCA 1043; HKCA 1057; HKCA 1073
Korean Radio Test Standards	KN 301 489-1; KN 301 489-3; KN 301 489-9; KN 301 489-17; KN 301 489-52; KS X 3124; KS X 3125; KS X 3130; KS X 3126; KS X 3129
Vietnam Radio Test Standards	QCVN 47:2015/BTTTT; QCVN 54:2020/BTTTT; QCVN 55:2011/BTTTT; QCVN 65:2013/BTTTT; QCVN 73:2013/BTTTT; QCVN 74:2020/BTTTT; QCVN 112:2017/BTTTT; QCVN 117:2020//BTTTT
Vietnam EMC Test Standards	QCVN 18:2014/BTTTT; QCVN 86:2019/BTTTT; QCVN 96:2015/BTTTT; QCVN 118:2018/BTTTT

Test Technology:	Test Method(s) [1]:
Unlicensed Radio Frequency Devices *(3 Meter Semi-Anechoic Room)*	47 CFR FCC Part 15C, 15D, 15E, 15F, 15G, 15H (using ANSI C63.10:2013, ANSI C63.17:2013 and FCC KDB 905462 D02 (v02))
Licensed Radio Service Equipment	47 CFR FCC Parts 20, 22, 24, 25, 27, 30, 73, 74, 80, 87, 90, 95, 96, 97, 101 (using ANSI/TIA-603-E, TIA-102.CAAA-E, ANSI C63.26:2015)
OTA (Over the Air) Performance GSM, GPRS, EGPRS UMTS (W-CDMA) LTE including CAT M1 A-GPS for UMTS/GSM LTS A-GPS, A-GLONASS, SIB8/SIB16 Large Device/Laptop/Tablet Testing Integrated Device Testing WiFi 802.11 a/b/g/n/a	CTIA Test Plan for Wireless Device Over-the-Air Performance (Method for Measurement for Radiated Power and Receiver Performance) V3.8.2; CTIA Test Plan for RF Performance Evaluation of WiFi Mobile Converged Devices V2.1.0
Electrical Measurements and Simulation AC Voltage / Current (1mV to 5kV) 60 Hz (0.1V to 250V) up to 500 MHz (1μA to 150A) 60 Hz DC Voltage / Current (1mV to 15 kV) / (1μA to 10A) Power Factor / Efficiency / Crest Factor (Power to 30kW) Resistance (1mΩ to 4000MΩ) Surge (Up to 10 kV / 5 kA) (Combination Wave and Ring Wave)	FAA AC 150/5345-10H FAA AC 150/5345-43J FAA AC 150/5345-44K FAA AC 150/5345-46E FAA AC 150/5345-47C FAA EB 67D

On the following products and materials:
Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE), Radio Equipment, Network Equipment, Information Technology Equipment (ITE), Automotive Electronic Equipment, Automotive Hybrid Electronic Devices, Maritime Navigation and Radio Communication Equipment and Systems, Vehicles, Boats and Internal Combustion Engine Driven Devices, Automotive, Aviation, and General Lighting Products, Medical Electrical Equipment, Motors, Industrial, Scientific and Medical (ISM) Radio-Frequency Equipment, Household Appliances, Electric Tools, Low-voltage Switchgear and Control gear, Programmable Controllers, Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, Base Materials, Power and Data Transmission Cables and Connectors

[1] When the date, edition, version, etc. is not identified in the scope of accreditation, laboratories may use the version that immediately precedes the current version for a period of one year from the date of publication of the standard measurement method, per part C., Section 1 of A2LA *R101 - General Requirements- Accreditation of ISO-IEC 17025 Laboratories*.

Testing Activities Performed in Support of FCC Certification in Accordance with 47 Code of Federal Regulations and FCC KDB 974614, Appendix A, Table A.1[2]

Rule Subpart/Technology	Test Method	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
Unintentional Radiators Part 15B	ANSI C63.4:2014	40000
Industrial, Scientific, and Medical Equipment Part 18	FCC MP-5 (February 1986)	40000
Intentional Radiators Part 15C	ANSI C63.10:2013	40000
Unlicensed Personal Communication Systems Devices Part 15D	ANSI C63.17:2013	40000
U-NII without DFS Intentional Radiators Part 15E	ANSI C63.10:2013	40000
U-NII with DFS Intentional Radiators Part 15E	FCC KDB 905462 D02 (v02)	40000
UWB Intentional Radiators Part 15F	ANSI C63.10:2013	40000
BPL Intentional Radiators Part 15G	ANSI C63.10:2013	40000
White Space Device Intentional Radiators Part 15H	ANSI C63.10:2013	40000
Commercial Mobile Services (FCC Licensed Radio Service Equipment) Parts 22 (cellular), 24, 25 (below 3 GHz), and 27	ANSI/TIA-603-E; TIA-102.CAAA-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000
General Mobile Radio Services (FCC Licensed Radio Service Equipment) Parts 22 (non-cellular), 90 (below 3 GHz), 95, 97, and 101 (below 3 GHz)	ANSI/TIA-603-E; TIA-102.CAAA-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000
Citizens Broadband Radio Services (FCC Licensed Radio Service Equipment) Part 96	ANSI/TIA-603-E; TIA-102.CAAA-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000

Testing Activities Performed in Support of FCC Certification in Accordance with 47 Code of Federal Regulations and FCC KDB 974614, Appendix A, Table A.1[2]

Rule Subpart/Technology	Test Method	Maximum Frequency (MHz)
Maritime and Aviation Radio Services		
Parts 80 and 87	ANSI/TIA-603-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000
Microwave and Millimeter Bands Radio Services		
Parts 25, 30, 74, 90 (above 3 GHz), 97 (above 3 GHz), and 101	ANSI/TIA-603-E; TIA-102.CAAA-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000
Broadcast Radio Services		
Parts 73 and 74 (below 3 GHz)	ANSI/TIA-603-E; TIA-102.CAAA-E; ANSI C63.26:2015	40000
Signal Boosters		
Part 20 (Wideband Consumer Signal Boosters, Provider-specific signal boosters, and Industrial Signal Boosters) Section 90.219	ANSI C63.26:2015	40000

[2] Accreditation does not imply acceptance to the FCC equipment authorization program. Please see the FCC website (https://apps.fcc.gov/oetcf/eas/) for a listing of FCC approved laboratories.

Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

ELITE ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING INC.

Downers Grove, IL

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (*refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017*).

Presented this 19th day of May 2021.

Vice President, Accreditation Services
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 1786.01
Valid to June 30, 2023

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.